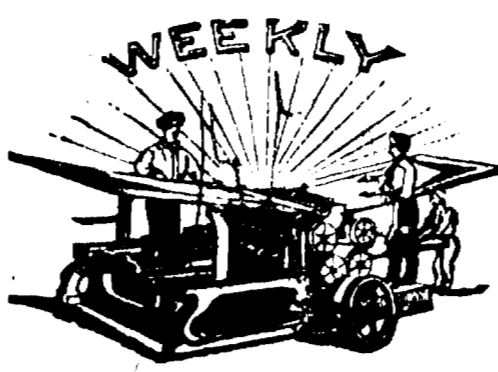


Pinckney Dispatch



VOL. IX. PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, JAN. 22, 1891. No. 3.

The Pinckney Dispatch.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
BENNETT & ANDREWS

Subscription Price in Advance.
One Year, \$1.00
Six Months, .50
Three Months, .25

JOB PRINTING!

In all its branches, a specialty. We have all kinds and the latest styles of type, which enables us to execute all kinds of work, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Programs, Bill Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Cards, Auction Bills, etc., in superior style, upon the shortest notice. Prices as low as good work can be done.

ADVERTISING RATES:

SPACE	1 wk.	1 mo.	3 mo.	6 mo.	1 yr.
1/2 column	\$.75	\$1.50	\$3.00	\$6.00	\$12.00
1/4 column	1.00	2.00	4.00	8.00	16.00
1/8 column	1.25	2.50	5.00	10.00	20.00
1 column	2.00	4.00	8.00	16.00	32.00

Business Cards, \$4.00 per year.
Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.
Death and marriage notices published free.
Announcements of entertainments may be paid for, if desired, by presenting the office with tickets of admission. In case tickets are not brought to the office, regular rates will be charged.

All matter in local notice column will be charged at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Where no time is specified, all notices will be inserted until ordered discontinued, and will be charged for accordingly. All changes of advertisements must reach this office as early as Tuesday morning to insure an insertion the same week.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH.
Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan, as second-class matter.

THE VILLAGE DIRECTORY.

VILLAGE OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT, Thompson Grimes.
TREASURER, Alexander McIntyre, Frank E. Wright, George W. Reason, Huben E. Finch, James Lyman, Michael Lavey.
CLERK, I. J. Cook.
ASSESSOR, George W. Teeple.
TOWNSHIP CLERK, Warren A. Carr.
SHERIFF, Daniel Baker.
MAYOR, Richard Clinton.
HEALTH OFFICER, Dr. H. F. Sigler.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Rev. H. Hopkins, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:00 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. F. L. Andrews, Superintendent.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
Rev. O. B. Thurston, pastor. Service every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:00 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. Geo. W. Sykes, Superintendent.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. Wm. J. Connelley, pastor. Services every third Sunday. Low mass at 8 o'clock, high mass with sermon at 10:30 a. m. Catechism at 9:00 p. m., veepers and benediction at 7:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

The A. O. H. Society of this place meets every third Sunday in the Mattew Hall, John McGinniss, County Delegate.

EPWORTH LEAGUE. Meets every Tuesday evening in their room in M. E. Church. A cordial invitation is extended to all interested in christian work. A. D. Bennett, President.

The C. T. A. and B. Society of this place, meet every third Saturday evening in the Fr. Matthew Hall. John M. Kearney, President.

KNIGHTS OF MACCABEES. Meet every Friday evening on or before full of the moon at old Masonic Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited. R. W. Lake, Sir Knight Commander.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. F. Sigler, M. D., J. W. Decker, M. D., SIGLER & DECKER.
Physicians and Surgeons. All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main street, Pinckney, Mich.

E. LAVERY, Dentist.
Office at Pinckney every Friday. Office at Pinckney House. All work done in a careful and thorough manner. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Odontunder. Call and see me.

W. P. VAN WINKLE, Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. Office in Hubbell Block, Howell, Michigan.

JAMES MARKEY, NOTARY PUBLIC, ATTORNEY AND INSURANCE AGENT. Legal papers made out on short notice and reasonable terms. Also agent for The "Great School Furniture Co." Office on North side Main St., Pinckney, Mich.

WANTED. Wheat, Beans, Barley, Clover Seed, Dressed Hogs, etc. The highest market price will be paid. Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt, etc., for sale. THOS. READ, Pinckney, Mich.

Pinckney Exchange Bank.
G. W. TEEPLE, Proprietor.

Does a general Banking Business.
MONEY LOANED ON APPROVED NOTES.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED.
Certificates issued on time deposits and payable on demand.

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.
Steamship Tickets for sale.

PINCKNEY MARKET.

Eggs, 20 cts.
Butter, 15 cts.
Beans, \$1.40 to 1.60.
Potatoes, 75 cts. per bu.
Dressed Chickens, 8 cts. per lb.
Live Chickens, 6 cts. per lb.
Dressed Turkeys, 8 @ 10 cents per lb.
Oats, 40 cts. per bu.
Corn, 60 cents per bu.
Barley, \$1.20 per hundred.
Hye, 67 cts. per bu.
Clover Seed, \$1.00 to \$1.25 per bushel.
Dressed Pork, \$3.75 to \$4.00 per cwt.
Wheat, number 1, white, 88; number 2, red, 88 cts.

Local Dispatches.

Ora Beach, of Howell was in town over Sunday.

Daniel Baker is visiting his mother in Montcalm county, Mich.

Miss Mabel Mann is visiting relatives and friends at Bay City.

Supervisor L. D. Brokaw was in Jackson on business Saturday last.

The revival meetings at the M. E. Church still continue with good results.

C. A. Wilkinson has sold the Ingham County Republican to R. M. Lamoreaux.

E. L. Markey, of Battle Creek, was the guest of his parents in this village over Sunday.

Miss Franc Burch attended a re-union of the Crossman family at Williamston last week.

Hon. Mark S. Brewster will please accept thanks for a fine U. S. map published by the government.

The Stockbridge Tidings gave a brief description of the interior of the new hotel in that village, which is a beauty.

The subjects at the Cong'l church next Sunday are as follows: Morning, "The Son of Man," evening, "Noted Characters."

Since Howell has been lit by electricity she has become so vain as to want a city charter.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Hendee and little daughter Blanch are visiting friends and relatives at Dansville this week.

Miss Celia Ayers, of Detroit, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Barton in this village, Friday and Saturday last.

Seth Perry, of West Putnam, started for Kingfisher, Indian Territory, the 12th inst., to visit his sister, Mrs. J. H. Hopkins.

Miss Carrie Green returned on Saturday last from a two week's visit with her sister and brother at Horton, Jackson county, Mich.

Jacob Bowers says that he is the owner of a fine Plymouth Rock cockle which he has just purchased of W. Robinson, of Tekonseh.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ferguson are now residents of our beautiful village, having moved into the late Esther Miller residence on Church street.

The Pinckney DISPATCH is eight years old, and is making progress alike satisfactory to its proprietors and its patrons.—Fenton Independent.

Mr. I. S. P. Johnson returned from Lansing on Monday where he was called to attend his father who is very sick. He reports his father no better.

Mrs. Wm. Daniels, who has been the guest of her father, Daniel Baker, since the death of her mother, returned to her home at Edmore yesterday.

At the donation held in Clark's hall on Wednesday evening of last week, for the benefit of the pastor of the Cong'l church, Rev. O. B. Thurston, \$102.00 were received.

A necktie social for the benefit of the West Putnam Sunday School will be held at the residence of Jas. Durkee on Friday evening next, Jan. 23. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

We wish to impress upon the minds of our correspondents that it is necessary that you send your communications so that they will reach this office not later than Tuesday evening of each week.

The Tuesday evening freight train on the Air Line road ran into a yearling and a two-year-old colt which were owned by Mr. L. L. Jones, who recently purchased the L. B. Coste farm near this village. The colts were injured so badly that they had to be killed.

"The Haunted Chamber," is the title of a continued story which begins with this issue of the DISPATCH. If you are not a subscriber, now is the time to subscribe and get the benefit of a story that promises to be very interesting.

The large barns on the old Freeman Webb farm three miles northwest of this place, were destroyed by fire on Saturday evening last. The barns contained about six hundred bushels of beans which were also burned. The cause of the fire is unknown.

A serious question prevails in this community, whether there has not already been a sufficiently large number of diphtheria cases to warrant a careful reading of the law to prevent the spread of contagious diseases, with a view to its observation.—Livingston Republican.

Bert Korabacher, of Hamourg, was a caller at this office on Friday last. While in town he purchased a fine carriage of Geo. W. Reason. Mr. Korabacher has been in the habit of doing his trading at Ann Arbor but has decided that Pinckney is the right place to buy goods cheap.

Livingston Tent No. 285, K. O. T. M. will give their eighth annual ball at the Pinckney House in this village on Friday evening, January 30, 1891. This lodge is sparing no pains to make this the best ball ever held here. Tremain's orchestra will furnish the music, and the bill will be \$1.50.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Darwin Carr, in Marion, on Wednesday afternoon at four o'clock, Miss Carrie Carr to Mr. Irving Hart, of the same township. Rev. Wm. A. Service, of Howell, officiated. The worthy couple have many friends in this vicinity who will join with us in extending congratulations.

A touching incident occurred during the sickness of Mrs. Vankuren. Friday, when life was despaired of, Mrs. Vankuren had her four boys who were not permitted to visit the sick room climb up on the yard fence where she could see them once more from the chamber window.—Livingston Republican. Mrs. Vankuren died on Monday of last week of diphtheria, aged 34 years.

At the annual election of officers of Father Matthew T. A. B. society which was held in Father Matthew hall, January 11, 1891, the following officers were elected: President, Jno. M. Kearney; vice-pres., John Pohey; treasurer, Malachy Roche; recording secy., J. W. Monks; financial secy., Matthew Brady. Much good has been done in this vicinity through the influence of the members of this society.

Three beautiful chairs have been added to the rostrum of the Cong'l church the cost of which was \$38, and were a present to the church by the Dorcas Society. They are made of walnut and trimmed with red plush and are of the latest style. They were furnished by our enterprising furniture dealer, G. A. Sigler, and make a great addition to the appearance of the pulpit.

The stock of dry goods, groceries, and fixtures belonging to Geo. W. Sykes & Co. were sold at auction on Monday last, Dean & Co., of Ann Arbor, being the purchasers. The price paid was \$805. We understand that the new firm will add to the stock and make it one of the best and cheapest places to trade in the county. Geo. W. Sykes is managing the business for them at present. Read their "adv" in another column.

A new wrinkle is being advocated by exchanges and it would no doubt be a good thing for all who might have business with the farmers. It is suggested that each farmer put a sign bearing his name on the fence in front of his farm. This would prevent the asking of the question "Does Mr. So-and-so live here?" as well as a convenience to the traveler.—Stockbridge Tidings. It would also assist the ever faithful schemer to get in his work more easily on the farmer.

