

PINCKNEY DISPATCH.

VOL. III

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1885.

NO. 9

PINCKNEY DISPATCH.

J. L. NEWKIRK, PUBLISHER.

ISSUED THURSDAYS.

Subscription Price, \$1.00 per Year.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Transient advertisements, 20 cents per inch for first insertion and ten cents per inch for each subsequent insertion. Local notices, 5 cents per line for each insertion. Special rates for regular advertisements by the year or quarter.

ALL ADVERTISING BILLS DUE QUARTERLY.

RAILROAD CARDS.

Grand Trunk Railway Time Table.

MICH. AIR LINE DIVISION.

| STATIONS. | | WEST BOUND TRAINS. | |
|--------------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | No. 6. | No. 4. | No. 2. |
| | Mixed. | Pass. | Pass. |
| RIDGEWAY..... | 9:35 a. m. | 5:55 a. m. | 7:45 a. m. |
| Armad,..... | 10:20 | 6:35 | 8:20 |
| Romeo..... | 10:50 | 7:10 | 8:50 |
| Rochester..... | 11:35 | 7:55 | 9:35 |
| Pontiac..... | 12:45 p. m. | 8:35 | 10:15 |
| Wixom..... | 1:15 | 9:05 | 10:45 |
| South Lyon..... | 1:30 | 9:20 | 11:00 |
| Hamburg..... | 1:45 | 9:35 | 11:15 |
| PINCKNEY..... | 2:00 | 9:50 | 11:30 |
| Mount Ferrier..... | 2:15 | 10:05 | 11:45 |
| Stockbridge..... | 2:30 | 10:20 | 12:00 p. m. |
| Henrietta..... | 2:45 | 10:35 | 12:15 |
| JACKSON..... | 3:00 p. m. | 10:50 | 12:30 p. m. |
| STATIONS. | | EAST BOUND TRAINS. | |
| | No. 5. | No. 7. | No. 3. |
| | Mixed. | Mixed. | Pass. |
| JACKSON..... | 8:15 a. m. | 7:30 | 4:30 p. m. |
| Henrietta..... | 7:50 | 7:00 | 4:00 |
| Stockbridge..... | 7:30 | 6:40 | 3:40 |
| Mount Ferrier..... | 7:15 | 6:25 | 3:25 |
| PINCKNEY..... | 7:00 | 6:10 | 3:10 |
| Hamburg..... | 6:45 | 5:55 | 2:55 |
| South Lyon..... | 6:30 | 5:40 | 2:40 |
| Wixom..... | 6:15 | 5:25 | 2:25 |
| Pontiac..... | 5:55 | 5:05 | 2:05 |
| Rochester..... | 5:35 | 4:45 | 1:45 |
| Romeo..... | 5:15 | 4:25 | 1:25 |
| Armad,..... | 4:55 | 4:05 | 1:05 |
| RIDGEWAY..... | 4:30 | 3:40 | 9:30 |

All trains run by "central standard" time. All trains run daily, Sundays excepted. W. J. SPICER, General Superintendent. JOSEPH HICKSON, General Manager.

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. H. HOAG, M. D.,
(HOMOEOPATHIC.)
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office at residence first door south of Monitor House.

D. M. GREENE, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
PLAINFIELD, MICHIGAN.
Office at residence. Special attention given to surgery and diseases of the throat and lungs.

JAMES MARKEY,
NOTARY PUBLIC
And Insurance Agent. Legal papers made on short notice and reasonable terms. Office on Main St., near Postoffice Pinckney, Mich.

GRIMES & JOHNSON,
Proprietors of
PINCKNEY FLOURING AND CUS-
TOM MILLS.
Dealers in Flour and Feed. Cash paid for all kinds of grain. Pinckney, Michigan.

JAMES T. EAMAN,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW
and Justice of the Peace.
Office in the Brick Block, PINCKNEY

W. P. VAN WINKLE,
ATTORNEY & COUNSELOR AT LAW
and SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.
Office over Sigler's Drug Store, PINCKNEY

D. D. BENNETT,
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
All work in this line executed with neatness and dispatch.

NEWTON T. KIRK,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND PENSION
CLAIM AGENT.
(Successor to the late M. L. GAY) attends to all kinds of Pension business, including Bounties, Office claims, etc. Thousands of soldiers are yet entitled. I will be glad to attend to the cases of all who have not yet secured their pensions, or who may be entitled to increase. Will call at claimants residence and prepare papers when requested. Correspondence solicited. Office with A. G. Embler in Jewett Block, Howell, Mich.

PINCKNEY EXCHANGE BANK
G. W. TEEPLE,
BANKER.

Does a General Banking Business.
Money Loaned on Approved Notes.
Deposits received.
Certificates issued on time deposits.
And payable on demand.
COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

LOCAL NOTICES.

You can find plenty of dog muzzles at F. L. Brown's hardware.

DROP ON TO THIS—M. B. Markham is going to leave the village of Pinckney and will sell the following property after this date, March 11, 1885, in the village of Pinckney:

1 new milch cow and calf, 2 cows coming in this spring, 1 three-year-old fat steer, 55 sheep, 1 six-year-old horse, 1 single harness, 800 bushels of oats, 275 bushels of corn, 1 top buggy, 1 robe, some hay.

Gloves and Mittens at cost.

W. B. HOFF.

FARM FOR SALE.—80 acres on section fifteen (15), Dexter township, Washtenaw county, Mich., known locally as the "Hoban Farm." Price \$35 per acre. Terms easy. Address, THOMAS BIRKETT, Birkett, Washtenaw Co., Mich. Feb. 10, 1885.

WANTED—Dressed Hogs.

Tompkins & Ismon.

Misses Over-shoes 50 cents per pair.

W. B. HOFF.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

We are obliged to ask all customers that have not settled their book account for 1884 to do so at once and oblige.

Teepie & Cadwell.

Pinckney, Dec. 1st, 1884.

Big Reduction in price on Men's Boots.

W. B. HOFF.

Farm of 160 acres in the town of Hamburg for sale cheap. Will exchange for small farm. Apply to G. W. TEEPLE.

Broken lots of Ladies' fine Kid Shoes at cost to close out.

W. B. HOFF.

WANTED.

Wheat, Beans and Clover Seed, highest prices paid.

Tompkins & Ismon.

A letter recently received from Michigan, stated that the snow in some places was even with the top of the fences, and that when the thermometer got above zero, it began to feel "uncomfortably warm." Good climate for polar bear raising. We don't want any more of it.—Williamsburg (Ky.) Times.

That's all right, Wirt, but we'll look for you back to old Michigan when the hot breezes of July and August sweep across you, "alle samme."

Bush's Beehives and Section Boxes, at Bush's Planing Mill, Plainfield.

FARM FOR SALE.—I offer my farm of 100 acres, one mile west and 1 mile north of Pinckney, for sale at a bargain. For particulars inquire at the place. C. V. VAN WINKLE. Sw4.

The Greatest Medicine of the Age.

Kellogg's Columbian Oil is a powerful remedy, which can be taken internally as well as externally by the tenderest infant. It cures almost instantly, is pleasant, acting directly upon the nervous system, causing a sudden buoyancy of the mind. In short, the wonderful effects of this wonderful remedy cannot be explained in written language. A single dose inhaled and taken according to directions will convince anyone that it is all that is claimed for it. Warranted to cure the following diseases: Rheumatism or Kidney Disease in any form, Headache, Toothache, Earache, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Flesh Wounds, Buns, Burns, Corns, Spinal Affections, Colic, Cramping Pains, Cholera Morbus, Flux, Diarrhoea, Coughs, Colds, Bronchial Affection, Catarrh, and all aches and pains, external or internal. Full directions with each bottle.

For Sale at WINCHELL'S DRUG STORE

Springtime is Coming!

And I am here with an Elegant

STOCK OF CLOTH

and am prepared to do all kinds of

Merchant Tailoring!

AT A GREATLY REDUCED PRICE.

J. CROULEA, PINCKNEY.

OUR PRODUCE MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY

MARCH 12, 1885. TOMPKINS & ISMON

Wheat, No. 1 white, \$.50

" No. 2 white, .48

" No. 3 red, .46

" No. 4 red, .44

Oats, .32

Corn, .28

Barley, 1.00

Beans, .60

Dried Apples, .08

Potatoes, .12

Butter, 14

Eggs, 18

Dressed Chickens, 4.00

Clover Seed, 4.00

Dressed Pork, 4.00

Those receiving their papers with a red X over this paragraph, will please notice that their subscription expires with next number. A blue X signifies that the time has expired, and that, in accordance with our rules, the paper will be discontinued until subscription is renewed.

HOME NEWS.

Spring is nearly here.

D. D. Bennett and wife Sabbath at Fowlerville.

Miss Julia Barnard is visiting in Brighton this week.

James Markey and son Eugene, are at Lansing this week.

Chas. Poole, of Detroit, visited his friends here last week.

Geo. Bush, of Stockbridge, made us a pleasant call Wednesday.

Miss Nina Green, of Fowlerville, is the guest of Pinckney friends.

Alvin and Norman Mann were both taken sick with a fever yesterday.

The two recent concerts at the Congregational church netted \$14.05.

Michael Kelly closed his school in district No. 6, Hamburg, Saturday.

Friend Baker, who has been sick for some time with consumption, is failing fast.

L. Noble, of Howell, is visiting his daughter, Mrs. Samuel Grimes, this week.

Martin Welch has rented the Hollister building of Mr. McGuinness and will remove his saloon to that building.

Landlord Mark Smith, of the Ryan House, Stockbridge, was in town Thursday, and gave us a pleasant call.

Miss M. A. Clark, of Dexter township, is home again after a few weeks visit with her sister, Mrs. S. G. Kime, in Gratiot county.

Thomas Dunn will have an auction sale of personal property at his residence, two miles north of this village on Wednesday, March 25th.

A couple of Arabs, claiming to be right from the Soudan country, attracted quite a good deal of attention at the hotel Saturday evening.

The roads were so bad that Mr. Barber, the Howell stage driver, did not make his return trip Monday, but waited over here until the next day.

A shadow social will be held at J. A. Cadwell's on Wednesday evening, March 18, for the benefit of the Congregational society. All are cordially invited.

Thursday afternoon Archie Patten, of Hamburg, ate a quantity of candy hearts and the following morning he was a corpse. It is supposed he was poisoned by the coloring on the candies.

A good crowd was in attendance at the concert last Thursday evening and all did very well in their several parts of the program. The duett by Misses Ellie Hicks and Millie Sykes was especially fine.

H. O. Barnard has rented the Ryan House at Stockbridge and will take possession May first. We are sorry to lose so good a citizen, but can recommend him to the people of Stockbridge as being a very efficient landlord and hope he will prosper in that lively little burg.

If the persons handling the Citizens' tickets Monday morning last purposefully kept them from voters and proper hands it was a very unwise and mean act, and any one who would stoop to so mean a trick for the sake of securing a few votes at a charter election would do most anything.

While Dr. J. H. Hoag was driving home from Ann Arbor Thursday evening his horses took fright this side of Dexter, upset the cutter, and after dragging him some distance got away.

The Doctor returned to Dexter and staid all night and in the morning sought his rig. He found his horses all right, but the cutter was considerably demoralized. The team also took a little whirl around town Monday, but no damage.

At the Republican county convention held at Howell Friday the following delegates were elected to attend the state convention at Lansing yesterday:

H. C. Wright, Howell; W. R. Foster, Iosco; C. M. Wood, Putnam; G. L. Fisher, Handy; E. R. Marethaws, Oceola; E. O. Clark, Brighton; Xavier Lerg, Iosco; Reuben Green, Howell; Chas. Fritz, Howell; E. D. Sargent, Howell; E. W. Harty, Oceola; Chas. Straws, Handy. A resolution was also offered instructing the delegates to support Cooley for Supreme Judge.

Master Fred Barrett, of Charlotte, "the prince of the little wheels," will give an exhibition of trick and fancy skating at the rink on Friday and Saturday evenings. He claims to execute over 200 movements on skates and the press throughout the country compliments him very much on his excellent manipulation of the wheels. Mr. LaRue has made the price of admission low—only 10 cents—so that all can see this 12-year-old wonder. The cornet band will furnish music.

The Public Herald, by L. Lum Smith, Philadelphia, has done more perhaps to suppress swindlers than any other institution in the land. It has assiduously hunted up and brought to light hundreds of advertising frauds and cheats and has saved many dollars to publishers as well as the public. It does not rest either with having gained this reputation, but keeps steadily on publishing dead-beats and frauds as fast as evidence can be obtained to that effect.

