

Pinckney Dispatch.



VOL. XVI.

PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 1898.

No. 36

K. H. Crane,

AGENT FOR

**Business is Better!
Save Money! How!
By Buying Your Suits
of
Wanamaker & Brown!**



**WANAMAKER & BROWN'S
MADE TO MEASURE CLOTHING**

Suits Made to Measure, from \$10 to \$30.
Ready to Wear, from \$8 to \$25.
Pants from \$2 to \$7.
Boys Suits from \$3 to \$10.
Boys Pants, 2 prs., for \$1.50.
Bicycle Suits, Caps, Belts, at lowest prices, to see is to be convinced.

K. H. CRANE.

SCHOOL BOOKS SCHOOL BOOKS

SCHOOL BOOKS

Just received a large line of both
NEW and SECOND HAND
and still receiving.

We have a full line of School Books and all School Supplies such as Pens, Inks, Pencils, Slate Pencils, Slates, Rubbers, Rulers, Examination Paper, Ledger Paper, Foolscap Paper, Eight by Ten paper, Journal paper and all kinds of paper.

TABLETS Pen Tablets—Pencil Tablets TABLETS
.....The LARGEST LINE in town.....

Call and see me and I will convince you that my goods and prices are right.

W. B. DARROW.

We are still reducing stock.
Come and see what we have to offer for

SATURDAY,

September, 10, 1898.

Dry Goods and Shoes will go
SATURDAY.

XXXX Coffee for 11c per lb.

Barnard & Campbell.

Local Dispatches.

Clella Fish will teach in the Hicks district this fall.

Miss Iva Placeway of Hamburg is attending school here.

Bruce Kennedy of East Putnam is a student of the Pinckney school. The 35th Michigan at Camp Eaton expect to be sent to Camp Meade, Pa., until next spring.

All railroads reaching Jackson will give excursion rates during the grand street carnival, Sept. 20 to 23.

Mrs. Walter Eames and daughter, Bella, of Detroit, visited at the home of Mrs. Estella Graham the past week.

Ira J. Bean of Detroit pays out over \$6,000 a year in advertising and he says "he knows it is a good paying investment."

We are ready at all times to write out a receipt for any amount you wish to apply on your subscription to the DISPATCH.

Bert Beam of White Oak, who has been spending a couple of months with relatives at this place, returned home last week.

John Baumgardner, proprietor of the Ann Arbor Electric Granite Works, was a pleasant caller at this office last Thursday.

The Misses Cora Wilson and Dede Hinchey received third grade certificates at the recent teachers' examination held in Howell.

Mr. and Mrs. John Chambers spent several days last week and fore part of this week visiting friends in Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti.

The Howell free street fair society offer as a premium for the best herd of cattle in class eight, one 5-foot draw cut Champion mower.

Fred M. Warner of Oakland county is a republican candidate for Secretary of State. He is a very popular man in the southeastern part of Michigan.

During the storm Sunday morning, lightning burnt all the wires in the Central Telephone office. Although no other damage was done, the storm was a severe one.

The Misses Floss Swarhout and Laura White, who have been spending a week with friends in Chelsea, Dexter and Pinckney, returned to their home at Fowlerville the first of the week.

The ball game advertised to take place at the Driving Club meet next Saturday will be contested by two strong rival teams, Pinckney and Parkers Corners. Don't fail to see the game.

The Christian Endeavor reception to be given to the Cong'l Sunday School, which was recently postponed for various reasons, will take place at the home of Mrs. H. H. Swarhout on Friday evening, Sept. 9.

A quiet little wedding on the sly took place at Howell last Tuesday, Aug. 30, when Miss Grace Reason, one of Pinckney's most estimable young ladies, and Mr. Samuel Wallace of Carlton, were united in marriage by Rev. Gifford of Howell.

Pinckney schools commenced Monday with the same corps of teachers as last year: Stephen Durfee, principal; C. L. Grimes, grammar department; Edith Carr, intermediate; Jessie Green, primary department. A few changes, for the better, have been made in books, especially in the senior class. A year of hard work and good results is looked forward to.

