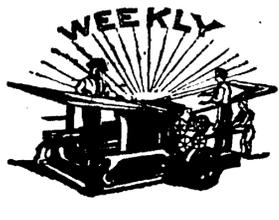


Pinckney Dispatch



VOL. XI. PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, JAN. 5, 1893. No. 1.

The Pinckney Dispatch.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
FRANK L. ANDREWS
Subscription Price \$1 in Advance.
Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan,
as second-class matter.

Advertising rates made known on application.

Business Cards, \$4.00 per year.
Death and marriage notices published free.
Announcements of entertainments may be paid
for, if desired, by presenting the office with tick-
ets of admission. In case tickets are not brought
to the office, regular rates will be charged.
All matter in local notice column will be charged
at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each
insertion. Where no time is specified, all notices
will be inserted until ordered discontinued, and
will be charged for accordingly. All changes of
advertisements MUST reach this office as early
as Tuesday morning to insure an insertion the
same week.

JOB PRINTING!
In all its branches, a specialty. We have all kinds
and the latest styles of Type, etc., which enables
us to execute all kinds of work, such as Books,
Pamphlets, Posters, Programmes, Bill Heads, Note
Books, Statements, Cards, Auction Bills, etc., in
superior style, upon the shortest notice. Prices as
low as good work can be done.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH.

THE VILLAGE DIRECTORY.

VILLAGE OFFICERS.
PRESIDENT, Warren A. Carr.
TREASURER, A. B. Green, Thompson
Gimes, A. S. Leland, G. W. Hoff.
CLERK, Ira J. Cook.
TREASURER, Floyd Benson.
ASSESSOR, Michael Lavery.
STREET COMMISSIONER, Daniel Baker.
MARSHAL, Simon Brogan.
HEALTH OFFICER, Dr. H. F. Sigler.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Rev. W. G. Stephens pastor. Services every
Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday
evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thurs-
day evenings. Sunday school at close of morn-
ing services. W. D. Thompson, Superintendent.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
Rev. John Humphrey, pastor; services every
Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday
evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thurs-
day evenings. Sunday school at close of morn-
ing services. Ed. Glover, Superintendent.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. Wm. P. Conidine, Pastor. Services
every third Sunday. Low mass at 8 o'clock,
high mass with sermon at 10:30 a. m. Catechism
at 3:00 p. m., vespers and benediction at 7:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

The I. O. G. T. Society of this place meets every
Wednesday evening in the Maccabees hall.
CHAS. GRIMES, C. T.

The A. O. H. Society of this place, meets every
third Sunday in the Fr. Matthew Hall.
John McGuinness, County Delegate.

EPWORTH LEAGUE. Meets every Tuesday
evening in their room in M. E. Church.
cordial invitation is extended to all interested in
christian work. Rev. W. G. Stephens, President.

The C. T. A. and B. Society of this place, meet
every third Saturday evening in the Fr. Mat-
thew Hall.
John Donohue, President.

KNIGHTS OF MACCABEES.
Meet every Friday evening, on or before full
of the moon at old Masonic Hall. Visiting broth-
ers cordially invited.
W. H. Leland, Sir Knight Commander.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. F. SIGLER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon. All calls promptly
attended to day or night. Office on Main street,
Pinckney, Mich.

C. W. KIRTLAND, M. D.,
HOMOEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.
Graduate of the University of Michigan.
OFFICE OVER THE BANK, PINCKNEY.

E. L. AVERY, Dentist.
Wheat, Beans, Barley, Clover Seed, Dressed
Hogs, etc. The highest market price will
be paid. Lumber, Lath, Shingles, Salt, etc., for
sale.
THOS. READ, Pinckney, Mich.

S. B. SMITH & CO.,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
PIANOS, ORGANS AND MUSICAL
MERCHANDISE.
134 MAIN STREET WEST, JACKSON, MICHIGAN.
Sole agent for the wonderful A. B. Chase Piano
and Organ.
Send for our catalogue of 10c. sheet music.

We have for sale in this office
one good ink roller for Washing-
ton hand press. Nearly as good
as new, and will sell cheap.

Pinckney Exchange Bank.
G. W. TRIPLE, Proprietor.

Does a general Banking Business.
MONEY LOANED ON APPROVED NOTES.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED.
Certificates issued on time deposits and
payable on demand.

COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY!
Solely for sale.

General News.

Our New County Clerk.
Laverne D. Brokaw sworn in
on Tuesday last. A
Sketch of His
Life.

L. D. Brokaw was born in Monroe
county, N. Y., August 12, 1849. He
came to Michigan with his parents in
1870 and settled on the farm just south
of the village of Pinckney, where he
has lived since 1880. Mr. Brokaw
spent several years mining in the
great West, but returned to old Mich-
igan to live.

Mr. Brokaw has always been some-
what of a politician, and is well read
in the affairs of the day. He has al-
ways been popular in his township,
and has served his sixth term on the



board of supervisors. That he is well
qualified to manage the affairs per-
taining to the county clerk's office, no
one will doubt. Although Pinckney
and Putnam loses one of her best and
most influential citizens, the county
has gained an able and efficient clerk.

Mr. Brokaw moved his household
goods to Howell last week and will oc-
cupy the Gregory house on Piety
hill. His office is of course in the
Court house, where he can be found at
his post of duty.

In Search of His Stolen Daughter.

With a band of gypsies that has
been camping in different parts of the
country this fall is a bright little
white child who claims to have been
stolen by the band, and is believed, by
the sheriff of Alpena county, to be lit-
tle Alma Neering, who mysteriously
disappeared from her home in Alpena
county, four years ago. The sheriff,
with the father of the lost child, are
looking for the gang, but up to date
have been unable to locate them. They
were near Utica a short time ago, but
at present their whereabouts are un-
known.—Ex.

Wedding Bells.

The marriage of Miss Kittie Gaynor
to Mr. Dan. Stewart, both of Ham-
burg, was celebrated Wednesday, Dec-
ember 28th, 1892, at the residence of
Mr. James VanHorn. The ceremony
was performed by Rev. W. G. Stephe-
ns, after which the wedding dinner
was served. Friends from Chicago,
Ann Arbor, Howell, and other places
came to witness the marriage and to
offer the happy young couple their
congratulations. The bride received
many handsome and useful presents.
They left on the Toledo & Ann Arbor
road for their honeymoon trip.

Important Change.

Prof. Mark B. Beal, of Albion school
of Oratory, will give a dramatic recital
at the Cong'l church, Jan. 20, in-
stead of the Evening of Tableaux as
advertised on the Dorcas course.

Geo. R. Wallace.

Geo. R. Wallace, who was to have
given his lecture, "Scarecrows," on
Tuesday evening, Dec. 27, but could
not get here, will deliver the same
here on Monday evening next at the
Cong'l church. Do not miss this. It
has been well advertised for another
date, but don't forget that it is to be
on Monday evening next, Jan. 9.
Admission 25 cents. Children, 15.

Murder and Robbery.

A Hired Man's brutal deed.
Robbery Thought to have
Been the Incentive.

On Sunday evening last a farmer
and his wife, named Leech living near
Durand, were attacked by the hired
man and left for dead. He lured the
farmer to the barn and there struck
him with an axe and cut him in a hor-
rible manner. Leaving him for dead
he returned to the house where he
shot Mrs. Leech in the neck with a
shot gun and pounded her in a most
brutal manner. He then searched the
house and secured somewhere near \$40.
Mr. and Mrs. Leech were not found
until Monday morning although the
deed was done a little after 6 o'clock,
Sunday night according to Mrs. Leech
statement. Both were alive when
found but Mr. Leech cannot live.
Hopes are entertained for the recovery
of Mrs. Leech.

Indignation is high in Durand, and
should the brute be found he will
probably not cost the county much for
trial.

The Way They Do it in Kentucky.

One day last week, before court ad-
journing for dinner, a mob of 1000
armed men took Sam Harper, a negro
who assaulted Miss Anderson a few
nights before, from the officers at the
court house. The negro was hustled
toward the suburbs, surrounded by
the mob. On reaching the fair ground
the negro was told to say his prayers.
A rope was placed around his neck,
and he was soon swinging from the
limb of a tree. The mob, after firing
a volley into the body of Harper, left
it hanging, and dispersed.—Ex. Per-
haps if assaulters and murderers were
treated that way here once in a while
we would have less crime of this kind.

Took Paris Green.

On Friday evening last, Mrs. Julia
Fiske, living in the southwest part of
Putnam, attempted suicide by taking
a quantity of Paris green. Prompt
medical assistance relieved her of the
poison, and she is now convalescent.
Mrs. Fiske suffered from mental dis-
ease a number of years ago, and for a
time was an inmate of the Kalamazoo
asylum, and the present attack is prob-
ably a return of the old malady. She
is an estimable woman, and all will
wish her a speedy restoration to health.

Murder Near Novi.

The little hamlet of Novi, in Oak-
land county, was thrown into the
wildest excitement on the 29th by the
murder of Sumner Bathrick, a farm-
er living half a mile from the village,
by his son Gay, a boy of 20. Mrs.
Bathrick was away from home, the
father had prepared supper and was
eating when the boy returned from
hunting. The two quarreled, about
what has not as yet transpired, Gay
threatened his father with a knife,
dropped it, seized his rifle, and fired
three shots in rapid succession, all of
which took effect. The unfortunate
man is mortally wounded, all three
shots having passed through his body.
The boy called in the neighbors, sum-
moned three doctors, then went to the
village marshal and gave himself up.
—Farmer.

The young men and women who as-
pire to obtain Academic or College
educations, and whose parents cannot
well afford them that expense, will be
interested in the work of the Cosmo-
politan Magazine, which has offered
for the year 1893 one thousand schol-
arships at any of the leading colleges
or schools of the United States, upon
the condition of introducing the mag-
azine into certain neighborhoods.
Yale, Vassar, Harvard, Ann Arbor,
Chicago, the Southern Colleges, the
great schools of art and medicine, all
are alike open to the ambitious boy or
girl who is not afraid of a little earn-
est work. The Cosmopolitan sends
out from its New York office a hand-
somer printed pamphlet to any appli-
cant, telling just what is necessary in
order to secure one of these scholar-
ships. The scholarship itself includes
board, lodging, laundry, and tuition—
all free.

Local Dispatches.

Write it 1893!
Now for a coasting party.

N. E. Moore of Gregory was in town
on Tuesday.

Chas. Henry will work at the black-
smith trade this winter.

The Whitmore Lake Maccabees had
a dance Monday evening.

New Year's day was a very stormy
day. A clean storm, however.

Kirk Van Winkle spent the last of
last week with friends in Howell.

The number of students at the Uni-
versity at Ann Arbor is 2,701. Quite
an army.

The most common song sung on our
streets now, is; "Bob! B-o-b!!
B---o---b!!!"

An automatic telephone has been
placed in operation between the resi-
dence and store of F. E. Wright.

A week of prayer will be held at the
M. E. church, commencing Sunday
evening next. Everybody made wel-
come.

R. Bassett and wife, who have been
visiting relatives here for some time,
returned to their home at Adrian last
Thursday.

Frank Johnson, who has been spend-
ing several weeks with Perry Blunt,
went last Saturday to Detroit, where
he has secured a position in one of the
stove factories.

Howell evidently struck it rich
when she secured the branch of the
Lansing condensed milk factory. They
are receiving about two tons of milk
there per day now.

A social will be held at the residence
of Jas. Burroughs, Hamburg town-
ship, on Friday evening, Jan. 6, for
the benefit of Rev. W. G. Stephens. A
cordial invitation to all to come and
have a good time.

About \$500 worth of fancy articles
were destroyed by fire in an Ann Ar-
bor store last week by the trimming
of a snow house in the show window
taking fire. A real live Santa Claus
who was in the scene came near being
cremated.

E. N. Ball, of Hamburg, was elected
secretary of the state marine sheep
breeders' association at the meeting of
that society held in Lansing last week,
and E. Kellogg, of Oceola, was given
a place on the board of Directors.—
Democrat.

The following are the subjects for
next Sabbath at the M. E. church:
Morning, "Holiness, what it is and
what it does;" Evening, "Should special
revival meetings be held?" Friends
will do well to hear what the pastor
has to say on these topics.

The Christmas dinner at the reform
school consisted of one barrel of oys-
ters, two barrels of crackers, three
crates of oranges, two crates of dates,
one barrel of candy, 420 boxes of figs,
mince pie, jelly, pickles, popcorn, etc.
Gen. Alger donated \$125.

An elegant chalice and ciborium
have been purchased for St. Mary's
church, Pinckney, for use in the
services of the church, and will be
used for the first time next Sunday,
New Year's day. They cost \$150 and
are exquisite specimens of the jewel-
er's art.—Chelsea Herald.

