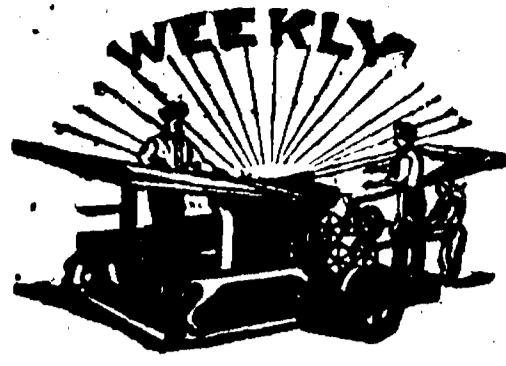


# Pinckney Dispatch.



VOL. XVI.

PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1898.

No. 23

## PINCKNEY, MICH.,

### A Bright and Progressive Little Village.

This pretty little village has nearly 600 population, and is situated on the M. A. L. of the Grand Trunk Ry. It is in Livingston county and 50 miles from Detroit. It is a fine place for new industries to locate.

This locality is in many respects to be congratulated. In some places business interests are so inferior that little can be said. Here it is not necessary to unwrap the ceremonies enclosing the dead past, as if to galvanize a corpse into life. Here there is a substantial record of progress. As a farmer's headquarters the place has become favorably known for its drawing trade for many miles around. It is a point where farmers enjoy many advantages in dealing.

There are so many facts brought forward—so many points to be illustrated, that to do the theme full and ample justice the scribbler must be more than human, scarcely less than divine, but this is a meritorious place. Only a person who has lived here long can appreciate fully the fine social features and advantages pertaining to this as a place of residence. Its numerous advantages, and churches, superior schools, etc. Here reside an intelligent and educated population, including the descendants of many hardy pioneers.

Right here we want to emphasize what preceded can follow. We want to call the attention of capitalists and others to the fact that it is a suitable, a natural and a desirable location for the investments of money in productive enterprises.

PINCKNEY EXCHANGE BANK,  
G. W. TEEPLE, PROP.,  
ranks high as a solid and time honored financial institution. It does a general banking business, negotiate

loans, receives deposits, deals in drafts letters of credit on foreign ports, bills of exchange, etc., deals in commercial obligations, makes collections etc. This is a bank which has safely and surely aided the progress of this place.

W. E. MURPHY,  
DEALER IN FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES, NOTIONS, ETC.

By careful examination of the commercial facilities enjoyed by this place we find that among its contemporaries this house ranks as one of the most important. This distinction is accorded, not only from the fact that it is one of the most reliable of its kind in this section; but in the magnitude of its operations and the enterprise of its business policy, it may be regarded as occupying an eminent position and exerting marked influence on the trade. All goods are displayed in great variety and represents the best lines in the market, and are sold at prices which always please its patrons.

FRANK A. SIGLER,  
Dealer in drugs, medicines, notions, etc. This store is ably managed by Mr. Sigler, who is a proficient pharmacist. Everybody can obtain here pure drugs, medicines, chemicals, pharmaceutical preparations, drug-gist sundries, notions, showcase novelties, cigars and tobaccos of superior brands. It is, at all times, an establishment where accuracy and correct dealing are combined with liberal prices. When in want of anything in this line call on this popular dealer. He has all the new 1898 designs in fine wall paper at bargains. This store is among the best and we can say without fear of contradiction, that one of the largest stocks, finest goods  
Concluded on Page 5.

### Local Dispatches.

Lloyd Teeple was home this week for a short visit.

Miss Blanche Graham is still under the doctor's care.

Mont Nowlan moved his family to Jackson this week.

Mrs. Orla Jackson is visiting friends in Detroit this week.

Miss Lucy Mann and Mrs. Myron Mills were in Jackson Monday.

Chas. Love and family spent Memorial Day with Howell friends.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Mapes of Plainfield spent Thursday at Chas. Love's.

Mrs. H. F. Sigler is spending the week with friends in Pontiac and Detroit.

The carpenters have begun work on the barn and residence for Miss Lizzie Campbell.

Don't forget to attend the Field Day sports at the race course on Saturday afternoon of this week.

The Congregational church of this place are preparing to celebrate their 50th anniversary on Friday, June 24.

Mrs. F. A. Sigler and Chas. Campbell went this week as delegates to the Maccabee biennial meeting held in Detroit.

The hay crop in the streets of the village is excellent again this year. Several ton could be secured on the sides of the various streets.

Wm. Thompson of this place and Mrs. Sarah Funcheon of Flint were married last week and are now settled in his home north of this village.

The new residences in this village are being pushed early and late, the sound of the carpenter's hammer being heard from 5 a. m. until dark.

Teeple & Cadwell sold over \$300 worth of hardware, buggies, and implements on Saturday last. Their sales this year are better than ever before.

The Dexter band made some excellent music in this village on Saturday last, and wound up by going into the telephone office and playing for Jackson parties over the "phone."

Mrs. C. W. Kirtland, of Napoleon, and Mrs. Myron Mills, of Maryville, returned to their homes this week after spending several weeks with their mother and other friends at this place.

The graduating class of the Pinckney High School will hold their commencement exercises in the opera house Wednesday evening, June 22. Promotional exercises will be held in the school house on Thursday afternoon of the day following and on Thursday evening, June 23, the Juniors of the P. H. S. will tender a reception to the Seniors at the opera house.

Henry Rohrgass, after a long and painful illness caused by a cancer on the brain, died Saturday, June 4, aged 44 years. Mr. Rohrgass was a highly respected citizen of Hamburg township. He leaves a wife and two children to mourn. Funeral was held at the home Monday, June 6, at 2 p. m. The Maccabees of this place attended the funeral as he was one of the loyal members.

### Bee Supplies.

I have constantly on hand a full line of Bee Supplies, Hives, Sections, Traps, Smokers, Etc., at lowest prices.  
G. A. SIGLER.

All persons interested in the organization of a base base team at this place this year are requested to meet at the town hall on Friday evening of this week.