A good joke is related at the expense of a modest young newspaper man, which is going the rounds simply credited to an exchange. It is to the effect that the young man went out to report a party the other evening where the home had recently been blessed with a new baby. Accompanied by his best girl, he met the hostess at the door, and after the usual salutations asked after the baby's health. The lady who was quite deaf and suffering from the "gripp" thought he was asking after her cold, and told him that she usually had one every winter but this was the worst one she had ever had, it kept her awake nights a good deal at first, and confined her to her bed. Then noticing that the scribe was getting pale and nervous she said she could tell by his looks that he was going to have one just like hers, and asked him to go and lie down. The paper came out as usual the next week, but the local editor has quit inquiring about babies.

The Pinckney DISPATCH has been enlarged and is printed upon a new cylinder press, and we bespeak for our editorial friends a good, prosperous year. A good paper helps a town, and the size of a paper speaks to our neighbors around as to the style of town we have. A large and well filled newspaper is one of the best of those indications of the public spirit, thrift and enterprise of a village that goes where ever the paper goes.—Gospel Messenger.

The First State and Savings Bank of Howell opened up business on Monday. The State Bank Inspector came in on the morning train and counted over the cash, opened up their books, and gave them a charter under the laws of Michigan to go on and do business. It is located for the present in the Swiney building, four doors east of Jewett's corners. In about one month's time it will be nicely located in its own building, two doors east. This is the only bank in the county that is organized under the state law. Four per cent. will be paid on time deposits.

Dr. H. F. Sigler will leave this place on Friday next for a trip to the Hawaiian Islands. He expects to be absent about two months. If the weather is favorable he will arrive at the Islands in time to witness the crowning of Princess Ielinkalani queen of the Hawaiian Islands, who succeeds her brother, who died in San Francisco of bright's disease, Jan. 19th. Kalakaua, the deceased, has been king of the Islands since 1874. On his return home the doctor has promised us a description of his trip. His many friends in this place will join with the DISPATCH in wishing him a very pleasant voyage.

Tuesday was the 50th anniversary of the wedding of Mr. and Mrs. John Sigler. It is a milestone that but few see and enjoy, but Mr. and Mrs. Sigler have that rare pleasure. Launching on the stream of life and labor and care they have sailed quietly these half hundred years, and to-day are in comparatively good health, surrounded by an abundance of worldly goods and can look upon a family of children nicely situated. What more falls to a mortal's lot! They were greeted by all their children except a distant daughter, and the day marked an epoch in their lives that they will always recall with pleasure.—Leslie Local. This worthy couple were residents of this village for a number of years and have many friends here.

The prohibition state conference and convention will be held at Hibbard's Opera House, Jackson, Tuesday and Wednesday, February 17 and 18. The conference will be conducted by Prof. S. Dickey, and will discuss subjects of varied interest to the party, for which a suitable programme has been arranged. Music, an address on Tuesday evening by Gov. St. John, and a meeting of the White Rose Club, are in the entertainment. The conference convenes at 1:30 p. m. on the 17th, and closes at 11 a. m. the 18th, when the convention to nominate a Justice of the Supreme Court and two Regents of the University assemblies. Reduced rates at Jackson hotels can be secured by writing C. K. Perrine, Jackson, enclosing stamp for reply.

W. E. Watson, of Bancroft, Mich., deputy collector of internal revenue for this division, desires the name and address of every person in the counties of Shiawassee, Genesee, Oakland, Livingston and Washtenaw, who will produce over 500 pounds of maple sugar the coming season, and who will apply for the bounty under the conditions imposed. Under an act of congress of October 1st, 1890, a bounty of 13 cents per pound is offered on sugar testing 80 to 90 degrees upon the polariscope, and 2 cents upon sugar testing 90 degrees or over. Ordinary maple sugar will test under 90. Such bounty will be paid to producers of 500 pounds or more of sugar made on and after April 1st, 1891. The applicant will be required to file a notice setting forth the place of manufacture, machinery and methods employed, estimate of amount to be produced, number of trees to be tapped, and make application for a license. He will also be required to file a bond not to violate the internal revenue regulations. No bounty will be paid for the production of any amount less than 500 pounds, and no bounty will be paid on syrup. Blanks will be furnished free of charge. Send your name and address on a postal card at once.

If you desire the patronage of your home people be sure that you dispense your own patronage among them. It takes gall for a person who is depending upon his town or the surrounding country for a living, to go elsewhere for what he desires, for instance, a good home market for his produce, he should show his appreciation by patronizing the merchants who make that market possible. Every dollar spent at home helps someone we are interested in, maintains our interests and adds indirectly to the value of property; if spent in a large city it builds there, to the detriment of home. There must be reciprocity among us if we prosper.

One habit into which a great many country merchants have fallen is that of discontinuing their newspaper advertisement during the dull season of the year, between the first of January and the opening of spring. It is done as a matter of economy, but in the minds of prominent business men who have made the art of advertising a study, and who therefore are its most earnest advocates, tell us that this method is unwise. "I might as well take down my sign as to cease advertising," says that great Philadelphia clothier, John Wanamaker, whose judicious use of printer's ink has made him one of the wealthiest men in the United States. If advertising pays at all, it pays in the dull season. When there is little trade, the object of an advertisement is to attract it in your direction. When times are close people are looking for goods at cheap prices. If you have bargains to offer, then is the time to present them in the most attractive form. The most judicious advertising consists in keeping your name and business constantly before the public.—Livingston Democrat.

Common Council Proceedings.

SPECIAL MEETING.

Pinckney, January 12, 1891.
Council convened and was called to order by President Grimes.

Present, trustees Finch, Lyman, McIntyre, Lavey, Reason and Wright.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Motion made by trustee Wright and supported by trustee Reason that the corporation furnish means for the hiring of a night watch for three months. After debate upon the question, by agreement the gentlemen withdrew the motion.

On motion the council adjourned until the next regular meeting.
I. J. Cook, Clerk.

Business Pointers.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to express our heartfelt thanks to the citizens of Pinckney and vicinity for their sympathy and kindness toward us in our behalf in our late affliction in our deep sorrow for the loss of our affectionate wife and mother. Your untiring efforts to administer to the wants of our departed will ever be remembered by us.
DANIEL BAKER AND FAMILY.

Go to Hodgeman's Gallery for your Pictures. Prices lower than any in the county.

Thirteen Cabinet Pictures for \$2.00 at Hodgeman's gallery until February 1st only.

Now is the time to get your pictures while they are cheap. Only \$2.00 per dozen until Feb. 1.

Todd Improved Registered Chester White Stock Boar and eight thoroughbred Pigs for sale. For terms, call on J. J. TEEPLE.

No one will be obliged to take pictures they do not like.
J. H. HODGEMAN, Photographer.

To Farmers and wood sawyers. Having purchased a new saw gumming machine, I am prepared to do all kinds of saw gumming at reasonable terms. ALBERT REASON, 5213.

Dry block wood wanted at Hodgeman's gallery in exchange for pictures.

Baldness ought not to come till the age of 55 or later. If the hair begins to fall earlier, use Hall's Hair Renewer and prevent baldness and grayness.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

Hinckley Dispatch.

BENNETT & ANDREWS, Props.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN.

TOO MANY reforms are like the smoker's New-year's day resolutions: extremely short-lived. Whenever anything is undertaken merely as an experiment the outcome may be predicted to a certainty.

THE man who makes two blades of grass grow where one grew before gets honor and praise. The man who transforms a stock certificate from eight shares to eighty gets seventeen years in the penitentiary.

If there is no people on the earth who can plunge in debt faster and further than Americans when they set their heads about it, there is none who can pay debts faster than they when they make up their minds to the work.

It is probably true that nonsense is the straw that tickles humanity the world over, but there is a deal of the article floating through the newspapers these times that produces altogether a different sensation. Much of it is more productive of chronic melancholia.

A BOSTON paper proposes that the death penalty be inflicted by means of chloroform. This shows the kindly and humane instincts of Boston, but it is curious that it hasn't suggested that the pleasantest death is a good square clip by its eminent citizen, Mr. Sullivan.

THE habits that mark the true gentleman are not so difficult to acquire as to account for the comparatively small number who own them. Their neglect arises usually from carelessness or from a selfishness which places personal ease ahead of the comfort or gratification of others. For selfishness lies at the root of the best breeding.

CONGRESS has done well in passing the international copyright law. It is an act of justice alike to American publishers, authors and printers. What is wanted most in this country is a distinctive American sentiment which must be the basis of patriotism. We are willing to take ideas from other countries, but they should first be assimilated through American brains.

THE Biblical society of London announces that it has in its possession a papyrus manuscript which is in the handwriting of the great Apostle St. Peter. They claim that \$100,000 offered for the manuscript by another British society was refused. London is always claiming to have things that are worth crowing over, but if St. Peter should speak out on this subject he would doubtless deny the charge of authorship.

As a rule a physician is always ready to attend another physician if sick without charge. It is a courtesy that has been recognized the world over. Lawyers will sometimes give lawyers counsel gratuitously, but when it comes to making elaborate arguments, to making searching investigations, it is generally expected that something more than "thank you" will be employed to express the client's appreciation of the services.

THE groundwork of genuine success in breeding live stock lies beyond all question in a sound constitution. The most costly gold watch ever made by a jeweler fails to mark the trend of time immediately on the mainspring getting out of order. Again, the noblest and bravest of men that ever lived is quite out of the race in the rough-and-tumble scrimmage of life, if seriously affected with heart disease. His ancestry may have been the bravest of the brave, yet his infirmity places him in an altogether different sphere on account of defective vitality.

In 1882 a benevolent clergyman began an experiment in Germany which comes nearer solving the tramp question than anything heretofore attempted. The idea followed out was the only practical one, i. e., to give relief to vagrants in return for work. He established labor colonies, and last year 6,231 persons were admitted to twenty-one of them. The work furnished consists of farm labor, forestry and various trades. After fourteen days the tramp is paid wages, from which the price of clothing and other necessities is deducted. If a tramp refuses to work he is turned over to the civil authorities. In addition to the labor colonies there are numerous stations where needy and homeless wanderers may obtain temporary relief and shelter, but always in return for work.

SOME INSIDE SCENES.

HOW A GREAT PANTOMIME IS PUT ON THE STAGE.

"The Babes in the Wood" as Seen from the Wings of a Chicago Stage—Glimpses of a Fairy-Like Spectacle. Mechanical Effects.

Few persons who have seen "Babes in the Wood," the famous English Christmas pantomime, says the Chicago Herald, have any conception of the labor, patience and mechanical energy that are spent nightly to make the great production a success. All the audience sees is an ever-changing stage picture, brilliant in colors and graceful in outline, which fascinates the eye and engrosses the mind. The changes are made so rapidly and smoothly, one group follows another in such close order, that the effect is at once dazzling and confusing. A perfectly constructed piece of machinery could not work with less jar and friction. A single misstep, a false note, the careless handling of a rope or light, or a blunder of any sort, no matter how trivial, would upset an entire scene and mar the picture as certainly as would a pot of paint hung with good aim at a rare canvas.