During the past year we have been
advertising the celebrated Wing pi-
ano in this paper. C. P. Sykes and G.
A. Sigler have secured the agency of
this piano, and last week we had the
pleasure of seeing one of these pianos,
and listening to its sweet tones. The
instrument is one of the finest we have
ever seen, and the tone is far ahead of
any we have ever heard. It has the
"harp" attachment which adds much
to the sweetness of the tone and to the
value of the instrument. Anyone in-
tending to purchase a piano will do
well to see these gentlemen and exam-
ine their piano.

To Our Patrons.

This is the first issue of the DISPATCH
in the new year. As we said last
week, we shall try to make the DIS-
PATCH better this year than ever before
and if you will aid us in this matter
by handing us items, sending us a
new subscriber, and above all be
prompt in the renewal of your own
subscription, we can assure you we
shall succeed in our endeavor to make
the DISPATCH the best local newspaper
in the county.

We find in looking over our list that
a good many subscriptions expired
last week and this, and that some were
out before, and have not been renew-
ed. This week we shall mark all the
papers of those whose time has expired,
and hope you will all be prompt
and renew this month, as we have bills
that must be met Feb. 1st.

On another page will be found a
blank order which can be cut out, fil-
ed in with your address, etc., and sent
to us, thus saving you the trouble of
writing a letter.

Do not wait until next month, for
you may forget it. Look at the top of
this article, and see if your subscrip-
tion has expired. If it has, send in
THIS WEEK and you will receive credit
for the same.

EDITOR.

A Letter.

F. L. ANDREWS:
Dear Sir;

Enclosed you
will find one dollar, please send me
the DISPATCH for another year, and
will you kindly change the address
from Dr. Thatcher, Dallas, Texas, to
Mrs. W. F. Thatcher, Dallas, Texas,
as my husband is away, spending the
winter in New York and Philadelphia
for the purpose of study, and when
my paper is sent to his office, I often
fail to get it. I never want to miss a
number of your valuable paper which
gives me the news of our dear old
home.

Respectfully yours,
MRS. W. F. THATCHER.

A Peculiar Disease.

David Benjamin lost a valuable
farm horse on Friday after a short ill-
ness, and Dr. C. S. Bowman being called,
pronounced it a case of glaso-an-
thrax, a contagious disease that is
caused by a parasite in the blood. Mr.
Benjamin has several young horses
that have been exposed to the disease
and they have been placed in quaran-
tine, and are being treated with pre-
ventive remedies. It seems to attack
the throat and tongue, causing them
to swell, and choke the animal to death
in a short time.—Fowlerville Review.

Business Pointers.

For Sale.
One 6 1/2 x 8 1/2 camera and outfit. Will
sell cheap for CASH.
E. J. BRIGGS.

Send for our valuable pamphlet,
DuBois & DuBois, Inventive Age
Building, Washington, D. C. Mention
this paper.

For Sale.
Several tons of mixed clover and
timothy hay. Enquire at this office.

Flower Seeds.
Northern grown flower seeds and
plants. Best in the world. Ask your
friends that come North about our fine
improved flowers, and send for price
list. We give full instructions for
cultivation of each kind ordered. I
can refer anyone to the editor of this
paper.
Respy,
E. E. PALMITER,
Florist and Grower of Northern seeds,
51st Harbor Springs, Mich.

WANTED. Write-awake workers everywhere for
SHEPP'S PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE
WORLD; the greatest book on earth, costing \$100,
000; retail at \$1.25, cash or installment; mammoth
illustrated circulars and terms
free; daily output over 1500 vol-
umes. Mr. THOMAS L. MAXWELL,
Centerville, Texas, cleared \$711 in nine days. Also
ROSE ADAMS, H. O. W.,
Wooler, O., \$25 in 40 min-
utes; Rev. J. J. LYONS,
N. Y., \$101 in 7 hours; a bonanza; magnificent out-
fit only \$1.00. Books
on credit. Freight
paid. AD. GLOBE
BIBLE PUBLISHING
CO., 725 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa. or 338 Dearborn
St., Chicago, Ill.

VOTE IN MICHIGAN.

REPUBLICANS FILL ALL STATE OFFICES BUT ONE.

The Constitutional Revision Proposition Voted on by but 33,193 Out of 466,000 Voters.—State Land Office Commissioner Reports.

The state board of canvassers has issued certificates of election to all the successful candidates. Atty.-Gen. Ellis is the only Democrat who pulled through, his plurality being a little over 1,300. Hambitzer's plurality is reduced to 14,720 on account of errors in Muskegon county, 3,828 votes having been rejected because they read "J. B. Hambitzer" instead of "J. F. Hambitzer."

The final figures are as follows: John T. Rich, governor, 16,000 plurality; J. W. Giddings, lieutenant-governor, 21,907; J. W. Jochem, secretary of state, 21,966; J. F. Hambitzer, treasurer, 14,720; Stanley W. Turner, auditor-general, 23,182; John G. Berry, commissioner of the land office, 457; A. A. Ellis, attorney-general, 1,322; Henry R. Pettengill, superintendent of public instruction, 22,408; Eugene A. Wilson, member state board of education, 21,907; Frank A. Hooker, justice supreme court, 182. It is thought that neither Shaffer nor Newton will contest the election further, the expense of such action being very great.

Another very important result was announced. The last legislature, it will be remembered, passed a resolution submitting to the people a proposition to call a constitutional convention. Many previous attempts to revise the fundamental law had been made, but always without success. It has been ascertained by the official canvass that the electors of the state of Michigan do want such a convention; at least 16,948 of them do. Only 16,245 registered negative votes, while out of some 466,000 people who voted on state officers, only 33,193 cared a rap one way or the other. The incoming legislature will fix the time and the place for the convention. It is probable that there will be a general overhauling and correcting of the old constitution and doubtless many persons with utopian schemes will seek to incorporate them in his articles. The only changes certain to be adopted are those relating to salaries of state officers.

Land Office Business.

Commissioner of the State Land Office Shaffer, in his annual report says the whole number of acres of land held by the state at the beginning of the year was 483,195,129; number of acres forfeited during the year for non-payment of taxes, 1,348 1/2; acres restored to market heretofore licensed to homesteaders, 7,792.07; acres patented to the state by the United States, 880; total, 493,215,309. The number of acres sold during the year was 20,169.69; acres reserved, 720; acres licensed to homesteaders, 1,834.84; acres held by the state at the close of the year, 470,486,779. These lands so held are classified as follows: Primary school, 229,327,934; swamp, 120,511,283; Agricultural college, 118,204,585; salt springs, 480; state buildings, 40; asylums, 1,641.98; University, 80. Of the lands disposed of 40 acres of asset land sold for \$400; 7,898.82 acres of primary school land for \$31,638.58; 12,230.87 acres of swamp land for \$12,230.87, making a total sale of 20,169.69 acres for \$12,251.65. The number of acres forfeited to the state for the non-payment of interest was as follows: Agriculture college, 480; primary school, 278.78; swamp, 589.03; total, 1,348.11. Total receipts of the office for the year were \$91,842.60. The settlement of the swamp land grant has been delayed 30 years and there yet remains 1,000,000 acres unpatented.

Novel Suit Against the Government.

James Fitzgibbons, an Ironwood insurance agent, will bring a novel suit against the government. Last spring, when a large tract of public land was opened for entry in Michigan and Wisconsin, he filed a claim, and also made extensive preparations to improve the property. Sometime ago he was informed that a mistake had been made, the land for which he applied and which was given him, having been owned by another man for several years. Fitzgibbons will now sue the government for all expenses he sustained, besides asking heavy damages.

Charles H. Sutliff, who has been in the millinery and dry goods business in Lansing city for nearly 30 years, has sold out to George M. Dayton, also of Lansing, and will retire.

The grand lodge executive committee of the Independent Order of Good Templars will meet in Grand Rapids to complete arrangements for building a summer home at Hackley Park.

John Calwell, a farmer living in the northern part of Macomb county, has had poisoned during the past year 320 sheep and 30 head of cattle. The miscreant is still at large and unknown.

Orrin Ferguson and a young fellow named Gravelin quarreled seven miles north of Coleman, and the latter shot his companion in the breast and then put a bullet through his own bowels.

Mancelona had a big blaze. A two-story brick building caught fire and was totally destroyed, together with a number of offices and stores, all the contents being ruined. Total loss \$12,000.

Miss Becky Effley, of Constantine, poured a cupful of gasoline into a boiler of clothes upon the stove. The heat caused the gasoline to explode and Becky was seriously burned about the head and face.

A GREAT ENTERPRISE.

A Huge Wheel for Viewing the World's Fair Grounds to be built in Detroit.

One of Detroit's big manufacturing establishments has secured the contract for the biggest novelty to be seen at the World's Fair. The Detroit bridge and iron works will construct the Ferris wheel which is to be built by Chicago and Pittsburg capitalists. These capitalists have agreed to pay the World's Fair company \$400,000 for the privilege of operating the wheel. The Detroit bridge and iron works is to receive \$300,000 for building the wheel, which makes an investment of \$700,000 for the company.

The size of the wheel is tremendous. It is to be constructed of iron and is 250 feet diameter. It is to revolve on a shaft resting on two towers, each of which are to be over 125 feet high. The circumference of the wheel is to be a series of cages arranged for the accommodations of passengers. When the wheel revolves the passenger is gradually raised from the ground to a height of 250 feet in the air. This will afford a magnificent view of the exposition grounds and Chicago. The wheel will be turned by electricity. There will be seating capacity for 2,150 people.

THE WIFE WAS WRONGED.

Being Sued for a Divorce Under Cruel Charges She Becomes Insane.

The famous divorce case of Henry Van Voorhis vs. Florence Van Voorhis which attracted so much attention in Grand Rapids some months ago was disposed of in the supreme court at Lansing. Van Voorhis sued for a divorce, alleging cruelty, and finally amended his bill, setting up 17 distinct charges of adultery. During the progress of the trial Mrs. Van Voorhis lost her reason and was taken to the Kalamazoo asylum. Upon her recovery the trial proceeded and Van Voorhis was given a decree. In an opinion written by Chief Justice McGrath, the supreme court finds that the testimony of the hired witnesses, upon which the decree was granted, is worthless and not only sets aside the decree but grants Mrs. Van Voorhis' cross bill, giving her a divorce with cost of both courts and \$200 solicitor's fee. In addition to the record is remanded to the circuit court for the allowance of alimony.

AROUND THE STATE.

Private Albert L. Gage, Company B, Nineteenth infantry, Fort Brady, is discharged.

A large cheese factory will be built in the vicinity of Prospect lake early next spring.

An American bittern, a rare bird for Michigan, was shot at West Adrian a few days ago.

Thomas Welch, charged with forging a note for \$150 at Bay City, is under arrest at Saginaw.

The syndicate owning Isle Royale will keep 40 men at work there all winter exploring for ore.

It is said the Grand Trunk will spend \$4,000,000 in new rolling stock to carry passengers to the World's Fair.

During the World's Fair the Goodrich line will probably run three steamers between Grand Haven and Chicago.

The Michigan association of master house painters and decorators will hold its sixth annual convention in Bay City, January 17.

Chas. Clowes, of Mendon, possesses a large silver brooch which 60 years ago a Pottawatomie chief gave his father for a loaf of bread.

Walter Henry's 14-months-old son swallowed concentrated lye at Saginaw and will probably die. The child is suffering terrible agony.

The Misses Flora and Kate McDonald, two of Ogemaw county's most popular school teachers, are to embark in the mercantile business at Lewiston.

Gen. L. G. Rutherford, of Grand Rapids, is being mentioned for the position of United States district attorney for the western district of the state.

Sweet & Clark, general merchants at Flushing, have assigned to F. A. Nyles with liabilities of \$12,000. Detroit people are said to be interested in \$10,000 of it.

Postmaster P. W. Carpenter, of Ypsilanti, has a commission that does not run out until 1896, and he expects Cleveland will leave him undisturbed until that time.

Bay City and West Bay City report that the cold, clear weather recently has almost wiped out the diphtheria epidemic that has been raging there. During the past week very few cases have been reported, and they of a mild type.

Michigan horticulturists met for their twenty-second annual convention at Lansing. Mayor Doty welcomed them and President T. T. Lyon gave his address. A general discussion followed. Meetings were held three days.

A fatal accident occurred in Leroy township, Calhoun county, in which Alpheus C. Minor was shot by his brother Clarence. The charge entered the thigh and resulted in almost instant death. Minor was but recently married.

One of the most important recommendations made to Gov. Winans by the state board of corrections and charities is in regard to a new asylum for the feeble-minded. They show that all the present institutions are overcrowded, and that patients are held in county jails all over the state because of it, seriously interfering with their chances of recovery and improvement.

FIVE WERE KILLED.

THREE BARRELS OF DYNAMITE EXPLODE AT A TUNNEL.

