

Pinckney Dispatch.

VOL. XVI.

PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, AUG. 11, 1898.

No. 32

GREAT FREE STREET FAIR

AT

HOWELL, MICH,

September 27, 28, 29 and 30.

Will be a Mighty Modern Exhibition.

With Many Diversified and Pleasing Entertainments.

Embracing Amusements for Old and Young.

New Attractions each day; you don't want to miss them.

Exhibitions of Stock will be furnished:

FREE Covered Stalls.

FREE Entry for All Premiums.

FREE Covered Pens.

FREE Straw.

FREE Water.

Premium Books will be issued about Sept. 1st, and may be obtained by writing to

Fred F. Hubbell, Sec.

HOWELL FREE STREET FAIR COMMITTEE.

We Offer

For Saturday, Aug. 13:

ANY SHOE in our house

AT COST.

We Offer

For Saturday, Aug. 13:

EVERYTHING in Dry Goods

AT COST.

We Offer

For Saturday, Aug. 13:

EVERYTHING in Notions

AT COST.

Barnard & Campbell.

GRAND ANNUAL PICNIC

Of St. Mary's Society to be Held in Jackson's Grove next Monday, August 15th.

On Monday next, Aug. 15, the Grand Annual Catholic Picnic will take place in Jackson's grove, just south of this place. As usual, extensive preparations are being made to make this the grandest event of the season. Music will be furnished by Lumbar's Orchestra from Whitmore Lake and a fine patriotic program, suitable for the occasion, will be carried out. The first number on the program will be the Address of Welcome by Rev. K. H. Crane to be followed by a speech "Causes of the Present War" by L. E. Howlett of Howell. Next in order is "The Ladies" by Senator G. W. Teeple of this place, who will do justice to the title. Rev. C. S. Jones will then address the people on "Old Glory" after which will come "Our Soldier Boys" by a popular speaker, Dennis Shields of Howell. Rev. W. T. Wallace will close the program with a speech "Our Home."

The regular picnic dinner will be served and everyone can be assured of an excellent meal, as previous occasions have proved that to be one of the features of the day. Everyone is invited to come.

Local Dispatches.

Wedding bells are ringing.

Thos. Birkett has our thanks for a basket of nice peaches.

S. Durfee and family visited at Fowlerville over Sunday.

G. W. Teeple and wife were in Lapeer the last of last week.

L. M. Teeple was home from northern Michigan over Sunday.

F. L. Andrews and wife were in Jackson last Friday on business.

Miss Cora Shehan visited her brother. Will at Munith last week.

Miss Bessie Daley of Gregory called on friends in this place last Saturday.

The surveyors of the L. D. & A. A. Ry. passed through this place again last Friday.

M. G. Andrews and wife of Owosso visited his brother, F. L. Andrews over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Howlett visited friends and relatives at this place one day last week.

Miss Millie Arnell spent the past week with Miss Grace Bowman of Wright's Chapel.

C. J. Teeple and family are now nicely located in their new residence north of Main street.

Mrs. Sweetman of Dayton, Ohio, is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Will Moran and other relatives at this place.

The Clark-Abbott law-suit at the town hall last Thursday was decided that there was no cause for action.

Everyone should go to Island Lake next Thursday and take in the Maccabee picnic. Good speaking and good music and a general good time.

Remember the C. E. excursion to Detroit the first of next month. A good time to do your fall's trading, a good time to see the attractions and a good time to have a good time.

The county papers are now dropping the Spaniards and taking up politics. It is hard to tell which one they hate the worse, the Spaniards or the fellow on the other ticket. Well, boys, sail in, but "keep sweet."

\$10.00 REWARD!

For lost watch, 21 year gold filled, case number 824624, movement Elgin number 4766242. For further particulars inquire at this office.

Potato Bugs

Are thick and if let alone will destroy the crop. Better get some Paris Green at Sigler's Drug Store, and destroy them. Hellebore for the currant worms, Paris Green and London Purple for spraying, a sure death to lice and cucumber bugs. When in need of any of the above or anything in the Drug Line, call on me.

A Fine Line

of

Fancy Books and Stationery.

F. A. SIGLER,

PINCKNEY, MICH.

Hammocks

We have a Large Assortment of fine hammocks made from the best goods. Any style, color or size you may want. Our prices compare with the quality, ranging at 50c, 1.00, 1.25, 2.00, 2.25, 3.00 and 3.50. Call at our store and see our elegant display.

Fly Nets

At this time of the year, all horses need protection from the flies. Procure a net and see if your horse does not appreciate the kindness. All varieties to suit the taste. We invite you to inspect our goods.

TEEPLE & CADWELL.

K. H. Crane,

AGENT FOR



WANAMAKER & BROWN'S
MADE TO MEASURE CLOTHING

Business is Better!
Save Money! How!
By Buying Your Suits
of
Wanamaker & Brown!

Suits Made to Measure, from \$10 to \$30.
Ready to Wear, from \$8 to \$25.
Pants from \$2 to \$7.
Boys Suits from \$3 to \$10.
Boys Pants, 2 prs., for \$1.50.
Bicycle Suits, Caps, Belts, at lowest prices, to see is to be convinced.

K. H. CRANE.

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Stationery Printed

At The
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MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

Michigan Loses Many of Her Soldier Boys by Fevers in Cuba—Detroit Entertains Another Big Convention—Costly Blase at Escanaba.

More Michigan Boys Die at Santiago.
Yellow fever has added the following Michigan boys to its list of victims at Siboney: Private J. A. Martin, of Cheboygan, Co. H, 33d Michigan; Private Wm. H. Dallard, of Bay City, Co. C, 33d Michigan; and Private Charles Clemens, of Ironwood, Co. H, 34th.

The list of deaths among the Michigan troops at Santiago is added to almost every day. The following are among the latest victims of fevers:

Max H. Pausler, Co. C, 33d Michigan, died of yellow fever; Edward Benjamin, Co. A, 33d, dysentery; Corporal Charles E. Wrangle, Co. E, 33d, fever; Ward More, Benton Harbor, Co. I, 33d, typhoid fever; Rinaldo K. Speed, Co. H, 34th, dysentery; W. J. Dolan, Co. D, 34th, malarial fever; Musician Geo. E. Holderness, of Chicago, 34th, fever; O. G. Lebo, 34th, fever; Moore Stewart, 34th, fever; F. J. Vivian, Co. D, 34th, malarial fever; John A. McDonald, Co. D, 34th, malarial fever; J. Kosling, Co. H, 33d, yellow fever.

Later additions to Michigan's death list are: Sergt. John Oliver, Iron Mountain, Co. E, 34th Michigan, consumption; Albert J. Chapman, Big Rapids, Co. A, 34th, malarial fever and gastritis; Arthur Fesetter, Saginaw, Co. C, 33d, yellow fever.

During the trip from Santiago five deaths occurred on the Concho, among them was Fred Denner, Alpena, Co. B, 33d Michigan, who died of blood poisoning resulting from vaccination after recovering from malarial fever. His body was buried at sea. The Concho was crowded with sick soldiers, but was sadly deficient of physicians, nurses, medical supplies, suitable food and fresh water. As a consequence the sufferings of the poor fellows were very severe. Only two of those on board were badly wounded, the others suffering chiefly from malarial fever.

Tried to Steal Other's Glory.

Three young men who represented themselves to be brave members of Uncle Sam's fighting force—Edward A. Fladung, and Edward E. Van Dyke from Bay City, and members of Co. C, 33d Michigan volunteers, and William E. Locke, Co. A, 33d regiment, from Flint—took Detroit by storm, being at once surrounded by admiring crowds, to whom they told their experiences in Cuba. One had a scratch on his left eye which he said was made by a Spanish bullet. All wore the uniforms of U. S. volunteers and had hardtack, brass medals and cigarette buttons all over their coats. They told about the fight at Agadores, how bravely they had acquitted themselves; complained of the lack of surgeons and the poor medical facilities; cursed the Cubans for poor, thieving, know-nothings; but did not know who Gen. Duffield was, and were somewhat at a loss when questioned closely as to the reasons for getting three months' furloughs at this time. Investigation showed that their names were not in the official roster of the 33d regiment. Dispatches say they were recently discharged from the hospital at Camp Alger, where they have been since the remainder of the regiment left for Cuba.

Many Sick and Wounded Michigan Boys

More Michigan wounded and sick soldiers are arriving from Santiago. The transport Concho reached Hampton Roads with the following, who were afterward taken to New York: Capt. J. Q. Anderson, Saginaw, E. S., Co. E, 33d Michigan regiment; Lieut. W. M. Case, Co. G, 33d Michigan; Lieut. Jas. H. Pound, Benton Harbor, Co. I, 33d Michigan; Q. M.-Sergt. Chas. S. Morris, Muskegon, Co. L, 33d Michigan; also the following privates of the 33d Michigan: W. B. Foster, Flint, Co. A; Fred Wright, Flint, Co. A; John Currie, Marine City, Co. F; Julius W. Hutchins, Duffield, Co. C; Chas. E. Petrie, Twin Lake, Co. L; John Karpus, Bay City, Co. C; Wm. E. Loranger, Williamston, Co. A; Ed Turner, Davis, Co. E; M. A. Smith, Holland, Co. L; Stephen Smith, Port Huron, Co. F; Ed G. Evans, Flint, Co. A; Fred Haad, Benton Harbor, Co. I; A. G. Murphy, Benton Harbor, Co. I; James Hudson, Cheboygan, Co. H; G. E. Hill, Port Huron, Co. F; Daniel Dewey, Saginaw, E. S., Co. E; T. Finley, Saginaw, Co. E; D. McGowan, hospital corps. Of the 34th Michigan regiment the following were on board: Lieut. J. A. Leisen, Marquette, Co. L; Sergt. Glen N. Angevine, Owosso, Co. G; Wm. A. Anderson, Houghton, Co. F; F. M. Emmett, Allegan, Co. K; Herman Yahnke, Ionia, Co. I.

The following Michigan soldiers reached New York on the Leona: Carl Muller, Co. C, 33d Michigan; Sidney F. Luba, Co. C, 33d Michigan; Fred Fowler, Co. I, 33d Michigan; Frank Jeffrey, Co. K, 34th Michigan; J. McMillen, Co. F, 33d Michigan.

League of American Municipalities.

Many important conventions have been held in Detroit, but it is doubtful if there was ever one of greater import than that which assembled under the title of the League of American Municipalities. The delegates were full of enthusiastic interest in anything brought forward for the betterment of life and government of cities. Mayor Maybury gave these busy men a warm welcome to the City of the Straits and Gov. Pingree, who was strongly identified with the organization of the League, welcomed them in behalf of both city and state. At the sessions of the convention proper a large number of papers on municipal reforms of various kinds were read and discussed with much force. On the side there were entertainments of various kinds provided by the city authorities of Detroit and by business men. This included an exhibition by Detroit's splendid fire department and fire boat; visits to the city's water works and lighting plants; a grand band concert on Belle Isle, the island being illuminated with many thousand lights; boat rides on the river, and trolley rides about the city.

\$250,000 Conflagration at Escanaba.

One of the worst conflagrations ever known at Escanaba broke out in Patrick Fogarty's hay barn, located in the center of the city. It soon spread to the store and residence and Mr. Fogarty barely escaped with his life. The whole block, consisting of Western Express Co.'s office, Bert Ellsworth's drug store, I. Kratz's double clothing store, Melvin Young's tea store, Wm. Eifer's cigar store and factory, Hamm's and D. A. Oliver's furniture storeroom building. It then leaped across the street and completely ruined Mrs. L. D. McKenna's double store. Every glass in the Masonic block was broken with the intense heat; St. Joseph's Catholic church, worth \$50,000, caught fire two or three times and it looked for a while as if the whole western part of the city would be ruined. The loss is estimated at about \$250,000.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

Wm. J. Dolan, Co. D, 34th Michigan volunteers, formerly a Calumet mail carrier, is dead at Santiago.

Mr. Bartley, aged 82, living with his nephew six miles south of Albion, was accidentally shot by his grand-nephew, aged 10. His head was blown almost off.

Capt. Fred Alger, of Gen. Miles' staff, son of the secretary of war, has been returned home with a badly sprained knee. Heshowed great bravery before Santiago.

I. S. Harrington, of Monroe, of Co. M, 31st Michigan regiment, Camp Thomas, has received the appointment of captain. He was lieutenant under the late Capt. John M. Gutman for several years.

Corp. J. Gorman and Private Vroman, both Co. F, 35th Michigan, were arrested for becoming intoxicated. The corporal is said to have used insulting language to his superior officers and to have struck one of the guards. Vroman was found asleep at his post. Both pleaded guilty and Gorman was sentenced to reduction to the ranks. Vroman was sentenced to seven days' hard labor.

