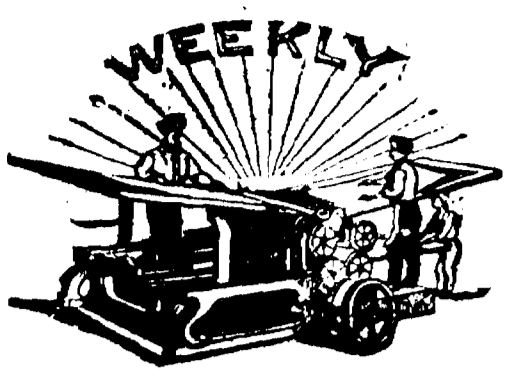


Pinckney Dispatch



VOL. X PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1892. No. 39.

The Pinckney Dispatch

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY FRANK L. ANDREWS

Subscription Price \$1 in Advance.

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan, as second-class matter.

Advertising rates made known on application.

Business Cards, \$4.00 per year. Death and marriage notices published free. Announcements of entertainments may be paid for, if desired, by presenting the office with tickets of admission. In case tickets are not brought to the office, regular rates will be charged. All matter in local notice column will be charged at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Where no time is specified, all notices will be inserted until ordered discontinued, and will be charged for accordingly. All changes of advertisements MUST reach this office as early as Tuesday morning to insure an insertion the same week.

JOB PRINTING!

In all its branches, a specialty. We have all kinds and the latest styles of Type, etc., which enables us to execute all kinds of work, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Programmes, Bill Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Cards, Auction Bills, etc., in superior styles, upon the shortest notice. Prices as low as good work can be done.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH.

THE VILLAGE DIRECTORY.

VILLAGE OFFICERS.

PRESIDENT, Warren A. Carr. TRUSTEES, Samuel Sykes, A. B. Green, Thompson Grimes, A. S. Leland, G. W. Hoff. CLERK, Ira J. Cook. TREASURER, Floyd Reason. ASSESSOR, Michael Lavey. STREET COMMISSIONER, Daniel Baker. MARSHAL, Simon Bragan. HEALTH OFFICER, Dr. H. F. Sigler.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Rev. W. G. Stephens, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. W. D. Thompson, Superintendent.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH. Rev. John Humphrey, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. Ed. Glover, Superintendent.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH. Rev. Wm. P. Considine, Pastor. Services every third Sunday. Low mass at 8 o'clock, high mass with sermon at 10:30 a. m. Catechism at 3:00 p. m., vespers and benediction at 7:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

The L. O. G. T. Society of this place meets every Wednesday evening in the Macabee hall. CHAS. GRIMES, C. T.

The A. O. H. Society of this place, meets every third Sunday in the Fr. Matthew Hall. John McGuinness, County Delegate.

EPWORTH LEAGUE. Meets every Tuesday evening in their room in M. E. Church, cordial invitation is extended to all interested in christian work. Rev. W. G. Stephens, President.

The C. T. A. and B. Society of this place, meet every third Saturday evening in the Fr. Matthew Hall. John Donohue, President.

KNIGHTS OF MACABEES. Meet every Friday evening on or before full of the moon at old Masonic Hall. Visiting brethren are cordially invited. W. H. Leland, Sir Knight Commander.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. F. Sigler, F. W. Reeve. SIGLER & REEVE.

Physicians and Surgeons. All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main street, Pinckney, Mich.

C. W. KIRTLAND, M. D. HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN. Graduate of the University of Michigan. OFFICE OVER THE BANK, PINCKNEY.

E. L. AVERY, Dentist. In Pinckney every Friday. Office at Pinckney House. All work done in a careful and thorough manner. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Oxydent. Call and see me.

WANTED. Wheat, Beans, Barley, Clover Seed, Dressed Hogs, etc. The highest market price will be paid. Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt, etc., for sale. THOS. READ, Pinckney, Mich.

T. H. BUCKINGHAM, VETERINARY SURGEON, graduate of Ontario Veterinary College has located in Stockbridge and is now prepared to treat all diseases of domesticated animals by the latest scientific methods. Also surgical operations of all kinds performed with the greatest care. All calls by letter or telegram will receive prompt and careful attention. Office at Nichols & Brown's drug store, Stockbridge, Michigan.

S. B. SMITH & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN PIANOS, ORGANS AND MUSICAL MERCHANDISE. 134 MAIN STREET WEST, JACKSON, MICHIGAN. State agent for the wonderful A. B. Chase Pianos and Organs. Send for our catalogue of 10c. sheet music.

Pinckney Exchange Bank

G. W. TAYLOR, Proprietor.

Does a general Banking Business.

MONEY LOANED ON APPROVED NOTES. DEPOSITS RECEIVED.

Certificates issued on time deposits and payable on demand.

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.

Stampery Tickets for sale.

PINCKNEY MARKETS.

Eggs 15 cts. Butter 17 cts. Beans \$1.15 @ 1.50. Potatoes 30 cts. per bu. Dressed Chickens, 8 cts. per lb. Live Chickens, 6 cts. per lb. Dressed Turkeys, 8 @ 10 cents per lb. Oats, 28 cts. per bu. Corn, 31 cts. per bu. Barley, \$1.18 per hundred. Rye, 75 cts. per bu. Clover Seed, \$6.00 @ \$6.50 per bushel. Dressed Pork, \$7 @ \$6.00 per cwt. Wheat, number 1, white 67 number 2, red, 67

Local Dispatches.

Did you go to the county fair? The South Lyon spring bed factory is no more.

A new daughter at the home of Floyd Reason's.

C. M. Wood and wife are spending the week in Caro.

Miss Mary VanFleet is visiting friends near Alma.

Miss Mabel Mann spent a few days in Detroit this week.

W. H. Leland and wife visited friends in Fowlerville over Sunday.

The leader of Gilmore's famous band, P. S. Gilmoie, died at St. Louis Saturday night.

John Arnold is reported as being very sick. We hope it is nothing serious, however.

Our Ladies' quartette have adopted a name, and will be known hereafter as the Cecelia Quartette.

Chas. Taylor and wife of Webster, spent the Sabbath with Mrs. Taylor's mother, Mrs. Alice Grier.

Miss Mary VanFleet and Mrs. John VanFleet attended the State Fair, and report a fine time.

The Ladies' Quartette serenaded Mr. Lee's people while on their way home from Dexter the other night.

Another man blew out the gas in the Stowell house, Jackson, one night last week. Physicians saved his life.

A farmer near Dexter had a number of fine sheep badly injured and some killed by a dog one night last week.

Ruben Finch returned from Washington Monday. He has been attending the encampment, and reports a grand reunion.

Some art loving women of Jackson are raising money for a building for art and literature. They are going to erect a \$20,000 building.

The Methodist church and parsonage at Flint were totally destroyed by fire Saturday. The church was built at a cost of \$30,000 four years ago.

The park board at Detroit are making better arrangements for the skaters at Belle Isle Park this winter by building a new and ornamental pavilion.

The secretary of the Washtenaw agricultural society refused \$225 for a small space on the fair grounds for the running of the "dice" game during the fair.

I. Davis did not move to Howell last week as he expected, as he was taken very sick. He is so as to be around now and expects to move the latter part of the week.

Rev. W. G. Stephens returned from conference Tuesday. All who knew him will be pleased to learn that he will remain as pastor of the M. E. church here for another year.

Next Sunday morning at the Congregational church the subject of the sermon will be: "The Old Paths." The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed at the close of the service.

We received a letter from R. C. Stackable this week asking us to direct his paper to French Gulch, Cal., as he has secured a position as teacher there. His labors began Sept. 19. R. C. has proved himself to be a good teacher here and we do not doubt but that he will succeed in Cal.

Howell will celebrate Columbus day. Nina Younglove visited in Detroit last week.

There is very little corn in this vicinity but what is cut.

Mrs. Story, of Detroit, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Lester, of this place.

The Dorcas society will meet on Saturday afternoon with Miss Myrtle Finch.

Miss Franc Burch went yesterday to Muskegon where she will give a recital.

Mr. and Mrs. Le Conte Myer, of Seneca Co. New York, are visiting at M. Nash's.

The Fowlerville Observer has changed back to its original size—five column quarto.

Miss Minnie Dolan, of Jackson, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mike Dolan.

Lyle Younglove has secured a position in the laboratory of Parke, Davis and Co., of Detroit.

Burglars attempted to break in Barnard and Campbell's store one night last week but were frightened away.

A boy working in the Excelsior office at South Lyon had one of his hands badly fractured last week in the press.

Married at the Congregational parsonage, by Rev. John Humphries, Mr. John Mortenson and Miss Elsie Hendee, both of Putnam.

The editor of the Marion Dispatch was presented last week with 6 onions that weighed 4 1/2 pounds. The office cat did not get them, did it Will?

Howell has organized a village improvement society which will look after the improvement and cleanliness of the village. This is a good move.

Norman Wilson, who has been in Penn. for the Standard Med. Co., returned to his home in Anderson last week. We do not know how long he will remain.

Miss Lucy Mann, a graduate of our school last year, is attending school at Liggett's Home and Day school at Detroit. Miss Mann is first alto in the Ladies' Quartette here and will be much missed.

Tuesday night, Oct. 4, the topic for the Epworth League is—"The sin of offering intoxicants to others." Let all friends of temperance come to the meeting that evening, and help make the lesson an interesting and profitable one.

Fowlerville and Webberville were visited with a heavy wind storm on Sunday last and considerable damage done in blowing down barns, moving houses, leveling fences, trees, etc. There was considerable wind in this vicinity on that day, but we escaped any damage.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Foley requested the clergy and faithful of the diocese, of Detroit, to appropriately observe the quadri-centennial anniversary of the discovery of America on the 12th of Oct. 1892. A High Mass, followed by the Te Deum, will be celebrated in St. Mary's church, Chelsea, on the above date at 8 a. m.—Chelsea Standard.

The Dorcas society are again talking up the subject of a lecture course. Good. We thought that someone would look after the interests of Pinckney in this line before long. The Dorcas society made a grand thing, financially and intellectually last season, and we see no reason why they should not do even better this. Go ahead, girls, and we will help all we can. Later. We are glad to announce that the lecture course is a sure thing and we can promise our patrons something good in that line in the near future. Look out for the announcements.

W. H. Cadwell spent the Sabbath with friends at Leslie.

Mrs. Albert Leland is visiting her daughter in Saginaw.

Thos. Grimes put a new roof on part of his house last week.

Lee Hoyt of Fowlerville is visiting relatives in this vicinity.

The new Catholic church in Webster will be dedicated this afternoon.

Thos. Read and family spent Saturday and Sunday at Portage lake.

Howell fair is going on this week. A good many from here are in attendance.

All pool tables at Stockbridge are assessed \$100 per year and the doors closed at 8 o'clock.

W. D. Thompson and wife were in Detroit last week. Mr. Thompson was purchasing goods.

Bancroft has a cigar factory which employs 18 hands. Quite an enterprise for so small a town.

Dan Baker, who has been visiting for several weeks in New York, returned on Thursday last.

C. L. Sigler expects to return to Ann Arbor the last of this week and resume his studies at the university.

The Fenton Union Agricultural society will hold their 33d annual fair at Fenton, Genesee Co., Oct. 4, 5, 6 and 7.

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. John Howard was buried at Hudson Wednesday afternoon. He was three weeks old.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Smith entertained Mr. Smith's parents the latter part of last week and first of this, also Mrs. Douglass, of Cleveland Ohio.

I. S. Johnson and wife and J. Brown and wife are spending the week at the Howell fair. Mr. Johnson is running his swing on the grounds.

H. G. Beach, of Toledo, has taken up 40 acres of government land in the township of Hamburg, all lake but about one acre. He has built a cottage on the land.

There will be a social at Mr. Glenn's Friday eve, Sept. 30, for the benefit of the M. E. society in the Lakin's district. Peaches and cream will be served, and a literary program is being prepared.

The Cecelia quartette sang at the Cong'l church on Sunday evening last. This will be their last singing together for some time as Miss Lucy Mann, the first alto, left Monday to attend school at Detroit.

The Guild will meet with Miss Emily Stevens Saturday P. M. at 2 o'clock. A full attendance is desired, as there will be an election of officers and other important business. All having work for the society will please bring it to the meeting.

The Ladies' quartette pleased the Dexter people so well at their first appearance there, that they asked them to return in just a week, which they did on Friday evening last, when they took part in a musicale. Of course the people were more than pleased.

Last Friday evening, Sept. 23, at the home of Thos. Turner's in this village, occurred the very quiet wedding of his daughter Ettie to Mr. Frank Atha, formerly of this place. But few intimate friends were present. The ceremony was conducted by Rev. John Humphries.

From unseen causes, J. M. Clough, who has been at work in this office for the past seven weeks, has been obliged to give up the work, and has returned to Howell where he will work at other business. We have supplied Mr. Clough's place with Ray Thomas, of Pontiac, who has worked at the trade, and is by no means a green hand. Bring along your work and we can assure you good work.

The Brighton fair will be held Oct. 4, 5, 6, and 7. Arrangements are made for a fine exhibition.

The elocutionist and ladies' quartette gave almost universal satisfaction in their performance at the M. E. church last Friday evening. One music lover said: "I like them well enough to pay \$1 to hear them again."

—Dexter Leader. This is the way the Pinckney talent is appreciated away from home. Well, we knew the Dexter people would be satisfied.

Columbus Day.

A great many schools in the surrounding villages are making preparations to observe Columbus Day. What is our school going to do about it? We have the talent, and we think the energy, in our school to get up a good literary program for that day and entertain the people of this vicinity in good shape. Let us hear what is going to be done. Let us not be behind other schools in this matter.

Conference Appointments.

The following are a few of the appointments as given by the last M. E. conference:

Pinckney, W. G. Stephens; South Lyon, I. H. Riddick; Stockbridge, E. L. Moon; Canadilla, C. England; Whitmore Lake, S. Jennings; Howell, C. H. Morgan. J. L. Newkirk goes to Carlton and G. H. White to Kearsarge.

The following conference Epworth League officers were elected: Pres., Rev. E. B. Bancroft, Owosso; vice-pres. W. S. Jones, Detroit; second vice-pres. G. W. Springer, Ypsilanti; recording secretary, Rev. H. E. Wolfe, Calumet; corresponding secretary, Rev. P. R. Parrish, Midland; treasurer, A. M. Clark, Flint. It would be well for the secretaries of all local chapters to paste this paragraph in their record book for reference.

