## PINCKNEY DISPATCH.

VOL III
PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1885
N0. 21



## mitvessed agairst.

A brave baritone voice was heard among the roses and syrangas at the ing pearly clusters of the Baltimore ton:

## 

Leslie Darrell ourled her red lipn turn her beautiful head one inch, though she knew John Maddern was waiting for a glance; and she carried from the vine as many rosesas courd olpse around, y never once tarned her face toward the spot under the locust tree, where the Was it mers caprice? John Mad dern knew that his aweetheaft was always spoiled, he argued, with a tende smile.
To-day there was a lurking uneasiand his adopted son had come from Florida the day betore. Did handsome was? Her consin, she called hin: Cousin, forsooth! That graceful. Span ish-looking fellow, of seven-and-twentr, shapen dwarf, who, roling in riches, heir
Onfing would think there would be the Lilies at the intruder, since Leslie had always been considrred Luthe grandmother's idol; but how the in truder had disarmed all resentmen zaanners
"Who was the good looking fellow?" he had heard him ask Leshic.
With that air of quiet indifference Leslig had rep
"Mr. Maddern is one of our old neigh bor's."
Ot neighbor, indeed
He had teeen' wild Ho had been wild about her ever since the There had only been stately
Lilies. Tham Durrell and the sweet, dying
Madam $\underset{\text { servants. }}{\text { girl, Aida }}$
He had never known what ailed Aid
Darrell, but slie was fading, like a flowe from day to day. Before the year end
ed the young sister was called from He had been commissioned by Madam to meot her at the train
young creature she was! They had sof ened the blow for her. he did not
know that her lovely sister, Aida, neeud heart-was beyond pain, in a casket o lilles-but her pitiful ignorance maze
his heart ache while he wondered at her When he saw her again the bright impetuosity was gone, the young face
clonded with weoping, but the charm
the girl had cast over him staved. He the girl had cast over him stayed.
loved her.
After that she had remained at the come to know him well in allt the changes
of that time. Did she care that he loved

Ting Leslie to bay buite serious, but ther was a certain shy uplifting of the dark quite his own-a smile he believed to be
his only-and it is easy at five-and-twenAdrian Delafield did know that Les-
Die was beautiful, having and a taste similar to most nen's.
He surveyed the dark lustrous eyes and it was he who put it into Luthe and it was he who put it into Luther
Delafield's head that Leslio must go to
the White Mountans with them in August. Leslie accepted the invitation ame Darreli consented.
People always needed money whener ey was.- Compa ed to Luther Delafield's half a million The latter felt all this, though not word was siad; and he was proud, and
would not beg for Leeslie's love, since she, to
ent.
So,
So, one flne summer day, the party
departed for the

## might The trip was to be made as extensive

 the most delightful of companions knowing the legend of every waterfall,the best ascents, the loveliest retreats. Sueht ascerits, the loveliest retreats. Such days of enjoyment, such hours Enown.
And one evening by Echo Lake she
looked up into Adrina Dclateld's face and out of.thie
nocently siaid:
It arent jourbappy ?n anatched the white hands. young man
"I never was so happy in my hife,