The excursioners from South Lyon to New Orleans arrived home on the Saturday morning train, looking fresh and hearty and all reported having a splendid time. The car which was provided for their use was fitted up in good and comfortable shape and they all think the railroad officials did all they could for their convenience. Mr. Marr, the accommodating agent at South Lyon, thinks if a party from this vicinity wishes to attend the Exposition later on he can arrange an excursion for them. The Exposition is now at its fullest.

Husband (telephoning)—"My wife has a severe pain in the back of her neck and complains of a sort of a sourness in the stomach." Physician—"She has malarial colic." Husband—"What shall I do for her?" [The girl at the "central" switches off to a machinist talking to a saw mill man.] Machinist talking to husband—"I think she is covered with scales inside about an inch thick. Let her cool down during the night and before she fires up in the morning take a hammer and pound her thoroughly all over, then take a hose and hitch it to the fire-plug and wash her out." Husband has no further need of this doctor.—Ex.

As all expected, the charter election last Monday was a warm one. Three tickets were in the field—Citizens', Republican and Democrat. The former, composed of five Democrats and five Republicans, was elected with the exception of one Democrat trustee. The following is the vote:

FOR PRESIDENT.
Thompson Grimes..... 50-50
W. P. Van Winkle..... 40

FOR TRUSTEES.
O. A. Wheeler..... 96
C. E. Henry..... 50
N. B. Mann..... 40
J. Markey..... 49
J. L. Newkirk..... 38
J. Fisher..... 40
A. G. Leeland..... 286

FOR CLERK.
W. B. Hoag..... 96-62
J. A. Cadwell..... 56

FOR TREASURER.
G. W. Teeple..... 91-49
J. A. Sigler..... 36

FOR AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER.
A. G. Leeland..... 133

FOR SUPERVISOR.
J. A. Sigler..... 94-56
J. L. Newkirk..... 38

FOR COMMISSIONER.
H. Davis..... 91-49
P. Blum..... 36

PINCKNEY VILLAGE.

A REVIEW OF ITS BUSINESS PLACES.

Entering our pleasant village from the east upon the right hand you are first attracted by the neat little store of O. E. Richards & Co., in which is found a nice stock of gents' furnishings, notions and groceries. The next door also is occupied by the same parties, as a storeroom for agricultural implements, buggies, etc., for which they are agents.

Mrs. Hicks' millinery shop is the next thing on the program, but the ladies can tell you all about this establishment.

So passing on to the red, white and blue sign and stepping within you will be greeted by the frisky barber, Wm. Yancy, who (unless he has a game of checkers on hand) will shave you in short order.

James Markey, notary public, insurance and machine agent, has an office in the next building.

Hugh Clark, a good harness-maker, comes next on the list.

The next building we enter to get our mail and are waited upon by the genial and ever obliging postmistress, Mrs. S. P. Young. By glancing over the counter on the east side of the room you will also discover a small man with sandy "burnsides" and a twinkle in his blue eyes, who dishes out groceries and notions, cigars, tobacco, etc., to many customers. He is a good runner—especially for office.

Edward Mann claims our attention next. He keeps a first class stock of dry goods, groceries, etc.

You would not stop to inquire what the next place of business was, for as a glance you would see displayed on the platform fence wire, corn-shellers, and all the supermaneries that will cling around a first class hardware store. Teeple & Cadwell are the gentlemanly and obliging landlords of this institution. If, however, you should be kicked out of their democile for cheating in a game of dominoes you can seek redress by climbing the first flight of stairs and knocking at the office of James T. Eaman, attorney and Justice of the Peace. You may find the door locked. If so and your anger is not appeased you will find Justice Teeple in his bank in the back part of the store below or you can find Mr. Eaman by running up to Anderson station.

Mann Bros.' mammoth dry goods, grocery and boot and shoe store occupies the first floor of this brick block, and the boys will sell you goods cheap and wait upon you with courtesy.

Continuing west across the corner H. F. Sigler & Bros.' drug and grocery store is the first business place you meet. A good line of goods is kept in stock and you are always sure of being treated well here. H. F. is a very efficient and well known physician and is kept very busy at his practice. W. A. Wilcox, veterinary surgeon, is also found here. The front rooms above are occupied by W. P. Van Winkle, attorney, Circuit Court Commissioner and insurance agent, who is making a great success of his profession. In the back rooms is found Mrs. Geo. Wagner's millinery department.

On the adjoining lot is the building belonging to the firm of Barton & Campbell, who keep a stock of jewelry, guns, ammunition, fishing tackle and sportsmen's goods generally. A turning lathe and gun shop is also found in connection and when any one wants repairing done from a watch to a threshing machine they go to Barton & Campbell's.

Jerome Winchell, the founder and successful publisher of this paper for nearly two years, is snugly ensconced in the next building with as good a line of drugs and stationery as you seldom see. He has a good and steadily increasing business.

J. McGuinness (successor to McGuinness & Toumey) claims his share

(Continued on last page.)

MICHIGAN NEWS.

GENERAL STATE ITEMS.

Ex-mayor D. V. Bannell of Jackson, is dead.

Public debt reduction for February is about \$3,000,000.

Mrs. Harriet Oaklin, for over 45 years a resident of Ypsilanti, is dead.

Apple trees in the vicinity of Big Rapids have been burnt open by the frost.

Arrangements are being made for a summer school at Adrian college.

James B. Adams, a prominent and successful farmer of Jackson, is dead.

John F. Rogers, one of the prominent citizens of Kalamazoo, is dead.

A Georgia peach-grower says the outlook for peaches in that vicinity is brighter.

Gladstone will not resign until after the redistribution of the land has been disposed of.

Gov. Alger has issued a requisition on the governor of Louisiana for the arrest of John D. Campbell.

The Michigan paper company of East Saginaw has assigned. Assets and liabilities \$11,000.

The First National bank of Traverse City will begin business April 1 with a capital of \$500,000.

The flouring mill of W. A. Pottingill & Son in Wayne, burned on the 4th inst. Loss \$7,000.

Seven buildings in Luther, Lake county, were destroyed by fire March 31, entailing a loss of \$7,000.

Mrs. Hamilton, one of the oldest pioneers of Oakland county, was buried at Royal Oak on the 6th inst.

Julius Jennings, a man well known throughout the Grand River Valley, died in Sheridan recently.

Little Mary Kellogg, the girl who was accidentally shot by her brother in St. Johns, died on the 2d inst.

Capt. R. C. Dennison, formerly a captain in the First Michigan Cavalry died in Kalamazoo on the 1st inst.

A prominent Kalamazoo peach grower asserts that the crop will be a total failure in that county this winter.

A. L. Thomas, supervisor of Montcalm county, was found shot only \$23, which will be paid by his friends.

The Monroe authorities and the railroad will unite in blowing up the ice in the river Raisin, to prevent a blockade.

The pulp mill property of Corawell & Co., a few miles west of Dexter, burned on the 28th ult., at a loss of \$15,000.

Mariners at Okechobogon predict that navigation will open about the same time as last year, the 26th or 28th of April.

Mrs. Mary Hall of Grand Rapids is the mother of a seven-weeks' old midwife weighing only three pounds and six ounces.

The managers of the Second Advent Review office, at Battle Creek, will not allow their employees to visit the skating rink.

Justifiable homicide is what the coroner's jury declares the killing of the two Indian boys near the bank by the man Oughlan.

John Kohl, deputy sheriff of Marquette county, was fatally shot while trying to arrest Pat Benan, a disreputable character, in Negaunee.

The jury in the case of one McKay on trial in Hastings for the murder of Searles in Hope township, Barry county, last spring, failed to agree.

Edward S. King, convicted of uttering forged checks on the City National bank of Kalamazoo, has been sentenced to Jackson three years.

E. Frye of New York, was killed by the cars at Jonesville on the 28th ult. Mr. Frye jumped from a car and the other cars passed over him.

President Arthur has signed an executive order throwing open to settlement the greater part of the Winnemago and Crow Creek reservations in Dakota.

While Wesley Swan, who resides in Brookfield township, Eaton county, was absent from home, some one entered his house and stole \$280.

James VanKleeck, the newly appointed commissioner of immigration, thinks the state immigration bureau is worthless as it is and has been conducted.

The state spiritualists' association has decided to hold a joint camp meeting with the Nomaoka camp meeting association at Pine Lake, August 6, next.

S. B. Marshall, an old resident of Lapeer, and for a long time landlord of the Marshall house in that city, died suddenly a few days since of rheumatism of the heart.

High school boys in Royal Oak used to carry revolvers for the purpose of target shooting during intermission. The principal has put his veto on the little game.

The following is the February mining output: Calumet, 1,955; Atlantic, 186; Franklin, 133; Quincy, 180; Alliance, 180; Huron, 113; Copper Falls, 60; Hancock, 35.

Baby Whalen, an aged lady living in Jefferson township, near Hillsdale, took a bath in bed with her. The bed clothing was set on fire and the old lady suffocated.

An attempt was made on the state treasury in Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 25. The plan did not work. One of the robbers was mortally wounded, and the other captured.

Sam White of Grand Rapids poisoned Uncle Sam for a pension. Records in Washington show that Sam was killed in 1865, at which statement Sam is considerably mystified.

The State Board of Health has issued a little pamphlet chockfull of statistics and illustrated by diagrams on "Typhoid Fever and Low Water in Wells," by Dr. Henry B. Baker.

A 16-year old daughter of C. K. Edwards, a well-to-do farmer living near Exet, took strychnine while laboring under religious excitement, and died before medical aid could reach her.

Supervisor McKay of McMillan township, Chippewa county, converted all his property into ready cash, borrowed money of friends, and with funds belonging to the township, absconded.

At the request of Hon. E. B. Wood, who died at Toomuch recently, the double marriage of his son and daughter took place at his father's bedside Sunday previous to his demise.

A few miles from Sault Ste Marie Timothy Chaglin and his killed two Indian boys who had followed and threatened him because he owed one of them. He gave himself up, claiming self-defense.

Wolves are said to be destroying deer, a man in Bailey reporting the finding of four half eaten deer carcasses in one day, the wolves eating upon the carcasses only until the

fresh frozen.—Montmorency County Index.

Tom Navin, Adrian's absconding "boy mayor" was captured in New Orleans, March 1. He arrived in that city from San Francisco the day before. When arrested he said he was on his way to Adrian to stand trial.

A two year old child of a family named Whitmore, living about ten miles west of Newaygo, was burned to death a few days ago. The child was left alone in the house with the father and mother were away at work.

Wm. Parrott plowed up a gold watch on L. D. Campbell's farm in Metamora township, Emmet county, recently, which was lost by one Samuel Brown, since deceased, 21 years ago, while working in the same field.

George B. H. V. cashier and confidential clerk of Stephen Meldrum & Co., exporters, of Bay City, who recently absconded with \$15,000, has been arrested in Montreal. He is held for the necessary extradition papers.

Sheep raisers in the vicinity of Marshall are greatly troubled over a disease which has been out among sheep. Several valuable heads have been destroyed. A post-mortem held revealed the fact that the liver had decayed.

J. M. Manchester, a pensioner of the war of 1812, died at the residence of his son near Mt. Pleasant. Mr. Manchester is believed to be the last pensioner of the war of 1812 who drew pension by reason of his service in Michigan.

While working near the depot in Niles, John McComick, an employee of the Michigan Central railroad company, was fatally injured by a car backing over him, and died two hours afterward. He leaves a wife and seven children.

The governor has ordered commissions issued to G. W. A. Armitage, Monroe, Monroe county; Samuel W. Peterson, Ashland; Newaygo county, and James P. Mosher, Mecosta county, as agents of the state board of corrections and charities.

Detroit was the scene of another murder Sunday evening March 1st. Jacob Shaffer, a wire weaver of that city was killed as he was leaving a saloon in company with a disreputable woman. Four police have been arrested for complicity in the affair.

A collision occurred on the Chicago & Grand Trunk railroad near Charlotte on the 28th ult. The two engines, the baggage car, and one freight car were completely wrecked and several passenger cars demolished. A conductor and baggage man were slightly injured.

The following statement shows the numbers of acres of State land donated to homesteaders; also number of acres sold and amount received for the same during the month of February, 1895: Licensed to homesteaders, 478 38-100 acres; sold 8,327 70-100 acres \$11,978 80.

Stephen Clark, living near Connecon, Ont., was attacked with hydrophobia while engaged in family prayers. He was bitten by a mad dog in July, 1890. The infuriated man tore the skin from his body and ate it with apparent relish. It took the power of seven strong men to bind him.