Business Pointers.

NOTICE.

As I am thinking of taking in a partner in business between now and the holidays, I would like all who have old accounts with me to call and settle as soon as possible so my books may be square at that time. All goods sold and all work done until then must be cash. EUGENE CAMPBELL.

WANTED! Fifty (50) cords of wood on subscription at this office.

WANTED! One hundred men to call and examine our job work and prices.

For sale at a bargain. One span matched sorrel road horses. J. G. SAYLES, Plainfield, Mich.

If you wish to take the DISPATCH and have not the money to pay for it, bring along produce of any kind, or wood. We would be glad to exchange for anything we can use.

Send for our valuable pamphlet, DuBois & DuBois, Inventive Age Building, Washington, D. C. Mention this paper.

For the Plymouth fair the D. L. & N. will sell tickets from stations between Detroit and Howell at one fair for round trip, on Sept. 27 to 30th, good to return Oct. 1st.

Seventh Annual Excursion

Via Toledo Ann Arbor and North Mich. Ry., Tuesday, October 4th 1892.

The T. A. A. & N. M. will run its seventh annual Ohio excursion Tuesday Oct. 4th. Tickets will be sold to Toledo and all points on the following railroads: Wheeling & Lake Erie; Toledo Columbus & Cincinnati; Toledo & Ohio Central; Columbus Hocking Valley & Toledo; Cincinnati Hamilton & Dayton and to Tiffin and Mansfield on Penn. Ry.

Exceedingly low rates have been made to Toledo and to points on the above named roads one fare for the round trip added to the low rate to Toledo. Tickets will be good for thirty days. W. H. Bennett, G. P. A.

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NEWS OF THE STATE.

BRIEF MENTION OF INTERESTING HAPPENINGS, ETC.

An Unaccountable Collision Between Lake Steamers on a Clear Night--The Michigan M. E. Conference Holds a Very Interesting Session at Hillsdale.

A special from Sault Ste. Marie says: The steamer Vienna, Captain J. W. Nicholson, went down in 60 fathoms of water near Whitefish Point, the result of a collision with the steambarge Nipigon. The Vienna with the Mattie C. Bell in tow was coming down laden with iron ore from Marquette. The Nipigon, towing the schooners Melbourne and Delaware was bound up. The weather was fair and the night clear. As the two steamers met four miles this side of Whitefish Point both whistled for the port side. They seemed to be passing all right but the next instant they came together with a terrible crash, the Nipigon striking the Vienna on the port side. The latter's stem and forefoot were badly crushed but she was not leaking much. The Vienna, however, had received a terrible blow. Both steamers at once dropped their anchors and the Nipigon took the Vienna in tow for the shore. When within a mile of shoal water the Vienna sunk, her crew jumped aboard the Nipigon as she went down and were all saved together with their effects.

M. E. CONFERENCE.

Parson Arney Withdraws--Tobacco Chewers Ineligible to Elders' Orders.

The case of Rev. J. W. Arney, of Saranac, known throughout the state as the "horse racing parson," is at last settled. The matter came up before the Michigan Methodist Episcopal conference in session at Hillsdale. The case was disposed of by Mr. Arney withdrawing from the conference, that is, he gives up preaching. Four ministers from other denominations were received into the conference and were authorized to preach as Methodist pastors. Daniel Schofield, in the Grand Traverse district asked for local elders' orders. The request was not granted because the gentleman used tobacco. Addresses were delivered by Bishop Taylor, the missionary bishop of Africa, and by J. N. Reed and W. A. Fry, of Grand Rapids. Judge Grant, of the supreme court delivered a temperance address.

How Out the Gas.

Henry Cook, of Sharon, Washtenaw county, a farmer about 55 years of age registered at the Stowell house, Jackson, and was given a room. About 8 o'clock the next morning the porter discovered a strong odor of gas in the vicinity of his room. The door was forced open and Cook was found unconscious with a pillow over his face. A physician was called, and after several hours' work Cook recovered consciousness. He denied blowing out the gas, but later in conversation he spoke of blowing out the light and going to bed. The window was partially open which saved his life.

Captured After Two Years.

George Morgan, who murdered his wife and her sister at Defuniak Springs in June, 1880, and has since been a fugitive from justice, has been captured in Oshtemo, Kalamazoo county, by L. D. Hartzvelt, a Cincinnati detective, and taken south. A large reward was offered for Morgan's capture. The detective has been on the fugitive's trail for two years. The crime of which Morgan was accused was a most cold-blooded one and the detectives say that the citizens of Defuniak Springs threaten to lynch him if he ever gets within their reach.

She Cut Her Throat.

The town of Merrill was thrown into a state of excitement by the report that Mrs. Ira Simpson, residing about one mile west had attempted to commit suicide by cutting her throat. Dr. Hillyer was called and found that a terrible wound had been inflicted, entirely severing the windpipe. He did all in his power for the unhappy woman, but her recovery is very doubtful. Family troubles are said to be the cause of the rash act.

A Big Gas Deal.

A syndicate of Chicago capitalists have purchased the gas plant in Grand Rapids and the patent of the Michigan Fuel Gas company at a reported consideration of \$1,000,000. The plant there was built as an experiment with a capacity of 2,000,000 feet daily. It will be increased to 30,000,000 and the gas mains will be extended all over town and especially into the manufacturing districts. The gas will be sold at 25 or 30 cents a thousand.

While threshing at the Mixer farm near Leslie 98 rats, filling three bushel baskets, were found under a single stack. They fought hard for their lives and several of the threshers were severely bitten.

An old horse belonging to P. H. Sherman, of Birmingham, which had carried him through 23 hard fought battles during the late unpleasantness, has been shot. This was done to put the animal out of his misery.

Martin Fisher, a line repairer for the Detroit, Lansing & Northern railroad, attempted to jump on the caboose of a moving train at Beech, Wayne county, and fell under the car. The rear truck ground his left leg from the knee to the ankle to a mere pulp, and also crushed the right thigh. He was taken to Plymouth and died within an hour after his removal to the Exchange hotel.

AROUND THE STATE.

Mrs. Warner Fay Chaffee, of Adrian, has celebrated her 100th birthday.

Louis Johnson, living five miles from Grand Haven fell from a wagon and broke his neck.

A little 8 year old son of J. L. Harvey, of Kalamazoo, was run over and killed by a train.

A young son of August Cramer was run over and crushed to death by a wagon at Menominee.

Benton Harbor pickle factories expect to handle about 70,000 bushels of cucumbers this season.

A fire at Mayville destroyed the Darcy block and a dwelling house, the total loss being about \$20,000.

George Ryan, of Hastings, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun. The shot entered his stomach.

A company has been formed to mine a four-foot vein of coal discovered on John Carter's farm two miles from Jackson.

Gov. Winans has been presented with a handsome morocco covered copy of the "Flying Roll," with love, by Prince and Princess Michael.

Caddie H. Perkins, D. G. C. L. O. T. M. has organized Alpena's fourth hive. The hive was named in honor of Gt. R. K. Ada L. Johnson.

Mrs. T. Rowley, of Chicago, captured a muskallonge at Saugatuck measuring three feet eight inches in length and weighing 15 pounds.

Large tracts of timber oak in Osceola county have been denuded of their leaves by the army worm. Now immense flocks of blackbirds are preying on the worm.

The ladies of Negaunee who are compelled to be on the streets evenings without an escort are suffering from the attentions of an unknown who insists on hugging them.

St. Louis is to have a big new flouring mill and is to have it at once. James Henry and John Fager are the principal stockholders in the new company organized to build it.

Anthony Ruffney, a Saginaw Italian, is under arrest charged with setting a dog on a boy named Edward Oaks. The dog did his duty and the boy's body was considerably lacerated.

The Davison shipyard at West Bay City has just launched the steamer City of Naples, a sister ship to the City of Genoa and City of Vienna, built this summer. They cost \$150,000 each.

The Michigan Patriot, the People's party organ at Battle Creek, has not suspended as reported, but has been removed to Lake Linden, Houghton county, to secure a bonus of \$1,500.

Frank Boyer, a farmer of Newark township, Gratiot county, hanged himself in his barn. No cause is known for the act. He was comfortably well off, and leaves a wife and five children. His age was 35.

John Torrent, the wealthy pine land owner of Muskegon, is going to put up a saw mill in the northern part of the state to saw his lumber in Chippewa and Luce counties. It will employ 200 men, and the "Saw" is bound to get it if a \$5,000 bonus will do it.

The Tittabawassee Boom company, of Saginaw has practically suspended operations for the season, having 5,000,000 feet in the store boom yet to deliver. Exclusive of this lot the quantity rafted and delivered was 175,381,070 feet, the smallest output in any one season since 1865.

Gov. Winans heeded the plaint of another would-be murderer and has commuted the sentence of John Holmes, who was convicted in Newaygo county of assault with intent to murder and sentenced Sept. 26, 1886, to state prison for 15 years. The governor's action will turn Holmes loose Nov. 30.

Antoine H. Lawrence, accidentally shot himself in the abdomen while cleaning a Robert target rifle at Grand Rapids and died from the effects. The bullet penetrated the intestines. He leaves a widow and three young children and other relatives in Pennsylvania.

Charles Wright, who killed two officers at Aral, Benzie county, while they were trying to attach his logs, and was given a life sentence in state prison, is going to have the United States supreme court pass on his case. He has \$100,000 to help him along. He has been in prison 2 1/2 years.

The Wacousta church scandal seems to have unexpectedly collapsed. Rev. J. J. Dobbin, former pastor of the church, who was arrested and jailed on the charge of performing the marriage ceremony without authority, has been declared insane and sent to Kalamazoo asylum. His wife has gone to Canada.

Bellaire hustlers are raising \$2,000 to purchase a 20 acre site for a big brick plant, an extensive factory, and a heading mill. Geo. B. Davis, of Utica, manager of the Utica hoop and stave company, and Capt. Wm. A. Gavett, of Detroit, representing the Chicago & West Michigan railroad, are engineering the deal.

The new sixth regiment, Knights of Pythias, met at Jackson and elected officers as follows: Capt. D. S. Wagstaff, Detroit, colonel; Capt. John W. Falne, Jackson, lieutenant colonel; Capt. Stearns, Benton Harbor, major; Dr. John Hill, Benton Harbor, surgeon. The next meeting will be held in Detroit, May 18, 1893.

Huntley and Davis, the convicts who were shot by guards at Jackson prison a few weeks ago, while trying to escape, it is now believed cannot live. Davis' shattered thigh bone cannot be set, and he is daily growing weaker, and he is delirious. Huntley's wounds are also of such a nature that his recovery is not expected.

THE BOYS IN LINE.

50,000 VETS MARCH THROUGH WASHINGTON'S STREETS.

The Nation's Capital Gives a Fitting Reception to the Heroes who Saved the Country--The Twenty-sixth Annual Encampment of the G. A. R.

The twenty-sixth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic opened at Washington with the dedication of Grand Army Place--a large plaza on the south of the White House and has been known heretofore as the White Lot.

The procession of the U. S. troops and sailors of the present day was witnessed with considerable pleasure by the veterans who were much interested in the new tactics and maneuvers.

When an artillery salute had been fired Vice-President Morton and Commander-in-Chief Palmer were shown to their seats in the grand stand and the formal dedication of Grand Army Place followed. A bugler sounded the assembly and Comrade McElroy called those present to order.

Rev. D. Payne, of Florida, chaplain-in-chief of the G. A. R., offered prayer. He made a special plea for the restoration to health of Mrs. Harrison. "The Red, White and Blue" was played by the Marine band, and then Commissioner John W. Douglass, of the district of Columbia was introduced. As a municipal officer, he was there to assent with pride and pleasure on behalf of the district, to the change of the name of the White Lot to Grand Army Place. There was applause when Commander-in-Chief Palmer of the G. A. R. was introduced to deliver the introductory address.

The commander-in-chief announced that the President directed the White House grounds be kept open to them at other hours than those at which it was usually open to the public. This announcement was greeted with applause, renewed when the commander-in-chief introduced Mr. Morton, the Vice President, as one who, though not not a comrade in its literal sense, was with them in sympathy and spirit. The formal dedication address was then delivered by the Vice-President, who spoke in touching terms of the causes which kept the President from being present.

Twenty-seven years ago the greatest army of modern times marched through the broad avenues of the nation's capital. They were war-worn, tattered and wounded, but the light of a righteous triumph shone in each man's eye and the glorious pride of a nation's honor saved made each man's heart swell with joy. A cruel war was over and now these men returned to their homes to resume the peaceful pursuits from which their beloved country's danger called them.

How different looked that throng of gray-haired men who passed through those same streets during the twenty-sixth encampment of the G. A. R. They were the same men, yet not the same. How many of their comrades had been laid beneath the green sod in all parts of the country. Here now was a mere handful--50,000--of the men who fought that grand struggle. The long roll had carried off many of those who had been with them in that triumphant march to which nearly all their minds reverted. All their most famous leaders were gone, Grant, Sherman, Sheridan, Thomas, Logan, McPherson, Hancock, Blair, McClellan, and still the sad call might go on.

This parade of veterans was a grand aspect, nevertheless, and the enormous crowds of people who witnessed it cheered the many features heartily. Vice-President Morton reviewed the parade from a grand stand which was also occupied by the departmental secretaries and their families. Hundreds of school children sang patriotic songs which brought smiles and tears to the eyes of the veterans as they passed along. Michigan's boys were cheered again and again, their appearance being very fine and their step in time.

Besides the business in the hands of the delegates reunions were the order for the remainder of the veterans' visit. The business end of the encampment met in Albaugh's opera house. Commander-in-Chief Palmer delivered his annual address which was continually interrupted by applause. The adjutant-general and quartermaster-general gave their reports.

Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief T. S. Clarkson submitted the following: "Resolved by the members of the twenty-sixth national encampment of the G. A. R. and through it of 500,000 of its members, that their most sincere and heartfelt sympathy are hereby extended to Comrade Benjamin Harrison in the deep affliction which has kept him from our midst, and earnestly hope and pray that his noble wife, that true American woman, may be spared to him and as for even greater opportunities for good." Ex-President Hayes seconded the resolution which passed with a cheer and "amen" from all sides.

