

PINCKNEY DISPATCH.

VOL. III

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, FEB. 26, 1885.

NO. 7

PINCKNEY DISPATCH.

J. L. NEWKIRK, PUBLISHER.

ISSUED THURSDAYS.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per Year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient advertisements, 25 cents per inch for first insertion and ten cents per inch for each subsequent insertion. Local notices, 5 cents per line for each insertion. Special rates for regular advertisements by the year or quarter.

ALL ADVERTISING BILLS DUE QUARTERLY.

RAILROAD CARDS.

Grand Trunk Railway Time Table.

MICH. AIR LINE DIVISION.

STATIONS.	WEST BOUND TRAINS.		
	No. 6.	No. 4.	No. 2.
	Mixed.	Pass.	Pass.
RIDGEWAY	8:55 a. m.	5:35 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
Armada	10:30	6:15	8:00
Romeo	10:50	6:35	8:20
Rochester	11:52	7:10	8:52
Pontiac	12:45 p. m.	7:35	9:15
Wixom	1:15		9:25
South Lyon	3:00		10:40
Hamburg	4:05		11:50
PINCKNEY	4:40		11:30
Mount Pleasant	5:15		11:50
Stockbridge	5:35		12:05 p. m.
Henrietta	6:05		12:30
JACKSON	6:45 p. m.		12:50 p. m.

STATIONS.	EAST BOUND TRAINS.		
	No. 5.	No. 7.	No. 3.
	Mixed.	Mixed.	Pass.
JACKSON	6:15 a. m.		4:30 p. m.
Henrietta	7:00		4:40
Stockbridge	7:30		5:06
Mount Pleasant	7:50		5:16
PINCKNEY	8:30		5:56
Hamburg	9:00		5:55
South Lyon	10:35		6:30
Wixom	11:30		
Pontiac	12:30 p. m.	8:15	
Rochester	1:40	9:05	
Romeo	2:35	9:55	
Armada	3:05	10:20	
RIDGEWAY	3:30	10:50	

All trains run by "central standard" time. All trains run daily, Sundays excepted.
W. J. SPICER, JOSEPH HICKSON,
Superintendent. General Manager.

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. H. HOAG, M. D.,
(HOMEOPATHIC)
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at residence first door south of Monitor House.

D. M. GREENE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
PLAINFIELD, MICHIGAN.
Office at residence. Special attention given to surgery and diseases of the throat and lungs.

JAMES MARKEY,
NOTARY PUBLIC
And Insurance Agent. Local papers made on short notice and reasonable terms. Office on Main St., near Postoffice Pinckney, Mich.

GRIMES & JOHNSON,
Proprietors of
PINCKNEY FLOURING AND CUS-
TOM MILLS.
Dealers in Flour and Feed. Cash paid for all kinds of grain. Pinckney, Michigan.

JAMES T. EAMAN,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW
and Justice of the Peace,
Office in the Brick Block, PINCKNEY

W. P. VAN WINKLE,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW
and SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Office over Sigler's Drug Store. PINCKNEY

D. D. BENNETT,
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
All work in this line executed with neatness and dispatch.

NEWTON T. KIRK,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND PENSION
CLAIM AGENT.

(Successor to the late M. L. GAY) attends to all kinds of Pension business including Bounty, Office claims, &c. Thousands of soldiers are yet entitled. I will be glad to attend to the cases of those who have not yet secured their pensions, or who may be entitled to increase. Will call at your residence and prepare papers when requested. Correspondence solicited. Office with E. G. Embler in Jewett Block, Howell, Mich.

PINCKNEY EXCHANGE BANK

G. W. TEEPLE,

BANKER,

Does a General Banking Business.

Money Loaned on Approved Notes.

Deposits received.

Certificates issued on time deposits.
And payable on demand.

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

LOCAL NOTICES.

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the Board of Registration of the Village of Pinckney will be held at the Council Room, (T. Eaman's office) in said village Saturday the 7th day of March, A. D. 1885, for the purpose of registering the names of all such persons as shall be possessed of the necessary qualifications of electors in said village, and who may apply for that purpose; and that said board of registration will be in session on the day and at the place aforesaid from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 12 o'clock noon, and from 1 o'clock until 5 o'clock in the afternoon for the purpose aforesaid.

Dated, this 26th day of February, A. D. 1885. BOARD OF REGISTRATION.

ELECTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the Village of Pinckney in the County of Livingston and State of Michigan, that the next ~~annual~~ general election will be held on the second Monday in March next, being the 9th day of said month, at the Town Hall in said village, at which election the following officers are to be chosen, to wit: one President, one Assessor, one Clerk, one Treasurer, three Trustees for 2 years, one Constable, one Street Commissioner. The polls of said election will be opened at eight o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as may be, and will be continued open until five o'clock in the afternoon, unless the board, shall, in their discretion, adjourn the polls at twelve o'clock, noon, for one hour.

Dated, this 26th day of February, A. D. 1885. WILLARD B. HOFF, Clerk.

Gloves and Mittens at cost.

W. B. HOFF.

FARM FOR SALE.—80 acres on section fifteen (15), Dexter township, Washtenaw county, Mich., known locally as the "Hoban Farm." Price \$35 per acre. Terms easy. Address, THOMAS BIRKETT, Birkett, Washtenaw Co., Mich. Feb. 10, 1885.

South Lyon Roller Process flour, the best flour in the market for sale by LAKIN & SYKES.

WANTED—Dressed Hogs.

Tompkins & Ismon.

Misses Over-shoes 50 cents per pair.

W. B. HOFF.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

We are obliged to ask all customers that have not settled their book account for 1884 to do so at once and oblige.

Teepie & Cadwell.

Pinckney, Dec. 1st, 1884.

Big Reduction in price on Men's Boots.

W. B. HOFF.

Farm of 160 acres in the town of Hamburg for sale cheap. Will exchange for small farm. Apply to G. W. TEEPLE.

Broken lots of Ladies' fine Kid Shoes at cost to close out.

W. B. HOFF.

WANTED.

Wheat, Beans and Clover Seed, highest prices paid.

Tompkins & Ismon.

WOOD FOR SALE.

I have about 400 cords of seasoned wood for sale in quantities to suit purchaser—will deliver it or sell it on the ground.

T. Birkett.

Birkett, Oct. 30th, 1884.

Bush's Beehives and Section Boxes, at Bush's Planing Mill, Plainfield.

To any anybody who has disease of throat or lungs, we will send proof that Piso's Cure for Consumption has cured the same complaints in other cases.

Address, E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

Stick a Pin in This.

The Allan Line of Steamers, swift, safe and reliable. Parties intending to send for their relatives or friends to the "Old Country," or any part of Europe, this spring, would do well while the rates are low to apply at once for passage tickets, which will be good to the end of June or July. These rates may and will probably advance, therefore no time should be lost in procuring them now. Full information on application by letter or otherwise, to E. McGARIGLE, Pinckney, Mich. Agent for the G. T. R. & M. A. L. R. R. Agent for the Allan Line of Steamers. Agent for American Express Company.

Merchant Tailoring.

If in need of anything in the line of Tailoring do not fail to call on

J. CROULEA, - PINCKNEY.

Everything in this line executed with neatness and dispatch and

WARRANTED TO GIVE SATISFACTION.

Positively no credit given.

Those receiving their papers with a red X over this paragraph, will please notice that their subscription expires with next number. A blue X signifies that the time has expired, and that, in accordance with our rules, the paper will be discontinued until subscription is renewed.

HOME NEWS.

Don't fail to register.

Beautiful moonlight nights.

Tommie Dolan is clerking for J. McGuinness.

R. E. Finch spent a few days in Detroit last week.

Henry Briggs, of Leroy, is the guest of Pinckney friends.

The unevenness of the roads makes it very bad sleighing.

M. E. social at the residence of Geo. Bland Friday evening.

Mrs. E. D. Howell, of South Lyon, was in town yesterday.

C. N. Plimpton made a business trip to Fowlerville last week.

Henry Hicka and wife, of Jackson visited friends here last week.

Mrs. L. C. Barrett, of Stockbridge, is a guest at I. S. P. Johnson's.

Anson Grimes and David Finch, of Waterloo, are visiting friends here.

Geo. Reynolds and wife returned to their home at Hollenburgh, Kan., Tuesday.

J. J. Teeple has purchased a fine Holstein cow and her calf from parties near Pontiac.

L. F. Rose, of Bay City, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Rose, a few days last week.

Misses Carrie and Annie Bowers, of Leroy, visited over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. I. S. P. Johnson.

Thompson Beebe, John Meyers and Herbert Davis were at Fowlerville and Williamston a few days last week.

Some prospects of having a theatrical troupe at this place for a week's stay some time in the near future.

Read the great reduction W. B. Hoff is making in boots, shoes and over-shoes, in our local notice column this week.

Sanford Hause, of Balch, Lenawee county, brother of J. J. Hause, of near this place, was buried Tuesday, Feb. 17, 1885.

Miss Alice McIntyre, who has been making an extended visit to friends in Calimo, returned to her home at this place Saturday.

If you have not voted before at the village election be sure and register or you cannot participate in that luxury one week from Monday.

We have had some very pleasant weather this week, notwithstanding the fact that yesterday was prophesied to be the worst day of the season.

A little "hatic exercise" was indulged in on our streets Saturday night, but the marshal interrupted the participants before any damage was done.

Livingston W. C. T. U. will hold their Annual Convention March 4th and 5th at Cohoctah. All temperance people are invited. L. M. Coe, Sec.

Mr. John Mulholland, of Superior, and Miss Hattie Smith of Pinckney, were matrimonially tied together at the M. E. parsonage in this village on Monday, the 23d inst., by Rev. H. Cartledge.

Mrs. Wm. Watson died Saturday, Feb. 20, 1885, of dropsy. The funeral services were held at the Catholic church at 10 o'clock a. m. Monday and the remains were placed in the cemetery vault.

Mrs. Norman Case's house in Genoa, occupied by Chas. Sweinsburg, caught fire Monday night from a defective chimney and burned to the ground, together with nearly all its contents. Amount of loss not known.

A Republican caucus will be held at the office of G. W. Teeple in this village, on Saturday, Feb. 28, at 3 o'clock p. m., for the purpose of selecting delegates to attend the County Convention at Howell on Saturday, March 7, 1885. By Order of Township Com.

Receipts of the donation visit at the Monitor House last evening for the benefit of the M. E. pastor, Rev. H. Cartledge, \$69. A very pleasant time was had.

THANKS—Much esteemed friends of Unadilla, Plainfield and Stockbridge please accept thanks from Mrs. Hunt and myself for liberal donations, aggregating \$169, of which at least 95 per cent. was cash. O. N. HUNT.

Unadilla, Feb. 19th, 1885.

The firm of McGuiness & Toumey, general merchants, has been dissolved by mutual consent, John McGuiness continuing the business, who advertises some extra low prices in goods for the next 30 days in order to clear out his old stock. He will do business on the cash system and our readers may look out for an announcement from him soon.

The near relatives of Mr. and Mrs. David Hodgeman to the number of about 16, made the above couple a happy surprise at their home on Tuesday, Feb. 24—the tenth anniversary of their marriage. The company gathered about 10:30 a. m. and enjoyed a fine repast about one p. m. A few useful presents were also bestowed upon Mr. and Mrs. Hodgeman, and a very pleasant visit is reported.

We despise drunkenness in all its forms. But, however, we do not wish you to understand that we despise all who get intoxicated, for in their sober states very many of them possess a true heart and one that is warmed by many generous impulses. So, to a certain extent, might be said of our station agent, E. McGarigle; but when a man in his position succumbs to a three days' spree—as he did last week—he should not be tolerated much longer, and if there is any intimation of a repetition of such conduct the company ought to immediately appoint his successor. We are sorry to speak so plainly of one who has in every way dealt squarely and honorably with us, but we are here to uphold the right and condemn the wrong, our duty requires it and an indignant community demands it.

A second concert under the auspices of the choir will be given at the Congregational church on Thursday evening next, March 5, 1885. A program even better than the first will be presented, and it is hoped that a full attendance may be secured. A rumor has gone out that the proceeds of these concerts were to pay the individual subscriptions of members of the choir. It may not be amiss to state that such is not the case. Members of the choir have paid their individual subscriptions, but have also undertaken to raise \$25 for the pastor's salary aside from such subscriptions by these concerts.

1. Opening Chorus—Choir.
2. Brass Quartette—Grand Selection.
3. Duett—Miss Mercer, Mrs. C. P. Sykes.
4. Cornet and Piano—Safe in the Arms of Jesus—Fantasia—Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Sykes.
5. Song and Chorus—Bury Me Near the Old Home.
6. Piano Solo—Mrs. A. T. Mann.
7. Bass Solo—(comic) The Bullfrog Am No Nightingale—Mr. C. L. Collier.
8. Brass Quartette—Diantha—Messrs. Sykes.
9. Quartette, Vocal—Choir.
10. Cornet and Piano—Andante and Cornet Polka—C. P. Sykes, Mrs. A. T. Mann.
11. Piano Duett—Mrs. A. T. Mann, Miss Mary Mann.
12. Quartette, Vocal—Choir—Tie Those Oh Joy one last.

Real Estate Transfers.

George H. Bush to Herbert Satterly, 40 acres in Howell.
Mary Lewis to Robt. Grubbs, lot in Brighton for \$250.

Wm. Caffry to Geo. A. Sigler, lot in Pinckney for \$1,500.
Francis G. Russell to Wm. G. Holdridge, 120 acres in Brighton.

Phinny B. Heldridge to W. G. Holdridge, 40 acres in Brighton.
Cyrenus Morgan to Orson T. Van Amburg, lot in Brighton for \$150.
Richard Maltby to Ellen Maltby, lot in Brighton.

James H. Crouse to Francis Crouse, 140 acres in Hartland.

Matilda Davis to Adelbert Fay, 31 acres in Cohoctah for \$1,450.

Bert D. Parker to Sarah Williams, 40 acres in Handy for \$2,000.