The society of Church Workers will serve their monthly tea at the home of Mrs. Edgar Thompson next Wednesday, June 15, from five until all are served. All will be made welcome.

## We Are After YOU.

Our goods are as cheap as Honest Weight, Honest Goods, and Honest Measures can be sold.

### WALL PAPER BUYERS

ARE FINDING

NEW GOODS,

LARGE ASSORTMENTS,

LOW PRICES,

AT THE

CORNER DRUG STORE.

Pure Spices

AND

Pure Extracts

always on hand.

CHOICEST

Teas and Coffees

A SPECIALTY

New

1898 GOODS  
1898 PRICES  
1898 STYLES  
1898 BARGAINS

Cracker Jars,

Pickle Jars,

Tea Sets,

Cake Baskets,

Berry Stands,

Fruit Stands,

Dessert Spoons

Etc., Etc.

EXCISE ESSENCES

of all kinds

BY THE BEST AUTHORS.

HEADQUARTERS for

Compounding

Perscriptions.

## F. A. SIGLER,

PINCKNEY, MICH.

## We can sell You your

Tinware,  
Paints,  
Road Carts,  
Spades,  
Binders,  
Buggies,  
Brushes,  
Stoves,  
Bicycles,  
Whips,  
Twine,  
Oil,

Cutlery,  
Hoes,  
Barbed Wire,  
Plow points,  
Rakes,  
Flour,  
Wood,  
Coal,  
Surreys,  
Nails,  
Lime,  
Mowers.

Respectfully Yours,

TEEPLE & CADWELL.



Wanamaker & Brown's Clothing is everywhere noted for superiority in STYLE, WORKMANSHIP and QUALITY of CLOTH. Customers say, it wears best, pleases most, and costs least. I carry the largest and most elegant line of samples in the STATE from which all may select Men's and Boy's Suits, Ladies Tailor-Made Suits, Jackets and Skirts,

Gent's Furnishing Goods and everything you need in the Clothing line, at LOWEST PRICES for quality of goods. Satisfaction guaranteed in ALL CASES. I desire your patronage and it shall be my earnest endeavor to please you.

K. H. CRANE, Agent.

Get Your

Stationery Printed

At The

Dispatch Office.

## Special For One Week.

All Lappet Mulls 11c. per yd.

All thin black goods 11c. "

All Percales 10c. "

A lot of men's gauze drawers 19c. per pr.

50 pr. Ladies' Shoes, sizes 2½ to 4½, former price \$2.50 for \$1.49

Men's Plow Shoes \$1.15

## Special for Saturday June 11:

10 bars Lennox Soap 25c.  
1 box Toilet Soap 9c.  
1 lb. of the finest cheese you ever ate 11c.

We contemplate a radical change in our business and this compels us to close all accounts as rapidly as possible. Between now and August 1, we shall call upon all persons indebted to us to settle, either by cash payment or bankable notes. We positively cannot open any new accounts after this date.

Feb. 17, 1898.

Barnard & Campbell.





**Interesting Items.**

Chelsea has a daughter of a revolutionary soldier in the person of Mrs. O. Thatcher, her father enlisting when he was but 16 years of age—Standard.

A civil service sticker—A young lady entered the Lansing post-office and laid down one dollar. Said she "Give me a dollar's worth of stamps. I want twice as many twos as ones and the rest in threes." The stamp clerk is figuring yet.

There is a new song going the rounds of the newspapers and it runneth in this wise: "We don't want to buy at your store, we don't trade there any more; you'll be sorry when you see us going to some other store. You can't sell us any stale goods, we have opened up our eyes; we don't want to trade at your store, 'cause you do not advertise."

The journey of the Oregon around "The Horn" from San Francisco, while made with perfect success, emphasizes the necessity of a Panama canal. It took the noble ship over 60 days to make a trip which could easily have been done through a canal in 14 days. The extra expense of going around would have helped considerably in building the canal.

The latest fake and swindle perpetrated in the vicinity of Niles is entirely up to date. It is said that a pair of smooth sharpers approached several well-to-do farmers and notified them that they had been drafted to go to war and must put a certain amount or go to the state capital at once. The game worked like a charm and the fakers secured sums from each of them.—State Republican.

Much sham is felt by the fruit growers in several sections of the state over the prevalence of the new pest, "curl leaf" and it is feared that the whole of the promised big crop will be a failure. The disease is said to have attacked thousands of trees seriously, and very few are entirely free from it. Those affected the worst have the leaves drop off and the fruit goes with them. The matter has been reported to the Agricultural College, and the advice is to spray the trees, but the farmers complain that this is not effective.

Rev. Thistle has many warm friends in this village who will read with interest this clipping from the Stockbridge Sun: "The memorial sermon, preached in the North Waterloo church last Sunday by Rev. Thistle, was highly appreciated by all who listened to it. It was pronounced the most able sermon ever delivered in that church. He held the audience for an hour, and many would have been glad to have listened longer. Rev. Thistle is not a native of this country but we esteem him as a true American."

**Michigan Editors Excursions.**

The summer outing of the Michigan Press Association promises to be of unusual interest this year. At the meeting of the executive committee at Lansing last week, it was decided to accept the invitation of the city of Muskegon and hold the annual summer outing there July 18, 19 and 20. A steamboat excursion will be made

to St. Paul and from there a number of the delegates will go on a ten days trip, with the Wisconsin Press Association to the Pacific over the Canadian Pacific. This trip will be by the way of Winnipeg to Vancouver, Tacoma, Seattle, etc., with side trips to the Kootenai mining district. Transportation will be furnished upon the customary advertising basis.

**How They Cheat the Penny-in-the-Slot Machines.**

Our reporter was waiting in the depot where are one of those machines which will weigh you correctly by dropping a penny in the slot, when three ladies walked up to the machine and the lightest one stepped upon the platform and dropped in the penny when her weight was correctly given. Before getting off the platform the second lightest stepped upon the platform and their added weight was given and the difference gave her weight of course, then the third lady did likewise and all were weighed for the one penny, thus cheating the machine out of two cents.