As one reclines in an opera chair and watches the dazzling transformations occurring behind the footlights he rarely diverts his mind long enough to even wonder how it is all accomplished. He cannot see the crowds of coryphees, amazons, merry men and children who shake the broad wings and wait impatiently for the cues that will send them hurrying into the glare of the stage lights. Nor can he see the queer-looking, athletic fellows who stand perspiring behind the towering sections of scenery ready to jump and effect a transformation at the tinkling of a bell or the sound of a bugle. The stage manager is hurrying about with a sash drawn over his eyes, quietly issuing orders to subordinates. The prompter is drilling a coterie of nervous girls in speaking parts, the ballet master is hopping, jumping and gesticulating in the midst of an attractive group of dainty coryphees whose most noticeable characteristic is a lack of clothes, while the man who directs everybody and everything is moving from place to place, silencing one group of chattering girls, with a look reproving another for some trifling inattention to duty and informing his subordinates where they can strengthen and add effect to the performance. To a novice everything looked to be in confusion and disorder but the waves of applause which rolled in from the auditorium with a seemingly never-ending roar proved that the impression was due to lack of acquaintance with stage matters. They also attested to the delight which the popular pantomime awakens in all who see it. From the moment the heavy iron curtain rolls up and discloses the beautiful moonlit glen until it falls and shuts from view the radiant throne of the sun god the stage forces work with a precision that is amazing. The glen is both picturesque and natural, and before it is invaded by Robin Hood's rollicking band, which in this instance is composed of half a score of shapely young women, whose charms are enhanced by the art of the modern stage costumer, it recalls Scott's beautiful pen pictures of the sylvan forests where gallant yeomen lived, fought and died.

The electric moon, glaring from a bright sky, performs all the functions of our own luna, and sheds its refulgent light on the shimmering waters of the brook which dances gaily under the big, gloomy trees. In a moment the glen gives way to a garret and the shapely yeomen with their bright costumes are succeeded by characters of a more commonplace order. Then comes the king's deer forest, another masterpiece of scenic art, in which graceful nymphs and curiously attired rabbits hold high carnival. The nymphs, who are necessarily timid, retreat precipitately before the charge of the tumbling little animals, but return in time to join them in a rollicking dance which is only ended by the advent of Robin Hood and his huntsmen, who conclude the act with song.

Nellie Grant-Sartoris in London. Colonel Thomas Ochiltree recently told a New York reporter that while in London he saw Mrs. Nellie-Sartoris, "and," he said, "I never knew her to be so charming. With her two daughters and her 13-year-old son she spends the fashionable season in a magnificent house in the most fashionable quarter in London, Cadogan square—that is pronounced as if it were spelled Cadogan. She also has a fine country place. I dislike extremely much talking about her private affairs, but as it is well known

that she and her husband do not live together, and as there are many surmises which are capable of doing her wrong, I will speak briefly concerning them. Mr. Sartoris is not a pleasant kind of individual, and Nellie found it out to her cost within a short time after she had married him, and that discovery was one of the great griefs of General Grant's later life. His conduct in later years became such that his wife could not live with him. The justness of Mrs. Sartoris's position can easily be judged from the conduct of her father-in-law. Up to the time of his death the elder Sartoris was a devoted friend and admirer of his American daughter-in-law, and by the terms of his will Nellie Grant is now a very rich woman, living in a house which cost £40,000 and enjoying an annual income of \$7,500, while her husband receives a liberal allowance only, which ceases with his death and reverts to his children. Mrs. Sartoris is a frequent and welcome guest at Marlboro house, and once in two weeks she dines with the Queen, which, it is needless for me to add, is a distinction conferred upon few people not of royal or aristocratic birth."

JUGGLING AS A FINE ART.

Easy Enough When You Know How—A Calcutta Mystery.

"These things are really very easy," said a juggler in an up-town museum to a New York Times reporter. "Practice alone makes them perfect. I always juggle with common things of every-day use, because then the people go home and try to do it themselves. In this way they realize how very difficult an apparently easy trick really is. When you make your first attempt use small brass balls, and start them with your left hand. This is because the left hand is naturally the clumsier of the two, and it takes longer practice to make it perfect. When you learn to keep two or three balls in the air at once try knives. Now, this is the way I keep the knives going. If I have, say, ten, I throw one with just sufficient force to give it a half turn; the next one turns completely over, the third takes a turn and a half, the fourth two turns, the fifth two and a half and so on. It's very easy when you know how.

"The most remarkable conjuring trick I ever saw was done in Calcutta by an Arabian. Spreading a white cloth on the floor, he sat down with his back to the wall, and, turning to a member of the party, he asked for the loan of a rupee, which he requested should be given to one of the ladies present. This done, the conjuror told the lady to hand it back to the gentleman from whom she had taken it. The gentleman took it and then the conjuror said to him: 'Are you sure that is a rupee?'

"Yes," replied the gentleman. "Now close your hand upon it," said the Arabian, "and think without speaking of some country in America. Now open your hand and tell me if the coin is not one of the country you thought of." The gentleman opened his hand and found a Mexican dollar. He said that he had been thinking of Mexico.

"He was about to give the coin to the conjuror, when the latter declined it, requesting him to give it to another one of the party. He gave it to me. I looked at it closely, shut my hand tight, thought of France, and found it had turned into a five-franc piece.

"How do you suppose that was done?" said the juggler to the reporter. "I really can't tell," was the reply. "I wish I knew," said the juggler, sadly.

A Trying Time.

A very pretty young schoolmarm in a public school not a thousand miles from Long Branch saw a mouse run across the class room floor one day last week. "Scholars," she said, "a mouse is in the room. Do not be frightened." The little girls all tightened their skirts around their legs and the eyes of the little boys glistened with suppressed excitement. "Don't anybody be afraid!" said the young schoolmarm, but heavens! just then the mouse dashed across the floor toward her, and she made a frantic leap to the top of a bench. The mouse shot out of the door, and in time the trembling teacher descended and taught school again.

Her Oldest Boarders.

A young Washington man boards at a house where the table (as so often happens) has secured fame through poverty. Recently he changed his quarters, taking up his residence in a room that had been occupied by a medical student. The landlady was showing it to him, when on opening the closet a skeleton was disclosed. "Ah," said the young man as he grasped the bony hand, "I am glad to meet you. Doubtless you are one of the life-long boarders that Mrs. —o frequently refers to."

DAVIS, OF WEST VIRGINIA.

Once a Brakeman, but Now a Thrice-Filled Railroad Millionaire.

Ex-Senator Henry G. Davis, of West Virginia, who has now been out of Congress for eight years, is rapidly becoming one of the most important railroad men in the country. I could not help but recall, says a writer in the New York Star, that, although he is less than 67 years of age, he began life as a brakeman on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and ran the first train in the night time that was ever sent out to do service in this country, if not in the world. This was in 1848, and the event attracted as much attention as a country circus could have done at the town from which it started. The run was from Cumberland, Md., to Baltimore, and the comments of the crowd which witnessed the start, as Mr. Davis said to me, were very funny. "She won't make twenty miles," said one. "Of course not," rejoined another doubter. "There is danger of running into a cow and throwing her off the track," chimed in a third. "Yes, and they can't see far enough ahead to keep from running into the stones that roll down the mountain at night," suggested a fourth.

In fact, every one there predicted failure, and the officials of the road in Baltimore awaited the result anxiously; but, despite many difficulties, Davis landed the train in Baltimore, and by his pluck removed in one night a most important obstacle to railroading. It seems like a romance to recall the lives of these primitive men like Davis, who have solved so many practical problems for this country. Yet, here he is, playing in the every-day game of life still full of vigor and power, after having, from the smallest beginnings, been twice a United States Senator, and the accumulator of a fortune of \$30,000,000 without having ever speculated a dollar in his life—simply by the increase of property he bought for a song.

One day Mr. Davis was dining in New York with two other important men. He sat at one side of the table, Simon Cameron, of Pennsylvania, wearing the honors of sixty years of public life, was opposite him. At the head of the board was General William T. Sherman, who, while coffee was being served, began a reminiscence of the army life by saying: "When I was a lieutenant—"

"Come, now, Sherman," interrupted Mr. Davis, good naturedly, "were you ever a lieutenant?"

"Yes, Davis," replied the old soldier; "I was a lieutenant about the time you were a brakeman on a freight train."

"Well, boys," of served the venerable Cameron, who had listened quietly to all this: "I don't suppose either of you ever cut cord wood for a living, as I did."

Unhappy Mothers.

Not long ago, the lamentations of a mother over the conviction of her son in court drove the judge from the bench and drew tears from old and experienced lawyers. There is something infinitely sad about the devotion of a mother, and the human heart can never resist a throbbing sympathy when that mother's love asserts itself. Courts and bailiffs, judges and lawyers, court rules and stern decrees, all yield for a moment to the overwhelming power of woman's love. All bow in reverence and all sorrow in sympathy. But it is only for a moment. From his mother's arms the one who is ever a boy to her but a man in the eye of the law, is dragged by inexorable justice to the punishment he has merited. And then we wonder why that mother's love, which appeals to all humanity with irresistible power, was not strong enough to keep that boy from evil ways and evil acts. She would have given her life to spare him at any time. All she asked in return was for him to be true to himself. Yet he was not. The sin which wrong-doers commit against society is very small compared with that which they commit against their mothers. But they never think of that; and the very selfishness of maternal love seems to rob it of the power to restrain.

Patti's Voice and Age.

A bashful London reporter asked Patti how old she was and if she was losing her voice. "I was born early in the '40's, never mind the exact date," she said, "and as to losing my voice, the public, as a rule, do not seem to comprehend that the human voice, if preserved up to a certain period, will retain its richness and flexibility almost indefinitely. As you ought to know, I have always been careful of myself, and at no time has my voice suffered from overwork. Hence, I am as capable to-day of captivating an audience as I was many years ago. I don't use this term through egotism, but because I want to be frank. I expect that my voice will be as good in twenty years from now, if I continue to enjoy good health."

Naming Ships of War.

The naming of vessels of the navy is regulated by law. Vessels of the first class are required to be named after States, those of the second after rivers, those of the third after principal cities and towns, and those of the fourth as the President may direct. The law is not always observed as closely as it ought to be, but in the main it governs naval nomenclature to-day.

In 1579 the ruffs of the French, it is said, had such an outrageous size in depth that the wearers could scarcely turn their heads. It is told how "Reine Margot" one day, when seated at dinner, was compelled to send for a spoon with a handle two feet in length wherewith to eat her soup."

The Indian Situation.

The staff correspondent of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch wires as follows from Rushville, Neb.: Between 400 and 500 Indians broke away from the hostiles and have started for the Bad Lands, via Wounded Knee. They are crazy and frantic, committing depredations wherever they go. Gen. Carr with the Sixth Cavalry and one company of infantry and Col. Wheaton with four companies of infantry are after them.

The Post-Dispatch staff correspondent at Pine Ridge Agency Wednesday morning telegraphs his paper as follows: The Indians are in camp within full view of the north fortifications. The right of their column rests there and the line extends northeasterly, running up a gulch behind the bluffs. The view from the fortifications is grandly picturesque. Behind them is a natural amphitheater, a rugged broken slope, 200 feet to the crest. It is just a mile from the agency, and White Clay Creek runs beside it. On the plain are tepees by the hundreds pitched irregularly, huddled together in groups here and scattered widely apart there. Moving about among the tepees a field glass shows the bucks and squaws with their children and dogs. Such a spectacle imprints itself on the mind with startling clearness, for it is huge in its grandeur, strikingly unique and wonderfully suggestive to the imagination.