About two miles west of Jonesville the farm of the Lake Shore road, going east, broke a rail. A car loaded with horses jumped the track, and Edward Fry of New York, a horse dealer, jumped from the train. The other cars passed over him cutting his body to pieces and killing him instantly.

Six persons escaped from Jackson penitentiary on the evening of March 3d, by means of a tunnel at which they had been at work nearly a year. One was captured. Among the five yet at large are three Detroit prisoners, including Geo. Wilson, the murderer of Policeman Bullard of Detroit, who was sentenced for life.

A stranger committed suicide in the hotel barn of the Railroad Exchange in Pontiac, March 1. He registered as "J. Smith." On his person was found a note directing that his remains be sent to Wm. Sloat at Shepardsville. One envelope containing the discharge of Wm. Sloat from Capt. Lusk's company of the 1st Michigan cavalry. About \$30 in money and a G. A. R. badge were also found on his person.

The state council of the Royal Arcanum in session at Jackson elected the following officers: Grand regent, the Rev. W. Gardner, Jackson; vice, E. J. Porter, Lansing; grand orator, C. L. Dyer, Grand Rapids; secretary, Chas. T. Lundson, Detroit; treasurer, Jacob Brown, Detroit; representative to superior council, Chas. T. Hudson for the ensuing year. The next annual meeting will be held at Port Huron the second Tuesday in April, 1895.

Mr. M. D. Allen editor of the Moronec Observer, died at his home late Saturday night, Feb. 24, aged about 80. He was born in New York state and moved to Moronec in 1860 and first engaged in teaching. He started the New Era, which lived a year, and then he published the Michigan Christian Advocate in Detroit. About nine years ago he returned to Moronec and started the Observer, which he ably and successfully conducted since. His sons will no doubt continue the paper.

The Bohemian oats men have raided Van Buren county and are taking in the sheaves of the too trustful ruralists. The men who engineer the game in that county indignantly deny that there is any swindle about their little game. Perhaps they are right. Any man who deliberately and with his eyes open agrees to pay \$10 for a bushel of grain, that is worth fifty cents, can hardly complain afterwards of being swindled. The great bait these oats men hold out to their victims is a promise to help them swindle some one else worse off than they.

Some time during the night of March 6, four prisoners escaped from Ionia prison. They are Robert Cowles of Fond du Lac, Wis., sentenced for larceny and perjury; Sam Ash, man Detroit, perjury; Wm. Brooks alias Wm. Baker Detroit, larceny; and Franz Kuba Detroit, rape. It is presumed that they all got into one cell, from whence they escaped during the time the boys were in school, and when the watchfulness was somewhat relaxed in the corridors. There has been \$50 reward for each offender. The escaped prisoners were serving terms ranging from two to five years.

Shining Lights. From the thousand or more able-bodied applicants for positions as deputy oil inspectors, State Oil Inspector La Du has selected the following, who will during the next two years see that illuminating oils are up to the standard prescribed by law:

First District—Judson Grenell, Detroit.

Second District—William J. B. Adams, Adrian.

Third District—F. S. Ainger, Searles.

Fourth District—Delos Phillips, Kalamazoo.

Fifth District—E. H. Spoor, Dowagiac.

Sixth District—Sye D. Zylstra, Grand Rapids.

Seventh District—Walter Van Slyke, Grand Haven.

Eighth District—E. T. Yeomans, Ionia.

Ninth District—Henry J. Crittenden, Albion.

Tenth District—Albert Danham, Jackson.

Eleventh District—Richard H. Hughes.

Twelfth District—Thomas J. Post, Bay City.

Thirteenth District—S. P. Mann, Port Huron.

Fourteenth District—F. L. Mason, Alpena.

Fifteenth District—C. V. M. Murdoch, Marquette.

Sixteenth District—James Ross, Hancock.

Seventeenth District—L. H. McCullum, Ludington.

Eighteenth District—Thomas P. Steadman, Manistee.

Nineteenth District—George Kemp, Sault Ste Marie.

Twentieth District—J. C. Bontecou, Petoskey.

Twenty-first District—John Puleipher, Aome.

Twenty-second District—F. A. Baldwin, Corral.

F. L. Mason of Alpena and James Ross of Hancock are the old incumbents, who will continue to act for the present. It is probable that Ross will be permanently retained, and it is a matter of doubt whether a new appointment will be made or not.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

MARCH 3.

SENATE—The Senate recalled the bill to authorize Harbor Springs to raise money to build a court house, reconsidered it, struck out the provision restricting it to property holders, and again passed the bill. Also passed on third reading House bill to authorize Ingham agricultural society to borrow money. The day was passed in consideration in committee of the whole of Senate bill 65—to regulate the practice of pharmacy. Adjourned.

HOUSE—The bill providing free text books in public schools was adversely reported. The following measures were passed: Amending Grand Rapids charter; empowering Gladstone, Lake county, to institute proceedings to recover money; amending section 3,000 Howell, relative to appealing bonds in justice courts; to prohibit teaching of languages other than English in the primary schools; amending section 7508, Howell, relative to evidence; incorporating schools of Green, Alpena Co.; amending Ionia House of Correction act; providing for partition of real estate in certain cases; providing for uniform examination of school teachers in Alpena county; providing that juries in courts of record shall consist of six persons; amending section 6818, Howell, relative to courts held by justices of the peace. The bill providing for taking testimony in shorthand in criminal examination was laid on the table. Adjourned.

MARCH 4.

SENATE—The following resolution, offered by Senator Hubbell, was adopted. Resolved, That during the hearing in the election case of John Grouse, Jr., contestant, vs. James Hueston, respondent, the Judiciary Committee be given power to send for persons and papers, to employ a stenographer, and to sit during the sessions of the Senate. The session was spent in the consideration of bills in committee of the whole, and when the committee arose the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE—The following passed on third reading: reincorporating Armada, reincorporating Ishpeming, reincorporating Ionia City, reincorporating Dundee, detaching territory from Roscommon and attaching it to Nestor. The bill appropriating money to the Pioneer Society, was lost, reconsidered and tabled. A petition with 4,389 names asking that Saturday be made the first day of the week in accordance with the belief of the Seventh Day Adventists, so that no public schools shall be held Saturday, was received and referred. Consideration of the bill providing free text books was indefinitely postponed. The resignation of W. W. Cannon as enrolling clerk was accepted and C. E. Triplet was appointed in his place.

MARCH 5.

SENATE—Messrs. Brown and Pannell, majority of the Committee on State prison, made an elaborate report disapproving of any change being made in the laws regulating the employment of convicts in prisons. The law now gives discretionary power to the authorities to engage prisoners at labor for state account, and no legislation is needed to carry the principle into effect. The committee question the wisdom of making any change. Mr. Henry of the minority recommends an immediate change to be made as the successive contracts expire. The following bills were approved by the Governor: Senate bill incorporating Armada and Ionia City. The following passed a third reading: Senate, fixing the boundaries between Houghton and Baraga; reincorporating Cadillac; reincorporating Milan; amending section 5474, Howell, relating to jury fees; appropriating \$10,500 for the New Orleans Exposition. Adjourned.

HOUSE—The Governor noted his approval of the following bills: House joint resolution 3, asking Congress to build a soldiers' home in Michigan; House bill 66, authorizing incorporation of Sons of Industry; House bill 67, protecting fish. The following passed: Prohibiting the removal of certain civil cases to the Supreme court; amending Grand Rapids charter; protecting fish and preserving fisheries. Adjourned.

MARCH 6.

SENATE—The following were passed: Reincorporating Sandusky, Sanilac Co. Amending Lansing charter. Incorporating Ontonagon, Ontonagon Co. Transferring Ogemaw County to the Twenty-third Judicial Circuit. Incorporating the Villages of Negaunee and Ishpeming and incorporating the Albion public schools.

The resolution of Senator Shoemaker calling on the Auditor-General for his annual report to the Legislature was adopted. Its non-appearance was explained from the Secretary's desk to be due to delay at the printing office. Adjourned till Monday.

HOUSE—Numerous petitions were received asking establishment of a soldiers' home in Michigan. An ironical petition purporting to be the petition of a saloon-keeper of Union City to the citizens of that village, asking them to vote to accept his bonds, was offered by Mr. Watson, who asked to have it printed. Laid on the table, yeas 43, nays 11. The following passed on third reading: Amending the charter of Lansing; reincorporating Sandusky; reincorporating Milan; for a land warrant to E. Jones; repealing act of 1893, relative to interest on instalments; for the inspection of commercial fertilizers; amending charter of Grand Rapids; regulating use of meshes in pond nets, trap nets, and other nets, and amending section 3166, Howell; prohibiting fishing in Black River and Lake, Ottawa county; for challenging talemans in justice courts; detaching territory from Kawkawila and attaching the same to Montmorency; detaching territory from Middlebury and attaching the same to Ovid. Adjourned until Monday.

THE INAUGURATION.

A Grand Demonstration in Honor of the Event.

Inaugural Address.

Preparation for the inaugural festivities on the grandest scale ever known were completed the evening before the all-important event occurred, and nothing but a fine day was desired to bring about the full realization of the fondest hopes of the thousands who were there to participate.

The city was astir early, and by 9 o'clock martial airs could be heard in all directions. Civic and military organizations were marching to their respective rendezvous, and streams of people were pushing their way to the line of march toward the capitol.

As soon as the doors were opened the galleries of the Senate were rapidly filled, and many holding tickets of admission to the Senate wing, but not to the galleries, filled the windows and corridors. Between 9 and 10 o'clock the military organizations began assembling in the side streets east of the capitol park where they remained until after the president elect had delivered his inaugural address.

At 10:30 o'clock the Senate committee called at the White House and with President Arthur drove to the Arlington where President-elect Cleveland was in residence. Mr. Cleveland occupied the left seat. Beside him sat President Arthur, and in the seat facing them were Senators Ransom and Sherman, members of the Senate committee.

The carriage was an open barouche drawn by four bay horses in silver-mounted harness and with white ribbons. Following them came vice president-elect Hendricks and Senator Hawley, and the national Democratic committee in carriages.

Promptly at 10:35 the procession, headed by a squad of police, started for the capitol. Maj. Gen. bloom, chief marshal, in command.

The Inaugural Address.

Fellow citizens: In the presence of this vast assemblage of my countrymen, I am about to supplement and seal, by the oath which I shall take, the manifestation of the will of a great and free people. In the exercise of their power and right of self-government they have committed to one of their fellow citizens a supreme and sacred trust, and he here consecrates himself to their service.

This impressive ceremony adds little to the solemn sense of the responsibility with which I contemplate the duty I owe to all the people of the land. Nothing can relieve me from anxiety lest to any act of mine their interests may suffer, and nothing is needed to strengthen my resolution to engage every faculty and effort in the promotion of their welfare. Amid the din of party strife the people's choice was made, but its attendant circumstances have demonstrated anew the strength and safety of a government by the people. In each succeeding year it more clearly appears that our democratic principle needs no apology, and that in its fearless and faithful application is to be found.

THE SUREST GUARANTY OF GOOD GOVERNMENT.

But the best results in the operation of a government where every citizen has a share, largely depend upon a proper limitation of purely partisan zeal and effort and a correct appreciation of the time when the heart of the partisan should be merged in the patriotism of the citizen. To-day the executive branch of the government is transferred to new keeping. But this is still the government of all the people, and it should be none the less an object of their affectionate solicitude. At this hour the animosities of political strife, the bitterness of partisan defeat, and the exultation of partisan triumph should be supplanted by an ungrudging acquiescence in the popular will and a sober, conscientious concern for the general weal.

Moreover, if from this hour we cheerfully and honestly abandon all sectional prejudice and distrust, and determine, with manly confidence in one another, to work out harmoniously the achievements of our national destiny, we shall deserve to realize all the benefits which our happy form of government can bestow. On the auspicious occasion we may well renew the pledge of our devotion to the constitution, which, launched by the founders of the republic and consecrated by their prayers and patriotic devotion, has for almost a century borne the hopes and the aspirations of a great people through prosperity and peace, and through the shock of foreign conflicts and the perils of domestic strife and vicissitudes. By the father of his country our constitution was commended for adoption as "the result of a spirit of amity and mutual concession."