George H. Jacks, ex-chief of police at Muskegon, was found guilty of murder at Chicago, and punishment was fixed at death. The murder of which he was convicted had for a victim A. M. McGee, a collector 60 years old, who was supposed to have a large sum of money. By means of a letter Jacks and a confederate deceived McGee into a house and slew him. The booty obtained was only \$38.

The U. S. geological survey report on the coal production of the United States for the calendar year of 1897 shows the total product for the year to have been 200,221,665 short tons, with an aggregate valuation at the mines of \$198,869,178, exceeding in value the output of 1896 by \$2,200,000. The output of Michigan mines was 223,592 short tons, valued at \$328,416, an average of \$1.46 per ton. The output in Michigan in 1896 was 92,882 tons, of an aggregate value of \$150,631, or \$1.62 per ton.

Services were held in the Episcopal church at Hillsdale in memory of the late Capt. Charles V. Gridley, commander of Admiral Dewey's flagship Olympia at Manila, and who died soon after the great victory. Capt. Gridley's mother and brother are members of the Hillsdale parish and the dead hero was a communicant of that church when he made his home at Hillsdale. For the occasion the church was beautifully decorated with flags and flowers and the Gridley pew was also appropriately draped.

The Michigan department headquarters train for the national G. A. R. encampment at Cincinnati will leave Detroit, Monday, Sept. 5, via the Lake Shore railroad to Toledo from which point the route will be over the Toledo & Ohio Central and Big Four routes. Tickets will be on sale in Michigan Sept. 3, 4, 5 and 6, good for a continuous passage commencing the day of sale, and good to return not later than Sept. 13. Commander Patrick invites all veterans and their friends to accompany him on the boat to Cincinnati.

CAN SEE END OF THE WAR.

French Minister Made Envoy of Spain to Make Peace.

TERMS PROPOSED BY THE U. S.

Porto Rico to be Ceded to the U. S.—Cuba to be Free—Uncle Sam to Take Manila and Surrounding Territory—Future of Philippines to be Settled Later.

The conferences of President McKinley and his cabinet to prepare a response to the Spanish overture for peace made through M. Cambon, the French ambassador, showed considerable difference of opinion as to the position the United States should take regarding the Philippine islands. On the other issues unanimity developed.

There was to be independence demanded for Cuba; Porto Rico was to be ceded to the United States; coaling stations were to be acquired at Guam, in the Ladrone islands, and one in the Caroline islands.

As to the Philippines, the cabinet finally agreed upon the following: That Manila bay, with the city and surrounding territory, should be retained in the possession of the United States as an American port and coaling station. If Spain is to be allowed to retain the Philippines, which the United States has not occupied, it must be under an agreement that neither the islands, as a whole, nor any part of them, shall be ceded by Spain to any other power but the United States, except with the consent of this country. The trade of the Philippines must be freed from restrictions of the Spanish colonial system. The policy of "open door" must be established for American products. The port and coaling station which the United States takes must be protected from any trade restrictions. It must continue to be, as it has been, the central port of this island system. Spain's colonial administration must be improved and the United States must be able to make its reform effective and permanent. No part of the region which has risen against Spain on our approach and no man concerned in the rising shall suffer after the close of the war. The United States must be left in a position to prevent the terrible cruelty which has disgraced the Spanish administration in the past. Once established at Manila, the United States cannot permit unchecked atrocities of the past in the islands about.

Incident to the cession of Porto Rico and the recognition of Cuban independence by Spain was the decision that every vestige of Spanish government and authority in the Caribbean and West Indian waters must be removed, effecting a material acquisition of numerous islands over which the Spanish flag flies, one of the most important of which is the Isle of Pines. Furthermore, this sweeping change of authority from Spain to the United States in our nearby waters is to be effective also as a quit claim of all indebtedness assumed by the Spanish government and charged by her to those islands, so far as the United States is concerned and all commercial treaties now existing between the Spanish government and her possessions there and outside powers are extinguished.

Must Move Shafter's Men North at Once.

Maj.-Gen. Shafter called a meeting of every commanding and medical officer of his corps at Santiago to consider the recommendation of the war department that the army be moved to the interior to a healthier location. Col. Roosevelt handed Gen. Shafter a letter in which he gave it as his opinion that if the army is kept in Cuba during the next two months one half of the soldiers will die, as an epidemic of genuine yellow fever is sure to break out which would ruin, from the standpoint of military efficiency, the flower of the American army. While the sick list exceeds 4,000 it affords but a faint glimpse of the debilitation of our forces. Not 10 per cent are fit for active work. Every shifting of the camp doubles the sick rate and, besides, the coast is as healthy as the interior at this period. For these reasons Col. Roosevelt urged the immediate transportation of the army north. Following this a paper was signed by every American general officer present, stating, "This army must be moved at once or perish. As the army can be safely moved now, the persons responsible for preventing such a move will be responsible for the unnecessary loss of thousands of lives."

Gen. Shafter at once cabled this to Washington and a conference at the White House took action for the prompt transportation of the army from Cuba to the splendid camp at Montauk Point, L. I. The first troops moved will be the five cavalry regiments, including the Rough Riders.

THE WAR SITUATION.

The battleship Texas has arrived at the Brooklyn navy yard for repair of injuries received in the campaign off Santiago. Her fighting ability was not in the least impaired, however. The warship and her crew were given a wildly enthusiastic reception as she steamed up New York harbor.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

Reports That Spain Had Accepted Our Terms Proved Immature.

Washington: Unofficially the President was informed that the Spanish ministry had acceded to the terms of the United States for a cessation of the war. While this government has strong reasons for believing that its terms of peace have been agreed to by the Madrid government, the President is taking nothing for granted. Arrangements for pressing the war to a successful conclusion are going forward precisely as if no negotiations were in progress. In event of Spain's acceptance of the terms proposed by this country, the first step will probably be toward an agreement to close active hostilities, pending the drafting of a treaty of peace along the lines of the accepted terms.

Later.—An appointment was made by M. Cambon, the French ambassador, acting for Spain, for a conference with President McKinley and Secretary of State Day to consider a communication from Madrid on the peace question. After a conference lasting just an hour Secretary Day emerged from the White House and announced that the conference was inconclusive; wherefore the parties to it had agreed to say nothing publicly as to what had occurred. From this it is gathered that the expected answer of the Spanish government to the President's note upon being received had turned out to be either a counter proposition or a request for a fuller statement in detail upon some of the heads of the President's note. Meantime in consonance with the declared purpose of the President at the beginning of the overture, this conference is not operating to restrain military operations in any degree.

The government is now waiting to hear again from Spain, and this time it is expected the answer will be final. Firmly, but courteously, the President has declined the earnest appeal of the French ambassador to modify the United States' demands, except in slight and comparatively unimportant respects. One of these was that the commission to be appointed to settle the terms of peace shall meet outside of the United States, and preferably in France. The President sees no material objection to granting this request, and it is said to be practically settled that the conferences will be held in Paris.

The Madrid government through M. Cambon, propounded a number of questions as to the time when Spain would be expected to evacuate Cuba and the territory to be ceded the United States, and as to what provision would be made by the United States to protect the interests of Spanish subjects in these islands, while the evacuation was in progress. There is one point, however, which the Spanish authorities, apparently fail fully to comprehend, and Secretary Day made a special call upon the ambassador for the purpose principally of making perfectly clear this one point. The point was that the evacuation of Cuba, Porto Rico and one of the Ladrone islands, to be selected by the United States, and their permanent session to this government, was made a question precedent to all peace negotiations, and not until these terms had been fully complied with, will this government consent to entertain any peace propositions whatever.

Madrid: Consultations held between Premier Sagasta, the presidents of the chambers and other prominent persons, are of a national character, with a view of ascertaining the opinions of all parties. The cabinet will follow the advice of the party leaders and will leave to the crown the liberty of choosing advisers. All the leaders consulted have observed the strictest reserve, with the exception of Senor Romero y Robledo, leader of the Weylerite party, who declares himself for continuing the war. Owing, in a great measure, to the patriotic efforts of Gen. Pozo-vieja, a tacit truce seems now established between all factors of internal disorder in Spain, until the peace treaty is signed. The feeling of all classes is that the humiliation resulting from this disastrous war falls not upon the Spanish nation, but upon the dynasty and government. The moment peace is signed the government will be made a scapegoat, and the people will then turn savagely against the dynasty and make it answerable for the consequences.

15 Regiments More for Porto Rico.

The war department has ordered Maj.-Gen. Wade, who was placed in command at Camp Thomas after the departure of Gen. Brooke, to proceed to Porto Rico with 15 more regiments of volunteers, which are to form a provisional division, the regiments being selected from various brigades. The following regiments have been selected: First Rhode Island, First North Carolina, First New Hampshire, First New Jersey, Second Texas, First Maine, Fourth Missouri, First Alabama, First Vermont, First West Virginia, First Kentucky, Third Tennessee, 22d New York, First Arkansas, 52d Iowa, Third Virginia, First Delaware and First Maryland.

Maj.-Gen. J. C. Breckinridge has assumed command of the army at Camp Thomas, succeeding Gen. Wade.

Washington: The First Ohio cavalry, now at Tampa, will form part of the next expedition to be sent to the assistance of Gen. Miles in Porto Rico.

THE SITUATION AT MANILA.

The Insurgents Becoming Hostile to the Americans.

AQUINALDO IS VERY DEFIANT.

Gen. Merritt Arrives and Takes Command of the Troops and With Admiral Dewey Prepares to Move Upon Manila—Trouble Expected With Insurgents.

Manila, via Hong Kong: Maj.-Gen. Wesley Merritt and the transports and troops under his command have arrived at Manila and Gen. Merritt assumed command of the American forces immediately after he had reported to Admiral Dewey. He has established headquarters at the Cavite arsenal. The cruiser Newport was escorted to an anchorage near the cruiser Charkston by the gunboat Concord, the crews of the vessels of the American fleet giving her a rousing welcome. Until he shall have received a report of the officers who preceded him, and familiarized himself with the situation, Gen. Merritt cannot determine as to his future course. The fleet saw nothing of the monitor Monterey and the collier Brutus, and it is supposed that the monitor is coaling at Guam island. The troops encamped at Parafo have not yet made a move, the condition of the country between the camp and the outskirts of Manila being such, on account of the heavy rains that have fallen, as to make it impossible to advance. The insurgents are still active, but are accomplishing nothing.

Washington: Gen. Merritt has cabled the war department relative to the situation in Manila, which he finds very unsatisfactory and dangerous, owing to the insurgents. Their attitude there is similar to that assumed by Garcia's Cubans, although in this case the insurgents are not only more numerous, but better armed and filled with the arrogance following their numerous victories over their Spanish foes. Gen. Merritt, however, indicates that he will do his utmost to protect the citizens from the savagery of the insurgents, though while fighting the Spaniards he must be ready at any moment to repel the insurgents. The general gave notice that he was about to combine with Admiral Dewey in a joint demand for the surrender of the city to the United States forces, thus forestalling the insurgents and this move may cause a rupture. Up to the date of the report Gen. Merritt had with him about 12,000 soldiers. So far seven expeditions have left San Francisco carrying soldiers to the Philippine islands, and it is the intention to furnish Gen. Merritt 8,000 men more than his present force. If he delays his attack until all these have reached Manila will not be taken before September.

A dispatch received from Admiral Dewey announces that Aguinaldo has assumed a bold attitude of defiance and that it would take a large force from this country to subdue the insurgents. Gen. Merritt is completing his preparations to attack Manila, and that, otherwise, there is nothing doing. The blockade is strictly maintained, and no date has been fixed for the attack. Admiral Dewey says the health of his men has never been better since they have been on the Asiatic station.

The London Times correspondent at Cavite says: It is becoming more apparent daily that there are serious complications ahead. The Americans never made a greater mistake than in bringing the insurgents to Cavite and arming them. Aguinaldo has become jealous of the Americans. Either he has been corrupted by some foreign power or he has a false idea of the strength of the revolutionists, failing to recognize that their recent successes are due to the concentration of Spanish strength at Manila, consequent upon the presence of the Americans. He talks of his government and dictates to the American authorities in absurd and inflated terms. Aguinaldo's forces encircle the city making daily and nightly attacks. Two miles behind Aguinaldo's lines, south of Manila, 5,000 Americans are in camp. The remainder are at Cavite. Aguinaldo has objected to the advance of the Americans to ground captured by the insurgents, forgetting that his landing was effected by the grace of the Americans. It is becoming apparent that the sole incentives of the insurgents in the conflict are revenge and plunder.