The next business was the selection of the place for holding the next encampment and Indianapolis, Ind., secured it. But not yet known. The concluding business of the encampment was the selection of a commander-in-chief, G. Weissert, of Wisconsin, and Geo. S. P. Hurst, of Ohio, were the candidates. The latter withdrew and Comrade Weissert was elected by acclamation. B. H. Warfield, of San Francisco, was elected senior vice-commander; P. B. Ayres, of Delaware, junior vice-commander; and D. R. Lowell, of Kansas, chaplain-in-chief. Votes of thanks were given the city of Washington and retiring Commander-in-Chief Palmer and the encampment adjourned.

KILL GOV. FLOWER.

That was the intention of a Victim Who Sent Into the Journal Machine.

The life of Gov. Roswell P. Flower, of New York, was threatened by an infernal machine sent to him at the Windsor hotel, New York. The box which contained the machine is now in the possession of Chief Inspector Steers at police headquarters, together with the infernal machine and its mechanical arrangements. A large number of detectives have been put on the case. Every effort is being made to suppress the fact that the box left at the Windsor hotel contained a deadly machine and enough giant powder to blow the governor into eternity. The detectives took the machine down to police headquarters and delivered it to the inspector, who put it in a pair of water and left it there to soak. In the box was found three-quarters of a pound of giant powder. A lever was connected with the cover of the box, and when the latter would be raised three parlor matches fastened to the lever would be rubbed against a piece of emery paper on the side of the box and ignited, thus causing the explosion of the powder. The inspector said if the box had been opened as was intended an explosion would certainly have followed.

No less than 20 detectives are working on the case. It is said that a letter was received by Gov. Flower before the package was left at the hotel, warning him to be careful if he received a box, and implying that an attempt would be made on his life.

Thirteen Killed.

The most disastrous accident that ever occurred on the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago railway happened in what is known as Brown's Cut, 1 1/2 miles west of the village of Shreve, Wayne county, Ohio. Train No. 8 the fast eastbound passenger and express train, collided at that point with the first section of freight No. 75 westbound.

The passenger train was about one hour late and was running at the rate of 60 miles an hour. It is stated that the engineer and fireman on the freight while standing on the side track at Shreve, fell asleep and were awakened by hearing a train rushing by. Thinking that it was No. 8, for which they were waiting, the engineer pulled out on the main track and had just got under way when the trains met. The collision occurred on a sharp curve and in the cut where neither crew was able to see the other train approaching.

The engines came together with such awful force that the mail car and smoking car of the express were thrown on top of the passenger engine and a car filled with printing presses was thrown over the freight engine. Passengers and trainmen who escaped say the accident had hardly taken place before flames burst forth and they believe that but two or three persons were killed outright, the others having been pinned down in the cars and slowly roasted to death. Twelve burned and blackened bodies have been taken from the wreck.

A Novel Campaign Club.

The Log Cabin club of Michigan, composed of men who cast their first vote for Wm. Henry Harrison in 1840 and followed it up by voting for his grandson in 1888, held their first meeting of the campaign at Lansing. Addresses were made by Prof. H. R. Pattengill, Republican candidate for superintendent of public instruction, and Hon. B. M. Cutcheon. The club is a novelty in its way. It was formed four years ago with 62 members, all of whom resided in the vicinity of Lansing. Of the members of the club who were active in the last campaign 31 or just 50 per cent have since joined the silent majority. This year the club was made a state affair and now has 122 members, all of whom are residents of the lower peninsula. The ages of these members range from 73 years, the lowest, to 93 years. They average over 80 and their combined ages are 10,000 years.

The Sovereign Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. The grand representatives to the sovereign grand lodge of Oddfellows assembled in Marquam theater, Portland, Ore. The session was immediately adjourned, however, to allow representatives to participate in the parade.

First came the grand marshal, Past Grand Sire Wm. J. J. Shipley and Chief of Staff Cobb, Maj.-Gen. E. H. Black and staff, commanding the division of the Pacific, and Lieut.-Gen. J. C. Underwood and staff, commanding the army of Patriarchs militant. The marchers presented a very imposing appearance. Buildings along the route were handsomely decorated with evergreens, red, white and blue bunting and the royal purple. The remainder of the session was taken up with business matters.

\$300,000 Statue for the World's Fair. A statue of Justice in solid silver eight feet high, costing \$50,000 and standing upon \$250,000 worth of gold compressed into a pedestal, will be one of the exhibits at the World's Fair from Montana. The pedestal will represent the largest lump of gold ever seen, and Sculptor R. H. Park will receive \$10,000 for the model. The size of this statue is to be one of its remarkable features. No figure of solid silver over four feet high has ever been made. A solid piece of gold worth a quarter of a million dollars has never been cast. Miss Ada Behan has consented to be the model for Mr. Parks' statue, as she is considered to be one of the most perfect types of American womanhood.

A Good Scull Race.

A double scull race has been agreed to between O'Conner and Hanlan and Gaudaur and Hosmer. The race is to be for \$1,000 a side and will be rowed Oct. 17 at Toronto, Orillia or Hamilton, Ont.

PEOPLE AND THINGS.

MATTERS OF MOMENT FROM MANY SOURCES.

Strang Doings of Mother Nature in the Natural Gas Regions of Hoosierdom--Anarchist Bergman Sent to Prison for 21 Years--Brief Mention.

In the village of Jerome, eight miles east of Kokomo, Ind., the residents were thrown from their beds by a terrific explosion. Rushing to the doors and windows, they were horrified to find that a quarter of a mile away, at the junction of Wilmot river and Lily creek, fully two acres of ground had disappeared from sight. The vast gaping crater was filled with a seething, boiling mass of flame, roaring like a mighty Niagara. For 18 hours the fire raged with unabated fury and the panic-stricken villagers began to abandon their homes.

Three weeks ago in the midst of a protracted drouth the dry wells of that vicinity suddenly and mysteriously filled up, and now from every well within a radius of a mile, water is flowing out the tops of the pumps. The earth is saturated with the water that oozes up to the surface, accompanied by a gaseous substance which keeps the water constantly bubbling and boiling. Cellars are filled with water and gas and fires cannot be lighted for fear of explosions. In consequence the residents are compelled to eat cold food and sit in darkness at night. The water comes in such volumes as to be beyond control, and the foundations of several houses have been washed out. The panic-stricken villagers have nearly all fled, fearing a repetition of the explosion.

Anarchist Bergman Sentenced.

Alexander Bergman, the anarchist, who tried to kill H. C. Frick, was placed on trial in the criminal court at Pittsburg. Bergman looked well and was as cool as any one present. He pleaded not guilty to the six charges of felonious assault and battery, entering a building with felonious intent, and carrying concealed weapons. He had no counsel and preferred to conduct his own case.

H. C. Frick was the first witness. He told of Bergman's visit to the office previous to the shooting and recited in a graphic manner the story of the attempted assassination. Vice-Chairman Leishman, the only one present when the assault was made, in the main corroborated the evidence given by Mr. Frick.

Bergman was found guilty and sentenced to 21 years in the penitentiary and one year to the workhouse. Bergman refused to enter any other defense than reading from a pamphlet, in which he says his sole desire was to rid the earth of an oppressor of the workingman.

Rattlesnakes Galore.

The drought in the southeastern part of North Carolina has caused some of the swamps to become almost dry, particularly in Brunswick county, and the monster rattlesnakes peculiar to that section have crawled all through the neighborhood. They have bitten and killed a white woman and three Negro men and also killed scores of horses, mules and cattle as well as great numbers of dogs. The snakes crawl into or under houses, and cattle are now kept in pens to protect them.

A revolution in Cuba is imminent.

This year's European wine crop will be poor.

Nevada's silver party has declared for Weaver.

Prince Radziwill, one of Germany's most popular noblemen, has gone insane.

The corner stone of a new Presbyterian church to cost \$6,250 was laid at Buchanan.

Cincinnati furniture workers to the number of 1,500 are on strike for shorter hours.

John Sager, of Warren, Pa., claims to have discovered a process for tempering copper to the hardness of steel.

Eric Noren, a sergeant in the Royal Swedish dragoons, has fled to America. He was a forger to the extent of \$30,000.

W. N. Walters and wife were killed at Columbus, Ohio at the state fair ground crossing by a Big Four express train.

H. C. Frick has loaned the Pennsylvania state board of health \$20,000 without interest with which to fight cholera.

While intoxicated Charles Dooley, of St. Ignace, fell from a moving train at Nestoria, and broke his neck, killing him instantly.

Davis, the colored Sedalia, Mo., murderer and rape fiend, has been arrested. Nearly \$6,000 in rewards were offered for his capture.

Congressman Burrows, while in Chicago, said the coal trust barons should be shot for raising the price of that commodity.

Daisy Billings, of Louisville, who has just entered the state deaf and dumb asylum, is deaf, dumb and blind out of sound mind.

Wyoming Democrats will vote for People's party electors and the People's party will support the Democrat candidates for Congress.

Judge Bundy, of Indiana, has declared unconstitutional of gerrymanders of 1886 and 1891 by that state legislature. Election notices will be posted under 1879 laws.

A ROVER.

"My sweet Lady Clover,
Come bend your head over,
Be bright with the sunshine and dew,
And hear my low humming;
At last I am coming
To whisper a secret to you.
"For, dear Lady Clover,
I am your true lover.
The summer with blossoms is sweet,
But you are the fairest,
The daintiest, rarest,
No other with you can compete."
Said fair Lady Clover,
"My giddy young lover,
How long have you deemed me so dear!
Pray what is the story
That wild morning glory
And Sweet Brier were blushing to hear?"
Oh, wise Lady Clover,
Ere summer was over,
Each blossom in garden and field
Had heard his low humming
And watched for his coming
To lure her, her sweetness to yield.
—Mira Clarke Parsons.

AT THE THROTTLE.

"Crooked Ben" he was called by everybody in the little Colorado town. Without thought of disrespect. The lurching boy bore the nickname, too, without thinking it other than a common title. Few who saw him moving about, with his misshapen shoulders and underized form, would guess that he had talent, but the brilliancy of his large eyes, the breadth of his forehead and the pleasant intelligence of his pale face did much to redeem his deformity and proved him, what he really was, a genius. He was noted for his constructive skill. Mechanics was his passion and from making tiny water-wheels to whirl in the foaming mountain stream he soon progressed to a study of the engines in the round-house at the railway station. It was the end of a branch road and many a dark monster was stabled in the sooty building. He pondered over them with an enthusiastic patience and an artist's zeal until he knew every part perfectly and was often allowed to sit up with the engineers on short runs and even to handle the throttle during the switching about the yards.

Alpine Junction was at the head of a canon. One autumn day the mayor of the little city at the foot, looking out on the plains to the east, visited the town joined to his own by the railway running close to a mountain stream, often crossing and recrossing it. In the afternoon the wind changed, clouds came scurrying over Pike's peak and a big storm threatened.

About three o'clock a telegram was received for the mayor of the lower town. Not twenty minutes after the operator had, with a grave face, copied it and sent off a messenger, a covered carriage came hurrying through the wind and rain, drawn by galloping horses. The mayor alighted and in a moment was excitedly asking the agent: "When does the next train go east?"

"At six o'clock."
"That will not do: I must go at once. How many miles is it to the springs?"

"Sixty."
"I couldn't get there in five hours by horses. I must have an engine. A riot has broken out between the townsmen and the workers in the smelting works. I ought to be there now."

"I'll telegraph the superintendent," said the agent. "There is an engine here, but it is against orders to let it go. It will cost you considerable, sir."

"I don't care what it costs. Hurry up the message."

The agent flew to his instrument. The indicator gave no answering click. The wires between the station and the Springs were down. Either the storm had broken farther east or the rioters had cut them. He explained the situation to the mayor.

"Well," said he, "fire up your engine and let me go. It is for the public good and I must go."

The agent thought a moment. "There is hardly a chance. The man who runs the Pilgrim, Edward Forester, is sick."

"Then who can go with it?" asked the mayor's host.

"I had thought," said the agent, hesitatingly, "that as the track is clear and will be for two hours—that if you can get Forester's consent—that maybe Ben might do it."

The gentleman clapped his hands. "The very one," he exclaimed, and in a moment he was away in his carriage to fetch the boy.

When he reached the station and the mayor looked at the fragile, humpbacked form and the frail face, he hesitated.

"Have you ever run an engine, boy?" he asked.

"Yes, sir, a little ways. But I understand it as well as anybody."

"Then you think you can make this run?"

"Yes, sir."

But the mayor hesitated to trust himself to Ben's hands and it was not until the official's host returned from a trip to the sick engineer's bed to report that Forester said Ben was capable that orders were given to "hurry up and try it."

The storm had risen in fury, and great driving gusts of rain came tearing against the windows of the depot, and the hills were hidden in mist and a dismal gloom overspread everything.

In the midst of it all there was a rumble and jar and the Pilgrim stood steaming at the platform. Crooked Ben was in the cab with his hand on the throttle while a sturdy fireman stood behind him.

The mayor looked again at the boy and hesitated.

"He'll take you through all right," said the agent. "Climb up to the fireman's seat and keep the bell ringing."

The mayor thought of the scenes of bloodshed, perhaps, taking place in his own town. He stepped into the cab. "See here," said he to the young engineer, "if you take me through in seventy minutes I'll give you a hundred dollars, but if you feel uncertain about your ability don't try it. What do you say?"

"I'll go, sir."

The passenger reached for the rope and the bell's clangor sounded through the howl of the storm. Ben tried the water gauges looked at the fire, and then with his slender white hand drew the lever to let the steam into the cylinder.

With an angry hiss the engine started on its way, followed by loud hurrahs and waving caps from the office men. On she sped, faster and faster, down the inclined track, clicking over the switches and then out on the two threads of steel that skirted the edge of the mountain side against the storm was beating.

The mayor sat very stiffly upright, and the fireman was perched back on the tender, while little misshapen Ben, with hand on the throttle, was piercing through the rain and mist, guiding the whirling wheels.

The watchers at the station looked after the locomotive until they saw it shoot into the black opening of a short tunnel, a half mile down the canon. Then they saw the puff of smoke on the other side and knew that all was well. Soon they had returned to their duties and had forgotten the trio taking the long and dangerous flight.

The old Pilgrim went thundering on down the road. Two miles five miles ten miles. His honor grew nervous. Never in his life had he ridden at such a speed on that crooked mountain road, now on one side of the stream and now on the other, now into a tunnel's darkness and now out on a trestle over the water.

But Ben was calm. The roar of machinery and thundering treat of the wheels prevented them from talking and the locomotive bounded and swayed as they roiled fiercely over the track.