Martha Arms to Hugh T. Smith, 7 acres in Green Oak for \$500.

Chas. E. Hollister to W. P. Van Winkle, lot in Pinckney for \$500.

IN MEMORIAM.

Samuel P. Reynolds, whose obituary notice appeared in our paper last week, was born in Dutchess county, N. Y. Feb. 2, 1811, and as he died on Feb. 1, 1885, he was seventy-four years of age. Mr. Reynolds resided in the vicinity of his birthplace until 1835, when he removed with his parents to Clarksfield, Huron county Ohio, where in 1844, he was married to Rebecca A. Miller, who bore to him seven children, of whom five survive him: George E. and Mrs. Theresa M. Thompson, of Hollenburgh, Washington Co., Kansas, Henry J. a resident of Elsie, Clinton Co., Mich., Mrs. Flora Peck, of Wakeman, Ohio, and Mrs. Emma L. Green, of Stockbridge. In the fall of 1845 he moved with his family upon the farm two and one-half miles east of Plainfield, now owned by R. Woodworth. It was at that place in 1861, he lost his first wife, and in 1862 he married Rhoda M. Wilhelm who still survives him. In 1869 Mr. Reynolds sold his farm in Unadilla and bought the place east of this village, upon which he resided at his death. He commenced life poor, by working out summers, by the month and attending school during the winter earning at first but \$3 per month. Having acquired sufficient proficiency in his studies he began at an early age teaching school, and in all he taught thirty-five terms, and in the states of Conn., New York, Ohio and Michigan. His first term brought him \$11 per month, and several others only \$12.00 and \$15.00. He held the office of Supervisor of Unadilla and Stockbridge, as well as other offices of confidence, and was likewise Sec. of the Union Fair of this place several years. Mr. Reynolds was greatly respected by all who knew him as a consistent upright man.—Stockbridge Sun.

REGULATIONS FOR LENT.

1. All persons who have completed their twenty-first year of age are obliged to observe all the days of Lent (Sundays excepted) as fasting days.
2. On those days only one full meal is allowed, which is to be taken at noon.
3. General usage has made it lawful to take a cup of coffee, tea, or thin chocolate, and a cracker in the morning.
4. A collation is allowed in the evening; no rule as to the quality of food permitted at the collation can be given but the practice of good Christians is not to exceed the fourth part of an ordinary meal.
5. Exempt from the obligations of fasting are: all who are not twenty-one years of age, pregnant and nursing women, the sick; and all who are engaged in hard labor.
6. By dispensation, the use of flesh meat is allowed at every meal on Sundays, and at one full meal on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, excepting the Saturdays in Ember and Holy Week and Holy Thursday.
7. An entire abstinence from flesh meat is enjoined every Wednesday and Friday in Lent, and the above excepted days.

8. Fish and flesh meat are forbidden at the same meal on any of the days of Lent.

9. The use of lard in the preparation of food of eggs, milk, butter and cheese, is permitted during Lent.

10. In cases of doubt the Pastor or Confessor is to be consulted, who may dispense or commute as the particular cases may require.

Given at Detroit February 9th, 1885. By order of the Right Reverend Bishop.

Not wishing to misrepresent Mr. Lockwood in this community, we hasten to make a correction in the item in regard to him in last week's Leader. The remark, "we are barred from putting notices in the Leader; the fools of Dexter are not all dead, but it isn't our fault," was not made by a bystander, but from the pulpit of the Dexter Congregational Church (a very singular place for such a remark) to his congregation; so we are informed by one who was present and heard him.—Dexter Leader.

MICHIGAN NEWS.

GENERAL STATE ITEMS.

Albion's Episcopal church was burned Feb. 19.

A carding mill is to be started in Owosso in the spring.

A law and order league has been organized in West Bay City.

Mrs. Phoebe Hudson, for 44 years a resident of Plymouth, is dead.

Judge Ooley declines to be a candidate for judicial honors this spring.

One hundred and two cadets are enrolled at the Orchard Lake military academy.

A deaf mute named Frank Sherbert was killed by the cars near Farwell recently.

Farmers in the state express a fear that wheat will smother under the heavy snow.

The Hillsdale boat crew, which was renowned several years ago, is about to be reorganized.

James Z. Carson of Owosso, was buried last Saturday. The death of his wife followed on Tuesday.

Hom Edwin Willits was formerly elected president of the state agricultural college on the 19th inst.

A bill is before the Senate for the appointment of a state bank examiner at the expense of the banks.

Members of the W. C. T. U. of Grand Rapids have set their faces against progressive eunuchs.

The Union school building in Howard city was burned on the 19th inst. Loss \$2,500; insured for \$10,000.

The appropriation bill for the erection of two infirmary buildings at the Pontiac insane asylum call for \$80,000.

L. H. Bailey late of Harvard college, has been appointed Professor of Horticulture at the Agricultural college.

A proposition is on foot to form a new county out of portions of Kent, Newaygo and Montcalm counties.

Jo. Howard, the Coldwater bank robber, arrested in Philadelphia recently, is now behind the bars in Coldwater.

Forty electric lights on masts 100 feet high will light the dark places of Flint for the next year at a cost of \$2,500.

There were 132 engines snow bound on the northern division of the Michigan Central railroad in one day recently.

In a short time the western extension of the Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon railroad to Ashland will be built.

A bill is being prepared authorizing the establishment of an industrial and mining school in the upper peninsula.

The board of public works of Grand Rapids will receive bids for the construction of the new city hall, up to March 19.

A mysterious disease, commonly fatal within twenty-four hours, has attacked the sheep in the vicinity of Lakewick.

Emmet county supervisors have voted \$500 to aid the state in building the Little Traverse and Mackinac state road.

February 17, 18 and 19 are the dates, and Lansing the place, for the sixth annual meeting of the mechanical engineers' society of Michigan.

All the factories in Grand Rapids have promptly complied with the law relative to employing children between the ages of 8 and 14 years.

James Cosgrove, a brakeman on Lake Shore road, fell under the wheels of a train at Killbuck Lake recently, and was instantly killed.

Prominent citizens in Detroit are discussing a plan for the erection in Cass park in that city of a monument to the memory of the late Gen. Cass.

Robert Scott, a farmer of Bloomfield township, Huron county, was killed by a falling tree while at work in the woods a few days since.

Mrs. Tenney, the state librarian, would like her salary raised from \$1,000 to \$1,500 and her assistant would like her salary raised from \$700 to \$800.

A Lawton man has taken out all the furniture out of his parlor, and uses it for a private skating rink. Several doctors want telephone connection with his house.

"Dr." Gunn of Howell, recently arrested for assaulting a young girl in Holly, has been sentenced to 90 days' imprisonment in the Detroit house of correction.

Penwick Weeks was run over and killed by a log train at Wright & Ketchum's camp, near Averill. His home was at Concession, Prince Edward county, Ont.

Vassar was visited by a \$10,000 fire on the 13th inst. For a time it seemed as if the entire business portion of the village would be consumed by the devouring element.

Mrs. Linda Whidden, of Manistee, was burned to death a few days since. The house took fire, and while carrying out goods, the poor woman was overcome by the heat and smoke.

Capt. Kirby of Grand Haven offers to give bonds for the construction of a ship canal 75 feet wide and 14 feet deep from Grand Haven to Grand Rapids for the small sum of \$500,000.

Frank Barnhardt enters suit at Muskegon against Charles H. Hackley, lumber dealer, for \$20,000 damages for the death of plaintiff's son, killed while in the defendant's employ as a lumber piler.

A man aged 50 years or more left Papke's saloon in Dearborn the other night to go to the Five-mile house, and his frozen body was found the next morning, the hands clutching a barbed wire fence.

The present membership of the G. A. R., in Michigan is 14,596. On January 29, 1894, there were 221 posts and 10,735 comrades. Seventy-three new posts have been organized under the late administration.

A question box has been placed in the vestibule of the Methodist church at Niles. It is a free-for-all arrangement, and all proper questions are answered by the pastor every Sunday evening.

Wm. Foreman, 20 years old, attempted to jump on the front platform of the rear D. L. & N. train at Ionia and falling under the car which was moving, all four wheels passed over him and out him in two.

John Stein, a farmer living in the township of Iugersoll, Ionia county, is under arrest, charged with incest with a daughter 13 years old, who is about to become a mother. The case excites much feeling in that neighborhood.

The Negatives Herald says that samples of quartz taken from the bottom of the shaft at the Alger during the past week carry free gold, visible to the naked eye, and in all respects bear the appearance of being high in precious metal.

Julia A. Parks, better known for her connection with the celebrated Crouch case as Julia Reese, has read out a writ of habeas corpus at Jackson to regain possession of her child from Theodore and Louisa Gayitt, of Leoni township.

Erastus Thornton, a ship-builder of Manistee was severely injured while attempting to get on a moving train a few miles from that city. He was taken to Manistee for medical treatment, and when he arrived there was nearly frozen stiff.

"Jackson county short-horn breeders held a meeting in Jackson recently. Interesting reports on the subject were read and carefully discussed. From reports submitted it is learned that there are in that county 25 herds of short horns, numbering \$50.

"A youngster in Fort Gratiot named Butler 'didn't know it was loaded,' and accidentally pulled the trigger. Ed. Cowan, a young fellow clerking in Dinwiddie's hardware store in that place, received the bullet in his head. Cowan may recover but it's doubtful.

Bennett G. Burleigh, the celebrated and wounded Sudanese war correspondent, was a United States prisoner at the Detroit house of correction in March and April, 1885. He was transferred to Columbus, O., and escaped from confinement there as Gen. Forest and other confederates did.

James Tolliver, a Jackson citizen of color loved Mrs. Wesley of white hue. Mrs. Wesley did not reciprocate the tender affection of James. This made him angry and he attempted to cut Mrs. Wesley's throat, failing to do which he performed a successful operation on his own jugular vein.

A Utah party, mostly Mormons, has been looking over the Kalamazoo insane asylum for pointers. They were Judge W. N. Duranberry, president of the board of trustees; Dr. W. E. Pike, medical superintendent; and J. D. Jones, E. S. Jones and J. S. Page, of the Provo, Utah territory, Insane Asylum.

"At Grand Rapids, Richard Bligh, 'Fishy' Jennings and Wm. Madden have been convicted in the circuit court of robbing Lurel Smith near Grandville about two months ago of \$185 and leaving him gagged and tied to a bed-post with the doors of his cabin wide open. Smith was an old bachelor who lived alone.

There is living at Algonue one of the best educated men in the state. He is a Master of Arts of Oxford University, is the only one in Michigan who has a thorough knowledge of Anglo-Saxon, and has written an exhaustive work on English Paleology, which was published by Frederick Warne, London. Yet this man supports himself by catching fish.

The Lake Superior ship canal company offers to actual settlers a number of 40-acre tracts of land in the upper peninsula, the settler to reside on the lands, pay the taxes, build a house and clear not less than two acres of land during each of the first three years of settlement. The company reserves all mineral rights.

Elder Wm. Lyon (colored) was arrested at Mason a few days since by Under Sheriff Powell and taken to Battle Creek for examination on complaint of his wife, who avers that William proposed to offer her a living sacrifice 'to de Lawd.' William assaulted her, she avers, with a knife, and attempted to 'carve' her. She objected, and escaped.

George Sheldon, the brave porter of the ice-bound propeller Michigan, started on the trip to the boat across the ice on the 20th inst., with supplies for the men left on board. Stebbins gave his word to the captain when they started out to cross the ice to the shore, that if they made the journey in safety he would return to the vessel at whatever cost.

Mr. L. D. Grinnell of Coldwater township, out a white ash tree on his place a few days since that beats the one mentioned in our last issue. It was 84 feet to the first limb, and out one 8-foot, five 12-foot and one 18-foot log. The stump measured 37 1/2 feet across, and the smallest log was 20 inches in diameter. The logs, leaving out the 8-foot one, scaled 3,040 feet of lumber.—Coldwater Courier.

The following have been chosen officers of the Grand Lodge of I. O. O. F. of Michigan: Grand Master—Benjamin F. Rountree, Benton Harbor; Deputy—Oscar A. Jones, Hillsdale; Warden—Silas S. Fallow, Cadillac; Secretary—Edwin H. Whitney, Lansing; Treasurer—Benjamin D. Pritchard, Allegan; Representative—Lawrence N. Burke, Kalamazoo. The next meeting will be held at Bay City.

Mr. J. N. Stearns, in turning back the pages of time, came to weather very similar to "recorded in his journal. Just ten years ago Wednesday he observed that the mercury marked twenty-four degrees below zero at his house, just as it marked Feb. 11, 1885, and the snow was like that of Wednesday, and the conditions were similar in all respects. Before he examined his journal he believed he had never before had such weather.—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

The report of Commander Shank at the G. A. R. encampment at East Saginaw shows that on January 24, 1894, there were 221 posts with a membership of 10,735 comrades in the department. During the present administration 73 new posts have been organized, making a total of 294 posts at this time. This gives us a total membership in good standing of 14,596, while the net gain to the organization of new posts and the reuniting of old ones is 3,861 and the aggregate gain over 6,000.

Robert Foreman, the agent of the Lewis fire extinguishing company, was on his way home in the suburbs of Battle Creek the other night when he was set upon by two foot-pads who knocked him down and after presenting a revolver at his head, robbed him of \$25 which he carried in his vest pocket. The robbers evidently knew that he carried money, and were laying in wait for him when he returned from the skating rink. The police are busy on the case but as yet no arrests have been made.

Will J. Coffey, the young defender of the Argus office of Niles, was arrested while more late and taken to Niles, where he was arraigned before Judge Powers for trial. Having confessed to the whole crooked transaction, which has extended from last September, aided on by older influence, and this being his first offense, Prosecuting Attorney Warren consented to a suspension of sentence, but demanded that he be sent at once to Elgin, Ill., and placed under the guardianship of his grandmother, who lives there.