In that same spirit it should be administered, in order to promote the lasting welfare of the country and to secure the full measure of its priceless benefits to us and those who will succeed to the blessings of our national life. The large variety of diverse and competing interests subject to federal control, persistently seeking the recognition of their claims, need give us no fear that "the greatest good to the greatest number" will fail to be accomplished, in the halls of national legislation, that spirit of amity and mutual concession shall prevail in which the constitution had its birth. It involves the surrender or postponement of private interests and the abandonment of local advantages, compensation will be found in the assurance that the common interest is subserved and the general welfare advanced. In the discharge of my official duty I shall endeavor to be guided by a just and unstrained construction of the constitution, a careful observance of the distinction between the powers granted to the federal government and those reserved to the states or to the people, and by a cautious appreciation of those functions which by the constitution and laws have been especially assigned to the executive branch of the government. But he who takes the oath to-day to preserve, protect and defend the constitution of the United States only assumes the solemn obligation which every patriotic citizen, on the farm, in the workshop, in the busy marts of trade, and everywhere should share with him. The constitution which prescribes his oath, my countrymen, is yours; the government you have chosen him to administer for a time is yours; the suffrage which executes the will of freemen is yours; the laws

and entire scheme of our civil rule, from the town meeting to the state capitol, and the national capitol, is yours. Your every voter as surely as your chief magistrate, under the same high sanction, though in a different sphere, exercises a public trust. Nor is this all. Every citizen owes to the country a vigilant watch and close scrutiny of its public servants, and a fair and reasonable estimate of their fidelity and usefulness. This is the people's will impressed upon the whole framework of our civil polity—municipal, state and federal—and this is the price of our liberty and the inspiration of our faith in the republic. It is the duty of those serving the people in public places to closely limit public expenditures to the actual needs of the government economically administered, because this bounds the right of the government to exact tribute from the earnings of labor or the prosperity of the citizen, and because public extravagance begets extravagance among the people. We should never be ashamed of the simplicity and prudent economies which are best suited to the operations of a republican form and most compatible with the mission of the American people. Those who are selected for a limited time to manage public affairs are still of the people, and may do much by their example to encourage, consistently with the dignity of their official functions, that plain way of life which among their fellow citizens aids integrity and promotes thrift and prosperity. The genius of our institutions, the needs of our people in their home life, and the attention which is demanded for the settlement and development of the resources of our vast territory, dictate the scrupulous avoidance of any departure from that foreign policy commended by the history, the traditions and the prosperity of our republic. It is the policy of independence favored by our position and defended by our known love of justice and by our power. It is the policy of peace suitable to our interests. It is the policy of neutrality, ambitious upon other continents, and repelling their intrusions here. It is the policy of Monroe, and of Washington, and of Jefferson—"peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none."

A SOUND FINANCIAL BASIS.

A due regard for the interests and prosperity of all the people demands that our finances shall be established upon such a sound and sensible basis as shall secure the safety and confidence of business interests and make the wages of labor sure and steady, and that our system of revenue shall be so adjusted as to relieve the people from unnecessary taxation, having a due regard to the interests of capital invested and workmen employed in American industries, and preventing the accumulation of a surplus in the treasury to tempt extravagance and waste. Care for the property of the nation, and for the needs of future settlers, requires that the public domain should be protected from parceling schemes and unlawful occupation.

INDIANS, POLYGAMY AND CHINESE.

The conscience of the people demands that the Indians within our boundaries shall be fairly and honestly treated as wards of the government, and their education and civilization promoted with a view to their ultimate citizenship, and that polygamy in the territories destructive of the family relation and offensive to the moral sense of the civilized world, shall be repressed.

The laws should be rigidly enforced which prohibit the emigration of a servile class to compete with American labor, with no intention of acquiring citizenship, and bringing with them and retaining habits and customs repugnant to our civilization.

THE PEOPLE DEMAND REFORM

In the administration of the government and the application of business principles to public affairs. As a means to this end, civil service reform should be in good faith enforced. Our citizens have the right to protection from incompetency of public employees who hold their places solely as the reward of partisan service, and from the corrupting influence of those who expect such rewards. And those who would seek public employment have the right to insist that merit and competency shall be recognized instead of party subserviency or the surrender of honest political belief.

FOR THE COLORED BROTHERS.

In the administration of a government pledged to do equal and exact justice to all men, there should be no pretext for anxiety touching the protection of the freedmen in their rights, or their security in the enjoyment of their privileges under the constitution and its amendments. All discussion as to their fitness for the place accorded to them as American citizens is idle and unprofitable except as it suggests the necessity for their improvement. The fact that they are citizens entitles them to the rights due to that relation, and charges them with all its duties, obligations and responsibilities.

IN CONCLUSION.

These topics and the constant and ever varying wants of an active and enterprising population may well receive the attention and the patriotic endeavor of all who make and execute the federal laws. Our duties are practical and call for industrious application and intelligent perception of the claims of public office, and above all, a firm determination by united action to secure to all the people of the land the full benefits of the best form of government ever vouchsafed to man. And let us not trust to human effort alone, but humbly acknowledging the power and goodness of Almighty God, who presides over the destinies of nations, and who has at all times been revealed in our country's history, let us invoke his aid and his blessing upon our labors.

The address was concluded at 12:53 p. m. when Chief Justice Waite administered the oath of office.

At the conclusion of the ceremonies the President was driven at once to the executive mansion.

The scene attending the return of the president from the capitol to the grand reviewing stand on Pennsylvania avenue in front of the executive mansion was a repetition of the earlier part of the day, excepting that the military and civil escort was augmented by the waiting divisions that had rendezvoused in the vicinity of the capitol. Continual shouts and cheers greeted the ears of the new chief magistrate as he passed along the avenue. When the president's carriage reached Fifteenth street he was hurriedly driven by short cut to the grand stand, reaching it a few moments in advance of the head of the column.

At 1:50 p. m. ex-President Arthur, Senators Sherman, Hawley, and Ransom, President-elect Cleveland stepped to the front of the stand. The column which had waited for a few moments, then advanced and the president, hat in hand, stood placidly reviewing and returning the salutes of the different organizations as they passed in review.

HIDE A WEE, AND DINNA FRET.

Is the road very dreary?
Patience yet!
Rest will be sweeter, if thou art weary.
And after night comes the morning cheery.
Then bide a wee, and dinna fret.

The clouds have silver lining,
Don't forget;
And though he's hidden, still the sun is shining
Courage! instead of tears and vain repining,
Just bide a wee, and dinna fret.

With toll and cares unending
Art beset!
Bethink thee how the storms from heaven de-
cending,
Snap the swift rain, but spare the widow's wean-
ing,
And bide a wee, and dinna fret.

Grief sharper sting doth borrow
From regret;
But yesterday is gone, and shall its sorrow
Unfit us for the present and the morrow?
Nay; bide a wee, and dinna fret.

An over-anxious brooding
Both begot
A host of fears and fantasies deluding;
Then, brother, lest these torments be intruding,
Just bide a wee, and dinna fret.
—Every Other Saturday

IF NONE WERE SAD.

If none were sick and none were sad,
What service could we render?
I think if we were always glad,
We scarcely could be tender.
Did our beloved never need
Our patient ministrations,
Earth would grow cold, and mine, indeed,
Its sweetest consolations.
If sorrow never claimed our heart,
And every wish were granted,
Patience would die and hope depart—
Life would be disenchanted.

REBECCA'S PRISONER.

St. Louis Magazine.

The day had been a dreary one for the young matron, Rebecca Parsons. She was entirely alone in their humble forest home as she, the bride of a few months, had given a "God speed" to her Rufus and bade him go with the brave band of Massachusetts volunteers to fight for freedom and a freeman's right.

Rebecca wrapped herself in warm shawls, caught up the milk pail and started to the barn, looking back at the bright fire that burned in the great, wide fireplace. She burst into tears, and said:

"I can't spare Rufus much longer, it's so lonely here now. I'd rather be oppressed by Old England and have Rufus home than to be free and live without him. Then—he may be killed."

Rebecca milked Bonny Lass, the sleek, gentle cow, and was pulling down hay for Prince's supper, when she was startled by a faint moan. Another louder groan alarmed her. Weak and nervous from a recent illness, she almost fainted.

"Help me, friend, if you can," said a weak voice.

Rebecca nerved herself to search for the sufferer. In the hay loft lay a young man, dressed in the hated uniform of a British soldier.

"I am your prisoner, lady; do not betray me for the sake of my young wife. Think if it were your own husband," and he swooned, so weak and sick as was he from the effort it cost him to make this appeal to his captor.

Rebecca's heart was a tender and womanly one. She ran to the house for brandy and wine, and gave it to the soldier. She looked at the wound; a gaping, cruel one it was, and in the chest too, but only a flesh wound. She then carefully washed and dressed it. Having revived him, she gave him her arm to the house, where he could be concealed in the garret chamber from chance visitors.

A high fever came upon the patient. For days he raved in delirium, and Mrs. Parsons found it hard to control him. Two weeks' careful nursing and he was out of danger, but very weak and spent.

"I want to show you this, Mrs. Parsons, the picture of my wife," said Reginald Lingard as he took from his wallet an ivory painting of a sweet-faced, golden-haired girl, whose violet-hued eyes beamed with hope and joy.

"This is my poor little Lucia, and she is just as good as she is beautiful. Poor darling! she was almost heart-broken when I came to America. I left her unconscious. It was hard to leave her so, but a soldier must go wherever he is ordered. I shall tell her when I go home that an enemy saved my life. I was wounded in the last skirmish, and so weak when I crawled into your barn that I only wanted to die. How kind you have been to me!"

At supper as she sat alone, two strong arms were folded about her, and a loud voiced greeting told her Rufus had come home.

"Are you surprised to see me, little woman?" asked Rufus.

"Indeed I am, as I did not know you were near here. Is there anything wrong, Rufus?"

"Oh, no, but it is rumored that a red-coat is in this neighborhood. Now don't be fearful, Rebecca. I am here to-night, and good news, dear, after this week I am coming home to stay all the time."

For once in her wedded life Rebecca had a secret from her husband. She dreaded to tell him about her prisoner, fearing he would think it his duty to give the poor fellow over to the American authorities, and pity for the young English wife made her heart tender toward her captive. For once she was sorry to have Rufus come home.

At daybreak Rufus kissed Rebecca and rode away, bidding her keep watch for stray redcoats.

At 9 o'clock she prepared a lunch for Mr. Lingard, made him as comfortable as she could, and her prisoner took his leave.

"God keep you and yours, and reward you for this," said the soldier, as he left the humble forest home.

Rufus came home as he said he would, and told Rebecca could not rest until she told him all.

"I am glad, little woman, that you did not tell me sooner, as I should have thought it right to have given him up; but I am glad that you saved the English girl's husband for her. No doubt she would have done as much for you."

A year rolled by, and the war still went on. Rufus and Rebecca worked with a will to aid their cause. In those early days letters were few and scarce but one morning there came a packet from England for Mrs. Rufus Parsons.

It was a great event in their monotonous lives, and delighted indeed was the young housewife at the dainty, pretty articles of dress and the toilet table sent by Mrs. Reginald Lingard.

Rufus and Rebecca's little son was born to a heritage of freedom upon the very day the bells rang their joyful chimes telling the glad story of peace and victory.

The summer Richard was 18 a great surprise came to the Parsons family. Sir Reginald Lingard, with his wife and two young daughters, drove up to "Hazelwood Farm" one morning.

Rebecca Parsons and Lady Lucie Lingard were at once tender and true friends, each forgetting the difference in dress and station.

Victoria, the eldest daughter, was a genuine aristocrat, and a little inclined to snub and patronize all Yankees; but Beatrice, the piquant, black-eyed gypsy, was in love with everything she saw.

When Sir Reginald was ready to start for home he discovered his little Bee was not heart-whole.

"What are we to do about it Parsons? I think our two young people are in love with each other. I think my Bee is too young to marry, but if they are of the same mind a few years from now I will give my consent."

"And mine," said honest Rufus Parsons. "And I think my son good enough to mate with a princess."

"I think so, too, or I should not be willing to give him to my bonny Bee," answered Sir Reginald.

The last evening of their stay in America was a never-to-be-forgotten one to Bee and Richard, who plighted their troth and planned how they should spend the years that would pass before Richard should make her his own cherished wife.

A Modern "Wandering Jew."

Eleven living types of the "Wandering Jew"—a father, mother and nine children—remained over Sunday recently in New Haven, Conn. Their history is sufficiently remarkable to warrant a careful study. Mr. Charles F. Russell, the father, is a gentleman of culture. Fourteen years ago he married Miss Chippendale of Paddington, England, part of the marriage contract being that should Providence bless them with an heir Mr. Russell would hold himself bound to take his wife on a trip around the world. About thirteen years ago a son was born, and Mr. and Mrs. Russell started upon the promised trip.

Before the entire circuit of the globe was made another son was born, and Mr. Russell felt himself called upon to make another "lap." He says he has been traveling around the world for nearly thirteen years and has made but seven complete circuits. He and his family are now on their eighth circuit, but he hardly expects to catch up with Mrs. Russell. He thinks she is a remarkable woman, and the oftener she repeats herself the better, but it is very discouraging to get up some morning and find another little stranger which calls for another circuit.