The Pilgrim seemed to exult in a conscious power and many admiring gazers watched it speed through the little mining towns that afternoon. The storm had lessened, but a mucky atmosphere still encompassed the valley.

Ben's thin, white hand clutched the lever and his sharp eyes scanned eagerly the track ahead and the machinery below. Town after town and then came Woodlawn, an incipient summer resort for tourists, just half way. Here they stopped for water. The men's faces were black with cinders.

"Hull we get to the Springs in time?" asked the mayor, looking at his watch. "We have come this far in thirty-five minutes. Can we do the other half in thirty-five?"

"Yes, sir," said Ben, cheerily, "in less time than that."

"Then you shall have two hundred dollars."

Ben secretly determined to get to the Springs in thirty minutes—but he failed to do it.

They rushed on again. Cascade was passed, Manitou Ute Park—they were now only fifteen miles from the city.

The mayor grew more and more anxious as they approached their destination. In his mind's eye he saw the city in the hands of a mob and fearful battles going on in the street.

Twelve miles!
Ten miles!
Eight miles!

In the region through which they were now passing the storm had raged most fiercely of anywhere on the route. Although the clouds had now passed away, except for a few hanging about the hoary head of Pike's peak, the roaring stream showed how great had been the volume of water poured down by their force.

Just after they passed Longmont there was a long descending grade. At the bottom the little stream, now swollen into a river, which they had been following, made a sharp turn, crossing the railway's course, gurgling under a long bridge one hundred feet from side to side and supported on piles driven into the earth of the canon and the bed of the river.

Down the grade toward the bridge rushed the engine with fearful velocity, the cab swinging from side to side until it seemed that it must throw the three passengers out.

All at once Ben, straining his eyes toward the flying perspective of rocks and track ahead, perceived something that made his heart leap into his throat. The water on the lower side of the bridge was thick with mud. This was evidently from the banking behind the piers of the structure. Was it possible that the bridge was giving way?

To stop the engine was now out of the question. Ben made up his mind in an instant. With a quick, nervous jerk he pulled the lever and let on a full head of steam. The Pilgrim sprang forward like a frantic creature. The mayor turned and gazed at his frail engineer. Ben was leaning forward with flashing eyes, scanning the danger. His lips were set firmly and the concentrated intensity of his look made the boy almost grand. He said nothing. He was bent upon rushing the engine across the bridge before it had time to sink, even if the abutments were already giving way.

In a moment they were upon it. Ben saw the turbid water boiling below. The little mountain stream could be very swift when so disposed.

The bridge shook, the engine rocked and staggered as it flew along. The mayor leaped down from his seat with startled eyes, and Teren, the fireman, uttered a frightened cry.

But Crooked Ben remained cool. His very excitement seemed to nerve him into a desperate calmness. There was a sensation of sinking and Ben saw that several timbers had started. The mayor and the poor fireman prepared themselves for a flying leap into the river. But the young engineer's shrill, piping voice stopped them: "Stop!" he cried, "don't move! Stay here or you will be killed."

The weakened bridge settled and creaked, but did not sink. The locomotive did its duty nobly and swept across the trestles like a whirlwind. It kept the track to the end—passed the bridge—and rolled upon solid ground again. Instantly Ben reversed the machinery and motioned to Teren to put on brakes.

After running some distance they stopped. The lower span of the bridge had fallen behind them! Speechless for a moment, with a thought of the fearful peril they had passed, they looked back at the ruins and watched the swaying timbers and broken joists as they yielded one by one to the foaming flood. On the opposite side part of the span still stood, so that a passenger could cross. The fireman was sent back to tag the express, and in a moment they were speeding on and the remaining four miles to the Springs were run in nearly that number of minutes. The mayor sat through the trip dazedly gazing at the little engineer with admiration for his gallant y, nerve and high intelligence.

The people were astounded to see the single engine rush into the depot with a little humpbacked boy at the throttle and a tall smoke begrimed gentleman pulling the bell rope. A thousand questions were asked. The superintendent of the road came in, and in reply to the mayor's questions said that the riot had been suppressed and the city was quiet, and he wanted to be told of the engine's trip.

And he was told. Ben found himself a hero and discovered it was considered a remarkable thing for a boy to understand an engine and that it required uncommon courage to run it and have one's wits thoroughly at command.

Ben's reward was not alone in consciousness of a duty well performed and ample gifts of money, but he gained influential friends in the mayor and officials of the road who helped him and are still helping him to high places in the business and industrial world.—Charles Moreau Harger in Yankee Blade.

Oddities About the River Nile.

The Nile has a fall of but six inches to the thousand miles. The overflow commences in June every year and continues until August, attaining an elevation of from twenty-four to twenty-six feet above low water mark and flowing through the "Valley of Egypt" in a turbulent body twelve miles wide. During the last thousand years there has been but one sudden rise of the Nile, that of 1829, when 30,000 people were drowned. After the waters recede each year the exhalations from the mud are simply intolerable to all except natives. This mud deposit adds about eight inches to the soil every century and throws a muddy embankment from twelve to sixteen feet into the sea every year. This being the case it is plain that the mouth of the river is thousands of feet further north now than it was in the time of the Ptolemies and it is only a question of time when the sediment will make a dam entirely across the Mediterranean Sea.

An Economical Husband.

Mother-in-law—What a loving husband you have! He has promised to send you 1,000 kisses every day while he is away from home, and, on the first day you get a card with 10,000!

Daughter-in-law—Don't say a word. I know him better than you do. He does it to save postage. Now he'll not write again for ten days.

Took a Bath.

Horrified Mother—What did you mean by running off and going in swimming without permission?

Small Boy—You said I might.

"You said you felt dirty, and I told you to take a bath."

"Yes, m. I took one." — Good News.

HOW MINES ARE SALTED.

A Coarse Thread Let Out the Secret in One Case in Utah.

An amusing story is told by the famous geologist Clarence King, of an investigation which he made of an alleged silver mine in Utah, relates the Kansas City Times. He undertook the task at the instance of certain capitalists who proposed to buy the property, which was represented to be of enormous value. Appearances were certainly very much in its favor. On the way down the shaft the walls on every hand gleamed brightly with shining ore in the light thrown by the lamps, and the sides of the drifts were equally beautiful to the eye of the observing expert. However while examining the rock more critically he noticed by chance a coarse thread hanging out of it. Ordinarily threads do not grow in rock, and the finding of this one led to the discovery of the whole swindle, for the fact was developed that the owner of the mine had taken a great quantity of galena, reduced it to powder, made it with water into plaster and carefully stuccoed the entire walls of shaft and drift with the material. The plaster was carried for this purpose in gunny sacks, a thread from one of which got mixed up with it.

Perhaps even funnier was the salting of a mine in Colorado which was bought by ex-Senator Tabor by order from some friends of his in Denver. Chicken Bill, a prospector of rather disreputable notoriety, did the job, performing it so successfully that \$10,000 was paid over to him for the property without any question. He was so elated over the transaction as to be unable to keep the secret, communicating it to a number of intimate friends. In this manner the news reached Denver, and the people who had employed Tabor as their agent in the matter refused to receive the mine. So Tabor, finding it left upon his hands, determined to make the best of the situation and proceeded to dig further in the hole. He pierced the rock ten feet further and came upon a body of ore which proved to be the richest ever found in the state.

The gullibility of persons who buy mines has passed into a proverb. It is said that such properties have actually been salted with half melted silver dollar, and sold to investors, who did not realize that the precious metal was not found in nature with the stamp of the mint upon it. Undoubtedly the most scientific method of accomplishing this sort of swindle is to apply the silver in the shape of a nitrate solution. When it is ready for use, some salt is put into it and it is squirted over the rock, the salt causing an immediate precipitation of the metal in a manner that is equally conspicuous and deceptive to the eye.

The Longest Word.

"How did you like the Boston girl that was visiting my aunt?" said one young man to another.

"Very much."

"She used some pretty long words, didn't she?"

"Yes, I think she used the longest word I ever heard when I proposed to her."

"What was that?"

"Never." — Washington Post.

Fulsome Flattery.

Justice Duffy of New York, was very muchasperated at a hard case who was brought up for trial.

"You are the most depraved wretch I've ever had before me. You are a perfect brute. You are the worst man on Manhattan island."

"Now, judge, you know you are only trying to flatter me," replied the prisoner modestly.

INTERESTING ITEMS.

Chinese silk fans with carved ivory sticks are the newest.

Every fifth boy in India is at school, but only every fiftieth girl.

Chicago's new directory gives the city a population of 1,420,000.

Fashion dictates now to hang lace curtains straight, so as to show their full design.

A South Jersey paper makes the remarkable statement that "thin people are very thick in this neighborhood."

Expenses of seeing Niagara are small compared with what they once were, and the back nuisance is almost abated.

To dread no eye and suspect no tongue is the great prerogative of innocence—an exemption granted only to invariable virtue.

A dog at Canaveral, Fla., was bitten in three places by a rattlesnake a short time ago. Fourteen spoonfuls of gunpowder were given internally, and inside of two days the dog had entirely recovered.

The new Greek cabinet seems to have all the Greek symptoms. Such names as Tricoupiis, Dragoumis, Theotokis, Simopoulis, Cossonakos and Tzamadoss make it as easy of identification as Homer's catalogue of ships.

Engineer Munson of the steamer Erinie, plying between Moon's and the White Sulphur springs dock, at Saratoga Lake, N. Y., by jamming his coat into a leak in the bottom of the boat, stopped the flow of water sufficiently to allow the steamer to regain her dock and land her passengers in safety before she sank.



JUST FULL

of improvements—Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. To begin with, they're the smallest, and the easiest to take. They're tiny, sugar-coated and delicious granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds. Every child is ready for them.

Then, after they're taken, instead of disturbing and shocking the system, they act in a mild, easy, and natural way. There's no chance for any reaction afterward. Their help lasts. Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, Sick or Bilious Headaches, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are promptly relieved and permanently cured.

They're put up in glass vials, which keep them always fresh and reliable, unlike the ordinary pills in wooden or pasteboard boxes.

And they're the cheapest pills you can buy, for they're guaranteed to give satisfaction, or your money is returned. You pay only for the good you get.

SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Bile. Eat, Drink, and Be Merry. A perfect Remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headaches, and all ailments connected with the Bowels. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Price 25 Cents.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., NEW YORK.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

HEADACHE

CURE GUARANTEED or money refunded. Peck's Headache Cure relieves headache in 15 minutes. An excellent remedy for Neuritis. Contains no opium or other narcotics. Do not affect the nervous system. Cure Headache caused by excess of heat, Nervousness, Biliousness, Malaria, or from over-exposure to heat. Address: PECK BROS., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, GRAND RAPIDS, MICHIGAN.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies

—or—
Other Chemicals
are used in the preparation of
W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa
which is absolutely pure and soluble.
It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
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SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE.

THE GREAT COUGH CURE. A DOSE.

This GREAT COUGH CURE, this successful CONSUMPTION CURE is sold by druggists on a positive guarantee, a test that no other Cure can stand successfully. If you have a COUGH, HOARSENESS or LA GRIPPE, it will cure you promptly. If your child has the CROUP or WHOOPING COUGH, use it quickly and relief is sure. If you fear CONSUMPTION, don't wait until your case is hopeless, but take this Cure at once and receive immediate help. Large bottles, 50c, and \$1.00. Travelers convenient pocket size 25c. Ask your druggist for SHILOH'S CURE. If your lungs are sore or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plasters. Price, 25c.

AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT SWEET DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. The drink is made from herbs, and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c and \$1 a bottle. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. Address: DR. J. C. LANE, 117 N. W. 2d St., OKLAHOMA CITY, OKLA., U.S.A.

That Bearing-Down Feeling

Thousands of delicate women and girls doing housework, or employed in stores, mills, factories, etc., where they are continually on their feet, suffer terribly with different forms of female diseases, especially

that bearing-down feeling, backache, faintness, dizziness, etc. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will relieve all this quickly and permanently. It has permanently cured countless cases of Female Complaints, Ovarian troubles, Organic Diseases of the Uterus or Womb, Leucorrhoea, Inflammation, Kidney Complaints, etc. Its success is world-famed.

All Druggists sell it, or sent by mail, in form of Pills. Enclose a receipt for \$1.00. Lydia E. Pinkham's Compound. Address in confidence. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

Pinckney Dispatch.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 29, 1892

"Looking Backward" has sold to the extent of 175,000 copies. This is immense when it is considered that the ordinary novelist thinks success has been attained when his production has reached a sale of 5,000 copies. Belamy's book is still selling at the rate of 1,000 a week. It has passed by "Ben Hur" and promises to overtake "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

The great Bear river canal in Utah, for the construction of which \$2,000,000 has been provided, is expected to be one of the most extensive irrigation works in America. To get the river along the side hill along Bear river canyon and out onto the plain near Plymouth will necessitate moving 222,000 cubic yards of solid rock, 19,000 cubic yards of loose rock, 1,528,980 cubic yards of earth, and digging 1,200 feet of tunnel.

When you find a man that makes it a business to sit on a box in front of your store, or lounge around a barroom waiting for someone to give him a drink, and croak about his own town, you should regard him with suspicion. No one will have any objection to his removing from this town if this climate does not suit him, and the sun will rise and set and business go on just the same, even if he is absent.

Every town has its advantages and should make the most of them says an exchange. Every town is peculiarly fitted for some enterprise more than another, and as soon as it is ascertained what would be most conducive to the growth and prosperity of the place the citizens should take hold of the matter and push it for all there is in it. One man cannot make a town. The newspaper cannot do it. But one man or a newspaper with the help of the wide awake men of the place, all pulling together, can make a wide difference in the place. Every man who succeeds in a town is a help to it. The more money he makes, if he spends it, the better for the whole community. The larger business he builds up, the more he advertises, the more attention is called to the town. A man cannot build up an honorable business in a town without helping that town. A town cannot build up without helping the country. The interest of one is the interest of the other.

Many times during the past two or three months the whole telegraphic system of the country, from Maine to Florida, and from San Francisco to New York, has been affected by powerful electric influences, the source of which has not been apparent. Even the submarine cables were not exempt. Every resource known to telegraphic science was brought to bear, without result. For hours together, neither wires nor cables would transmit either current or message. The instruments remained silent, or would work with mad violence, defying all order or interpretation, flashing out sparks, or clattering like the teeth of an ague patient. As this phenomenon happened during the day, it could not be surely traced to an aurora. The telegraphic experts attributed the disturbance to the great sun-spots visible at the time, finding their evidence in the fact that as soon as the sun had fairly set, the wires resumed their normal action,

but became eccentric again as soon as the morrow's sun rose above the horizon. As sun-spots and auroras seem to be interdependent these telegraphic disturbances may have been due to unseen auroras.—Demorest's.