The State Board of Agriculture held a meeting in Lansing Feb. 18, and organized for the ensuing two years by the election of the following officers: President, Franklin Wells, Constantine; Secretary, R. G. Baird, Lansing; Treasurer, M. L. Coleman, Lansing; Finance Committee, McCreary, Rising; Farm Committee, Lucas, Rising; Employees Committee, Chamberlain, McCreary; Building Committee, Dewey and Rising. Mr. Coleman, the treasurer, is the cashier of the Lansing National Bank and succeeds Ephraim Longyear who has held the place for many years.

Emory O. Briggs of Paw Paw, was found dead at the foot of the stairs in his barn on a

recent morning. He was in good health previous to the time, and went out to do the chores. He was 65 years old, and formerly county treasurer, and register of deeds and he had been in public life more or less all his life. He was a heavy drinker in real estate, proprietor of a planing mill, and owner of the Central mills and other property there. Also a prominent mason and well-known through the state, as he was an old settler of Van Buren county. Heart disease is supposed to be the cause.

People in this section who by chance may get possessed of a lingering attack of the Dakota fever will be interested in the statement of a correspondent writing from the central portion of that territory under date of Jan. 17. On that day he says the thermometer stood 24 degrees below zero, and on Christmas, with no blizzard and very little snow, 46 below. On the day of his writing wheat was 65 cents, oats 30, barley 25 and corn 23—in fact everything was cheap but coal, and the average citizen could do but little beside sitting by the fire and attempting to keep warm. A Michigan winter will do for the most of us.—St. Clair Republican.

Sailors' Hardships.

Great anxiety has been felt on the west shore of the state for several days concerning the fate of the propeller Michigan which left Grand Haven on the 10th inst. in search of the propeller Canada, which had become lost in the ice. Nothing was heard of the Michigan from the day she left Grand Haven until the evening of the 18th when greatly to the surprise and joy of the community the clerk, steward, and 15 of the crew appeared in Grand Haven.

The story of their hardships and perilous journey of twenty miles across the ice, as told by the man, is terrible. After leaving Grand Haven on the 10th a fierce gale set in and the vessel was unable to keep on her course but was turned completely around. Every effort was made to reach Grand Haven, but it could not be done, and the vessel was headed for Ludington.

Early on the morning of the 11 inst. the vessel became fast in vast ice fields and a change of wind carried her in a southerly direction until she was almost 25 miles off shore west of South Haven. The ice closed in rapidly and no water could be seen for several days. The crew realized their helplessness condition, and that all attempts to extricate themselves would be but a waste of time, labor and material, and patiently waited for a change of wind to break their icy fetters.

Day-by-day went by without any signs of liberation, and the question of provisions began to be a serious one. There were 30 men in the crew, and by close calculation it was thought that there were provisions enough to last 30 men but for five days, but that the store on hand would last 15 men 30 days. After carefully considering the situation it was determined that 17 of the crew should attempt to cross the ice to the shore.

The men started on their perilous journey, and all went well until one of the men broke through the ice with his right foot. The leg went in the water up to the knee. In less than an hour the leg was frozen solid and the man rendered helpless. He was assisted by the rest of the crew. The man fell asleep again and again, but was aroused by his companions whom he begged to leave him and save themselves.

A portion of the crew at last reached land some miles from South Haven, and prevailed upon some farmers to go out and help the others. Kennedy, the man who broke through the ice was almost exhausted when help reached him. Before giving up he had crawled on his hands and knees for over two miles. The entire party reached land, and the next morning were driven to the nearest railroad station where they took the train for Grand Haven, all more or less injured by their perilous journey. It is feared that amputation of Kennedy's limbs may be necessary.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

FEBRUARY 16.

SENATE—Bills introduced: Reincorporating Roscommon; organizing the county of Alger; also, organizing the township of Antrim; also, for punishment of public officers who appropriate to their own use the money or property of others; detaching territory from Rogers school district, Presque Isle county; amending section 9648, How., relating to exclusion of witnesses; also, amending section 8644, How., relative to attachments; also, amending section 3181, How., relative to religious incorporations; also, amending section 8033, et seq., How., relative to garnishments; also, amending chapter 315, How., relating to offenses against property; also, amending section 3065, How., relative to garnishments. Adjourned.

HOUSE—A number of bills were introduced, the following being the most important: Attaching territory to L'Anse school district; also, for selling shares or put-holes on unoccupied lands; for the detaching of Elk Creek, Sanilac county; regulating practice of pharmacy; amending section 2566, How., relative to floating logs; also, organizing the town of Litchfield from a portion of the present town of Higgins; also, for the detaching of Swan creek, Midland county; amending the drain laws; vacating a portion of the plat of Ionia city; amending section 1812, Howell, relative to dependent children; also, to add a new section to chapter 387, Howell, relative to offenses; for improvement of Michigan creek, Shiawassee county; prohibiting fishing in Black river and Black Lake; amending 7529, Howell, relative to easements; amending general highway laws; for the election of a collector, general.

FEBRUARY 17.

SENATE—S. B. McCracken was appointed clerk of the committee on elections. Bills were introduced for an appropriation of state swamp lands to drain Grand Lake, Iosco county; also, for disposal of state swamp lands otherwise undisposed of; repealing section 9806, Howell, authorizing the auditor general to pay accounts of the state house of correction; for the reorganization of a ditch tax in Dexter; for the appointment of a state game and fish warden; increasing the salary of the state librarian; extending the time for the completion of the Marquette, Houghton & Ontonagon railroad; for the reorganization of births, marriages and deaths, making an appropriation for the Pontiac asylum; also, for examination of teachers in the Pontiac school district; repealing section 9781, Howell, relative to state prison funds. The following passed on third reading: Attaching land to Houghton for judicial purposes; reviewing motions for new trials in the supreme court; amending section 8727, C. L., relative to writs; amending section 4806, How., relative to millers' mutual insurance companies; amending section 7006, How., relative to trials of issues of fact; amending section 2983 of How. The Senate in executive session confirmed the appointment of Martin S. Smith as police commissioner of Detroit. Adjourned.

HOUSE—The judiciary committee reported

that members of the committee which visited state institutions are entitled to actual expenses incurred. Laid on the table. House bill 242 was reported adversely by the joint tax committee because it seeks to amend an act that has been repealed; by committee on agriculture, bill to amend dog tax. Placed on general order. Bills introduced: J. E. providing for sale of primary school lots in Lansing; authorizing trustees of Michigan asylum for the insane to buy land and erect an infirmary, also making an appropriation for certain buildings at the same asylum; to organize Alger county, also to organize the township of Antrim; to organize Iron county; to prevent non-resident aliens from acquiring or holding land in this state; to define duties of notaries public in certain cases, also amending section 1287, Howell, relative to inspection of illuminating oils; amending act for levying and collecting taxes. To connect state institutions at Ionia with water works of that city. Amending act 202, 1881, relative to fish shutes. Amending section 6183, Howell, relative to fraudulent claims. Amending section 1281, Howell, relative to taxing liquors. Amending Grand Rapids School act; also to revise Grand Rapids charter. Repealing act 11, 1890, relating to interest on installments on written contracts; also incorporating societies for breeding blooded stock. Bills were passed, relative to town plats, detaching Ogemaw County from the Eighteenth and attaching it to the Twenty-third Judicial Circuit.

The joint resolution to submit to the people at the election next April an amendment to the Constitution to prohibit the manufacture, gift or sale of spirituous, malt or vinous liquors, except for medicinal, mechanical, chemical or scientific purposes, to destroy all property rights in such articles and to prohibit the sale of such liquors except for the purposes named, and then only under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law, also, that the Legislature shall enact laws, with suitable penalties, to suppress the manufacture, gift or sale, the keeping or of traffic in liquors—a very comprehensive measure, indeed—came up in the House to-day. Representative Gibbs of Grand Traverse, was called to the chair and read with much deliberation the terms of the joint resolution. No speeches were made on its submission, and in a few moments the committee of the whole had disposed of the matter, and the joint resolution was placed upon the order of third reading.

FEBRUARY 18.

SENATE—Remonstrance of the Detroit merchants' and manufacturers' exchange against the House bill to annex Hamtramck was presented. Also the memorial of the board of regents of the university. Bills were introduced: Amending act 9, 1889, relative to assessment of property and collection of taxes; amending act 192, 1879, relative to punishment for libel and slander; to place telephone, telegraph and electric poles under ground; to change the boundary between Houghton and Baraga counties, amending section 993, C. D., relative to exceptions in criminal cases; repealing act 6, 1888, relative to fishing apparatus in Michigan rivers; amending section 741, How., amending section 9728, Howell, relative to state prison; providing a deputy attorney-general; amending sections 5560 and 5561, Howell, relative to estates in real property. A bill was passed amending the act relative to township boards.

HOUSE—Mr. Ford offered a concurrent resolution requesting of Michigan congressmen to vote for the Sumner postal telegraph bill. Laid over for one day. The following measures were passed: House manuscript bill detaching territory from Higgins township and attaching the same to Richfield township; reincorporating Three Oaks. The joint resolution submitting to the people an amendment to the constitution forbidding that traffic in liquor was passed. Yeas, 67; nays, 38. Adjourned.

FEBRUARY 19.

SENATE—Several bills were introduced among them one appropriating \$5,000 to build an armory at Jackson; also making an appropriation to the Michigan University. The following passed on third reading: House manuscript bill reincorporating Three Oaks. House manuscript bill detaching territory from Higgins Township and attaching the same to Richfield. House bill 61, incorporating Grand Lake. Adjourned.

HOUSE—A concurrent resolution calling upon Michigan Senators and Representatives in Congress to support the Sumner Postal Telegraph bill was passed. The judiciary committee submitted majority and minority reports on the bill to prohibit the assessment of department clerks for political purposes, the majority in favor, and the bill was passed in the general order. A memorial relative to colonization of convicts in Alaska, adopted by the Jackson knights of labor, and against the convict contract system adopted by Shiawassee knights of labor, was submitted. House bill 258, authorizing the city of Cadillac, Westford county, to borrow \$35,000 for public improvements, was passed upon the suspension of the rules. About 50 bills were introduced for the incorporation of villages, providing universal text books, to punish with beating by the whip, etc. The following passed on third reading: Relative to Ionia house of correction; relative to Detroit boulevard; to reorganize supreme court. Senate 17, to authorize commissioners of highways to widen highways and river roads when reduced by washing away, was tabled; also Senate 18, amending the highway laws. Adjourned until 9 a. m.

FEBRUARY 20.

SENATE—Mr. Voorhes presented the remonstrance of numerous citizens of Clinton and Shiawassee counties against the passage of the Senate bill which interdicts horse racing at agricultural fairs. Bills were passed extending time for collecting taxes in the town of Olive, Ottawa county, and for a patent to M. H. Davis. A resolution by Mr. Ramsey, for the dismissal of Engrossing Clerk, Hannan on the ground of absenting himself without leave, was laid over until today. Charges were preferred against Mr. Hannan in the open House. All after the aforesaid clause was struck out of the bill to regulate a marriage license to be taken on. The minority representation of shareholders' bill was made the special order for March 4. A number of bills were introduced and after the transaction of other business the Senate adjourned until Monday evening.

HOUSE—A number of bills were introduced the following being among the number: Making an appropriation for educating the deaf and dumb for 1895-6; also, making an appropriation for additional land improvements at the Deaf and Dumb School; establishing a mining school in the Upper Peninsula; and a number for the incorporation of villages. The following measures were passed: extending the time for collecting taxes in the City of Kalamazoo; authorizing the City of Cadillac to borrow money; authorizing the village of Elvart to borrow money; authorizing the village of Howell to borrow money; extending the time to collect taxes in the township of Olive, Ottawa

county; incorporating Imlay City; reincorporating Armada, Macomb county; amending sec. 5133, Howell, relative to primary schools; incorporating Hastings Board of Education. Adjourned until 9 a. m., Monday.

DETROIT MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 white.....	80	@	95
Wheat—No. 2, red.....	75	@	95
Flour.....	4 00	@	4 50
Corn.....	40	@	42
Oats.....	32	@	38
Barley.....	1 20	@	1 25
Eye per bu.....	45	@	50
Butter.....	2 15	@	2 20
Corn meal.....	15 50	@	22 00
Clover Seed, #.....	4 00	@	4 00
Timothy seed # bu.....	1 55	@	1 60
Apples per bbl.....	1 75	@	2 25
Apples per bu.....	60	@	75
Butter, #.....	15	@	16
Eggs.....	18	@	20
Chickens.....	12	@	12
Turkeys.....	13	@	14
Ducks.....	10	@	11
Geese.....	10	@	11
Potatoes.....	38	@	40
Onions, # bu.....	1 10	@	1 15
Turnips.....	30	@	35
Honey.....	12	@	15
Beans picked.....	1 15	@	1 20
Beans, unpicked.....	30	@	40
Hay.....	12 00	@	17 00
Straw.....	6 00	@	7 00
Pork dressed, # 100.....	5 80	@	5 75
Pork, mess new.....	13 30	@	1 75
Pork, family.....	12 50	@	12 75
Hams.....	10 00	@	11
Shoulders.....	7	@	7
Lard.....	5	@	5 1/2
Tallow.....	5	@	5 1/2
Beef extra.....	13 00	@	12 50
Wood, Deech and Maple.....	5 75	@	6 00
Wood, Maple.....	6 25	@	6 50
Wood Hickory.....	6 75	@	7 00

LIVE STOCK.

Hogs—Rough packing, \$4 40 @ 4 75; packing and shipping, \$4 75 @ 5 15; light, \$4 40 @ 4 90; skipe, \$3 25 @ 3 50.
CATTLE—Good to choice steers, 1,400 to 1,500 lbs., \$5 70 @ 6 20; shipping grades, 1,200 to 1,300 lbs., \$5 50 @ 6 00; common to medium, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$4 25 @ 5; corn-fed Texas, \$4 10 @ 4 75.
—Common to medium, \$3 35

As the head-light of the locomotive illuminates the track and its surroundings, revealing dangerous obstacles, its rays shooting into the distant darkness, so the mind and soul are the lights which shine on the mortal pathway, intended to be the head-light of the lower animal nature, the guide, the controlling agent of the body; the higher influence, instead of being manacled, and to a great extent dilated, the superior yielding to the inferior, Dr. J. H. Hanaford.