A case of highway robbery in broad daylight occurred a few miles west of this place. A young son of Friend Williams near Anderson, was driving along the road when his horse was stopped by two strangers and he was relieved of what money he had which amounted to less than a dollar. People will have to protect themselves as they did in the time of bandits in England, if such works continue.

LAMPS!

Beautify your home with one of the new style lamps. Have you not seen them? Call and we will convince you that you will want to buy.

A Fine Line

of

Fancy Books and Stationery.

F. A. SIGLER,

PINCKNEY, MICH.

TREPLE & CADWELL.

HARDWARE!



Express Wagons for the Children.

Our Paint stock is the best in town.

Our Stoves are at mammoth low prices.

March right on, go from store to store, examine goods, then price them. After you have been all around, you'll find you can buy the **BEST and CHEAPEST** at our store.

TREPLE & CADWELL.

New Styles in Fall and Winter Goods Just Received

AT JACKSON'S.

Our stock of Dress Goods, Notions, Ladies' and Gents Underwear, Gents Furnishings, Groceries, Boots and Shoes was NEVER more complete than at the present.

Saturday, September 10 We Offer:

Best Bleached Cotton at.....6c
Heavy Unbleached Cotton at.....4c
Plaid Dress Gingham, 10c quality at.....7c

Ladies' \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shoes, sizes 2 1/2 to 4 less 25 per cent
10 pounds Rolled Oats for 25c
Corn Starch for 3c

F. G. JACKSON.

MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

Officers of the 33d Michigan Called to Time by Gov. Pingree—Michigan Boys from Santiago Will Soon be Home—Land Commissioner's Report.

Trouble in the 33d Michigan.

There is very evidently something wrong in the 33d Michigan regiment now at Ferdinand, Fla. There have been repeated reports from the men that they desired to be mustered out of service, now that peace is assured. The officers, however, declare that the regiment is practically unanimous in the wish to remain in Uncle Sam's employ. It is now alleged that some of the officers of the regiment have denied the men the right of petition to be discharged from the service. When this came to the ears of Gov. Pingree he at once sent a warm telegram to Col. W. T. McGurkin, in command, which set forth very forcibly his ideas on the matter. He said in the telegram that privates "more than anyone else," should have the right to express their desires either to remain in the service or return home. He told the colonel that the constitution of the United States gave them the right of petition and that even congress could not abridge it. In conclusion, he said:

"I trust no further complaints of this nature may be necessary. Now, that the purpose of the enlistment of the volunteer army has been accomplished, no man can be called cowardly who, having due regard to the demands of his business and family upon him, peaceably and respectfully asks to be permitted to return to his home. I request that this be read to the whole regiment immediately, and that the fullest opportunity be given, without let or hindrance, to every member of your regiment, whether private or officer, to express his desires by petition."

The governor says he has seen letters written by privates in the regiment to their people in Michigan, in which they charge that non-commissioned officers had been threatened with reduction to the ranks, and privates had been threatened with courtmartial, if they persisted in signing petitions asking for the discharge of the regiment.

33d and 34th Michigan Coming Home.

When the heroes of the 33d and 34th Michigan regiments debarked at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, L. I., after enduring the hardships of the campaign at Santiago and suffering on the trip north, they were given an ovation. Secretary Alger, Col. Geo. A. Loud, Geo. Keating and a number of other Michigan people formed a reception committee to welcome them. The boys were pale and weak. They were greeted personally by Gen. Alger, who told them they would be permitted to go home in a few days on a 60-days' furlough with pay, after which they would be mustered out of service.

After each man had made away with a big cup of milk and a sandwich they were marched to the detention camp where large tents with floors were all in readiness. This camp is an ideal place, a strong, invigorating breeze is constantly blowing, the ground is high and dry, water splendid and plentiful and the food issued very good. The boys at once began to show signs of improvement in physical condition. Committees from various parts of Michigan went to New York and bought fresh eggs, fruit, etc., and other supplies without stint for the boys.

Washington: Orders have been issued for the 33d and 34th Michigan to depart for Island Lake camp in Michigan as soon as their time in the detention camp at Montauk Point is up. Every man will be supplied with a new suit of clothes and his old ones will be destroyed. Orders have also been issued for the recruits for these regiments, nearly 1,000 men in all, who have been in Camp Alger all summer, to go back to Island Lake at once if Gov. Pingree has arrangements to care for them until they can be furloughed. These men, who have lately been moved to Middletown, Pa., have been organized into a provisional regiment by Gen. Davis, and are among the best drilled that officer has in his command.