Aguinaldo is respectful toward Admiral Dewey, Gen. Merritt and U. S. Consul Wildman, but he holds back from giving energetic help to the U. S. forces, until he knows exactly what form the American policy will take. He is disturbed by reports that the United States will abandon the islands to Spain. Gen. Merritt is feeding Spanish prisoners held by the insurgents without consulting Aguinaldo and is otherwise acting independent of the insurgent leader, and a clash between them is not improbable.

Col. "Teddy" Roosevelt of the Rough Riders, is being boomed for governor of New York.

The U. S. government has purchased an immense floating drydock capable of lifting vessels of 2,200 tons displacement. It will be towed to Key West.

The Day Star of the Orkney's.

A Romance—By Hannah B. McKenzie.

CHAPTER I.

"Going out again, Magnus?"
"I must, little one. You look quite disappointed, as if you had expected me to spend the rest of my life over a luncheon-table."

"Now, you're laughing at me, Magnus. No; but I hope you are not going far. You're not going to—Crag Castle?"

Daisy Halcrow uttered the last words hesitatingly, as if not quite sure of how they might be taken; but her brother answered readily enough, though a close observer might have noticed that his bronzed face took on a darker tint as he did so.

"Yes, I am going, Day. You know I have to see Lady Westray."
"Is she then so very ill, that you must go to see her every day?" asked Day quickly. Perhaps there was a faint shade of sarcasm in her question; but if there was, Dr. Magnus took no more notice of it than he had of her former hesitation.

He had been standing by the mantle-piece, leaning his elbow upon it. Now he came to the window, in which his sister stood, and gently laid his hand on her shoulders.

"My dear little Day, Lady Westray is just as ill as she imagines herself—in other words, she is a confirmed hypochondriac. But I must not forget that she is one of the few among my patients who are likely to pay me for my services."

The girl caught his hand impulsively.

"That is not the spirit of my noble, independent, great-hearted Sea-king, who does his work for love of itself, and for love alone! Nor is it the spirit of our dear old daddy, Magnus, who gave of what he had freely, and was content so long as he had wherewith to eat and drink and be clothed."

"Our father was only too generous, Day," said Magnus slowly. "You know it is necessary to have a little worldly wisdom and forethought as long as you are in this world. And I have an ambition, as you know, and that is to repair and beautify this ruined home of the Halcrows. But I must not waste time now. Give me a kiss, little one, and let me go."

"Take care of yourself, and don't be overtaken by the storm, dear," said the girl. She stood on tiptoe and pressed her fresh young lips to her brother's bearded ones; then suddenly threw an arm around his neck, whispering, "Safe home, my Sea-king!"

She stood by the window until she saw her brother emerge below, leading out his bicycle. The fortunes of the Halcrows were fallen indeed, and long since Magnus Halcrow had had to part with his fine chestnut, the less aristocratic and less expensive steed serving him equally as well. Day smiled and nodded and waved her handkerchief, as her brother took off his cap, smiling a so mounted his iron steed, and shooting down the road, soon vanished out of sight.

A bicycle is not the best mount for showing off a man's stalwart or handsome figure; but Magnus Halcrow's proportions were so magnificent that nothing could hide them. He was, as his sister had called him, a veritable Sea-king—a lineal descendant of those golden-haired, blue-eyed, brawny Northmen whose fame and exploits Saga and Scald have sung.

Six feet in height, he was splendidly made, with square shoulders and unbenched back. His limbs were sinewy and muscular; his face, burnt to a bronze hue, was the noble, open, generous one of an honorable, God-fearing, clean souled young man. His blue eyes and abundant auburn hair made him like a sun-god.

The Halcrows were true Orcadians, and to them this "land of the midnight sun" was of more importance than all the great world without. For thirty years Dr. Halcrow, the elder, had lived at Abbot's Head, wearing out his life in the hard work of a country doctor, as his father had done before him. Then he had died, and his son Magnus had taken his place, ministering to the rough fisherfolk and farmers within twenty miles.

And Day lived with him—Day, whom her mother, who had died shortly after she was born, had named Daisy; but who, to her father and brother, was always Day—Day, the soft-eyed and dark-haired, small and slim of stature, whom everybody loved; Day, the eighteen-year-old, to whom all life as yet was fair and sweet, because she had known none but those who loved her and whom she trusted.

When Dr. Magnus was out of sight Day still stood by the window, looking out half-absently on the scene before her.

Abbot's Head stood on an eminence overlooking the sea and Day could let her gaze travel over that great expanse of water which stretched away to unknown worlds. Today it was as calm as glass, but had a dark hue, such as often presages a storm. The sky above was blue, but thickly veiled with grey, thundery clouds, edged with a tinge of copper.

CHAPTER II.

It was a day of excessive heat. No bird chirped, no leaf stirred. All nature seemed exhausted, or preparing for some terrific outburst.

"The storm is coming; I can see it," Day said to herself. "I hope he will reach Crag Castle before it bursts. Why does he go so often? Is it to see Lady Westray, as he says, or to see Lilith Stuart?"

Some disagreeable thought swept across the untroubled calm of Day's brow, like the dark clouds on the Summer sky without. She pressed her hand over it, as if to clear away some unpleasant thought, and murmured:

"Am I unjust, I wonder? Unjust and uncharitable? Dear daddy used to say it was the way of youth to judge hastily and uncharitably; yet I can't help it—I can't, I can't! I don't trust her, and can't compel myself to like her. Sometimes I feel as if—as if she were wicked—really wicked, like those women one reads about—wily Vivien, the 'lovely, baleful star,' or Cleopatra, who won men's souls and then ruined them."

"How unkind, how bitter I am!" she cried, beating her little hands together the next moment. "I must do as dear daddy used to say we ought to do when the devil enters into us—drive him out by doing something for God or for our neighbors. I'll go and see poor old Low. I promised to bring him a little treat of my own baking."

For Day Halcrow was her brother's right hand in everything, and there was no poor or aged or dying person among his patients whom she did not visit and bring comfort to, either physical or mental.

She ran lightly downstairs, packed her little treat—a small cake and one or two other dainties—in a basket, and, putting on a sailor hat in the hall, prepared to go out. Bell, the old servant who had been with her mother, heard her, however, and ran to the door.

"Ye'll not be going out just now, Miss Day? The storm is coming up fast."

"I don't think it will overtake me. I'm only going as far as old Low's; so don't you be anxious, you foolkin' Bell," said the girl. "Where's Oia! Oia! Oia! are you coming, old boy?"

A great tawny colt as large as a St. Bernard came lumbering into the hall from the kitchen regions at her call, and thrust his cold nose into her hand.

"Come on, then, old boy, and take good care of your mis-sis," cried Day gaily. "Good-bye, Bell. I'll be back in half an hour."

A long straight road led down from Abbot's Head to the small hamlet of Finstray, where Day's pensioner lived.

The village was by the sea, most of the houses being built in a hollow between the road and the shore. The road ran on past the lonely lakes of Harris and Stennis, and the standing stones to the important little town of Kirkwall.

The air was still as death and as hot as an oven. The silence and oppression were appalling, and even Day, who was a brave little soul if there ever was one, felt awed by it.

"Magnus must be near Crag Castle now, so he is all right," she thought. Her anxieties were always for her beloved brother, not for herself. Old Low was both lame and deaf, and a conversation with him was trying. He sat outside his door on a bench, smoking a pipe, his only solace; but he smiled, laid it down, and put a trembling old hand to his hat as Day approached.

Day presented her little gifts and sat chatting with the old man for a little. Suddenly she was startled by a vivid flash of lightning, and the next instant a loud roar of thunder burst overhead.

"It be a goin' to storm, miss, and no mistake," said the old man. "Ye'd better come indoors till it be past."

"No; I think I shall run home before it comes on very badly," said Day. "Good-bye, Mr. Low. I shall come again in a day or two."

"Good-bye, miss, and God bless you for the comfortable words ye've a' spoken to me this an' many times," said the old man, holding her own little rosieleaf of a hand in his own work-roughened, aged one. "The Lord be

with you for a sweet young lady."

Day picked up her basket, hurried up to the main road, and was soon walking swiftly homewards. But swiftly as she went, the storm moved more quickly still.

Flash succeeded flash with startling rapidity; the whole artillery of heaven seemed rumbling across the skies. The sea was no longer calm, but moved and swelled as if in some strange convulsion; and every moment the sky grew blacker. A dreadful oppression filled the air, which was almost suffocatingly hot. As Day hurried on, half running, she felt her throat dry and parched, and the perspiration stood in beads on her face.

No human creature had passed her; there were no houses between Finstray and Abbot's Head. But suddenly, as Day ran on, she heard the sound of a bell ringing behind her, and, turning, she saw a cyclist come flying along the road at terrific speed. For a moment her heart bounded, for she thought it was Magnus. Bicycles were not so common in that far Orcadian land. The next moment she knew it was impossible—Magnus had gone in the other direction. The cyclist was on her in a few seconds. He slowed up as he approached, and, touching his cap, asked:

"Can you tell me if I am right for Stromness?"

"Straight on," Day replied. He touched his cap again and flew on. Day looked after him, and his figure was lit up by a brilliant flash of lightning as she looked. He was a gentleman, she could tell at once—slight in figure, dark in complexion, handsome and almost patrician in features. All that Day took in in that bright flash; then he was beyond her sight, hid by a turn in the road. She hurried on.

Suddenly a flash of forked lightning burst out, quivered for a moment over the landscape, lighting it up with a blue and purple glare, then went out. Almost at the same moment a terrific clash of thunder shook the whole sky; the rattling and pealing above was like the day of doom. Day was courageous, but that awful peal made her start nervously and fly onwards. She was close to the narrow road which turned up to the Head when some object lying on the ground just at the cross-roads drew her attention. Her heart leaped to her mouth. Could it be the cyclist, struck by that fearful bolt?

She ran up to it, hardly touching the ground in her haste. In a few seconds she saw that she had been right in her conjecture. The bicycle lay on the side of the road, with twisted handle-bars; and a few paces from it, in a strange, huddled-up position, motionless, lay the unfortunate rider!

CHAPTER III.

Day went on her knees and bent over the prostrate form.

"Are you hurt?" she asked in a somewhat shaken little voice. But no answer came. She tried to draw the man's arm from under him. It was limp and powerless, like that of the dead.

"Oh, God, grant that he is not dead!" Day whispered, in an awe-stricken voice. She was young and strong, and the warm blood of youth flowed through her veins. It sent a shudder to her inmost heart to think that the man whom she had seen a few seconds ago as full of youthful health and energy as she herself might be lying now cold, supine, without sight or hearing—dead.

The lightning was still playing about her head, and the thunder rattling, but Day hardly heeded it. All thought of her own danger were banished from her mind. The effort to turn him around, so that the man's face was hidden, for it was turned upwards upon his arm. Day made a violent effort to turn him so she could see his face. She succeeded partially at last; but then the sight that met her eyes terrified her more than ever.

Ghastly pale, with closed eyes and mouth, and with apparently no breath coming from between the tightly-set lips, it seemed to Day like the face of a dead man. In its white, awful pallor she saw it more distinctly now than she had before. The features were fine and delicately cut, and the whole face refined; only the mouth, in its close-set nature—too stern for so young a face.

"Oh, merciful Father, grant that he may not die!" Day prayed again, hardly knowing what she said, for in her deepest heart she believed he was really dead.

"What am I to do?" Then, swift as an arrow, it flashed into her mind what she should do. She rose from her knees, called to Oia, who was sniffing about the prostrate figure, and flew up the road which led to Abbot's Head. In three minutes, hot, breathless, panting, she was at the door.

Bell was looking out for her, with a scared expression on her face.

(To be Continued.)

In California there were experiments in storing raisins so as to have them as free from seeds as the ordinary currant. Success has followed, till now, seeded raisins are becoming an important item among the fruit industries of California.

TAKING ALL BEFORE THEM.

Gen. Miles' Forces Meet Little Resistance—News From Porto Rico.

Following the landing of the first American troops at Guanica and the surrender of the port of Ponce to the auxiliary cruiser Dixie, Gen. Henry's division of the forces under Gen. Miles moved from Guanica to Ponce, taking en route the cities of Yauco, Tallabos, Sabana Grande and Penicla. Attempts by the Spaniards to blow up bridges and otherwise destroy the railroad between Yauco and Ponce failed, only a few flat cars being burned. Our troops fired up the locomotives and are now operating the road from end to end, carrying men, supplies and messages. At Yauco the Americans were received by the alcalde who issued a proclamation welcoming them and dated it "Yauco, Porto Rico, United States of America." Maj. Webb Hayes, Sixth Ohio, son of former President Hayes, hauled up the flag on the palace amid cheers from the populace. The people seemed almost overjoyed that the Americans had arrived, but feared an uprising of natives in the interior, who would murder and pillage in revenge for the many years of Spanish misrule. To prevent this a guard will be left to protect the captured cities.