A new building material—a mixture of cork, silica and lime—is coming into extensive use in Germany. It has the advantage of keeping out heat and cold, and is also claimed to be an excellent preventive of damp and deader of sound. It is substantial, light and durable, and seems to be especially adapted for ceilings and wall linings.

Mies Irving, niece of Washington Irving, has offered to the senior class of Princeton college, for the commencement ivy ceremony, a slip from a vine planted by her uncle, the original of which he brought from Sir Walter Scott's home at Abbotsford.

We are told that Max Muller is a remarkable instance of the transmission or hereditary qualities. The great-grandfather, the grand-father and father were all remarkable men.

When a remedy has proven itself to be a sure for consumption and a perfect lung restorer, it should be kept in every well regulated home. We refer to Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, a single dose of which will cure an ordinary cough or cold. A few bottles will cure consumption. It is very pleasant to take.

A cold climate is hard to bear, but it makes men robust and active. People in very warm countries lead a rather shiftless life.

"Why do leaves fall to the ground?" asks a poet. It is because they can't fall anywhere else. They have got to fall somewhere.

Skating rinks are demoralizing. They incline one to base actions, and even the best of Christians are liable to become back-sliders.

Donovan Russa has been shot by a crazy English woman, and he does not like it. He does not approve of making a personal matter of warfare.—Texas Sittings.

Is your system running down? Is there a feeling of decrepitude taking possession of you? Are the functions of your digestive and urinary organs impaired? Is your blood bad? Do you suffer from aches and pains? Are you weak, and does the least exertion give you fatigue? Regain perfect health by using Dr. Guy's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla.

A chemist has found that he can obtain from distilled coal a white crystalline powder which cannot be distinguished from quinine, and that it assimilates even more readily when taken as a medicine. It is remarkably efficient in reducing fever heat.

India will have a good pair of the space in the London exhibition of 1886. One of the exhibits will be life sized models of native soldiers and officers.

In Connecticut the wooden nutmeg industry has given place to oyster culture, and the loss is more predictable and extensive than the first.

For scrofula, syphilitic disorders, thin and watery blood, sluggish liver (indicated by poor digestion) weak kidneys (indicated by urinary sediments), diseased mucous membrane (indicated by both nasal and urinary catarrh, inflammation,

GROWING OLD.
Is it parting with the roundness
Of the smoothly-moulded cheek?
Is it losing from the dimples
Half the flashing joy they speak?
Is it fading of the luster
Of the wavy golden hair?
Is it finding on the forehead
Graven lines of thought and care?
Is it dropping—as the rose leaves
Drop their sweetness, over-blown—
Household names that once were dearer,
More familiar than our own?
Is it meeting on the pathway
Faces strange and glances cold,
While the soul with moan and sibilant
Whispers sadly, "Growing old!"
On the graceful sloping pathway,
As the passing years decline,
Gleams a golden love-light, falling
Far from upper heights divine;
And the shadows from that brightness
Wrap them softly in their fold,
Who unto celestial whiteness
Walk, by way of "growing old."
—Margaret Sangster.

THE STORY OF PATSY.

CHAPTER II.

Morning came as mornings do come bringing to the overworked body and mind a certain languor difficult to shake off. As I walked down the dirty little street, with its rows of old clothes shops, saloons and second-hand furniture stores, I culled several of my laggards, and gave them a friendly warning. "Quarter of 9, Mrs. Finnigan!" "Bless me soul, darlin'! Well, I will hurry up my children, that I will; but the baby was that bad with the whoop-in' cough last night that I never got three winks myself, darlin'!"

At last, come to that little tin shop on the corner—a blessed trying place, forever sacred, where the children wait for me in sunshine, rain, wind and storm, unless forbidden; and here on the step sits faithful Patsy, with a clean and shining morning face, all glowing with anticipation. How well I remember my poor lad's first day. Where should I seek him?

But a pull at my skirt and a whisper decided me.

"Please can't I set aside o' you, Miss Kate?"

"But, Patsy, the fun of it is I never do it."

"Why, I thought teachers never done nothin' but set."

"You don't know much about little boys and girls, that's sure! Well, suppose you put your chair in front and close to me. Here is Maggie Bruce on one side. She is a real little kindergarten mother, and will show you just how to do everything. Won't you, Maggie?"

He soon learned the family history of every child in the school, and those family histories, I assure you, were of an exciting nature; but so great was Patsy's prudence and his idea of the proprieties that he never divulged his knowledge till we were alone. Then his tongue would be loosed and he would break into his half child-like, half ancient and reflective conversation.

Meanwhile, though not perfect he was greatly changed for the better. We had given him a neat little coat and trousers, his hair was short and smooth, and his great dark eyes shown with an unsteady content. He was never joyous; born under a cloud he had lived in its shadow, and sorrow, too, early borne had left its indelible impress, only to be removed by the "undisturbed vision of the father's face, which is joy unutterable," but for the first time in his life he was at peace.

So, in those busy afternoons, when the little flock had gone, Patsy and I stayed together and arranged the next day's occupations. It was he who fastened the ends and threaded the needles and set right the sewing cards of the babies; and only the initiated can comprehend the labyrinthine maze into which an energetic three-year-old can transform a bit of sewing. It was he who fished the needles from the cracks in the floor, rubbed the blackboards, and scrubbed the slates, talking busy the while.

"Jee-whish-y! Miss Kate, we can't let Jimmy Buck have no more needles; he sows 'em thick round his chair. Now, jist' look here! If that Levy chap hain't scratched the hull top of his table with a bawzer! I'd lam him good if I was you, I would!"

"Do you think our kindergarten would be the pleasant place it is if I whipped little boys every day?"

"No-o-o! But there's a p'int—"

"Yes, there is, I know, Patsy, but I never found it."

"Jim's staying out night's this week," said he one day, "in I hez to stay alone o' Miss Kennet till 9 o'clock."

"Why, I thought Jim always stayed at home in the evening."

"Yes, he allers used ter, but he's busy now looking up a girl, don't yer know?"

"Looking up a girl! What do you mean, Patsy?"

"Lookin' up a girl! Why, I s'posed yer knew that, I dunno zackly. Jim says all the fellers does. He says he hates to get the feed and wash the dishes-erf, 'n' girls like ter do it best of anything."

"Oh!" cried I, light bursting in on my darkened intellect when dish-washing was mentioned, "he wants to get married."

"Well, he was ter look up a girl first, don't yer s'pose?"

"Yes, of course, but I don't see how Jim can get money enough to take care of a wife. He only has \$30 a month!"

"Well, he's goin' to git a girl what'll 'go halvey,' don't you know, and pay for her keep. He'd rather have a milling'ry girl—they're the nicest—but if he can't he's goin' to try for one out of the box factory!"

"Oh, Patsy! I wish—"

"Why, didn't I oughter say that?" "I wish you had a mother, dear!" "If I had I'd know more 'n I do now," and a great sigh heaved itself upward from beneath the ragged shirt and torn jacket.

"No, you wouldn't know so much, Patsy, or at least, you would get the right end of it; never mind, dear boy, you can't understand."

Jim did not find his girl that summer, although he "looked" industriously. Either the "milling'ries" did not smile upon him and his slender bank account, or they were not willing to wash the dishes and halve the financial responsibilities besides, but as the reluctant summer, never warm and orthodox, slipped into autumn, and as the autumn days gave place to the dull, dark wintry weather, Patsy's pale face grew paler, and his soft, dark eyes grew larger and more pathetic. It seemed to me as a sixth sense came to him in those days, so full was he of wisdom and strange old fashioned thoughts and intuitions. His eyes never left my face; when, in passing from one child to another, my glance fell upon him, his loving gaze seemed always waiting for mine.

In the afternoons, as he pored over picture books, or sat silently by the window, watching the clouds chase each other down the window pane, his talk was of heaven and the angels. His mind was evidently on that mystery which has puzzled souls since the beginning of time; for no anxious, weary waiting heart has ever ceased to beat without its passionate desire to look into the beyond.

"Nixy Jones' mother died yesterday, Miss Kate, they had an ornfuline funeral."

"Yes, I am sorry for the poor little children; they will miss their mamma."

"Not 'nuff to hurt 'em! Them Joneses never cared nuthin' for nobody, they were playin' on tin oyster cans the hull blessed ev'nin' till Jim went'n told 'em it warn't perlit. Say! how dreftul it must be to go into the cold, dark ground, and be shut up in a tight box, 'n' want to get out—git out—'n' keep hollerin' an' a hollerin', an' nobody come to fetch yer, 'cause yer dead!"

"Oh, Patsy, child, stop such fearful thoughts! I expect people are glad and willing to stay when they are dead—the part of them that wonders and thinks and feels and loves and is happy or sad—you know what I mean, don't you?"

"Yes," he said slowly, leaving his head on his hand.

"Well, that part God takes care of is his own, and He makes it all right. And as for our bodies, Patsy, even the kitties and puppies have those, and they don't worry about them. You talk about the cold, dark earth, why I think of it as the tender, warm earth, that holds the little brown acorn until it begins to grow into a spreading oak tree, and nurses the little seeds until they grow into lovely blossoming flowers. Now we must trot home Patsy. Wrap this shall over your shoulders and come under my umbrella."

"Oh, I don't need any shawl, please. I'm so ornful hot!"

"That's just the reason," I replied, as I looked with anxious eyes at his flushed cheeks.

I left him at the little door on T—street, and persuaded kind hearted Mrs. Kennet to give him some hot soup at dinner time.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

As She Was Spoke by Brignoli.

Indianapolis Journal.

Anecdotes of Brignoli are still finding their way into the newspapers. There is one that might be added to the collection, which heretofore has only had circulation in Indianapolis. When Brignoli appeared here some years since with Christine Nilsson, the great prima donna was somewhat indisposed. Brignoli, as is well known, never succeeded in learning English, and his blunders in that, to him, unconquerable tongue were numerous and grotesque. He stepped before the footlights to apologize for Miss Nilsson to the audience. "Ladies and gentlemen," said the great tenor, "I hope you will be easy wif Miss Nilsson zis evening, as she is a leetle horse." This was followed by a laugh on the part of the audience. In some embarrassment, not knowing what blunder he had made, but fearing the worst, he corrected his statement by adding: "I mean, Miss Nilsson she have a leetle colt." The laughter that followed fairly shook the house.

If Albert Victor, the eldest son of the Prince of Wales, ever reigns it will be as Edward VIII., his father having determined to drop his name Albert at his coronation, and reign as Edward VII.

A London paper says that on his return to England Lord Garmoyne and Miss Fortescue will be married, notwithstanding the lawsuit.

A letter was received at the Washington post office the other day addressed: "Hon. Mr. Cleveland, in the White House at Washington. Please examine quick."

A German paper states that eggs may be kept perfectly fresh for a year by rubbing them with vaseline which has been melted with three-tenths per cent of salicylic acid. The application should be made twice at an interval of a month.

Ten years ago Calvin Fletcher, when on a visit to Orange, Los Angeles county Cal., stuck his stick into the ground. The stick took root and is now a stately sycamore tree fifty feet high, with widespread branches and its base three and a half feet in circumference. —Philadelphia Record.

GENERAL NEWS.

A RELIGIOUS FANATIC'S WORK.

The Detroit Free Press published a special from Wheeling, W. Va., on the 18th inst., which states that a religious revival which has been in progress for several days at a place called Wells Bottom, near the town of Bayview, O., culminated on Friday Feb. 19, in a riot, during which three persons are reported as having been killed and several severely injured. At the Friday evening service the pastor wrought the congregation up to a pitch of intense excitement by proclaiming that a named Dengel had seen Jesus Christ and had been converted. Mrs. Mills, an excitable woman, leaped on a bench and uttered a loud shriek. Great excitement followed, the organist struck up a tune, and Pastor Dodge yelled to the people to shout as loud as they could so that the Lord could hear the news of their great triumph over the evil one. The command was literally obeyed, and the people were crazed by excitement. The interior of the church was wrecked, the pulpit and Bible torn to pieces, and Dr. Dodge hurled through a window. Dengel was lifted up by the women and carried down the aisle. The excitement continued until daylight, at which time everything portable was smashed to pieces. On Saturday Dengel became a raving maniac and carried all his money to the preacher. At the Saturday night meeting Dengel addressed Dr. Dodge as Judas Iscariot, and ordered him to leave the pulpit, striking him a murderous blow with a club, fracturing his skull. He then attacked the people with the same weapon, clubbing several of them horribly. One woman was fatally injured. The fight then became general, during which several persons were frightfully beaten. The pastor, it is said, is insane.

A TRAMP'S GRATITUDE.

Mrs. Andrew Shraffer, wife of a well-to-do farmer at Des Moines, Ill., is lying at the point of death from injuries received at the hands of a tramp who had been given food and clothes at the farmer's house. The tramp attacked her when her husband was away from the house, knocked her down and beat her terribly about the head with a flat-iron. His object is not known. He was arrested and placed in jail at Kankakee, but was subsequently taken to Chicago for his protection threats of lynching having been freely made.

A HOWLING MOB.

A procession composed of 3,000 unemployed workmen, accompanied by bands of music and carrying banners inscribed with legends denouncing the government and demanding work, marched to the buildings in London, on the 18th, occupied by the local government board in Whitehall. A delegation forced its way into the offices of the board and demanded that means of relief be afforded them by the establishment of public relief works. The officials present gave the delegation a cold reception offering them no encouragement whatever. This treatment so incensed the mob that what had previously been but a noisy demonstration at once assumed the form of a riot. The men marched to the official residence of Mr. Gladstone, where a halt was called. Here they gave groans and hives for the premier and the entire liberal cabinet and roundly denounced them for their negligence of the workingman and his interests. The cabinet was in session at the time and the sudden assembling of the mob caused the members great alarm. Mr. Gladstone, it is said, at first thought that the mob intended to sack the building and offer personal violence to him and his colleagues. In the meantime the police were heavily reinforced, and the mob was finally driven from the street, not, however, until it had made an attempt to storm the admiralty and home offices. Both buildings were freely pelted with all sorts of missiles. The affair caused intense excitement throughout the city.