**Spain's Tribulations.**

So straitened are the finances of Spain just now that the Spanish cortes has decreed a tax on newspaper advertisements. The publishers united in addressing to the Minister of Finance, a memorial protesting against the tax, but the government claims it cannot recede consistently from the position taken from the first, as such tax would increase the revenue of the country, which needs money very badly. So there will be nothing left for the newspapers to do but pay the tax or suspend publication.

Spain is a country of 18,000,000 population, but there are fewer newspapers published in it, daily, weekly and bimonthly, official, semi-official, secular and scientific, than are published in the single American state of Illinois, which by the last Federal census, had a population of 3,800,000. And many, if not all of the newspapers published in Spain are newspapers in name only, for their most distinguished characteristic is that they do not contain any news, being devoted to what is called "matters in general" or such matters in particular as permit of the publication of the paper any day of the week or any hour of the day—it doesn't make much difference which.

In some instances whole companies, battalions, or even regiments have refused to volunteer in the service of the United States. It strikes us that such men should be summarily discharged from the service and, except under mitigating circumstances of an extraordinary nature, should be treated with public scorn. What would you think of a fireman who staid in bed when a fire broke out, or who should run away from a conflagration because he had to catch a train to get him to his usual work? We know it is said that militia were never expected to leave their own state, were ready only to subdue riots, to parade at celebrations, to have a jolly week in camp once a year. But had they any right to do a uniform if unready to accept all its obligations? Had they any right to pose as toy soldiers if unwilling to sacrifice comfort, business, home, everything at the call of duty? All these years they have accepted the instruction of the state, have enjoyed armories either provided by the State or by the generosity of the community, have shot a rifle ranges where the

state paid the bills. And now some of them say that as a nation, not the state, calls them, they are under no obligations. Wherever they belonged to the "National Guard," what did the name mean? And wherever they belonged to the "militia" did they not know that a militia is maintained in lieu of a standing army, to accomplish as best it can the same tasks when occasion comes?

**Additional Local.**

H. H. Swarthout is having his residence painted.

F. J. LaRue and wife of Howell was in town Sunday.

Miss Mabel Swarthout has been very ill the past.

Miss Lettie Smith went to Jackson Saturday where she has secured a position.

I. J. Abbott has been using a crutch the past week, the result of a sprained ankle.

Of course Pineckey will celebrate the Fourth. We can almost hear the noise now.

Messrs. Beckwith and Palmer of Howell are assisting on E. R. Brown's new residence.

Mrs. L. M. Coe left last week for Bay View, where she will spend several months with relatives.

F. E. Miller and Miss Nettie Templeton of Mariposa visited at George Younglove's last Saturday.

If the village "dads" keep on, there will be no bad sidewalks in this village by the end of the season.

Rev. Warren of Lansing, preached in the Cong'l church at this place last Sunday morning and evening.

Stanley Marsh of Gregory was in town Monday.

F. L. Andrews and Mike Ruen are in Leslie this week.

Children's Day exercises will be held in the Cong'l church next Sunday in the place of the regular morning service.

Maccabees and Loyal Guards should not forget that there is an assessment and per capita tax due this month. The quicker they are paid the easier for the treasurer.

Children's Day exercises will be celebrated in the M. E. church on Sunday next, June 12, taking the place of the regular morning service. All are invited to attend.

A good crowd was present on Saturday last to see the delivery of farm machinery, etc., but the crowd would have been much larger had the event been well advertised. However everything passed off very nicely.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE ALL PAIN. "One cent a dose."

**A Clover Trick.**

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has lame back and weak kidneys, malaria or nervous troubles. We can cure him self right away by taking electric bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the liver and kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness, and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try electric bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at F. A. Sigler's Drug Store.

**Today's News Today**  
The Detroit Journal  
Prints four regular editions every week day and thereby is able to give its patrons everywhere the latest and best news at the earliest possible moment.  
THE DETROIT JOURNAL has the best State news page in Michigan.  
THE DETROIT JOURNAL prints the markets of the world from 12 to 18 hours ahead of the morning papers.  
THE DETROIT JOURNAL is concise, is reliable, is clean.  
THE DETROIT JOURNAL has a bright, hustling agent in every town in Michigan. He will serve you for 10 cents per week. By mail \$1.25 for 3 months.

**That Two-Horse Grubbing Machine is Rightly Named.**  
IT IS CALLED "THE FAULTLESS."  
It is THE BEST stamp puller that man's knowledge and skill has ever been able to produce. A single trial is sufficient to convince anyone of its merits.  
For Free Catalogue etc., address  
**GAWARD & SWENSON CO., CRESO, - IOWA.**  
Made in four sizes, using from 1 to 1 1/2 inch cable. Patented March 13, 1895.

**FOR A SUMMER CRUISE TAKE THE COAST LINE To Mackinac**  
NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMERS  
COMFORT, SPEED and SAFETY  
The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.  
**To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago**  
No other Line offers a panorama of 400 miles of equal variety and interest.  
FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac  
DETROIT AND CLEVELAND  
Fare, \$1.50 Each Direction. Berths, 25c. Stateroom, \$1.75. Connections are made at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest, and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.  
CLEVELAND, PUT-IN-BAY AND TOLEDO.  
Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHWARTZ, S. P. A., DETROIT, MICH. Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company