Just between the plain and the agency perched on a hill behind earthworks is a three-inch rifle, which is trained on the camp. It seems to stare grimly down on the village of half crazed barbarians and to warn them of the awful horror that will follow one rash act.

ADDITIONAL MICHIGAN NEWS.

The new Hotel Vincent, at Saginaw, under Landlord A. Eugene Kirby, was thrown open to the public Monday. It is a handsome building of five stories and the people of Saginaw are proud of it.

Charles D. Little's big barn at Saginaw, with its contents, including two blooded horses, was burned Monday evening. The loss will amount to several thousand dollars, on which there is a fair amount of insurance.

A Chicago & West Michigan passenger train struck a hand car containing two men near Big Rapids, Wednesday. The cow-catcher of the engine was broken and the men thrown 30 feet, but luckily escaped uninjured.

Judge Cahill thinks that Chief Justice Champlin, of the Supreme court, will be re-nominated this spring, and possibly elected. He says that he would not run against Champlin, as the chief justice is too popular at home.

The new Schlesinger dock at North Escanaba will be 1392 feet from shore to end and have a land approach of 2,000 feet. It will have 131 pockets capable of holding 37,000 tons and will require 7,000,000 feet of timber to build it.

The Jackson police have arrested Jos. Moran on suspicion of being the person who entered Mrs. Eastman's house Sunday morning and committed an assault on her, besides plundering the house. He pleaded not guilty and was held for examination.

A. Martin has been appointed postmaster at Butterton, Montcalm county, vice J. S. Dennis, removed; Mary E. Banner at North Newburg, Shiawassee county, vice G. Roys, resigned; Mary L. Marks at Stairville, St. Clair county, vice J. W. Marks, dead.

The driver of a Saginaw bakery wagon endeavored to stop an electric street car by driving across the track in front of it. The result was a badly smashed wagon, two bruised and cut horses, a lot of frightened passengers and generally bad language on the part of the male passengers.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit.	
Apples, per bbl.	\$ 3 00 @ 3 50
Apples, evaporated	13 @ 14
Butter, per lb.	17 @ 18
Creamery	23 @ 25
Beans, unpeeled, per bu.	1 50 @ 1 55
city hand-picked	1 90 @ 1 95
Cabbage, per doz.	2 50 @ 2 75
Eggs, per doz.	24 @ 24
Hides, green, per lb.	3 1/2 @ 4
country	4 @ 4 1/2
cured	5 @ 5 1/2
Hog, No. 2 per ton	9 50 @ 10 50
Mess pork, per bbl.	10 50 @ 10 75
Poultry, chickens	7 @ 8
ducks	9 @ 10
geese	8 @ 9
turkeys	10 @ 11
pigeons, per pair	20 @ 25
Potatoes, per bu.	85 @ 1 00
Straw, per ton	6 00 @ 7 00
Wool, fine, per lb.	25 @ 29
course	23 @ 30
Tallow, per lb.	4 @ 4
Vegetables, celery, per doz.	20 @ 25
cauliflower	60 @ 65
onions, per bu.	1 00 @ 1 00
Wheat, red spot, No. 2	95 @ 98
red spot, No. 3	90 1/2 @ 93 1/2
white spot, No. 1	95 1/2 @ 96
Corn, No. 2 spot	52 @ 52
No. 3 yellow	57 @ 57
Oats, No. 2 white, spot	48 @ 48
Clover seed	4 45 @ 4 50
Barley	1 30 @ 1 50
Rye	72 1/2 @ 72 1/2

Live Stock.

CATTLE—Market active, firm and higher; export steers, good to extra, \$4 45 @ 5 10; choice heavy butchers, \$3 80 @ 4 50; mediums, \$3 50 @ 3 75; sheep and lambs—Fair demand for top grades, slow on common, prices generally weak, lower; sheep, choice to extra, \$5 65 @ 5 75; good to choice, \$4 10 @ 6 40; low to choice, \$3 50 @ 4 05. Hogs—Slow, lower; mediums and heavy, \$3 65 @ 3 80.

NEW YORK.

Beaves—Market, 100 lbs. per 100 pounds lower; native steers, \$4 10 @ 5 80; bulls and cows, \$2 50 @ 4. Calves—Market steady; veals, \$5 75; western calves, \$3 50 @ 4 75; sheep and lambs—Market, lower; sheep, \$4 65 @ 5; lambs, \$6 67. Hogs—Nominally steady at \$2 00 @ 2 25.

CATTLE—Market slow and lower; steers, \$1 25 @ 2 25; stockers, \$2 3 50; butchers, \$1 25 @ 2 50. Hogs—Market lower; common light mixed, \$3 50 @ 4 45; fair to good mixed, \$3 50 @ 4 45; prime heavy and butcher weights, \$3 50 @ 4 45; light, \$3 50 @ 4 45. Sheep—Market active and steady; natives, \$4 65 @ 5; western, \$4 40 @ 5; no Texans on sale; lambs, \$5 50 @ 6 50.

KANSAS CITY.

SYRUP OF FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known. Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
10101 Market Street, San Francisco, Cal.
LONDON: 34, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4, ENGLAND.

"German Syrup"

Here is something from Mr. Frank A. Hale, proprietor of the De Witt House, Lewiston, and the Pontine Hotel, Brunswick, Me. Hotel men meet the world as it comes and goes, and are not slow in sizing people and things up for what they are worth. He says that he has lost a father and several brothers and sisters from Pulmonary Consumption, and is himself frequently troubled with colds, and he Hereditary often coughs enough to make him sick at his stomach. Whenever he has taken a cold of this kind he uses Boschee's German Syrup, and it cures him every time. Here is a man who knows the full danger of lung troubles, and would therefore be most particular as to the medicine he used. What is his opinion? Listen! "I use nothing but Boschee's German Syrup, and have advised, I presume, more than a hundred different persons to take it. They agree with me that it is the best cough syrup in the market."

TEN POUNDS IN TWO WEEKS THINK OF IT!

As a Flesh Producer there can be no question but that

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda is without a rival. Many have gained a pound a day by the use of it. It cures

CONSUMPTION, SCROFULA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS AND COLDS AND ALL FORMS OF WASTING DISEASES. AS PLEASANT AS MILK. Be sure you get the genuine as there are poor imitations.

MOTHERS' FRIEND

IF BROOK BEFORE CONFINEMENT. BOOK TO "MOTHERS' FRIEND" FREE. BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

BORE WELLS! MAKE MONEY! Our Well Machines are the most reliable, durable, sturdy, and most efficient ever produced. They FINISH Wells where others FAIL. Any size, 4 to 14 inches diameter. LOOMIS & NYMAN, Catalogue FREE. TIFFIN, OHIO.

I CURE FITS

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. M. G. KOOT, M. C., 193 Pearl St., N. Y.

MADAME RACHEL'S FAN.

How she had a Famous Trinket Mended Before Her Eyes.

The celebrated French tragedienne Rachel Felix was in her day also well known on the German stage, where she enjoyed many triumphs as an actress. Among her treasures she possessed an equally remarkable and costly fan, which she took about with her on all her professional tours, as a sort of talisman. It even accompanied her to the dressing room of the theater. The frame was of solid gold relieved by beautiful ivory staves, artistically carved in the form of creeping foliage and ending in delicate points like the fir cones of a Bacchus staff. In place of parchment painted a la Watteau, there was a magnificent black lace ground, with exquisite floral pattern on which gold stars glittered, the new moon appeared in one corner, and lightning worked in gold thread darted across the starry firmament, its zigzag rays being imitated to perfection. When Mademoiselle Rachel was acting in Dresden, between thirty and forty years ago, her sister showed this original and splendid fan to Fraulein Bertha Heyse, head wardrobe keeper in the Royal theatre, who of course stood in business communication with the French theatrical company. The sister then related that the fan was said to have once been the property of the unfortunate Marie Antoinette, and after passing through many hands had at last fallen into the possession of a broker, of the same race of Middle Rachel, who obtained it from him at a tolerably high price. Perhaps the actress of tragedy felt a secret spell in the remembrance that the fan was once valued and toyed with by hands that had carried the unfortunate scepter of France and with it taken part in one of the saddest tragedies of modern history. However, the historical treasure was also doomed to misfortune during the actress's stay in Dresden, brought about, too, by herself. Middle Rachel was very passionate and altogether of an excitable disposition as many of a like arduous profession. One evening she was greatly annoyed at the awkwardness of her dresser who was about to attire her in the garments of Pauline in "Polieucte". The elegant case with theater requirements, daggers, fans and such things stood near, and in her haste Middle Rachel inadvertently took up her precious fan and broke it in striking her servant a heavy blow with it. As soon as the mischief was done she saw her mistake, and was beside herself with vexation. She stormed, cursed the German stage in general, and declared the play should be stopped. But that was impossible, and it was equally difficult to get up a German representation in a moment. So the lady was obliged to appear before the public in an excited frame of mind. The manager of the Court theater had meanwhile succeeded in partially consoling her by examining the broken treasure and assuring her a clever workman would be able to repair it. All the supposed fan-makers and menders of the town were summoned, but none was found willing to undertake the complicated needful repairs. They all declared it to be a goldsmith's work, and the goldsmiths shirked the responsibility by saying they were not fan menders. At last a German was found, who united both avocations in his skillful fingers. He had been a goldsmith, and during a long residence in Paris had been chiefly employed in repairing elegant and costly ornaments. The very fact of his having worked for the first Paris firms dealing in such articles-de-luxe, and the high recommendations with which he was provided, filled the artist's mind with hope and confidence. Still he made most extraordinary demands, and as the fan mender was about to take the broken fan to his workshop she refused to trust him with it lest he should replace the gold frame by baser metal. Now it was the man's turn to be insulted; he got into a passion, made use of many not over choice terms he had learned in Paris, and finished by declaring he would not patch such a "silly thing". The French rudeness seemed to have had due effect on Madame Rachel; she suddenly veered round, offered to pay a high price for the repairs, and begged the man to bring his tools to the hotel and mend the darling fan in her presence. The fan doctor agreed, the high price was sufficient balm to this wounded feelings, all the more that Middle Rachel was noted for her avarice. So tools and heating apparatus were brought to the hotel, and the workman succeeded admirably in the discharge of his arduous task.

When never Middle Rachel afterwards spoke of the affair she invariably added, "Such things could only happen in Germany," for, be it remarked, she had been disappointed in a pecuniary sense during her stay in that country.

Literary Work.

