

PRE-INVENTORY SALE.

Our Semi-Annual stock taking will occur on July 1st. Previous to that time we propose making such keen reductions on many lines thus placing the stock in better invoice trim, and making it ready for the Autumn buying, that it will make the month of June a memorable one for economical purchasers. A stock that is right in every way full and complete every detail of quality and style the best at the lowest prices.

PRE-INVENTORY FLYERS.

A few prices not all of the best not any lower in price than others but to give you a general idea of the clearing prices the keen reductions we are making. It's a splendid opportunity just when you need the goods in the buying season.

6c Unbleached Cotton for 4 cents.
50c High Bust summer corset for 44 cents.
8c Shirting for 5 cents.
\$3 and \$3½ Ladies' Shoes for \$2.50.
Men's Neckwear a choice line of correct ideas at prices almost like finding them.
Shoes for Men and Boys correct toes correct colorings to clear the stock at once at marvelously low prices.

Price reduction of great interest all through our store the lowest, clearance prices. It's by such methods we place the stock in better shape for the Autumn buying offering you fresh stocks for your selection. This makes June a selling month of especial interest to our trade makes low prices.

F. G. JACKSON.

Business Pointers.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by me for the performance of the duties of Village Marshal to and until second Monday in April, 1898. Said bids to be presented at regular meeting, July 5th, 1897. Council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

B. H. TEEPLE,
Village Clerk.

All kinds of Job Printing done at this office. Call and get prices.

Notice.

Cuban giant fodder seed corn for sale at 60c per bu. JOHN W. HARRIS.

WANTED.

1,000 bu. corn, 1,000 bu. oats at highest market price. C. L. BOWMAN.

Notice.

We will grind Feed Tuesday's and Friday's. Feed Brand and Corn Meal for sale. C. L. BOWMAN.

NOTICE.

All persons who have not paid us all or nearly all of their accounts within six months, please call and do so.

BARNARD & CAMPBELL.

Program Cards, School Cards, Envelopes, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Auction Bills, etc. Call and get samples.

To Rent.

Two houses on banks on Portage lake. By the week, month or season. Rent reasonable. 21125 T. BRINKERT.

Anderson Repair Shop—Brasing and Enameling Bicycles. Engines, mowers and other repairing both wood and iron. Bikes and Sundries. JENNY & COLEMAN.

OILS! OILS!

All kinds and grades of machine oils to be sold cheaper than usual. It will be to your advantage to call on

T. CLINTON.

Local Dispatches.

E. D. Roche of Howell was in town on business Monday.

Howell has a new system of incandescent electric lights.

Messdames F. A. Sigler and George Reason, Jr. were in Howell Monday.

Jay Shahan and wife of Munith spent Sunday with relatives near here.

The street commissioner is repairing some of the dilapidated sidewalks.

The Orientals will hold a banquet in the Macabee hall on Saturday evening June 26, 1897.

Monday June 14, was the 120th anniversary of the adoption of the stars and stripes as a national flag.

Mrs. Myron Mills and daughter of Marysville are the guests of her mother, Mrs. Mary Mann of this place.

Postoffice appointments are being made in several of our sister villages.

We presume Pinckney will fall in line before long. Who will it be?

John Schenck, wife and children of Chelsea and Mrs. Jeanette Cadwell of Grass Lake were guests of J. A. Cadwell and family over Sunday.

Work was commenced Monday on C. L. Bowman's cold storage building on the corners of Main and Mill st's. Wm. Moran will do the mason work.

The Birrell-Klemm suit was settled Monday satisfactorily to all concerned. The mill will soon be in other hands and we are promised a good thing.

The train left Jackson last Saturday evening at 4:15 but there were four persons from Pinckney that did not get to the station until 4:20. They came home by Chelsea and enjoyed a moonlight drive. Ahem!

The banquet given by the Eastern Star lodge at the opera house last Wednesday evening was a grand success. About 140 guests were present and enjoyed the spread which was one of the finest ever given by the society.

We are in receipt of the 50th anniversary number of the Chicago Tribune. It is surely a work of art, several pages being printed in colors and the entire paper full of interesting history and half-tone engravings of the growth and development of the great city.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Martin Harris died quite suddenly last Saturday of heart trouble. Mrs. Harris was well known and much respected. She leaves a large circle of friends to mourn their loss. The funeral services were held from St. Mary's church Monday morning and a large number of people were present to pay their last tribute to the departed.

Mrs. Martin Harris was born in County West Meath, Ireland, April 9 1822. Came to Michigan about 1845 and was married shortly after to Martin Harris. They settled on a farm near here and she has resided on the same farm for the past 50 years. The country was all wilderness and Mrs. Harris helped build their log house. Mr. Harris died in Sept 1892.

Wedding Bells.

The following should have been printed last week but the copy was lost until too late for publication:

"Married at St. Mary's church, Thursday morning, Miss Eliza Morgan and Mr. John Donehue. Nuptial High mass was celebrated by Rev. Fr. Comerford at 8 o'clock. The bride was tastefully attired and was attended by Miss Agnes Loughlin of Fowlerville and Mr. James Harris acted as best man.

After the ceremony about 25 invited guests partook of a most bountiful repast at the home of Mrs. J. Birney. The presents were numerous and valuable. Mr. and Mrs. Donehue went to Eaton Rapids carrying the best wishes of a host of friends.

ATTENTION! LOYAL GUARDS.

Having been petitioned by ten members of division No. 46, K. L. G., to call a special meeting to elect and install a paymaster to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of M. E. Fobey, I hereby call such a meeting for Friday June 18, and hope that each member will try and be present.

Yours fraternally,
F. L. ANDREWS, Capt. Gen.

We were unable to attend the social Tuesday evening but Mrs. Hause has our thanks for remembering us with a beautiful bouquet and a delicious cake.

The second division of the ladies' of the M. E. society will hold an ice cream social at the opera house Saturday evening June 19. Everyone welcome.

The Loyal Guard banquet on Wednesday evening of last week was not very largely attended owing to some misunderstanding in regard to the date. The boys are not discouraged however and will try again.

The people appreciate a good place to attend a social, and on Tuesday evening a large crowd attended one at the pleasant home of S. K. Hause, just north of the village. Everyone enjoyed a very pleasant evening. The social was for the benefit of Rev. N. W. Pierce and the receipts were \$20.

The members of the Order of the Eastern Star wish to thank Miss Georgia Martin for the beautiful flowers she so kindly furnished for their recent reception, also for the very tasteful manner in which she decorated the opera house which added so much to the pleasure of the occasion. Many thanks to Miss Martin from all the members of the O. E. S.

The Graduating exercises of the Pinckney High school will be held at the Opera House at this place on Wednesday evening, June 23. Recitation address by Rev. C. S. Jones at the Cong'l church Sunday evening June 20. Although the class numbers but two this year they are making preparations for one of the finest entertainments that has been held here. Be sure and attend the exercises.

ABOUT

ONE MAN IN TEN DOES NOT

.. Trade With ..

US

We're After That Man!

About one man in ten doesn't know that his neighbors are saving money on every deal, because they trade with us,

We're After That Man!

About one man in ten can't be expected to know that we are headquarters for

Pure Drugs,
Patent Medicines,
Toilet Articles,

And we expect to get his trade.

ARE YOU THE TENTH MAN?

WE'RE AFTER YOU!

F. A. SIGLER,

PINCKNEY, MICH.

WE ARE

Always,
Everlastingly,
Continuously,
Persistently,
Effectively
Seeking Trade.

WE SELL

Oil Stoves,
Gasoline Stoves,
Wood Stoves,
Lawn Mowers,
Bicycles,
Farming Implements, etc.

WE WILL

Gladly,
Politely,
Carefully,
Promptly
Wait Upon You.

Respectfully Yours,

TEEPLE & CADWELL.