He says they always travel westward, seldom repeating the same route. This trip they crossed the Atlantic to Canada and are now on their way to New York. They travel with as little baggage as possible, one portmanteau performing services for three. The nine children are bright, speaking the languages of the world. While playing around the room their utterances most resemble the dialects used at the building of the Tower of Babel. His account of experiences in Japan, India, Delhi and Barrackpore would fill volumes. His family have been transported by cars, steamers, elephants, camels, asses, slaves, junks and gondolas, and speak in the most bewildering manner of Chinese forts, the pearl mosque, Mohammedan cities, the Hindoos, Paris, Cairo, and New York.

Mr. Russell says he was originally of the belief that constant traveling through the cities of the earth would educate his children, but he is now afraid that ultimately they will all become tramps. England is his home, but he has lived so long "on the fly" that he hardly knows how they could ever settle down.

Now is Our Idol Dethroned.

Utica Observer.

We have been so accustomed to looking upon the Father of his Country as a model of sedateness and dignity that it is surprising to find out that he was capable of perpetrating a pun. But he was. It is related that Colonel Lear, of his staff, was greatly troubled with burlesque and rheumatism of the feet, and Washington wrote a letter commending Colonel Lear to the care of his friend, Dr. Thornton, saying that he advised the Colonel to remain at the Capital "as long as he could derive benefit from your friendly prescription to his understanding." We ought not to let this go any further if we have any respect for George Washington's memory.

FOR THE CHILDREN.

TIM'S DAISIES.

He was only a little "Street Arab!" Ragged and friendless! Ah, read Unused to life's sunniest pathway, Unused to its love and caress— For she who had loved him—the mother Whose arms round him once, long ago Had clasped themselves closely, all winter Had lain 'neath the beautiful snow.

But the months passed away, and the springtime Came on with its bud and its bloom, And the zephyrs of May, softly blowing, Scattered far o'er the earth their perfume And then came a day dawning brightly, When soldiers brought flowers to spread With love and with honor of loyal, O'er the graves of the hero dead.

And poor little Tim, sadly thinking Of his loved one, whose grave was unknown, Wandered there 'neath the pleasant spring sunshine.

With tears in his eyes, all alone: And he gathered the pretty white daisies, For no other flower had he, And on the dear grave of his mother He scattered them tenderly.

Only the simple white daisies! Only the tears falling fast! Only a boy's sad heart yearning For mother—curses long past! Oh, fair were the buds and the blossoms Laid over the soldier dead! But as loyal and sweet were Tim's daisies Over his mother's low bed.

—Youth's Companion.

"Stick to Your Bush."

One day when I was a lad, a party of boys and girls were going to a distant pasture to pick whortleberries. I wanted to go with them, but was fearful that my father would not let me. When I told him what was going on, he at once gave me permission to go with them. I could hardly retain myself for joy, and rushed into the kitchen and got a big basket and asked mother for a luncheon. I had the basket on my arm and was just going out of the gate when my father called me back.

He took hold of my hand and said in a very gentle voice:

"Joseph, what are you going for—to pick berries, or to play?"

"To pick berries," I replied.

"Then, Joseph, I want to tell you one thing. It is this: When you find a pretty good bush do not leave it to find a better one. The other boys and girls will run about, picking a little here and a little there, wasting a great deal of time, and not getting many berries. If you do as they do you will come home with an empty basket. If you want berries stick to your bush."

I went with the party and we had a capital time. But it was just as my father said.

No sooner had one found a good bush than he called for all the rest, and they left their several places and ran off to the new found treasure. Not content more than a minute or two in one place, they rambled over the whole pasture, got very tired, and at night had a very few berries.

My father's words kept ringing in my ears, and I "stuck to my bush." When I had done with one I found another and finished that, then I took another.

When night came I had a large basketful of nice berries, more than all the others put together, and was not half as tired as they were.

I went home happy; but when I entered I found that my father had taken ill. He looked at my basketful of ripe berries and said:

"Well done, Joseph. Was it not just as I told you? Always stick to your bush."

He died a few days after, and I had to make my own way in the world as best I could.

But my father's words sank deep into my mind, and I never forgot the experience of the whortleberry party. I stuck to my bush.

When I had a fair place and was doing tolerable well, I did not leave it and spend weeks and months in finding one a little better. When the other men said: "Come with us and we will make a fortune in a few weeks," I shook my head and "stuck to my bush." Presently my employers offered to take me into business with them, I staid with the old house until the principals died and then I took their place. The habit of sticking to my business led people to trust me and gave me a character. I owe all I have and am to this motto: "Stick to your bush."

Children's Plan.

Morning Star.

It was a bright, warm day. Mike was threshing in the barn, while the sunshine streaming in at the open door turned the grain to gold. Outside, in the yard, were the children and the chickens—the former idle enough, and the latter running here and there and scratching vigorously as if their lives depended upon their own exertions. Presently Winnie picked up the dish in which she had brought the corn and went back to the house, but the younger children lingered, declaring that the pleasant autumn day was just like summer. From watching the chickens they began watching the doves on the roof of the barn.

"I'd rather be a bird than a chicken," said George.

"I'd like to be a bird," said Nell, dreamily. "Then I'd fly away up in the sky. I believe I could 'most fly to heaven, any way. I'd go 'way off over the ocean."

"Why can't we fly?" asked George, wonderingly. "I never thought about that."

"Cause we don't have any feathers," explained Teddie, turning round to his post of observation by the barn-door.

"That's it—we haven't any feathers or wings," said Nell; "if we had, I guess we could fly."

"I'm going to have some right now," declared Teddie, jumping down from the steps and beginning to pick up some of the feathers scattered about the yard; "then I'll fly 'way off."

That was a brilliant idea! The little girls opened their eyes in wonder for a moment, and then they followed Teddie's example, and three pairs of hands worked busily. They stuck feathers in their belts, feathers in their hats, feathers in their shoes, and then with a great bunch in each hand they climbed to the top of the chicken house.

"I don't know 'how,'" admitted Neddie, rather doubtful, as they stood in a row on the roof of the low building.

"Why you must flap your wings just this way," said Nell, waving her hands wildly; "and when I say 'Three' we'll all jump off and fly. One, two, three!" The jumping was easy enough, but alas for the flying. Down among the straw and hay of the barnyard tumbled three disconsolate looking little figures, and Teddie, striking an arm against a wagon box, set up a cry of pain which brought Mike from the barn.

"And why couldn't ye fly?" repeated Mike, when he had heard the story. "Why, because the wings was none of your own, and nobody can fly with borrowed ones. If ye'll just remember that, it'll be something worth learnin' for there's plenty of older folks than you that's thyrin' to do it. They fly into splendor on other people's money, and into good society on the respectability of their families, and some of them even think to fly into heaven on the goodness of their fathers and mothers. They'll never do it; it's nothing but picking up feathers in the barnyard, and it will end in tumble."

Mike went back to his work, and if the children did not quite understand him, Nell caught a part of his meaning, for she said, "Well, if we can't make good birds, I guess we can make good children, and we'll have to wait till God gives us wings."

A Japanese Girl's Toilet.

St. Nicholas.

When a Japanese girl gets up in the morning, she washes her face, but does not have to dress her hair. That is attended to but once a week. The hair-dresser comes to the house and arranges her jet-black locks in the fashion for little girls of her age. So she has no trouble about her hair, and after her bath the servant assists her to powder her neck with a small white brush. She puts a little red paint on her lower lip, and a little gliding in the middle. When she removes her sleeping-dress, she has on only a short skirt, which is simply a square piece of cloth, crape, or silk, tied around the waist. No other under-clothing is worn.

In making her toilet for the day, she first puts on a garment made usually of some coarse material, not very long, and reaching only to the waist, but with long sleeves. On the neck of this garment is sewed a deep fold of scarlet or some bright-colored crape or silk.

A long, straight skirt of blue or red crape, silk, or wool is tied around the waist and over all three of these garments is worn the kimono, or dress. This is of some dark color, and made of coarse spun silk or thick crape. For festivals and holidays the dresses are of a very fine material and very handsome. The outer dress is simply a wrapper reaching to the feet, with very long and wide sleeves hanging nearly to the ground, and used as pockets. On each shoulder, a deep tuck is made which extends to the waist, thus making a little fullness for the skirt. But the dress has no gathers, and is straight all the way down. The neck is adorned with a wide piece of black velvet or satin, which reaches nearly to the waist, and the dress is crossed over the bosom and confined by a girdle. Over this is worn a very wide sash, a piece of brocaded silk or satin, stiff with embroidery in gold and silver, lined with soft silk, and fastened behind in a very large bow. When these are all on, but barefooted, or if in cool weather, in white mitten-scrs, made to reach only to the ankle, and with a place in which to put the great toe (just as mittens have a place for the thumb), she goes out to say "Ohale," or good morning, to her father and mother.

Wants Another Title.

Not to be outdone in the matter of titles by his English mother-in-law, the Czar of Russia is preparing to place upon his already uneasy head the crown of the "Emperor of Central Asia," a new title which he has ordered his ministers to manufacture for him on the strength of his recent acquisitions beyond the Caspian. The ceremony of coronation will soon take place at Samarcand in Turkistan, once the capital of the great Timour who ruled Asia from the Volge to the Persian gulf and from the Ganges to Damascus, and who had the sultan of Egypt for a vassal. Russia's explorations and conquests in the country between the Caspian and Afghanistan have opened up a large trade and have been of the greatest effect in raising the land to the plane where civilization can make its way. The slave markets of the Turcoman have been closed at Khiva and Bokhara; and the railroad now carries Russian goods into Persia and a long way east of the Caspian sea. The projected road from Sami will give Russia command of the country to Herat, or within 600 miles from the British Indian line at Quetta. In all this region schools have been opened, military posts have been established to preserve order and every means has been taken to work up a demand for manufacturers.

Poisonous Wall Papers.

From The Medical Record.

From inquiry we have made there can be no doubt that, with one exception, all grades of colored wall papers manufactured in the United States contain more or less arsenic. This practice of introducing a poisonous substance into a covering for walls is the more reprehensible from the fact of its being totally unnecessary. One firm in London, England and one in New York produce wall papers having the most varied and brilliant coloring, which have not even a trace of arsenic in their composition, and there appears to be no reason for other manufacturers using poisonous colors, except that by doing so they make a higher profit on their manufactures. Arsenical colors are strong and about half the price of non-arsenical colors, and herein lies the secret of their persistent use by wall paper manufacturers; and it appears to us that the action of the Legislature is called for to put a stop to the practice.

We find, also, that a class of colors used by wall paper manufacturers (who claim to sell non-poisonous wall paper), which have not arsenic as a base, really contains much of this substance. We refer to colors composed of some white compound, such as whitening as a base, which is stained with aniline. These colors are very largely in use, and, of course, contain arsenic introduced with the aniline. The vehicle usually employed to give body and adhesiveness to the coloring being glue, often made from hides prepared with arsenic, this substance is constantly introduced by such means. It is therefore clear that the practice followed by the firms in question, of employing permanently an expert chemist, who tests every package of color and glue by the Marsh test, which indicates the presence of the twenty-thousandth part of a grain, is the only method by which non-arsenical wall papers can be produced. The public appear under the impression that arsenical poisoning from wall papers is due to portions of arsenic in powder being dusted off the walls. Such is not the case; the chief danger lies in the fact that, in damp weather, the arsenic undergoes decomposition, and forms, in combination with other substances present, arseniuretted hydrogen, which diffuses in the room, and being a deadly poison causes sickness to the inmates. This form of arsenical poisoning is more to be dreaded than that from the particles removed by attrition; the latter, however, being also a source of danger to health.

Mixing Witchcraft and Medicine

From the Erie (Penn.) Dispatch.

A Peach street physician reports a peculiar case of witch charming that recently came under his observation.

A family named Yaber, living a few miles from the city on the Lake road, called him in to attend to their child who was subject to fits through teething. The doctor learned that an aged itinerant quack who has the reputation of being a witch doctor, had called and insisted that the little lad could be cured without medicine. The doctor found a small muslin bag suspended with a string around the child's neck. The bag was sewed up and inside of it was a sheet of fool-cap paper closely bent together. One side was filled with writing in high German. The doctor further learned that the aged doctor had left a long briar switch, and after he had tied the bag around the child's neck he told the mother that whenever the child became restless she should take the switch and vigorously beat the air about the child's crib to drive off the supposed witches, who, he alleged, were holding a spell over the little one. The mother exhibited the switch but said she did not use it. He took off the bag, translated the manuscript and gave the result of his discovery to the parents.