Five Killed, Scores Injured and Thousands of Dollars Worth of Damage Done—A Dynamite Bomb Thrown in Street Car Burns Cause Great Loss at Milwaukee.

Five Killed Many Injured.

Three barrels of dynamite exploded at the mouth of the shaft of the East River tunnel at Long Island City. Five or more lives were lost, scores of persons were injured and thousands of dollars of damage done.

Just in the rear of a row of tenements, Nos. 21, 23, 25, 27 and 29 Jackson avenue, Long Island City, is the entrance to a tunnel that the New York City & Long Island Tunnel company is putting under the East River between Long Island City and the New York Central depot. They use a great deal of dynamite in blasting and the night before the dynamite froze. When the gang of men started to work in the morning they found it would be necessary to thaw the dynamite out, and taking three barrels of cartridges from the stock, placed them just back of the tenements to be thawed. They built a bonfire beside them and the fire and dynamite were left alone until the 20 men, comprising the gang, went down into the tunnel shaft. The fire burned nearer the dynamite than had been supposed it would and an hour later there was an explosion that scattered death and destruction around it. The shock was like an earthquake.

The men in the tunnel shaft were not hurt. The persons living in the tenements made up the killed and injured. The tenements from 21 to 29 were shattered, with the stores and offices below. The postoffice was in 27. The letter cases were knocked into strips and the clerks were hurled headlong into the debris.

The scene following the explosion was terrible. Men, women and children only partially clad rushed wildly from every possible exit in the greatest excitement, screaming loudly. The district where the explosion occurred is the most thickly inhabited section. For half a mile Jackson and Vernon avenues present a peculiar sight. Hardly an unbroken pane of glass can be found within that radius. Gray's refrigerator factory on Fourth street, opposite the scene of the explosion, was almost entirely wrecked. A number of people were at work in the building at the time, but how many of them were injured it is not at present known. Much other damage was done.

Dynamiters and Firebugs.

A bomb was thrown into the main building of the south side plant of the Milwaukee, Wis., street railway company. There was a tremendous explosion and in a moment the interior of the building was in a blaze. The deed was done at 2 o'clock in the morning. In a few minutes the fire was beyond control and in less than an hour the entire plant was consumed, entailing a loss of \$510,000.

The street railway company's south side plant is located on Kinnickinnic Ave. It included the immense storage stables for electric motors, the machine shops and stables. In the barn were 50 new electric motors and nearly all the summer cars owned by the company. The machine shops were built the past season and were fitted with very fine machinery for the rebuilding and repairing of cars. In the stables were 60 horses, but these were got out alive.

The cars stored in the building were valued at \$350,000, while the structure itself is worth at least \$50,000. The machinery is valued at fully \$75,000, while the stores of the company are kept in the building and were worth \$25,000. The insurance carried was on the building and amounts to \$40,000. The barns which were destroyed were the principal depot of the street railway company, and the fire greatly cripples the company.

Who the man is who threw the bomb is not known. He is supposed to be the firebug who has started fully a dozen other disastrous fires within a month, including the great fire at the Wisconsin Central yards and the more recent tannery fire.

A Columbus Fountain Unveiled.

The magnificent Columbus fountain, the gift of John B. Drake, of the Grand Pacific hotel, to the city of Chicago has been formally turned over to the municipal authorities. The exercises were held in the city council chamber, where Mayor Washburne made a graceful and eloquent address. Quite a crowd stood at the Washington street side of the city hall and saw the red, white and blue covering pulled away that veiled the fine heroic bronze figure of Columbus—the most conspicuous feature of the memorial. The speech for the donor was made by Thomas B. Bryan, vice-president of the World's Fair.

A plan to make a state of the upper peninsula and a section of Wisconsin is being discussed at Escanaba and in other cities in the mining region. The section is strongly Republican and a Democratic congress would undoubtedly oppose any such scheme.

The union ex-prisoners of war was in session at Lansing. They participated in a big campfire. Among the speakers were Mayor Bement, Chaplain J. S. Preston, of Lyons; J. L. Richards, of Perinton; Judge A. E. Cowles, of Lansing; Norm G. Cooper, of Sturgis; Miss Emma J. Metcalf, of Fowlerville; Mrs. Cordelia A. Preston, of Lyons, and others. Charles I. Foster post tendered the visitors a banquet at G. A. R. hall.

LOOKS DARK FOR FRANCE.

The Enemies of the Government Trying Kill the Republic.

That there are serious times ahead for the republic of France cannot be denied. The expose of the great Panama canal scandal has precipitated such a storm about the heads of the government leaders that they scarce know what steps to take. Over 100 members of the chamber of deputies are implicated in the bribery cases and the rottenness of the official world reaches almost to the president's chair. The scenes in the chamber of deputies are as stormy as that country, (which has seen so much internal strife) has ever been called upon to witness. Each day those in opposition to the republic bring out some new criticism upon the government and its adherents until it became a matter of doubt if the ministry could stand. After a very fiery day of oratorical pyrotechnics M. Millevoye, of the opposition, called for a vote of no confidence in the chamber of deputies and there was a very decided movement on the part of the government members to evade the vote, but it was finally taken and lost, thus sustaining M. Ribot and the cabinet. This will doubtless bring a great many uncertain people to the side of the government, but does not alter the fact that the opposition are also strengthening their forces in many ways.

The Bonapartists are stepping to the front to take advantage of the difficulties of the republic. The activity of the Royalists aroused the jealousy of the imperialist leaders and at a secret convocation they drafted a manifesto addressed to the people of France, urging to recall the house of Bonaparte to the throne. This manifesto awaits the approval of Prince Victor, the present recognized head of the ex-imperial family. Prince Victor is now in Brussels and the Bonapartist leaders in Paris have sent agents to that city to induce him to sign the manifesto and authorize its publication.

Should the Bonapartists act, it is expected that they will attempt to strike a blow in Paris, rather than in the provinces. They, like the Monarchists, are being gradually watched, and every movement is reported to M. Ribot and President Carnot. Not so much importance is attached by the authorities to Bonapartist as to Monarchist agitation. The ancient royal house has still a large following in the provinces, as shown during the recent visit of the countess of Paris to France, when hundreds thronged to kiss her hand and she was received at various places with all the loyalty and honor that could be shown to a queen. This following could easily be aroused into a formidable demonstration that would cost much trouble to suppress, and the royalist cause would receive the sympathy of hundreds of thousands of swindled Panama stockholders.

Michigan Salt in Kansas.

The Kansas state board of railroad commissioners has announced its decision in the Hutchinson salt case, holding that it was powerless to protect the salt companies against the competition of Michigan salt. The allegation that the railroads charged lower rates on Michigan salt to Kansas points than they charge on Kansas salt to the same points, the board says, is true, but as most of the roads which are complained of in the petition do not touch Hutchinson, they cannot be compelled to make a joint tariff on Kansas salt with the two or three roads which do. Further, the board says it does not want to be a party to barring Michigan salt from the Kansas market, which would be done if it should reduce the rate on Hutchinson salt below outside competition.

Scarlet Fever in the White House.

Little Martena Harrison, the President's five-year-old granddaughter, is ill at the White House. Her ailment, which was at first supposed to be scarletina, has developed into a genuine case of scarlet fever. It is of mild type, however, and will undoubtedly yield to treatment. The two McKee children are reported as being beyond danger of contagion. The White House is closed to the public and will probably remain so until it is again free from disease. Medical Sanitary Inspector Dr. C. J. Osmond tacked two signs on the doors. The signs are pink-colored pasteboard and on them is printed:

"To remove this placard without permission is unlawful."
"Scarlet fever within."

Big Fire—Two Men Killed.

An incendiary fire started in one of the wooden additions of the tannery of the Becker leather company on Commerce street, Milwaukee. The flames spread to the tannery of Conrad Bros. adjoining and that establishment was entirely destroyed. The main building of the Becker plant was saved.

A pipeman named Thomas Sullivan was killed by a falling wall and Geo. Rickmann of the fire patrol, was suffocated in the Conrad tannery. Julius Huebner, a fireman, had his back broken and other firemen were slightly hurt. The loss by the fire will foot up \$225,000, of which \$100,000 is on the Becker tannery and \$125,000 on that of Conrad Brothers. The property was well insured.

Dynamite in the Stove.

When the kitchen fire was lighted in Andrew Bickel's farm house near Valparaiso, Ind., there was a violent explosion. The house was virtually wrecked. Mrs. Bickel and her two children were severely injured. The explosion was caused by dynamite, which had been secreted in a stick of stove-wood.

Entire Family Asphyxiated.

A family named Rasmussen, living five miles west of Bradley, S. D., was asphyxiated by coal gas. The family consisted of husband, wife and infant child. The mother and child died and the father's chances of living are slim.

CHRONICLE OF NEWS

TALES TOLD BY THE TICKERS OF THE TELEGRAPH.

The Corner-stone of a \$10,000,000 Cathedral Laid in New York City—A Church for all People with Services in Seven Tongues.—Mgr. Satolli Causes Trouble.

The Corner-Stone is Laid.

The corner-stone of the Cathedral church of St. John the Divine was laid in New York City by Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, D. D., D. C. L., of the Episcopal diocese of New York. The site of the cathedral is on West One Hundred and Tenth street and commands a fine view of the Hudson river and many miles of city and country surrounding. It is in the center of a district rapidly filling up with residences. In addition, Columbia college and St. Luke's hospital have lately decided to remove to this neighborhood. The scope of the cathedral, as enunciated by Bishop Potter, was declared to be that of a church for the people—all people—and his aim has been kept constantly in view in the six years of work which culminated in the laying of the corner-stone, the first step in the work of actual construction.

The cathedral will include seven "chapels of tongues," in each of which will be a service at least every Sunday in seven languages. The sittings in the cathedral are to be forever free. The bishop of New York is to be president of its chapter. The land for its site was purchased for \$850,000 and has since doubled in value. The cost of the structure is estimated at from \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000. The entire structure will measure 520 feet in length and will have three square towers, the main tower being at the junction of the nave and transepts. The ceremonies were witnessed by an immense throng which filled and surrounded the temporary cruciform tent over the foundation. In the corner-stone was placed a large pewter box containing church books and publications and a brick from the first church built in America, the church erected by Columbus in 1493 on the Island of Hispaniola.

Satolli Causes a Split in the Vatican.

There are all sorts of contradictory reports in the air in regard to Mgr. Satolli's mission and the course which the pope will adopt. According to what may be called the Archbishop Ireland group his holiness will support the envoy unreservedly. The opponents of the archbishop's ideas, on the other hand, are discountenancing Mgr. Satolli's prompt recall. The vatican alone is silent.

INTERESTING ITEMS.

Yellow fever has appeared a Bahla, Brazil.

Jerry Simpson formally announces himself a candidate for senator from Kansas.

Domestic trouble caused Mrs. Clara Plummer, of Wilmington, O., to commit suicide.

The American Society of Church History held its fifty annual convention in Washington.

Rev. Joshua Thompson, an aged Washington, D. C., minister, has been missing for four weeks.

Ten members of a yachting party were drowned by the capsizing of a boat at Sydney, N. S. W.

Secretary Foster thinks he will leave \$125,000,000 in gold in the treasury when he retires in March.

The Guoin steamship line has decided to go out of business. The restriction of immigration is partly responsible.

United States Minister Scruggs has sailed from Venezuela for Florida, and it is understood here that he will not return.

Mexico will endeavor to turn the tide of immigration now flowing into the United States toward her own borders.

Gen. Miles says the construction of three armed vessels by Canada on the great lakes is paramount to a declaration of war.

Navajo Indians claim the land on which the new Utah gold field are situated and threaten trouble if the whites do not keep off.

Dr. Paul Gibber, of the Pasteur institute in New York, claims to have discovered a new anti-rabic injection that will cure epilepsy.

The project to establish a submarine cable between Carthagena, Colón and other Colombian ports is under discussion in the Colombian senate.

It is rumored that 4,000,000 florins were embezzled from Hungary's department of education and public instruction during the Trefort ministry.

Dr. McGlynn will probably be under the jurisdiction of Cardinal Gibbons, of the Baltimore diocese, or Archbishop Ireland, of the St. Paul diocese.

Mrs. Langtry is suffering from perityphlitis. Although her case will be a painful one, and perhaps a long one, the physician says it is far from alarming.

Dr. Cyrus R. Teed, the head of Koresban society, at Chicago, star fair show. It is said, to succeed Henriet, late chief of the Econ in Philadelphia.

The Negro editors of Georgia have organized a state press association at Augusta and have issued an address demanding that the word "negro" be given preference over "colored" and that it be spelled with a capital "N."

The Sandycroft Mystery.

BY T. W. SPEIGHT.

CHAPTER XIII.—CONTINUED.

"Great God! Enna, you don't mean to imply— Then his voice failed him, and he sat staring at his sister, his eyes dilated with horror. It was quite evident to both the women that not till that moment had any possible connection between himself and the murder suggested itself to his mind.