THE OLDEST SETTLER BEATEN.

A special to the Detroit Free Press from Hamilton, Ont., says: Within the recollection of man Lake Ontario was never before frozen over. Where the lake is sixty miles wide there stretches a field of solid ice, but no one has dared to cross. In other winters the lake froze only in sheltered strips along the shore, and a strong east wind would break up what is to-day a frozen sea. Fishermen in this neighborhood have not been able to lift their nets for thirty three days.

A FORMIDABLE WEAPON.

The Senate naval committee has advised the purchase of Capt. John Ericsson's destroyer for \$120,000, with the privilege of buying also the patents relating to the vessel for \$100,000 more. The vessel is intended for harbor defense, and the action of the gun it carries is submarine. The vessel, in fact, is the only carriage for the gun, which is 36 feet long, 16-inch aperture and carries a projectile 25 feet long and weighing 1,450 pounds. The explosive charge is 300 pounds of gun cotton. The range is limited and the discharge must take place within 800 feet of the enemy's ship. Thick armor is thus necessary for the destroyer.

HUMAN BRUTES.

When Ida Terry, now aged 13, was two years old, she was left in charge of Joseph White and his wife of Wallingford, Vt., by her father who went West. Since then White received \$100 a year for the girl's support. Some time ago stories of revolting cruelty were circulated, and finally White and his wife were arrested. The child was brought into court. Her feet were blistered, the woman having compelled her to stand on a red-hot stove. The child said that the woman had been in the habit of thrashing her through her ears and fastening her to the walls and had once driven a nail through her tongue and fastened it to the window sill. On another occasion, the girl was held under a pump and a stream of water pumped on her head until she was so far exhausted that White could not revive her and was compelled to get the help of neighbors. The child's back was a net work of cord like ridges, where the whip had been applied while her body was covered with black and blue spots. White was fined \$5 and Mrs. White, \$10. The next night three masked men caught White in his barn and after beating him, ordered him to leave town.

MOSES' MISTAKES.

In the superior criminal court at East Cambridge, Mass., on the 18th, the case of ex-Gov. Moses of South Carolina, charged with obtaining \$34 under false pretenses from T. W. Higgins of Cambridge came up for sentence. Defendant having pleaded guilty, Moses made an eloquent appeal for mercy, reviewing his past career, and stated that his mind had given way under his troubles, instancing the paltriness of the crime in proof thereof. He was sentenced to six months in the house of correction. Moses is the man recently released from the Detroit house of correction, where he had been imprisoned on a similar charge.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

An important decision has been rendered by the supreme general and postmaster-general of the United States, in a point at issue in the Bloomington, Ill., postoffice. Gen. Dick, postmaster, was defendant in a test

case in which he retained money order fee to the amount of nearly \$5,000, though the work was performed by an assistant. The latter raised the claim that either the fee should, in part or in whole, have been paid him or covered into the treasury of the United States. The attention of the post-office department was called to the case, and a test suit was made. A syndicate of all postmasters interested is being formed to provide means to defend the case, which passed through the courts with varying results until it has now been decided in Dick's favor. The decision will add very largely to the expense of maintaining the mail service of the country.

BOUND TO HAVE COAL.

The town of Baybrook, Ill., was almost deprived of fuel by the recent snow blockade, and for nearly a week had been on very short allowance. When a train on the Lake Erie and Western railway, carrying six cars of coal for eastern points for the use of the railway company, arrived at that place a few days since, the excited citizens ordered the train men to take the track two cars. This was refused, and the men took possession of the track and three of about 40 tons. Each citizen then tendered payment for the amount taken by him.

COLLIDED ON A CURVE.

A collision occurred between a passenger train and a freight train on the Virginia and Midland railroad near Alexandria, Va. The accident happened near a curve and at a point where neither engineer could have seen the light of the other's engine. The engines of both trains and the fireman and conductor on the passenger train were killed and several persons were seriously injured. The wreck took fire and 33 cars, including the baggage and mail cars, were burned.

A YOUTHFUL GANG.

For some time the Lake Shore railroad company has been losing large quantities of goods in Buffalo, N. Y., and adjacent stations. Skilled detectives were employed, but no alew was found to the perpetrators. A few days ago two young fellows, aged 17 and 19, were arrested for another crime, and were so badly frightened that they confessed that they belonged to the gang of thieves which had been robbing the railroad company. The plan was for one member of the gang to mount a car during the night, break the seal on the car and enter. Boxes and bales and bundles were then taken and sent to Angola, where they were disposed of. The boys are under arrest and the police are looking for the rest of the gang.

EXILES REVOLT.

Advises were received in London from the Governor of Irkutsk, in Eastern Siberia, to the effect that a large number of Russian exiles there revolted, but were subdued after a desperate encounter with the authorities. Nine soldiers and thirty exiles were killed. Many were wounded on both sides. Great excitement prevailed, but the affair is now quiet, although a number of the unruly few swift punishment.

A FATAL SLEIGH RIDE.

Joseph Haberecker, his wife and three children, of Nanice, Pa., went out in a large two horse sleigh the other evening for a sleigh-ride. Returning home about 10 o'clock the horses took fright and ran away, overturning the sleigh and dragging the occupants nearly 500 feet, when the horses stumbled and fell. Parties passing witnessed the accident and came to offer their assistance. The father was already dead, his neck having been broken. Mrs. Haberecker was terribly injured and died in a few hours. One of the children had both legs broken and died before medical aid could reach them. The other children were seriously injured, and it is doubtful if they recover.

"SNOW BOUND."

Fred Cullinan, who was under the snow in the Alta (Utah) snow slide longer than anybody else, says that he did not know of the slide until it was on him, when he was caught and plied with timbers. A board was across his neck, one arm held fast, and he could move one hand a little. With a miner's candlestick in one hand he cut off the board pressing on his neck and suffocating him. He pushed it away so he could breathe. He shouted all the time, and was first heard about 9 the next morning. It took four hours to get him out from under 15 feet of snow. He was 38 hours under the snow.

A NEGRO INCENDIARY.

Considerable excitement was caused in Philadelphia a few days ago by testimony taken at the inquest held in regard to the death of the 20 victims of the recent fire in the Philadelphia insane asylum. A Negro inmate named Joseph Nadine, confessed to having set fire to the building, at the instigation of Peter Schroeder, one of the chief attendants. Schroeder it seems had a grudge against one of the physicians in charge. Nadine told of awful cruelties inflicted on patients by the attendant Schroeder. Nadine was committed to the institution as an imbecile, but had so recovered as to be permitted to go about alone, and several times had been allowed to go home unattended. Two attempts had previously been made to set fire to the building, but each time the fire was discovered and extinguished. On the night of the calamity Schroeder had given Nadine a match and told him to set the place on fire. Nadine took the match and went to the drying-room and set fire to a pile of rubbish on the floor. He then called Schroeder, and with the assistance of another attendant they made every effort to get the patients out but the fire made such rapid headway that they were forced to leave the building. As a result of Nadine's confession, Schroeder has been arrested.

Scientific education is a training in mental integrity. All along the history of culture from savage to modern civilization men have imagined what ought to be, and then have tried to prove it true. This is the very spirit of metaphysical philosophy. When the imagination is not disciplined by unrelenting facts, it invents falsehoods, and when error has thus been invented, the heavens and earth are to be ransacked for its proof. Most of the literature of the past is a vast assemblage of arguments in support of error. In science nothing can be permanently accepted but that which is true, and whatever is accepted as true is challenged again and again. It is an axiom in science that no truth can be so sacred that it may not be questioned. When that which has been accepted as true has the least doubt thrown upon it, scientific men at once re-examine the subject. No opinion is sacred. "It ought to be" is never heard in scientific circles. "It seems to be and we think it is" is the modest language of the scientific literature.

THE EGYPTIAN WAR.

WOLSELEY SUICIDES.

Reported Massacre of His Troops, and He Takes His Life.

Belief that He was Assassinated.

A Detroit morning paper published a special cable from London on the morning of Feb. 22, as follows: The British troops in the desert have been massacred and Gen. Lord Wolseley has committed suicide. Enormous numbers of hostile Arabs are missing at Tannar. The Italians at Beilul refuse to permit Egyptian troops to land there. The Italians are entrenching at Massowah and building piers for the landing of stores and troops.

A later dispatch says: The suicide of Gen. Lord Wolseley is reported by special dispatches both here and at Paris. The source of the news is the same, however, the story coming from Jeddah, where it is being circulated by the Turks. The accounts also say that there has been a massacre of British troops in the desert. The Turks at Jeddah are hostile to the English troops, refusing to sell supplies to the army. London is greatly excited by the disaster in the Sudan, and it is believed that Wolseley has fallen by assassination rather than by his own hand. Still, his failure and predicament have for several days been regarded as desperate, and he is a man of mercurial temperament, whose previous career has not been broken by misfortune.

An eye-witness of the fall of Khartoum has written Gen. Wolseley stating that the enemy entered that city at day-break Jan. 26, and that Gordon was killed by a volley from rebel riflemen while making his way from his quarters to the Austrian consul.

Orman Digma is reported to have 10,000 warriors ready for fighting at an hour's warning, and that he will make a supreme effort to capture Suakin before the arrival of British reinforcements.

Alliance with Turkey is suggested as a means of helping England out of her present troubles in Egypt.

The contract for the construction of a railroad from Suakin to Berber has been let. The road will be built at once.

The demand for reinforcements for Egypt has obliged the British government to release several hundred soldiers imprisoned for military offenses.

A document has been published in London which purports to have been written by an emissary of the mahdi residing in England. It says in effect that the idea of peace is agreeable to the mahdi, provided it will be an advantage to Muhammadana. The mahdi considers himself bound to follow in the footsteps of Moses, who frequently made treaties of peace with Christians and other infidels. The document warns England not to compel a general Moslem rising, thus opening the gates to a flood which would overwhelm the human race.

The main object of Wolseley's expedition having been defeated by the fall of Khartoum and Gordon's death, it has been thought expedient to change the plan of the Sudan campaign. Gen. Brackenbury, who succeeded the late Gen. Earl, has been ordered to abandon his advance on Berber and concentrate his troops at Kordi. Sir Redvers Bulwer, who evacuated Gubat on the 13th and withdrew his forces to Abu Klea, has also been ordered to fall back on Kordi. All the available troops in Wolseley's command will be concentrated at that place and at Debbah and Korosko, the main body being at Kordi.

A London dispatch of Feb. 20, says: Gen. Sir Herbert Stewart who was wounded at the battle of Abu Klea died on the 16th at Gakdul Wells, at which place he had been removed. His death casts a gloom over the entire British army.

Advices of the 20th of Feb. from Kordi state that Gen. Buller, who began to retreat from Gubat several days ago, was compelled to halt at Abu Klea Wells and to intrench his troops in position there in order to safely defend himself against El Mahdi's men who were gathering in large numbers on the line of retreat, and continually menacing the British. Special dispatches indicate that Gen. Wolseley will have to send strong reinforcements to Gen. Buller if the latter is to be rescued from his perilous position. Grave fears are entertained that Gen. Buller may meet the fate of Gen. Gordon unless speedily succored.

It is inferred in London from the quantity of ammunition being provided that the government expect a long campaign in Egypt.

A Kordi dispatch states that the mahdi sowed a false report of the battle of Abu Klea, and so terrified inhabitants of Khartoum that they let him into the city.

The famous Grenadier guards departed from London for Suakin on the 26th inst. This same battalion did active service in the Crimean war.

An Arabian paper reports that the mahdi promised Farag 140,000 thalers to betray Khartoum, but gave him only 80,000, and when Farag complained the mahdi had him. It is said the mahdi captured 15,000 rifles at Khartoum.

Great Britain is preparing for a long siege in the Sudan. The quantity of ammunition and projectiles now being manufactured at Woolwich arsenal is greater than was sent out during the Crimean war.

The Board of Health of Brooklyn has recently examined a sample of wall paper, which contained a dangerous amount of arsenic. The paper had a green ground. The examining chemist cited a large number of cases of poisoning resulting from the use of wall paper possessing arsenical properties.

A Wall street man is the possessor of the highest priced clock in America. It was made in New York at an expense of \$34,000.

Some genius has invented a chin-holder for the violin. If he could only invent a hand-holder he would do more good.

El Mahdi is said to have a French Pain among his forces. This may account for the grip he has on them.

Any superfluous timber that Cleveland has left over from making his Cabinet, he can use up in the bureaus.

The African has an eager look in the vicinity of a hen roost. A sort of "a neager and a nipping air."

When an owner of a sailing vessel grows wealthy, would it be proper to say that he has amast a fortune?

PINCKNEY DISPATCH.

J. L. NEWKIRK, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Pinckney, Michigan, Thursday, Feb. 26th, 1885.

El Mahdi would be pleased to open negotiations with England. He has given the Government to so understand. Probably it is only the looks of the thing that prevents John Bull from accepting this offer to settle the Egyptian affair. For the sake of appearances, Premier Gladstone favors further fighting.

In the next catalogue of Harvard College the names of graduates will be printed in the English language instead of "hog Latin," as at present. So that instead of Johannes Smith, we will see plain John Smith. This will be most gratifying to fathers who have spent thousands of dollars upon the education of their sons, and yet are unable to recognize their names when printed in the catalogues in a classic language.

In a letter to Speaker Hamlin, of the Maine Assembly, General Grant expresses unreservedly his desire to be restored to the retired list of the army. The question rests solely with the House and it is to be hoped that Mr. Randall's influence with the Democratic side will add a sufficient number of votes to the Republican minority to secure the passage of the Edmunds bill. Mr. Randall deserves high commendation for his earnest efforts in behalf of General Grant.