SPECIALS

FOR

Saturday June 19, and continuing one week



20 PER CENT OFF ON

OUR ENTIRE LINE OF LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS.

20 Per Cent Off On Entire Line of Ribbons and Laces.

All packages cost at 15c per pound.

Remember the date. Produce taken

BARNARD & CAMPBELL.

TWELVE THE LAKES.

MICHIGAN NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD FOR MICHIGANDERS.

June Crop Report of Unusual Importance—Mystic Shrine, Pwable Discovered After 25 Years—Mystic Shrine Have Lots of Fun at Detroit.

Detwold Captured by Moeloma.
The City of the Straits, the beautiful metropolis of splendid state, has in its history witnessed some great and interesting events, assembled within its gates, from Indian councils of war and of peace to the national encampment of the U. S. A. B. including state, national and international conventions of all kinds. But never until this memorable month of June has she ever entertained or been entertained by such a gathering as when the nobles of the imperial council of Ancient and Arabic Order of the Mystic Shrine, with their camels, elephants and caravans, swept across the deserts from New York, and Texas, and Oklahoma, and windy, wicked Chicago and elsewhere throughout Uncle Sam's domain, and took possession of the entire city. The fame of the oasis of Detroit was well sustained and the nobles looked for nothing. They drank their fill from the sweet flowing waters and ate to their limit of the bountiful products of the place. Likewise they took excursions to various points of interest in and near the city and had any amount of jolly fun. Incidentally a little business was transacted including the election of new officers with Albert B. McGaffey, of Denver, Col., as imperial potentate. The cowboy Arabs of Texas captured the imperial council with a lasso and nearly drowned the members in tarantula juice before securing a promise to visit Dallas next June.

Crop Report for June.
The Michigan crop report for June is of unusual importance. It says that the average condition of wheat June 1, was in the southern counties 82, and in the state 78. One year ago the average was 69 and 77. Wheat is late, and has been injured more than usual by the wet weather. The wheat is quite generally reported "yellow" near the ground. The presence of insects is not noted.

The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in May is 610,976, as compared with 637,749 reported in May, 1904, and the amount in the 10 months, August-May, is 5,975,304 bushels, as compared with 5,810,619 bushels in the same months last year.

The acreage planted to corn is reported at 90 per cent of average years. The acreage sowed to oats is 91 per cent, and the average condition of this crop is 86 per cent. The average condition of meadows and pastures, and of clover sowed this year is 98. Apples promise about two-thirds, and peaches one-fourth of average crops. One year ago the estimates were 75 per cent for apples and 33 per cent for peaches. Warm rains are lower than one year ago in each section of the state, and one year ago they were lower than in 1904.

The number of sheep-mow on hand in the state is nearly 8 per cent less than a year ago. It is probable the complete returns will show less than 1,300,000 sheep 6 months old and over in the state this spring.

Found the Pwable Treasure.
Capt. Smith, with the wrecker H. A. Root, has located the long-lost steamer Pwable, which was sunk in Lake Huron in collision with the Meteor 32 years ago. She lays in 160 feet of water, three miles off the coast where she was supposed to have gone down. She is nearly seven miles off Thunder bay light. She rests on the bottom in an upright position, her upper works gone entirely, but the arches, deck and hull intact. The wreck is covered with mud and moss to the thickness of several inches. The steamer had 300 feet keel, and was valued at \$300,000. It has been the cargo, however, the has made the search so attractive for wreckers. On board the Pwable were 400 tons of lagot copper, 100 worth 11 cents a pound, or \$80,000. The copper is in barrels in the main deck, and can probably be recovered without much trouble. There were also several hundred tons of iron ore in the hold, and, according to some reports, \$50,000 in the safe.

Michigan Naval Reserve Got the Yantic
The U. S. cruiser Yantic which has been loaned to the Michigan Naval Reserve by Uncle Sam to be used as a training ship, was built at the U. S. navy yard at Philadelphia in 1884, served as a blockade runner during the war and did good service in peace until 1897 when she was turned in for "repair." Congress would appropriate no money for new cruisers as the Yantic and others were "rehabilitated." In 1899 the Yantic slid into the water again practically a new vessel and until 1900 was a part of the pretty North Atlantic squadron, but for the past several years has been at the South Atlantic as a training ship. She is of 1,000 tons, 100 feet between perpendiculars, 40 feet beam, and 12.5 feet mean draft. She is of 300 tons displacement.

THE TELEGRAPH.

INTERESTING AND IMPORTANT NEWS MATTERS.

Special Commissioner Calhoun Returns from Cuba and Reports to the President, Who Will Soon Take Action of Great Importance.

While probably no one officially knows what action President McKinley will take in regard to Cuban matters there are several public men in Washington who are near enough to the executive to be able to quite accurately forecast his policy. In fact one of these gentlemen says:

"The President has already decided upon his policy, but he has delayed action until he could obtain certain specific information from Commissioner Calhoun, which he has now received, and the President has learned enough to convince him that the interests of the United States demand a cessation of hostilities in Cuba. The methods of Spanish warfare on the island are damnable, as everybody knows. Aside from the sentiment involved, the trade interests of this country are entitled to some consideration, and the President has the names of 1,200 Americans who have been ruined by the insurrection, to say nothing of the millions of dollars in reciprocal commerce that has been checked."

"President McKinley will soon appoint a minister to Spain who will be instructed to tender the friendly offices of this government in the matter of terminating hostilities. The President is none too hopeful that these offices will be accepted, but if all offers of mediation are rejected the President will intervene to stop the insurrection; for the United States cannot contemplate another 10 years' rebellion in Cuba."

"The intervention of the part of this government means war with Spain, but Mr. McKinley has considered all the consequences, and if it must be war he is prepared to accept the inevitable. He is confident that the people will sustain him in his course and there is little doubt that he is right."

Wm. J. Calhoun, the special commissioner sent to Havana to investigate the death of Dr. Ruiz, an American citizen, in Guanabacoa prison, has returned. He says Ruiz was undoubtedly killed by a blow on top of his head, but it was impossible get witnesses who dared testify as to how he received the blow. It was proven that Ruiz was falsely imprisoned and his treaty rights violated in that he was not allowed to communicate with the U. S. consul. Mr. Calhoun also received some vivid impressions of the general condition of affairs in Cuba and the suffering of the people in several trips to Matanzas and interior points. He says the country seems to be almost depopulated and that there are no signs of any buildings standing except at the railroad stations. These, by the way, are practically forlorn.

The island is rapidly being devastated by a relentless, cruel and bitter civil war, so that very soon it will not be worth anything to anyone. Mr. Calhoun spoke of the terrible suffering of the starving old men, women and children who have been concentrated without means of subsistence at various points. His heart has been stirred by the woes of these wretched, starving reconcentrados, and with the memory of the scenes of Matanzas upon him, with the memory of dying and the unburied dead, he will undoubtedly suggest that President McKinley use what means he can to stop this war of extermination.

Looks Like Turkish Treachery.
Constantinople: The Turkish council of ministers issued orders to the governors of the various provinces to form with the quickest dispatch commissions for drafting and forwarding troops of all classes, and to hurry all reserves of war material to Constantinople. The hands employed in the imperial ammunition factory are being worked night and day in manufacturing cartridges. Transport cruisers have arrived at Laid, 50 miles southeast of Constantinople, to embark troops for unknown points.

This action of the ports in the face of its apparent sincerity in entering upon the peace negotiations has disconcerted the ambassadors of the powers and alarmed the populace. The gravest apprehensions are everywhere felt regarding the intentions of the ports.

The Canoeing Ministry Suspended.
A Madrid dispatch says: The queen regent has confirmed, through the premier, in his ministerial position, and the cabinet will remain in office with its personnel and policy unchanged. The solution of the crisis is a general surprise as all the leading statesmen as well as Marshal Campon, Marshal Blanco and Marshal Dominguez, who were dismissed by her majesty, advised the recall of Capt. Gen. Weyler and a radical change in the Cuban policy, and it was generally supposed that this would be the course taken. Consequently there is great excitement and it is apparent that the peril of the situation is not yet passed.