"I mean simply nothing," answered Enna. "I only want you to look at the face. You go back to the Croft unknown to anyone (so far as you are aware), save Lord Senlac. The letter you want to recover is in the smoking room, the readiest way to which—especially if you wish not to be seen by any of the household—is through the conservatory. At that time Captain Darvill was alone in the room. You and he must have met. What passed between you is best known to yourself. Half an hour later you are back at the station with a wound on your forehead, which you account for on the score of an accident."

Ivor sprang to his feet; but Enna held up her hand, and he read something in her face which induced him to sit down again without speaking.

"Is it not possible—mind, in this I am simply asking a question—is it not possible, I say, that by some means to us unknown Roden Bosworth may have become aware of your visit to the smoking room, so that, when Captain Darvill's body was found he may have drawn the inference that his death was the result of some quarrel between you and him, and rather than allow the crime to fix itself on you, may he not have taken it and all its consequences on his own shoulders? Of such an action, Quixotic as it may seem to some people, I believe Roden Bosworth to be fully capable."

Ivor sat and stared at her in speechless amazement. For a moment his brain was dazzled and could comprehend nothing clearly in the intensely vivid light which his sister's words had thrown on the mystery of Darvill's death.

Enna turned to Mrs. Bosworth. "You are his mother," she said; "he may have told you that which he has kept from every one else. Here, in my brother's presence, I ask you was it for his sake that your son took on himself the crime of which the world adjudges him to be guilty?"

"It was for the sake of Mr. Ivor Penleath that my son did what he did."

"Ah!" exclaimed Enna softly, with an in-drawing of her breath, while her face lighted up with a sudden burst of sunlight. "Then I was not mistaken in him!"

"And do you mean to say that Roden Bosworth did this thing for my sake?" demanded Ivor, his face a study of combined amazement and perplexity.

"And for my sake, perhaps, a little," whispered Enna to herself.

"For your sake, Mr. Ivor," came in grave assent from the mother.

"It's the most utterly astonishing thing I ever heard of." He rose, crossed to the window, stood there for a few moments, and then went back to his chair.

"But," he went on, "I am still at a loss to understand what it was that induced Bosworth to believe that it was at my hand Darvill had come to his death, and that, by drawing suspicion on himself, he would be the means of diverting it from me."

Enna turned inquiring eyes upon Mrs. Bosworth.

"I will tell you all I know of the affair exactly as my son told me," responded the latter. "But first of all I must remark that the particulars I am about to relate only became known to me about a week before I left England. Previously to that time all I knew was that Roden had allowed himself, for reasons of his own, to be charged with a crime of which he was wholly guiltless; and with that knowledge I was obliged to rest satisfied."

"I am not worthy of it, Mrs. Bosworth," cried Ivor, passionately, the moment she had come to the end of her narrative. "No, by heaven, I am not worthy of such a sacrifice on the part of any one!" Never in his life had he been so moved.

As for Miss Penleath, she flung her arms around the elder woman's neck and kissed her again and again, winding up by bursting into a passion of tears. It was a strange proceeding on the part of the young lady who, as a rule, was a contemner of tears and averse from sentimental displays of any kind.

To all appearance Mrs. Bosworth was the most unmoved of the three.

For a little while no one spoke; then Ivor cleared his voice and said: "Evidently, it now devolves on me to relate what passed between myself and Darvill on the night of his death. As I remarked before, after reaching the station I discovered that I had left behind me a private letter of much importance, together with a miniature in a case." Here his swarthy cheek flushed for a moment. "Not caring to be seen after I had bidden everybody good-by, which would have involved an explanation

that would have been distasteful to me, I left my fly to wait for me in Buttercup Lane, scrambled through the hedge, crossed the lower meadow, leaped the ha-ha, and made my way to the conservatory, judging that I should find the door not yet fastened for the night and so be able to reach the smoking-room without being seen. I had judged rightly; the door opened to my hand. The portiere which draped the archway had not been fully drawn, thus enabling me to see that the room beyond was lighted up as if already occupied or presently to be so. I knew that my uncle had been called away to see a sick tenant, but it seemed not unlikely that Darvill, Bosworth, or both of them, might have gone there for the solace of a weed. Advancing quickly, I drew the portiere a little further aside, and then halted for a moment before going forward. What I saw was Darvill in the act of reading the letter I had come in search of, while on the table close by lay the miniature, face downward. Almost before I had time to take in the scene, he turned the page he had been reading and began on the other side. There was a sneer on his face that maddened me even more than the fact of his reading the letter. The next instant he looked up and our eyes met. My blood was fired to the point of frenzy. I sprang forward, and, while with one hand I snatched the letter from him, with the open palm of the other I smote him on the face, applying to him at the same time one or two epithets which he richly deserved. The next instant he made a rush at me and felled me to the ground with a blow just above the left eye. A moment later I was on my feet and had closed with him. In the struggle that ensued the lamp was over-turned. Darvill was a much bigger and stronger man than I, but I know all the tricks of the Westmoreland wrestlers, and in less than a dozen seconds he was floundering on his back. All I wanted was to get away. Without waiting for Darvill to rise, I snatched up the miniature—the letter I had already made a hurried exit by the way I had come, reined my fly, and got back to the station in time to catch the 11 o'clock train for Liverpool. The wound over my eye was caused by Darvill's ring. Finally, I may mention that I have a distinct recollection of seeing the Indian dagger with which you stated just now, Darvill is supposed to have been murdered. It was lying on the centre table as if it had been taken down to look at as any other curio might have been, and had not been replaced."

Ivor ceased, and the three sat mute for a little while, each thinking over what the others had said, fitting the links of the different narratives one into the other, and striving to deduct therefrom a coherent whole. Mrs. Bosworth was the first to speak.

"And now what is to become of my poor boy?" she asked. "We all know now under what a mistaken impression he acted, but the question that remains is, by what means is that mistake to be remedied?"

"Which question," said Ivor, "naturally resolves itself into another. Who was the real murderer of Vivian Darvill?"

"We must at once return to England," said Enna. "Roden must be seen and everything told both to him and to Uncle Godfrey. After that"—She paused and looked at Ivor.

"After that," he said, "we must set the cleverest detective brains in England to work on the mystery. No expense, no effort must be spared. On the face of it, as the case now stands, it would seem as if revenge must have been the motive which instigated the crime. Darvill must have had a secret enemy, and our first object must be to have that enemy traced."

"You will go back with us to England, Ivor?" said his sister, entreatingly.

He started at her question, and sat awhile staring at her, but with no conscious recognition in his eyes of a sort of frowning hesitancy expressing itself on his face. His sister's question had turned his thoughts with a wrench into an altogether different channel. After sitting thus a little while, he said abruptly: "Yea, I will go back with you, and the sooner we get away the better I shall be pleased."

CHAPTER XIV.

The City of It.

Ten days later a cab drove up to the door of No.—Bloomfield street, W. C., from which three people alighted. They were Miss Penleath, her brother, and Mrs. Bosworth. In answer to their inquiries, they were told that the Rev. Mr. Gabor was not at home, but that he might return at any moment; accordingly, at their request, the visitors were shown upstairs into the reverend gentleman's sitting-room.

When Roden Bosworth, greatly wondering, opened the door of his sitting-room and halted for a moment on the threshold, Ivor Penleath, to whom no mention had been made of his disguise, sprang to his feet and stared at him with something of perplexity and more of amazement. Of the scene that followed it is not needful that we should speak in detail, pleasant though it might be to do so. Roden's astonishment, when told that Penleath was no more responsible

for Darvill's death than he himself was, was something not readily to be forgotten. He had sacrificed himself to save some unknown murderer. It was a thought which seemed to sear his brain as with a red hot iron, but only for a little while. In the eyes of Enna that afternoon he read, full and clear, what heretofore had only been as it were, a half-deciphered hieroglyphic. Now love stood unveiled before him and was not abashed.

The great problem of all still remained unsolved, and after so long a time and without a single scrap of evidence to form the basis of a clue there seemed small hope indeed that the real murderer of Vivian Darvill would ever be dragged into the light of day. And should that prove to be the case, what likelihood was there of Roden Bosworth being able to clear his name from the foul stigma which must otherwise cling to it as long as he lived? Till the last day of his life he would remain a hunted felon, living under a false name, lost to his home, his friends, and all that makes life sweet to an innocent man.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

BRIDLINGTON'S WELL.

It Ebbs and Flows as Regularly as Does the Tide.

Among Johnny Bull's oddities none are more peculiar than the well at Bridlington, which ebbs and flows as regularly as does the tide. It is situated on the very edge of the harbor, within high-water mark. The bottom of the harbor is formed of a bed of clay, through which the well-diggers bored to the gravel bed below. When this task had been accomplished a tinued copper pipe was put into the cavity, the sides of the opening being thus properly secured. Since the day it was finished the well has regularly given a free and wonderful exhibition. When the tide rises to within about fifty inches of its mouth, the water from the well, which, by the way, is perfectly fresh, begins to overflow, the quantity of the flow increasing as the tide rises, and continuing until the water recedes to a distance of as much or more than the fifty inches. During storms, or whenever the sea shows any unusual agitation, the water flows from the well in jets or miniature waves seeming to imitate in a feeble way the lashing of the whitecaps. Several explanations have been attempted, but only one, that of Mr. Milne, has been considered as tenable by the scientific societies. He accounts for the flow in this wise: The whole bay, he believes, has a clay bottom. The water between the clay and the rocks can flow out nowhere except at the shelving termination of the clay bed, which, of course, is under the sea. As the tide rises in the harbor the obstruction to this mode of escape of the water will increase. Hence less will make its way below the clay, the residue being forced back by the waves and out of the mouth of the well.

The Mystery Solved.

Not half a lifetime ago a wealthy New Yorker, who died recently, missed from his picture gallery two small but very valuable canvases. He suspected everybody in the house. It was said at the time that he accused one of his sons, who was a little wild, of having stolen the pictures in order to raise on them money which his father had refused him for his extravagance. However, the facts remained a mystery for some years. Then an expressman delivered a package at the banker's door. In it were the missing pictures, intact, as they had been taken from their frames. There was no mark or sign upon them or the package to denote the source from whence their restoration proceeded. The owner was as curious now as he had been furious before. He set a detective on the matter. The pictures were traced backward, through the express office to the widow of one of the owner's most intimate and trusted friends. This man, himself a millionaire, crazed by cupidity, for he was a collector of pictures himself, had stolen them one night after he had dined with their owner.

Finland's Folk-Lore Society.

The literary society of Finland is by far the most active as it is the oldest society of folk-lore in the world. It was established in 1831 in order to gather oral material as well as manuscripts relating to the archaeology and linguistics of the race. The various pieces of folk-lore now in manuscript in the library amounts to more than 110,000 numbers.

An Unexpected Reply.

"My brethren," said the minister toward the close of his sermon, "a great question confronts us! We have to decide whether we shall go on in the same old way, or change now and lead a different life. Now, I ask you—how is it?"

And the sleepy umpire in the back pew woke up and yelled, "Safe."—Boston News.

Accumulating Interest.

A deposit of \$20 made in the Newburyport Institution for savings in 1822 now calls for interest amounting to \$88. No one has ever claimed the original deposit and no addition has ever been made to it.

Consider it "a household necessity." Mr. A. J. Whiting, Newton, Kansas, accentuates his opinion thus: "I have used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in my family for the last eight years and consider it a household necessity."

Locusts are still eaten in Africa and Arabia.

Rheumatism knocked higher than a kite. Mr. J. N. Bucher, Mineral Point, Ohio, deposes and says: "I have used Salvation for rheumatism, and in one or two applications knocked it higher than a kite."

John the Baptist ate locusts and wild honey.

Use Brown's Bronchial Troches for Coughs, Colds and all other Throat Troubles. "Pre-eminently the best."—REV. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

Napoleon's favorite dainty was blood pudding.

We eat too much and take too little outdoor exercise. This is the fault of our modern civilization. It is claimed that Garfield Tea, a simple herb remedy, helps Nature to overcome these abuses.

He is good that does good to others.—La Bruyere.



Bile Beans Small.

Guaranteed to cure Bilious Attacks, Sick-Headache and Constipation. 40 in each bottle. Price 25c. For sale by druggists.

Picture "7, 17, 20" and sample dose free. J. F. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, NEW YORK.

It Cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1.00.

TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVER. A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at Druggists or by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

The ingratitude of the world can never deprive us of the conscious happiness of having acted with humanity.—Goldsmith.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

KIDDER'S PASTILLES. A sure relief for Asthma. 25c. by mail. Dr. W. H. Kidder, Co., Charleston, S. C.

FAT FOLKS REDUCED. 10 to 25 lbs. per month by harmless herbal remedies. No starving, no inconvenience, and no bad effects. Strictly confidential. Send for free circulars and testimonials. Address Dr. W. F. Gardner, Mov. care, Thos. Side, Chicago, Ill.