**Railroad Guide.**  
Grand Trunk Railway System.  
Departure of Trains at Mackinac—In Effect May 1898.  
WESTBOUND  
Jackson and Intermediate Sta. Lv. 7:44 a.m. 7:45 p.m.  
PONTIAC DETROIT—Gd. Rapids and Intermediate Sta. 7:51 p.m.  
Pontiac Lenox Detroit and Intermediate Sta. 7:55 a.m. 7:55 p.m.  
Mich. Air Line Div. trains leave Pontiac at 7:40 a.m. 7:10 p.m.  
D. & M. DIVISION LEAVE PONTIAC WESTBOUND  
Lv. Saginaw Gd. Rapids and Gd. Haven 7:02 a.m. 7:02 p.m.  
Gd. Rapids Gd. Haven Chicago 7:12 a.m. 7:12 p.m.  
Saginaw Gd. Rapids Milwaukee 7:07 p.m.  
Chicago and Intermediate Sta. 7:38 p.m.  
Grand Rapids & Gd. Haven 7:45 p.m.  
EASTBOUND  
Lv. Detroit East and Canada 7:07 a.m. 7:07 p.m.  
Detroit East and Canada 7:10 a.m. 7:10 p.m.  
Detroit East and Canada 7:10 p.m.  
Detroit East and Canada 7:10 p.m.  
Detroit Suburban 7:10 p.m.  
Leave Detroit via Windsor EASTBOUND  
Toronto Montreal New York 7:05 p.m.  
London Express 7:30 p.m.  
car to Toronto—Sleeping car to Buffalo and New York  
\*Daily except Sunday. \*Daily.  
W. J. BLACK, Agent, Pineckey Mich.  
W. E. DAVIS, E. H. HUGHES, G. P. & T. Agent, A. G. P. & T. Agent, Montreal, Que., Chicago, Ill.  
BEN FLETCHER, Trav. Pass. Agt., Detroit Mich.

**TOLEDO HARBOR AND MICHIGAN RAILWAY.**  
Popular route for Ann Arbor, Toledo and points East, South and for Howell, Owosso, Alma, Mt. Pleasant, Cadillac, Manistee, Traverse City and points in Northwestern Michigan.  
W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A., Toledo.

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TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.  
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through MUNN & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American.  
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.  
**MUNN & Co., 361 Broadway, New York**  
Branch Office, 65 F. St., Washington, D. C.

WANTED: TRUSTWORTHY AND ACTIVE gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Michigan. Monthly \$65.00 and expenses. Position steady. References. Enclose and address stamped envelope. The Doubleday Company, 111 N. LaSalle, Chicago.

**THE BADGER**  
A Foot Corn Cutter  
Costing only \$2.00  
Three to Five Acres per Day is a fair average reported. A better record for Speed, Ease and Economy than any other implement for harvesting Corn, whether operated by Horse, Hand or Steam.  
Ask your dealer for them, or one will be delivered at your Shipping Office on receipt of price.  
**I. Z. MERRIAM,**  
Whitewater, Wis.



Commodore Dewey acted himself into immortal fame within three days.

Gen. Fitz Hugh Lee seems to be leaving the center of the stage very rapidly.

There are men living today who would rather be right than be vice-president.

It must be admitted that the Spanish editors are offering the Yankee pigs a great deal of their peculiar awail.

Is it not curious that Spanish honor could be vindicated only through the destruction of the Spanish fleet at Manila?

After a man has dropped a few thousand dollars in stocks it is useless to tell him there is no money in them.

While the men of Boston are trembling where is the band of heroic women that Charlotte Smith wanted permission to lead to the front, and where is that "Ancient and Honorable Artillery?"

The unnecessary killing of several thousand ordinary men will presently be looked upon by the Spanish government as a vindication of Spanish honor. It is a pity that the members of the government did not decide to give their lives to the vindication, but they never thought of that.

If Fred Grant had accepted the position offered him of assistant secretary of war he would be happier now. Theodore Roosevelt virtually went to the head of his department and was recognized as a power in war greater than the head himself. However Roosevelt will go to Cuba as a fighting soldier, and the vacancy thereby occurring may make Grant happy yet.

Genuine regret will be awakened in most of the civilized nations of the world by the news of the death of Edouard Remenyi, the Hungarian violinist. In spite of his well known eccentricities Remenyi managed to hold both the admiration of the general public and the esteem of professional musicians. He could play classical music after a fashion all his own and he could give popular tunes; he could improvise by the hour and hold interest, he could produce at will a tone so broad that it seemed to come from something bigger than a violin, and then he could vary it with a tone which was a mere shred of sound.

John R. Moore, who has succeeded Judge Day as first assistant secretary of state, held a place in that department under the Harrison administration. Appointed originally from Delaware in the state department by Mr. Bayard when the latter was secretary, Mr. Moore, by sheer merit and ability, worked his way up to the place of second assistant secretary, and in that capacity he served under several administrations without regard to political changes. He resigned his place in the state department to accept the chair of international law at Columbia university about three years ago, and it is believed that his present appointment is only temporary owing to his indisposition to permanently sever his connections with Columbia. Mr. Moore is an authority on certain branches of international law.

The one hundred and twenty-first anniversary of the adoption of the American flag by congress will occur on June 14; and the fact calls to mind the first standard of our independence, which had represented on it a snake out in thirteen pieces, representing the thirteen colonies, bearing the motto, "Join or die." Patrick Henry's men marched behind a standard bearing a rattlesnake in an attitude ready to strike and the warning, "Don't tread on me!" Doctor Franklin wrote of this design: "The ancients considered the serpent an emblem of wisdom. It is quite customary for countries to be represented by animals peculiar to that country. The rattlesnake is found nowhere but in America. Her eye is exceedingly bright and without eyelids—emblem of vigilance. She never begins an attack and she never surrenders—emblem of magnanimity and courage. She never wounds even her enemies until she generously gives them warning not to tread on her. Her thirteen rattles, the only part which increases in number, are distinct from each other, and yet so united that they cannot be disconnected without breaking them to pieces, showing the impossibility of an American republic without a union of states." Doctor Franklin pursued the simile still further, and in following it the reader is impressed with the analytical keenness of the old philosopher in his study of the fitness of the symbol that was to represent the character and relationship of the thirteen colonies.

SIGNALING BY MEANS OF KITES

Photographs Can Be Taken of an Enemy's Works While the Kite is Suspended.