A correspondent of the Indian Witness, of Lucknow, the organ of one of the Evangelical Missions in India, declares that he has positive knowledge that Russia is doing all in her power to create a civil outbreak in Khiva; which country has paid an annual tribute of 2,500,000 roubles to the Czar since the conquest in 1873. When a rebellion occurs, which is looked for soon, Russia is expected to interfere and annex Khiva to her territory. England's troubles in Egypt will greatly aid Russia in carrying out her designs in Central Asia.

Without patronage, and dependant solely on his personal worth and popularity, General Logan receives the enthusiastic support of all Republican members of the Illinois Legislature for Senator, with one exception. The splendid fight he is making is certainly striking testimony to his ability and merit as a man and a leader. Whether he shall be elected or defeated, Logan's Senatorial campaign is a great personal triumph, in view of the fact that C. B. Farewell, a man of millions, would like very much to step into the Senate.

The London (England) Life has this interesting paragraph:

"The President-elect of America is very busy forming his Cabinet and defining the future policy of the Democratic party." The Secretary of the Treasury will doubtless be Mr. Alexander Del Mar, who is now paying a visit to this country before settling down in office for a term of years. Mr. Alexander Del Mar held a post corresponding to that of the Secretary of the Board of Trade under the last Democratic government, and has since represented the United States at various monetary Congresses. He is considered the ablest financier in America, and the best mining expert in the world. Mr. Del Mar is the person who organized the movement some years ago against the Tammany ring, which resulted in the downfall of "Boss" Tweed."

Will Mr. Del Mar have the kindness to identify himself? The American people, now that it is decided he is to be the Secretary of the Treasury would like to know who he is.

Washington, Feb. 14.—A good many of the Southern Democrats in the House find it impossible to forgive a man distinguished for his loyalty and devotion to the Union. An example of this was afforded to-day, when the House took up the Senate bill to increase the pension of the widow of General George H. Thomas. Mr. Reagan, ex-Postmaster-General of the Southern Confederacy, led the Democratic opposition to the bill. He has not forgotten that George H.

Thomas, a southern man, refused to desert the flag he had sworn to defend. Mr. Reagan declared that it is contrary to the theory of a republican form of government to create privileged classes. General King, of Louisiana, also opposed the bill, which was passed by a ye and nay vote of 144 to 52. About fifty of the negative votes were cast by Southern Democrats, nearly all of whom served the Southern Confederacy in a civil or a military capacity.—N. Y. Tribune.

DRAFT HORSES.

The following is a synopsis of a lengthy article which appeared in the Chicago Tribune, consisting of interviews of its reporters with the leading draft horse dealers of America. It was headed as follows:

"Breeding of Draft Horses—One of the Important Industries of the Day—Experience of Dealers who Handle 40,000 Horses annually—Relative Merits of Percheron, Clydesdale and English horses—Opinions of all leading dealers in New York and Chicago—They are unanimous in preferring the French breeds over all others, as they are enduring, best dispositioned, stand the payments best and bring higher prices."

The Tribune reporters were instructed to procure opinions as to the relative merits of the different breeds of draft horses being raised in this country and sold in their markets. The experience of dealers who sell perhaps 40,000 horses annually directly to those who buy them to wear out was thus obtained. This information is of immense value to those engaged in breeding horses.

Mr. I. H. Dahiman, of New York City, said: "I handle between 9,000 and 10,000 horses annually. Of draft horses I handle the greater portion—nearly all—are Norman-Percherons. These horses are docile, intelligent, easily broken, steady in harness, powerful and compactly built, they are short in the back, deep in the body and broad in the chest. They have the best feet of any horse in America. I do not want it understood that all Norman horses have these good qualities. I have seen some imported that were as badly shaped horses as could be found. Long in the back, narrow waisted and not worth their freight from France here. That class of horses is only imported by people who buy them to sell and not to breed." In regard to the Clydesdale horses Mr. Dahiman said: "I will give you no criticism. I buy very few of them. I prefer to pass their stable and say nothing about them. From what I have said the Tribune readers, I think will understand what breed of horses I would recommend them to raise."

C. H. Hayman, East 24th street, New York City, said: "We handle about 2,000 a year—principally draft horses of all kinds—French, Clydesdale, English and Belgian. We handle more of the French than of any the others because the people like them better and will give higher prices for them than for any other breed. They have more endurance and are the best dispositioned horses we have. They mature sooner and are ready for the market younger than the other breeds. The Clydesdale are not so well shaped nor are their feet so good. We advise the farmers of the west to breed to the finest and best bred Percherons to be found."

The above opinions were the expressions of all the other dealers interviewed, with one or two exceptions. The object of all farmers who breed horses for use or for market, is to obtain animals that will mature the earliest and bring the most money. In order to accomplish this purpose with the greatest degree of certainty the use of the finest and best bred Percheron Stallions is recommended and advised by nearly all the dealers. The finest specimens are recorded with their pedigrees in full in the Percheron Stud Book of France.

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We want 200,000 subscribers before May 1st, 1885, to our large Illustrated publication, THE SUNSHINE MAGAZINE. In order to get the above number of subscribers we must give away subscriptions the first year, and the second year we will make up the loss as most of them will subscribe again, paying our regular price. Send 12 two-cent stamps to pay postage and you will have the above Magazine to read every week for one whole year. If you accept the above offer, we expect you will be kind enough to distribute among your friends, a few small books containing our advertisements and 157 of the best household receipts, for which we will make you a present of a handsome, silver plated, five-bottle CASTOR, or a pair of ROLLER SKATES. State how many books you can give away for us, and we will send the books and Castor, (or Skate) prepaid. Order for your friend also, and you will receive both presents. Address

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Pronounced A Great Remedy.

Dr. Warner: Dear Sir—In behalf of the White Wine of Tar Syrup, I can say it is a great remedy for weak lungs. I had pneumonia eight years ago which left my lungs in bad condition. I used the White Wine of Tar Syrup you sent me, and am greatly benefitted. I can recommend it as a good medicine. I hope you will supply our druggist at Cabool, Mr. Gorman, as I would like more of it. Yours truly, Rev. J. W. Browns.

The Best in the World.

Dr. J. W. Hamilton, of Merrillan, Wis., says: I have sold Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup for years. It is the best cough medicine in the world and has no equal for asthma.

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For sale at C. E. Hollister's, Sigler Bros., and Winchell's Drug Store.

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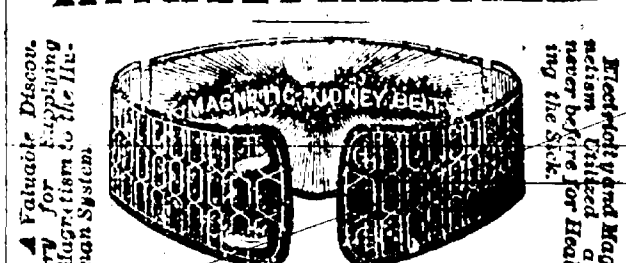
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DRUG BLUNDERS.

Behind a neat prescription counter the druggist sat smoking a cigar and talking with a friend on a moist evening when business in the drug-store was less brisk than usual. Complex yet faint odors from the hundreds of carefully labelled jars and bottles on the shelves mingled with the fragrance of tobacco smoke, and seemed to impart a mysterious charm to the conversation. "I have made it a point for thirty years," said the druggist, "to pay strict attention to a prescription while I am compounding it, and then to drop it out of my mind entirely. That is the best way to avoid making mistakes."

A girl with a shawl over her head came in and presented a bottle and a piece of paper, on which her mother had written: "Please send five cents worth of ointment for sore throat." The druggist quietly poured some ointment into the bottle, pasted on a label, took the proffered nickel, and sat down to resume his talk.

"As I was saying, I always forget a prescription as soon as I have filled it. Of course it is numbered and preserved for future reference, but if one of my regular customers should ask me to put up some more medicine same as the last, you know, I would have to send him home for the bottle which had the number of the prescription on it. If I attempted to remember all the medicines I mix, I would soon be insane. A druggist ought to feel that when he fills a physician's order he holds the life of some person in his hand. To mistake one drug for another at such a time may cost a life. Such mistakes result from carelessness as a rule, not from ignorance as most people think."

"Dad wants a po-house blister," said a boy who had entered the store unobserved.

"What does he want it for?"

"To put on ma's side where he where it pains 'er!"

"Do you mean a porous plaster?"

"Oh! Yessir."

"In nine cases out of ten, I believe," the druggist said, when he had the opportunity to take up the thread of his discourse again, "carelessness and not ignorance is the cause of druggists' mistakes. A druggist who knows he is not proficient in the business will look carefully at every jar or bottle which he uses in compounding an order. An experienced druggist, unless he is a careful man, will mistake one drug for another which has a similar appearance, because he neglects to look at the label. Such errors happen more easily when a man permits his prescription counter to become littered with drugs not wanted for immediate use. It is safer to clear the counter after each order is filled. The worst possible habit for a druggist, however, is to remember prescriptions already compounded. When a man attempts the feat of thinking about an old prescription while he is at work on a new one, he is in a fair way to commit a murderous blunder."

A man with a long, thin nose, who had entered softly, waited until the druggist had walked from the prescription counter to the front before he inquired in a low voice:

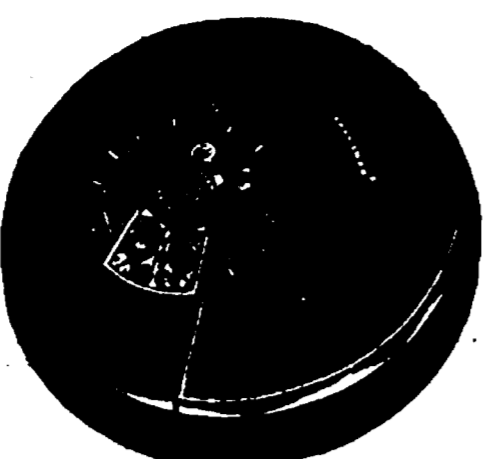
"Is there any sickness in Mr. Pillbox's family? I see his boy came in here a while ago."

"If you wish to know about Mr. Pillbox's affairs you had better go and ask him. I do not make a practice of retailing gossip about my customers."

"Ah! Good evening."

"There is another reason why a druggist should forget his work when it is finished," said the compounder after the inquisitive man had departed. "Such a practice enables a man to keep the confidence of customers without trouble. Nothing is more fatal to the business of a druggist than a well-founded belief among his neighbors that he will gossip about persons who buy drugs from him. It is surprising how many persons make attempts to get information from druggists about their neighbors. I have given blunt answers in such cases, and, curiously enough many of the persons who have appeared to be most offended at my refusals to give information have become regular customers of mine. In such cases the golden rule can be followed with profit as well as with pleasure.—New York Sun.

WATCHES



WATCHES

1847

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STATE OF MICHIGAN, ss.

COUNTY OF LIVINGSTON, ss.

Probate Court for said County, Estate of **LIZ LIZ G. PAULSON**, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate of said County, Commissioners on claims in the matter of said estate, and six months from the twenty-third day of January, A. D. 1885, having been allowed by said Judge of Probate to all persons holding claims against said estate, in which to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment.

Notice is hereby given that we will meet on Monday the twenty-third day of March, A. D. 1885, and on Friday, the twenty-fourth day of July, A. D. 1885, at ten o'clock, A. M. of each day at the residence of ALBERT G. WILSON, in the township of Putnam, in said County, to receive and examine such claims.

Dated, Howell, January 23d, 1885.
James T. Eaman, Commissioner
James Marble, Commissioner
Chas. W. Hase, Commissioner

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—OF—

1847

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CURRENT TOPICS.

A CHINESE youth named Lee, who is now a sophomore at Yale, has just carried off the first prize in his class for English composition.

THE "Father of Freemasonry" has just died in England in the person of William Elliot, who attained the ripe old age of ninety-one years. He was the oldest Freemason in Europe, if not in the world.

WHOLE volumes might be written, but the story is told in these few lines from an exchange: Two young men of Adrian of good families and training have recently proved defaulters, being lured on to the crime by the excitement of the gambling table.

ONE of the methods of detecting criminals in India is compelling them to chew rice in the presence of officers. The influence of fear on the salivary glands is said to be such that if the accused are guilty there is no secretion of saliva in the mouth and chewing is impossible, and they promptly confess. 'Twon't work here. American criminals have their salivary glands under better control.

A STORY is told of a shrewish Scotchwoman who tried to wean her husband from the dram-shop by employing her brother to act the part of a ghost, and frighten John on his way home. "Who are you?" said the guidman, as the apparition rose before him from behind a bush. "I am Auld Nick," was the reply. "Come awa' man," said John, nothing daunted. "Gie's a shake o' your hand. I am married tae a sister o' yours."

THE American railway system having the greatest number of miles of road is the Missouri Pacific, of which Jay Gould is president. It operates 6,045 miles and is the longest railway in the world. The next longest is the Chicago and Northwestern, Albert Kepp of Chicago, president, with 5,645 miles. The third is the Pennsylvania system, George B. Roberts of Philadelphia, president, with 4,807 miles. There are twelve systems, wholly or in part in the United States, having above 2,000 miles of line each under their control.

UNITED Ireland published in Dublin, recommends the tenants of every estate in the country to combine for the purpose of protecting individual interests by united action. Let the tenants of each estate, it says, determine for themselves what will be a fair yearly rental for individual holdings. Then let them pay over the whole amount of the year's rent to trustees, whom they are to choose from the clergy and members of the central league. Then when the landlords demand a settlement, the tenants should simply refer them to the trustees.

THE New York Tribune says the country "has endured already the worst three months of prostration and disaster that have been seen for forty years and more. In 1878 a month or two of great discouragement was endured in the certainty that resumption of specie payment would bring the splendid recovery which was quickly realized. In 1861 the prostration of industry when the war broke out was quickly relieved by the necessity of developing new industries to an enormous extent, and employing labor in new directions. In 1858 the depression was slight. Not since the hard times of 1839-1841 has the country endured such a depression as has already resulted from the certainty that a great change in the industrial policy of the country has been assured by a Democratic victory."