ORANGE - BLOSSOM. Cures All Female Diseases. Sample and Book Free. Send 2c stamp to Dr. J. A. McGill & Co., 3 & 5 Passaic Pl., Chicago.

GROUP REMEDY! The only medicine known that will cure Membranous Croup, in a private practice of twenty years it has never failed to cure any kind of Croup. Price per bottle by mail, 10 cents. Dr. Belden's Proprietary Co., Jamaica, N. Y.

IT SAVED HIS BABY. God bless the children. Anything that alleviates their sufferings and that restores them health when they are afflicted, is deserving of great praise. When we consider that half the population of the world die before they reach the age of five years, we can see what a boon any remedy is that banishes the chief danger of childhood, for 80 per cent of deaths in these infants come from croup. Mothers will read the following short epistle with interest.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 30, 1892. My baby, 19 months old, is very much subject to croup. Recently we have been induced to use Reid's German Cough & Kidney Cure and we no longer dread these attacks. Two doses give relief. I give it freely and do not fear an overdose. J. W. MARSH, Manager Depot, Kansas City, Mo., 202 East Fifth Street.

W. N. U., D.—10—53.

When writing to Advertisers please say you saw the advertisement in this Paper.

The second railway in the Holy Land was begun lately. It is to run from Haifa, on the coast of the Mediterranean near Mount Carmel, over the plain of Esdracelon, crossing the Jordan below the lake of Tiberias, and thence to Damascus. It will eventually be connected with the line already in operation from Joppa to Jerusalem by a road down the Jordan valley. The day will soon come when it will be as easy to visit the historic spots in that sacred land as it is to visit any country in Europe.

It is only a few days since we learned that Great Britain was about to introduce a new system of postage, according to which the rate between the mother country and the colonies, one and all without distinction, would be one penny. The step was at once wise and politic, and should not be without its influence in the United States. Already we learn that Mr. Caldwell of Ohio has espoused the recommendation of Postmaster General Wanamaker, and that he will offer an amendment to the Post Office Appropriation bill, reducing the rate of letter postage to one cent for every half ounce. When this change can be made without too great a deficiency the people will welcome it.

Whatever may be said of the wisdom of Lieutenant Peary in determining upon another Arctic voyage of exploration, his indomitable pluck commands the admiration of the public. Nor can the charge of foolhardiness justly be made against him. He has demonstrated his ability to cope successfully with the terrors of the polar regions, and his past experience places him in a position to judge more intelligently of his prospects for another successful voyage than any of his critics possibly can. His enterprise takes an added interest from the fact that it is not to be undertaken for the gratification of a mere thirst for adventure, but has for its object the acquisition of valuable scientific and geographical knowledge.—Press.

Another year has passed and gone, and today we stand upon the threshold of a new year, wondering what it will bring to us, whether joy or sorrow, yet always hoping for the best. As we enter the new year, let us look over the past twelve months of joy and sadness, successes and failures, and see if we cannot profit by the lessons we may learn. If we have made a failure, in any undertaking, let us shun a repetition of the same; if we have made a success, let us try to find out what made the success. A year ago, we may have made many good resolutions. Let us ask ourselves candidly how well we have kept those resolutions. If we find that we have not been true to our promises, let our first resolution be to keep all the promises that we make. Let us each resolve to try to make the world better this year than it has been in the past. Again let us urge you to make no promises that you cannot keep. To make a resolution today and break it tomorrow, shows only weakness of character. In all of our acts, let us be firm, true and honest, then the world will be better for us having lived in it.

Spinners and Matrons.
There has been in England an interesting discussion as to the moral superiority of spinners over matrons from which it is shown that women who have achieved real greatness in history and shown greatest valor have been as a rule unmarried, the most illustrious examples given being Queen Elizabeth, Charlotte Corday, Joan of Arc, Florence Nightingale and Sister Rose Gertrude.

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Boy (wofully)—I ain't; he's been a playin' wid me.—Puck.

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DETROIT, NOV. 20, 1892.
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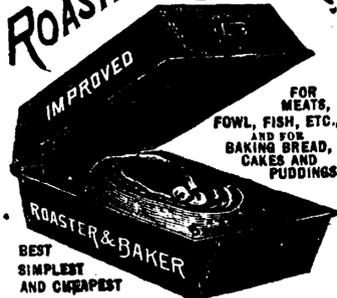
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WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Jan. 5, 1893.

A first-class political sensation in the midst of the quiet enjoyments of the holidays is something that Washington seldom gets, but it had it this week; and notwithstanding the absence of many of those whose presence would have added to its intensity it was, and is yet, quite exciting enough for those who take pleasure in political flurries, and most men do. Although it was generally known that Mr. Cleveland was opposed to the election of Murphy, the Hill-Tammany candidate for United States Senator from New York, it was supposed that his election was a sure thing, and that Mr. Cleveland would consider it good policy to keep his hands off. The explosion of a dynamite bomb on a crowded thoroughfare would not, therefore, have created more excitement among the passersby than Mr. Cleveland's newspaper interview did among the politicians when it was received here.

The flat-footed stand Mr. Cleveland takes in that interview against the election of Murphy to the Senate is regarded here as a direct challenge to Senator Hill and Tammany for a fight to the death. Opinion differs as to whether it will elect or defeat Murphy. Some say that the democratic members of the New York legislature will accept it as a notice that a vote for Murphy will shut them out from the federal flesh-pots and that enough of them will desert Murphy to bring about his defeat; others, that it will be an attempt on the part of Mr. Cleveland to interfere with state politics, and will cause Murphy to be elected to a certainty. They last clinch their arguments by citing the disastrous result of President Arthur's attempt to make Folger governor of New York. Whatever its result may be, its promulgation at this time shows that Mr. Cleveland is not afraid of Senator Hill and Tammany.

Representative Holman, who is known to Congressional fame as "the great objector," and as "the watch-dog of the Treasury," is a firm believer in the ultimate commercial union of the entire American continent. What he means by commercial union is that the trade between every nation in America should be as free as that which now exists between the states of our Union, and that a uniform tariff upon articles from other parts of the world should be adopted by all of the American nations. He predicts that the idea will be carried out within the next thirty years in its entirety and that one tariff will be in effect from Alaska to Cape Horn. Mr. Holman says he can see no good reason why Canada and Mexico should not now have such a commercial union with the United States. Mr. Holman's opinions are always entitled to respect, and they usually get it, but in this case the open endorsers are few; likewise the open opponents. In fact the question is regarded as one that may become of great political importance in the near future, and the average politician is not anxious to express an opinion until he has ascertained the trend of popular sentiment.

The House Ways and Means committee favors the repeal of the sugar bounty law, and it is probable that the committee will make a favorable report on Representative Scott's bill providing for its repeal. Representative Scott

claims that a canvass he has made of the House and Senate shows that the bill will pass, but others say that it will be impossible to get the bill through the Senate, unless it be amended so as to put a tax on foreign sugar. There is an impression, however, that if the bill gets to the Senate a number of republican senators who supported the bounty clause of the McKinley tariff bill under compulsion will gladly vote for its repeal as a matter of principle. The two Louisiana Senators and Senator Peffer are expected to vote against repeal, unless their sugar-raising constituents are protected by a tax on foreign sugar, but no case is recalled of Congress having restored the tax on an article after having once taken it off, and precedent always plays an influential part in Congressional legislation.

A majority of the Senate committee on Interstate commerce are said to favor the amendment to the interstate commerce law which was recently asked for by representatives of a number of railroad companies, permitting pooling of freights but before such an amendment gets through Congress there will be some very plain talk from those opposed to railroad pooling.

Senator Perkins is in earnest about pushing his idea of making a state out of Indian Territory. He insists that it is the only equitable and business-like solution of the Indian problem, and says he believes there is a good chance for it to get through during this session.

A gentleman who seldom makes idle predictions remarked in my hearing this morning that if Jerry Simpson did not get elected to the Senate he would not be surprised to see him made Secretary of Agriculture. When I attempted to ascertain his reason for saying so he shut up like a clam, and said he was not talking for publication.

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Ginckney Dispatch.

FRANK L. ANDREWS, PUBL.

GINCKNEY, MICHIGAN

Geology predicts that in 1813 the earth will be coated, and it might be said, vested with ice. The cheerful view of this is that then the cholera microbe will cease from troubling, and the yellow fever germ be at rest.

No adequate penalty seems to be on the statute books for the case of the Grass Valley man who sheared the locks from a young lady's scalp, and disappeared. However, if he were to be caught and strangled with the stolen strahds, probably no complaint would be offered on behalf of justice.

LONDON went daft over Paderewski, and one woman in the abounding exuberance of her idiosyncrasy threw herself at his feet at the close of his farewell show. But the musician did not forget that he was a gentleman. With self-sacrifice little short of heroic he refrained from stepping on the creature.

The feat of an 11-year-old boy in Washington, who has just shot his aged and innocent grandfather for a burglar, is particularly melancholy. It recalls the circumstance that somebody is always shooting an esteemed relative in this fashion, and suggests wonder that nobody ever puts a genuine crackman.

An ingenious youngster, very much the product of the century, has been airing in public his doubts that this is really the year 1892. His theory is that in the dark ages nobody paid particular attention to chronology, and that years, and even centuries, may have been allowed to pass as mere unconsidered trifles.

The Canadians have their thinking caps on. They are awake to the fact that Canada has everything to gain and nothing to lose by political union with the United States. The advantages to Canada in such a change are tenfold greater than to the states. It has dined upon our neighbors over the line that this land of Uncle Sam will make no effort to annex Canada. It is a matter of small consequence to his people. Canada must do the proposing.

A WYOMING sheriff, being called upon to arrest a fellow who had publicly insulted two women, wished to save the county the cost and delay of a trial. He took the offender to his office, told him to strip for a fight, and then thumped him into penitence of heart as well as a condition of body fitting him for hospital treatment. This method of dealing out even-handed and two handed justice is perhaps crude, but it is cheap and charmingly devoid of technicality.

A GENTLEMAN whose superiority of stomach brings into sharp and painful prominence the lack of superiority characterizing his organs of thought, has undertaken to fast for fifty days. At the start he weighed 130 pounds, and he has been losing flesh at the rate of two and one-half pounds per day. Even an amateur arithmetician can figure out that at the end of less than fifty days a light and airy corpse will have been dedicated to the cause of science. But to what extent science will profit is not a problem that any amateur can grapple with confidence.

A PROPOS of the crinoline nightmare suggested by the statements of the tyrants of fashion, Worth and Redfern. It is well to recognize the fact that the period in which they were last worn was the most inartistic in matter of dress, in the history of human folly. A few weeks ago when Beaneau and Gallet had completed their opera founded on Zola's "L'Attaque au Moulin," they found that the society costumes of 1871 were so hideous that they could not be put upon the stage. Rather than offend the eye by such an inartistic setting they put the whole plot back to the war of 1813!

The matter of American policy in respect of the reception of immigrants is now under discussion in a spirit different from any in which it has heretofore been approached. The present prominence of the subject grows out of the conditions developed during the cholera scare of last summer. We appeared to be in imminent danger then of importing a scourge with the steerage passengers of emigrant vessels, and safety appeared to be in temporary prevention of immigration, which was feared by arbitrary measures. That fear has not subsided. Cholera still lurks in the districts from which immigrants now chiefly come. Hence many favor an absolute restriction upon immigration for a year to come as a necessary sanitary precaution, especially necessary on account of the financial disaster which would overtake the world's fair if pestilence should obtain foothold in the land.

The Sandycroft Mystery.

BY T. W. SPEIGHT.

CHAPTER XII—CONTINUED.

It was at breakfast on the third morning after the party at Urswick that Enna announced her determination to her uncle. He stared at her in wide-eyed astonishment.

"I am most uneasy about Ivor," she went on to say, "especially after what Lord Senlac told us the other night. He may be ill, he may have met with another accident, half a score of things may have happened to him. And then Lord Senlac hinted at some entanglement, and that if possible Ivor ought to be induced to leave New York without delay. Indeed, what with one thing and another, I am most unhappy about him."

"But, even if there were no other obstacle, it is quite out of the question that you should cross the Atlantic yourself," objected her uncle.

"I have thought of that. I will ask Mrs. Bosworth to accompany me."

"You could have a better person, if you have really made up your mind to go."

"I have made up my mind, uncle. In that case I will offer no further opposition, knowing of old how useless it would be." He said this with a smile and a little shrug of resignation, and then held out his cup for more tea.

Mrs. Bosworth responded to Enna's invitation as a matter of course. Had she been asked to accompany Miss Penleath on an exploring expedition into the heart of Africa she would not have hesitated for a moment. She reached Sandycroft within twenty-four hours after the receipt of Enna's note. She was a quiet self-possessed woman, with gray hair, very fine eyes and a voice that was full of charm. Under her suave and even-toned manner were hidden great force of will and inflexibility of character. In the way of mental and moral training Enna Penleath owed more to Mrs. Bosworth than she was aware of.