Competition never ceases with the literary man; his greatest competitors are dead, but their works live; he is judged by a standard established centuries ago, and which he cannot hope to reach. When he fails, the critics and more thoughtful readers speak contemptuously of his work as trash. Yet he may be cleverer than his readers or his critics, and the same amount of ability put into some other calling, with a more restricted field of action, might win him a distinguished position in his own locality. Few writers are fortunate enough to make a hit at the start; flashes of inspiration are not reliable producers of daily bread and meat. No young man, let him be ever so gifted, should for a moment expect to support himself as a writer of books, or as a con-

tributor to magazines. It takes at least six months to write a good novel or a good biography, and supposing its author succeeds in getting a publisher, he may consider himself lucky if he gets four or five hundred dollars for it. As for magazine articles, even could he dispose of two or three a month—an impossibility, by the way—at the average rate of payment, his income would be meager enough. Most famous writers have made their way by writing perseveringly for years, without compensation of any kind; others have worked at literature for half a lifetime only to gain barren fame. If a writer succeeds in having his first efforts published at all, he may be well content. A gentleman, now well known as a writer, once said to a young lady, who had some little success in magazine work, "Get your name made familiar to the public as soon as you can. Every time your name is mentioned in a leading journal, it is worth five dollars to you." This, you see, is one of the tricks of the trade. But getting known by good work is far better. And here we come to another branch of the subject. It sometimes happens that a tyro may have a good conception of a capital story, but cannot clothe his ideas in fitting words. Fortunately for him if friendly critic or editor performs that good office, and gives the result to the world in a readable form. An instance is told of this kind, where some original plot was found in a story with a grammatical error in almost every line. The author was advised that her manuscript contained the material for a good story, but it would have to be rewritten. She consented, and the manuscript was placed in the hands of a competent writer. When the book appeared the author scarcely recognized her work. The plot was there, but nothing more. As the "reader" predicted, the story, as rewritten, proved a success. To-day it is one of the best known novels in the literary world, and the author whose name appears on the title page, has not only gained fame, but a lesson in the art of writing—which was obtainable in no other way.

THE RUSSIAN CROWN JEWELS.

When the Czarina Wears them She is a Vision of Unmatched Gorgeousness.

No woman in the world wears so many jewels as the Czarina. Even her sister, who when she comes to the English throne will wear the Kohinoor, will not have such jewels or wear so many of them at one time. The Russian crown jewels are something simply fabulous. It is to be doubted whether any one outside of that country has any definite conception of the extent of the Romanoff possessions in the way of precious stones. The Russians still retain their barbaric love of splendor, and when the empress shows herself she is a vision of unmatched gorgeousness. She is one of the few monarchs who still make a practice of wearing a crown on great occasions.

Most of the European queens and Empresses content themselves with a tiara; even the queen Victoria, on the occasion of her jubilee levees, wears only one of the diamond tiaras, such as may be seen on the heads of women in the boxes of the Metropolitan opera house. Mrs. Astor used to wear a very handsome one of the same sort. But the Czarina wears a real crown. There are several she uses, but the favorite one is that made and worn by the great Elizabeth of Russia, and which she loaded with gems of great price. The pearls alone are said to be valued at something like 80,000 rubles.

When the empress danced recently with the Austrian ambassador, she was arrayed in a fashion of which Solomon never dreamed nor Balthus ever saw. On her head was the Elizabethian crown. Her gown was of heavy white watered silk, with a white velvet train, embroidered heavily with gold, and hung about all the edges with gold balls. The front of the gown was ornamented with ropes of linked pink coral, set in diamonds, and fastened at intervals to the dress. The necklace she wore contained over a thousand stones and reached nearly from neck to waist—a mass of rubies, sapphires and diamonds—a veritable breast-plate of gems.

Besides this, she wore on her breast about half of her orders—she has over forty in all—and her, too, were flashing with precious stones. Her rings, bracelets and earrings were all equally magnificent, and when she danced it was like the northern lights of a misty sky, a myriad flashing rays of all hues, glittering and changing with every moment.

Dumas Pere and His Son's Play.

Frank Saltus was the best teller of stories I ever heard, with all proper regard to Monsieur Maurice Barrymore. He had two about the Dumas. This is one: When the younger Dumas' pay, "La Dame Aux Camelias," was to be produced he invited his imperial father to sit in a box with some friends. The old man pook-poked at the idea, but he went. After the first act he remarked, "So so, so so," in a good-natured, egotistical way, and at the end of the second, "Well, well!" At the end of the third act, "I helped him write it!" At the final curtain, "I wrote it myself!" —Chatter.

Coarse Flannel Better than Fine

It is better to use coarse flannel than fine for fomentations. There is more air in the interstices of the former, and for this reason it will keep warmer longer, air being a bad conductor of heat.

Keep Your Blood Pure.

A small quantity of prevention is worth many pounds of cure. If your blood is in good condition the liability to any disease is much reduced and the ability to resist its wasting influence is tenfold greater. Look then to your blood, by taking Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) every few months. It is harmless in its effects to the most delicate infant, yet it cleanses the blood of all poisons and builds up the general health.

"S. S. S. cured me sound and well of contagious Blood Poison. As soon as I discovered I was afflicted with the disease I commenced taking Swift's Specific (S. S. S.) and in a few weeks I was permanently cured." GEORGE STEWART, Shelby, Ohio. Treatise on Blood and Skin diseases mailed free.

The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.

CURE Biliousness, Sick Headache, Malaria. **BILE BEANS.** J. F. SMITH & CO., Makers of "Bile Beans," 255 & 257 Greenwich St., N. Y. City.

DR. SO'S REMEDY FOR CATARRH.—Best. Easiest to use. Cheapest. Relief is immediate. A cure is certain. For Cold in the Head it has no equal. **CATARRH** It is an Ointment, of which a small particle is applied to the nostrils. Price, 50c. Sold by druggists or sent by mail. Address: E. T. HAZELTINE, Warren, Pa.

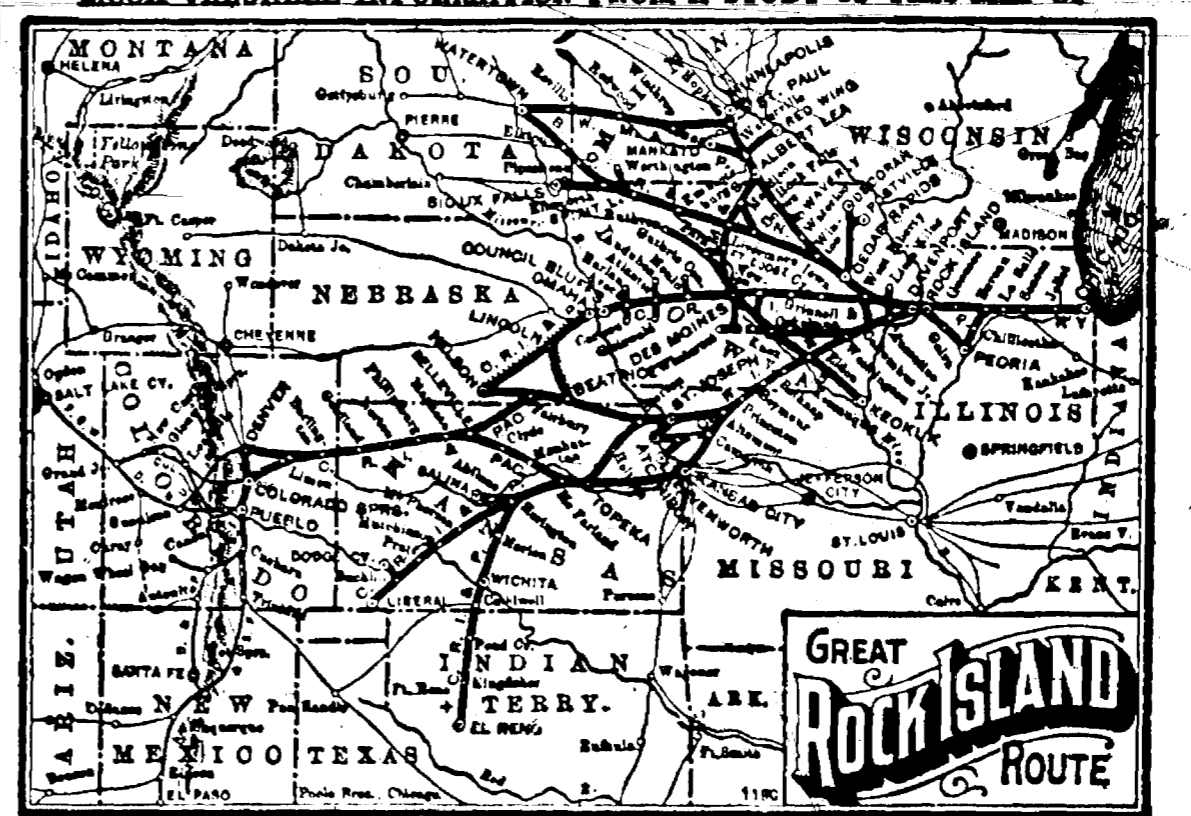
Book-keepers and Draughtsmen Attention! Matthews Improved Flexible Ruler EXCEEDS THEM ALL. Used once, used always. Avoids blotting, avoids blurring. Conforms perfectly to uneven surfaces and rules with remarkable beauty and ease. The latest and best thing out. Manufactured of the polished combination hard and soft rubber. Handsomely decorated. Perfect in action and the ruling favorite wherever known. Mailed throughout America postage free, 90c. Postal Note Money Order or Draft. Address the Inventor and Patentee, O. S. MATTHEWS, P. O. Box 577, DALLAS, TEX., U. S. A.

EVERY WATERPROOF COLLAR OR CUFF THAT CAN BE RELIED ON

Not to Split! Not to Discolor! BEARS THIS MARK.

TRADE MARK. **CELLULOID** MARK. NEEDS NO LAUNDERING. CAN BE WIPED CLEAN IN A MOMENT. THE ONLY LINEN-LINED WATERPROOF COLLAR IN THE MARKET.

A MAN UNACQUAINTED WITH THE GEOGRAPHY OF THE COUNTRY, WILL OBTAIN MUCH VALUABLE INFORMATION FROM A STUDY OF THIS MAP OF



THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY,

Including main lines, branches and extensions East and West of the Missouri River. The Direct Route to and from Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, Peoria, La Salle, Moline, Rock Island, in ILLINOIS—Davenport, Muscatine, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, Des Moines, Winterset, Audubon, Harlan and Council Bluffs, in IOWA—Minneapolis and St. Paul, in MINNESOTA—Watertown and Sioux Falls, in DAKOTA—Cameron, St. Joseph, and Kansas City, in MISSOURI—Omaha, Fairbury, and Nelson, in NEBRASKA—Atchison, Leavenworth, Horton, Topeka, Hutchinson, Wichita, Belleville, Abilene, Dodge City, Caldwell, in KANSAS—Kingfisher, El Reno, in the INDIAN TERRITORY—Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, in COLORADO. Traverses new areas of rich farming and grazing lands, affording the best facilities of intercommunication to all towns and cities east and west, north west and southwest of Chicago, and to Pacific and transoceanic Seaports.