Communication from war ship to warship will soon be as easy as carrying on a conversation between two military posts on land, and by the same electrical means, the telephone. The English naval authorities have just tested with great success a suggested novelty in the way of communication at sea which promises to render obsolete the present methods of signaling. Commander R. G. O. Tupper of the Royal Navy experimented with a "kite telephone." The kite used was of the regulation sort, except that it was minus a tail. It was six feet long and three feet wide at the broadest point. In place of the tail the kite carried two lines, one of which was retained on board the Daring, the instructional torpedo boat destroyer, from which the experiments were conducted. With the wind between the two lines referred to it was found that the kite was so easily managed that it was no trick at all to drop letters or even a hawser into another ship, and in this way establish communication.

Following this experiment came one with a wire. The end of the wire which the kite bore away from the ship was dropped upon the deck of H. M. S. Dauntless, where it was secured by the electrician of the ship and attached to a telephone apparatus in



TELEPHONING BY MEANS OF KITES BETWEEN SHIPS.

waiting. The other end, which had remained aboard the Daring, was also attached to a telephone, and as soon as the task was completed the two ships were in perfect communication. The kite remained suspended, secured by two lines, for more than four hours, during which the communication between the Daring and the Dauntless was uninterrupted.

The achievement is only evidence of what electricians of the navy, of both England and the United States, have long held to be possible. They have declared that there was no reason why communication of this sort should not be established between ships a few hundred feet apart, if the weather were at all pleasant. Of course, in a gale it would be impracticable.

The experiment that was made by the officers of the Daring and the Dauntless had another valuable result. It showed that it is possible to arrange for a new system of signals from one ship to another that would be greatly superior to any flag system which could be conceived. If the telephone wire can be arranged in this manner, there is no reason why telegraphic communication can not be made in a similar fashion. In this case an operator aboard the flagship could carry on a conversation with his fellow-operator aboard one of the fleet without difficulty. The admiral's orders could be easily transmitted from time to time, and often avoid what is now considered necessary boat service. It might be thought that the flying of

a kite under these circumstances would be a matter of extreme difficulty, but kite flying under the latest methods has become a science. What used to be a schoolboy's sport has now become a subject of study by professional men, and it seems quite likely that before long even greater results will be obtained than has ever been the case at Portsmouth.

As a means of signaling, the kite is firmly believed, not only by naval officers, but those of the army, to be fraught with great importance when the future is considered. It is, of course, very much easier for a signal to be seen that is elevated to a considerable height than one which may float at the top of the mainmast, or be waved from the summit of a hill. Add to these facts this latest development, the kite as a telephone wire carrier, and the indications of a limitless future are plain.

Experiments with kites at Governor's island in New York harbor have conclusively proven that it is possible to send up a camera from inside the lines of one army—the camera being attached to a kite—and take an accurate photograph of the intrenchments or position of the enemy thereby, and to learn in fairly accurate fashion of their number. On several occasions this year in New York photographs have been taken of parades in this fashion,

and with the very best possible results. To suggest that this could be done fifteen months ago would have provoked derision. There is just as much reason for not regarding the telephonic kite flying experiment with credulity as there would have been for deeming the other. The results of the English experiment, even though they have just become known, have already created no little talk in United States naval circles.

More Days to Come. In Spain the people take no note of time, not even from its loss. Everything is to be done manana, tomorrow. A wealthy Englishman, who had long lived in Spain, had a lawsuit. He pleaded his cause in person, and knowing the customs of the country, won his case. The victory cost him three days of trouble and expense, so that when the judge congratulated him on his success, he replied: "Yes, that's all right; but it has cost me three days, and time is money. I am a busy man, and these three days are lost forever." "Oh, you English!" answered the judge; "you are always saying that time is money. How are you to get your three days back? I will tell you. Take them out of next week; surely there are plenty more days to come!"

How the Old Is. "My wife got me into an awful scrape this morning." "How?" "She'd been using my razor to sharpen a lead pencil."—New York Journal.

PRIVATEERING.

If Spain, in her petty wrath, permits that unbridled and unjust form of warfare known as privateering, the consensus of opinion among the powers is that she will get altogether the worst of the bargain.

A first-class privateering equipment is rather an expensive affair in the first place, and there are so many risks to be run and such danger of capture and demolition that the chances are about fifty to one that the offender would be brought up with a round turn, stripped of the munitions and engines of warfare and popped into prison, there to ruminate on the vicissitudes of human affairs and the changes that have taken place since the days when Captain Kidd made his record and when thousands of bold and adventurous spirits manned ships, cracked skulls, cut off heads, meanwhile lustily shouting the old song, "Full many a year, a pirate bold, I've sailed the Spanish main."

A Spanish privateer must be extremely well posted in these days to successfully carry out his nefarious enterprise. He will need not only a small arsenal at his belt, but a certified bill of lading to give him information as to the articles he seeks, and whether they are American or belonging to some other tribe or nation.

Of the enormous amount of foreign goods brought to this country but a mere trifle comes in American bottoms. For example: "In January, out of a total value of imports of \$50,225,721, American bottoms carried only \$8,711,533, and out of exports valued at \$106,753,524, only \$5,155,544 in value were taken out under the American flag. The figures for February tell the same story, for out of a total importation of \$53,113,736, American ships brought only \$9,270,058, and of exportations of \$93,317,202, only \$4,442,327 was under our flag. Of the exports in February carried in American bottoms only \$1,029,066 were to Europe and Asia, and the imports so carried from those continents were valued at \$4,339,184. The European and Asiatic countries with whom the largest trade was carried on under the American flag are France, the United Kingdom, China and British East Indies and Japan."

Our waters are full of foreign craft that find it to their advantage to bring in all sorts of wares to our shores and take back such articles as their trade demands. The trade with Cuba has been something enormous. Of course, this is largely cut off. In 1892, Cuban imports and exports were valued at nearly \$100,000,000. In 1896, the trade had dropped off about one-half; the present year's business shows a still further reduction. This Cuban trade was largely done with American vessels. Of course, everything American being now barred, recourse must be had to foreign handling for whatever we may receive from Cuba during the continuance of the war.