Gen. Miles reports from Ponce: "Volunteers are surrendering themselves with arms and ammunition. Four-fifths of the people are overjoyed at the arrival of the army. Two thousand from one place have volunteered to serve with us. They are bringing in transportation, beef cattle and other needed supplies. The custom house has already yielded \$14,000. As to the government and military occupation I have given instructions based upon those issued by the President in the case of the Philippine Islands and similar to those issued at Santiago."

Gen. Wilson was appointed military governor of the city and province of Ponce pending Gen. Brooke's arrival.

Col. Hulings, with 10 companies of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania, has occupied Juan Diaz, about eight miles northeast of Ponce, on the road to San Juan. The American flag was raised and greeted with great enthusiasm by the populace. The American troops have also reached Comao, about 16 miles northeast of Ponce, on the road to San Juan. Thus far they have met with no resistance. The first real resistance is expected when our troops reach Aibonito, 35 miles northeast of Ponce. Aibonito has a thousand feet elevation. The military road to San Juan is broad and well beaten and will offer no such difficulties to the passage of artillery and supply trains as did the soggy and almost unbroken trails of Cuba to the advance of Gen. Shafter.

GREAT BISMARCK IS DEAD.

Foremost German Statesman of the Century Passes Away.

Prince Bismarck passed away peacefully, but rather unexpectedly, at his home at Friedrichsruhe. While the great warrior-statesman had been in ill health for some time it was less than two days before the end that Dr. Schweninger, the ex-chancellor's physician, expressed the belief that the prince might live a number of years. However, complications suddenly appeared and the entire family was assembled and Dr. Schweninger, who had gone to Berlin, was hastily summoned. The family, gathered in an adjoining room, was plunged into the very anguish of grief by the moans from the death chamber. The despair was intensified by Dr. Schweninger's absence, although medical art was unavailing. The only consolation was that the prince was unconscious during the last two hours. Dr. Schweninger was in time only to afford some relief in the final moments.

A dispatch from Bergen, Norway, says that when the emperor was informed of the prince's death he was deeply affected, and ordered his yacht to return immediately.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.			
New York	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs
Best grades...	80 35 00	8 75	80 00
Lower grades...	35 00 00	3 00	4 50
Chicago...	5 25 65	4 75	6 01
Lower grades...	3 00 50 00	3 25	4 00
Detroit...	4 25 10 00	4 51	5 50
Lower grades...	3 00 21 00	3 25	4 00
Buffalo...	3 75 41 00	4 75	6 00
Lower grades...	3 01 35 00	3 50	4 00
Cleveland...	3 75 41 00	4 01	5 50
Lower grades...	3 01 35 00	2 75	4 00
Cincinnati...	4 01 21 00	4 25	6 01
Lower grades...	3 01 40 00	3 00	4 25
Pittsburg...	3 75 41 00	4 75	6 01
Lower grades...	3 25 40 00	3 25	4 25
GRAIN, ETC.			
Wheat	Corn	Oats	No. 2 white
New York	74 75	26 40 00	31 31 1/2
Chicago	65 00 1/2	33 1/2 3/4	29 29
Detroit	62 3/4	35 3/4	27 3/4 3/4
Toledo	60 00	33 3/4 3/4	24 3/4 3/4
Cincinnati	68 00	35 43 1/2	27 3/4 3/4
Cleveland	68 00	34 3/4 3/4	27 3/4 3/4
Pittsburg	70 00	36 1/2 1/4	29 29
Buffalo	70 00	36 3/4	29 29
*Detroit—Bar. No. 1 Timothy, 23 1/2 per ton Potatoes, new Michigan, 60c per bu. Live Poultry, spring chickens, 12c per lb; fowl, 7c; turkeys, 8c; ducks, 7c. Eggs, strictly fresh, 12c per doz. Butter, dairy, 12c per lb; creamery, 10c.			

When Hot

Don't sweat and fret, but keep cool and take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is good advice, as you will find if you follow it. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a first-class summer medicine, because it is so good for the stomach, so cooling to the blood, so helpful to the whole body. Make no mistake, but get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla
America's Greatest Medicine.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

Reduced Rates to Dixon, Via the North-Western Line, from stations within 200 miles radius, on account of the Rock River Assembly, to be held at Dixon, July 25-August 11. For dates of sale, etc., apply to Agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

No man can either live plausibly or die righteously without a wife.—Richter.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No. 20—Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c. or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Kennedy Co., Chicago or New York.

When a man of merit wins everybody else attributes it to his good luck.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

No attention is paid to a chronic liar when he utters an occasional truth.

COSMO BUTTERMILK TOILET SOAP
makes the skin soft, white and healthy. Sold everywhere.

Earth has nothing more tender than a pious woman's heart.—Luther.

To Cure Constipation Forever.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 50c. or \$1.00. C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

There are such things as tears of joy, but few people ever see them.

Cox's Cough Balm
Is the oldest and best. It will break up a cold quicker than anything else. It is always reliable. Try it.

Wagner's music is not synonymous with snoring in sleeping cars.

I shall recommend Pilsner's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumsted, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1896.

Some artists find it harder to draw a salary than anything else.

BAD BREATH

"I have been using CASCARETS and as a mild and effective laxative they are simply wonderful. My daughter and I were bothered with indigestion and our breath was very bad. After taking a few doses of Cascarets we were improved wonderfully. They are a great help in the family."
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CURE YOURSELF! Use Big 6 for constipation, indigestion, biliousness, nervousness, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatica, etc. Sold by druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for 50c. or 3 bottles, \$1.75. Circular sent on request.

Is Your Income All Your Own.

The following was clipped from the July-August number of the Church News:

We do not see how anyone can deny that the Tithe is the Lords. It seems to us that one is shut up to saying "if you do not believe it, you and the Lord for it. He says it is his". But the objection is raised that this was simply a Jewish exaction, and not in force under the New Testament dispensation. This is certainly a misapprehension. If we may judge from various expressions, good and devout men set apart the tithe of their increase for the Lord's service long before the Jewish nation was in existence. Abraham paid tithes as if it was a well established usage. Jacob vows the tithe as though it was a familiar practice with God-fearing people. The Levitical expression in reference to the Lord's proprietorship in everything, and his rightful claim to the tenth as an expression of loyalty to him, is not made as though it were a new enactment, but the simple statement of a well-understood obligation.

It costs a good deal to pay the tithe to the Lord. But it costs a good deal more not to pay it. The Jews found it so. On account of avarice and ingratitude and irreligion and unbelief, they frequently withheld it, and they always received the penalty. They could not spiritualize away this exact and literal obligation. They were called robbers of God. We ought to learn that it is a poor exegesis, a faulty historical theology and a worse practice, to try to spiritualize Malachi from his plain meaning, that God was sorely displeased with those people who failed in their pecuniary obligations to him. Failing here, they showed that their hearts were wrong. But the overact is instanced, and punishment awarded on that line.

A great many thoughtful and excellent people, however, stumble right here and say: "But there is no enactment of the tithe in the New Testament, and a different rule is laid down. We are to give from gratitude, willingly, lovingly. We are to give as we are prospered."

But, my brother, did you ever hear anyone speak in that way in reference to the Sabbath? Did you ever hear anyone say that all time and every day is holy to God under the New Testament? and that there is no enactment of the old, literal Sabbath in the dispensation under which we live? Did you ever notice that such a spirit made all time unholy instead of holy? Have you not said, many a time, that an Old Testament in-

stitution, not abrogated, passes over into the New, and that the Sabbath thus does? And shall we not reason thus in regard to the tithe? It did not originate in Jewish law, even as the Sabbath did not. But like the Sabbath it passes through successive dispensations, never abrogated in any. The tithe has the Savior's approval. "This ought ye to have done." It was all right. So he approves the Sabbath.

It would seem a strange thing that the Church should be started without some arrangement for meeting its expenses definitely and promptly.

The objection that we cannot afford to pay one-tenth of our income, year by year, goes too far. God asks one-seventh of our time. It may be said this is too much to ask of a poor man, who needs to work every minute of his time in order to make a living. Some do thus answer but they keep themselves poor by shutting off God's blessing from themselves. No man can afford, even temporarily and physically, to work seven days in a week, and even the ratio of time instituted in the French Revolution, of one day in ten, could not and cannot stand.

God asks one-seventh of our time and one-tenth of our income. The demand in the latter case is founded as imperiously on our own necessities as in the former. If there be the fear that we cannot prosper if we divert one-tenth of our income into the Lord's treasury, that fear is born of doubt of God's promises. He says that financial prosperity awaits the one who adopts the principle of dealing with him according to his requirements.—Tract.

Just the Place for a Bridal Trip.

Take a cruise to Picturesque Mackinac Island, 900 miles of lake ride, and it only costs \$17 from Cleveland, \$15 from Toledo and \$12.50 from Detroit, round trip, including meals and berth. New steel steamers. Send 2c for illustrated pamphlet. Address

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Two of the most popular pieces of music arranged for piano or organ have just been issued by the Popular Music Co., Indianapolis Ind. "Bring Our Heroes Home" dedicated to the heroes of the U. S. Battleship Maine, is one of the finest national songs ever written. The music is stirring and the words ring with patriotism. "Dewey's Battle of Manila March Two-Step" is a fine instrumental piece and will live forever as a souvenir of the Spanish War. Either one of these pieces and popular music roll containing 18 pages full sheet music sent on receipt of 25 cents. Address,

Popular Music Co.,
Indianapolis, Ind.

About one month ago my child, which is fifteen months old, had an attack of diarrhoea accompanied by vomiting. I gave it such remedies as are usually given in such cases, but as nothing gave relief, we sent for a physician and it was under his care for a week. At this time the child had been sick for about ten days and was having about twenty-five operations of the bowels every twelve hours and we were convinced that unless it soon obtained relief it would not live. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy was recommended and I decided to try it. I soon noticed a change for the better; by its continued use a complete cure was brought about and it is now perfectly happy.—C. L. Boggs, Stumptown; Gilmer Co., W. Va. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtin, Plainfield Ill., makes the statement that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told her she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight was benefited from first dole. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well, now does her own house work and is as well as ever. Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at F. A. Sigler's drug store large bottles 50c and \$1.

Do You Want Gold?
Everyone desires to keep informed on Yukon, the Klondyke and Alaskan gold fields. Send 10c for large Compendium of vast information and big color map to Hamilton Pub. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

Headache and Neuralgia cured by Dr. MILLER'S PAIN PILLS. "One cent a dose."

The B. B. Remedy for Flux.
Mr. John Mathias, a well known stock dealer of Pulaski, Ky., says: "After suffering for over a week with flux, and my physician having failed to relieve me, I was advised to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and have the pleasure of stating that half of one bottle cured me. For sale by F. A. Sigler."

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and verminage. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25c per package. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

The Rev. W. B. Costley of Stockbridge, Ga., while attending to his pastoral duties at Ellenwood, was attacked by cholera morbus. He says: "By chance I happened to get hold of a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and I think it was the means of saving my life. It relieved me at once." For sale by F. A. Sigler.

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Instruct us which bank to send our draft and bill of lading to. Upon arrival of twine examine it and pay draft if satisfied.

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Grand Trunk Railway System.
Departure of Trains at Pinckney. In Effect May 1898.

Jackson and Intermediate Sta.	W. B. SUNDAY	Lv.	10.44 a m
			11.45 p m
Pontiac Detroit—Gd. Rapids and Intermediate Sta.	EASTBOUND		10.11 p m
Pontiac Lenox Detroit and Intermediate Sta.			11.55 a m
Mich. Air Line Div. trains leave Pontiac at			11.00 a m
for Romeo Lenox and Int. Sta.			11.10 p m
D. & M. DIVISION LEAVE PONTIAC WESTBOUND			
Saginaw Gd. Rapids and Gd. Haven		Lv.	11.22 a m
Gd. Rapids Gd. Haven Chicago			11.43 p m
Saginaw Gd. Rapids Milwaukee Chicago and Intermediate Sta.			11.07 p m
Grand Rapids & Gd. Haven			11.40 p m
DETROIT EAST AND CANADA EASTBOUND			
Detroit East and Canada		Lv.	10.07 a m
Detroit East and South			11.58 a m
Detroit East and Canada			12.40 p m
Detroit East and Canada			12.30 p m
Detroit Suburban			11.05 a m
			11.00 p m
Leave Detroit via Windsor WESTBOUND			
Toronto Montreal New York		Lv.	12.06 p m
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W. H. BENNETT,
G. P. A., Toledo.