MAGNIFICENT VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS,

Leading all competitors in splendor of equipment, between CHICAGO and DES MOINES, COUNCIL BLUFFS and OMAHA, and between CHICAGO and DENVER, COLORADO SPRINGS and PUEBLO, via KANSAS CITY and TOPEKA or via ST. JOSEPH. Through Coaches, Palace Sleepers, NEW AND ELEGANT DINING CARS, and FREE RECLINING CHAIR CARS. California Excursions daily, with choice of routes to and from Salt Lake City, Ogden, Helena, Portland (Ore.), Los Angeles and San Francisco. Fast Express Trains daily to and from all towns, cities and sections in Southern Nebraska, Kansas and the Indian Territory. The Favorite Line to and from Pike's Peak, Manitou, Cascade, Glenwood Springs, and all the Sanitary Resorts and Scenic Grandeur of Colorado.

VIA THE ALBERT LEA ROUTE.

Fast Express Trains, daily, between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, making close connections for all points North and Northwest. FREE Reclining Chair Cars to and from Kansas City. The Favorite Line to Pipestone, Watertown, Sioux Falls, and the Summer Resorts and Hunting and Fishing Grounds of Iowa, Minnesota and Dakota. THE SHORT LINE VIA SENECA AND KANKAKEE offers facilities to travel between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and St. Paul. For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information, apply to any Ticket Office in the United States or Canada, or address

E. ST. JOHN, General Manager. JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Ticket & Pass Agent. CHICAGO, ILL.

AROUND THE STATE.

A TERRIBLE CRIME PERPETRATED NEAR JACKSON.

Henry H. Swan of Detroit Appointed U. S. District Judge.

Little and Big Items From the Two Peninsulas.

Dastardly Outrage at Jackson.

One of the most dastardly crimes ever committed in Jackson occurred Saturday night, and may result in the death of an old lady. Mrs. Michael Eastman has for years resided alone in a little house near Jackson mound, her only companion being a large dog. About two o'clock Sunday morning a man rapped at her door, and upon being asked who he was he said his name was Frank Gleason, and that he wanted to come in. She refused to open the door, when he threatened to break it in, and going around to the back of the house, he broke in a window. The dog, which is known in the neighborhood as an unusually ferocious one, made no move and could not be prevailed upon to stir. This doubly frightened the woman, and she ran out of doors and started for the residence of her son, about 20 rods away. When about six rods from the house the man overtook her and, knocking her down, picked her up and carried her into the house. He remained there until four o'clock, during which time he feloniously assaulted her and ransacked the house. When ready to leave he demanded her money which she gave him—about \$150. He threatened to shoot her if she gave the alarm and disappeared behind an old building. She feared to leave the house until seven o'clock, when she went to her son's residence and told of the crime. The police were notified and the entire day was spent in an effort to find the fiend, but without success. Mrs. Eastman is completely prostrated and fears are entertained that she will not recover.

Another Detroitier Honored.

A Washington dispatch dated Jan. 13 says: Henry H. Swan of Detroit was this afternoon nominated by the president for United States district judge for the eastern district of Michigan. The name was sent to the senate at 2 o'clock. There is no kind of question about confirmation, although there may be a merely formal delay of a couple of days. The nomination is received with a great deal of satisfaction by the Michigan colony in Washington. Senator McMillan telegraphed Judge Swan this afternoon the news of his appointment and received later in the day a letter from the judge expressing his thanks. Judge Swan is the sixth citizen of Michigan to be nominated for United States district judge. President Jackson named Ross Wilkins. President Lincoln named Solomon L. Withy. President Grant nominated Judges Longyear and Brown and President Cleveland named Judge Henry E. Severens. It is stated here that Judge Swan will make no changes in the officers of the court, and that all the gentlemen who have served so faithfully in their respective positions under Judge Brown will be retained in office. At the president's reception this evening Senator McMillan took occasion to thank the president for his selection of Mr. Swan.

A Youthful Burglar Caught.

Albert, the 15-year-old son of William Owen of Battle Creek, was arrested Wednesday night inside of L. A. Paddock's hardware store. He had entered by breaking a window and had \$18 in bills in his pocket which he had taken from the money drawer. He admits several other burglaries, in which he secured various small sums. He was arraigned and the case put over until Monday, he being held in bonds of \$200 for his appearance. He made a rather ridiculous appearance, being clad in knee pants, the police were committed upon their duty in making the arrest and thus breaking up a dangerous gang.

The Tree Fell Upon Him.

Information has been received of the recent death of Peter Shortrey at the timber camp of James Davidson, about eighteen miles north of Midland, Thursday. Mr. Shortrey, together with his son, were engaged felling a tree when it some unexplained manner, the falling tree struck him on the head. He resided in Battle Creek and leaves a wife and three children.

MICHIGAN STATE ITEMS.

The Grand Ledge sewer pipe company struck clay 47 feet thick.

Hartford has a population of 1,500 and five churches but no preachers.

Charles E. Southerland, a well known labor leader of Adrian, is dead.

Judge Burlingame of Grand Rapids is very sick and may not recover.

They are cutting ice 11 inches thick and of the best quality at Muskegon.

A movement is on foot to light the streets of Leslie with electricity.

William J. Maguire of Flint is the new principal of the Mt. Morris schools.

A crowd of Battle Creek amateurs are to produce the "Mikado" at Charlotte.

The First Congregational church of Muskegon raised \$251 Sunday to pay off its debt.

Marcellus has a female barber and the gallants rush in droves to patronize her shop.

John Schille's meat market, Saginaw, was damaged \$200 by fire Monday afternoon.

Holly is to have a new \$16,000 brick hotel block, the plans for which are already drawn.

West Superior, upper peninsula, has subscribed \$200,000 for a railroad to Milwaukee.

Stroh's cigar factory in Constantine was damaged \$1,000 by fire Monday night. Insured.

The Knights of Pythias of Mecosta county will hold their annual ball and party at Big Rapids, Feb. 6.

The Lowell & Hastings railroad is now in operation, much to the delight of the residents of both villages.

D. M. Baker of Adrian was elected president of the retail lumbermen's state association at Kalamazoo.

The assets of J. H. Schmeck & Co., bankers of East Tawas, amounted to \$58,199 and the liabilities to \$38,292.

The Mining Journal says there are more men at work in Marquette this winter than at any time in the city's existence.

P. A. Rivitt of Bay City will build a substantial hotel at Durand, as he has great faith in the future of the place.

Wm. H. Buttner, the bogus divorce lawyer, pleaded guilty to grand larceny at New York and was remanded for sentence.

Several hundred men are idle near Ashland, Pa., by the closing down of the North Ashland, Monitor, Merriam and O'Leary collieries.

Stanwood, Mecosta county, wants a three-story brick building for public hall and secret society purposes and wants it very much.

Big Rapids people are talking seriously of offering a bonus to each and every industry that will establish there and employ 100 men.

Miss Blanche Haydon of Decatur, a prominent society young woman, died Monday from an overdose of chloral hydrate to induce sleep.

The Marquette & Presque Isle railroad company is having a line surveyed from Marquette to Presque Isle park, and will build in the spring.

Crackmen went through the American express company's safe at Republic, upper peninsula, Sunday night, securing \$187 in cash and some securities.

The January crop report shows an increase in price of wheat, corn, oats, fat cattle and sheep, and a decrease on hay, hogs, horses and milk cows.

The woolgrowers' and stockbreeders' association of Clinton county held their annual meeting Thursday and elected John H. Clemens of Bath, president.

Phil Dunham of Big Prairie wanted to kill himself for a long time, but was prevented. Saturday he made a go of it, and blew off the whole top of his head.

The barbed wire men have met at Chicago for the purpose of making arrangements with the owners of the Washburn and Moen patents to stop litigation.

Hillsdale's social event was the marriage of ex-Mayor Chauncey E. Cook to Miss Louise Stock, daughter of one of the foremost business men of the place.

Leslie people are looking for another railroad and have reasons to hope that the Grand Trunk will build from Bellevue to Stockbridge and pass through Leslie.

Mr. Eyle Emerson and wife of Keeler celebrated their golden wedding January 5, a large number of relatives and friends making the celebration a great success.

Representative Harvey Mellen of Macomb was married on Tuesday. The members of the house presented their congratulations and Mr. Mellen presented the cigars.

The law requiring blackboards at railroad stations, announcing the arrival and departure of trains, has been declared constitutional by the Indiana supreme court.

Earl Davis, nine years old, committed suicide at Adrian Wednesday by shooting himself through the lungs because his parents scolded him for running away from school.

A J. Weber's tenement block in Ionia caught fire Thursday morning, but was saved after the residents had been frightened and a property loss of \$1,500 sustained.

O'Donnell, Spencer & Co., lumber dealers of Saginaw, assigned Monday for the benefit of their creditors. The liabilities are estimated at \$10,000 and the assets at twice as much.

F. J. Lamb & Co. of Grand Rapids have begun suit against the Michigan Central for \$10,000 damages caused by delay in shipping goods to the point to which they were consigned.

A chattel mortgage of \$100,000 has been given by the United States electric traction company of New York to secure bonds. The amount of unsecured liabilities is \$150,000.

Patrick Cady, who formerly lived in Grand Rapids, but was more lately a contractor in Chili, has died, leaving a considerable property, which will go to his relatives in Michigan.

In justice to the town of Decatur it should be said that the scarlet fever prevalent in that place is not serious, nor has it reached the pronounced state so called an epidemic.

The parishioners of St. Mark's church, Grand Rapids, are mourning because their pastor, Rev. Campbell Fair, has resigned to become a general missionary of the general theological board.

Dr. George C. Palmer, superintendent of the Central insane asylum at Kalamazoo, caused a moderate sensation recently by resigning. He will become superintendent of a private asylum at Flint.

Mrs. Clotis M. Phillan, grand dame of John Howard Payne, who is at Los Angeles, Cal., will be here and a week ago to write a series of articles for Boston paper, until Tuesday night.

The Tuscola county agricultural society, Monday elected Charles J. Sisson of Vassar president; Thomas Mitchell of Jumbula, vice president; John C. W. Watertown, treasurer; J. A. Frasier of Vassar, secretary.

A few years ago Miss Clifton of Constantine lost her eye through illness, and since then has not been able to speak above a whisper. She was visiting at Kalkaska the other day, when she was seized with a sneezing fit, and when it was over found she could talk as well as anybody, and has been making the best time ever since.

LANSING GOSSIP.

A FOUR-MONTHS' SESSION IS EXPECTED TO BE SUFFICIENT.

A Forecast of the Work to be Accomplished in that Time.

Items of Interest from the State Capital.