The writing was a lengthy prayer to the Almighty to deliver James Yaber, the child, from all his enemies, who see but cannot be seen: "That they cannot come near me nor hurt me, body or soul. Little pigs of my bed and all bad spirits, I forbid ye my bed, my house, my property. I forbid ye the nail holes of my house until the hills jump, all the water bubbles; until all the leaves be counted on the hills. Ye have taken hold of my bones, so fall back again. I pray to the Almighty I may be well again. I throw myself at thy feet. Bless me! Bless me! Amen." It is said that the old witch doctor is carrying on his practices in a number of families, and that a prosecution will follow.

The Use of Petroleum.

Boston Advertiser.

There was consumed or lost in one way or another during each day of the year 1884, an average of 66,000 barrels of petroleum. Here is the basis for some entertaining mathematical work the aim in view being to determine how long the oil supply of this country is likely to last. If 25,000,000 barrels are consumed each year there must be a hole of considerable size left in the earth's interior, and as the oil yielding region is not, comparatively speaking, very extensive, this hole must ultimately represent more than a minor fraction of what was once the seemingly inexhaustible source of oil supply. If, twenty years from now, the oil wells fail, their loss will not be the blow it once would have been. Electricity has made oil a convenience, not a necessity, and, long before the wells run dry, in genuity will probably have placed the new light at the command of the poor and isolated, as well as the rich and the crowded.

PINCKNEY DISPATCH.

J. L. NEWKIRK, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Pinckney, Michigan, Thursday, March 12, 1885.

The President seems to have some decided convictions upon Mormon polygamy. It is to be hoped he will find effective means for removing the offensive cancer.

By a bill recently passed by the Dakota legislature, South Dakota is free to adopt a state constitution and apply to congress for admission to the sisterhood of states. This territory has the wealth and population, and is justly entitled to a star in the old flag.

Amid the wreck of his fortune and the ashes of his hopes the renowned hero of the war endures with calm fortitude the physical and mental pains of the last ordeal. All history does not present a spectacle more touching than the closing scene in the life of General Grant. It seems that relief from his keen suffering must speedily come. But a few days and the great spirit of him whom a Nation loves and the world honors will have passed from earth.

All parties seem to be very well satisfied with the following cabinet officers appointed by President Cleveland: Secretary of State—Thos. F. Bayard, of Delaware; Secretary of the Treasury—Daniel Manning, of New York; Secretary of War—Wm. C. Endicott, of Massachusetts; Secretary of the Interior—L. Q. C. Lamar, of Mississippi; Secretary of the Navy—Wm. C. Whitney, of New York; Postmaster-General—Wm. F. Vilas, of Wisconsin; Attorney-General—A. H. Garland, of Arkansas.

The inaugural address of President Cleveland was not too long, and therefore it has been generally read. His recommendations and suggestions as to anything new in the way of legislation are few. They relate to matters of paramount interest. In this respect he followed the example of a majority of his predecessors. Washington, in his first inaugural, dwelt chiefly on the reserved rights and liberties of the States. He delivered no address at his second inauguration. John Adams urged his countrymen to be vigilant against interference with "free, fair, virtuous and independent elections." In his first inaugural address Jefferson advised the most watchful frugality in public expenditures and jealous care of popular elections. His second inaugural was empty of suggestions. Madison advocated a strong navy and an efficient militia. His second address was retrospective. Monroe spoke vigorously in support of a protective tariff. John Quincy Adams asked Congress to continue the construction of national roads as "the most important and beneficent duty of the Federal Government." Jackson declared that he had been called upon by the people to reform the Government by turning out officials who had interfered in elections; and at his second inauguration he put in a plea for the Federal Union, which seemed to be threatened by the nullification movement. Van Buren lauded the Constitution. Harrison's address was of enormous length and was devoted to the numerous abuses that had grown up under a loose administration of affairs. Tyler intimated that office-seekers could have what they wanted. Polk traveled over a good deal of ground, deprecating the slavery agitation, warning the people against the vice of reputation, opposing the government deposit banks and favoring a tariff for revenue. Taylor said nothing of importance. Pierce reaffirmed the Monroe doctrine and advocated the acquisition of Cuba. Buchanan spoke of the mischievous agitation of the slavery question, referred to the corrupting effects of a too redundant revenue, and advised Congress to revise the tariff. Lincoln's inaugural address dealt wholly with the great questions of slavery and the civil war. They were the perfection of reason

and of oratory. Johnson referred only to the tragic event which had made him President. Grant said in his first address, that he could have no policy to enforce against the will of the people and that "the best way to deal with a bad law was to rigidly enforce it." In his second inaugural he favored civil service reform. Hayes advocated local self government in the South and pledged himself to a thorough reform of the civil service. Garfield reviewed the first century of American history, denounced the shotgun policy, suggested that there was danger in the continued coinage of the silver dollar, advocated American control of inter-oceanic canals and a system of fixed but limited tenure of office for subordinates. Arthur spoke of the overwhelming calamity that had befallen the Nation and did not enter upon a discussion of public questions. Cleveland indulged for the most in well-sounding, convenient and harmless generalities.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Correspondent.

March 7, 1885.

The unanimous verdict of the inauguration is that it was the most brilliant, enjoyable and generally successful occasion of the kind in the history of the government. More people were here, and they enjoyed themselves better than ever before.

The festivities proceeded without a hitch or disappointment from beginning to end. But the chief sight was not what the people saw, but the people themselves.

Never was there such a notable gathering on the continent. And in mere numbers, the crowds excelled anything known outside of a few exceptional gatherings, such as the Philadelphia centennial. The multitude which faced President Cleveland to hear his views and be witnesses to his covenant with the nation was perhaps the largest body of citizens ever collected in one spot. Experts differ widely as to the number, but many judges of crowds estimated it as high as one hundred thousand, or even higher. Fully a quarter of a million people flanked the procession, and at night the same vast crowd choked the broad acres of the White Lot to see the fireworks. The ball was a popular, as well as artistic triumph, here again the people crowded by thousands in an unprecedented jam.

The members of President Cleveland's cabinet have been known for some days, save as a slight uncertainty clouded one or two names, and as now published the list occasions, therefore little surprise. The chosen names have been accepted by the country as quite satisfactory, except that the west is disposed to think in has received too little purely geographical consideration. There is objection, too, in other sources to the prominence given to New York. The fitness of Senators Bayard and Garland for their respective desks is universally acknowledged; Senator Lamar has no special adaptation to his allotted department work but his presence at the President's council board will be very valuable. Of the men less known in Washington Mr. Manning comes with a high reputation for executive ability as well as for good judgement as a politician. Mr. Vilas is known rather as an orator than a statesman, but will no doubt make an efficient Postmaster General. Mr. Whitney has shown great energy and tact as a lawyer and politician, and will bring these qualities to bear in his new duties at the head of the Navy department. Judge Endicott, of Massachusetts, stands well in his profession and in the party. He will no doubt prove a worthy successor to Secretary Lincoln. The cabinet as a whole, is one designed for hard work, and well equipped for its duties.

One of the bright spots on the record of the Forty-eighth Congress was the passage at the last moment of the bill putting Grant on the retired list with the rank and pay of a general. The democrats are to be praised for sinking their party spirit and their disappointment at the failure of the Porter bill in order to recognize the claims of Gen. Grant to the bonnage of the country. It is painful to think that Grant may not be able to long enjoy the benefits of yesterday's act, but his spirit will be none the less appreciated.

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The Best SALV for the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Canker, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale, at WINCHELL'S DRUG STORE.

The kidneys cannot perform their proper office when diseased and at the same time expel the impurities that should pass off through their proper action. A few doses of Kellogg's Columbian Oil will convince the most skeptical that it acts directly on the kidneys.

Kellogg's Columbian Oil is composed of vegetable products in a highly concentrated form, and acts directly on the kidneys. It cures rheumatism, and all other aches and pains.

A Remarkable Escape.

Mrs. Mary A. Dailey, of Tunkhannock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was spared, until in last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months.

Free trial bottle of this certain cure of all throat and lung diseases at Winchell's Drug Store. Large bottle \$1.

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The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the liver, biliousness, jaundice, constipation, weak kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at 50 cents a bottle at Winchell's Drug Store.

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Horse Breeding in America.
Fifteen million of horses are now owned in America, and more than a million a year must be bred to keep up the supply. The largest portion of these are used for agricultural and heavy draft purposes and such horses bring from \$175 to \$200 each. It would be impossible to breed them if it were not for the importations of Percheron horses. 500 stallions are now annually imported from France to the United States. The immense wealth they are adding to the nation will be better understood when it is known that the first cross of a Percheron stallion with a native mare doubles the selling value of the colt when mature. Large numbers of Percheron stallions are exported from the United States by Canadian breeders to renew the old French blood so highly prized and also to give quality, style and action to the large English draft and Clydesdale stock which has been bred there so long. Nearly one hundred Percheron stallions have been sold to Canada during the past two years by M. W. Dunham, "Oaklawn Farm," Wayne, Illinois, the greatest importer of the French race, who has imported from France nearly 2,000 head. He now has on hand several hundred of the finest Percherons to be found in France, nearly all recorded with their pedigrees in the Percheron Stud Book of France.

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AROUND ABOUT.

County court house has received some repairs.

Delor Rorabacher has opened a meat market at Whitmore Lake.

Mrs. Avir Gould, aged 71 years, died at Brighton Feb. 28th.

It is reported that Arthur Hankins, of Hamburg, has drawn a \$500 prize with a Chicago Paper.

L. Miller, ex-editor, has built a store and some offices for rental purposes at Pratt, Kansas.—Livingston Republican.

The principal of the Leslie schools wrote in a letter to the Local what the parents want their children to go to the skating rink or to school.

A meeting of the faculty of the medical university was held recently to consider the proposition of removing the university hospital to Detroit. The Courier thinks it a scheme of Prof. McLean's which won't go down.

With the new bank, Greig's two brick stores and Bullock's new brick block on Lake-st., G. D. Hamilton's and Esau Mitchell's new bricks on Main Street with several new dwellings, our little city will present quite a different appearance a year hence.—South Lyon Picket.

At the Howell corporation election three tickets were in the field—Republican, Democratic and Prohibition. It resulted in a clean sweep for the Republicans with majorities ranging from 40 to 143. The following are the officers elected:

President—Jay Corson.
Vice-President—Geo. H. Chapel.
Treasurer—Geo. W. Axtell.
Trustees—Thos. G. Switzer, Edgar Noble, Frank J. Holt, Calvin Wilcox.

A tramp was brought to the jail Monday night who had his left limb frozen way to the knee. He was quite an old man, and said he had been denied lodging everywhere, and had tried to keep warm by a fire built in the woods, but failed. His limb was a sight to behold. He will be cared for at the poor house probably.—Ann Arbor Courier.

Six convicts escaped from the state prison Tuesday evening of last week by burrowing under the wall at the north west corner of the yard where they were at work. Darkness prevented their capture and only one was recovered: He was found in a caboose on a freight train. Men at once started in pursuit and are canvassing the country at last accounts. Large rewards are offered. They were serving sentences as follows: Geo. Murray, seven years for burglary; Geo. Willson, for life, murder; Frank Deacon, 10 years, robbery; James Lawson, 15 years, for burglary and assault; John Ryan, 15 years, for burglary; Richard Talbot, the one recovered, 15 years, for manslaughter.

MICHIGAN PATENTS.

The following patents were granted to citizens of Michigan bearing date March 3, 1885. Reported expressly for this paper by Louis Bagger & Co., Mechanical Experts and Solicitors of Patents, Washington, D. C. Advice free.

Barker, C. C., and T. Craney, Bay City, floating log-loader.

Barker, C. C., and T. Craney, Bay City, floating log crib.

Beach, T. C., Detroit, table.

Devine, Edward, Detroit, pipe-bending machine.

Doddridge, L. M., Stanton, extension table.

Eldredge, A. W., Big Rapids, dental engine.

Elliott, J. T., Grand Rapids, water-proof compound.

Hamberg, P. T., Grand Rapids, automatic fire-kinder.

Harmon, Decatur, Ionia, steam generator.

Hessen, Hendrick, Tecumseh, clay-crusher.

Hitzert, Albert, East Saginaw, barrel hoop machine.

Martin, W. G., Ypsilanti, cultivator.

Orbits, H. H., and M. Willet, Detroit, faucet.

Parker, Geo., Bay City, device for throttling steam engines.

Robinson, M. L., Adrian, stock-rack.