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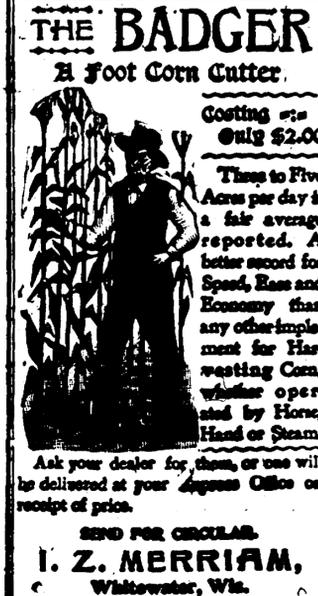
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WANTED TRUSTWORTHY AND ACTIVE gettomed or led to travel for responsible, established house in Michigan. Monthly \$25.00 and expenses. Full steady. References Enclose—undirected and envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. 1, Chicago.

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A Foot Corn Cutter.



Costing only \$2.00

Three to Five Acres per day is a fair average reported. A better record for Speed, Ease and Economy than any other implement for Harvesting Corn, whether operated by Horse, Hand or Steam.

Ask your dealer for them, or one will be delivered at your Express Office on receipt of price.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR.
I. Z. MERRIAM,
Whitewater, Wis.



La Grippe,

Followed by Heart Disease, Cured by DR. MILES' HEART CURE.



M. R. C. O. SHULTS, of Winterset, Iowa, inventor and manufacturer of Shults' Safety Whiffletree Coupling...



Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee...

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Advertisement for Hammer Paint, 20 parts, saving 25% cost. Includes text: 'A gallon of PURE LINED OIL mixed with a gallon of Hammer Paint, 20 parts, saves 25% cost.'

Guaranteed 5 years. Not to be used, blistered, peeled or chipped. F. HAMMAR PAINT CO., St. Louis, Mo.

TEEPLE & CADWELL, Pinckney, Mich.

Advertisement for sewing machines: 'We Make WHEELS, Tool! The Eldredge \$50.00 The Belvidere \$40.00 Superior to all others irrespective of price. Catalogue tells you why. Write for one. NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO., 320 Broadway, New York.'

Day Light Excursion to Milwaukee on August 26th.

Tickets will be sold for this excursion from principal stations on our lines. A special train on the Detroit and Milwaukee division, connecting with regular trains on other divisions, will reach Grand Haven about 12:30 noon and arrive at Milwaukee by steamer at 7 p. m., affording a magnificent cool ride across Lake Michigan.

Popular Excursions Galore; East and West.

The Grand Trunk Railway System will give a series of popular low rate excursions from stations on their lines west of Detroit and St. Clair Rivers.

To Alpena, Tawas, AuSable and Oscoda August 19, via Bay City and Detroit & Mackinac R. R.

Tickets for this excursion will be sold at principal stations on the different divisions of the Grand Trunk System. Rates not higher than \$4.00 and tickets will be good up to an including August 29th.

An Unparalleled Opportunity for a Summer's Outing to the Muskoka Lakes, and Highlands of Northern Ontario, August 19th.

The Muskoka Lakes are reached by the Grand Trunk Railway from Muskoka Wharf (Gravenhurst) about 112 miles north of Toronto. The principal lakes Muskoka (22 miles), Rosseau (34 miles), and Joseph (45 miles) are reached by Steamers of the Muskoka Navigation Company.

The above excursions are the most attractive and at lowest rates for a summer's outing that have yet been made.

Interesting Items.

Many a man has brought disgrace and poverty upon his family through being a hail fellow well met and one of the boys. A man's first duty is to his family, his second is to his country, and his third to the boys.

Great sympathy is expressed for the doctors. There is no profession which does more work gratis than the medical practitioner. If it were not for the humor that comes to the surface, every doctor would become gray and bald.

The ninth annual convention of the Ann Arbor district Epworth Leagues will be held at Ann Arbor, beginning Tuesday afternoon and closing Wednesday evening, August 9 and 10.

One of our readers claims to own a rooster that has hatched out a lot of chickens. The old hen was too busy to sit and the rooster took the job with the above result.—Manchester Enterprise.

Dexter Leader: South Lyon thinks it is to get the Lansing, Dexter & Ann Arbor railroad away from Dexter and Ann Arbor by getting a change in the route which would take the road from Pinckney to South Lyon and from thence to Novi and Farmington to connect with the Detroit and Pontiac road.

A man who has kept account of the number of kisses exchanged with his wife since their union consents to its publication, as follows: First year, 36,500; second year, 16,000; third year, 3,650; fourth year, 120; fifth year, 3. He then left off keeping the record.—Deerfield Times Journal.

Speeds per Second.

The snail, one-half inch; a man walking, 4 feet; a fast runner, 28 feet; a fly, 24 feet; a fast skater, 34 feet; a carrier pigeon, 87 feet; locomotive—sixty miles an hour—88 feet; swallows, 220 feet; the worst cyclone known, 380 feet; the surface of the globe on sea level at the equator, 1,500 feet; the moon, 3,50 feet; the sun, 5 1/2 miles; the earth, 18 miles; Halley's comet in the perihelion, 235 miles; electric current on telegraph wires, 7,000 miles; induction current, 11,040 miles; electric current in copper wire armatures, 21,000 miles; light, 180,000 miles; discharge of a Leyden jar through copper wire one-sixteenth of an inch in diameter, 277,100 miles which is said to have been the highest velocity measured.—The Wave.

DISPUTES WITH CABBY.

The New System of Computing Fares Introduced in France and Germany. Americans traveling in Europe will chant psalms of praise to the man who invented the new cab system, which both Germany and France have, to a large extent adopted.

Ten Million Wheelmen.

It is stated by competent authority that there are ten million people in America who are bicycle riders. Probably each one gets an average of one hurt in a season and that is just when Henry & Johnson's Arnica & Oil Liniment gets in its good work.

F. A. Sigler.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For Sale by F. A. SIGLER.

STATE of MICHIGAN, County of Livingston, s. s.

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate Office in the village of Howell on Monday the 25th day of July in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

Present, Albird M. Davis, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Daniel F. Webb, deceased.

Now comes G. W. Teeple, executor of the estate of said deceased and represents to this court that he is ready to render his annual account in said estate.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday the 15th day of August next at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at said Probate Office be assigned for the hearing of said account.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in the Pinckney Dispatch, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, two successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

ALBIRD M. DAVIS, Judge of Probate.

Business Pointers.

Notice.

To the farmers of Livingston county—We hereby appoint Mr. Sanford Reason local agent for us in this section and all orders given him will receive our prompt attention.

BURR ROGERS, special agent; I. E. ILGENFRITZ, Monroe Nursery.

LOST.

Last Friday afternoon, a woolen horse blanket with red and black check, between Bluffs and S. G. Teeple's. Finder please return to this office.

Notice.

The village tax roll is in my hands and I will be at the town hall every Tuesday in July and August for the purpose of receiving taxes.

D. W. MURTA, Treasurer.

Robbed a Grave.

A startling incident of which Mr John Oliver of Philadelphia was the subject is narrated by him as follows. "I was in a most dreadful condition, my skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day.



NERVE & LIVER PILLS

Act on a new principle—regulate the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. Dr. Miles' Pills regulate the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. They are the only pills that regulate the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves.

Sold by F. A. Sigler.

The Best Hotel in Detroit

Can do so much for you in the way of comfortable beds and good food as the Franklin House, at 100 and 102 Main Street, Detroit, Mich. It is the only hotel in Detroit that has a billiard room, a reading room, a smoking room, a billiard room, a reading room, a smoking room.

The Pinckney Dispatch.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY FRANK L. ANDREWS Editor and Proprietor. Subscription Price \$1 in Advance.

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan, as second-class matter.

Advertising rates made known on application.

Business Cards, \$4.00 per year. Birth and marriage notices published free. Announcements of entertainments may be paid for, if desired, by presenting the office with tickets of admission.

Job Printing! In all its branches, a specialty. We have all kinds and the latest styles of Type, etc., which enables us to execute all kinds of work, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Programmes, Bill Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Cards, Auction Bills, etc., in superior style, upon the latest notice. Prices as low as good work can be done.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH.

THE VILLAGE DIRECTORY.

Table listing Village Officers: President, Claude L. Sigler; Treasurer, Geo. Reason Jr.; Clerk, F. G. Jackson; Assessor, E. L. Thompson; etc.

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH. Rev. W. T. Wallace pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:00 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. F. L. Andrews, Supt.

SOCIETIES:

The A. O. H. Society of this place, meets every third Sunday in the Fr. Matthew Hall. Pinckney Y. P. S. C. E. Meetings held every Sunday evening in Cong'l church at 6:30 o'clock. Epworth League. Meets every Sunday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock, at M. E. Church.

KNIGHTS OF MACCABEES.

Meet every Friday evening on or before full of the moon at their hall in the Swarthout bldg. Visiting brothers are cordially invited. Order of Eastern Star meets each month the Friday evening following the regular F. & A. M. meeting. Ladies of the Maccabees. Meet every 1st Saturday of each month at 2:30 p. m. and every 3rd Saturday at 7:30 p. m. at the K. O. T. M. hall.

BUSINESS CARDS.

N. F. SIGLER M. D. C. L. SIGLER M. D. DR. SIGLER & SIGLER, Physicians and Surgeons. All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main street Pinckney, Mich. DR. A. B. GREEN. DENTIST—Every Thursday and Friday Office over Sigler's Drug Store.

OLD HICKORY BICYCLES

Advertisement for Old Hickory Bicycles featuring an illustration of a bicycle and text: 'Strongest and Easiest Riding Wheel. Continuous Wood Frame. Always Safe and Satisfactory. WE WANT MORE AGENTS. OLD HICKORY CYCLE CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A. WRITE US A LETTER.'

Pinckney Dispatch.

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Publisher.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN.

Only a truthful man knows how much he lies.

Lots of old soldiers get half-shot every pension day.

The actions of a 13-inch gun speak louder than words.

The old toper sees some queer things "coming thro' the rye."

Consistency may be a jewel, but it is apt to have an alum flavor.

About 99 per cent. of people's conversation is of no earthly use.

Professional jealousy plays havoc with many professed friendships.

It's far easier to purchase old jokes in the comic paper than it is to sell them.

When a man is swamped in speculation a lot of wreckage comes to the surface.

Spaniards will kindly observe that this is also a nation of government bondholders.

Mr. Mansfield is too good an actor to waste his life in the production of a prolonged whine.

The only way some married people manage to avoid quarreling is by refusing to make up.

No one knows better than the millionaire father why his daughter's lordly husband is called "His Highness."

It is rumored that Spain will issue a new map of her possessions after the war—that is, if she has any possessions left.

Perhaps some people do not know that the sphinx got its reputation for being very wise by keeping its mouth shut for 3,000 years.

The kaiser proclaims himself not only the head of the army but the head of the theatre. Will it be long before he becomes the head of the church?

The man who shot at Blanco at a distance of only a few feet and merely wounded him deserves the death he will undoubtedly get. If to blunder in the case of a soldier who half misses such an opportunity as that? It seems from further information that the man never shot at the general at all. Very well. Shall he be boiled in oil?

It is hot, men say, and most uncomfortable. Yes, but the grass is green, the roses in bloom, and all nature rejoicing in the luxuriance of fullest light and life. It is usually hot in busy workshops, especially engine-rooms, and the summer is the workshop and engine-room of the year, in which is done the work and accumulated the energy that are to carry us through the winter season of idleness and death.

The aptness of a quotation from the Bible—Isaiah 3:12—was never shown more forcibly than in a speech recently delivered in the Spanish Cortes by a Carlist deputy. After eloquently arraigning the government for their incapacity, he closed with these words from Isaiah: "As for my people, children are their oppressors, and women rule over them. O, my people, they which lead thee cause thee to err, and destroy the way of thy paths." The Cortes was instantly in an uproar, and the deputy, having refused to recall his words, was expelled for the remainder of the session.

The late President Cleveland, with some others, warns us not to get intoxicated with the glory of war and of the acquirement of new territory. It appears, however, that we have got pretty deep into this war and it really wouldn't be wise to pull out of it until we have whipped the enemy. Of course, there are lots of things possible to make us afraid to win it, but they cannot be profitably considered until the fighting has gone further. "Drive slow," said the man who owned the horse to the man who hired it for funeral purposes. "Certainly," was the reply; "but I'll keep up with the procession or I'll kill the horse."

The advantage a millionaire has over a workingman is that he may assume the other's part. The workingman cannot play the millionaire. Some amusing incidents are told in Harper's Weekly of patriotic youths who have given up lives of ease and pleasure to work and live like any common sailor in the naval reserves. One of them was lately swabbing down the deck under the supervision of an old tar who exclaimed: "By George! there's a fine yacht. Do you know who she belongs to, young feller?" "Rather," drawled the militiaman; "she belongs to me!"

FALMAGES' SERMON.