With the Rod.
According to the American Angler, a Mr. Stagg last year captured, with a rod, thirteen tarpon in as many days in the gulf. The total length of the fish footed up eighty-three feet and four inches, the total weight 1,774 pounds, and eight hours and fifty-three minutes were spent in actual play. The largest fish weighed 205 pounds.

Strength and Health.
If you are not feeling strong and healthy, try Electric Bitters. If a gripple has left you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on liver, stomach and kidneys, gently aiding those organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with sick headache, you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 70c. at F. A. Sigler's drugstore.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE. By virtue of a license granted, on the fifth day of July, 1892, by George W. Bristol, Judge of Probate of the County of Ingham and State of Michigan, I shall sell at public Auction, on the 10th day of September next, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon at the residence of the undersigned, in the village of Pinckney, County of Livingston and State of Michigan, and described as follows to-wit: Commencing at the north-west corner of three (3) blocks, to-wit: Block No. 1, Block No. 2, Block No. 3, Block No. 4, Block No. 5, Block No. 6, Block No. 7, Block No. 8, Block No. 9, Block No. 10, Block No. 11, Block No. 12, Block No. 13, Block No. 14, Block No. 15, Block No. 16, Block No. 17, Block No. 18, Block No. 19, Block No. 20, Block No. 21, Block No. 22, Block No. 23, Block No. 24, Block No. 25, Block No. 26, Block No. 27, Block No. 28, Block No. 29, Block No. 30, Block No. 31, Block No. 32, Block No. 33, Block No. 34, Block No. 35, Block No. 36, Block No. 37, Block No. 38, Block No. 39, Block No. 40, Block No. 41, Block No. 42, Block No. 43, Block No. 44, Block No. 45, 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Winckney Dispatch

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Pub.

WINCKNEY, MICHIGAN.

MORAL beauty comprises two distinct elements, equally but diversely beautiful—justice and charity, respect and love of men. He who expresses in his conduct justice and charity, accomplishes the most beautiful of all works. The good man is, in his way, the greatest of all artists.

MANY generations of wealth and refinement, of college athletics, of door-openings by butlers, of dress-coat wearing will be necessary in the west before it can attain even approximation of the culture that delights in the grossness of gentlemen who, according to approved art, go for each other's blooming eyes. We out west are indeed coarse.

It is not just to the profession or fair to the public that every college fledgling should be just as much entitled to put Dr. before his name as the old and oft-tried veterans of the profession. Hence the suggestion that the ranks from second lieutenant to general in the army have their equivalent in that nobler profession, medicine and surgery.

The almost persuaded are the majority, the hesitating and wavering make up the many in every class of society. There is happily another phase of this reflection. As there is much doubt in the world, it is well that the bulk of it is dishonest. The dishonesty may be forgiven—else the outlook were black indeed; for assuredly the doubter stands condemned.

An officer of the British navy has invented a submarine telephone which will record the rapid beats of a torpedo's propeller when it is approaching a vessel and thus warn those on board of their danger. The utility of the torpedo as a destructive engine seems to be minimized by several recent inventions to such an extent that it will be obsolete before it is really made practicable.

Of the many products of inventive genius which are continually coming into public notice the vast majority are found impractical and are soon forgotten. A few, however, pass into general use and work revolutions. In these attempts of the inventors, whether successful or not, we get a hint of the future, when there will be no draught animals on the city streets and air, water and land will be navigated with equal facility.

AFTER all, success and failure must necessarily be comparative and depend largely on environments as well as on natural gift. Probably the ability of each one to help the world is more limited than is generally supposed. While our attention is directed exclusively to one evil, others, perhaps worse than it, demand our care as well. The man who can do something for mankind, and do as little as possible for human injury does well. Even a cup of cold water, if given in the right spirit, shall not lose its reward.

The conservatism of lifelong farmers is proverbial. No need to caution them to be slow in making considerable changes. But there are many new men in the business, and to them the breeching and "hold-back" straps are sometimes as useful as they are to the inexperienced everywhere. When a new departure is made, it should be on a small scale at first, with close following of the old methods as regards the mass of farm work. In that way, if the new venture does not pay as expected, nobody will be seriously hurt.

For the fact that there is so much contempt of court, the courts alone are to blame. They have ample power in the law, for self-protection, and if they are insulted time after time it is because, for some reason or other, they have not chosen to use their power. Nearly all the attorneys who resort to the conduct that comes in the category of contempt of court are mere bullies; and if they were given to understand that unless they kept their propensities under control they would be made to suffer severely, they would bow and cringe in the presence of the judicial ermine till their noses touched the courtroom carpet. It is only a matter of a few \$100 fines unremitted.

TALMAGE'S FAREWELL

PREACHED IN FAMOUS CRYSTAL PALACE, LONDON.

Many Thousands Hear the Great American Preacher—Presented With a Gold Watch in Commemoration of His Tour in Britain.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The closing week of the Rev. Dr. Talmage's preaching tour was marked by several gatherings which in magnitude and enthusiasm eclipsed all that had preceded them. Dr. Talmage addressed a great audience at the Crystal Palace, Sydenham, the largest building in the suburbs of London. Prayer meetings invoking the divine blessing on the services were held in various churches the preceding Monday and Tuesday evenings. Before the sermon, Dr. Talmage was entertained at a banquet in the large banquet hall of the Crystal Palace by 100 distinguished clergymen and laymen of every denomination, and from every continent, even including Australia. A vote of thanks was moved rehearsing Dr. Talmage's eminent services to God and humanity; also that he had traveled over 12,000 miles and preached in every prominent city in Great Britain to hundreds of thousands of eager auditors; collected vast sums for various English benevolences, and, throughout the entire tour, paid his own expenses, not retaining one farthing. Dr. Talmage was then presented, in behalf of his English admirers, with a beautiful and costly gold watch of unique design, inscribed: "Presented to the Rev. Dr. Talmage at Crystal Palace, London, in commemoration of his preaching tour through England, in the summer of 1892." Dr. Talmage was then escorted to the great hall where the vote of thanks was unanimously endorsed and ratified by the entire audience.

He then preached his farewell sermon and shook hands with hundreds at the close. This was the second sermon ever preached in the Crystal Palace, the first having been delivered by Pastor Spurgeon thirty-five years ago on the Crimean war.

Permitted as I was a few days ago to attend the meeting of the British Scientific association, at Edinburgh, I found that no paper read had excited more interest than that by the Rev. Dr. McCook of America on the subject of spiders. It seems that my talented countryman, banished from his pulpit for a short time by ill-health, had in the fields and forests given himself to the study of insects. And surely if it is not beneath the dignity of God to make spiders, it is not beneath the dignity of man to study them.

We are all watching for phenomena. A sky full of stars shining from January to January calls out not so many remarks as the blazing of one meteor. A whole flock of robins take not so much of our attention as one blundering bat darting into the window on a summer eve. Things of ordinary sound, and sight, and occurrence, fail to reach us, and yet no grasshopper ever springs up in our path, no moth ever dashes into the evening candle, no mote ever floats in the sunbeam that pours through the crack of the window shutter, no barnacle on ship's hull, no burr on a chestnut, no limpet clinging to a rock, no rind of an artichoke but would teach us a lesson if we were not so stupid. God in his bible sets forth for our consideration the lily, and the snowflake, and the locust, and the stork's nest, and the hind's foot, and the aurora borealis, and the ant hills. One of the sacred writers, sitting amid the mountains, sees a hind skipping over the rocks. The hind has such a peculiarly shaped foot that it can go over the steepest places without falling, and as the prophet looks upon that marking of the hind's foot on the rocks, and thinks of the divine care over him, he says: "Thou makest my feet like hinds' feet that I may walk on high places." And another sacred writer sees the ostrich leaving its egg in the sand of the desert, and without any care of incubation, walk off; and the scripture says, that is like some parents, leaving their children without any wing of protection or care. In my text, inspiration opens before us the gate of a palace, and we are inducted amid the pomp of the throne and the courtier, and while we are looking around upon the magnificence, inspiration points us to a spider plying its shuttle and weaving its net on the wall. It does not call us to regard the grand surroundings of the palace, but to a solemn and earnest consideration of the fact that: "The spider taketh hold with her hands, and is in King's palaces."

It is not very certain what was the particular species of insect spoken of in the text, but I shall proceed to learn from it the exquisiteness of the divine mechanism. The King's chamberlain comes into the palace and looks around and sees the spider on the wall, and says: "Away with that intruder," and the servant of Solomon's palace comes with his broom and dashes down the insect, saying: "What a loathsome thing it is." But under microscopic inspection I find it more wondrous of construction than the embroideries on the palace wall, and the upholstery about the windows. All the machinery

of the earth could not make anything so delicate and beautiful as the prehensile with which that spider clutches its prey, or as any of its eight eyes. We do not have to go so far up to see the power of God in the tapestry hanging around the windows of heaven, or in the horses or chariots of fire with which the dying day departs, or to look at the mountain swinging out its sword-arm from under the mantle of darkness until it can strike with its scimitar of the lightning. I love better to study God in the shape of a fly's wing, in the formation of a fish's scale, in the snowy whiteness of a pond lily. I love to track his footsteps in the mountain moss, and to hear his voice in the hum of the rye fields, and discover the rustle of his robe of light in the south wind. Oh, this wonder of divine power that can build a habitation for God in an apple blossom, and tune a bee's voice until it is fit for the eternal orchestra, and can say to firefly: "Let there be light," and from holding an ocean in the hollow of his hand goes forth to find heights, and depths, and length, and breadth of omnipotency in a dewdrop, and dismounts from the chariot of midnight hurricane to cross over on the suspension bridge of a spider's web. You may take your telescope and sweep it across the heavens in order to behold the glory of God; but I shall take the leaf holding the spider, and the spider's web, and I shall bring the microscope to my eye, and while I gaze, and look, and study, and am confounded, I will kneel down in the grass and cry: "Great and marvelous are thy works, Lord God Almighty!"

What if the spider of the text should refuse to move its shuttle because it cannot weave a Solomon's robe? Away with such folly. If you are lazy with the one talent, you would be lazy with the ten talents. If Milo cannot lift the calf he never will have strength to lift the ox. In the Lord's army there is order for promotion; but you cannot be a general until you have been a captain, a lieutenant, and a colonel. It is step by step, inch by inch, it is stroke by stroke that our Christian character is builded. Therefore be content to do what God commands you to do. God is not ashamed to do small things. He is not ashamed to be found chiselling a grain of sand, or helping a honey bee to construct its cell with mathematical accuracy, or tinging a shell in the surf, or shaping the bill of a chaffinch. What God does, he does well. What you do, do well, be it a great work or a small work. If ten talents, employ all the ten. If five talents, employ all the five. If one talent, employ the one. If only the thousandth part of a talent, employ that. "Be thou faithful unto death, and I will give thee the crown of life." I tell you if you are not faithful to God in a small sphere, you would be indolent and insignificant in a large sphere.

The Church of Christ, for instance, is a palace. The King of heaven and earth lives in it. According to the bible, her beams are of cedar, and her rafters of fir, and her windows of agate, and the fountains of salvation dash a rain of light. It is a glorious palace—the Church of God is; and yet, sometimes, unseemly and loathsome things creep up into it—evil-speaking, and rancor, and slander, and backbiting, and abuse, crawling up on the walls of the church, spinning a web from arch to arch, and from the top of one communion tankard to the top of another tankard. Glorious palace in which there ought only to be light, and love, and pardon, and grace; yet a spider in the palace!

Well, there are a great many people who look down into the grave as a great cavern. They think it is a thousand miles subterranean, and all the echoes seem to be the voices of despair, and the cascades seem to be the falling tears that always fall, and the gloom of earth seems coming up in stalagmite, and the gloom of the eternal world seems descending in the stalactite, making pillars of indescribable horror. The grave is no such place as that to me, thank God! Our divine Guide takes us down into the great caverns, and we have the lamp to our feet and the light to our path and all the echoes in the rifts of the rock are anthems, and all the falling waters are fountains of salvation, and, after awhile, we look up, and behold! the cavern of the tomb has become a King's star chamber. And, while we are looking at the pomp of it, an everlasting morning begins to rise, and all the tears of earth crystallize into stalagmite, rising up in a pillar on the one side, and all the glories of heaven seem to be descending in a stalactite, making a pillar on the other side, and you push against the gate that swings between the two pillars, and, as that gate flashes open, you find it is one of the twelve gates which are twelve pearls. Blessed be God, that through this gospel the mammoth cave of the sepulchre has become the illumined star chamber of the King! Oh, the palaces! the eternal palaces! the King's palaces!

Mrs. Minks—Don't you wish you could get money by simply drawing a check, the way your husband does? Mrs. Winks—Indeed I don't. If I drew the checks myself, I'd have to worry over the balances. I'd rather he'd draw them.

NEGRO WAR.

The Black's Rise up in Arms to Protect Against White Cap Outrages.

The white caps of Calhoun county, Ark., have been pretty active during the past two weeks and in each case their victims has been a Negro. At least eight blacks have been taken from their cottages and hogged during the past fortnight for crimes alleged to have been committed but not proven. In consequence of these outrages Negroes have risen up in arms, and as they outnumber whites six to one, the chances are the sooner or later they will mete out to white caps the punishment they so justly deserve. The whites allege that several strange men, who had been making a living by trading with Negroes, incited them. Armed with guns and pistols they immediately went on the war path. For several days they roved about the country in bands muttering incendiary threats. Every white person they could meet in the road they would threaten with bodily harm if caught in any white cap affair. Already the sheriff's posse have been fired upon from ambush several times, but the blacks got the worst of it. It is known that 12 Negroes and five whites have been killed. More serious trouble is expected and Gov. Hamby is investigating.

Train Robbers Diabolical Deed.

A cold-blooded and dastardly plot to wreck an east-bound express train on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, near Osage City, Kan., was successfully carried out by train robbers. The locomotive struck several loose rails and, jumping the tracks, crashed head foremost down the steep embankment, dragging the heavy sleepers and coaches after it. Four of the crew were instantly killed and about 25 passengers seriously injured.