Masked robbers at Bridgeport, stole \$600, which Mrs. Jane O'Leary, a feeble old lady, had secreted in her bed.

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THE 56TH CONGRESS AT WORK.

SENATE—56th day.

The wool schedule of the tariff bill, was reached, and Mr. Mantle, of Montana, made a speech for a high tariff for the protection of the wool grower. He presented fully and supported with numerous tables and statistics the wool-grower's side of the controversy and showed the enormous losses sustained by the wool-growers in the depreciation in value of sheep and wool during the past six years. He declared that, by reason of enormous importations in anticipation of an enactment of the tariff law, the wool-grower would not receive much benefit from a protective tariff for four years to come. Mr. Butler, of North Carolina, made a speech favoring an income tax and opposed the "indecent haste" with which an attempt was being made to force the pooling bill through the Senate. He said the pooling bill would destroy the interstate commerce law and was in the interests of gigantic trusts. Mr. Cullom, chairman of the interstate commerce committee, which reported the bill, defied an undue haste and also denied that it would injure the interstate commerce law. Mr. Cullom, of Texas, a member of the committee, said that as he saw Mr. Butler's assertions were true.

SENATE—57th day.—The wool schedule was under consideration and many of the paragraphs were agreed to, but that restoring lumber to the dutiable list at \$2 per 1,000 (which was finally agreed to) proved the greatest stumbling block encountered since the debate, during which a wide divergence of views was developed on the Democratic side of the chamber. Mr. Bacon, of Georgia, gave his support to the committee rate, saying it was essential to the lumber industry of the south. He also spoke in favor of a revenue tariff, as adjusted as to give equal benefits to all industries. Mr. Bacon and Mr. Vest clashed several times on tariff doctrine, Mr. Vest expressing his regret that a Democratic Senator would aid in restoring to the dutiable list one of the three products—lumber, salt and wool—which the Wilson bill put on the free list.

SENATE—58th day.—The lumber paragraph, which has been more stubbornly contested than any feature of the tariff bill thus far, was disposed of by defeating the motion of Senator Vest to place white pine on the free list, yeas 20; nays, 38. The contest was mainly significant in breaking party lines, which have been maintained with few exceptions during the early stages of the debate. On the final vote eight Democratic senators voted against Mr. Vest's proposition, and three silver Republicans voted for it. Following this a vote to substitute the Wilson lumber schedule was defeated, 21-37, and the schedule was agreed to as reported. A general discussion of the future program on the bill led to a statement by Mr. Allison, in charge of the bill during the illness of Mr. Aldrich, that the committee probably would submit amendments to the sugar schedule. House.—Only routine affairs were disposed of, as the majority forced an adjournment.

SENATE—59th day.—By the decisive vote of 42 to 19 an amendment to the tariff was adopted placing raw cotton, the great product of the south, on the dutiable list at 20 per cent ad valorem. It is the first time in the history of tariff legislation that a duty on cotton has been incorporated in a bill. The amendment was proposed by Mr. Bacon, Democrat, of Georgia, on his individual responsibility and led to a spirited debate, Democratic senators disavowing a wide difference of views and at times exchanging sharp personal criticisms. On the final vote six Democrats voted with the Republicans for the Bacon amendment while the negative vote was solidly Democratic with one exception, Kyle, Populist. The debate took up the most of the day and but little progress was made on the bill. Early in the day the sugar schedule was passed over and the agricultural schedule taken up, which gave Mr. Vest occasion to say, in his usual ironical way, that the latter schedule was a fraud concocted to catch farmer's votes. Several senators, however, showed wherein the duties proposed on agricultural products would greatly benefit the farmers of their states at least.

SENATE—60th day.—Very little progress was made on the tariff bill owing to a lengthy discussion between Mr. Rawlins, of Utah, and Mr. Mills, of Texas, upon the Democratic attitude on the tariff from their respective standpoints.

SENATE—61st day.—The sugar schedule, which the hardest fight on the tariff bill is expected, was taken up. No final action was taken on any feature of the schedule, further than the withdrawal of the original Senate committee amendments. This leaves the House provisions of the bill, with an amendment increasing the House differential from 875-1000 to 95-100 cents per pound. The provisions relating to the Hawaiian islands went over by mutual consent. House.—Routine business and a few minor formal matters were disposed of when a motion to adjourn was made, but was resisted by the minority. The rising vote resulted in a tie, 87-87. Speaker Reed saved the motion by voting yes. Demands for yeas and nays came from both sides, and the roll was called. The motion was carried.

SULTAN VERY WRATHY.

Receives in Constantinople His Reply to the Greek Peace Negotiations.

The aspect of the Greek-Greek peace negotiations grew worse instead of better. The ambassadors of the powers have declined to accept either claim 1897 or 1898 as a Turkish peace commissioner. This, together with their refusal to discuss the restoration of Thessaly by Turkey, threw the sultan into such a rage that he forthwith announced a meeting of the special Turkish commission appointed to consider the terms of peace. He kept in telegraphic communication with most of the European capitals, and gave stringent orders to the grand vizier, who immediately resigned. The special commission accomplishing nothing but a split among its members, the majority of whom expressed themselves emphatically as opposed to yielding to the powers. The Turks are very angry at the alleged brusque degradation of Sir Phillip Currie, the British ambassador, that England will never permit Christians to return to Turkish rule. It is also stated that the German ambassador is very much disconcerted to find Count Nelidoff, the Russian ambassador, supporting Sir Phillip in this respect, and though it is still alleged that Germany is advising Turkey to put every map and armor, it is believed she has seen the advisability of falling into line with the other powers.

Disastrous Error in a New Law.

An error, which may lead to disastrous complications, has been discovered in the Graham law amending the general tax law, so as to change the time of the annual tax sales from December to May. It has always been the custom to continue the sales by the county treasurer from day to day until all the delinquent descriptions have been offered, and in many counties the lists are so extensive that it is an impossibility to offer all the lands in a single day. The recent legislature intended to re-enact this provision, but the house clerk who engrossed the bill changed the entire provision by inserting the word "not," thus providing that such sale "shall not be continued." The word "not" does not appear in the original bill as passed by the two houses, but is in the bill as signed by the governor. The auditor and attorney-general are trying to figure out some way of getting around the difficulty.

Lee's Report on the Ruiz Murder.

The New York Journal publishes the full text of Captain General Lee's report on the Ruiz case to Secretary Sherman, which is in substance as follows: First—Ruiz was arrested on a false charge. Second—He was placed under an improper judicial authority and died before the proper tribunal considered his case, thereby giving him no opportunity to prove his innocence. Third—He was kept "incommunicado" in a solitary cell for 24 hours in violation of his treaty rights, which limit such confinement to 22 hours. Fourth—He died from congestion of the brain, produced by a blow on the top of the head.

Adrian attorneys will petition the governor to appoint Capt. C. E. Miller as circuit judge of Lenawee county as successor of Judge Lane, resigned.

A horse driven by Henry Reihder and wife near Saginaw became frightened at an electric car, ran into a telegraph pole, throwing Mr. Reihder upon her head, killing her instantly.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

Item	Price
New York—Cattle	10.00
Butcher's	9.50
Lower grades	8.50

Item	Price
Best grades	10.00
Lower grades	8.50

Item	Price
Best grades	10.00
Lower grades	8.50

Item	Price
Best grades	10.00
Lower grades	8.50

Item	Price
Best grades	10.00
Lower grades	8.50

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Best grades	10.00
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Pinkney Dispatch

F. L. ANDREWS, EDITOR.

THURSDAY, JUNE 17, 1897.

Care and Preparation of Cream and Butter.