The best authorities are of the opinion that if Spain undertakes to sift out goods intended for the American trade, from the great bulk of commercial products, she will find that she has a greater job than she bargained for.

Domestic trade, that is, the coast trade, she cannot possibly interfere with. In the event of any attempt to do so, all articles can be put upon the railways. In January, 1898, merchandise actually handled by railroad cars and land vehicles amounted to nearly \$6,000,000. The transportation by water was something over \$5,000,000. The shipments were made by land to Mexico and by way of the Canadian Pacific railroad.

It would be the work of a very short time in case privateering became annoying to transfer to foreign shipping whatever goods Americans desired to handle. It is, therefore, easy to see that Spain is reckoning without her host, and in the event of her becoming particularly insistent or saucy and interfering with foreign vessels, she would be quite likely to receive a rebuke that would, to say the least, convey a lasting impression.

Facts About Vaccination. A pamphlet entitled "Facts About Smallpox and Vaccination" has been issued by the council of the British Medical Association, giving statistics as to the efficacy of vaccination and showing what the diminution of mortality has been since the time of Jenner. Facts are quoted from the statistics also of other countries, as, for instance, of Prussia, where rigidly enforced and systematic vaccination has practically stamped out smallpox, the mortality being seven per 1,000,000, whereas in the adjoining country of Austria, where vaccination is not compulsory, it is over 400.

The University of Calcutta is said to be the largest educational corporation in the world. It examines more than 10,000 students annually.

ATTACHED TO THE NIGHT.

Spanish Torpedo Boat Destroyers, tried to slip up on the night of the 17th. Cable dispatches via Jamaica, say that on the night previous to the bombardment of the forts of Santiago two Spanish torpedo boat destroyers, about midnight, slipped quietly out of the harbor, crept along in the shadow of old Castle Morro and the mountain for two miles west before they were observed by the lookouts on the battleship Texas. An instant later the searchlights of the Texas flashed full upon the Spaniards, who, when they saw that their desperate game was discovered, dashed toward the Texas, which, with the cruiser Brooklyn close behind it, was lying near the shore. But the Spaniards did not discharge any torpedoes, although within 500 yards of the Texas.

The Texas promptly opened fire with her port forward batteries and her crack six-pounders. The Brooklyn also came into action. The entire fleet was called to general quarters and soon their searchlights were playing around the narrow entrance of the harbor in the expectation that Admiral Cervera's whole fleet was coming out. The torpedo boat destroyers made a dash through the rain of shells and ran back into the harbor. No attempt was made to pursue them. It is thought they were not struck, as they retreated quickly and made small targets in the uncertain light.

Spain Can't Fight Much Longer. The general feeling in Washington is that while the war is by no means ended and may be prolonged, Spain is already defeated. With her Manila fleet annihilated, Blanco and the entire island of Cuba surrounded and being starved into submission, and Cervera's ships and men in a miserable plight in Santiago harbor, Spain has only her so-called reserve fleet now, and it is by no means as formidable as has been represented. The list as wired from Madrid from time to time is formidable enough, but it is all on paper. There are only two vessels that are worthy of notice, the battleships Pelayo and the Carlos V. The rest are in a badly dilapidated condition. The Bank of Spain has warned the government that it can no longer help the government. The people having lost confidence in the bank's solidity a panic resulted in the endeavor to secure silver for their bank certificates. The financial outlook for Spain is dark, indeed, as her European backers, including France, will no longer loan her money.

To Invade Porto Rico Very Soon. Washington: Intimations are given that the present military movement will be directed against Porto Rico, as well as eastern Cuba. Gen. Lee having left Tampa for Jacksonville, on the eastern side of the Florida peninsula, to open headquarters there, but one inference can be drawn from this movement, namely, that Jacksonville is to be made a base of operation against Porto Rico. The town is admirably situated for this purpose; in fact, it far surpasses Key West as a base for operations, even against any of the eastern points of Cuba. The terminus of an excellent railroad system leading from the north and west, with good steamboat connection with New York, with a navigable river affording a good harbor, and distant only 1,200 miles from San Juan in an air line, Jacksonville leaves little to be desired as a base of military operation.

Nearly 400 trained Americans and Cubans, under Capt. Dorst, U. S. A., and Col. Jose Lopez, of the Cuban army, with a train of 75 mules and 25 horses, besides 7,500 rifles, 2,000,000 rounds of ammunition and 15 days supply of food, sailed from Key West on the steamer Florida conveyed by the auxiliary gunboat Osceola. The expedition was landed 25 miles east of Havana and was met by a force of 1,000 armed insurgents with a brass band which played Cuban and American national airs.

THE MARKETS.

Table with columns for LIVE STOCK (New York, Best grades, Lower grades, etc.) and GRAIN, BUTTER, etc. (New York, Wheat, etc.).





PLAINFIELD.

Corn is growing finely now. E. Chipman is building an addition on his homme. Mrs. W. S. Braley is able to ride out considerable now. Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Topping are the happy possessors of a bouncing baby boy which arrived June 6.

The new state telephone company are now building a line from Stockbridge to Plainfield, which gives Plainfield the central office for all local lines branching from the main line in this vicinity.

PARSHALLVILLE.

Zella Hetchler spent last Sunday in Clarkston. The M. E. church is undergoing repairs this week. Mrs. A. C. Wakeman spent last week with friends in Ypsilanti. The ladies aid met with Mrs. Clayton Cornell on Wednesday of this week.

The Epworth League social last week was a success; a fine program was rendered and the proceeds amounted to \$17.

Vincent Myres was hurt quite badly last week, his horse running away throwing him out and bruising him quite badly.

For Sale.

Fine "Empire" potatoes for seed. GEO. CLARK.

PETTEYSVILLE.