Speaker Wachtel has announced his standing committees, the chairman of which are: Agricultural college, Miller; agriculture, Canfield; drainage, Osborn; eastern asylum for the insane, Haywood; education, Wendell; emigration and enrollment, Blake; elections, Lambert; federal relations, W. B. Jackson; fisheries, Doyle; geological survey, Baker; harbors, McGovern; horticulture, Graham; immigration, Nolan; insurance, Gregory; internal improvements, Lewis; judiciary, Barkworth; labor interests, Harley; liquor traffic, White; local taxation, Leach; lumber and salt, Denning; manufactures, McCloy; Michigan asylum for insane prisoners, Bethel; Michigan institute for the deaf and dumb, Mellen; military affairs, Rowden; mines and minerals, Carpenter; municipal corporations, Miner; normal school, Rockwell; northern asylum for insane, Harper; printing, Doremus; private corporations, Marsh; public health, A. E. Ferguson; public lands, S. P. Jackson; railroads, Connor; reform school, C. C. Pritch; reform school for girls, M. Ferguson; religious institutions and benevolent societies, Houghton; roads and bridges, Gibbons; rules and joint rules, Seeley; school of mines, Tripp; soldiers' home, L. S. Johnson; state affairs, Richardson; state capital and public buildings, Marlon; state house of correction, Knight; state library, Robinson; state prison, Holton; state public schools, Orth; state school for the blind, Baldwin; supplies and expenditures, Downing; towns and counties, Thatcher; university, Henze; upper peninsula prison, Cook; ways and means, Lovven.

The several nominations sent to the senate Monday night by Gov. Winans of Charles R. Whitman of Ann Arbor, commissioner of railroads; George N. Davis of Grand Rapids, warden of Jackson prison; G. A. Pennell, St. Johns, warden of Ionia prison; and Herschel Whittaker of Detroit, fish commissioner, were reported by the senate committee on executive business Tuesday afternoon and immediately thereafter confirmed in executive session.

Representative Harley of Mason has a bill to change the season for hunting deer, and to shorten the time for killing them in the upper peninsula. In this connection Henry A. Newland and nearly 3,000 others petition the legislature to enact laws to protect fur-bearing animals. Michigan was formerly the most abundant field for hunters and trappers. At the great fur companies of old time, including John Jacob Astor, had depots in Michigan for the purchase of furs and the supplying of hunters. Nearly every species of fur-bearing animal was indigenous to the state. Now, so great has been the slaughter, hardly any skins but those of muskrat, mink, wolf and deer are offered for sale by Michigan trappers, and the resources of the state in that respect have become well nigh exhausted.

Ex-Senator Andrew Harshaw, of Alpena, was in the city in the interests of Capt. M. P. Thatcher, of Detroit, as a candidate for member of the board of trustees of the state soldiers' home at Grand Rapids. He called on Gov. Winans and presented Capt. Thatcher's claims, backed up by the unanimous support of Fairbanks post No. 17, G. A. R. of Detroit. The governor expressed himself as very favorably inclined toward Capt. Thatcher, but remarked that it would be some little time before he would select any new members of that board.

Speaker Wachtel has appointed the following a committee on congress and appointment, consisting of one from each district: 1, W. B. Jackson; 2, J. V. N. Greason; 3, T. E. Barkworth; 4, C. L. Eaton (Rep.); 5, E. M. Barnard (Rep.); 6, A. R. Tripp; 7, F. H. Battrey; 8, R. Connor; 9, J. N. Tanklebaugh (Rep.); 10, L. G. Dufre (Rep.); 11, M. J. Doyle. This committee will endeavor to formulate a bill based on the new census, but that will not exclude the offering of bills upon the same subject by individual members. Several such bills are in preparation.

A distinguished lawyer who has examined Representative Miner's bill for the election of presidential electors by congressional districts, says the plan is constitutional. Formerly some of the states chose electors through their legislatures. This was the case with South Carolina up to the time of the war. In Massachusetts, Virginia, North Carolina and Kentucky they have in times past been elected by congressional districts. On one occasion they were thus elected in New York. At first the legislature of New York chose the electors. In 1800 the outgoing legislature was federal, the incoming was anti-federal, under ordinary circumstances the incoming legislature would have chosen the electors. Alexander Hamilton, being opposed to Jefferson, appealed to Gov. Jay to call the old legislature together before the term of office of the members expired, and let it choose the electors, but the governor declined.

General Manager Henry W. Ashley of the Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan railroad, on being asked about the appointment of Mr. Whitman as commissioner of railroads said that he regarded Mr. Whitman as a fair and just man, with the judicial temperament necessary to investigate and decide the questions that may come before him. Mr. Whitman being a man of quick perceptions it would not take him a long time to understand the business of the office. Since a change was deemed necessary, there is no reason to doubt that the new appointee will justly and successfully administer the office. Mr. Whitman says that he will continue Mr. Ransom indefinitely as deputy railroad commissioner.

Dr. Koch's Wonderful Remedy.

Prof. Koch's published report, describing the composition of the lymph is comparatively brief. It says the lymph consists of glycerine and an extract derived from the pure cultivation of the tubercle bacilli. It continues: "In the simple extract there naturally passes from the tubercular bacilli, besides the effective substances, all the other matter soluble in 50 per cent glycerine. Consequently it contains a certain quantity of mineral salts, coloring substances and other unknown extractive matter. Some of these substances can be removed from it tolerably easily. The effective substance is insoluble in absolute alcohol. It can be precipitated by it, though not, indeed, in a pure condition, but still combined with the other extractive matter, which is likewise insoluble in alcohol. The coloring matter may also be removed, rendering it possible to obtain from the extract a colorless, dry substance containing the effective principle in a much more concentrated form than the original glycerine solutions. Now, if one increased artificially in the vicinity of the bacillus the amount of necrotizing substance in the tissue, the necrosis would spread a greater distance. The conditions of nourishment for the bacillus would, thereby, become more unfavorable than usual. In the first place, the tissue which had become necrotic over a larger extent, would decay and detach itself, and, where such were possible, would carry off the enclosed bacilli and eject them outwardly, so far disturbing their vegetation that they would much more speedily be killed than under ordinary circumstances."

Prof. Koch concludes with a reference to the duration of the remedy. Of consumptive patients whom he believes have been temporarily cured, two have returned to the Mont to hospital for observation. No bacilli have appeared in their sputum for the past three months, and their phthisical symptoms have gradually and completely disappeared.

New Panama Canal Schema.

M. Goutel of Paris, president of the committee of Panama shareholders and bondholders, announces that the committee has obtained the assent of the government and the approval of the committee of liquidation for a new scheme. This plan will follow, or, in other words, is upon the basis of the financial system which enabled Louisiana to effect works costing 300,000,000 francs. The committee propose a succession of annual lotteries of 100,000,000 francs, 20,000,000 francs in prizes to be assigned to each lottery, and the net profits thereon to be used in defraying the cost of the canal works at the isthmus of Panama until the canal is completed.

"Black Death."

A dispatch from Tobolsk, Siberia, says that the terrible scourge known as "black death" has reached the city of Tobolsk, the capital of West Siberia. The whole of Asiatic Russia, from Samarkand to the mouth of the Obi, is suffering from the scourge. Thousands are dying at Oudorsk, near the mouth of the Obi, owing to the lack of physicians. It seems almost hopeless to try and check the spread of the fearful disease.

MEN AND THINGS.

The California powder pool has collapsed owing to eastern competition.

The fund for the benefit of the poor of Ireland now amounts to \$55,000.

Snow has fallen in Kansas and Missouri to a depth of from six to ten inches.

A terrific snow storm has been raging at Denver, Col., since Wednesday night.

Three short term men escaped from the penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio, Thursday.

The window glass works at Zanesville, O., have been shut down for an indefinite period.

The proceeds of the charity ball in Chicago last Thursday night were about \$18,000.

Sister Mary Imatius Kelly, mother superior of the St. Mary's orphanage at Dover, N. H., is dead.

There were received in New York city in 1890, 77,702,156 bushels of grain, 30,082,900 of which was delivered by canal.

An order has issued from the department of the interior directing the expulsion from the Terek regions of the Caucasus of all Jews.

A writ of habeas corpus has been refused Henry and Caroline Schmidt, arrested at Media, Pa., for murdering their sister last December.

The Chicago steamfitters, who have been out on strike for three months, returned to work Saturday, the strike having proved a complete failure.

There were 247 new companies incorporated in the United States during the week ending January 9, their total capitalization being \$106,705,225.

Hon. Wm. T. Carrington, ex-collector of the port of Morgan City, La., was burned to death in his residence there. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

The Yellow Pine lumber company, one of the wealthiest lumber firms in the south, passed into the hands of a receiver Saturday. Liabilities, \$46,000; assets, \$187,000.

The young men's democratic association of Philadelphia celebrated "Jackson day" by a grand banquet Thursday night. Grover Cleveland was the principal speaker.

John Patton, bookkeeper at the South Dakota penitentiary, at Sioux Falls, for ten years, is reported missing with a large sum of money, which was taken from the safe.

Two passenger trains on the Baltimore & Ohio collided Friday near Harper's Ferry, Va. The engineer, Rufus Gosnell, was instantly killed and seventeen other persons more or less injured.

The skeleton of a boy tied to a tree has been found in the Saskatchewan valley and it is supposed that the boy was offered as a sacrifice by the Indians to the gods for good luck on a hunting trip.

WASHINGTON LETTER

OUTLOOK FOR WORK IN CONGRESS THE COMING WEEK.

Plans Proposed and a Bill Introduced to Re-Model the White House.

A Summary of the Happenings of the Past Week.

The legislative prospect for this week is full of promise of matters of public interest and importance. If the agreement made last week is observed by the senate, Wednesday will close the discussion of the financial bill and decide its fate in that body. As it is generally expected that the free coinage amendment will prevail, interest now centers in the result of the controversy over the National bank and 2 per cent bond features of the bill. The proceedings of the senate after the financial bill is out of the way are problematical. An effort will be made by the Republican senators to hold a caucus and agree upon a program, and if this caucus is held, a determined effort will be made to cause it to place the elections bill again in the van of party measures and force it through the senate with the aid of a cloture rule. Should this attempt to secure caucus action on the elections bill fail the probabilities are that either the apportionment bill, the pension appropriation bill, one or more of the pending labor bills, or perhaps the Conger hard bill with the Paddock pure food bill as an alternative, will be taken up. The shipping bill and appropriations will probably be the chief matters of consideration in the house during the coming week. Six appropriation bills are on the calendar, and from now on advantage will be taken of every opportunity to bring them before the house. The senate financial bill is expected to reach the house the latter part of this week. There is no reason to expect the bill to cut any figure in the house during this week, but in view of the fight of last session over the silver bill the situation is full of possibilities.

A NEW WHITE HOUSE.

Senator Stanford has introduced in the senate a bill for the extension of the executive mansion in accordance with the plan proposed by Mrs. Harrison, to embrace the present mansion as a private executive mansion, enlarged by the addition of an executive office or official wing on the west, public wing, or gallery of pictures and historical relics and art treasures on the east, both counterparts of the original structure in design and connected therewith by colonnades and hallways and on the south by a connecting range of iron and glass structures of symmetrical design, forming executive conservatories and winter gardens; the whole architectural group forming an inner park or garden, at a cost not to exceed \$500,000. The present intention and hope is that the cornerstone of the new structure can be laid with appropriate ceremonies Oct. 15, 1892, as this date is particularly appropriate, being the 40th anniversary of the discovery of America and the centennial of the laying of the foundation of the present edifice.

JUSTICE BROWN'S DUTIES.