Leslio! Who would not be, here with
yon?
For one little instant Leslie shrank
from the vebement Every heart 女noweth its own socreto,
and if there was a bondage anl nana-
nowledged, it was a vague and swe nnowledged, it was a vague and sweet
one, and left the girl uuruspecting that ne, and left the girl uususpecting that
er glad, frees way might be porilous to nuther man kind hoart shrank from th giving of instaut pain, and whether
Adrian Delafild saspeted the truth or not, ine was no novice in wo.
and pursued his advantage.
Leslie could not be insensible to the constantly offereed her , and since the trip gave Adrian Delafield, in the accidente
of travel, every advantage, the chances Trew fast in his favor.
The lover present hid the lover absen ham her view... And at elghteen, per.
hans women are apt to be inconstant.
Step by step the man of the world Step by step the man of the world
dvanced, until he believed he needed
only her promise to make only her promise to make Leslie his
own. And Leslie-- she seemed in a glor
fied world, where there was neithe
corrow nor pain. All the bright sur sorrow nor pain. Ald the bright sur
rounding scene glowed in a rose-color
To see beyond the prosent was impossiThe stopped, one day, at an old
Tarm housc, with (quaint, diamond paned windows. Leslie fancied the wainscot
ed rooms and the old garden of holly hacks and fragrant son sitinn wooa, and
waited in the suny sitting room, like
one in a pleasant dream, for her dinuer. Her uncle and his adopted son had
gone to make sure that their leautifal
carriage horses would receive the best of care.
Suddenly the wind blown boughs of
the door yard cherry tree parted he a shaft of sunshine upon the dia-
mond panes of the window, and Leslie aw writing there, and rose to read it.
Scratclued by a dianond were the ainss "Adrain Airlie" and "Aida Dar-
cell," and a date was added. The roon reeled around, but the evi-
dence was before her ceves. Her lhesta garrulous, common place little man-
strolled into the room aud observed her
occupation. ccupation. if the gentleman' 11 remem
"Wonder
ber when he wrote them names. Lem mes wee; 't was nigh three years aro. 1
knew him the monent I laid my eve knew him the monnent I laid my eges
on him. I'm powerful good at recollec-
tin' faces. You're not like the other one. She was smaller an' fairer, though not
ny better lookin' 'T was ndiamon'
ing he writ 'em with-a mighty fin ring he writ 'em with-a mighty fin
one."
Two shadows had paused in the door-
way, as Leslie turned. Way, as Leslie turned.
Youn would not have known the
girl she was so white nad stern.
"Your name-was it Adriin Arlic?" "Your name-was it Admian Aric?
she demanded
No answer; but there was guilt in the No answer; bui
mans funee
"Yes," said her uncle, "his name was
Arie before he took mine" Arlie before he took mine."
For one little moment. Leslie looked
into the shallow shrinling black eyes. into the shallow shrinking black eyes.
Then she turred away disdanful as a
princess, and drew out her yatch.
"What time for the trake me Mr. Mrudge? Yata in
dear uncle, I must return lome. No
persuasion would induco me to stay
here!' One evening John Maddern sta
sadly into the garden of lilies.
girl rose up frcm a rustic chuir

## irl rose up from a rustic chair. "John "" she cried gladyy Soon they were walking arm .

 ander the locusts in the t tifilightit."I never told you, John, but iny sister Aida died of a broken heart. Long ago
when my mothcr was estranged from
her parents because she mpryid her parents because she married against
their will, we lost father and mother, "Aida was but sixteen. She went
into a rich famity in New Hampshire as governess, while I was tossed from
pillar to post by indifferent friencls--u
troublesome little imp, ther said. Adrian Aas uplie. She tha was very pretty
then, when in health. They were bethon,
trothed. She wore his diamond ring.
Porr Ada! so onely, so loving!
"He was only am, left her to break her heart. Grandrad brought us home at graund, us death.
She needed us as much as wo ned her needed us as mucli as ive needed
She had anine huse in the city,
but she brought Aida here, seeing her "No, she never knew! Aida wrote Oh, I cannot tell you how I hare wept
over that letter. He was all her world, and she hoped so that he would come
back to her.
"I can understund how bright he made life for hers for a little wrigile, and
then he left her-nothing. Aida would hen he left her-nothing. Nida would
have lived to ob liappy but for his self.
iskness and cruelty. When Ithink that I might have loved hi
should die of shem
"Don't blame me
have nut seen a great deal of men, and I ever met. Yet to-day I hant him-
or hate to the core a nature all sellishness
and insincerity!
"Thank God, I found out before too
latel John, if I have given you auy latel John, if have given you auy
pain, will you forgive me?",
And John Maderc knew that the
girl that he took into his arms was all girl that
his own.
A pair of spectacles rocently tarncd Roast Lea or Pork. - Cut a slit near fower. -The bows are of steel, au and onion, chopped Ano, aud seasoned eighth of an inch wide, and the glass is with pepper and salt, with or without
as thick as plateglass, making the bread crumbs. Rul, swect oil on the
weight of the spectacles five ounces.
ukin to prevant blistering and make