Concluded from last week.

Off Flavor Butter.—Comes from a slovenly method of preparing the butter and uncleanly habits in the care of the utensils. In the ripening of the cream, the immense number of different kinds of bacteria tend to imperfect curdling and consequently a poor quality of produce.

At this season of the year we are liable to frequently meet with bitter and unclean milk and cream or even butter, and these conditions are ascribable to the great variety of conflicting bacteria and their products and consequently the normal lactic acid fermentation is prevented.

Bitter Butter or Milk is due to the presence of certain different germs; some microscopists claim it to be a micrococci; others to a bacillus; at any rate it causes a bitter taste to milk or butter but does not show up in these. It usually destroys the flavor of the butter in a short time. Turnip taste does not come from feeding the animals on the turnips or other roots, but is due entirely to a bacillus which develops in the cream or milk before the ripening of the cream; this flavor has been frequently found in butter made from the milk of animals that were not fed on any turnips or other roots, and further the disease can be spread in milk or cream by introducing the least bit of the infected into the sweet flavored and normal milk or cream and by the rapid development of the germs, the entire batch will become so effected.

Rotten Butter, Oily Butter, Tallowy Butter and Blue Butter are flavors and colors due to bacteria which develop these respective and characteristic flavors in milk or butter. From the preceding one would anticipate that dairying in these days is a very complicated industry; it is not an industry for a careless and indifferent person to engage in; but the utmost care and cleanliness should at all times be observed and a thorough knowledge acquired in the underlying principles.

Pure Air, Pure Water, Pure Food are the three great requisites in the dairy business. The demands on all who make or deal in dairy products for high quality of goods have very much increased of late years. There is a growing demand for the best, both at home and abroad, and the standard is constantly ascending. It is sincerely hoped that our Michigan dairymen and farmers will keep a strict vigilance for every inducement offered by the United States Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. Wilson, in his latest undertaking to promote the American dairy interests abroad. Americans can make butter equal to that manufactured in other countries, and the Michigan dairymen should not wait for other states to lead but be amongst the foremost in this new market for their produce.

But in this competition with foreign producers the best and most successful methods of manufacture must be applied. Systematic methods are absolutely necessary. The fact alone that the raw material with which dairymen and farmers have to deal is so delicate and easily changed, calls into play one's highest efforts of cleanliness. There are so many chances

of harmful bacteria infection in the various manipulations that thoughtfulness, good judgement and well-developed power of observation are essentials for any and all.

GEO. H. BORRADAILE, State Analyst Michigan Dairy and Food Commission.

The end

Hundreds of thousands have been induced to try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, by reading what it has done for others, and having tested its merit for themselves are today its warmest friends. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

George M. Pullman has received from Archduke Rainer two magnificent medals and a richly wrought diploma as testimonials of honor and merit in founding and building the most perfect town in the world. This distinction for the suburb came as a result of an exhibit in the International Hygienic and Pharmaceutical Exposition in Prague. The Archduke was the protector of the exposition. Pullman won against the settlements created by Krupp the gun man and Stumm, the great maker of steel, and Baron von Ringhofer. The verdict of the jury was unanimous, finding that Pullman was without a peer in the matter of comfortable homes for workingmen, streets, sewers, water system, shops, public halls, churches, grounds and the rules and regulations governing them.—M. A. C.

THERE IS NOTHING SO GOOD.

There is nothing just as good as Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, so demand it and do not permit the dealer to sell you some substitute. He will not claim there is anything better, but in order to make more profit he may claim something else to be just as good. You want Dr. King's New Discovery because you know it to be safe and reliable, and guaranteed to do good or money refunded. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption and for all affections of Throat, Chest, and Lungs there is nothing so good as Dr. King's New Discovery. Trial bottle free at F. A. Sigler's Drug store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00.

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Who can think of some thing to patent? Write J. W. GILDART, P. O. Box 100, Washington, D. C., for their plan price card and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

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CURES IN THE RIGHT WAY, BY REGULATING THE LIVER AND KIDNEYS, AND PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

It is a positive cure for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Sick and Nervous Headache, Fever and Ague, Chills, and all diseases arising from a diseased liver or the kidneys, or impure blood.

YOUR MONEY BACK Is the plan on which it is sold. If after taking the entire box of medicine you do not think you have had your money's worth, send us back the guarantee, which you will find in the box, and we will send you a check for \$5.00 by return mail.

It is put up in two forms, powder and tablets. The tablets are the easier to take, requiring no mixing. Price \$1.00 for 30 doses of either kind. Sent post paid upon receipt of price. Send to cents for ten days' treatment and copy of Nature's Guide to Health.

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Have more points of merit, than any other High Grade Bicycle.

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NO BETTER

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Grand Trunk Railway System.

Arrival and Departure of Trains at Pinckney. In Effect June 14, 1897.

Waterbury, Conn.

Jackson and Intermd. Sta. 10:45 a.m. 10:50 p.m.

10:55 a.m. 11:00 p.m.

RAILROADS

Pontiac Detroit—Gd. Rapids 10:30 p.m. 10:45 a.m.

Pontiac Lenox Detroit and 11:00 a.m. 11:15 p.m.

Intermd. Sta. 11:25 a.m. 11:40 p.m.

Mich. Air Line City, Mich. leave Pontiac at 11:30 a.m. 11:45 p.m.

for Romeo Lenox and Int. Sta. D. & M. DIVISION LEAVES PONTIAC

WASHTON

Saginaw Gd. Rapids and Gd. Haven 11:00 a.m. 11:15 p.m.

Gd. Rapids Gd. Haven Chicago 11:25 a.m. 11:40 p.m.

Saginaw Gd. Rapids Milwaukee 11:45 a.m. 12:00 p.m.

Chicago and Intermediate Sta. Gd. Rapids, Muskegon 12:15 a.m. 12:30 p.m.

RAILROADS

Detroit East and Canada 10:07 a.m. 10:22 p.m.

Detroit East and Canada 10:55 a.m. 11:10 p.m.

Detroit East and Canada 11:17 p.m. 11:32 p.m.

Detroit East and Canada 11:35 p.m. 11:50 p.m.

Detroit Suburban Leave Detroit via Windsor

RAILROADS

Buffalo—New York & Boston 10:45 a.m. 10:55 a.m.

Toronto Montreal New York 11:00 noon 11:15 p.m.

London Express 11:25 p.m. 11:40 p.m.

Buffalo New York & East 11:35 p.m. 11:50 p.m.

7:40 a.m. train has sleeping car Detroit to New York and Boston. 10:00 noon train has parlor car to Hamilton—Sleeping car to Buffalo and New York.

11:25 train has sleeping car to New York. Daily except Sunday.

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Well Satisfied with

Ayer's Hair Vigor.

"Nearly forty years ago, after some weeks of sickness, my hair turned gray. I began using Ayer's Hair Vigor, and was so well satisfied with the results that I have never tried any other kind of dressing. It required only an occasional application of

AYER'S

Hair Vigor to keep my hair of good color, to remove dandruff, to heal itching humors, and prevent the hair from falling out. I never hesitate to recommend Ayer's medicine to my friends."—Mrs. H. M. HAYNE, Avoca, Nebr.



AYER'S

Hair Vigor

Suggested by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

See Ayer's Remedy for the Face.

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Publisher
PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN.

If the glamor and glitter could be taken out of sin, the devil's right arm would be cut off close to the shoulder.


The bicycle had to be suppressed in China 3,800 years before the Christian era, it is alleged, because the oriental ladies spent too much of their time on it. The feet of the Chinese ladies then must have been much larger and less deformed than now. Possibly it was decreed that their feet should be cramped in order to prevent any revival of the wheel craze.