WATCHES



WATCHES

1847

Roger Brothers

PLATED WARE!

10 per cent below

COST.

BARTON & CAMPBELL.

ART NEEDLEWORK!

BRIGGS' TRANSFER PATTERNS

—AND—

EMBROIDERY SILKS.

Over 300 shades of fine imported embroidery silks so graded as to make artistic work possible to all. We have just put in a full line of these silks to accompany the Briggs' Patterns and can supply any wants less than you can buy them elsewhere. Ladies, please call and see the silks and receive free samples of Briggs' Patterns. —WINCHELL'S DRUG STORE.

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THAT

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With Red Tin Tag, is the best. Is the purest; is never adulterated with glucose, barytes, molasses, or any deleterious ingredients, as is the case with many other tobaccos.

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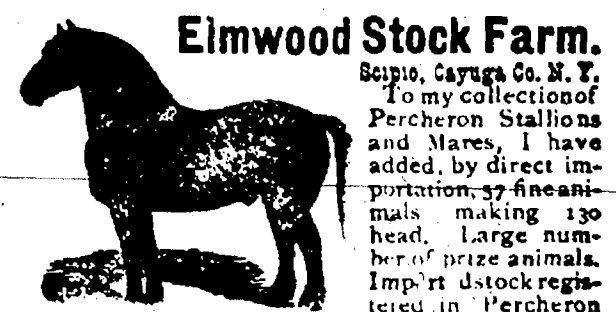
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Superior, Cayuga Co., N. Y. To my collection of Percheron Stallions and Mares, I have added, by direct importation, 37 fine animals, making 130 head. Large number of prize animals. Import stock registered in Percheron Stud Book of France and America. All stallions warrant breeders. New catalogues out soon. Station Eugene, on South Central R. R. JOHN W. AKIN

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TOILET GOODS & PERFUMERY.

I am now prepared at all times to give careful personal attention to the compounding of physicians' prescriptions or family recipes.

A full line of the Standard Prepared and Proprietary Medicines.

We now keep in stock an assortment of Tobaccos, ground and unground Spices, Lamps and Lamp trimmings of all sorts, Kerosene Oil, Washing Soaps, Matches, Oat Meal, Cracked Wheat, Tapioca, etc.

Headquarters for Picture Frames, Framed Chromos, and Artists' Materials. I have a neat assortment of mouldings from which I will cut frames to order at reasonable prices.

Winchell's Central Drug Store,

WEST MAIN ST., PINCKNEY.

AT COST! AT COST!

—We will sell you—

UNDERWEAR, GLOVES & MITTENS

FLANNEL SHIRTS, ETC., ETC.

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Which we are selling below par.

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Contains the most Practical Game of Cities ever published. It gives the location, population, and general information of all leading cities of U.S.A. This fascinating game can be understood at once, and is an interesting and profitable occupation for Young Men and Ladies. It pleases old and young. For Parties, Social Gatherings, etc., it is a most lively game, affording much fun and sport. Send for a Set at once: you can always well entertain the family and your friends. Complete Set of 50 Cards, with colored illustrations, compass for 500 American Agents, 125 Clark St. Chicago.

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Can You?

We venture to say that no reader upon reading the subjoined paragraph at first sight, will pronounce all the words correctly. Try it.

A scrofulous son of Belial, having exhausted his finances, in order to make good the deficit, resolved to ally himself to a comely, lenient and docile young lady of the Malay or Caucasian race. He accordingly purchased a calico and a necklace of chameleon hue, and having secured a suite of rooms at a leading hotel near the depot, he engaged the head waiter as his coadjutor. He then dispatched a letter of the most unexceptional caligraphy extant, inviting the young lady to a matinee. She revolved at the idea, refused to consider herself sacrificable to his design, and sent a polite note of refusal, on receiving which he said he would not now forge letters hymeneal with the queen. He then procured a carbine and a bowie-knife, went to an isolated spot behind an abode of squalor, severed his jugular vein and discharged the contents of the carbine into his abdomen. The debris was removed by the coroner, who, leading a life of belles-lettres and literature, had become a sergeant-at-arms in the legislature of Arkansas.

The sudden and remarkable growth of the roller-skating pastime has created a constantly increasing demand for a certain size of box-wood for rollers, and where eighteen months ago a ton of three-inch wood brought \$30 it is now impossible to buy a ton for \$120. The price has trebled in less than a year. At the present rate of consumption the world will be practically exhausted of its boxwood in less than twelve months, unless some equally cheap and durable substitute is found to take its place. Boxwood grows in Persia and Turkey, is of very slow growth and in its native country, stringent timber laws restrict the depletion of the growing trees. Roller-skate manufacturers have tried rubber, celluloid, vulcanized fibre and compressed paper as a substitute for boxwood rollers, but for one reason or another they have proved unsatisfactory. Dogwood, apple, pepperidge, laurel and lignum-vita have also been tried by skate manufacturers, but they have all been rejected, and nothing has yet been found which in all respects is as good for the purpose as boxwood. (Water-town Times).

A few days ago a gentleman who had noticed the signs of rats eating corn kept in a large open bin on his place, was much puzzled at their ingenuity in getting out, as from the shape of the bin, while it was an easy matter to get in, getting out seemed impossible. The sides of the bin are very smooth and slope inward, making it out of the question for the rats to climb out. A day or two later, hearing rats in the bin, he made a slight noise and watched to see how they got out. One old rat ran from his hiding place on the outside of the bin to the top of it, and lowered himself down inside until he held on only by his forepaws and head. His friends, seizing his tail, climbed up this rat ladder until the last one was out, when he drew himself out and scampered off. (Fayetteville (Tenn.) Observer).

A singular freak of nature is shown in the case of Mrs. Polly George, a lady well known to many citizens, who lives two miles from Milburn in this county. Mrs. G. is 76 years old, the mother and the grandmother of a large family in the county. During her life she has out and shed her teeth twice, and now has commenced to cut her third set, having cut four teeth within the past month—two above and two below. She did also, a little over a year ago, shed her hair, which was white with age, and is now replaced with a suit of black hair with an occasional silver thread only. (Wickliffe, Ky., Journal).

Paris now has a Buddhist temple, a priest from Ceylon being the officiating clergyman.

DELICATE DISEASES

of either sex, however induced, speedily, thoroughly and permanently cured. Complicated and obstinate cases of blood taints, ulcers, obstructions, unnatural discharges, exhausted vitality, premature decline, nervous, mental, and organic debility, varicose, hydrocele, diseases of prostate gland, kidneys and bladder, piles, fistulas and ruptures, all permanently cured. Staff of twelve expert specialists in constant attendance, constituting the most complete organization of medical and surgical skill in America. Send history of case and address for illustrated pamphlet of particulars. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N.Y.

The best toboggans are made of birch and velvet-cushioned and cost from \$20 to \$50 a pair.

DROWSINESS IN THE DAY-TIME

unless caused by lack of sleep or from over-eating, is a symptom of disease. If it be accompanied by general debility, headache, loss of appetite, coated tongue and sallow complexion, you may be sure that you are suffering from biliousness and consequent derangement of the stomach and bowels. Dr. Pierce's "Pleasant Purgative Pellets" are a sure cure for all ailments of this nature. They cleanse and purify the blood and relieve the digestive organs.

Rome is now provided with the American rocking chair and stove and her inhabitants presumably are happy.

When all so-called remedies fail, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures.

AGREEABLE TO EVERYBODY.

Col. Robert G. King, for ten years Deputy Collector Internal Revenue, Baltimore, Maryland, writes: "I endorse the Red Star Cough Cure. I have used it in my family for a violent cough and found it excellent. Its use was entirely free from the depressing effects of other cough remedies. It can readily be taken, and agrees with and benefits everybody suffering from throat and lung troubles. The relief is permanent, and there is no reaction."

Sylvester Talcott, one of the principals in the celebrated McCormick reaper suits, is dead. He was a prominent anti-slavery worker, and a great friend of Abraham Lincoln.

There is nothing like Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil to quickly cure a cold or relieve hoarseness. Written by Mrs. M. J. Fellows, Burr Oak, St. Joseph Co., Mich.

There are 628 newspapers and periodicals published in foreign languages in this country, of which 483 are in German.

A WEAK BACK, with a weary aching lameness over the hips, is a sign of diseased kidneys. Use the best kidney curative known, which is Burdock Blood Bitters.

Although China contains armies of professional beggars, not one has ever been found in this country.

CURE FOR CHOLERA.—Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil according to directions. It is the best remedy for all sudden attacks of colds, pain and inflammation, and injuries.

Li Shanlan, the greatest Chinese mathematician of the present century, has just died at Peking. He differed from European mathematicians in that he denied the non-existence of a point.

Clipped from Canada Presbyterian under signature of C. Blackett Robinson, Propr.: "I was cured of oft recurring bilious headaches by Burdock Blood Bitters."

"Am I on the right road to the village?" demanded a traveler of an old darkey who was at work in a field. "Yes, sah," said the darkey. The traveler pursued his way, but presently returned very mad. "I say," he shouted to the old fellow, "what did you mean by telling me I was on the right road to the village?" "I tol' you de truf, 'deed I did, boss," replied the darkey, "but yo' tuk de wrong direkshun, sah." (Drake's Magazine).

Harry Hull, once known as "the wickedest man in New York," recently had his saloon license revoked. A petition for a renewal of the license has since been circulated and signed by 60,000 men of the metropolis.

To cure an ordinary cough or cold take one dose of Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry before going to bed at night. It will cause a suspension of nervous excitability, allow you sweet repose, and by morning the cough will be gone. It is the best and therefore cheapest cure for coughs, colds and consumption; is sold by druggists generally, and ought to be found in every intelligent household.

A remarkable example of the facility with which deaf-mutes read the motions of the lips was given by a young lady of seventeen who is entirely deaf. Her teacher stood between the gaslight and the wall, thus outlining his profile distinctly. His pupil stood behind him and read from the shadow on the wall the words that he uttered.

Municipal suffrage has been granted to unmarried women and widows in Ontario and Nova Scotia, and full suffrage for women has been obtained in Washington Territory. So it seems the world moves.

Miss Della Young, a daughter of Brigham Young, has married a New York physician.

Quack doctors, electric belt and other swindlers who live by frightening our young men and young women by nasty circulars, will find their occupations gone when it becomes generally known that Dr. Guyott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla is a certain cure for all weakness of the urinary organs, nervousness, etc. Obey the laws of health, take a few bottles of this simple remedy and you will soon be restored to perfect manhood and womanhood, free from all worry of mind and distress of body.

Queen Victoria has given one of her grand-sons a silver punch bowl and the temperance press think this hardly consistent with her Majesty's professed sympathy with the cause.

Mrs. Tom Thumb is soon to be married to "Count Rosebud." The wedding is to be a quiet one, after which the happy couple will make a six month's trip to Europe.

Menny a phool haz passed thru life with fair success by taking a back seat and sticking to it. (Josh Billings).

There are only five cities in the United States with a population of more than 10,000 that are not in debt.

Remember a complete cure for aches, pains, sores, pimples, urinary sediments, disturbing dreams, nervousness, despondency, indigestion and general weakness of mind and body, brought on by improper habits or otherwise, is found in two or three bottles of Dr. Guyott's Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla, as has been proven by the experience of many who long suffered, but now feel well and strong in all parts of the body.

ATHOL, MASS., May 23, 1888.

"One bottle of HUNT'S (Kidney and Liver) REMEDY helped, and two completely cured me of kidney disease and severe pains in back and sides." James Cheney, with J. W. Goodman, Billard Table Manufacturer.

"Rough on Toothache." Instant relief. No "Rough on Itch" cures humor, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frost-bite, chilblains.

The police of London are to have electric bulls-eye lanterns, capable of revealing objects 150 feet distant.

VALUABLE AND CONVENIENT.—BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are a safe and sure remedy for Bronchitis, Coughs, and other troubles of the Throat and Lungs. Sold only in boxes. Price 25 cents.

It is expected that the Mormon temple at Salt Lake will be completed in four years and will cost \$3,000,000.

FOUR SCORE YEARS AND TEN have not seen the equal of Ely's Cream Balm as a remedy for Catarrh, Colds in the Head, and Hay Fever. It works like magic, giving relief at once, and permanent benefit. A thorough treatment cures the worst cases. Apply with the finger into the nostrils. Price 50 cents at druggists, sixty cents by mail. Ely Bros., Oswego, N.Y.

The principal adulterant in the manufacture of rubber overshoes is lampblack. The more lampblack the poorer the shoe.

"Rough on Hairs" clears out Hairs and Mites. No "Wells' Health Renewer" for weak men.