PARM, PIELD AND FIRESIDE. Mr. G. L. Hulbert, Berlin, Mich. mold $\$ 108$ worth of aage last year and "Hog" is defined by The Cedar Rapds Repablican as "on
It is estimated that 200,000 tons oat angar will be consumed in th
ountry during the coning jear.
They have found one place in Oregon nere the som is only seven feet deep,
nde pople are pointing to it and and tis people are pointing to it and
calling: "Come West, if you wan
eternal summer."-Detroit. Free Press. $\mathbf{M r}$. John Gould remarks that it is better to buy a good animal with a poor pedigree.
In counting railroad freights, the charge in generally by the ton. Thirty-
hree and one-third hashels of wheat
or $352-3$ bushels of corne "Too much style" is said by the Lapsing Republisan to have cost a
shoolmistress her position at Yankee
Sptings Mich "She was disnissed Sptings, Mich. "She was dismissed
because she would not eat fat pork." The discomiture and helplessness of
he Washburn \& Moen barbed wire 3harks ghows what the people can d
with a monopoly if they set about it.Western Rural.
A Dakota correspendent says flax is paying crnp there; that farmers mus give more attention to stock and less to
wheat; and, "hard times have caused a
stay in the advancing prices of lands." Pray look to the cellars. Decaying
pples, pumpkins, otatoes, cabbages, apples, pumpkins, otatoes, cabbages,
turnips and the like are thought to be
the causes of malignant fevers, diphthe causes of malignant fevers, diph-
theria and the like. that the era of whole६日le land robbery
bas nearly ended." "Goo reason
why," comments the Philadelphia Rec-
ord, "the wholesale land has nearly The barbed wire monopoly is ap-
proaching its end through the lapsing of patents. The Cnited States produces forty-
aight bushels of cereals for each person,
ag against the raising of eleven lushels
to each person in Great Britaiu and Ireland.
In looking about for help the coming season, bear in mind that poor
workmen are apt to ask as big wages as
good ones, although thes may be not good ones, although they may be not
worth lalif as much. Discriminate be-
tween the two classes, and pay It is generally best to cut all the one division of the woodlot, cutting
everything close, and protecting the everything close, and protecting the
sprouts from cattle. All will then grow
up together, thickly, trim and straight.
The less valuable can be chocked by The less valuable can be chocked by
sprouling off in August. In about Gif.
teen yenrs there will be a strong growth again, fit for many uses.
There is nothing that farming so much needs as more brains and brain-
work in studying the necessities and capalilities of the farm, and in sys.
ematically planning its work, and then
tenucity in intelligently working out thasesity in instelligently working Thought, system and pe
sistency are the foundation pillars
sucesoful
We quote the following remedy for nal of Chemistry for J. H.: Eight ounces glycerine, two ounces water, one
of starch, one of arnica tincture. Heent
the glycerine water and starch antil it becomes a transparent mass. When
nearly cool ada the tincture of arnica,
and perfume with oil of rose. If desired, and perfume with oil of rose. If desired,
At a meeting in Canada a speaker
asked what crop the farmers of the
the land, whereupon the Toronto Globe says, "there were cries of Oats from all
parts of the house." Mr. Mills asked
if it was not a fact that farmers generIly wowed oats at the end of 3 rotation on land that would not produce other
cereal crops and if it were not true
that oats would thrive where most other crops would not. He said it was
perhapa true that oats were harder on
land than whent, but not so much so as

Cookory.
Orange Pie.-Grated rind and juice of wo oranges, funr eggs--save whites for
rosting-one cup of sugar, one table-rosting-one cup of sugar, one table
spoon of milk, one teaspoon of corn.
tarch, butter the size of an egg. Roast
Spare-Rib.-Take a nice
spare-rib
with pait of the tenderloin spare-rib with pist of the tenderloin
left in ; season with salt ond a little pepper, sprinkle with sageor or sumnerer sap-
ory; put it in a pan with a little water; ory; put it in a pan with a little water;
baste often and roast nutil nicely brown-

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## re ce st

 choice of each other without prinoipallyregarding or neglecting the ces of fortune or beathe These may
still live in spite of adversity or sicknese; the former we may in some measure de
end ourselves from the cther is the portion of our very make.