Of the voyage from London to New York there is no need to record anything. Although brimful of novelty to our two ladies, it was of the usual stereotyped kind that warrants no description. On their arrival they drove direct from the custom house to the address given to Enna by Lord Senlac—a small suite of rooms in an uptown flat, furnished for bachelors only. Fortunately, Ivor happened to be at home, and it would be hard for a man to look more astonished than he looked when his sister and Mrs. Bosworth were ushered into his tiny sitting-room. He seemed, however, unfeignedly glad to see them.

"And so Senlac's account of me frightened you, did it, Enna, and you thought you would come and see for yourself how I was getting on? Good little sister!"

"That coupled with your unaccountable silence made both Uncle Godfrey and me very uneasy. We knew you were here alone and that was all we did know. Twenty things might have happened to you without our being a bit wiser."

"What should happen to me? Having been the victim of one accident, the chances were a thousand to one against my falling victim to another. Of course it was very nice and kind of you and Uncle Godfrey to feel so concerned about me, but just a little bit superfluous, don't you think, especially after Senlac had told you that I was as well and hearty as ever?" He spoke without the slightest trace of annoyance, but rather as though he were bantering his sister.

Enna stared at him. Sometimes it was difficult to tell when Ivor was serious and when he was merely bantering. In which mood was he now? Did he seriously mean what he said, or was he merely trying to provoke her to petulance, as he had been so fond of doing when they were younger? But it could not be that he was really as ignorant as he tried to make out.

"One would have thought," she said coldly, "that the fact of Captain Darvill's death under such certain circumstances, on the very night you left Sandycroft, would have been enough to induce you to write if only to obtain fuller particulars than the newspapers could furnish you with."

Ivor's olive complexion had faded to a death-like pallor by the time his sister had done speaking.

"Darvill dead and on the night I left Sandycroft?" he exclaimed. "Believe me, this is the first I have heard of it! But you spoke of some terrible circumstances in connection with it. What are they?" His earnestness was real enough now, whether he were speaking the truth or not in saying that this was the first he had heard of the affair.

"Captain Darvill was found dead—stabbed to the heart—in the smoking room at Sandycroft, about 11 o'clock on the night of the 18th of April."

"My God!" ejaculated Ivor, with blanched lips. Then, after a moment's pause, "Did you say stabbed to the heart?"

Enna inclined her head. "He had been murdered, and the weapon with which the crime had been perpetrated is supposed to have been an Indian dagger belonging to Uncle Godfrey, which was suspended, among other arms, over the mantelpiece."

"I remember the dagger well," said Ivor. Then he heaved a deep sigh—it might almost be called a sigh of relief—and the color began to come back to his cheeks. It may be that his sister's first words had filled him with sudden dread lest Darvill's death might, in some way, have resulted from their struggle together. "As I said before," he went on, "singular though such an assertion may be, this is the first I have heard of it. I met with my accident a few hours after landing. I was laid up in the hospital for several weeks, and by the time I was out again, and cared to know what was going on in the world, I suppose the affair was over and done with, and had dropped out of the newspapers. In any case I never saw a single paragraph bearing upon it. But who was the murderer, and what could be his motive for such a crime?"

"The coroner's jury brought in a verdict of wilful murder against Roden Bosworth."

"O—h!" It was a long-drawn ejaculation of utter incredulity. "To me this is more wonderful, more utterly strange than what you have told me of Darvill's death. Of all men in the world, Roden! But surely he was in a position to at once disprove so foul an allegation?"

"Whether or not he was in a position to disprove it, he has not chosen to come forward and do so. He rests under the ban of it still."

How, still? Was he not arrested after the finding of the verdict?"

"He disappeared on the night of the murder, and the police have not yet succeeded in finding him."

"Enna you are heaping one incredible upon another."

"I am but stating simple facts. It cannot be denied that, on the face of it, the evidence tending to implicate Roden is of the gravest possible kind. Perhaps you would like to make yourself acquainted with it?"

"I certainly should. The evidence would need to be very strong indeed which could make me believe for one moment in dear old Roden's guilt."

Enna's eyes flashed a tremulous look at her brother, which, however, he was at a loss to understand. In Mrs. Bosworth's reticule was an ordinary school copy-book in which she had gummed the Sunday newspaper accounts of "The Sandycroft Tragedy." This she had shown to Enna on the voyage, and at her request she now produced it and handed it to Ivor Penleath.

So far, Enna had put a powerful restraint upon her feelings and sternly excluded all sentimental considerations. She knew that she had taken on herself a grave responsibility; how much of happiness or of life long misery to more than one person concerned might not result from that day's interview with her brother. But Ivor's profession of ignorance astounded her, although he himself was unconscious of their effect upon her.

"Could it be possible that, after all, she was on an altogether wrong track, and that Ivor was really as ignorant as he professed himself to be? But if so, who, then, was the man for whom Roden was sacrificing himself? It needed all her command over herself to keep her brain clear and steady. There are still two points remaining for Ivor to clear up, as to which she awaited his explanation with anxiety. For what purpose did he go back so stealthily to the Croft after having openly taken his departure an hour and a half earlier? And was the wound over the left eye acquired between the time of his leaving Lord Senlac at the station and his return really due to an accident, as he had stated? To be assured that her brother was innocent would lift a weight off her heart which had sunk it deep into the chill waters of despair ever since her talk with Lord Senlac, while on the other hand the mystery of Roden Bosworth's conduct would become a more inexplicable than it was before.

CHAPTER XIII.

Ivor Penleath's Statement.

In less than ten minutes Ivor had mastered the various details embodied in the newspaper slips handed him by Mrs. Bosworth. As he gave them back he said: "This must have been a terrible trial for you to go through, Mrs. Bosworth."

"Had I not been upheld by the certainty of my boy's innocence, I should have broken down long ago," she answered in the quiet tones habitual to her.

"The evidence notwithstanding, I, too, believe in his innocence as firmly as you do."

"Thank you, Mr. Ivor. I felt sure you would say as much."

"The testimony furnished by the bloodstained coat and the dagger, both of them found in Roden's room," resumed Ivor, "coupled with his disappearance and the lack of any contradictory evidence, certainly makes the case seem very black against him. But I suppose the fact was that the dear old boy, finding himself entangled in a web of circumstantial evidence, which he saw no way of refuting, faked it—by which I mean that at the first he let me go by, thinking that something would turn up in his favor, but when nothing did turn up his nerve failed him, and he lacked sufficient pluck to come forward and challenge the verdict. At least that

is the theory that works itself out in my mind."

"Do you not think it possible," said Enna, speaking with a calmness which was more apparent than real, "that Roden may have taken the guilt of Captain Darvill's death on himself, and have purposely kept in the background in order to screen and save some other person?"

Ivor Penleath lifted his eyebrows. "My dear Enna, that is indeed, a woman's notion," he answered. "Such a proposition would never commend itself to our sex. We men of the nineteenth century are not in the habit of sacrificing ourselves to save some other fellow. A man might do such a thing for a woman's sake, or, and that would be more feasible still, a woman for a man's sake—but one man for another? No, thank you, dear. As we say in the classics, 'It ain't good enough.'"

A flame half of indignation and half of triumph leapt into Enna's eyes; a lovely color flushed the lilies of her cheeks. "Ivor Penleath, you judge others by yourself. Because you know yourself to be incapable of such a sacrifice, you think that all men must needs be the same. What will you say when I tell you, and I can vouch for it as a fact, that it was to screen and save another that Roden Bosworth took upon himself the guilt of Vivian Darvill's murder?"

"You astound me, Enna—you simply astound me. That Bosworth has a lot of high-flown notions I always knew, but that he should do a thing like this—that any man should do it—seems awful hard to believe. But who is this man, may I ask for whose sake he has been induced to make such a tremendous sacrifice?"

"That is a question I am unable to answer. It is Roden's secret. But tell me this, Ivor. What took you back to the Croft on the night of April 18, after you had bidden us all good-by, and a nod Lord Senlac at the railroad station?"

Ivor started and bit his lip. "How do you happen to know that I went back to the Croft?" he asked.

"Lord Senlac mentioned the fact in the course of our conversation."

"The matter was a very simple one, and, as it concerned no one but myself, I did not deem it necessary to speak of it. The fact is that by a stupid oversight I had left a letter of a very private nature on the writing table in the smoking-room. I did not miss it till after I reached the station, and as it was imperatively necessary that I should recover it, I engaged a fly, was driven back to the Croft, found the letter where I know that I had left it, and was back at the station in time to catch the train next after the one Senlac and I ought to have traveled by."

"When you got back to the station," said Enna, "you had an ugly wound over your left eye, which was not there an hour previously. I can see the cicatrice of it now."

Penleath made a gesture of annoyance. "I must compliment you on the extent of your information," he said ironically. "It's a pity Senlac couldn't find something more edifying to talk about than a parcel of paltry incidents which in no wise concerned him, and which any other fellow would never have thought of again."

"Paltry incidents, Oh, Ivor! Cannot you see the terrible significance these paltry incidents, as you term them, might be made to assume if you bear in mind the fact that in less than two hours after your surreptitious return to the Croft, Captain Darvill's dead body was found?"

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

A Remedy for Anything.

The venerable Dr. Slop of Blanktown, was a doctor of the experimental and eclectic school of medicine years ago. It was a rule of the doctor's never to have anything wasted; and, therefore, when any prescription remained untaken after the patient had died or recovered, he would empty it in a bottle kept for the purpose, which became the receptacle of a heterogeneous compound that science could not analyze. A younger member of the faculty noted this as a very singular fact and asked of him the reason for it. The doctor hesitated a little, and then replied that, though in ordinary cases he knew well what to do, there were instances when all his medical skill failed, and he was floored with doubt. At such times it was his custom to resort to the big bottle, and leave nature and accident to accomplish the cure. "And will you believe it," said he, "some of my most brilliant successes have resulted from it?"—Argonaut.

Child Laborers.

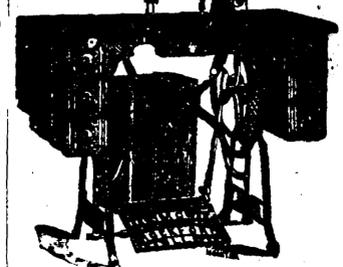
The minimum age of employment on the continent is generally 12 or from 12 to 14. But then English children only work twenty-eight hours per week while in France and Germany the hours are thirty-six, in Italy and Hungary forty-eight, in Holland sixty-six, and in Belgium seventy-two.

English Settlers in Argentina.

It is believed that fully 25 per cent of the population of the Argentine Republic at the present time consists of European settlers, most of whom—now that the undesirable ones have been compelled to leave—are well established and have all their interests identical with the country.

ROYAL SEWING MACHINE

WARRANTED 5 YEARS



Examine the ROYAL for points of excellence, and you will buy no other.

ROYAL M. CO., Rockford, Ill.

OF DELICIOUS FLAVOR!

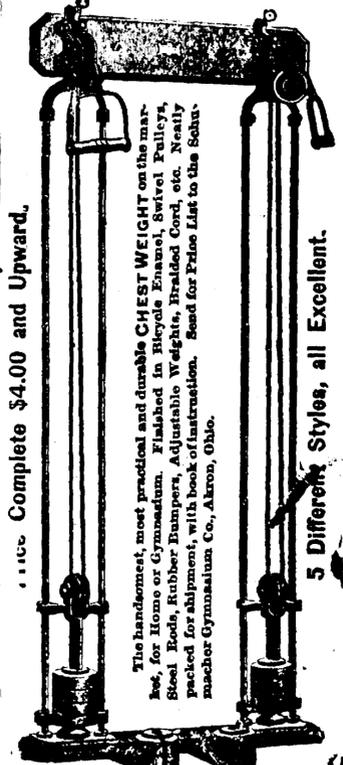
THIS IS TRUE OF THESE SPICES.



THE STRONGEST HENCE THE MOST ECONOMICAL. PEPPER, MUSTARD, GINGER, CLOVES, CINNAMON, ALLSPICE.

Buy a 1/2 lb. bottle of your favorite Spice from one of the following leading grocers.

ON CHEST WEIGHT FOR YOUR HOME.



Send Stamp for Illustrated Price List. The Schumacher Manufacturing Co. AKRON, Ohio.

PROF. DIEFFENBACH'S PROTARGON CAPSULES.

Send Stamp for Illustrated Price List. The Schumacher Manufacturing Co. AKRON, Ohio.