The wrecked train consisted of two coaches, two chair cars and two sleepers. She was running fast to make up time and came tearing around the short curve at 45 miles an hour, with Ed Maher, one of the bravest engineers on the road, at the throttle. Leaning out of the cab window he saw that scarcely 100 feet from the flying engine, two rails were missing. Quick as a flash the faithful engineer reversed her and put on the air brake, but too late. The throbbing engine, like a frightened horse, sped on to its destruction. Striking the ties it reared slightly, shivered, then plunged into the rocky abyss, dragging its load of human beings down with it to destruction and death.

Relief first reached the train from Emporia. An examination of the track was made and it was found that the fishplate had been carefully removed and the bolts taken out and spikes drawn from 10 ties and the rail bent over to the inside. Robbery was unquestionably the object. The train carried \$1,000,000 in currency en route from the Mexican Central railway to its headquarters in Boston. The supposition is that the robbers were so frightened at the extent of the wreck that they at once took to their heels.

Footlhardy Courage.

Ross Ward, a cog road conductor at Pike's Peak, Col., has performed a remarkable and most perilous feat. He wagered \$25 that he could descend Pike's Peak from the United States office, on the summit, to Manitou, a distance of nine miles, in fifteen minutes. He constructed a rude toboggan, fitted it to the rails of the cog road and controlled it by means of a rudder which was placed in contact with the cog rails in the middle of the tracks. He safely made the trip in eleven and a quarter minutes.

MARKET.

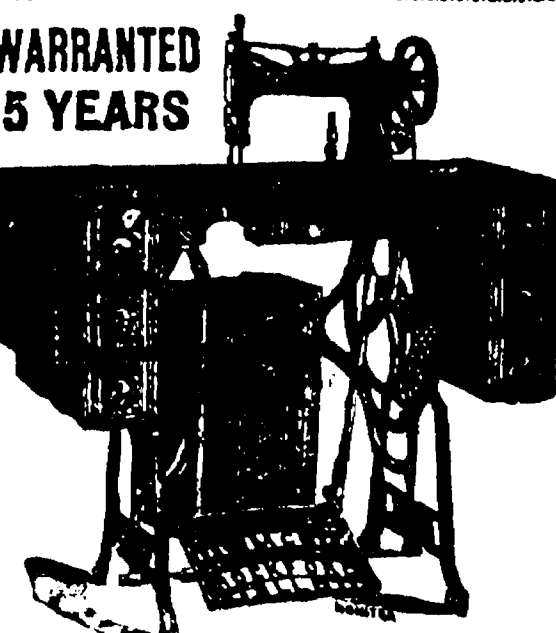
Detroit.	
CATTLE—Good to choice	4 11 51 25
LOGS	4 50 51 10
WHEAT	2 75 5 00
LAMBS	5 25 5 00
WHEAT—Red spot, No. 2	75 75 1/2
White spot, No. 2	75 75 1/2
CORN—No. 2 spot	30 1/2 30 1/2
No. 2 yellow	31 31 1/2
OATS—No. 4 white spot	35 35 1/2
RYE	60 60
HAY—No. 2 per ton	10 50 11 00
POTATOES—Per bu. new	2 10 2 10
APPLES—Per bu. new	2 00 3 01
BUTTER—Per lb.	20 21
Creamery	23 25
LIVE Poultry—Hens	17 17 1/2
Spring Chickens	9 10
Turkeys	11 12
New York.	
CATTLE—Steers	50 50 45 40
Common	3 00 4 25
WHEAT—Good to choice	5 70 4 75
LAMBS	3 50 5 00
LOGS—Common	5 00 5 45
WHEAT—No. 2 red	72 1/2 72 1/2
No. 2 yellow	72 1/2 72 1/2
CORN—No. 2	30 1/2 30 1/2
OATS—No. 2	30 1/2 30 1/2
RYE	55 1/2 50 1/2
HAY	67 67
MESS PORK—Per bu.	10 12 1/2 10 15
LARD—Per cwt.	7 37 1/2 7 48

Weekly Review of Trade.

New York, Sept. 23.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Cholera has ended and the business of New York goes on exactly as if it had not. The selling of stocks has been quite heavy and the decline in prices has averaged about \$2 per share for all the active list. Money is in ample supply and the demand from the interior is less than usual for this season, but large amounts are held out of the loan market by people who are looking for exceptional opportunities to buy cheaply. There has been much talk about pestilence as an excuse for the low price of broad-stuffs and cotton. But the fact is that the enormous stocks brought over from last year afford a sufficient reason for exceedingly low prices. Here, as in all parts of the country, the supply of money is ample for legitimate needs, and the shrinkage of circulation is helpful as regards the possibility of monetary pressure later. The business failures occurring throughout the country during the last seven days number 182. For the corresponding week of last year the figures were 239.

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Example T. L. ROYAL for points of excellence, and you will buy no other.

ROSE M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

DELICIOUS FLAVOR!

THIS IS TRUE OF THESE SPICES.



GILLIES MILLS SPICES

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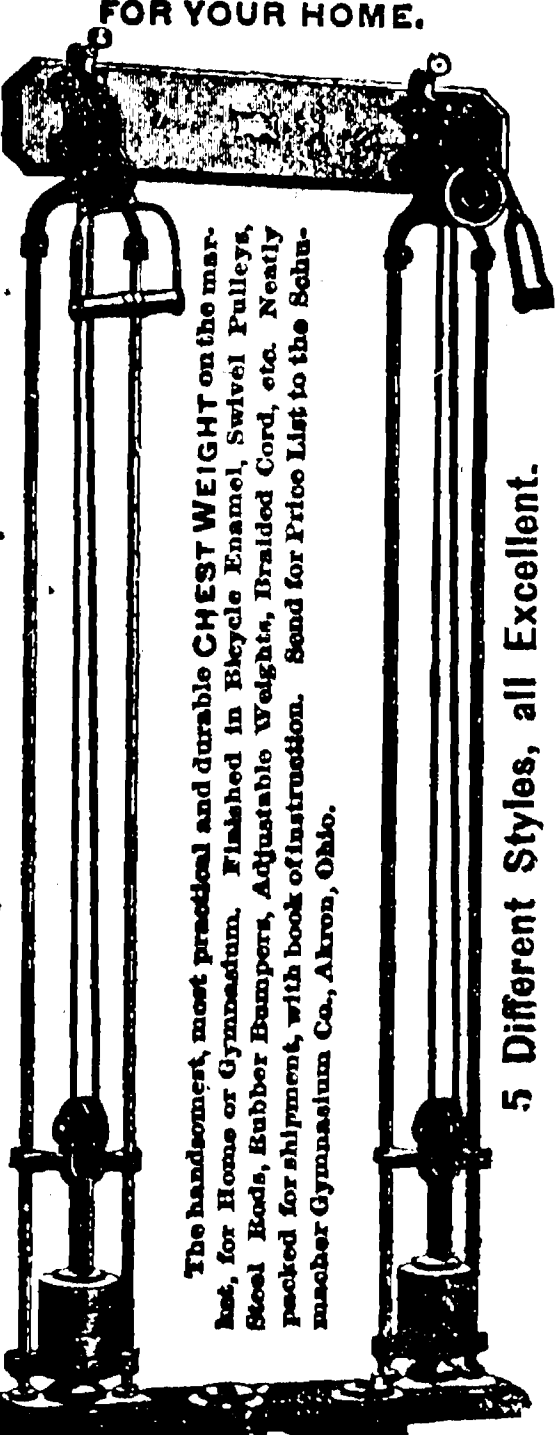
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PEPPER, MUSTARD, GINGER, CLOVES, CINNAMON, ALLSPICE

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5 Different Styles, all Excellent.


The handiest, most practical and durable CHEST WEIGHT on the market for Home or Gymnasium. Finished in Bicycle Enamel, Swiss Patented. Steel, Brass, Rubber, Adjustable Weights, Braided Cord, etc. Neatly packed for shipment, with book of instructions. Send for Price List to the Schumacher Gymnasium Co., Akron, Ohio.

Send Stamp for Illustrated Price List.

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PROF. DIEFFENBACH'S PROTAFEN CAPSULES

Cure for Weak Men, proved by reports of leading physicians. State age in ordering. Price \$1. Catalogue Free.



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Strictly and all constitutional diseases. Price \$1.00.

CURE SPECIFIC

Blind, Deaf and Dumb, etc. Send for free catalogue. Price \$1.00.

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SYRUP OF FIGS

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"German Syrup"

Justice of the Peace, George Wilkinson, of Lowville, Murray Co., Minn., makes a deposition concerning a severe cold. Listen to it. "In the Spring of 1888, through exposure I contracted a very severe cold that settled on my lungs. This was accompanied by excessive night sweats. One bottle of Boschee's German Syrup broke up the cold, night sweats, and all and left me in a good, healthy condition. I can give German Syrup my most earnest commendation."

A sure relief for Asthma
KIDDER'S PASTILLES. Sold by all druggists.

"MOTHERS' FRIEND"

MAKES CHILD BIRTH EASY,

Colvin, La., Dec. 2, 1886.—My wife used **MOTHERS' FRIEND** before her third confinement, and says she would not do without it for hundreds of dollars.

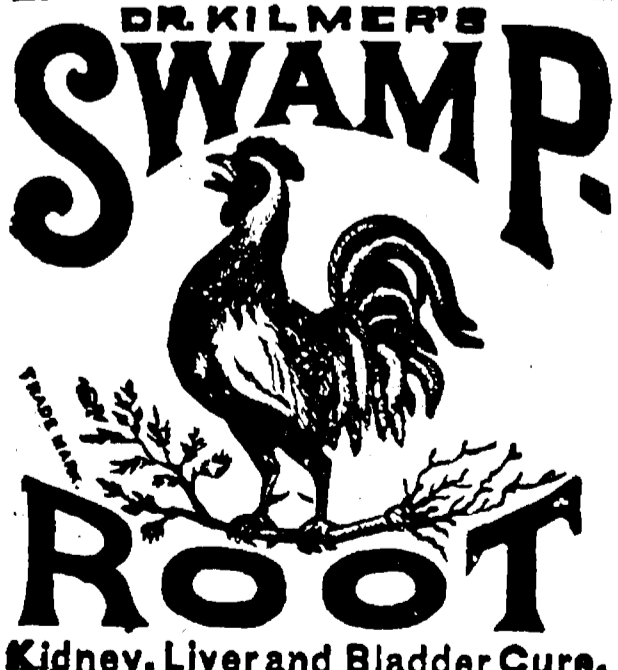
DOCK MILLS.
Sent by express on receipt of price, \$1.50 per box. Book "To Mothers" mailed free.
BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
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Small

Positively cure Sick-headache, Constipation, Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Colds and General Debility. 40 to the bottle. Sugar coated. Easy to take. Do not gripe nor sicken the stomach. Sold by druggists. Price 25c. Reliable and economical. Sample dose free.

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Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

Rheumatism, Disordered Liver, Impure Blood,

Lumbago, pain in joints or back, brick dust in urine, frequent calls, irritation, inflammation, gravel, ulceration or catarrh of bladder.

Swamp-Root cures kidney difficulties, La Grippe, urinary trouble, bright disease.

Scrofula, malaria, gen'l weakness or debility. Guarantees—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund to you the price paid.

At Druggists, 50c. Size, \$1.00 Size. Traveler's Guide to Health—Free—Consultation free.

DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

A DOG'S GOOD MEMORY.

He Makes a Sea Voyage and Then Returns to His Old Home.

Jack is a common name for dogs and sailors, yet no common dog is Jack, but a most uncommon sailor. He is a cross between a Newfoundland and a setter, a big, shaggy fellow, who can put his forepaws on your shoulders and look straight in the eyes. Three years ago Jack was born in San Rafael. A year ago he made his first change of masters and became a member of Grocer Fritz Hauer's family on Pacific street, San Francisco. Jack liked his new home and the grocer's children and the neighbor's children soon became quite attached to him. But Jack was too good a watch dog for a grocery store, and though he never harmed anyone women and children were afraid to come into the store when the grocer himself or his clerks were not about to tell Jack that all was right. So the big, faithful fellow had to go. The grocer gave him to First Mate Shaw of the bark C. D. Bryant, a vessel that traded between this port and Honolulu, relates the San Francisco Chronicle. Jack was surely a mascot for the trip out the bark made Honolulu in the unprecedented time of eleven and one-half days. The captain's children were along and Jack soon became a favorite with them and with all the crew. Failing to get a cargo of sugar at Honolulu the bark went north to the Puget Sound country and loaded lumber. While at Port Hadlock Jack—now Jack the Tar—was set upon by five Esquimaux dogs. Though Jack downed all his foes one of his fore legs shows the scar where it was nearly bitten through. The bark arrived from her three months' trip and anchored near the foot of Stuart street.

The next day Jack was missing. A day later, having evidently been on the way twenty-four hours Jack the Tar went into Mr. Hauer's grocery. He walked right up to Hauer, put his forepaws on his old master's shoulders and began licking his familiar face. Though all fagged out with his long trip from the boat up to the grocery store, Jack the Tar was quite effusive in his greetings to all the members of the family, and when he had seen them all and tried to lick their faces and had wagged his shaggy tail to his heart's content Jack marched straight upstairs to the grocer's bedroom, jumped on the bed, stretched himself out and went to sleep in the most contented manner imaginable, like a traveler resting after a tedious journey.

Of course Jack was given a hearty welcome by the whole family, and he would probably have remained with them had not Mate Shaw appeared and told Hauer that the bark C. D. Bryant could not think of sailing again till Jack had signed a ticket for another voyage. Reluctantly Jack was allowed to go down to sea once more. As Jack was taken from the grocer's for his first voyage late at night in a carriage, his friends in the neighborhood think it strange that he should have found his way back from the ship unguided save by his instinct and his brute faithfulness.

HELD UP.

A Lone Highwayman Operates on a Company of Braggarts.