It seems as difficult in New York to get jurors to attend to their duties as it is in other cities. A letter was recently sent to the son of the clerk of the board of education announcing that he was fined one hundred dollars for non-attendance as a juror after being duly summoned. The court naturally felt insulted when the young man returned as a reason for his neglect that he was only 6 years old. An investigation was ordered. The excuse proved to be a valid one. The fewness of his years were not, how-

ever, due to his having been born on the 29th of February twenty-four years before, for he wasn't; but because when the city directory man came around the summer previous he gave his name as one of the occupants of the house, and his occupation that of an architect, which in his present youthful state of mind he intends to be. The names of the jurors were taken from the directory and his was among those down for duty. He was excused from serving for the next fifteen years.—Exchange.

IN CONGRESS.

FEB. 18.—SENATE.—The Indian Appropriation bill was taken up, and after a lengthy debate passed substantially as it came from the Senate Committee. Mr. Sawyer of Wisconsin, from the Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads, reported favorably on an amendment which is known as the "sundry clause" proposed by Mr. Frye to the Postoffice Appropriation bill. Mr. Hawley presented the credentials of election of Mr. Platt of Connecticut. Mr. Bowen presented the credentials of Mr. Teller Senator-elect from Colorado. Mr. Allison of Iowa, submitted a joint resolution appropriating \$2,500 to defray the necessary expenses of the inauguration of the incoming President, to be expended under the direction of the Senate Committee on Appropriations. A bill was introduced by Mr. Polph of Oregon, making Seattle and Tacoma, Wash., ports of delivery. Referred. After the executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—A bill was passed amending the statutes in relation to the immediate transportation of dutiable goods. The bill confers upon bonded express companies, in addition to the authority heretofore given the privilege of transporting unopened merchandise in packages, and in cases where the merchandise is imported in boxes or packages too large to be enclosed within such trucks, express companies the privilege of forwarding such goods free of duty and sealed. The bill subjects to bonded express companies to transport passengers' baggage and effects arriving at any port in the United States to any interior port of entry. A motion to suspend the rules and pass the Grant retirement was then defeated. Mr. Money from the committee on Postoffice and postroads, moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill to regulate the carrying of mail contracts. It provided in case of a bidder failing to perform the service according to his contract, he and his sureties shall be liable for the amount of his bonds as liquidated damages to be recovered in an action for debt on the bond. It also provided that no subletting or transfer of any mail contracts shall be permitted unless the annual compensation under contract for services shall exceed \$700, and in such case without the consent, in writing, of the postmaster-general. Messrs. Dingley and Blount advocated the bill on the ground that it would prevent a repetition of the Star Route scandal. The bill passed. Mr. Stockholder of Indiana from the committee on public buildings, moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill appropriating \$200,000 for the erection in Washington of a building for a library for the medical department of the United States Army. Agreed to and the bill passed. Mr. Blount from the committee on military affairs, reported a bill creating the office of assistant agent officer. Committee of the whole. Adjourned.

FEBRUARY 17.

SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Cameron of Wisconsin the Senate bill authorizing the sale of part of the lands of the Winnebago tribe of Indians, Nebraska, was passed. The anti-foreign contract labor bill was then placed before the Senate, and after an extended debate the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Donahue of New York introduced a bill to regulate coinage and promote the circulation of gold and silver equally. Referred. A resolution for the appointment of a commission on the subject of the alcoholic liquor traffic was reported back adversely by Mr. English, from the committee having charge of the matter and laid upon the table. A joint resolution giving notice to the North German confederation of an intention to terminate the treaty of 1868 was reported from the committee on foreign affairs and placed on the House calendar. The Committee on Public Health reported a resolution recommending the appropriation of \$500,000 to be expended in preventing the introduction into the United States of Asiatic cholera. Referred. The House then went into committee of the whole on the Legislative Appropriation bill. An amendment was adopted appropriating \$10,000 to enable the Commissioner of Labor to obtain information on pertaining to labor in America and elsewhere. On motion of Mr. Dingley of Maine, the amendment was adopted requesting the Secretary of the Treasury to submit to the next Congress such modifications of laws relating to commerce and navigation as will simplify and improve the same and remove from American vessels, whether engaged in fishing, or domestic or foreign commerce all unnecessary restrictions and burdens. On motion of Mr. Brewster of Washington, a resolution was adopted making Tacoma and Seattle ports of delivery. The committee then rose, the bill was passed and the House took a recess until 10 to-morrow.

FEBRUARY 18.

SENATE.—Mr. Dawes of Massachusetts, from the committee on Indian Affairs, reported the original bill to enable the president to purchase from the Creek, Seminole and Cherokee nations of Indians their remaining interests in the so-called Oklahoma lands. Referred. The anti-foreign contract labor bill was then taken up, and after various amendments passed. The credentials of election of Mr. Vahoe were presented by Mr. Bailem. Mr. Palmer introduced a bill to set apart the unsurveyed marsh land at the mouth of St. Clair river, known as the St. Clair flats as a hunting and fishing preserve for the people of the United States. Referred. The Senate then went into executive session, and when the doors opened adjourned.

HOUSE.—Mr. Elliott from the Committee on Elections, submitted a report on the Missouri contested election case of McLean vs. Broadhead, accompanied by a resolution annulling the right of the sitting member (Broadhead) to the seat. It was laid over for future action. The Secretary of the Interior declined to reinstate the land entry of Talbot in the Cheyenne district, Montana. Talbot's entry would, if allowed, place him in possession of land comprising the entire water supply of Cheyenne. The rest of the day the House spent in committee of the whole in discussion of the river and harbor bill.

FEBRUARY 19.

SENATE.—Mr. Mitchell of Pennsylvania, presented a memorial from the Board of Trade of Erie, Pa., urging the acquisition

by the United States of the Portage Lake, Lake Superior, ship canal. Referred. The postoffice appropriation bill was reported. The joint resolution appropriating \$25,000 to defray the inaugural expenses was passed. The bill for the Texas Pacific land grant was debated at length, amended and passed. Before adjournment Mr. Hoar endeavored to get up the Pacific Railroad bill in amendment of the Thurman act, but the Chair announced the next special order to be the bill for the improvement of Galveston Harbor, and this was laid formally before the Senate prior to adjournment. Mr. Holman of Indiana introduced a joint resolution requesting the president to open negotiations with the French Republic with a view of negotiating a new convention with that government for the establishment of another French and American claims commission, which shall have ample jurisdiction to reopen, examine and finally determine all claims which were filed before the late commission under the convention of January 15, 1880. The river and harbor bill and the naval appropriation bill were discussed in committee of the whole.

FEBRUARY 20.

SENATE.—The Chair laid before the Senate a letter from the Secretary of War transmitting reports showing the estimated cost of a new lock for the Saint Ste. Marie Falls Canal, Michigan. The report says the lock will cost \$1,250,400, and that \$355,688 additional will be required for the purpose of deepening the channel above the locks and the basin below. Mr. Callum of Illinois, presented a memorial of the Legislature of Illinois urging Congress to take steps to acquire the corner of the State of Illinois connecting the waters of the Saginaw Bay with those of Lake Superior, and to make such canal free to the commerce of the lakes. Referred. Mr. Miller of New York, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported favorably, with amendment, the House bill for the protection of the forests on the public domain. Mr. Gorman of Maryland offered a resolution which was agreed to, calling on the secretary of the interior for information whether the subsidized Pacific railroads have constructed and are maintaining and operating their own telegraph lines, and whether telegraphic messages are accepted and transmitted for all persons and corporations without discrimination, provided by act of Sept. 8, 1862. The agricultural appropriation bill was then taken up and discussed until the Senate went into executive session.

HOUSE.—The House immediately went into committee of the whole on the river and harbor bill, pending debate on which the committee rose and adjourned until evening, and passed fifty pension bills and adjourned until such time to-morrow as it may be called to order by the speaker. This is the last evening of the present Congress which will be devoted to the consideration of pension business reported by the committee on invalid pensions. During this Congress this committee, of which Representative Mark of Illinois is chairman, has reported to the House 1,233 bills and favorably 1,233 cases, which is about equal to the number of bills reported in any of the three preceding Congresses. The reports during the forty-seventh Congress numbered about 400. Of the 1,233 reported this Congress 668, all of which were favorably reported, were passed by the House. Mr. Matson in stating these facts to the House, just before adjournment thanked that body for the courtesy with which his committee had been treated, and Mr. Hewitt also thanked the House in the name of the committee on pensions, of which he is chairman.

FEBRUARY 21.

SENATE.—On motion of Mr. Plumb of Kansas, the Senate resumed consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill. A committee from the House of Representatives appeared and Mr. Dornheimer, in behalf of the committee, made the formal announcement that the House was in session and awaited the coming of the Senate in order to proceed with the ceremonies appointed to be held in the hall of the House. The Chair informed the Senate that the President of the United States was, for the moment, engaged in the reviewing the procession, and that the President arrived at the Capitol in the Senate might continue. Consideration of the Postoffice Appropriation bill was therefore continued. The Senate resumed in the bill (contrary to the recommendation of the Appropriation Committee) the legislative provisions inserted by the House fixing the postage on newspapers sent from the office of publication to regular subscribers at one cent a pound, but out of the discrimination against sample copies, making the rate mentioned the uniform rate for all newspapers sent from the office of publication, whether sample copies or otherwise. At 2:15 the Chair announced that the President of the United States was now ready to proceed to the House. Business was then suspended and the Senators, headed by Mr. Edmunds, President of the Senate, and Secretary McCool, preceded by Sergeant-at-Arms Canby, proceeded to the Hall of the House. At 5:00 p. m. the Senate was again called to order and on motion of Mr. Miller of New York, adjourned till Monday next.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Snow slides in Utah. Canyon occur daily. The ex-Khedive of Egypt is seeking refuge in London. Troy, N. Y., was lighted by a \$100,000 fire on the 19th inst. The strike of the miners in the Hocking Valley has ended. Spanish soldiers are anxious to take part in the war in the Sudan. The French fleet in Tongking consumes \$1,300 worth of quinine a month. Several genuine cases of oriental leprosy are reported at Portland, Oregon. The naval appropriation bill reported to the House appropriates \$13,515,887. For the present there will be no further change of one and five cent coins. The governor has approved the act authorizing the killing of English sparrows. The New York legislature has adopted resolutions favoring Grant's retirement. Gov. Alger has signed the bill to establish uniform time in the state of Michigan. A powder explosion in Gibraltar, Spain, on the 14th resulted in the death of 17 persons. H. H. Warner, the patent medicine man of Rochester, wants to be governor of New York. Thirteen descendants of Washington witnessed the dedication of the Washington monument. Representative H. H. Warner wants the right to solemnize marriages conferred on notaries public. The Oregon Senate has voted down the amendment of a woman suffrage constitutional amendment. Mrs. Dudley, the assistant of O'Donovan Rossa is held in \$3,000 bonds to await the action of the grand jury.

GAS EXPLOSION.

Killing Seven Persons and Injuring Others.

Great Destruction of Property.

The most terrible affair in the history of the state occurred in Wheeling, W. Va., on the morning of Feb. 21. At 2 o'clock sharp a terrible explosion was heard, followed by two others. The shock was severe. Windows were broken and doors rattled a mile from the scene of the explosion. Near the explosion people were thrown from their beds, furniture was knocked down and crockery destroyed. The explosion was immediately followed by flames in the wreck of the house of John Healey, on Charleston street. The crowd rushed there and found the building, a large brick house, burning fiercely. The dwellings of John Walters and Wm. Mooney, adjoining, were also wrecked. A shoe shop belonging to a man named Esterly was also badly shattered.

A hasty search was made of the ruins of the Healey house and the dead bodies of John Healey, aged 35; Ellen Healey, wife, aged 23; Jane Healey, mother, aged 60; Pearl Healey, aged 6, and Maud, aged 15 months, were found. In Walters' house John Walters, Jr., aged 17, was killed. Esterly, owner of shoe shop was badly hurt. Six or eight others were more or less severely injured. The greatest excitement prevailed and all the population turned out. The water plugs were frozen up and the only engine in town, useless. A bucket brigade was formed in the Ohio river, some distance away, and freezing cold water was passed along the line to fight the flames.

Many women fainted and it seemed as if the whole town would go. No aid could be obtained from outside towns, the telegraph office being closed and the operator not found in the excitement. The houses of Walters and Mooney burned rapidly. Later, another dead body, that of a town character named "Dutch John," was found. The people fighting the fire were nearly exhausted when a falling wall at 4 a. m. stopped further progress of the flames and the excitement somewhat allayed. It is found that nearly a score of houses were badly injured by the shock. The Hudson hotel suffered much. The plastering was knocked down and the plate glass windows in the office shattered. The total loss will approximate \$50,000. The accident was caused by the explosion of natural gas in the house of John Healey, but it will never be known just how. The gas has been used there two years in every house in town for fuel and lighting. It is also used in all the factories, churches and public buildings and this is the first accident from it ever known in that place.

Changing Instincts.

George J. Romanes contributes a very able and interesting paper to the Popular Science Monthly for March, taking as his subject "The Darwinian Theory of Instinct," in which he says:

Turning to higher animals, Andrew Knight tells us of a bird which, having built her nest upon a forcing-house, ceased to visit it during the day when the heat of the house was sufficient to incubate the eggs; but always returned to sit upon the eggs at night when the temperature of the house fell. Again, thread and worsted are now habitually used by sundry species of birds in building their nests, instead of wool and horse-hair, which in turn were no doubt originally substitutes for vegetable fibers and grasses. This is especially noticeable in the case of the tailor-bird, which finds thread the best material wherewith to sew. The common house-sparrow furnishes another instance of intelligent adaptation of nest-building to circumstances, for in trees it builds a domed nest (presumably, therefore, the ancestral type), but in towns avails itself by preference of sheltered holes in buildings, where it can afford to save time and trouble by constructing a loosely-formed nest. Moreover, the chimney and house-swallows have similarly changed their instincts of nidification, and in America this change has taken place within the last two or three hundred years. Indeed, according to Captain Elliott Coues, all the species of swallow on that continent (with one possible exception) have thus modified the sites and structures of their nests in accordance with the novel facilities afforded by the settlement of the country.