SYRUP OF FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"German Syrup"

My niece, Emeline Hawley, was taken with spitting blood, and she became very much alarmed, fearing that dreaded disease, Consumption. She tried nearly all kinds of medicine but nothing did her any good. Finally she took German Syrup and she told me it did her more good than anything she ever tried. It stopped the blood, gave her strength and ease, and a good appetite. I had it from her own lips. Mrs. Mary A. Stacey, Trumbull, Conn. Honor to German Syrup.



AT BEDTIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERB DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER. My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys, and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs and is prepared for use as easily as tea. It is called

LANE'S MEDICINE

All druggists sell it at 50c and \$1 a package. If you cannot get it, send your address for a free sample. Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels and is the best. Address: GRANTON H. WOODWARD, LEROY, N. Y.

SHILOH'S CURE

Cure Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee. For Lung Sore, Back or Chest Shiloh's Porous Plaster will give great satisfaction.—25 cents.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

THE GREAT KIDNEY, LIVER AND BLADDER CURE.

Biliousness, Headache, foul breath, sour stomach, heartburn or dyspepsia, constipation.

Poor Digestion, Distress after eating, pain and bloating in the stomach, shortness of breath, pains in the heart.

Loss of Appetite, A splendid feeling to-day and a depressed one to-morrow, nothing seems to taste good, tired, slooping and all unstrung, weakness, debility.

Guarantee—Use contents of One Bottle, if not benefited, Druggists will refund you the price paid. At Druggists, 50c. Size, \$1.00. Size, \$2.00. Send for Health Guide free—Consultation free. DR. KILMER & CO., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

THE CARIBOU'S COURAGE.

A Canadian Forester's Curious Adventure With a Quiet Animal.

A very remarkable adventure befall my two daughters writes a correspondent of Forest and Stream, while on their way to the Mastigouche lakes, where they usually spend several weeks every summer. About a quarter of a mile beyond the last settlement—Mastigouche—where the woods road to our camp begins, there is an abandoned clearing of some few acres in extent, now overgrown with ferns, raspberry bushes and small shrubs.

The buckboard with my two daughters and driver (David Prevost, who is so well known to all the visitors at the lakes) had just entered this clearing when David suddenly stopped his horse and, pointing with his whip, said: "Oh, look at the caribou." And there, some two hundred yards or less directly in front of them, was a fine caribou quietly feeding, and apparently unconscious of their presence. After looking at him for some moments David said he would drive on slowly and see how near he could get. After covering about half the distance the caribou looked up at them and, evidently thinking there was nothing very alarming in their presence, quietly returned to his feeding.

David then drove slowly along to see how close he could approach without frightening it away, and when within some forty or fifty yards it walked into the woods, but almost immediately returned and stood gazing at them. As the team still drew nearer, it again turned into the woods, but this time came out again close to the wagon and walked deliberately toward them. David put out his hand and called, and the animal reached out his head to smell of his fingers. It then passed on to the horse, walking alongside of it, then crossed in front under the horse's neck and back along the other side, so close to the buckboard that my daughter could have put her hand on it, then around back of the wagon and up again on the other side of the horse.

David thinking that, as the animal seemed so tame, he would try to catch it, handed the reins to my daughter, quietly got down and approached the caribou, holding out his hand and calling to it, when it put out its nose and smelled of him. He rubbed its nose, scratched its head, which it put down and rubbed against him, and finally got up close alongside of him and threw his arms over its neck and grasped the long hair underneath. Then the caribou jumped and struck at David with its feet, but fortunately did not strike him. David meanwhile grasped it under the throat with his other hand and held on and in the struggle both fell to the ground, David on top.

The girls, of course, were very much excited, and kept calling to David not to hurt the poor creature, but to let it go; and as it lay there panting after Prevost had got up they were sure he had broken its leg or hurt it in some other way so seriously that it could not get up. However, after punching it with his foot once or twice, the caribou got up, shook itself and moved slowly away, and as David got into the wagon and drove off the last the girls saw of it it was quietly feeding again as if nothing had happened.

From the description given of the animal I should judge it to be a female about eighteen months old and full grown.

The place where this happened is near the Mastigouche (Club) lakes, in the Laurentian range of mountains, about ninety miles northeast of Montreal, and in a locality probably well known to a number of your readers.

VIVID AND VARIOUS.

A colony of about 1,000 Japanese is to be established in Sinaloa, Mexico. China has vast undeveloped coal mines—twenty times more than all of Europe.

Cripples are rarely seen in China. Any child born deformed is at once put to death.

All Greek girls are dressed in white, colored goods being regarded as immodest for a maiden.

The son and heir of the grand duke of Saxe-Weimar has what is declared to be the most peculiar face in Europe—one side of it being continually expressive of joy, while the other side wears a look of deep sorrow.

The college of Pharmacy of the city of New York has bought the most complete herbarium in the United States. It is the collection of Mr. Cauby of Baltimore and embraces over 60,000 specimens. It was got at less than its value, which is \$20,000.

A receptacle for cinerary urns has been erected in Kensal Green cemetery, London. It is a handsome structure of Caen stone, decorated with Sina and rouge royal marbles. It is about eight feet high and affords place for the reception of forty-two urns.

A new life-saving apparatus is being constructed at London. It consists of a small vessel fitted with a rudder and a clock work movement, and is intended to carry from the shore to a ship in distress a line, by which may be drawn on board a cable or other instrument for saving life.

These are Facts which Housekeepers Should Seriously Consider.

If you want the best food, you will be interested in the following facts, which show why "Royal" is the best baking powder, why it makes the best and most wholesome food, and why its use has become almost universal—its sale greater in this country than the sale of all other cream of tartar baking powders combined.

The Royal Baking Powder NEVER fails.

It is absolutely pure and wholesome.

It is combined from the most approved and healthful ingredients.

It makes the finest flavored, most tender, delicious and wholesome food.

It has greater leavening strength than any other baking powder, and is therefore the cheapest.

It never loses its strength, but will keep fresh and of full leavening power until used.

It acts slowly in the dough, so that none of its strength is lost before the baking is completed.

It makes food that will keep sweet, moist and fresh longer, or that may be eaten hot and fresh with impunity.

The reasons why the Royal Baking Powder is superior to all others in these respects are easily stated. One is because it is made from chemically pure materials; another is because it is made with greater care and accuracy than any other. It is always uniform in composition and leavening power. It has been the standard baking powder since its introduction. The founder and conductor of its business ever since is still at the head of its management. Thus all the

knowledge and skill attained by over a quarter of a century's experience is available in its present preparation. The consumer is not experimented upon by changes of formula that are constantly being made in other powders in an effort to get a mixture that will not "cake" or lose its strength, or that follow changes of proprietorship or manufacturers. The Royal Baking Powder is always certain and equal in its work; a teaspoonful does the same perfect work to-day that it did yesterday, or last week or month, or last year.

While the last teaspoonful in a can of Royal is as good as the first, other powders lose their strength after being made a short time, and particularly after the can is opened.

The exactness with which the active principle of each ingredient prior to mixing is ascertained by expert chemists; the actual prohibition enforced against the receipt into the works of an impure ingredient; the care with which the materials are dried, coated and prepared before their combination, and the precision in packing the powder so that it shall be delivered to the consumer in the perfect condition in which it leaves the factory, are some of the details which go to make the perfect "Royal."

The same means are not employed by other manufacturers. There have been a great many imitations of the Royal, but no equals. Pure materials are not employed, care is not taken in their preparation and combination, while in the great majority of baking powders alum is added to give them strength, while cheapening their cost.

The great popularity and general use of the Royal Baking Powder attest its superiority.

CONDENSED CLIPPINGS.

Fleetwood, Pa., claims to have a quince which weighs twenty-eight ounces and measures sixteen inches in circumference.

A chain made for the United States government at Troy, N. Y., in 1883, was six miles and a fraction in length. It was made of bars of iron each 2½ inches in diameter.

It took eighteen men to kill a bear at Long Beach, Wash., a short time ago, but every one of them feels proud over the occurrence, as the animal was one of the largest ever seen in that neighborhood.

A Boston editor, asked to define the difference between a cult and a fad, rose to the emergency in this manner: "A 'fad' is anything that arouses evanescent mentality, while a 'cult' is anything that inspires permanent mentality."

A Chicago couple became involved in a breach of promise suit, came to an agreement and married, but failed to notify their lawyers. The natural result followed that the case came up for a rehearing, and of course there was no case to hear.

When magistrates in Scotland enter a new year of duty they attend church together. Upon one occasion the devout Dr. Muir offended them much by pleading in his prayer: "Lord, have mercy upon the magistrates of Glasgow—such as they are!"

A peculiar incident is reported from Brienz, in the Bernese Oberland. One of the names drawn from the jury box was that of Ulrich Amacher. Amacher was assassinated in January last and the jury which was being made up was to try his murderer.

About 109 iron mines are now in operation in the Lake Superior districts. The Marquette district was opened in 1853 and the Menominee in 1873, the Gogebic and Minnesota in 1884. The total production from 1855 to 1891 has been 65,462,737 gross tons.

A census gatherer was engaged collecting his papers from the various houses in rather a low district in one of the principal towns in Scotland. On receiving the document from a knowing-looking woman he was much amused to find under the heading "Condition as to marriage," the words written: "Hard up afore marriage; worse afterward."

GARNERED SHEAVES.

The cotton crop of 1899 was 870,415 bales; of 1891 was 8,654,518.

Among the recent inventions in electric heating device are hand stamps, curling-irons, coffee urns and branding irons.

A bicycle maker in England has begun using an alloy of aluminum and titanium, which is 75 per cent stronger than pure aluminum.

A new variety of wheat, the grains of which are nearly twice as large as the ordinary kernels, was grown last season near Moscow, Wash.

"Here's the latest thing in thermometers," remarked the proprietor of the store. "It looks quite elaborate." "Yes. It has a spirit lamp attachment so that you can regulate it to suit yourself."

First Reporter—Charley is what I call a first-rate newspaper man. He always represents things just as they are. Second Ditto—But he isn't good for anything when it comes to representing things as they are not.

"Do you ever pray for the coming of the millennium, madam?" "Not much." "Why not?" "My husband is a professor in a college for the training of missionaries. When the millennium is here there will be no need of missionaries and my husband will have no occupation."

Indigent and Seedy Man, to severe-looking elderly lady—Please, mum, would you be kind enough to give assistance to a poor man just out of the hospital? Elderly Lady, sniffing the air—Go 'way, you bad man. You smell so strong of rum! I can fairly taste it. "You kin, mum?" "Yes, I can." "I wish I had your smell, mum."

Coughing Leads to Consumption. Kemp's Balsam stops the cough at once.

Columbus discovered turtle soup.

Brummell's Cough Drops. Use Brummell's Celebrated Cough Drops. The gods have a B. on each drop. Sold everywhere.

Over 1700 kinds of soup are known.

FITS—All fits stopped free by DR. BAKER'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER. No fit after first day's use. Marvellous cures. Treatise and 120 trial bottles free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 301 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Moore was the only English epicure poet.

Lane's Medicine Moves the Bowels Each Day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Cures constipation, headache, kidney and liver troubles and regulates the stomach and bowels. Price 50c and \$1.00 at all dealers.

The Dames were accustomed to eat six times a day.

The Kingston (N. Y.) Postoffice.

Dr. Deane's Dyspepsia Pills work wonders. They cured my son of Sick Headache and Indigestion. A young lady friend of my family cured herself of Sick Headache of long standing by their use. Everyone recommends them highly.

N. WOLVEN, Postmaster. Write Dr. J. A. Deane & Co., Catskill, N. Y.

Hope is the most treacherous of all human faculties.—Hunt.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6 day of December, A. D. 1899.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

CHIPS AND SHAVINGS.

A first-class ledge of mica was recently discovered near Chelan, Wash. Ice cream in which jelly has been frozen is a new kind that comes from Boston.

It is said the Russian salad we make in this country is totally unknown in Moscow.

Boston is ready for the future, as usual, with a Twentieth Century club fully organized.

There is no truth, whatever, in the belief that anyone falling into the sea necessarily rises and sinks three times before drowning.

A sportsman found in the wilds of Lane county, Oregon, the other day a valise containing a lot of watches, chains and other jewelry, supposed to be the discarded loot of a burglar.

The proposed underground electric railways for London, if sanctioned, will be sixteen feet under the Thames, sixty-eight feet beneath Regent's park, and eighty-five feet beneath Oxford street.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies

OR Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

N. H. Downs' Elixir

WILL CURE THAT

Cold

AND STOP THAT

Cough.

Has stood the test for SIXTY YEARS and has proved itself the best remedy known for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, and all Lung Diseases in young or old.

Price 25c., 50c., and \$1.00 per bottle.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

HENRY JOHNSON & LOED, Proprs., Burlington, Vt.

Pico's Remedy for Catarrh is the Best, Easiest to Use, and Cheapest.

CATARRH

Sold by druggists or sent by mail, 50c. E. T. Mastilton, Warren, Pa.

Neighborhood news, gathered by our corps of bustling correspondents.