"I was one of a party of eight once held up by a lone highwayman," said P. J. Marlin, a bridge contractor, to a St. Louis reporter. "I was traveling by stage to Montana. The party consisted of two army officers, a speculator, four miners and myself. The stage had been held up pretty frequently, so we all went fixed for trouble. Every man had a brace of six-shooters and we were just aching to have the road-agents tackle us; at least we talked that way. We commented very unfavorably upon men who yielded to the demands of the freebooters without a struggle, and promised them a warm time if they tackled us. One man had little to say. He was the speculator, a red-headed man with a squint. Finally one of the army officers asked him what he would do if the robbers attacked us and he replied that he did not know. As we swung around a sharp bend in the road, the stage pulled up with a jerk, the driver threw up his hands, and almost before we knew it we were looking into the barrel of a Winchester. Well, sir that lone robber marched us out and stood us up in line with our hands above our heads. Then he threw each man a small sack and made him pull it over his head. We all complied, but one. The red-headed speculator pulled his gun and shot the bandit so full of holes that he died before he could touch the ground. Then he climbed up, knocked the driver off the box, and drove the stage into the next station, with the most crestfallen lot of braggarts aboard that ever wore guns and neglected to use them."

Electric Lights on the Battle Field.

In trying to solve the difficulties of searching for the wounded at night after a great battle the experiment has been tried with fair success at Gratz of sending out men armed with portable electric lanterns, which were fed by accumulators contained in their knapsacks.

ITEMS OF SUNDRY SORTS.

Williamsport, Pa., has the biggest suspender mill in the country. No British sovereign has vetoed a parliamentary bill during the past 185 years.

Most of the rope that is used for execution is furnished gratis by a cordage firm in Philadelphia.

A small vase of Sevres ware only eight inches high was recently sold in London for \$7,205.

Samples of tea grown and cured at Summerville, S. C., have been received in Baltimore which expert tea dealers have pronounced superior to East India tea.

Some tinsmiths use leaden-headed nails for roofing purposes. The last strokes flatten the head over the hole made in the tin, and leaking is thus prevented.

A Malden, Mass., man has invented a device for lifting the lid of a street letter box by touching the foot of a treadle at the foot of the post to which the box is attached.

The anti-liar letter box is the latest, which registers the time the letter is dropped in the box, but men who mail their wife's letters would scarcely approve of it.

The "well of frozen air" is near Dayton, Ga. The drill passed through a five foot stratum of frozen gravel into a series of cavities from which gusts of freezing air come with perfect regularity.

Among some young salmon fry hatched in the hatchery on the River Deveron there were found two fishes joined together at the back fin, from which there is only one body to the tail. Both heads are perfect.

A man at Macon, Ga., has a \$10 note of the state of North Carolina, printed in 1778. On one side is the inscription "Persecution the Ruin of Empires," while on the other side appear the words "Death to Counterfeiters."

WHAT TICKLED 'EM.

Miss Elderby—You have never met my elder sister, have you? Cleverton I didn't suppose it was possible that you had an elder sister.

Judge—You were begging on the public streets, and yet you had \$30 in your pocket. Prisoner—Yes, judge, I may not be as industrious 'as some, y'r honor, but I'm no spendthrift.

Whyte—Are you good at arithmetic? Browne—Good, my boy? I'm simply phenomenal at it. I can add a column of six figures up seven times and make it come out eight different ways.

Seedy Party, contemplating himself in a pocket mirror.—Here I am wearing the boots of a bank manager, the trousers of a landed proprietor, a baron's coat and vest, and even a count's hat, and in spite of all that I look like a tramp.

Papa—Well, Tommy, and how did you like it? Tommy, who has been taken to church for the first time—Very much, indeed. Every one had to keep very quiet, but one man stood up and talked the whole time, and at last we all had to get up and sing to keep him quiet.

Mrs. Gadder—I'm happy to inform you that I have been converted—got religion, as they say. Mrs. Tawker—I'm glad, and yet I'm rather disappointed, too. Mrs. Gadder—Why so? Mrs. Tawker—Because I had a choice piece of scandal to tell you, and now I suppose it won't do for you to listen to it. Mrs. Gadder—Oh, go on and tell it. I'm not to be baptized till next Sunday.

"You need not deny it. I know that he kissed you while you were sitting on the steps last night." "Yes, mamma, eight or ten times, I guess." "Eight or ten times! Why—I—you—" "Yes, mamma dear. I told him the first time if he did it again I wouldn't speak to him, and after that I could not tell him to stop without breaking my word. And I knew you would not want your daughter to tell a fib."

SOME UNUSUAL HAPPENINGS.

Allen Milton Browning of Huntington, W. Va., is sixty years old, has been married six times and has sixty-seven children.

Lane's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary.

Japan women load vessels.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve," warranted to cure, or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

Illinois leads in railway mileage.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Warsaw has women car conductors.

ALBERT BURCH, West Toledo, Ohio, says: "Hall's Catarrh Cure saved my life." Write him for particulars. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Mrs. Marsh, of Chicago, is an undertaker.

Dr. Doane's Dyspepsia Pills are unquestionably good. They are, in my opinion, all they claim to be. I have tried them and found in them what I needed. I believe they will cure Dyspepsia, and that is saying much for any medicine. I am glad, therefore, to give my testimony.

The Rev. DANIEL F. WARRAN, D. D., Rector Holy Trinity, Jersey City Heights, Write Dr. J. A. Deane & Co., Catskill, N. Y.

Asthma The African Kola Plant, discovered in Congo, West Africa, is Nature's Sure Cure for Asthma. Care guaranteed or No Pay. Export Office, 114 Broadway, New York. For Large Trial Package, FREE by Mail, address: SOLA IMPORTING CO., 115 Vesey St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

The Mother's Delight.

Dr. Hoxsle's Certain Croup Cure is the only remedy known that ACTS IMMEDIATELY UPON THE MEMBRANES OF THE THROAT. Under its remarkable curative powers, croup, quinsy, sore throat, congestive colds, whooping cough and asthma, promptly disappear. 50 cents. Druggists can get it of Farrand, Williams & Clark, Detroit, Mich. A. P. Hoxsle, Buffalo, N. Y., manufacturer.

There are 4,500 women printers in England.

"Life is a battle field on which we fight for fame." To preserve health in this fight use Beecham's Pills, 25 cents a box.

Rubber tires are being placed on carriages.

THE BEST Ointment in the world for skin diseases is Hill's S. R. & S. Ointment. Try it! At all druggists. 25 cents.

Many southern women plant and ship peanuts.

EVERY LADY IN TOWN Would prefer being excused from being operated on by the scissors or knife, when she could positively be cured of piles, by using Hill's Little Remedy. Instant relief, no pay. Try it to-night. At all druggists.

Three hundred women florists in the United States.

Why continue the use of remedies that only relieve, when Ely's Cream Balm, pleasant of application and a sure cure for Catarrh and Cold in Head, can be had.

I had a severe attack of catarrh and became so deaf I could not hear common conversation. I suffered terribly from roaring in my head. I procured a bottle of Ely's Cream Balm, and in three weeks could hear as well as ever, and now I can say to all who are afflicted with the worst of diseases, catarrh, take Ely's Cream Balm and be cured. It is worth \$1,000 to any man, woman or child suffering from catarrh.—A. E. Newman, Grayling, Mich.

Apply Balm into each nostril. It is Quickly Absorbed. Gives Relief at once. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 65 Warren St., New York.

When man gains a knowledge of the infinite he achieves true freedom.

Entirely VEGETABLE AND A SURE CURE FOR COSTIVENESS

BAXTER'S MANDRAKE BITTERS

Biliousness, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Torpid Liver, Rheumatism, Dizziness, Sick Headache, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Eruptions and Skin Diseases.

Price 25c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

HEART, JOHNSON & LORR, Props., Burlington, Vt.

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BUSINESS UNIVERSITY

15 WILCOX AVE., DETROIT, MICH.

Educates young men and women to maintain themselves in the world. Courses in Bookkeeping, Penmanship, English, Language, Bookkeeping and Mechanical Drawing Departments. Illustrated Catalogue free. W. E. WILCOX, Pres't. P. O. BOX 2828, DETROIT, MICH.

Patents! Pensions

Send for Inventor's Guide on How to Obtain a Patent. Send for Digest of Decisions and HINTS TO INVENTORS. PATRICK O'FARRELL, WASHINGTON, D. C.

BOSS HUSKERS STEEL GALS.

Adjustable, strapped, adjustable. Best in the world. Buy of dealer. Send 50c for sample by mail. H. M. Perkins Mfg. Co., 7 Ky. St., Kansas, Mo.

BALD AND HAIRLESS PEOPLE are no longer OBLIGED TO REMAIN SO.

Dr. Wm. Bennett's Anti-Chronic Cause and Effect Remedy will positively produce hair on any bald head regardless of age, whether occasioned by a scar, any acute or chronic disease, or hereditary baldness. When desired, we will enter into a special contract, in which case a money is payable until the patient is well supplied with a full natural growth of HAIR. Trial of Remedy 50 cents and \$1 per bottle, sent to any address—charge prepaid upon receipt of price. If no form of disease that human or animal flesh is held to can exist where this Remedy is properly applied. Full descriptive particulars in English and German sent free. If your druggist does not handle this Remedy, address SENECA QUINCY MEDICAL AND COMPOUNDING CO., Tiffin, Ohio.

GOOD POSITIONS

Secured by young Men and Women graduates of the Bryant Stratton Business College Chicago—Business and shorthand Courses.

Can VISIT WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS SATURDAYS Without Interfering with Studies

IRIS A DURY you owe yourself and family to get the best value for your money. Economize in your footwear by purchasing W. L. Douglas Shoes, which represent the best value for prices asked, as thousands will testify.

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE.

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.

A gentle sewed shoe, that will not rip, fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5.

\$4 and \$5 Hand-sewed, fine calf shoes. The most stylish, any and durable shoes ever sold at these prices. They equal fine imported shoes costing from \$2 to \$12.

\$3.50 Felted Shoes, worn by farmers and all others who want a good heavy calf. Three soled, extension edge shoe, easy to walk in, and will keep the feet dry and warm.

\$2.50 Fine Calf, \$3.25 and \$3 Workingmen's Shoes. They will give more wear for the money than any other make. They are made for service. The increasing sales show that workingmen are buying this out.

BOYS' \$2 and Youths' \$1.75 School Shoes are worn by the boys everywhere. The most serviceable shoes sold at these prices.

LADIES' \$3 Hand-sewed, \$2.50, \$2 and \$1.75 Shoes for Misses are made of the best Douglas or fine Calf, as desired. They are very stylish, comfortable and durable. The \$3 shoe equals custom made shoes costing from \$4 to \$6. Ladies who wish to economize in their footwear are finding this out.

CAUTION.—Beware of dealers substituting shoes with one W. L. Douglas name and the price stamped on bottom. Such substitutions are fraudulent and subject to prosecution by law for obtaining money under false pretenses.

ASK FOR W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. If not for sale in your place send direct to Factory, stating kind, size and width wanted, and no charge. Will give exclusive sale to shoe dealers and general merchants where I have no agents. Write for Catalogue. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

ST. JACOBS OIL

TRADE MARK

REMEDY FOR GREAT PAIN

CURE PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY

RHEUMATISM, Lumbago, Headache, Toothache, NEURALGIA, Sore Throat, Swellings, Frost-bites, SCIATICA, Sprains, Bruises, Burns, Scalds.

THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

TOWER'S FISH BRAND

TRADE MARK

This Trade Mark is on the best

WATERPROOF COAT

Illustrated in the World!

Free. A. J. TOWER, BOSTON, MASS.

If afflicted with Thompson's Eye Water.

Flags & Banners, Silk or Hunting-American Flag Mfg. Co., Easton, Pa., send for prices.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS

Washington, D. C.

Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 15 yrs. last war, 15 adjudicating claims, 25 yrs. since.

TEXAS WHEAT REGION. All crops splendid. General information send name and postoffice to E. S. GRAHAM, Graham, Texas.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED

15 lbs. lost by a month's use of this medicine. No starving, no inconvenience, and no bad effects. Strictly confidential. For circulars and most reliable testimonials, apply to G. W. F. SUTHERLAND, McVicker's Theatre Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

For list of Nebraska Land for Sale, write to Richards, Keene & Co., Fremont, Nebraska.

"ORANGE - BLOSSOM"

Cures All Female Diseases. Sample and Book Free. Send to Chicago, Dr. J. A. McGill & Co., 3 & 5 Parkers Pl., Chicago.

Piso's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail, Soc. E. T. Hazeltine, Warren, Pa.

WORN NIGHT AND DAY.

Holds the worst rupture with ease under all circumstances. Perfect Adjustment, Comfort and Cure. New Patented Improvements. Illustrated catalogue and rules for self-measurement sent securely sealed. G. V. HOBBS, 250 CO. ST. BROADWAY, New York City.

LEWIS' 98% LYE

POWDERED AND PATENTED

The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed Hard Soap in 30 minutes and is the best for cleaning waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paint, trees, etc.

PENNA. SALT MFG CO., Gen. Agents, Phila., Pa.

YOU WANT IT!

MINARD'S LINIMENT

"KING OF PAIN."

CURES RHEUMATISM, Pains in Chest, Side or Back, Neuralgia, Headache, Etc. WERE FUND MONEY 15 BOTTLES does not cure you or 1 bottle does not give you benefit.

TRY IT! Per Bottle, 25 cts. 5 Bottles, \$1.

YOUR DRUGGIST HAS IT, 316,408 BOTTLES

Sold in New England States in 1891. **WE WARRANT IT!**

MINARD'S LINIMENT MFG. CO., Boston, Mass. W. N. U., D.--10--39.

When writing to Advertisers please say you saw the advertisement in this Paper.

LARGEST IN THE WORLD

Address 26 Wash Ave., Chicago, Ill. Catalogue sent free. Catalogue free.

GOOD SALARIES

W. L. DOUGLAS

\$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

THE BEST SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR THE MONEY.

A gentle sewed shoe, that will not rip, fine calf, seamless, smooth inside, flexible, more comfortable, stylish and durable than any other shoe ever sold at the price. Equals custom made shoes costing from \$4 to \$5.

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CORRESPONDENCE

Neighborhood news, gathered by our corps of hustling correspondents.

UNADILLA.

Mr. Geo. Pardee Sundayed in town.

Miss E. G. Watson of Detroit is visiting her mother, Mrs. J. J. Watson.

A. C. Watson, who is attending school in Ypsilanti, spent Sunday at home.

Mr. W. Smith returned from an extended visit near Lansing, Saturday last.

Mr. Clark Hudson left on Monday last for Urbana, Ohio, where he will attend school.

Mrs. E. Rainy returned last week from Leslie where she has been visiting relatives.

PARSHALLVILLE.

Quite a number of people are attending conference at Owosso.