Beggardweed seems to be rivaling cow peas in the south as a fertilizing crop. It also makes a good hay. In Virginia it is cut when about three feet high and thoroughly cured. After mowing it makes a second crop, matures its seed and is good pasture until it succumbs to frost. Turned under when plowing, it makes an excellent fertilizer, one man writing, in an exchange that with no other fertilizer he had increased his corn crop from ten bushels to thirty bushels per acre.

A Mexico City telegram says: "A company has been incorporated here with a million dollars capital, the larger part of the shares being taken by Pearson & Son, English contractors having in hand the building of the valley of Mexico and the port works at Vera Cruz, with a fair Mexican shareholders. The new company will be known as the Mexican Land, Navigation and Railway Company. The first object of the company is to build a railway from some suitable point on the National Tehuantepec Railroad to a desirable point in the state of Vera Cruz. The government gives a subsidy of over 8,000 acres of public lands per kilometer of railway constructed. Of some 400,000 acres of land thus acquired the company will settle Europeans and other colonists. Among other plans of the company is to acquire railways in the southern part of Vera Cruz, and also the building of new lines. Part of the main railway line has already been located, and construction will begin in two months.

Many office-holders can repeat glibly the aphorism that "a public office is a public trust," but a New Jersey county collector has proved the sincerity of his convictions in a very unusual way. Four years ago the New Jersey legislature passed a law authorizing collectors to retain two per cent of their collections as compensation. Under this law the official in question is entitled to nearly forty thousand dollars a year. But he has always refused to take more than his yearly salary of forty-five hundred dollars, on the ground that the law permitted a robbery from the people from which he was not willing to derive any personal benefit. He will not die a rich man, but he has what is more to be desired than wealth, the respect and confidence of his neighbors. His example of official unselfishness and integrity is worth more in its uplifting moral effect upon the community, than if as a mere money-getting citizen he had given a lifetime to the successful accumulation of moderate or even immoderate wealth.

**BENEDICTION FOR DOCTORS
LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.**



T this season of the year, when medical colleges of all schools of medicine are giving diplomas to young doctors, and at the capital each in many of the cities medical associations are assembling to consult

In my text is King Aza with the gout. High living and no exercise have vitiated his blood, and my text presents him with his inflamed and bandaged feet on an ottoman. In defiance of God, whom he hated, he sends for certain conjurers or quacks. They come and give him all sorts of lotions and panaceas. They bleed him. They sweat him. They manipulate him. They blister him. They poultice him. They scarify him. They drug him. They cut him. They kill him. He was only a young man, and had a disease which, though very painful, seldom proves fatal to a young man, and he ought to have got well; but he fell a victim to charlatantry and empiricism. "And Aza, in the thirty and ninth year of his reign was diseased in his feet, until his disease was exceeding great; yet in his disease he sought not to the Lord, but to the physicians." And Aza slept with his fathers." That is, the doctors killed him. . . .

Men of the medical profession we often meet in the home of distress. We shake hands across the cradle of agonized infancy. We join each other in an attempt at solace where the heroism of grief demands an anodyne as well as a prayer. We look into each other's sympathetic faces through the dusk, as the light of death is falling in the sick room. We do not have to climb over any barrier today in order to greet each other, for our professions are in full sympathy. You, doctor, are our first and last earthly friend. You stand at the gates of life when we enter this world, and you stand at the gates of death when we go out of it. In the closing moments of our earthly existence when the hand of the wife, or mother, or sister, or daughter, will hold our right hand, you will give strength to our dying moments if we can feel the tips of your fingers along the pulse of our left wrist. We do not meet today, as on other days, in houses of distress, but by the pleasant stairs of God, and I propose a sermon of helpfulness and good cheer. As in the nursery children sometimes re-enact all the scenes of the sick room, so today you play that you are the patient and that I am the physician, and take my prescription just once. It shall be a tonic, a sedative, a dietetic, a disinfectant, a stimulus, and an anodyne at the same time. "Is there not harm in Gil-ead? Is there not a physician there?"

In the first place, I think all the medical profession should become Christians because of the debt of gratitude they owe to God for the honor he has put upon their calling. No other calling in all the world, except it be that of the Christian ministry, has received so great an honor as yours. Christ himself was not only preacher, but physician, surgeon, aurist, ophthalmologist, and under his mighty power optic and auditory nerve thrilled with light and sound, and catalepsy arose from its fit, and the club foot was straightened, and anæmia went out of the stiffened tendons, and the foaming maniac became placid as a child, and the streets of Jerusalem became an etherealized hospital crowded with convalescent victims of casualty and invalidism. All ages have woven the garland for the doctor's brow. Homer said:

A wise physician, skilled our wounds
to heal,
Is more than armies to the public weal.
Cicero said: "There is nothing in
which men so approach the gods as
when they try to give health to other
men." Charles IX made proclamation
that all the Presidents of France
should be put to death on St. Bartho-
lomew's day, but made one exception,
and that the case of Pare, the father of
French surgery. The battlefields of the
American revolution welcomed Dr.
Morse and Warren and Rush. When
the French army was entirely demoral-
ized at fear of the plague, the leading
surgeon of that army inoculated him-
self with the plague to show the sol-
diers that there was no contagion in it;
and their courage rose, and they went
on to the conflict. God has honored
this protection all the way through.
Oh, the advancement from the days
when Hippocrates tried to cure the
great Pericles with belladonna and
sucked poultices down to far later cen-
turies when Haller announced his the-
ory.

ory of respiration, and Harvey the circulation of the blood, and Ascoli the use of the lymphatic vessels, and Jenner balked the worst disease that ever scourged Europe, and Sydenham developed the recuperative forces of the physical organism, and cinchona overstepped the shivering agony of the world, and Sir Astley Cooper and Abernethy, and Hoesack, and Romeyn, and Griscom, and Valentine Mott of the generation just passed, honored God and fought back death with their viceroy scalpels.

If we, who are laymen in medicine, would understand what the medical profession has accomplished for the insane, let us look into the dungeons where the poor creatures used to be incarcerated: madmen chained naked to the wall. A kennel of rotten straw their only sleeping place. Room unventilated and unlighted. The worst calamity of the race punished with the very worst punishment. And then come and look at the insane asylums of Utica and Kirkbride—sofated and picture-librariated, concerted, until all the arts and the adornments come to cast a regal tinge on to assume her throne. Look at Edward Jenner, the great hero of medicine. Four hundred thousand people annually dying in Europe from the smallpox, Jenner finds that by the inoculation of people with vaccine from a cow the great scourge of nations may be arrested. The ministers of the Gospel denounced vaccination; smallpox caricatured Edward Jenner as riding in a great procession on the back of a cow; and grave men expressed it as their opinion that all of the diseases of the brute creation would be transplanted into the human family; and they gave instances where, they said, actually horns had come out on the foreheads of innocent persons, and people had begun to chew the cud. But Dr. Jenner, the hero of medicine, went on fighting for vaccination until it has been estimated that that one doctor, in fifty years, has saved more lives than all the battles of any one century destroyed.

Passing along the streets of Edinburgh a few weeks after the death of Sir James Y. Simpson, I saw the photograph of the doctor in all the windows of the shops and stores, and well might that photograph be put in every window, for he first used chloroform as an anæsthetic agent. In other days they tried to dull human pain by the hashish of the Arabs and the madrepore of the Roman and the Greek; but it was left to Dr. James Simpson to introduce chloroform as an anæsthetic. Alas for the writhing subjects of surgery in other centuries! Blessed be God for the wet sponge or vial in the hand of the operating surgeon in the clinical department of the medical college, or in the sick room of the domestic circle, or on the battle field amid thousands of amputations. Napoleon after a battle rode along the line and saw under a tree, standing in the snow, Larrey the surgeon operating upon the wounded. Napoleon passed on, and twenty-four hours afterward came along the same place, and he saw the same surgeon operating in the same place, and he had not left it. Alas for the battlefields without chloroform. But now the soldier ~~has~~ takes a few breaths from the sponge and forgets all the pangs of the gunshot fracture, and while the surgeons of the field hospital are standing around him, he lies there dreaming of home, and mother, and heaven. No more parents standing around a suffering child, struggling to get away from the sharp instrument, but mild slumber instead of excruciation, and the child wakes up, and says, "Father, what's the matter? What's the doctor here today for?" Oh, blessed be God for James Y. Simpson and the heaven descending mercies of chloroform.