"WRITING IN DUST," LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

From John, Chapter VIII, Verse 6, as follows: "Jesus Stooped Down and with His Fingers Wrote on the Ground."

You must take your shoes off and put on the especial slippers provided at the door if you would enter the Mohammedan mosque, which stands now where once stood Herod's temple, the scene of my text. Solomon's temple had stood there, but Nebuchadnezzar had thundered it down. Zerubbabel's temple had stood there, but that had been prostrated. Now we take our places in a temple that Herod built, because he was fond of great architecture, and he wanted the preceding temples to seem insignificant. Put eight or ten modern cathedrals together, and they would not equal that structure. It covered nineteen acres. There were marble pillars supporting roofs of cedar, and silver tables, on which stood golden cups, and there were carvings exquisite, and inscriptions resplendent, glittering balustrades and ornamented gateways. The building of this temple kept 10,000 workmen busy for forty-six years.

In that stupendous pile of pomp and magnificence sat Christ, and a listening throng stood about Him when a wild disturbance took place. A group of men are pulling and pushing along a woman who had committed a crime against society. When they have brought her in front of Christ, they ask that He sentence her to death by stoning. They are a critical, merciless, disingenuous crowd. They want to get Christ into controversy and public reprehension. If He say "Let her die," they will charge Him with cruelty. If He let her go, they will charge Him with being in complicity with wickedness. Whichever way He does, they would howl at Him.

Then occurs a scene which has not been sufficiently regarded. He leaves the lounge or bench on which He was sitting, and goes down on one knee, or both knees, and with the forefinger of His right hand He begins to write in the dust of the floor, word after word. But they were not to be diverted or hindered. They kept on demanding that He settle this case of transgression, until He looked up and told them they might themselves begin the woman's assassination, if the complainant who had never done anything wrong himself would open the fire. "Go ahead, but be sure that the man who flings the first missile is immaculate." Then He resumed writing with His finger in the dust of the floor, word after word. Instead of looking over His shoulder to see what He had written, the scoundrels skulked away. Finally, the whole place is clear of pursuers, antagonists and plaintiffs, and when Christ has finished this strange chirography in the dust He looks up and finds the woman all alone.

The prisoner is the only one of the courtroom left, the judges, the police, the prosecuting attorney having cleared out. Christ is victor, and He says to the woman: "Where are the prosecutors? Where are they all gone? Then I discharge you; go and sin no more." I have wondered what Christ wrote on the ground. For do you realize that it is the only time that He ever wrote at all? I know that Eusebius says that Christ once wrote a letter to Abgarus, the king of Edessa, but there is no good evidence of such a correspondence. The wisest being the world ever saw, and the one who had more to say than any one who ever lived, never writing a book or a chapter or a paragraph or a word on parchment! Nothing but the literature of the dust, and one sweep of a brush or one breath of a wind obliterated it forever.

Among all the rolls of the volumes of the first library founded at Thebes there was not one scroll of Christ. Among the 700,000 books of the Alexandrian library, which, by the infamous decree of Caliph Omar, were used as fuel to heat the 4,000 baths of the city, not one sentence had Christ penned. Among all the infinite of volumes now standing in the libraries of Edinburgh, the British Museum, or Berlin, or Vienna, or the learned repositories of all nations, not one word written directly by the finger of Christ. All that He ever wrote He wrote in dust, uncertain, shifting dust.

My text says He stooped down and wrote on the ground. Standing straight up a man might write on the ground with a staff, but if with his fingers he would write in the dust he must bend clear over. Aye, he must get at least on one knee, or he cannot write on the ground. Be not surprised that He stooped down. His whole life was a stooping down. Stooping down from celestial homage to monocratic jeer. From residence above the stars to where a star had to fall to designate His landing-place. From heaven's front door to the world's back gate. From writing in round and silvered letters of constellation and galaxy on the blue

scroll of heaven to writing on the ground in the dust which the feet of the crowd had left in Herod's temple. If, in January, you have ever stepped out of a prince's conservatory that had Mexican cactus and magnolias in full bloom into the outside air, ten degrees below zero, you may get some idea of Christ's change of atmosphere from celestial to terrestrial. How many heavens there are I know not, but there are at least three, for Paul was "caught up into the third heaven."

Christ came down from the highest heaven to the second heaven, and down from second heaven to first heaven, down swifter than meteors ever fell, down amidst stellar splendors that Himself eclipsed, down through appalling space, down to where there was no lower depth. From being waited on at the banquet of the skies, to the broiling of fish for His own breakfast, on the banks of the lake. From emblazoned chariots of eternity to the saddle of a mule's back. From the homage of cherubim, seraphim, archangels, to the paying of sixty-two and a half cents of tax to Caesar. From the deathless country to a tomb built to hide human dissolution. The uplifted wave of Galilee was high, but He had to come down before, with His feet, He could touch it, and the whirlwind that arose above the billow was higher yet, but He had to come down before with His lip He could kiss it into quiet. Bethlehem a stooping down. Nazareth a stooping down. Death between two burglars a stooping down. Yes, it was in consonance with humiliations that went before and self-abnegations that came after, when on that memorable day in Herod's temple He stooped down and wrote on the ground.

Whether the words He was writing were in Greek or Latin or Hebrew, I cannot say, for He knew all those languages. But He is still stooping down, and with His finger writing on the ground; in the winters in letters of crystals, in the spring in letters of flowers, in summer in golden letters of harvest, in autumn in letters of fire on fallen leaves. How it would sweeten up and enrich and emblazon this world could we see Christ's calligraphy all over it! This world was not flung out into space thousands of years ago, and then left to look out for itself. It is still under the divine care. Christ never for a half second takes His hand off of it, or it would soon be a shipwrecked world, a defunct world, an obsolete world, an abandoned world, a dead world. "Let there be light," was said at the beginning. And Christ stands under the wintry skies and says, let there be snowflakes to enrich the earth; and under the clouds of spring and says, come ye blossoms and make redolent the orchards; and in September, dips the branches in the vat of beautiful colors, and swings them into the hazy air. No whim of mine is this. "Without Him was not anything made that was made." Christ writing on the ground.

I must not forget to say that as Christ, stooping down, with his finger wrote on the ground, it is evident that his sympathies are with this penitent woman, and that he has no sympathy with her hypocritical pursuers. Just opposite to that is the world's habit. Why didn't these unclean Pharisees bring one of their own number to Christ for exhortation and capital punishment? No, no. They overlook that in a man which they denigrate in a woman. And so the world has had for offending woman scourges and obfuscation, and for just one offense she becomes an outcast, while for men whose lives have been sodomic for twenty years the world swings open its doors of brilliant welcome; and they may sit in high places. Unlike the Christ of my text, the world writes a man's misdemeanor in dust, but chisels a woman's offense with great capitals upon ineffaceable marble.

For foreign lords and princes, whose names cannot even be mentioned in respectable circles abroad because they are walking lazarettes of abomination, some of our American princesses of fortune wait, and at the first beck sail out with them into the blackness of darkness forever. And in what are called higher circles of society there is now not only the imitation of foreign dress and foreign manners, but an imitation of foreign dissoluteness. I like a foreigner and I like an American, but the sickest creature on earth is an American playing the foreigner. Society needs to be reconstructed on this subject. Treat them alike, masculine crime and feminine crime. If you cut the one in granite, cut them both in granite. If you write the one in dust write the other in dust. "No, no," says the world; "let woman go down and let man go up." What is that I hear plashing into the Hudson or Potomac at midnight? And then there is a struggle as of strangulation, and all is still. Never mind. It is only a woman too discouraged to live. Let the mills of the cruel world grind right on.

But while I speak of Christ of the text, his stooping down writing in the dust, do not think I underrate the literature of the dust. It is the most tremendous of all literature. It is the greatest of all libraries. When Layard

exhumed Nineveh he was only opening the door of its mighty dust. The excavations of Pompeii have only been the unclasping of the lids of a volume of a nation's dust. When Admiral Farragut and his friends visited that resurrected city, the house of Balbo, who had been one of its chief citizens in its prosperous days, was opened, and a table was spread in that house which 1,810 years had been buried by volcanic eruption, and Farragut and his guests walked over the exquisite mosaics and under the beautiful fresco, and it almost seemed like being entertained by those who eighteen centuries ago had turned to dust.

Oh! this mighty literature of the dust. Where are the remains of Senacherib and Attila and Epaminondas and Tamerlane and Trajan and Philip of Macedon and Julius Caesar? Dust! Where are the heroes who fought on both sides at Chazonea, at Hastings, at Marathon, at Cressy, of the 110,000 men who fought at Agincourt, of the 250,000 men who faced death at Jena, of the 400,000 whose armor glittered in the sun at Wagram, of the 1,000,000 men under Darius at Arbela, of the 2,641,000 men under Xerxes at Thermopylae? Dust! Where are the guests who danced the floors of the Alhambra or the Persian palaces of Ahasuerus? Dust! Where are the musicians who played, or the orators who spoke, and the sculptors who chiseled, and the architects who built, in all the centuries except our own? Dust! Where are the most of the books that once enraptured the world? Dust! Many wrote twenty books of history; all lost. The most of Menander's writings lost. Of one hundred and thirty comedies of Plautus, all gone but twenty. Euripides wrote a hundred dramas; all gone but nineteen. Eschylus wrote a hundred dramas; all gone but seven. Varro wrote the laborious biographies of 700 Romans, not a fragment left. Quintilian wrote his favorite book on the corruption of eloquence; all lost. Thirty books of Tacitus lost. Dion Cassius wrote eighty books; only twenty remain. Berosus' history all lost. Where there is one living book there are a thousand dead books. The greatest library in the world, that which has the widest shelves and longest aisles and the most multitudinous volumes and the vastest wealth, is the underground library. It is the royal library, the continental library, the hemispheric library, the planetary library, the library of the dust. And all these library cases will be opened, and all these scrolls unrolled, and all these volumes unclasped, and as easily as in your library or mine we take up a book, blow the dust off of it, and turn over its pages, so easily will the Lord of the Resurrection pick out of this library of dust every volume of human life and open it and read it and decipher it. And the volume will be rebound, to be set in the royal library of the King's palace, or in the prison library of the self-destroyed.

Oh! this mighty literature of the dust! It is not so wonderful, after all that Christ chose, instead of an inkstand, the impressionable sand on the floor of an ancient temple, and, instead of a hard pen, put forth his forefinger, with the same kind of nerve and muscle and bone and flesh as the which makes up our own forefinger, and wrote the awful doom of hypocrites, and full and complete forgiveness for repentant sinners, even the worst. We talk about the ocean of Christ's mercy, but four ships upon that ocean and let them sail out in opposite directions for a thousand years, and see if they can find the shore of the ocean of the Divine mercy. Let them sail to the north and the south and the east and the west, and then after the thousand years of voyage let them come back and they will report, "No shore to shore to the ocean of God's mercy!"

And now I can believe that which I read, how that a mother kept burning a candle in the window every night for ten years, and one night, very late a poor waif of the street entered. The aged woman said to her, "Sit down by the fire," and the stranger said, "Why do you keep the light in the window?" The aged woman said, "That is to light my wayward daughter when she returns. Since she went away, ten years ago, my hair has turned white. Folks blame me for worrying about her, but you see I am her mother, and sometimes half a dozen times a night I open the door and look out into the darkness and cry, 'Lizzie! Lizzie!' But I must not tell you any more about my troubles, for I guess, from the way you cry, you have trouble enough of your own. Why, how cold and sick you seem! Oh, my! can it be? Yes, you are Lizzie, my own lost child! Thank God that you are home again!" And what a time of rejoicing there was in that house that night! And Christ again stooped down, and on the ashes of that hearth, now lighted up, not more by the great blazing logs than by the joy of a reunited household, wrote the same liberating words that had been written more than eighteen hundred years ago in the dust of the Jerusalem temple. Forgiveness! A word broad enough and high enough to let pass through it all the armies of heaven, a million abreast, on white horses, nostril to nostril, flank to flank.

Carrie

The Telegraph Girl

A ROMANCE OF THE CHEROKEE STRIP.

By Captain Jack Crawford

"THE POET SCOUT."

(Continued.)

God bless her! And she called me Fred! Her heroism fanned yet brighter the flames of love in my heart, and I felt that her language indicated that she held me in more than ordinary regard.

Were I dealing with fiction I would write a lurid description of a desperate conflict between the sheriff's posse and the outlaws, but as I am dealing in actual experiences, and the story will, no doubt, be read by many acquainted with the facts, I must adhere closely to the lines of truth. The special stopped about a mile north of the station to allow the posse to disembark, and, by advancing noiselessly, surround the depot and capture the robbers; but, alas, for the well-laid plan, the noise of the train was heard, and fearing a trap, the scoundrels, leaving me a parting curse, hastened from the office, mounted their horses, which had been secured near by, and made their escape before a shot was fired.