## Iow to cora moof so it will Imop Unatir

My plan is to cat my beef into suitable pieces for the cook. Soak all bloody
pieces over night in cold water. For 100 pounds of becf I make a brine o salt,
land
and an
the brine woll stirreten enough to keep as mellow, sweet beer at the will have of fif
teen months as the firat weet.

Tor Fair Reform.
Mr. J. W. Newcomb, Kenten, Ohio, uses very plain language in a column and a half of The Farmer, apropos of
the annual fair of that State, a subject which is atill discussed in the local pa pers. To say nothing of the saloon
business; the licensed boarding-house appears to have been hept for the
privilege of fleecing the public; at
least one of the side-shows was little
short of obscene, and on the whole the short of obscene, and on the whole the
management was "all wrong." Instead
of "pres. of "promoting husbandry and kindra
interests" the exhibition "seems to be the source of evil, and that continually,
and few mitigating circumatances. It and few mitigating circumstances. It
the headquarters of roughs, gamblers pickpockets, confidence men and all who live by their wits from the hard earn-
ings of-well, let me aay, fools. Why ings or-well, et me say, fools.
are theys suffered to cumber the grovinds,
making a Babel of confusion? The fair was IIt instituted for any such parpase them to ply their trade, which is plan
der. If the quiet farmers cannot mee der. In the quiet farmers cannot mee
and interchange views withont being
crowded and hastled and their right invaded, let them stag at home."
The closing sentence of the above suggests the remedy for such condition
if no other is within reach. Let sel respecting farmers, who value tho future
of their children, and all right-thinking people, refuse to conntenance such
exhbitions, either in Obio or any other

## Tobacio Growing in Winconstil

Few persons have any idea of the huge proportions of the tobacco interests in
this portion of Wisconsin. A few years
ago the tobacco crop was this portion of wisconsin. Anser to a
ago the tobaco crop was cofined to a
very circumseribed locality; now it is an verfersprealing, constantly increasing
orop. A few years ago the revenue was
 consin. The 1884 crop was aboat 7,000
acres, for which we will, in round nuun-
bers, receive $\$ 2,500,000$. The tobacco warelouses in Janesville, and Edger-
ton, fourten miles west, buit in the
past three years, will aggregate $\$ 100$,-
 have been innumerabe tobaco planta-
erected on the various theo
tionsin the neighborbood. The crop
of 1884 is nearly all sold; quite a large amount has been already shipped.
Most of the crop was cured in Most of the crop was cured in good
condition, somme of the slovens being the
only ones who brought ill-conditioned

| Mr. William Crozier's method of curing hams and bacon is as follows: When |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | the meat has been properly cut up well robled with salt and left ou |
|  | todraia for 24 |
|  |  |
|  | and-one-hat poinds of salt, |
|  |  |
| in as much water as will dissolve them completely, and two ounces of Cayenne per are added. The liquid is boiled |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| a ferr minates, skimmed, and set asideto cooi. Meanwhile the meat is rab- |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| and is closely packed in the barrels.or tubs, sad the pickle is poured over |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| is cured and ready for smoking.is smoked with hickory brush-wood |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| ten days. The fire is made outside of the smioke-house, and the smoke is car- |  |
|  |  |
| ried in by a tlue, so that it is cooled and does not warm the meat. After ten days the meat is rubbed with pep- |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| per and is ready for sale, or, if to be kept, should be packed in close hoxes with wheat chaff or cat straw, and |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  | with whent chaff or cat straw, and kept in a àry, cool place. |
| Judge Thomas. M. Cooley, for twenty years on the Supreme bench ot Michi- |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| topics, will retire from the bench at the close of the present vear, when his |  |
|  |  |
| term expires. Ttrere is a very gemerat |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Judgo Cobley's renomination by both |  |
|  |  |
| parties, bat he now posifively deolines. o serve longer. |  |