PARSHALLVILLE.

T. N. Jones and wife are visiting at Saginaw. Meetings at the M. E. church every evening this week.

Frank Voorheis of White Lake Sundayed at A. C. Wakeman's.

Ed. Cornell of Newaygo is spending a few weeks here visiting old friends.

Fred Hetchler and family of Linden were in town Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. F. R. Chamberlin has rented her farm to Mr. Parks and has moved to Howell.

Clark Reed of Oceola occupied the Baptist pulpit Sunday in the absence of Rev. Niles.

PLAINFIELD.

The Plainfield Cornet Band is now fully organized and consists of the following players:

- Solo Cornet — E. L. Topping
First — F. J. Voegts
Second — Fred Mapes
Solo Alto — Pierce Proctor
1st — John Burgess
2nd — E. D. Collard
First Tenor — Chas. Proctor
Second — Bird Gregory
Baritone — John Bush
B Flat Bass — S. T. Wasson
First Tuba — Dave Taylor
Second — Chas. Stephenson
Tenor Drum — Melvin Seigfred
Bass — Chas. Collard

The officers of the band are: President and Musical Director, E. L. Topping; Vice-President, Chas. Stephenson; Secretary, J. T. Bush; Treasurer, Pierce Proctor.

IOSCO.

Eugene Acker spent New Year's with his best girl.

The students of Iosco were home on a vacation last week.

Mrs. L. F. Peet has just returned from visiting friends in Ypsilanti.

The young men of this town who have no "cutters" are putting on a long face.

The Japanese lecture given by Mr. Minami was well attended and was a fine lecture.

A little baby girl came to take up her abode at Frank Smith's last Monday night.

George Wright has improved the looks of his farm by putting up a new wind-mill.

Miss Alice Persons of Marion is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. C. Waters.

Iosco will have a lot of "singers" next spring as Prof. Sage has a large class here this winter.

Rev. Baldwin of Iosco, and Rev. T. P. Barnum of Fowlerville will commence meetings at the M. E. church the second week in January.

Additional Local.

The Dexter Leader was 24 years old last week.

Bert Green made a business trip to Plainfield on Friday last.

Bert Green spent Sunday and Monday with relatives in Horton.

Ex-Governor Baldwin died at his home in Detroit on Saturday last.

Mrs. D. F. Ewen is visiting her daughter and grand-children at Flushing.

Floyd Jackson, who has been working in McPherson's store in Howell, was home New Year's.

The merry sleigh-bells more than jingled on Monday. Every-one who could was out sleigh-riding.

The Young People's Guild and the Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. church will meet with Mrs. H. F. Sigler Saturday afternoon Jan. 7, 1893. Important business is to be transacted.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Clark on New Year's morning, a girl.

Zalia Dolan of Jackson visited her parents here New Year's and the first of the week.

John Crawford of Shepard, Mich., has been visiting friends here for the past few days.

We are indebted to Bennett Bros., Fowlerville, for the cut of L. D. Brokaw which appears in this issue.

Our merchants are busy taking their annual inventory of stock. It makes busy times with them.

The society of St. Mary's church cleared about \$53 by their supper. A very fine time was enjoyed by all present.

Most of the young men and ladies who returned home for vacation, have again returned to their schools and studies.

A Dexter man caught 13 fine pickers out of Little Portage one day last week. One of the fish weighed eight pounds.

C. V. VanWinkle and wife have returned from Bay City, where they have been spending the holidays with friends.

A. S. Leland's daughter and her husband, Mr. and Mrs. Will Smith of Vicksburg are visiting Mr. Leland at this place.

Miss Franc Burch gave a recital at Unadilla on Friday evening, and one at Stockbridge on Saturday evening of last week.

A pleasant surprise party was enjoyed at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Anerew Bates on Thursday evening of last week.

W. A. Carr has been appointed supervisor to take the place of L. D. Brokaw, who has taken up his duties as county clerk.

Miss Franc Burch opens the Conway lecture course tomorrow evening, Friday. The course is given by the Conway Alliance, No. 2.

It is thought that Michigan will be honored by having one of her citizens in the next Presidential cabinet. Don M. Dickinson is to be the man.

On page five will be found blank orders which will save you much trouble when you order the DISPATCH. If your time is out, use one this week.

B. H. Rubert has sold the Rubert house to Seth Rubert, who has assumed the role of mine host, of this popular public house. Success to you, Seth. —Herald.

Mrs. P. G. Teeple, nee Miss Ola Love, of Newberry, Mich., who has been spending several weeks visiting her parents and other friends here, returned to her home last Monday.

The famous "Log Cabin farm" near Detroit, owned by ex-senator Palmer, has been sold to a Detroit syndicate. Mr. Palmer reserves the right to use the Log Cabin during his own and his wife's lifetime.

Mrs. M. Lavey held the lucky ticket which drew the beautiful doll that has been shown in M. Foley's window for the past two weeks. The drawing took place at the New Year's entertainment given by St. Mary's church on Saturday evening.

It is disgusting in the extreme to see the young boys on our street, hardly in their teens, puffing away at the little end of a cigar or cigarette. We did not know that we had a man in town who would sell cigars or cigarettes to boys of their age.

The fourth patient from this city went to the Keeley institute in Ypsilanti last week Thursday. The other three Ann Arborites who "graduated" from that renowned institution are yet "clothed and in their right mind," and have no desire for liquor in any form. Let the good work go on.—Ann Arbor Argus.

A new fad, and we think a good one, has sprung up in the east. Instead of addressing envelopes on their face, they are sealed, and the stamp and address placed on the back, thus preventing anyone from opening the letter, or tampering with the envelope without being detected.—Herald.

In looking over our files for the past six months we find that the following numbers are missing: July 21 and November 24. Any one sending us either number will receive our thanks.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

Mortgage Sale. Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage (whereby the power therein contained to sell has become operative) executed by Emanuel M. C. Hiney, unmarried, of the township of Putnam, Livingston County, Michigan, to Marquis Nash of the same place aforesaid, dated the seventh day of November, A. D. 1892, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Livingston, state of Michigan, on the eleventh day of November, A. D. 1892, in Liber 23 of Mortgages, on pages 572 and 573 thereof. It being expressly provided in said mortgage that should any default be made in the payment of the interest or any part thereof, or of any installment of principal or any part thereof, on any day whereon the same is made payable, and should the same remain unpaid and in arrears, for the space of thirty days after the date of the maturity of the principal sum of two thousand dollars, mentioned in said mortgage, as remains unpaid, with all arrearage of interest thereon, should at the option of said mortgagee, his executors, administrators and assigns, become and be due and payable immediately thereafter. And default having been made in the payment of one installment of principal of five hundred dollars, which by the terms of said mortgage became due and payable on the first day of November, A. D. 1892, and more than sixty days having elapsed since said installment of principal became due and payable, and the same nor any part thereof having been paid, the said mortgagee, by virtue of the option in said mortgage contained, does consider, elect, and declare the principal sum of two thousand dollars secured by said mortgage, with all arrearage of interest thereon, to be due and payable immediately. And he does hereby give notice that on the date of this notice, the sum of Two Thousand one hundred thirty-two dollars and thirty-six cents (\$2132.36); and no suit or proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, Notice is therefore hereby given that on Saturday, the fourth day of March, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the west front door of the court house in the village of Howell, in said county of Livingston, Michigan, the premises to be foreclosed by sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder, of the premises contained in said mortgage (or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage with interest and legal costs) that is to say: All that certain piece or parcel of land situate and being in the township of Putnam, in the county of Livingston, and state of Michigan, and described as follows, to wit: The East half of the South East quarter of section number seventeen (17) in township number one (1) north of range number four (4) East, and containing eighty acres of land according to the United States survey. Dated: December 4, A. D. 1892. MARQUIS NASH, Mortgagee. WILLIAM P. VANWINKLE, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Sheriff's Sale. By virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the circuit court in and for the County of Livingston, to me directed and delivered in favor of Lewis Love, and against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of Burt W. Burden and Hattie M. Burden, I did on the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1892, levy upon and take all the right, title and interest of the said Burt W. Burden and Hattie M. Burden, of, in and to the following described pieces or parcels of land, to wit: The north west quarter of the south east quarter of section number six (6) in township number one (1) north of range number four (4) east in the township of Putnam in the county of Livingston, state of Michigan, all of which I shall expose for sale at public auction or vendue to the highest bidder, as the law directs at the west front door of the court house in the village of Howell in said county, (that being the place at which the circuit court for said county of Livingston is held) on Saturday, the seventh day of January, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day. Dated: Howell, Michigan, November 19th, A. D. 1892. JOHN McCAULEY, Sheriff.

Mortgage Sale. Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage (whereby the power therein contained to sell has become operative) made by William H. Martin and Nancy Martin his wife, of the township of Deerfield Livingston county, Michigan, to heretofore mentioned in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Livingston, state of Michigan, on the twenty-third day of April, A. D. 1887, in Liber 63 of mortgages, on pages 285 and 286, which mortgage was duly assigned the seventh day of October, A. D. 1889, by the said H. B. Rogers to William V. D. Cook, of Cocheat Livingston county, Michigan, which said assignment was duly recorded on the fifteenth day of October, A. D. 1889, in said register's office in Liber 63 of mortgages, on page 287 thereof. It being expressly provided in said mortgage that should any default be made in the payment of the interest or any part thereof, or of any installment of principal or any part thereof, on any day whereon the same is made payable, and should the same remain unpaid and in arrears for the space of thirty days, then and from thenceforth, that is to say after the lapse of the said thirty days, the principal sum of three thousand five hundred dollars, with all arrearage of interest thereon, should at the option of said mortgagee, his executors, administrators or assigns become and be due and payable immediately thereafter. And default having been made in the payment of two installments of interest, of forty dollars and fifty five cents each, due and payable March 1 A. D. 1891, and March 1 A. D. 1892 respectively. And more than thirty days having elapsed since said installment of interest became due and payable and the same nor any part thereof having been paid, the said assignee of said mortgage by virtue of the option in said mortgage contained does consider, elect and declare the principal sum of said mortgage, with all arrearage of interest thereon, to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred twenty-three dollars and twelve cents (\$723.12); and no suit or proceeding at law or in equity having been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given that on Saturday, the seventh day of January, A. D. 1893, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, at the west front door of the court house in the village of Howell in said county, (that being the place of holding the circuit court for the county in which the mortgaged premises to be foreclosed by sale, at public vendue to the highest bidder, of the premises contained in said mortgage (or so much as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage with interest and legal costs) that is to say: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate and being in the township of Deerfield in the county of Livingston and state of Michigan, and described as follows to wit: Beginning eighty rods north of the south quarter part of section number thirty running thence westerly eighty (80) rods, thence northerly twenty-one (21) rods, thence east twelve degrees north to place of beginning, containing five acres of land more or less. Also the southeast quarter of the southwest fractional quarter of said section number thirty (30) containing forty acres of land more or less. Also beginning at the south quarter part of said section, and running thence north seventy-three rods and six feet on quarter line, thence east five degrees south to east line of said lot, thence south on line of lot to section line, thence west to place of beginning containing thirty-three acres or land more or less. And containing in all eighty acres of land more or less and occupied as one parcel and farm. All on section number thirty (30) in township number four (4) north of range number six (6) east of the sixth range of the third principal meridian. Dated October 6, A. D. 1892. WILLIAM V. D. COOK, Assignee of Mortgage. WILLIAM P. VANWINKLE, Attorney for assignee of mortgage.

GREAT BIBLE COMPETITION.

Thousands of Dollars in Rewards for Bible Readers. THE LADIES HOME MAGAZINE presents the Great Bible Competition to the public of America. The first answer to the following questions received at this office will get \$1,000 in cash; the second, \$500 cash; the third, \$250 cash; the fourth, \$100 cash; the fifth, \$50 cash; the sixth, \$25 cash; the seventh, \$10 cash; the eighth, \$5 cash; the ninth, \$2 cash; the tenth, \$1 cash. Questions—(1) How many Bibles did the Israelites have? (2) How many Chapters? (3) How many verses in the Bible? (4) How many words in the Bible? (5) How many letters in the Bible? (6) How many times does the word "love" occur in the Bible? (7) How many times does the word "mercy" occur in the Bible? (8) How many times does the word "grace" occur in the Bible? (9) How many times does the word "peace" occur in the Bible? (10) How many times does the word "joy" occur in the Bible? The object in offering these liberal prizes is to encourage the reading of the Bible, and to give to the Bible readers of America a chance to win a large sum of money. The Ladies Home Magazine can be sent for six months, or have the year extended beyond the time already paid for, by enclosing the amount in advance. The Ladies Home Magazine is published by the Ladies Home Magazine Co., 227 Broadway, New York City. Address: THE LADIES HOME MAGAZINE CO., Peterborough, Canada. (Competition closes January 15, 1893.)

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