Another instructive case of an intelligent change of instinct in connection with nest-building is given from a letter by Mr. Haust, dated New Zealand, 1862, which I find among Mr. Darwin's manuscripts. Mr. Haust says that the Paradise duck, which naturally or usually builds its nest along the rivers on the ground, has been observed by him on the east of the island, when disturbed in their nests upon the ground, to build "new ones on the tops of high trees, afterward bringing their young ones down after their backs to the water;" and exactly the same thing has been recorded by another observer of wild ducks in Guiana. Now, if intelligent adjustment to peculiar circumstances is thus adequate, not only to make a whole breed or species of birds transport their young upon their backs—or, as in the case of the woodcock, between their legs—but even to make web-footed water-fowl build their nests in high trees, I think we can have no doubt that if the need of such adjustment were of sufficiently long continuance, the intelligence which leads to it would eventually produce a new and remarkable modification of their ancestral instinct of nest-building.

Elmina D. Sienker says: "Year by year we are learning that we have no right to punish one person as a warning to others, and are ceasing to punish publicly, or punish at all, if it can be avoided. Crime is being looked upon as a moral disease, resulting from hereditary, wrong training and bad environments; and consequently, the victim deserves pity rather than punishment." Queen Victoria is criticised for having given her grandson a silver punch bowl the day he attained his majority.

NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

SOUTH LYON.

From the Picket.

The snow drifts which the T. & A. A. had to cut through were often higher than the cars.

Bert Monroe, a gentleman from Detroit, has made arrangement whereby he is to run the skating rink here for Sellman & Van Atta. Some good attractions may be looked for.

Mrs. Hannah Haywood, a lady 64 years of age living with Mr. Daniels at Kensington, was found dead in bed Sunday morning. The funeral occurred Monday. She leaves no family.

Uncle John Jacobus has been having what Spoopendyke would call a "dod gasted measly time" the past few weeks with a sprained ankle, caused by falling on the ice walk in front of R. H. Knapp's store. He is out again however smiling as ever.

STOCKBRIDGE.

From the Sun.

F. C. Livermore, of Unadilla, has rented the White Oak store formerly occupied by C. A. Yocum. The advent of a thorough business man possessing the qualities of a popular merchant means an improvement to the town.

Mr. L. Woodhouse is not expected to live long.

Mr. J. Knight lost a valuable horse last Monday. Died suddenly while hauling wood.

David R. Whiting began the dray business yesterday.

Married.—at the residence of the bride's father, in Stockbridge, Feb. 18, by Rev. S. Bird, Mr. Amasa C. Wheaton and Miss Addie M. Van Buren, all of Stockbridge.

ANN ARBOR.

From the Register.

Senator Kempf intends introducing into the legislature soon a bill making an appropriation towards maintaining the fire department of the city of Ann Arbor. This is made necessary by the number of state buildings in the city.

The following rumor now floating around in the paper seems as yet to have no tangible foundation: "It is stated that Jay Gould has bought the Toledo & Ann Arbor railroad and that a through passenger train will run from Detroit to Pittsburg, Pa., without change, via Milan over the Wabash.

The case of the Allens for keeping a disorderly house came up Saturday before Justice Brennan, and on the promise of the unsavory couple to leave the city forever the case was dismissed.

HOWELL.

From the Republican.

Howell has a lady notary public, Miss Ella Briggs.

Saturday Representative Coleman introduced a House bill authorizing Howell to raise money for public improvement.

We are informed one of the great (?) and regular industries carried on in the Democratic print shop in Howell, is that of card playing—to speak it exceedingly mild.

Howell manifests due interest in the cause of education as was illustrated by the twenty representatives from this place in attendance at the Teachers' Association held at Fowlerville last Friday and Saturday.

Ed. D. Stair, of the Republican, departed Tuesday morning for a short business trip to Omaha, Neb., and parts in southern Iowa.

FOWLERVILLE.

From the Review.

The teachers' institute was largely attended.

Mr. G. L. Fisher, of this place, was elected Senior Vice Commander at the state encampment, G. A. R., held at East Saginaw on Friday. The next encampment will be held at Jackson.

B. C. Vealey, of Conway, has some curiosities in his possession which are very rare. One is a bible owned by

his great grandmother, which is over 160 years old, and the other some manuscript over 47 years old.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Dodge and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hyne will leave on Friday evening for New Orleans, to spend a few days at the exposition. They will go with the South Lyon excursion, which passes through here at that time.

The G. A. R. Post is working hard to make their entertainment—"The Blue and Gray," a success. They have secured the best home talent, and under the management of Major J. T. Burton, it will undoubtedly be the finest entertainment of the season.

NORTH HAMBURG.

From our Correspondent.

Mr. Isaac Burroughs is still on the sick list.

L. C. Kice had his ears frozen quite badly last Tuesday while coming from Ann Arbor.

Will some one petition to the Legislature to have one foot added to the lower end of thermometers?

We are told that the Pettysville mill got a "little off" one day last week and the miller over-flowed so that some of our neighbors had to chop their grist out of 4 inches of ice on the mill floor.

D. J. Rolison took up his grip last Monday and started for New Orleans. He wants to see if La. mosquito can bite as hard as they do in Michigan.

Our esteemed townsman, Hon. Wm. Ball, has been appointed by the Gov. as a delegate to the Fifth National Agricultural Convention to be held at New Orleans commencing Feb. 20th.

A lyceum has been organized at the House school house to be held on Wednesday evenings. The following officers were elected:

President—H. F. Kice.
Vice President—Wm. Hendee.
Secretary—Miss Eva Hendee.
Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions—H. Swarthout.
Com. Literary Exercises—B. Cordley.
Committee on Order—Wm. Chambers.
Committee on Music—Name not known.

UNADILLA.

From our Correspondent.

A "shadow social" at the Unadilla House this week.

Mrs. Maria Backus and Hattie Moore are on the sick list.

A. Marnock was sadly missed by his bible class Sunday, he was not able to attend Sabbath school.

Mrs. Willie Moore is spending the week among friends in Detroit.

Rev. J. Lowrey is sick but still he was able to preach Sunday evening.

There were five united with the Presbyterian church Sunday, and one with the Methodist.

Mr. Chapman, of Centerville, is visiting Unadilla friends this week.

Tommie Harker has been to South Lyon to visit his brother the past week.

O. D. Chapman and family, of Fowlerville, visited friends and relatives here last week.

Z. A. Hartsuff and wife, spent last week at W. D. Hartsuff's, Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Bert Watson reports fine weather and plenty of garden, "sas" at his home in Florida. Don't we wish we were there too.

Terrible conflagration, great excitement, total loss, no insurance. Last Tuesday evening a spacious mansion was burned to the ground. It was the property of John Webb, and used to cover his ash heap.

Every farmer should keep a can of the following mixture: Kerosene two quarts; linseed oil, one gill; rosin, one ounce. Melt the rosin in the linseed oil and add to the kerosene. Coat all steel or iron tools, wherever bright, with this, when they are to lie idle, if only for a few days. It will not take half a minute for half of teaspoonful of the mixture to coat a plow, when one has finished using it, and it will prevent all rust and save half a day's time in cleaning it when it is again needed. Coat the iron work of the mowers and reapers when they are put away. A little rust is only a little thing, but it makes much difference in the aggregate.—Ex.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS

We wish to say to the ladies of Pinckney and vicinity that we have secured the agency and exclusive sale of the celebrated

BROADHEAD ALPACAS AND WORSTEDS.

We are showing of this manufacture full lines of Serges, Belgian Cords, Suitings, Plain Alpacas, Etc.

What we Guarantee for the Dress Goods of our Manufacture:

To be made from the very best material, by skillful workmen, with the latest and most approved machinery, and to be the cheapest goods in the market when service is considered.

Are so thoroughly finished that they can be worn in damp weather or a shower without being ruined by curling or shrinking.

The manufacturing, dyeing and finishing is done in such a manner, that the goods can be washed it desired, without the least injury to the fabric.

Our goods are wool dyed, and colors as fast as the purest dyes, and greatest care and skill can make them. Goods show just what they are and will be until worn out, as there is no weighting, stiffening or artificial lustre used to increase the weight or finish.

BROADHEAD WORSTED MILLS, Jamestown, N. J.

—We have also in Stock a full line of—

CASHMERES, JERSEY CLOTHS, SERGES, IN BLACK AND COLORS.

All of which we have marked at very low prices. Velvets and Velvetens in black and colors. Our stock of Ribbons, Buttons, etc., will be found very complete, and we cordially invite all looking for Dress Goods or Trimmings to examine our stock and get prices before going out of town. Respectfully yours,

LAKIN & SYKES.

MICHIGAN PATENTS.

The following patents were granted to citizens of Michigan bearing date Feb. 10, 1885. Reported expressly for this paper by Louis Bagger & Co., Mechanical Experts and Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. Advice free.

Berry, J. A., Detroit, egg-carrier.

Champlain, L. D., and T. G. Winans,

Ypsilanti, check-rein spring.

Copp, C. H., Clyde, railway velocipede.

Griffin, P. H., Detroit, cast-iron column.

Hill, W. E., Kalamazoo, combined boring and reaming tool.

Krehbiel, John, Detroit, capul-cutter.

Martin, Bruno, East Saginaw, gas-burner.

Millard, Orson, Flint, apparatus for forcing air.

Smith, G. T., and W. F. Cochrane,

Jackson, roller-mill.

Smith, M. E., New Buffalo, Drag-saw.

Thomas, W. M., Grand Rapids, cut out for electric lamps.

Thomas, W. M., Grand Rapids, circuit for system of electric lighting.

Woolsey, Alanson, Madison, road-scraper.

OUR PRODUCE MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY FEB. 26, 1885. TOMPKINS & ISMON

Wheat, No. 1 white,	\$.78
" No. 2 white,	.76
" No. 3 red,	.75
Oats,	.34
Corn,	.34
Barley,	1.00 @ 1.50
Beans,	.75 @ 1.00
Peas,	.75 @ 1.00
Potatoes,	.08 @ .09
Butter,	.14
Eggs,	.18
Dressed Chickens,	.45 @ .48
Clover Seed,	4.25 @ 4.50
Dressed Pork,	5.00

M. W. DUNHAM

Wayne, Du Page Co., Illinois. HAS IMPORTED FROM FRANCE Percheron Horses valued at \$3,000,000, which includes

75 PER CENT OF ALL HORSES EVER IMPORTED TO AMERICA.

STOCK ON HAND: 150 Imported Brood Mares, 250 Imported Stallions, 100 COLTS.

Two years old and younger

Recognizing the principle accepted by all intelligent breeders that, however well bred animals may be said to be, if their pedigrees are not recorded, and cannot be authentically given, they should be valued only as grade, I will sell all imported stock at Grade Prices when I cannot furnish the animal sold pedigree verified by the original French certificate of its number and record in the stud book in France. 140 Page Catalogue sent free.

Illustrated with his Prize Horses of the Exhibition of the General Exposition of France 1884, purchased by M. W. Dunham and drawn from life by Rosa Bonheur, the most famous of all animal painters.

Help for working people. Send 10 cents postage, and we will mail you free, a royal, valuable sample box of goods that will put you in the way of making more money in a few days than you ever thought possible at any business. Capital not required. You can live at home and work in spare time only, or all the time. All of both sexes, of all ages, grandly successful. 50c. to \$5 easily earned every evening. That all who want work may test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To all who are not well satisfied we will send \$1 to pay for the trouble of writing us. Full particulars, directions, etc., sent free. Immense pay absolutely sure for all who start at once. Don't delay. Address: BRINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS FOR THE LIVER

And all Billious Complaints

Sole to take, being purely vegetable; no gripping. Price 25 cts. All Druggists.

BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS!

BARGAINS! BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

Having bought out my partner, Mr. Toumey, in the firm of McGuinness & Toumey, I am now prepared to give unheard of bargains to

CASH BUYERS.

You can save from 10 to 15 per cent. by buying goods of me. I carry a full line of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, NOTIONS, CROCKERY, ETC.

Which I will sell at rock bottom prices. For the next 30 days I will sell the following goods at cost:

Gloves and Mittens, Ladies' and Gents' Underwear, Flannels, and all Worsted Goods.

Call and get my prices before buying elsewhere. All goods sold for cash.

BUTTER AND EGGS WANTED.

J. McGUINESS.

HARTER'S IRON TONIC
THE ONLY TRUE
FACTS REGARDING
Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic
It will purify and enrich the BLOOD, regulate the LIVER and KIDNEYS, and restore the NERVOUS and VITALITY OF THE SYSTEM. It is all the diseases requiring a certain and efficient Tonic, especially Dyspepsia, Want of Appetite, Indigestion, Lack of Energy, etc., as it is marked with immediate and wonderful results. Restores muscles and nerves receive new force. Rejuvenates the mind and supplies Brain Power.
LADIES: Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic is a safe and speedy cure. It gives a clear and healthy complexion. The strongest testimony to the value of Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic is that frequent attempts at counterfeiting have only added to the popularity of the original. If you earnestly desire health, do not experiment—get the ORIGINAL AND BEST.
Send your address to The Dr. Harter Med. Co., St. Louis, Mo., for our "DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC." Full of storage and useful information, free.
DR. HARTER'S IRON TONIC IS FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

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WINTER 1885 & 1886
Monthly excursions to California. Comfortable accommodations at cheap rates. Splendid opportunities for land seekers, tourists, pleasure and health seekers. A climate for health and wealth without expenses or hazards. Railroad and private lands for a million owners. Lands for colonies, homes, stock raising, fruit culture and investment. For full information call on or address: Winter 1885 & 1886, 108 Adams St., Chicago, and 300 N. Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.
Excursions leave Chicago Feb. 10, March 10, Apr. 10, May 21, June 10, July 10, Aug. 10, Sept. 10, Oct. 10, Nov. 10, Dec. 10.
30, March 30, Apr. 17, May 22, June 27, July 27, Aug. 27, Sept. 27, Oct. 27, Nov. 27, Dec. 27.