Pinckney Dispatch. J. L. Newierat Edhofa and Plblibici
 Luck attends General Wolseley. He has finally escaped from Egypt. England. The tronps lie left behind England. The tronps lie left
him are dying by the score.
nimous treat
Magnanimous treatment of northwestern Iudians will be both credit able and proftable to the Canadiau
Government. The half-breeds had Government. The half-breeds had just complaints to make. The revolt was a blunder. But these people have alreal
rashness.
$\begin{array}{r}\quad . \quad . \\ \hline\end{array}$
It has been fully shown that Louis Reil is a citizon of the United States But we do not see how this helps him
at the present crisis in his career. He at the present crisis in his career. He
may be hanged, all the same, if the Dominiun Government is imprudent enough to take his life in the face of the protest of the French population. But the chances are it will be found convenient to adjudge him crazy
Immigrants are landing at New York by the thousand every week Those who have money do wisley $t_{0}$ come to America. There are in numerable opportunities for engaging in husiness, though profits are small. There is plenty of cheap land in the West. But just now the moneyless immigrants strikes the country al a bad time.

History is repeating itself in the
Southwest. Savage Apaches are out Southwest. Savage Apaches are out
on a thieving and billing expedition on a thieving and killing expedition
in, Arizona and New Mexico. Troops are after them. Cowboys are also on the warpath against the red devils. The passes into Mexico are guarded. Extermination is the cowboy cry. The
fightung will be fierce, and a sodden fighting will be fierce, and a sudden
reduction in the Indian population is reduction in the Indian population is
probable. These annual outbreaks probable. These annual outbreaks justify the rage of the people of the
raided localities, It would seem the raided localities. It would seem tha only the most
meet the case.

The Americans who went in Puer to Barrios, Guatamala, under con tract to work on a railroad, fell
among ruffians. The testimany of among ruffians. The testimcny of several who were luckey enough to es cape is to the effect that the builders
of the Puerto, Barrios \& Guatenala of the Puerto, Barrios \& Guatentala Railroad instuted a system of quasi slavery. The laborers received They were forced to wort deserve They were forced to work when weak and ill from lack of food. They were left uncared for when prostrated with fever. They werd swindied out of their wages. By a rascally scheme
of over-charges and false accuaations of over-charges and false accusations
they were kept in the service of the they were kept in the service of the
company, bound as with chains. Our company, bound as with chains. Our
Government should investigate this barbarism. Americau citizens in any other country are supposed to be under the United States Government if they do not voluntarily forfeil thei right to the name American. Is this a fact or is it a fiction?

$$
\bar{Z}
$$

M. deLesseps predicts the completion of the Panama Canal in 1888. sanguine of men. He has accomplished surprising feats of accomplish Suez Canal, his freatest engineering wonderful a chisevenent work, was a a trifing affair in comparison with this Panamo in comparison with uives from the lsthmus Recent ad the imprestion that $M$ do create professes aul unwarranted Lesrepo froth in the early success of his of prise to wed the Atlantic and Pacifiprise to wed the Atlantic and Pacific. that it has a will be built, now doubts ; bus a beginning, no one doubts; but here is reason, perhaps,
to seriously doubt if De Lesseps will to seriously doubt if De Lesseps will
live to sce it completed, even though he may remain in lesh cill the dawn of the twentieth centurr. Inmense
obulacles have been encountered. abalacles have been encountered.
Three-fourths of the estmated cost of the canal has already been spent, and yet precticelly the whole work of
construction is still in the future. The surveys and other preliminaries
re firished. The dit has been disturbed along the line to some extent Quite a deep ditch appears in places ungles, the turbulent Changes and the 260 -feet bummit at Culebra which can be overcome only by the force of indomitable energy and an enorinous expenditure of money, are yet to be touched. Fur the sake of is reputation, $\mathrm{De}^{\text {Lrsseps ought } t}$ the waters in 1888.