The medical profession steps into the court room, and, after conflicting witnessages have left everything in a fog, by chemical analyses shows the guilt or innocence of the prisoner, as by mathematic demonstration, thus adding horrors to medical jurisprudence. "It seems to me that the most beautiful benediction of the medical profession has been dropped upon the poor. No excuse, now for any one's not having scientific attendance. Dispensaries and infirmaries everywhere under the control of the best doctors, some of them poorly paid, some of them not paid at all. A half-starved woman comes out from the low tenement house into the dispensary, and arranges the rag from her back, a bundle of ulcers, and rheum, and pustules, and over that little sufferer bends the accumulated wisdom of the ages, from Euphrates down to last week's astropy. In one dispensary, in one year, one hundred and fifty thousand prescriptions were issued. Why do I show you what God has allowed this profession to do? Is it to stir up your vanity? Oh, no. The day has gone by for pompous doctors, with conspicuous gold-headed canes, and powdered wigs, which were the accompaniments in the days when the barber used to carry through the streets of London Dr. Brookesley's wig, to the admiration and awe of the people, saying: "Make way! here comes Dr. Brookesley's wig." No, I announce these things not only

to increase the appreciation of ~~my~~ me in regard to the work of physicians, but to stir in the mind of each of the medical profession a feeling of gratitude to God that they have been allowed to put their hand to such a magnificent work, and that they have been called into such glorious demand. Have you not the spirit of gratitude for this country? Do you not feel thankful now, when I am a student doctor, you are not a Christian, that the old proverb, which Christ quoted in his sermon may be appropriate to you: "Physician, heal thyself."

There are many who always blame the doctor because the people die, for getting the Divine enactment: "It is appointed unto all men once to die." The father in medicine who announced the fact that he had discovered the art by which to make men in this world immortal, himself died at forty-seven years of age, showing that immortality was less than half a century for him. Oh, how easy it is when people die, to cry out: "Malpractice." Then the physician marches with all the whilms, and the sophistries, and the deceptions, and the stratagems, and the irritations of the shattered nerves, and the beclouded brain of women, and more especially of men, who never know how gracefully to be sick, and who with their salivated mouth curse the doctor, giving him his dues, as they say—about the only dues he will in that case collect. The last bill that is paid is the doctor's bill. It seems so incoherent for a restored patient, with ruddy cheeks and round form, to be bothered with a bill charging him for old calomel and jalap. The physicians of this country do more missionary work without charge than all the other professions put together. From the concert room, from the merry party, from the comfortable couch on a cold night, when the thermometer is five degrees below zero, the doctor must go right away; he always must go right away. To keep up under this nervous strain, to go through this night-work, to bear all these annoyances, many physicians have resorted to strong drink and perished. Others have appealed to God for sympathy and help, and have lived. Which were the wise doctors, judge ye?

I do not mean to say that piety will make up for medical skill. A bungling doctor, confounded with what was not a very bad case, went into the next room to pray. A skilled physician was called in. He asked for the first practitioner. "Oh," they said, "he's in the next room praying." "Well," said the skilled doctor, "tell him to come out here and help; he can pray and work at the same time." It was all in that sentence. Do the best we can, and ask God to help us. There are no two men in all the world, it seems to me, that so much need the grace of God as the minister who doctors the sick soul, and the physician who prescribes for the diseased body.

But I must close, for there may be suffering men and women waiting in your office, or on the hot pillow, wondering why you don't come. But before you go, O doctors, hear my prayer for your eternal salvation. Blessed will be the reward in heaven for the faithful Christian physician. Some day, through overwork, or from bending over a patient and catching his contagious breath, the doctor comes home, and lies down faint and sick. He is too weary to feel his own pulse or take the diagnosis of his own complaint. He is worn out. The fact is his work on earth is ended. Tell those people in the office there they need not wait any longer; the doctor will never go there again. He has written his last prescription for the alleviation of human pain. The people will run up to his front steps and inquire: "How is the doctor today?" All the sympathies of the neighborhood will be aroused, and there will be many prayers that he who has been so kind to the sick may be comforted in his last pang. It is all over now. In two or three days his convalescent patients, with shawls wrapped around them, will come to the front window and look out on the passing hordes; and the poor of the city, bare-footed, and bare-headed, will stand on the street corners, saying: "Oh, how good he was to us all!" But on the other side of the river of death some of his old patients, who are forever cured, will come to welcome him, and the Physician of heaven, with locks as white as snow, according to the Apocalyptic vision, will come out and say, "Come in, come in. I was sick and ye visited me!"

The Light of the World.
As the best light in the world is the warm light of the sun, so the best illumination of life is not from the specious beams of human speculation, but from the love of God. That love, like the sun, opens the universe, turns even clouds into glory, and lifts death itself to a mount of transfiguration.

The torpedo fish sometimes weighs eighty pounds, and a single shock from this fish will kill the strongest man.

...the
... ..
... ..

Hood's Sarsaparilla
In the Blood—It's Not the Only True Blood Purifier.

Though ambushes have passed and
Along with things of bygone date,

It is a fact that even today
The fisherman doth lie in wait.
Some people can neither sit hand nor
without making it clear they are thin
of themselves and laying little traps in
probation.
The man has a hand placed where
much religious work on hand he never
time to pray in secret.
Little Girl (to her mamma) - What
dead letter please? Mamma - One that
been given to your father to post.
The unmitigated mischief of tools is in-
vading and formidable.

A GOOD THING

For Women to Remem

That in addressing Mrs. Pinkham the communicating with a woman—a woman whose experience in treating women's greater than that of any living female male or female.

A woman can talk freely to a woman; it is revolting to relate her private troubles to a man—besides, a man does not understand—simply because he is a man. A woman can talk in confidence, in safety, and along from bad to worse, knowing full that they should have immediate assistance, but a natural modesty impels them to keep from exposing themselves, to the great and probable examinations of even a family physician. It is unnecessary, and money or price they can consult a woman whose knowledge from actual experience is greater than any local physician living.

The following invitation is freely open to all who accept it the same spirit:

Women suffering from any form of female weakness are invited to freely communicate with Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass. Letters are received, opened, read, answered by women only, thus has been secured an absolute confidence between Mrs. Pinkham and the women of America has never been broken and has induced more than 100,000 sufferers to write her freely during the last four months. Out of these letters, the following are picked and drawn from, (it is more than possible that has gained the very knowledge that will cure your case. She asks nothing in return except your good-will, and her address is believed thousands. Surely any woman who has been afflicted with any of the above named troubles, will not be at a disadvantage to this generous offer of assistance. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

The outer layers of the alligator's skin said to contain a percentage of silica; the hardness of the hide.

Everybody Says
That the Wines and Brandy of the
N. J. Wine Co., Passaic, N. J., are leader
others in public favor. Their Brandy
unexcelled for the delicacy of flavor, and
promoted by the most successful of
the very best in the market. While their
Old Port and Undermountain Grape Juice
superior to all others for the sick and
Communion Table. For pure grape Br
their Old Climax, vintage 1885, is said
the best to be had. Vineyard and cell
Passaic, N. J.

There are some parents to whom children never arrive at an age of responsibility.

Endorsement of Speer's Wine by
Faculty of N. Y.
The Committee of Physicians request
examine into the merits of the wines of
fred Speer, report these wines strictly
acceptable in flavor, palatable and
body. Dr. Cyrus Edson, of New York
of Health, says there is no better wine
world.