W. C. Wolverton is on the sick list under the care of Dr. Sue of Fenton.

Baptist Mission Circle meets at the residence of Warren Cole Friday afternoon of this week.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the M. E. church meets with Mrs. C. M. Smith Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. Wright preached his farewell sermon Sept. 18. The new minister will doubtless be here Oct. 2.

Mrs. Newton Alexander, nee Lottie Dodds, and son of Kansas are visiting her parents and other friends here.

HOWELL.

Howell fair this week.

A photograph car moved in Monday.

Speaking at the opera house Monday evening.

Frank Bates buried their youngest child Sunday.

Bert Herrington and wife lost their youngest child with cholera infantum.

A telegram from Denver, Colo., brought the sad news to this village of the death of Dr. W. Spencer, who has been sick a long time with consumption. He had a great many friends here and was loved by all. His remains were brought to this place Saturday and the funeral services held at Wm. McPherson's, Rev. Mr. Lewis conducting the services.

ANDERSON.

James Durkee is Howell this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Wood are visiting at Caro.

Miss Nina Younglove of Marion spent Sunday with Ora Placeway.

A number from Anderson and vicinity attended the State Fair at Lansing.

Mrs. Bell Hartsoff of Fort Wayne is the guest of Jas. Durkee's family.

Miss Emma Kensch returned to her home on Sunday last from Dexter.

Miss Milla Parker of Pinckney spent Monday night with friends in Anderson.

Mr. John Hoff of Saginaw was the guest of his brothers near Anderson last week.

Misses Emma Hicks, Hattie and Florence Carpenter visited at W. S. Swarthout's the first of the week.

EAST PUTNAM.

Neil Hoyt of Fowlerville is visiting at E. W. Kennedy's.

Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Brown

spent Monday in Hamburg village.

Mr. Neil Gates of Ann Arbor spent the Sabbath with a friend here.

Miss Effie Allen of Howell spent last week visiting in this vicinity.

Mrs. A. Wilson and Mrs. W. S. Swarthout of Anderson spent last Friday at G. Hick's.

Carl Bolanger and Belle Thompson of Fenton visited at E. G. Fisher's over Sunday.

The old custom of quilting parties is being revived by the matrons of East Putnam.

Misses Hattie and Florence Carpenter of Chilson have been visiting their many friends here for the past week.

For the Fowlerville fair the D. L. & N. will sell tickets from stations between Lansing and Plymouth at one fair for round trip, Oct. 11th to 14th, good to return Oct. 15th.

The boy who has the freedom of the street after nightfall without business or permission of his parents, is cultivating a dangerous habit. A boy who is right will prefer his home friends, books and newspapers to the low class found upon the streets. Business men of all kinds look upon the boy loafers as dead beats of the future. - Ex

ESCAPED FROM RUSSIA.

The Break for Liberty and the Awful Result of Siberian Prisoners.

Pursuing the occupation of a brewery manager in this city, says the Cleveland World is a well-known citizen upon whose head a good price is set by the Russian government and whose story has all the horrors of and more intensity than the narratives of George Kennan concerning the Siberian exiles.

At about the time the civil war was raging in this country the inhabitants of Poland made their last determined stand for freedom. Bender was a boy of 15 years. In 1861 he entered the Polish army, and for a year and a half did not know what it was to sleep under a roof. In three great battles which were fought he received wounds. The troop of which he was a member was surrounded by the Czar's forces and the siege began. The provisions of the besieged were exhausted, and they were compelled to kill their horses for meat. Mr. Bender says that young horseflesh is as sweet as chicken. After untold privations a break for liberty was made. A bullet struck Bender in the back of his head and he tumbled from his horse. He remembers nothing until he recovered consciousness in a hospital. When he had partially recovered he was confined nine months in jail.

No trial was given him, but he was sentenced to twenty-five years at hard labor in the mines of Siberia. In the nine months of his imprisonment he was allowed very little food and barely sufficient water to drink. He asked for water to wash in, but was refused, and the slime of the cell was encrusted over his skin and clothing. Finally he, with over 200 prisoners, men, women and children, were started for Siberia under the escort of sixty soldiers. He tramped through the snow for seven months. Every day some of the weaker ones fell from exhaustion. They were placed on sledges, which the other prisoners were compelled to drag. At some of the villages the inhabitants took pity on them and gave the prisoners covering for their exposed feet, food and water. At other places the inhabitants pelted them with dirt and filth. The soldiers offered them no protection. At Minsk, civilization having been left behind and escape being deemed impossible, the chains by which the convicts had been bound in pairs were removed.

In the prison pen at this point the horrors endured by the prisoners are scarcely describable. Vermin attacked them with the ferocity of hunger. Some of the convicts, it is declared, were as large around as an ordinary lead pencil and half an inch long, and they covered the ceiling, wall and benches completely. One night of such assistance added to the suffering of the exiles in the previous seven months decided a number of the more hardy of the men. They realized that of those who endured the march, few would survive the expiration of their sentence, and a general agreement was entered into to attack the soldiers and escape or die in the attempt. The exiles had no arms, while the soldiers carried rifles and other effective weapons. Sticks, stones, and even bare fists were to be employed by the desperate rebels to secure their freedom. They waited

until the train reached a spot where the underbrush was thick. Then eighty of the men dropped their burdens and rushed upon the soldiers.

Some were tramped down at once by the horses. Others fell under the murderous fire poured into their midst by the soldiers as soon as they could bring their guns to bear. In all thirty or forty of the exiles were left dead upon the ground. About twenty, after alternately fighting and running for two hours, got into the brush and left their pursuers behind. The little band scattered to make pursuit more difficult. A half dozen, among whom was Bender, kept together. They skulked and starved for four months and seven days, avoiding the towns and picking up a precarious living until the German frontier was reached in safety. They were kindly treated by the German people, and Bender spent three months in the empire. Assistance reached him from friends in New York, and he took passage arriving here July 4, 1875. Being well-educated and intelligent, he found no difficulty in securing employment, and is now well-to-do.

He has not, of course, ever dared venture back to Russia where the police would enforce severe punishment upon him for his escape. He learned after his arrival that his father was a convict at the mines, and later heard of his death there.

Mr. Bender married after his arrival in this city. His wife was a Polish girl. She had been possessed of information concerning a plot to again rebel against the rule of the Czar. She was arrested and required to divulge all she knew. She refused to give the information which would lead to the death or transportation of fifty or sixty of the conspirators, and was sent to prison. For a year and five months she was starved and tortured in the filthy prison. Periodically she was subject to examinations, but invariably professed her ignorance of any conspiracy. The Russian officials finally became convinced that she knew nothing and let her go. She was required to take an oath that she would return to her home, but did not hold herself bound by the extorted promise, and came to America where she met Mr. Bender.

LUNCH AND LUNCHEON.

The Early Use and Derivation of These Words and Their Present Application.

Lord Coleridge does not recognize the English word "lunch." It is the word, not the institution, which suffers from this judicial severity. The Lord Chief Justice and all the judges of the High Court, recognize the claims of the meal and punctually appear for it. As to the word, "lunch" seems just as worthy of recognition as luncheon. It strictly means a lump of bread, and the longer word strictly means the same.

Nor is luncheon a new-fangled term. Its history can show an indefeasible claim, based on continuous use. "While you stood staring like an owl" says one of the characters in Dryden—"I eat a luncheon from the loaf." In fact, "the English word lunch," if not current at home, enjoys a large foreign circulation. It has become, in the last few years, quite a French word, and seems to be outgiving the regular gouter from its own language.

Etymologists might find curious illustration of national character from the derivation of both words, for "lunch" means a lump of food, and gouter means to taste. One suited the solid eater, the other the epicure. Lunch now ranks with "punch," a "clock," skating, great attraction, and "meat" in that singularly selected list of phrases which the French have recently annexed and assimilated. Thackeray makes one of his characters forgetting the word gouter, "Je n'ai pas l'habitude." It is quite clear that in 1850 "lunch" was not a French word.

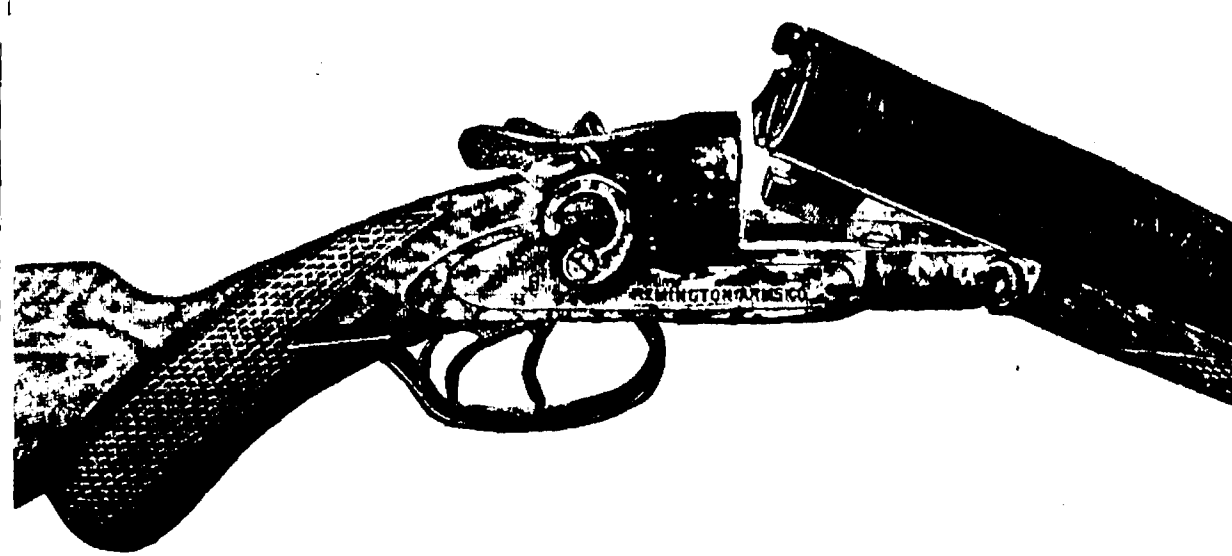
WHAT FLOWERS COST.

The Figures a Florist of the Capital Gets for His Best.

A florist who does perhaps one-fifth of the business of Washington City, sold during one month last year, 100,000 carnation plinks, 15,000 violets, 3,000 strings of sun-flax, and 8,000 sprays of lilies of the valley. This man did a large funeral business. He makes a broken wheel of roses, camellias and lilies of the valley for \$20, and it was he who made for the queen of England a floral offering, which she sent to Garfield's funeral. This cost Victoria \$75, and the English Minister paid the bill. He makes a heart for \$20, a broken column of towers for \$10, and a beautiful piece known as "Gates Ajar," for \$50. Of course the florists of Washington are among the money-making men of the capital and when you consider the above prices, it is no wonder.

The Length of the Day.

At London, England, and Bremen, Prussia, the longest day has 16 1/2 hours. At Stockholm, Sweden, it is 18 1/2 hours in length. At Hamburg in Germany and Lening in Prussia the longest day has 17 hours. At St. Petersburg, Russia, and Tobolski, Siberia, the longest is 19 hours and the shortest 5 hours. At Turin, Finland, June 21 brings a day nearly 24 hours long and Christmas one less than 3 hours in length. At Wardbury, Norway, the longest day lasts from May 1 to July 7, without interruption, and at Spitzbergen the longest day is 3 1/2 months. At St. Louis the longest day is somewhat less than 15 hours, and at Montreal, Canada, it is 14.



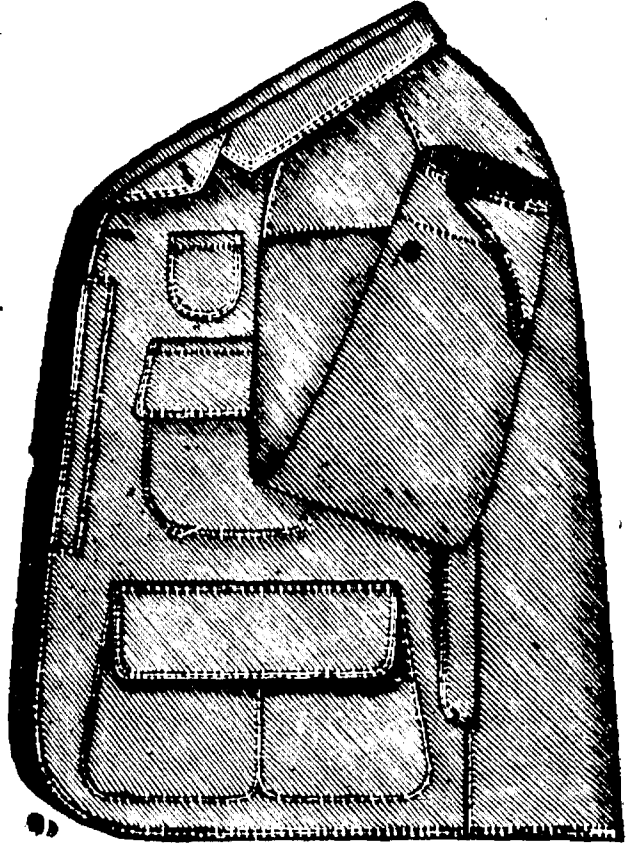
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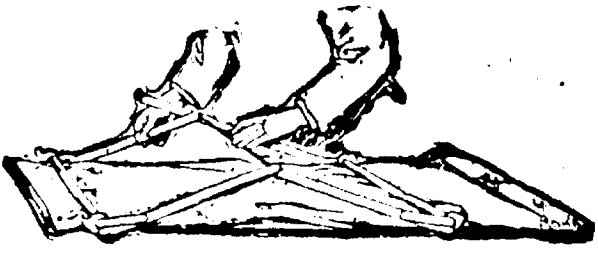
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FITS
CURED

WHISTLER, S. C., Dec. 19, 1891.
Sirs: I wish I could let all who are suffering from any Nerve disease know just how easily and cheaply it can be cured. My case is a good one. I commenced taking your medicine on the 1st of August, and now the rest of it is all over. With many thanks, I remain, yours truly,
H. A. TATE.

General T. J. ...
I have not the time to say more, but I commenced taking your medicine on the 1st of August, and now the rest of it is all over. With many thanks, I remain, yours truly,
H. A. TATE.

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I personally know of several cases of Fits, where the patient has been cured by your medicine. With many thanks, I remain, yours truly,
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