Miss Viola Bergin is visiting friends in Toledo this week. Wm. Mercer purchased a new McCormick binder last Saturday. Miss Barbara Horning, of Adrian, is a guest of her sister, Mrs. C. J. Gardner. Mrs. Albert Pettys and daughter Viola went on the excursion to Toledo Sunday. Miss Ella Mercer who has been visiting friends in Dexter the past week, returned home Saturday.

LOCAL NEWS.

M. C. Wilson was in Howell Wednesday.

Mrs. Will Dunning visited friends in Detroit this week.

Arthur Jacoby has secured a position in the Jackson Wheel works. Raspberries will be an enormous crop, by the looks of the blossoms.

Mrs. E. Welsh who had the misfortune to break a leg a few weeks ago, is improving.

Strawberries have been on the market here the past week at 12 cents per box.

Miss Maude Brady closed a very successful term of school in Reeve's district last Friday.

The Christian Endeavor society will serve ice cream and cake at the Opera House on Saturday evening of this week.

Miss Anna B. Miller closes her first term of school in district number 1, Putnam, this week, which has been a successful one.

Miss Anna Durfee returned to her home in Fowlerville, last Saturday, after a weeks visit with her brother, Stephen Durfee.

Did You Take Scott's Emulsion

through the winter? If so, we are sure it quieted your cough, healed the rawness in your throat, increased your weight, gave you more color, and made you feel better in every way. But perhaps your cough has come back again, or you are getting a little thin and pale. Then, why not continue the same helpful remedy right through the summer? It will do you as much good as when the weather is cold. Its persistent use will certainly give you a better appetite and a stronger digestion. It will cure your weak throat and heal your inflamed lungs. It will cure every case of consumption, when a cure is possible. Don't be persuaded to take something they say is just as good.



All Druggists, etc. and S. Scott & Bowne, Chemists, N. Y.

It is rumored that two of Pinckney's young people were married at Jackson last Saturday.

Miss Mame Sigler is back again in the drug store after spending two weeks with friends in Detroit.

There will be an ice cream social at the home of Fred Burges tomorrow (Friday) evening. First class ice cream will be served. All are invited.

The fourth Quarterly meeting will be held at the M. E. church next Sunday evening beginning with Love Feast at 6:30. The Presiding Elder will be present and conduct the service.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our sincere thanks to the many kind friends and neighbors and also to the Maccabees during the sickness and burial of our beloved husband and father.

Mrs. HENRY ROEBIG AND FAMILY.

QUEER PLACE FOR A NEST.

In a Stack of Fagots Six Feet Behind a Target.

What will ornithologists, poets, lovers and classical scholars do or say about the strange story which is told as follows in Knowledge: At Cranbrook, in Kent, there is a rifle range, which has been used by the local volunteers for rifle practice, and at a distance of about six feet behind the targets there has been built a large stack of fagots which serve to stop the spent bullets. This year a pair of nightingales selected the stack as a site for their nest, which they built in the interior at a distance of about fifteen inches from the surface of the froth facing the targets, about four feet from the ground, and almost in a direct line with the center of one of the targets, which are constructed of canvas and allow the bullets to pass through directly into the fagots. In that situation the birds built their nest, hatched their eggs, and reared their young, literally in a midst of a storm of bullets, one of which ultimately proved fatal to one of the youngsters. The correspondent who sends this extraordinary tale, Mr. J. Herbert Allichin, is a citizen of Maldstone, and had his information directly from Color Sergt. W. Cogger of the Maldstone company, First West Kent rifle volunteers, who quite seriously and solemnly deposes that, while day after day acting as a marker, he had every opportunity of watching the parent birds, who were engaged in feeding their young. Sergt. Cogger avers that while he was in the butts at least 400 bullets were fired at the target and the wood in the fagots was splintered in every direction round the nest, but the little brown parents never for an hour left their beleaguered home, not even when an unlucky bullet slew one of the fledglings, but fearlessly and faithfully brought up their surviving young ones, and flew away with them at last to the peaceful and sunny retreats where nightingales hide until spring brings back the daffodil and the bluebell, and the May bushes are full of the scented silver which nightingales love.

ABSENT-MINDED HISTORIAN.

Put His Crying Baby in the Waste Basket and Covered It Up.

A "personal friend" of Prof. Theodore Mommsen, the German historian and scientist, who celebrated his 80th birthday on Nov. 30th last, in writing of him in the London Telegraph, says that until quite lately he was up at 5 o'clock to work on a cup of cold coffee put ready for him overnight. In his personal requirements he is the most modest of men, and by no means a house-tyrant; at 8 he comes down to breakfast with his wife and five daughters still at home, and he likes everybody to be there. One young lady who was staying in the house was not infrequently not "up to time." This neglect did not escape his notice. "It is a pity you can't serve your year in the army," he remarked; "you would learn the difference between 8 and 8:30!" He can be very cutting in his remarks sometimes, but they are always tempered to the shorn lamb, though the full-grown sheep must weather the storm as best he can. The Berliners, who dearly love their little jokes, tell many a story of his absent-mindedness, and he has even been credited with not having recognized his own little son, and with having asked his name preparatory to requesting him not to make quite so much noise in a public tramcar in which he was going to town from his home in Charlottenburg; and it is authentic that he put his first baby into the waste paper basket one day and covered it up because it cried. He is all the same most devoted to children and has had plenty of opportunity for indulging this taste, as he has still twelve living children, and a younger generation is rising.

TEACHER'S EXPERIENCE.

Dear Fay, Had Living and a Constant Strain Which Tells.