Modesty is not ordinarily the handmaid of genius.
Second nature is sometimes stronger than the first.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.
Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes
men strong, blood pure. 50c. W. All drug

Contentment is the triumph of mind
matter.
There is nothing in some pedigrees of
length.
Politeness costs little and yields much.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN. made of pure grains, to take the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress and has few or no ill effects. It does not cost as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. It costs and is as good as coffee. Try it. Ask for GRAIN.

Try Grain-Oil

[illegible]



PLAINFIELD.

Whereas:—It has pleased the all wise Creator to remove from our midst the worthy Sir Knight and Brother A. A. Wilson be it therefore

Resolved:—That we the members of the Plainfield Tent No. 669 K. O. T. M. extend to the wife and children our deepest sympathies.

E. L. TOPPINE, P. Com.
E. N. BRALEY, Com.
F. M. VANSYCKEL, R. K.

CHAPEL ITEMS.

A. E. Foster, wife and son visited friends at Holly and Detroit last week.

An ice cream social will be held at the Chapel on Friday evening June 18 and all are invited.

Frank Coleman closes a very successful term of school on Friday June 18 at the Wright's school house.

A June party was given Miss Emma Pecott at her home at D. Wright's last Saturday evening. There were present guests from South Lyon, North Lake, Plainfield and other places. The evening was passed very pleasantly with music and games.

PETTEYSVILLE.

Tommie Shehan of the Ypsilanti high school is home for the vacation.

Tom Flintoff started today for Toledo to deliver ice for George Schuler.

F. G. Jackson of Pinckney was the guest of friends near here last Sunday.

Mike Bird of Iosco will help Will McQuillan through haying and harvest.

About 35 members of the Mite society took tea with Mrs. Fred Jarvis last Wednesday.

Miss Tressa Melvin closed a very successful term of school in the Cady district last Friday.

Children's day exercises were largely attended at the church last Sunday the church was handsomely decorated and a fine program was rendered.

Last Saturday as George Sweeney accompanied by Mrs. Case and her grandchild were driving just west of town, the horse became frightened at some rubbish by the side of the road and overturned the buggy throwing the occupants out and injuring Mr. Sweeney quite bad.

ANDERSON.

Mrs. John Birnie is quite sick. Jas. Marble and wife spent Sunday in Pinckney.

F. A. Daniels of Gregory shipped a car load of hay the first of the week.

David Taylor went to Owosso Wednesday to attend the wedding of a friend.

Thany and Nora Durkee spent a few days the past week with Gregory friends.

Frank Rugg of Howell called on Anderson friends the latter part of the week.

Miss Josie Baluss visited her uncle J. E. Durkee and family a few days last week.

Miss Lettie Wylie, who is teaching school at Hudson was the guest of her parents Sunday.

Michael Roche closed a very successful term of school at Parker's Corners on Friday last.

A number from this place attended the surprise party at Emma Peacock's on Saturday night.

F. G. Randall closed his fourth term of school in District No. 9 on Friday last with a picnic at Schoolist lake.

Additional Local.

Do not forget the Loyal Guard "special" meeting on Friday evening of this week.

The Juniors, of the Pinckney High school, tend the Senior class a reception, Saturday evening, at the home of Wm. A. Sprout.

The funeral of Daniel Sackett was held at Dexter on Tuesday of this week. Mr. Sackett was well known in this place having done much carpenter work here.

A great many from here attended the children's day exercises at the N. Hamburg church last Sunday p. m. The church was finely decorated and the exercises were fine.

An extensive experiment is being made on the Michigan Agricultural farm of utility of the low pea as a soil renovator. Its use is quite general in the south for this purpose and it is hoped to be found useful in the north.

Pinckney is talking of celebrating the July 3, and are trying to have the Stockbridge and Chelsea base ball teams meet there and play a game in the afternoon—Stockbridge Brief. Where did you get your news, Bro. Morgan? We have not heard of such a thing.

Depression of Spirits

so common in summer-time, accompanied by loss of energy, lack of thought-power, means a deficient supply of nourishment. The vital force is lost. It isn't a question of muscle and sinew, but of resistance and endurance. At any age, but especially in youth, it involves the risk of lung disease. Loss of flesh and a cough are threatening signs.

Scott's Emulsion

of Cod-liver Oil, with the hypophosphites, meets these cases perfectly. It tones up, fattens and strengthens.

In Scott's Emulsion the taste of the oil is fully disguised, making it almost as palatable as milk.

For sale at 50c. and \$1.00 by all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Mfg. Chemists, New York

The exercises at the M. E. church Sunday morning were excellent and the church was finely decorated. A large audience was present.

Phiz! Bang!! The glorious fourth is nearly here. Several towns are talking of celebrating the 5th as the fourth comes on Sunday but Fowler will celebrate the 3rd so as to—Well, the 3rd is not the legal holiday, don't oher know (?)

For some reason many of our subscribers have been missing their paper for the past few weeks. We would be glad if such would report to us personally. We intend to deal fairly with everyone and will be only too glad to look the matter up if notified.

Time servers exist in every line of business and perfunctory service is a bane to any office which aims to do good work. The man who is always ready to start out at the stroke of the hour or who dwades and impatiently awaits the moment when he can get off from his desk or work is not performing his duty to his employer. Faithful preformance of duty can not be expected from men who are ever ready to do the least for the wages which they earn.

LOOK HERE.

The social announced on page 1; to be held at the opera house on Saturday evening, has been postponed and will be announced later. Do not forget this.

Notice.

All members of the Pinckney Driving club are requested to pay in their subscription immediately to the treasurer as money is needed.

Notice.

The Pinckney mill has been re-opened. Wheat, corn and oats wanted. Highest cash price paid.

Like a Bird.

Smith—You told me your friend sang like a bird. I think he has a horribly hoarse voice. How can you say it is like a bird?

Jones—Well, the bird I meant was a crow.—Judy.

Mr. Isaac Horner, proprietor of Burton House, Burton, W. Va., and one of the most widely known men in the state was cured of rheumatism after three years of suffering. He says: "I have not sufficient command of language to convey any idea of what I suffered, my physicians told me that nothing could be done for me and my friends were fully convinced that nothing but death could relieve me of my suffering. In June, 1894 Mr. Evans, then salesman for the Wheeling Drug Co., recommended Chamberlaine Pain Balm. At this time my foot and limb were swollen to more than double their normal size and it seemed to me my leg would burst, but soon after I began using the Pain Balm, the swelling began to decrease, the pain to leave, and now I consider that I am entirely cured. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

MORTGAGE SALE.

Default having been made in the condition of a certain mortgage (whereby the power of sale therein contained to sell has become operative) made by Michael Lavey and Jennie Lavey, his wife of the township of Dexter, Washtenaw county, Michigan to William Clark of the place aforesaid and dated March 10, 1887 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the county of Livingston state of Michigan on the 21st day of March 1887 in Liber 59 of mortgages on page 166 thereof, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of four hundred and fifty-one dollars and sixty-eight cents (\$451.68) and no suit or proceedings at law or in equity having been commenced to recover the debt secured by said mortgage or any part thereof. Therefore notice is hereby given that on Friday the 16th day of July A. D. 1897 at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the west front door of the court house in the village of Howell in said county (that being the place of holding the circuit court for the county in which the mortgaged premises are situated) the said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale at public vendue to the highest bidder of the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage with interest and legal costs, that is to say: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situate in the village of Pinckney, Livingston county, Michigan and described as follows to wit: Lots four (4) and five (5) in Block four (4) according to a plat and survey of said village as recorded in the office of Register of Deeds of said Livingston county.

Dated Howell April 19 A. D. 1897.
WILLIAM CLARK,
Mortgagee.
Eugene A. Howe, Attorney for Mortgagee.

NICARAGUA MAHOGANY.