Since Justice Miller's death, Justice Brewer has been taking care of both the sixth and the eighth circuits, but by arrangement, Justice Brown will have the sixth circuit comprising Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky and Tennessee, in all nine districts. It will therefore happen that Michigan people will still have an occasional opportunity to see Justice Brown. An interesting coincidence is the game of leap frog which Justice Brown has played by jumping over Circuit Judge Jackson of the sixth circuit. Judge Jackson was one of Justice Brown's earliest and most zealous supporters.

SUNDAY AT THE WORLD'S FAIR.

A. T. Jones of Charlotte and W. H. McKee of Washington appeared before the house world's fair committee meeting Thursday morning and argued that the government should take no action closing the world's fair on Sunday. They are members of the National religious liberty society and are opposed to taking any action recognizing any day as the Sabbath. Jones is a leading Seventh Day Adventist. The report of the sub-committee examining into the world's fair business at Chicago severely criticised the management as they found it, but state that it has since been improved. They will propose a reduction of salaries.

RAFTS ON THE GREAT LAKES.

The sub-committee of the house committee on commerce Thursday prepared a report on the bill regulating the use of rafts on the great lakes. The bill as reported provides that hereafter no rafts larger than 70x800 feet shall be allowed to pass through St. Mary's river, and none larger than 100x1,000 through St. Clair or Detroit rivers.

THE FREE COINAGE BILL.

The general opinion at the Capitol is that the free coinage bill which has been passed by the senate will also pass the house and many believe the President will sign it. The silver men are determined to get the matter before the house, and if there is much delay on the part of the committee in reporting on the bill their impatience will be manifested in the most vigorous manner they can contrive.

INDIAN CATTLE.

Secretary Windom has decided that all foreign cattle imported into the United States whether for consumption or for transit, must undergo a veterinary inspection by the officers of the agricultural department. This rule does not apply to American cattle passing through Canada in bond, whether intended for domestic consumption or export. An investigation as to remissness in inspecting foreign cattle at Pittsburg, N. Y., has been ordered by the treasury department.

INDIAN APPROPRIATIONS.

The commission of Indian affairs has sent to the house Indian affairs committee the following estimates for appropriations for expenses connected with Indian schools for the fiscal year 1891-2: Albuquerque, N. M., \$100,000; Chillicothe, I. T., \$175,000; Lawrence, Kas., \$135,700; Santa Fe, N. M., \$73,550.

TO THE PEOPLE OF PINCKNEY AND SURROUNDING COUNTRY!

I am bound to make Pinckney one of the best and cheapest places in Michigan to buy CLOTHING. I have now on the way

TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS WORTH OF SUITS

which will arrive soon. It will be the finest stock of Clothing ever brought to Pinckney. I need your help and if you will stand by me I will save you dollars. Don't think that because I have no opposition that I am robbing you, if you do, you are mistaken. All I ask is square dealing and when I tell you that I will do so and so, I mean it. In order to make room for my new stock I will give you prices such as you never heard of before. Be sure and call on me when in need of

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS and CAPS!

You will get your money's worth every time or no sale. Thanking you for your past patronage and hoping to receive a good share in the future, I remain Yours Very Truly.

F. E. WRIGHT,

:-:

The Pinckney Clothier.



Neighborhood news, gathered by our corps of hustling Correspondents.

PETTEYSVILLE.

Mrs. Ross is on the sick list.

James Nash, who has been confined to his bed for the past two weeks with pneumonia, is better.

Miss Ella Cifer, of Caro, O., is the guest of her grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Burroughs.

About 50 of the ice gang went out on a strike a week ago Tuesday. They succeeded in getting an advance of twenty-five cents a day.

S. S. Schuller has a gang of 100 men employed cutting and packing ice at Hamburg Junction. Three hundred tons is the amount that passes through the tower hourly.

The North Hamburg P. of I. order will hold another open meeting one week from next Saturday night. The question, "Resolved that book-agents are a greater nuisance than tramps" will receive a thorough discussion.

NORTH LAKE.

Richard Roche attended a wedding at Howell yesterday.

Elmer Sweeney spent Sunday with his parents in Petteysville.

Miss Lucy Webb spent Sunday at Geo. Brown's in East Putnam.

Miss Maggie Hudson has been quite ill the past week with scarlet fever.

Miss Nellie Lown, of Henrietta, is visiting at R. C. Glenn's the past and present week.

Miss Clara Wood visited her aunt, Mrs. George Brown, in East Putnam first of the week.

Henry Carragher has recently lost a horse, but seemingly does not wish the people to know it.

The P. of I. will give a rag social at the Grange hall on Tuesday evening, January 27th. All are invited to attend.

PARSHALLVILLE.

J. S. Lane, of Hartland, was in town Sunday.

J. H. Norbert, James Galt, and Frank Griffin are on the sick list.

Miss Ray, of the Fenton Normal, is a guest of Miss Ada Cornell.

Miss Lillie Ferguson, of Durand, is spending a few days at Will Wolverton's.

Miss Lillie Johnson returned from Canada this week where she has been visiting.

Warren Cole has moved from his place in this village to his mother's, two miles west of here.

The donation at the M. E. church was well attended considering the number that are sick in the vicinity.

On Wednesday evening, January 14th, at 8 o'clock p. m., about fifty guests assembled at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James Botsford, in Oceola, to witness the marriage of their only daughter, Matie, to Will Wakeman, of Tyrone. The

ceremony was performed by Rev. Voorhies, of Howell. They were the recipients of many costly presents. Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wakeman, the parents of the groom, give them a reception to-morrow, (Friday) night, at their residence in Tyrone.

ANDERSON.

Robt. Timney, of Lansing, is in this place on business.

Mr. Frank Parker has been visiting relatives in South Lyon.

Mr. and Mrs. Elton Jeffery are the happy parents of a ten pound boy.

Will Dailey and Elton Jeffery shipped a car-load of cattle from this place one day last week.

There will be a social at Mr. Durkee's on Friday night next for the benefit of the Sprout Sunday school.

On Saturday night last at about nine o'clock Mrs. N. Beebe's barn burned down. It contained about 600 bushels of beans.

TYRONE.

Miss Addie Bradley is again at work at J. Farnham's.

School is still closed in district No. 2 on account of measles.

Revival meetings are in progress at the Wolverton school house.

John Wolverton is cutting wood for Port Brown, of Hartland.

Wonder who it was went by whistling about 3 o'clock Monday morning.

George Safford, now of Orchard Lake, was visiting friends in this vicinity last week.

Ina and Burton street, Will Predmore, George Trollman and Tomo Cox, are just recovering from the measles.

It is reported that J. Elvin Farnham a former Tyrone boy, and now of Farnham Station, Houghton county, was quite seriously injured while hauling logs from off his claim to the mill.

IOSCO.

A little son of C. Brandel is reported very sick.

Rev. R. Carter is reported sick at the home of Israel Bennett.

Miss Mattie Horton is visiting Mrs. Mary Bravener, of Madison.

The little son of Mr. Cairn, that was not expected to live, is better. Mrs. Chas. King visited at David Burgess' in Dansville Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Brasa, of Flint, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Bradley.

Chas. Rose is visiting his sister, Mrs. A. W. Elliott for a few days. Mr. Rose is in the railroad business at Jackson, Mich.

Geo. McIntyre lost a fine horse Thursday. It was kicked by another horse in the stable and broke its leg in such a manner as to make it necessary to kill it.

GREGORY.

Miss Josie Daniels, who has been quite sick with inflammation of the lungs, has recovered and gone back to Ann Arbor where she is attending school.

Stave timber is coming in quite freely for the new stave mill.

Mr. Gates is drawing logs, to be shipped from this point, for car timber.

Persia Daniels has been home from school a few days with sore throat.

A little boy living at Emery Chipman's is very sick with inflammation of the lungs.

A druggist in search of a location has been looking over the Matthew's building this week.

Bird Gregory was kept in the house a few days last week with chills and fever, but is out again.

Frank Barton commenced Monday drawing lumber for a new house which Marsh & Moore are to build.

Mrs. Fitch Montague returned from Ann Arbor this morning, she has been visiting friends there for a few days.

Robert Brearly, senior, was taken dangerously ill last week with pleuro-pneumonia. At this writing he is no better.

Tales of magic growth in the West are nothing in comparison to the marvelous manner in which our back streets can grow up stores in the small hours of the night.

A social for the benefit of the New York City "Home for the Friendless" is to be given at the home of Fred Sharp, senior, on Friday evening of this week.

Miss Etta Farrington, who has been staying at Mr. Gregory's this winter has twice been called away on account of sickness in her home. This time it is her brother who has intermitant fever, we understand.

MILES' NERVE & LIVER PILLS.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipation. Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 50 doses for 25 cents. Samples free at F. Sigler's.

WE

Sell the most goods for the least money.

WE

Give away the ladies handy sewing-tables,

WE

In addition to our general stock have put in a line of drugs and family medicines.

WE

Are grateful for your patronage the past year, and solicit a continuance.

WM. H. MARSH,

GREGORY.

NEW FIRM! :-: NEW GOODS!

and prices that will move goods. We have purchased the stock of Geo. W. Sykes & Co. and will carry on a

GENERAL MERCHANDISE BUSINESS IN PINCKNEY.

We will put in a complete stock of

GROCERIES!

also a good line of Dry Goods, etc.

We will offer for a few days some bargains in

Underwear, Dress Flannels, Shawls, Gloves and Mittens, Hats and Caps.

These goods are mostly new, not having been in stock one month, and will be sold regardless of value. Call and see the goods and we will do you good, at

DEAN & CO'S.

Geo. W. Sykes, Agent.

TO FARMERS-

THE Michigan Farmer

BUSINESS PAPER FOR FARMERS!

It publishes the best and most reliable MARKET REPORTS For the Farmer, the Stock-Breeder, the Dairyman and the Horticulturist.

The various departments of the paper, which include Agriculture, Horticulture, Stock-Breeding, Veterinary Science, Market Reports of Farm Products and Live Stock, Reports of Farmers' Clubs, etc., etc., are weekly filled with interesting and reliable information.

The "Household" supplement and a large amount of choice miscellany make it a paper a favorite with all members of the family.

Subscription price, \$1.00 per year, which includes "The Household" supplement.

Agents wanted at every Postoffice, to canvass good commission. For particulars address GIBBONS BROTHERS, Publishers, DETROIT, MICH.

The Michigan Farmer AND THE Pinckney -:- Dispatch

Both one year for \$1.85.

NOTICE!

We are obliged to ask every one that owe us either by Note or Book Account, to settle with us before FEB. 1st, and we hope each one will call AT ONCE, for we must have money. Thanking you all for past favors, we remain

Yours Truly,

Teple & Cadwell.

December 15, 1890.

STOVES! STOVES! STOVES.

At Gregory.

This is the time of year when you are talking of getting new stoves, and I want you to remember that I have a complete line on hand, such as the celebrated



Peninsular, Round Oak, Capital Oak, and Marshall Stoves,

Which I will sell to you at the lowest possible price; also bear in mind that I carry a very complete line of

SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE

which I will sell at close rates.

I have also a large stock of WHIPS which I will sell at ONE-FOURTH OFF during the next 30 days. Get prices from other dealers then come to me and I will convince you that I mean business.

N. E. MOORE, Gregory.