A few months later, while on leave of absence granted me from the handsome station given me in a beautiful Kansas town, a telegram was handed to me as I stood in the parlor of Mrs. Rankin's pretty cottage home in Arkansas City. I read it and handed it to the little woman dressed in bridal robes who stood at my side. Then the chief train dispatcher read it aloud to the assembled guests. It ran as follows:

Topeka, Kan., May 10, 18—
Mr. and Mrs. Fred Saunders, Arkansas City.

All the officials of the Santa Fe company join in warmest congratulations, with the sincere prayer that the new lives you to-day begin may never be shadowed by a cloud of care. While we regret the loss of the valued services our little heroine of Red Rock, we glean satisfaction from the fact that we will yet hold her husband, and will also feel that she, too, as a cherished member of the great Santa Fe family, may the sun of true happiness ever illumine your lives.

(Signed) R. B. GEMMELL,
Supt. of Telegraph.
"I am commissioned," added the dispatcher, "to place these two envelopes among the gifts from loving friends on this table. They bear slight tokens of appreciation of valuable services from the Santa Fe Company and from the Wells-Fargo Express Company."

There was an envelope addressed to Carrie, and one to myself. Each contained a crisp, new, uncreased \$1,000 greenback.

It is reported from The Hague that on the occasion of the coronation of Queen Wilhelmina several Dutch Indian princes are expected to be present at the festivities. The sultan of Siak, with a large suite, will attend the coronation, while special embassies, for the greater part princes of the Dutch Indian states, will also be present. A large royal deputation from Sulu has already arrived. The distinguished guests were received by the queen and her mother after their return from Switzerland. Their majesties will stay at Castle Soestdijk until the time of Queen Wilhelmina's coronation at Amsterdam.

Prince Albert may boast of the unique distinction of being the only British Prince serving in a foreign army, really that of his royal cousin of Hesse. With the kaiser, his cousin, and the empress, likewise his cousin, on his paternal side, the young officer is persona grata, and his majesty has bestowed upon him the highest German order, that of the Black Eagle. Reference to this royal family would be incomplete without mentioning Prince Christian's younger sister, Princess Henrietta, who, throwing all prejudices to the wind and deaf to remonstrance married the choice of her heart, a clever surgeon of Kiev, Dr. Rosmarck, who has since become famous and ennobled with the "von."

The czar and czarina will receive this summer, as their guests at the stately chateau of Peterhof, the duke of York, who will come, on the cruiser the Crescent, Prince George of Greece (the new governor of Crete), Prince and Princess Ferdinand of Bulgaria, the crown prince and crown princess of Italy, the grand duke and grand duchess of Hesse and the duke and duchess of Sparta. In the autumn their majesties, with their two little girls, may pay their usual visit to the Danish court, where will also be the dowager empress and her other two children, for the celebration, on Sept. 7, of the eighty-first birthday of Queen Louise. They may also possibly visit Queen Victoria at Balpore, coming by sea to Aberdeen.

University of Notre Dame.

We call attention to the advertisement of the University of Notre Dame in this issue. This great institution of learning takes rank with the first in the country and in the world. It is beautifully situated at Notre Dame, Ind., a place famous in the early history of Christian explorations in the New World. The educational course is fully as complete as at Harvard, Yale or Princeton. A new 184-page catalogue just issued by the institution gives some very valuable information that should be read before arranging to send your boys elsewhere. St. Edward's Hall for boys under 13 is complete in all its equipments and has many advantages. It is possible for a boy of 10 to enter Notre Dame and remain until he graduates in Divinity, Classics, Letters, Science, Law, Engineering, etc.

Don't do things today so you'll have to do them over tomorrow.

Real Warm Weather Rest and Comfort. There is a powder to be shaken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Ease, invented by Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., which druggists and shoe dealers say is the best thing they ever sold to cure swollen, burning, sore and tender or aching feet. Some dealers claim that it makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It certainly will cure corns and bunions and relieve instantly sweating, hot or smarting feet. Allen's Foot-Ease costs only a quarter, and the inventor will send a sample free to any address.

To rule one's anger is well; to prevent it is still better.

Wheat 40 Cents a Bushel. How to grow wheat with big profit at 40 cents and samples of Salzer's Red Cross (80 Bushels per acre) Winter Wheat, Rye, Oats, Clovers, etc., with Farm Seed Catalogue for 4 cents postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis. w.n.u.

What is man's record but a big expense account.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c box. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Possession is pursued with the pith punched out.

For a perfect complexion and a clear, healthy skin, use COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP. Sold everywhere.

The softer the road the harder it is to travel.

Important to Mothers.

The manufacturers of Castoria have been compelled to spend hundreds of thousands of dollars to familiarize the public with the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. This has been necessitated by reason of pirates counterfeiting the Castoria trade mark. This counterfeiting is a crime not only against the proprietors of Castoria, but against the growing generation. All persons should be careful to see that Castoria bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, if they would guard the health of their children. Parents and mothers, in particular, ought to carefully examine the Castoria advertisements which have been appearing in this paper, and to remember that the wrapper of every bottle of genuine Castoria bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, under whose supervision it has been manufactured continuously for over thirty years.

It is well for a woman to be as dainty as possible at all times, but it doesn't pay her to wear white gloves when she has to carry a market basket.

Always hope for the best, and if you don't get it you will at least have no excuse for abandoning your hope.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, (Candy Cathartic) cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 2c, 50c.

It may seem an easy task to shop, but it isn't when you have to make one dollar do the work of five.

Dr. Carter's K. & B. Tea does what other medicines do not do. It regulates the four important organs of the body—the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. 25c package.

All I am or can be I owe to my angel mother.—Abraham Lincoln.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children teething, soothes and relieves inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Other people's mistakes cause us a lot of unnecessary trouble.

A bath with COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP, exquisitely scented, is soothing and beneficial. Sold everywhere.

Prayer for profit only is unprofitable and soon unpleasant.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. 25c. All druggists.

The society of ladies is the school of politeness.—Montfort.

Disordered bowels always attend teething children. Brown's Teething Cordial corrects this.

Don't worry because you have nothing to worry about.

THE COLISEUM.

A Little Talk About the Great Roman Amphitheatre.

The coliseum at Rome was the grandest of all ancient amphitheatres, and is now one of the most magnificent ruins in the world. It was built by the Emperor Vespasian and his son Titus, in a valley in the midst of the seven hills of Rome, and was finished about 80 A. D. When in a perfect state five acres of ground were inclosed within the oval of its outer wall, and it had seats for eighty thousand spectators and standing room for twenty thousand more. The exterior was adorned with three rows of columns, Doric, Ionic and Corinthian. The captive Jews were compelled to work on the great structure, and the material used—granite outside and a softer stone within—were so solid, and so well put together, that it survived the era of barbarism; even as late as the thirteenth century it was in condition for games to be held in it. The principal parts of the Coliseum were the arena, or place where the gladiators and the wild beasts fought; the cavea, or place where the beasts were kept; the podium, or projection at the top of the wall that surrounded the arena and was assigned to the senators; the gradus, or benches rising all around above the podium; the aditus, or entrance, and the vomitorium, or gates that terminated the aditus. It had no roof; but when there was rain, or if the sun's rays were too scorching, awnings of silk and gold tissue were unfurled, forming a gorgeous covering over the whole. Purple was the favorite color for the awnings; because, when the sun's ray shone through it, beautiful rosy tints were cast on the snowy arena and on the purple-edged togas worn by the spectators. This immense amphitheatre was built for sports of various kinds, but chiefly for gladiatorial combats. Gladiators were captives, slaves, criminals, or even free citizens. They were trained with great care, and were, as a rule, tall, well built men in the very prime of life. The emperor, after seating himself in the place always reserved for him in the Coliseum, gave the signal for the sports to begin. Sometimes it was a combat between ferocious beasts; in that case the cavea was thrown open at the emperor's signal, and the beasts were turned into the arena, where they "fought to a finish." When it was a gladiatorial combat the gladiators marched in, made their obeisance to the emperor, and in chorus said: "Hail, mighty one; those about to die salute thee!" When a gladiator wounded his adversary he shouted to the spectators: "He has it!" and looked up to know whether he should kill or spare. If the people held up their thumbs, it was the signal to spare the conquered one; if they turned their thumbs down, he must die. Thus the life of a vanquished gladiator was often taken just to make a Roman holiday. Finally Christianity prevailed and such cruel sport became abhorrent. D. V. F.

Don't depend on your ante if you would be independent of your "uncle."

CAUSE FOR ALARM.

How baldness begins.

How to prevent it.

Every person, male or female, shrinks from baldness. It adds to the appearance of age and is a serious discomfort. The cases are rare when the falling out of the hair may not be stopped, and a new and healthy growth of the hair promoted. The hair grows in the scalp like a plant in the soil. If a plant flourishes, it must have constant attention; it must be watered regularly and find its food in the soil where it is rooted. It is so with the hair. Neglect is usually the beginning of baldness. Dandruff is allowed to thicken on the scalp. The hair begins to loosen. The scalp loses its vitality. The hair, insufficiently nourished, begins to fade and to fall. The instant need in such a case is some practical preparation which, supplying the needed nourishment to the scalp, will feed the hair, give it strength, and so produce a strong and healthy growth. All this is done by Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor, the most practical and valuable preparation for the hair that can be obtained. It tones up the scalp, does away with dandruff, stops the hair from falling, restores the original color to gray or faded

hair, and gives an abundant and glossy growth. Those who are threatened with approaching baldness will be interested in the following voluntary statement, made by Alderman S. J. Green, of Spencer, Iowa. He writes:

"About four months ago, my hair commenced falling out so rapidly that I became alarmed, and being recommended Dr. Ayer's Hair Vigor by a druggist, I resolved to try this preparation. I have been now using it for three months, and am much gratified to find that my hair has ceased falling out and also that hair which had been turning gray for the past five years has been restored to its original color, dark brown. It gives me much pleasure to recommend this dressing."—S. J. GREEN, Alderman, Spencer, Iowa.

Those who are interested in preserving and beautifying the hair will do well to send for Dr. Ayer's Curebook. A story of cures told by the cured. This book of 100 pages is sent free, on request, by the J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

A Beautiful Present Free



For a few months to all users of the celebrated ELASTIC STARCH, (Flat Iron Brand). To induce you to try this brand of starch, so that you may find out for yourself that all claims for its superiority and economy are true, the makers have had prepared, at great expense, a series of

Game Plaques

exact reproductions of the \$10,000 originals by Muvile, which will be given you ABSOLUTELY FREE by your grocer on conditions named below. These Plaques are 40 inches in circumference, are free of any suggestion of advertising whatever, and will ornament the most elegant apartment. No manufacturing concern ever before gave away such valuable presents to its customers. They are not for sale at any price, and can be obtained only in the manner specified. The subjects are:

- AMERICAN WILD DUCKS, AMERICAN PHEASANT, ENGLISH QUAIL, ENGLISH SNIPE.

The birds are handsomely embossed and stand out natural as life. Each Plaque is bordered with a band of gold.

HOW TO GET THEM:

All purchasers of three 10-cent or six 5-cent packages of Elastic Starch (Flat Iron Brand), are entitled to receive from their grocer one of these beautiful Game Plaques free. The Plaques will not be sent by mail. They can be obtained only from your grocer.

Every Grocer Keeps Elastic Starch. Do not delay. This offer is for a short time only.

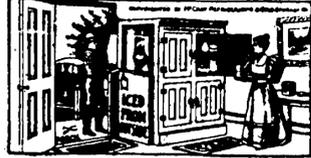
Elastic Starch

has been the standard for 25 years. TWENTY-TWO MILLION packages of this brand were sold last year. That's how good it is.

Ask Your Dealer

to show you the Plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute.

MCCRAY'S MODERN REFRIGERATORS AND COLD STORAGE



Catalogue No. 22 Free. Family Refrigerators to be had from outside of houses, and built to order, lined with iron or wood or tile, a Specialty. Also a special line of Refrigerators for the FARMER. Refrigerators of all kinds and sizes built to order for Grocers, butchers, Rest-urans, Hotels, etc. See our exhibits at the Ohio State Fair, Columbus, Indiana; State Fair, Indianapolis, and Illinois State Fair, Springfield.

MCCRAY REFRIGERATOR AND COLD STORAGE COMPANY, 50 Mill St., Southville, Ind., U.S.A.

"DIRT DEFILES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

REMEMBER

If you are dissatisfied with the size of piece or with the quality of the chewing tobacco you are using—

get **BattleAx** **PLUG**



and you'll get your money's worth. The 10-cent piece of **Battle Ax** is larger than the 10-cent piece of any other brand of the same high quality, and is the largest piece of really good chewing tobacco that is sold for 10 cents.