A great change has taken place the Treasury in the past three years The immense surplus has dwinded materially. There is no reason to complain now of a plethoric condition or the Nation's finances. Thê steady process of reduction has brought the surplus to a point below which it will
doubtless be danperous to go. One doubtless be danperous to go. One
result of the recent Treasury exhibit is that leading "tariff reformers" have put on their thinking caps. They be win to see the possibility of disaster in the policy of radical "reform." A re newal of the Morrison raid on the tar--
iff, with free trade in view, would be striking a reckless blow at our industries and the Federal finances. Dur ing the last tiscal year there has been to tariff reduction and business deprestsion. It is estimated that when December, the surplus will not exceed $\$ 25,000,000$-the smallest sum held for many years. This fact contains warning. It points to the necessity of conservatism and economy. With the exercise of ordinary prudence in barrassed Treasury is of course remote But the situation is such as to torbid
any tampering with the tariff in a way to unsettle business and cause further depression. - Business interests ar senstive. The finances require delicate manipulation. Any aggressive and radical "reform" operations at and to serious entanglement inevitably ng an indefinate continuance of the ndustrial raralysis, probably a gener depression in the business world the depression in the business world tha
now exists. The next Congress witt how exists. The next Congress wit Mr. Carlisle and the entire free trade group understand that. It is believed they do not wish to embarrass the country or the Administration. All will be well if they read the signs of the times correctly. Caution is the word.-Times Star.

## MICHIGAN PATENTS.

The following patents were granted The following patents were granted
to citizens of Michigan bearing date
June 4,1885 . Reported express! for this paper by Louis Bagger \& Patents.
Berkey, Juluus, Grand Rapids, caster Burton, Henry, Port Huron, revers ing gear.
Burton,
Burton, Henry, Port Huron, cut-off Cainpbell, H. M., Bay City, packing eep well pumps.
Chase, L. A., Elsie, straw stacke r grain separators.
woleman
Currter, Alfred, Grand Kapids, wind mill.
Diemel, Gustave, Hancock, trunk an. Machrıs, C. X., an
Nicholas, Thomas, Calumet, kitchen
Schwartz, J. F., Alma, two wheeled
vehcle.
Scufield, Levi, Grand Haven, corn
Upton, J. S., Battle Creek, grai
Vinton, T. J., Hollv, bolt cutter. Woolley, L. G., Kalama7.00, electri Wool
motor.

1MPORTANT.





## FURNITUREI FURNITUREI PATENTS

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season.

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west main st, pingeiney





| UNADILLA REMARKS．From our Correapondent．Ella Hartsuff visited Pinckney |  |  | MANN BROTHERS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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|  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | W TINSEL WINDOW SHADES |
|  |  |  |  |
| Stiole |  | celebration | DRERSS |
|  |  |  | GOODE |
|  |  | PINC KNEY |  |
|  | Lita |  | EMBOSSED AND TINSEL BELTS． |
|  |  | Come one，Come all， |  |
|  |  | And have a good tim | LADIES HANDKERCHIE |
|  | 为 |  |  |
|  | erren |  |  |
| to spend a few weeks with Unadilla fir friends． |  | OHD EAST END | －competition．－ |
|  |  |  | min ba |
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|  | ， |  | WISOF AND SIIFF HAIS |
|  |  | MOST GOODS |  |
|  | ftam |  | MANN BROS．＇－PINCKNEY． |
|  |  | THEN |  |
|  |  |  |  |
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|  |  | EIN TOWN． |  |
|  |  | ID For Egis |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | sil |  | CERIES |
|  | R |  |  |
| never lived here，some were people <br> we never knew，and many of the | 边 |  | BOOTS \＆SHOES |
|  | Nomen | mambrino ratt |  |
|  | made |  | CHEAP |
|  | Rexer |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { of platiorm spring wagons made at } \\ & \text { Pontiac. } \\ & \text { Mra. J.C. Dickinson celebrated her } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | E．A．MANN，PINCKNEY． |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | ，utasementer |  | \％ |
| in full blast and teams are coming | South | Woud |  |
| 隹 |  | ABD 8 \％GLAD． | UTVE 15，1836 |
|  |  |  |  |
| dem mipee som |  |  | CASH BUSINESS． |
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