For many years I lived on \$60 a year—my magnificent remuneration for teaching a class of fifty-six girls from 9 in the morning until 4:30 in the afternoon, with a couple of hours' preparation in the evening, says the Nineteenth Century. My people could not help at all—as a matter of fact, as you know, I have from time to time been obliged to help B— (her younger sister, also a high school teacher) in her constant rheumatic attacks, which she cannot provide for, and that entail six weeks' medical attendance and nursing. I paid 5s. and sometimes 6s. for my room; my food came to about 8s., this high amount being due to the fact that five days out of the week I had to pay 9d. for each dinner, the mistress being compelled to have this meal at school; washing, 1s. 6d.; firing and light a good part of the year, 2s. a week; stamps, paper, etc., 6d.; which left me about 4s. a week for dress, bus fares to and from home, medicine, which I had always had to have, and doctoring. I broke down altogether and had to give up for half a term. I think it was brought on by bad living and of course I was mulcted of my salary for the time. My salary has now been raised by 25 at a time to 295, with which I suppose I shall have to be content. For this, in addition to my responsibility for a class of fifty-six girls, I have to teach drawing right through the school, harmony and botany. Of course many of the teachers are much better off; they live at home, their fathers being well able to support them; they can spend their money and get a holiday abroad. On the whole, after several years' work, I do not think most women workers are happy. It is not so much the work, although at a school like ours it entails great strain and a constant alertness of nerve and eye and temper, which I fancy tells, as we are all very neuralgic.

Subscribe for the Dispatch.

Patriotic Smiggs.

Mr. Smiggs has been very loud for war. He has laid aside the Newgate Calendar, which was his favorite reading, and has bent of late over accounts of campaigns by land and by sea. Brantome's old French has not deterred him from tackling "Rodomontades Espagnoles," and he has gone so far as to investigate the origin of the phrase "to walk Spanish." Mrs. Smiggs and the little Smiggses have wondered who the master of the household did not wear epaulets and a sword. Tuesday night—so we are informed by Mrs. Smiggs—a charming woman—we knew her before she was married—they were all sitting at dinner in their luxurious flat near the Charleegate. Mr. Smiggs was explaining the fortifications of Boston. "My dear," he shouted—and he banged the table with his fist—"you need not have the slightest uneasiness; there is no possible danger of bombardment." There was a strange, disturbing, sinister whistle. It came from the Charles. Nothing like it had been heard before. Mr. Smiggs' face was a death-mask. "Pa," said young Augustus; "pa do you suppose that is a Spanish torpedo destroyer boat?" "Maria," whispered Mr. Smiggs, "I think I'll go down a minute to the cellar to see if your bicycle is safe."—Boston Journal.

Every woman needs Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Livingston, S. S.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Howell, on Tuesday the 7th day of June in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

Present: Albird M. Davis, Judge of Probate.

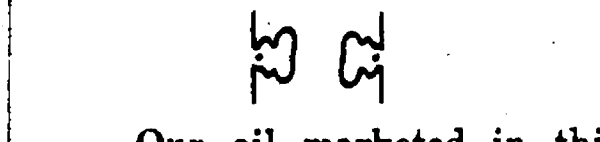
In the Matter of the Estate of ERMAN F. WATSON, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Geo. W. Teeple, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last Will and Testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate.

Thereupon it is ordered that Saturday the 2nd day of July next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be assigned for the hearing of said petition.

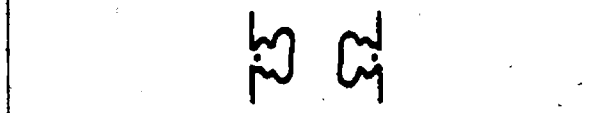
It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. ALBIRD M. DAVIS, Judge of Probate.

To Consumers of Illuminating Oil.



Our oil marketed in this district under brand of WATER WHITE ELECTRIC

we guarantee to give perfect satisfaction.



NO CHARED WICK NO SMOKY CHIMNEY FREE FROM SULPHUROUS ODOR.

Don't be deceived by paying a fancy price for an oil that has a fictitious value and which does not give as good results as are obtained from our

Water White Electric Oil.

We are ready and willing at all times to demonstrate to the dealers or their customers, that the oil marketed by this Company will give perfect satisfaction.

Ask your dealers for Standard Oil Co's Oil, and get the best at the lowest prices.

To prevent your stove from giving off a bad odor use our RED CROWN DEODORIZED GASOLINE Standard Oil Company

At FIELD'S

SCOTCH and FRENCH GINCHAMS

are now very much wanted and very scarce. We have just opened a very choice lot at the lowest prices of the season.

SUMMER CORSETS

Best net and best shape we have ever had at 50c. Also a \$1.25 quality French shape Summer Corset we are offering at 89c each.

TAILOR-MADE SUITS

Plain fly fronts, new blouse effects and tight-fitting effects in the new cloths and colors.

We are ready for you in our UNDERWEAR DEPARTMENT.

Respectfully

L. H. FIELD.

Jackson, Mich.

Special Clearance Sale

of Wash Goods, Dress Goods, Ribbons, Gents Furnishings and Shoes. For the next 30 days, in order to reduce our large stock before taking our semi-annual inventory July 1st, we wish to call your attention to a few prices which we quote and cordially invite you to come and examine these goods. It will pay you to see us before purchasing for we can save you money.

- Tennis Flannels at 4 1/2, 7 and 7 3/4c
Standard Prints at 3 1/2c
Scotch Lawns at 4c
36-inch Percales reduced to 6c
Fancy Dimities reduced to 6c
12 1/2c Organdies reduced to 10c
15 and 18c Organdies and Lappet Mulls reduced to 13c
Our Entire Line of Dress Goods less 15 per cent
Our Entire Line of \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50 and 2.00
Men's Cotton and Wool Pants less 25 per cent
Our Entire Line of Shirt Waists less 25 per cent
Large Assortment of Fancy Ribbons, 25 and 30c goods for 20c

On looking over our shoe stock, we find that we have about 25 pr. of Ladies' \$2.50 and 3.00 Shoes in small sizes (2 1/2, 3, 3 1-2 and 4) that we want to close out. These we will put on sale on Saturday next at \$2.10 per pr. Ladies' Fine Shoes at 1.00 Our \$2.00 Ladies' Shoes 1.70 Ladies' Tan Shoes less 25 per cent.

Saturday, June 11, we offer:

- Men's Laundered Shirts 59c
Men's Fancy Percale Shirts 69c

F. G. Jackson