Remember the name when you buy again



PETTEYSVILLE

Iva Placeway is visiting relatives in Oceola this week.

Mrs. C. J. Gardner is entertaining a sister from Adrian.

Will Mercer and wife of Pinckney spent Sunday with his father here.

Rex and Loa Reed of Oceola visited at J. W. Placeway's over Sunday.

L. M. Teeple and family of Pinckney spent Sunday at S. G. Teeple's.

Lyman Peck, wife and daughter, Ethel visited relatives in Marion over Sunday.

Prof. Davis of Ann Arbor surveyed the boundary line between the Gallagher and Bross land near Bass lake Monday.

Will Dunning, wife and son, Myron of Gregory and Daniel Richards and wife and Master Glenn Richards of Pinckney enjoyed a day's outing at Maple Row farm last Saturday.

What a Doctor Says.

Pana, Ill., Jan. 11, 1898.

Gents:—I have used many medicines but think I got the best results from your Syrup Pepsin. One other member of my family also used it with the same happy effect. The complaint for which we used the Syrup was a stomach trouble called Gastralgia, a great deal of acid eructations with flatulence of the stomach.

Very truly,

Dr. W. E. McDivitt.

Of W. B. Darrow.

GREGORY.

Will Cone is working on the section.

Carl Bollinger is working for Fred Stowe.

The bean pickers began work again on Monday.

Willie Smith is attending the institute at Howell.

A new sidewalk has been built in front of the hotel.

Mrs. Woodworth of Detroit is visiting her uncle, A. Harp.

The campers broke camp Tuesday: they report a very pleasant time.

Frank Burgess of Munith is spending a few days with Merrit Perry.

Miss Blanche Miller of Detroit is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Fred Daniels.

Ed. Howlett and Miss May Rockwell were in Howell Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Ella Winegar of Howell was a guest at the home of W. H. Marsh this week.

M. E. Kuhn has been quite sick during the past week but is able to be out again.

Miss Inez Leek of Waterloo was the guest of Miss Vina Howlett Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. Monk and family of Illinois are spending their vacation with friends in this vicinity.

Will Hicks will move from his farm to Stockbridge, where he intends to run a meat market.

John McClear Co. M, 35th Michigan regiment was home from Island the first of the week.

W. C. Tuttle of Rochester, Mich., was in charge of the telegraph office during Mr. Clark's absence.

Perfection Found at Last.

Decatur, Ill., Jan. 24, 1898.

Dear Sirs:—I received a gunshot wound in '74 while in the army

which caused a partial paralysis of the bowels and from that time to the present I have had to use a laxative. I have tried a great many kinds of medicines in that time but have never found any as effective or that has been as near natural as Dr. Cadwell's Syrup Pepsin. John Armstrong, Of W. B. Darrow.

PARSHALLVILLE.

Hattie Smith has returned home from Petoskey.

Kate Schoenhals of Genoa visited friends here last week.

Thad Dodds and wife spent last Sunday with friends in Oak Grove.

Sanford Avery and wife of Fenton visited his mother here last Monday.

Mrs. D. Chase and son, Rollie of Owosso visited relatives here a part of last week.

Chas. Cole and M. G. Andrews and wife of Owosso are visiting friends here this week.

Rev. Graves and wife of Oak Grove and Mrs. Lock of Gladwin visited relatives here this week.

Geo. Cornell and Wm. Westsall attended the funeral of H. Whitehead near Argentine last Thursday.

Miss Emma Sanborn of Linden and Lena and Roy Dean and Maude Cole of Owosso were guests of Myrtle Kirk last Saturday.

LOCAL NEWS.

Plums wanted at this office on subscription.

Miss Lela Monks has been spending the past two weeks with relatives in Detroit.

E. R. Brown and family are nicely located in their new home on Unadilla st.

The Misses Katie and Ella Ruen visited relatives in Stockbridge and Jackson this week.

Mrs. A. T. Mann and son of Bay City are the guests of friends and relatives at this place.

The Misses Edith and Norma Vaughn visited friends and relatives at Dexter this week.

Miss Margaret, Mrs. Edward and Mr. Fred Van Fleet of Detroit, are guests of Van Fleet families.

Will Harris of South Putnam had a fine horse killed by lightning during the thunder-shower last Monday.

Mrs. Thos. Read and children who with a number of consins, have been camping at Portage lake, broke camp yesterday.

The Misses Maude and Mocco Teeple and Mable Brown are guests of their grand-parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Sigler of Leslie.

SOME persons say it is natural for them to lose flesh during summer.

But losing flesh is losing ground. Can you afford to approach another winter in this weakened condition?

Coughs and colds, weak throats and lungs, come quickest to those who are thin in flesh, to those easily chilled, to those who have poor circulation and feeble digestion.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod liver oil with hypophosphites does just as much good in summer as in winter. It makes flesh in August as well as April. You certainly need as strong nerves in July as in January. And your weak throat and lungs should be healed and strengthened without delay.

All Druggists, etc. and SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Some from here attended the S. S. picnic at North Lake yesterday.

Miss Mary Ruen of Jackson is the guest of Richard Clinton's family.

Joe Birnie of Leslie visited his mother here the first of the week.

Miss Stella Clinton returned Monday evening from a visit with Jackson relatives.

F. L. Andrews is in Williamston this week looking up the interests of the Loyal Guards.

Mrs. B. J. Younglove and children of Detroit are the guests of Geo. Younglove and family of Marion.

The annual Farmers' Picnic will be held at Whitmore Lake on Saturday, Sept. 8. Excursion rates on all roads.

Mrs. Mary Mann and daughter, Lucy visited at Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Teeple's at Marquette the past week.

Mrs. H. H. Swarhout and family are spending several weeks with her mother on the banks of Cordley lake.

Miss Mary Cate of this place in company with L. D. Brokaw and daughter Kitsey of Howell, visited friends in Rochester, N. Y. during the past week.

Several Epworth League young people of this place attended the district convention at Ann Arbor, which was held on Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

The Ninth Annual State Fair will be held on the grounds of the West Michigan Agricultural society at Grand Rapids, beginning Sept. 26 and ending Sept. 30.

The society of Church Workers will serve their monthly tea at the home of Mrs. Hugh Clark Sr. next Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 17. Everybody is invited to go and have a good time.

The Grand Trunk Ry. will run an excursion to Detroit over the M. A. L. next Sunday, Aug. 14. Train leaves Pinckney at 9:07 a. m. Fare for the round trip from this place, \$1.

On Thursday last, Drs. H. F. and C. L. Sigler assisted by Drs. Watts and Gates of Dexter, performed an operation on B. C. Carpenter of Dexter for appendicitis. The operation was successful and Mr. Carpenter is making a speedy recovery.

The Livingston County Maccabee Association will meet at Island Lake for a basket picnic and general good time on Thursday, Aug. 18. Hon. John J. Carton of Flint and Great Commander Mrs. Frances E. Burns of St. Louis are the speakers of the day. The 35th Regimental Band, now at Island Lake, will furnish music for the occasion. Everybody, whether Maccabees or not are invited.

Quite a number from this place are in Jackson this week attending the four days races. One of the features of the day yesterday (Wednesday) was the celebrated 2:28 pace for a purse of \$400. Go Some of this place, H. H. Swarhout's famous pacer, started in the race with 18 other horses. We failed to learn the particulars, but hope that Go Some was "in it."

The party of young people from Anderson, who have been spending their usual summer outing at Lake Portage have returned and report an excellent time. They entertained a large number of visitors during their stay at the popular resort and their reputation for jollity and hospitality has not diminished during the present camping season. Among the guests last Sunday were Hon. F. W. Allison, Mr. J. E. Durkee, Mr. George Black, Mr. F. V. Williams and their wives and families.

A mass convention of the Prohibition party of Livingston county is hereby called to meet at the Court House in the village of Howell on the 12 day of August 1898, at 2 o'clock p. m. for the purpose of electing delegates to the state convention at Lansing, Aug. 23rd, placing in nomination a county ticket, electing county committee and transacting such other business as may properly arise. All who have formerly acted with this organization and all other friends of prohibition without regard to past party affiliations are cordially invited to cooperate with the Prohibition party of this county and state and to participate in its conventions.

Miss Katherine Dolan of Jackson is the guest of Michael Dolan and family.

Erwin Mann, who is spending his vacation in the vicinity of Anderson, spent last week with his mother at this place.

Miss May Moran, who has been visiting relatives at Howell, returned home today.

The Misses Anna and Ella Dolan, who have been visiting friends and relatives in Jackson for some time, returned home Monday.

The C. E. reception which was to have been held at the home of Mrs. H. H. Swarhout on Friday evening of this week has been indefinitely postponed.

Dr. J. B. Angell, United States minister to Turkey whose home is in Ann Arbor, will sail from Europe next Saturday, Aug. 13, for his native country.

This month finds the camping season at its height and it is a poor day when several hundred people cannot be found on the shores of our popular summer resorts near this place.

The Michigan B. Y. P. U. Summer Assembly will convene at Orchard Lake for a four-days session commencing Tuesday, Aug. 16 and closing on Friday, Aug. 16, holding morning, afternoon and evening sessions. A very fine program has been arranged, a copy of which has been received at this office.

U. S. Department of Agriculture, Climate and Crop Bulletin of the Weather Bureau, Michigan Section, Livingston county, for week ending Aug. 6, 1898:

"Corn has been injured by dry weather, but there is moisture enough now to mature it. Late potatoes look very nice. Pastures are poor."

At a meeting of the township board last evening, a 30 years grant of franchise was drawn up in favor of Messrs. Mapes and Taylor of Lansing. The stipulations are to grant the company the right of way along the highway through the township from east to west, with the limit for completion May 1900, work along the line to be commenced by May 1899 and the acceptance of the franchise by the company within thirty days from date. The line proposed is to run from Lansing to Detroit via Mason, Danaville, Stockbridge, Pinckney, Hamburg, Silver Lake, and South Lyon.—South Lyon Excelsior.

Miss Gusta Wise visited friends and relatives at Hamburg the past week.

Mrs. Jas. Markey and Claude Markey, of Port Huron, are visiting relatives at this place.

Miss Cora Wilson and Miss Dede Hinchey are attending the teachers' institute at Howell.

John Green of near Gregory was severely kicked in the forehead by a horse this week and his skull crushed in. He is doing quite well at present.

Annual 10 Day Excursion to Petoskey, Traverse City, Benzonia and Frankfort—Thursday, Aug. 25, the Ann Arbor Railroad will sell tickets to the above resorts, limited for return to Saturday, Sept. 3, at a low rate of \$5 for the round trip. Train leaves Hamburg Jct. at 9:18 a. m., arrives at Benzonia 5:42 p. m., Frankfort at 6 p. m., Traverse City 6:35 p. m., Petoskey 6:35 p. m. Bay View 6:40 p. m. Baggage will be checked through.

Every woman needs Dr. Miles' Pain Pills.

Its Definition.

"Paw," asked Elmer Grayneck, who had an inquiring mind, "what is a cyclozamo?" "It's a mighty good thing to keep away from, that's what it is!" replied that astute agriculturist, his father. "Don't you remember that constipation that you seen a sharper workin' at the county fair, where you put your money on different colored spots, an' the swindler whittled a p'inter around, an' the more you'd put down the less you took up? Well, that was a cyclozamo."—New York Journal.

Kansas' Deadly Climate.

Summer girls should think twice before visiting in Atchison. It is told that a summer girl came here a year ago in perfect health, and that she was so popular that parties and picnics followed in quick succession. She ate so many midnight sandwiches and less that she has been in a hospital ever since. Atchison is as dangerous to a pretty girl's health as the climate of Cuba is to a volunteer.—Atchison Globe.

Why He Moved.

"Yes," said the microbe, as he hopped from the lips of Cholly Sappington to those of Birdy Bright during the progress of a kiss, "I think I will like this better. I'm tired of living in a hat."—New York World.

He Is Out of the Woods.

"What a happy look Mr. Shadside wears," remarked Mr. Murray Hill. "His wife has finished her spring house cleaning," replied Mr. Beechwood.—Boston Traveller.

Interest in the

RED MARK SALE

Still live and enthusiastic.

- Special lot of Hamburg Embroideries.....10c
Special lot of Wide Skirting Embroideries.....19c
Lot of 15c Swiss Embroidered Handkerchiefs.....3 for 25c
18-inch Linen Center Piece at just half price.....12 1/2c
\$1.25, \$1.50 and a few \$1.75 Negligee Shirts.....97c
Lot \$1.25 Paragon Frame, steel rod silk umbrellas.97c

Table Linens are selling Rapidly because lower Than you will see them again.

Respectfully

L. H. FIELD.

Jackson, Mich.