The women Buddhists of Ceylon live in the belief that if they behave themselves properly they will eventually become men.

"Rough on Corns," hard or soft corns, bunions, etc. "Bubba Pains," Great Kidney and Urinary Cure.

A town in New Jersey has turned its town hall into a skating rink in order to raise money to pay its debt.

"Rough on Coughs" Troches. A Liquid. No "Wells' Health Renewer" for delicate women.

There are 10,000 veterans stumping through the world on wooden legs, having lost their limbs in the United States civil war.

"Rough on Pain" Porous Plaster, No Liquid. No "Wells' Health Renewer" for dyspepsia, debility.

"Arizona now exports tannin." This is another avenue of usefulness closed to the Massachusetts schoolmarm.—Boston Transcript.

I HAVE used one bottle of Ely's Cream Balm and it is the best remedy I have found for Catarrh in fifteen years.—V. G. Babbs, Attorney, Hardinsburg, Ky.

Boston is to have a new opera house which will seat 3,500 people.

FOR ALL forms of nasal catarrh where there is dryness of the air passage with what is commonly called "stiffening up," especially when going to bed, Ely's Cream Balm gives perfect and immediate relief. Its benefit to me has been priceless.—A. G. Chase, M. D., Millwood, Kansas.

Pittsburg's natural gas costs 12 1/2 cents per 1,000 feet, not counting the quantity wasted in explosions.

A Perfect Remedy for all abrasions of the skin and all diseases of the feet of Horses and Cattle. Invaluable to Stockmen. Cole's Veterinary Carbolic, in 50c and \$1.00 cases. At Druggists or by mail, J. W. COLE & Co., Prop's, Black River Falls, Wis.

Queen Olga of Greece, is said to be the most beautiful woman now on the throne.

When you visit or leave New York City, via Central depot, save Baggage Expressage and \$3 Carriage Hire, and stop at the Grand Union Hotel, opposite said depot. Six hundred elegant rooms fitted up at a cost of one million dollars; \$1 and upwards per day. European plan. Elevator. Restaurant supplied with the best of care, stage and elevated railroad to all depots. Families can live better for less money at the Grand Union Hotel than at any other first-class hotel in the city.

Brooklyn contains more gambling houses than any other city in this country.

Solid Comfort.

Every one likes to take solid comfort and it may be enjoyed by everyone who keeps Kidney-Wort in the house and takes a few doses at the first symptoms of an attack of Malaria, Rheumatism, Biliousness, Jaundice or any affection of the Liver, Kidneys or Bowels. It is a purely vegetable compound of roots, leaves and berries known to have a special value in kidney troubles. Added to these are remedies acting directly on the Liver and Bowels. It removes the cause of disease and fortifies the system against new attacks.

Very Pretty as a Picture. Twenty-four beautiful colors of the Diamond Dyes for Silk, Wool, Cotton, etc., in each. A child can use with perfect success. Get at once at your Druggists, Wells, Richardson & Co., Burlington, Vt.

Red Star

TRADE MARK

COUGH CURE

Free from Opium, Emetics and Poisons.

A PROMPT, SAFE, SURE CURE

For Coughs, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Influenza, Colds, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Quins, Pains in Chest, and other affections of the Throat and Lungs.

Price 50 cents a bottle. Sold by Druggists and Dealers. Parties unable to induce their dealer to prominently sell for them will receive two bottles, Express charges paid, by sending one dollar to

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER COMPANY, Sole Owners and Manufacturers, Baltimore, Maryland, U. S. A.

DR. THOMAS' ELECTRIC OIL

CURES Rheumatism, Lumbago, Lamé Back, Sprains and Bruises, Asthma, Catarrh, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Diphtheria, Burns, Frost Bites, Tooth, Ear, and Headache, and all pains and Aches.

FOSTER, MILBURN & COMPANY, Proprietors, Buffalo, New York, U. S. A.

Purify Your Blood

Your blood may be laden with impurities, but Hood's Sarsaparilla will thoroughly cleanse, enrich and purify it. The most severe cases of scrofula, skin eruptions, boils, pimples, in fact all affections arising from impure blood, yield to Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. It also cures dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, kidney and liver complaints, sharpens the appetite, and builds up the whole system.

Charles O. Roberts, East Wilson, N. Y., had 13 large sores on his face and neck. Nothing helped him till he took Hood's Sarsaparilla, which effected a complete cure. His druggist says it is "A Great Victory" for Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has been used with perfect success in our family for cancer in the stomach and lungs. Continue its use as a family medicine." Mrs. F. E. Burton, Somerville, Mass.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA

Sold by all druggists. 25c. 50c. 1.00. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses ONE DOLLAR

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it. 25c.

The purest, sweetest and best Cod Liver Oil in the world was extracted from fresh healthy livers upon the sea shore. It is absolutely pure and sweet. Patients who have once taken it prefer it to all other preparations. Physicians have decided it superior to any of the other oils in market. Made by CAYWELL, HAZARD & CO., New York.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from errors of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of memory, etc., I will send a recipe that will cure you. FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send self addressed envelope to REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Cleanses the head, relieves inflammation, heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste, smell, hearing. A POSITIVE CURE.

CATARRH

Relieves and cures Catarrh of the Head, Throat, Lungs, etc. ELY'S CREAM BALM. MADE ONLY BY ELY BROS., OSWEGO, N.Y.

HAY-FEVER

Price 50c. by mail or at druggist. Send for circular. ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Oswego, N. Y.

ARE YOU DISCOURAGED

Has your physician failed to arrest the disease from which you are suffering? Are you losing faith in medicine and growing alarmed at your condition? If so, take

HOPS AND MALT BITTERS,

The Great Blood Purifier,

Compounded from the well-known curatives Hops, Malt, Buchu, Mandrake, Dandelion, Sarsaparilla, Cascara Sagrada, etc. They are never known to fail in all cases of

LIVER AND KIDNEY

Troubles. They cure Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Rheumatism and all urinary troubles. They invigorate, nourish, strengthen and quiet the nervous system.

As a tonic they have no equal. They are a rational cathartic and a powerful anti-bilious specific.

CAUTION

Should be exercised by persons when purchasing Hops and Malt Bitters. Do not get their attention led with other inferior articles of a similar name. For sale by all druggists and dealers. See that every label bears the name HOPS & MALT BITTERS CO., Detroit, Mich.

F. H. HINCHMAN & CO., Detroit, Mich. JAMES E. DAVIS & CO., Detroit, Mich. J. J. DODDS & CO., Detroit, Mich.

Barnabee's Songs:

OR AN EVENING WITH BARNABEE. The many thousands of delighted hearers who have spent "Evenings with Barnabee" will be more than pleased to see his famous Songs gathered in one volume. It is a book of the best comic songs extant. 21 Songs; 150 pages, sheet music style. Edited by Howard M. Dow. Price \$1.25.

Merry-Making Melodies. A Vocal Visitor to cheer the children. By Wade Whitcomb. A collection of the best and most popular songs, with accompaniments for Piano or Organ. Sheet music style. Well adorned with Pictures. Price 75c.

Fresh Flowers. The new and brilliant Song Book for the Younger Scholars, by EMMA PRATT. Very sweet hymns and tunes, not babyish, but nice. Plenty of Pictures. 2c. each, 25c. per doz.

Gems for Little Singers. For Primary Schools and the Kindergarten. By E. U. Emerson & C. Swaine. A great success. Full of sweet songs with picture illustrations. 30c. each, 25c. per doz.

3 Good Cantatas for Choral Societies and Glee Clubs. By Eugene Towner. A thrilling story of Highland life. Christ's Forest, (1) The Sea Road, (2) Canada, by Rhinoceros and Merces, (3) 75c. (1) Scenes from the Revolution by Trowbridge and Cobb.

Mailed for the Retail Price. LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO. OLIVER DITSON & CO. BOSTON.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW! Buy the Porter Hay Carrier, the only carrier that uses this new improvement. Ask your dealer to send you J. R. PORTER, Ottawa, Ill., for circular showing this new invention. Pat. April 17, 1883.

AGENTS

Handling other novelties and specialties with great profit. Sell on sight. We will send, prepaid, 50 Samples, for 10 cents ADDRESS: NATIONAL NOVELTY CO., 315 COURT AVE., DES MOINES, IA.

Did you Sup-

pose Mustang Liniment only good for horses? It is for inflammation of all flesh.

R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CURES AND PREVENTS

Cold, Sore Throat, Lumbago, Pleurisy, Coughs, Pneumonia, Inflammation, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Toothache, Asthma.

In these cases the READY RELIEF should be applied freely over the affected parts until a burning sensation is felt, and it will be found in every case that the READY RELIEF is a quick, safe, powerful and reliable remedy. In severe cases, when danger is threatened, one or two doses of DR. RADWAY'S FILLS will help the READY RELIEF in effecting a cure.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Cure for every Pain, Sprain, Bruise, Fains in the Back, Chest, or Limbs. It was the first and is the only Pain Remedy.

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, of large inflammation, and cures Obstructions, whether in the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs by one application.

A teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water, will, in a few moments, cure Croup, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Colic, Vomiting, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Stomachic, Sick Headache, Diarrhoea, Colic, Flatulence, and all internal Pains.

MALARIA in its Various Forms.

There is not a remedial agent in this world that will cure Fever and Ague, and all other Malarious, Bilious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and other fevers, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Price 50c. per bottle. Sold by druggists.

DR. RADWAY'S

Sarsaparillian Resolvent

The Great Blood Purifier.

For the cure of all Chronic Diseases, Chronic Rheumatism, Scrofula, Glandular Swelling, Eczema, Dry Cough, Cancerous Affections, Syphilitic Genital Lesions, Stomachic, Dyspepsia, Water Bristles, White Swellings, Tumors, Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions of the Face, Ulcers, Skin and Hip Disease, Mercurial Diseases, Female Complaints, Scat, Dropsy, Rickets, Salt Rheum, Bronchitis, Consumption, Kidney, Bladder, Liver Complaints, etc.

Whether transmitted from parents or acquired, it is the curative range of the Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Often have been made where persons have been afflicted with Scrofula from their youth up to 20, 30, and 40 years of age, by

DR. RADWAY'S

REGULATING PILLS

For the cure of all disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Kidney, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Loss of Appetite, Headache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Bowels, Piles and all derangements of the Internal Viscera. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, minerals, or deleterious drugs. Price, 25 Cts. per box. Sold by all druggists.

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Send a letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., No. 42, Warren Street, New York. Information worth thousands will be sent to you.

SEND YOUR NAME

To C. E. SCHMIDT, Commissioner of Immigration, A. T. & S. F. R. R., Topeka, Kan., and he will send you a FREE map, pamphlet, etc., giving information about Land, Stock-raising, Farming, Fruit-growing, Mining, Manufacturing, etc., in Kansas, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona, California or Old Mexico, and about the splendid opportunities now offered in the Southwest.

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Lorillard's Climax Plug

bearing a red N. tag; that Lorillard's Rose Leaf Plug cut; that Lorillard's Navy Cuttings, and that Lorillard's Savilla, are the best and cheapest, quality considered.

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STRAIT NEWS. It will pay any intelligent man or woman seeking profitable employment to write for Illustrated Circular and terms of Agency for this Celebrated Weekly, which by reason of its intrinsic merit is meeting with such widespread success in both University Hospitals. Ask your druggist, or send for Circular, Box 2555, New York, N.Y.

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Card, used in new type, as W. A. SHEPHERD, 6115 Grand Florida, Antwerp, Belgium, with quotations, 12 page Illustrated Premium and Price List and Agent's Catalogue, all for 15c. ENOW & CO., Ypsilanti, Conn.

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W. N. U. D-3-11

A Clear Skin

is only a part of beauty; but it is a part. Every lady may have it; at least, what looks like it. Magnolia Balm both freshens and beautifies.

every swimmer. These muscular exertions, however, give rise only to the slightest and more localized forms of cramp. Serious cramp is a peril which menaces most persons with highly-developed muscles. Its most powerful and most avoidable cause is the sudden immersion of the body, when its surface is highly heated, in water of a relatively low temperature.—*British Medical Journal*.

Figure 1. A schematic diagram of the experimental setup. The subject is seated in a chair, viewing a screen. The screen displays a target (a small circle) and a starting point (a small circle). The subject's hand is positioned at the starting point. The distance between the starting point and the target is labeled as d . The subject's hand is moved towards the target, and the distance between the hand and the target is labeled as x . The subject's hand is moved towards the target, and the distance between the hand and the target is labeled as x .

that her back hair was coming down.

~~which is objectionable.~~

facing death."—Philadelphia Call