For Every Two Out Two Others Are Planted

It will undoubtedly be news to many that the vast mahogany forests of Nicaragua are controlled in Boston, says the Boston Transcript. The cutting and shipping of the immense exports from that country is a great enterprise in itself, to say nothing of bringing it here and manufacturing it into lumber. One steamer plies regularly between Boston and Central America engaged in this trade. At present she is on her way out from Boston. From 500,000 to 700,000 feet is her usual cargo. While the steamer is now on her way to the lumber ports there are somewhere on the seas, bound to Boston, four schooners laden with mahogany logs. Their cargoes are about 250,000 to 300,000 feet apiece. Employed in Nicaragua and the United States of Colombia by Mr. Emory are from 1,000 to 1,500 native workmen and lumbermen. These are under American bosses. The trees from which mahogany furniture is made vary in age and size. When cut they range in age from 25 to 30 years and some of them are even 75 years old. They average twenty-five inches or more in diameter and run as large as forty inches and even more. For every mahogany tree that is cut two others are planted; and thus the forests are practically inexhaustible. From the time that the tree is felled to the hour that it is dumped off the steamer at the Chelsea docks is an eventful life for the mahogany log. The tree is cut into the proper lengths and then comes the tedious journey to the coast, where it is taken on board the vessels bound for this port. The greater part of the cutting is done during the dry season, which in the United States of Colombia begins about the 1st of December. The natives of that country seem to make better loggers and are better adapted to lumbering than the Nicaraguans. In Nicaragua the season is more irregular and for lumbering is less to be depended upon. After the tree is cut it is hauled to the nearest waterway and rafted to the coast. The logs are hauled by teams of oxen from one to six miles in Nicaragua, but often the distance is very much greater, the journey sometimes taking two days. The roads consist of paths through the forests that are nothing more than swamps and morasses, through which the oxen and horses flounder along. Only animals trained to this kind of work would ever make any progress and American beasts would wallow about perfectly helpless.

How Needles Are Made.

Needles are all made by machinery. The piece of mechanism by which the needle is manufactured takes the rough steel wire, cuts it into proper lengths, files the point, flattens the head, pierces the eye, then sharpens the tang instrument and gives it that polish familiar to the purchaser. There is, also, a machine by which needles are counted and placed in the papers in which they are sold, these being afterward sealed by the same contrivance.

For Art's Sake.

"Did you not know," asked the owner, "that such a poor copy of a genuine note would surely be detected?" The counterfeiter tossed his head back from his blue-veined brow. "I sought," he haughtily answered, "an artistic rather than a financial success."—Larks.

So It Does.

Diawiddle—"Much more care is required in building a house with large windows than is necessary in building a house with small windows." Van Braam—"Now's that?" Diawiddle—"It takes great pains."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

He's a Little Fellow.

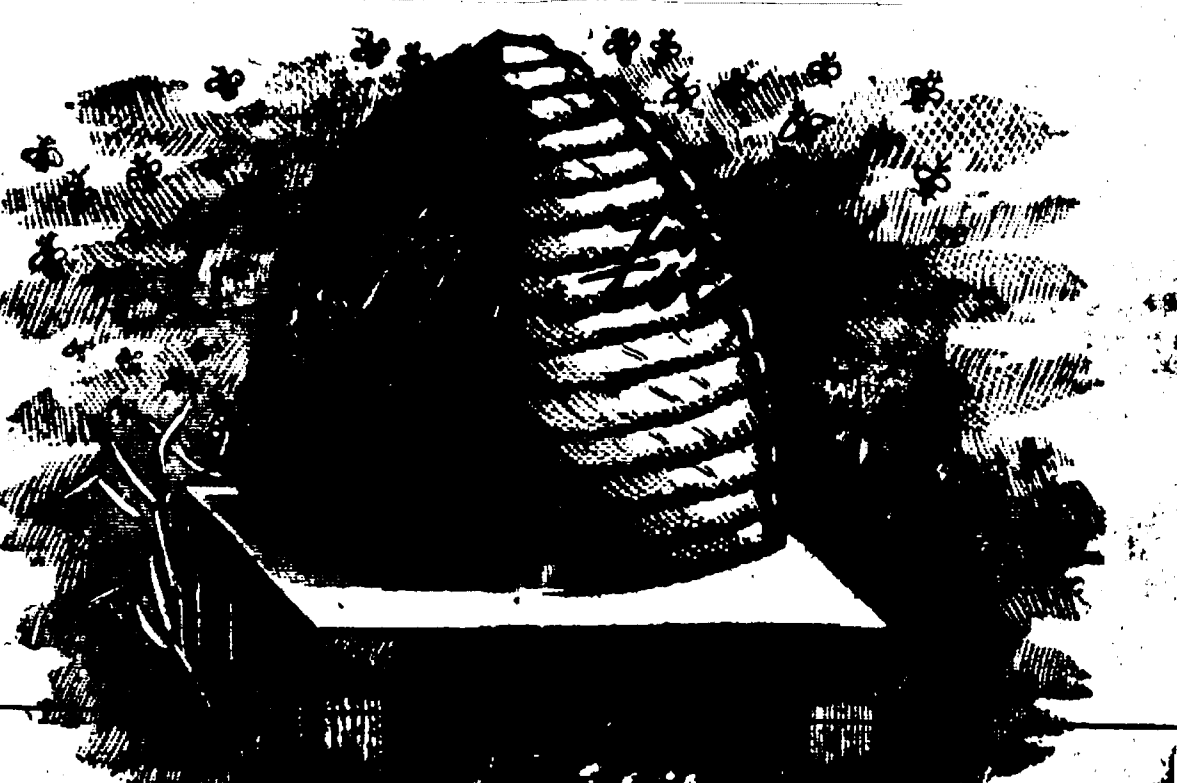
A baby that weighs but eight pounds at the age of 18 months, which is a pound and a half less than it weighed when born, is the center of gossip in the little town of Danbury, N. H.

No Danger.

Doctor—"You won't forget your medicine?" Patient—"Can't, doctor. It's too disagreeable to forget."—Twinkles.

WEAK MEN MADE VIGOROUS.

WIN PEPPER'S NERVON OIL!
It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men regain lost manhood; old men recover youthful vigor. Absolutely guaranteed to cure Nervousness, Loss of Energy, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Loss of Sleep, either sex. Falling Memory, Watery Eyes, Headache and all effects of self abuse or excessive indulgence. Wards off insanity and consumption. Do not let druggists impose a worthless substitute on you because it is a great remedy. Insist on having PEPPER'S NERVON OIL, or send for it. Can be carried in vest pocket. Free trial plan. Write for it. 50c per box, or 3 for \$1.50 with a Positive Written Guarantee to Cure or Refund. Address: PEPPER MEDICAL, 429 N. Chicago, Ill.
Sold by F. A. Sigler.



Getting time for the

Weather to catch up with the Almanac

Getting time to

Shed the Heavy Underwear

At Field's we are ready for you on seasonable.

Underwear and Hosiery.

Men's 50c Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers. Never were better for the price. Men's Balbriggan Knee Bicycle Drawers, double-seated, \$1.25. German Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers \$1.00 each. Men's and Boy's Laundered Shirts with fancy bosoms and detached cuffs to match. Excellent trade for you at 50c.

HERE'S A TRADE FOR YOU:

We have about seventy Spring and Fall Jackets of last season's stock—just right for Driving and Bicycling. You can have them as follows:

Eleven garments, \$5 qualities, your choice \$1.98. Eighteen garments, \$6 to \$9, your choice \$2.98. Forty-five garments, up to \$12 goods, your choice \$3.98. Fourteen garments, up to \$15, your choice \$5.98. At these prices these Garments will go quickly. Come in before the best of them are gone. Do not forget to come to Jackson to the CITIZEN'S LEGAL celebration July 5.

Yours Respectfully,

L. H. FIELD.