To Muster Out Michigan Troops.

Maj. Bandholtz, 35th Michigan, at Island Lake, received his appointment by the war department as commissary and mustering-out officer for the 33d and 34th Michigan volunteer infantry. The men are to be mustered out on arrival, their discharge from service to date 60 days from that time. This will permit the soldiers to go to their homes with salary and rations allowance for 60 days.

Of the Michigan boys who were too ill to be moved when the 33d and 34th regiments left Santiago the following have since died: George Briggs, Co. I, 34th regiment, pulmonary tuberculosis; Joseph Berry, Co. L, 34th regiment, typhoid fever.

Land Commissioner's Report.

The report of State Land Commissioner French refers to length to tax titles and homestead laws. He says that the legislature should, and undoubtedly will, protect homesteaders whose homes were endangered by the supreme court's decision in the case of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co. vs. Eugene B. Wood, which materially affected the state's title to some of the tax homestead lands and caused widespread uneasiness among those who had in good faith entered upon the lands and were faithfully carrying out their part of the contract with the state. "Legislation should promptly be enacted making it possible for the state to guarantee every homesteader upon these lands that at the end of five years' residence a deed will be given and the home secured to those who so richly deserve it. There is no other honorable course for the state to pursue." During the past year there has been licensed to settlers 61,107 acres of tax homestead lands. Last year there reverted to the state 3,957 acres of these tax homestead lands.

In reference to the sugar beet industry in Michigan, which originated when the legislature enacted a bounty law, which operates through the land office, the report says that for the first time beet sugar will be manufactured in Michigan this year. A factory costing upward of \$300,000 has been constructed near Bay City and will take care of this year's crop of 3,500 acres of beets. Michigan has sufficient beet sugar land to accommodate a dozen factories and they will be built if needed. The Bay City factory will this year manufacture more than 8,000,000 pounds of sugar and will pay to the growers, the farmers, about \$150,000. The Michigan beets are far ahead of those of other states and every indication is that the beet sugar industry will soon be a big factor in Michigan.

In reference to forestry the commissioner says that Michigan should be foremost of all states in the union in encouraging forestry, yet we find that little, if any, attention is being given to the preservation or restoration of our forests, which have been a leading factor in producing the wealth of the state. There are many parcels of state lands not suitable for agriculture that could be converted into forests.

During the past year there was sold by the land department 22,371.21 acres; 3,634 acres of swamp land licensed; 61,107 acres of tax homestead land licensed, and there is still held for sale and homestead entry 695,147 acres. The land sold will bring into the state \$115,310; \$27,513.75 of which remains unpaid. The total receipts of the office were \$141,125.58.

Died From Lack of Food and Medicine.

Col. Petermann, commanding the 34th Michigan, writes Gov. Pingree an interesting letter relating the deeds of his boys before Santiago and recites their sufferings from hunger and lack of proper medical care. He says: "The conditions under which the campaign was carried on were awful. During the first few weeks the men were only half fed. My regiment fared particularly hard, owing to the fact that in our forced march our baggage had to be left behind, and what little the men had was lost or thrown away. We slept on the bare ground, without shelter tents or any protection from the weather. The want of proper food and protection has undoubtedly been the cause of so much sickness. There seems to have been something wrong in the management of affairs. The medical department seems to have been unable to cope with the conditions; in fact, it seemed to be the poorest equipped department on the ground. Medicines could not be gotten for love nor money. In spite of the fact that our regimental surgeons were doing all that could be done, my men died for the want of proper medicine and food."

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS.

A soldiers monument has been unveiled at Hadley.

The residence of L. E. Hawley, with contents, burned at Mason. Loss \$1,500.

There is a rush in hardwood lumbering in Wexford and Missaukee counties.

Mrs. Sarah Smith, aged 50, suicided by jumping into the lake at St. Joseph.

Milan and Saranac will be raised from fourth-class to presidential post-offices Oct. 1.

Over 3,000 people from Olivet and vicinity attended a peace jubilee at Pine Lake.

Sergt. Chas. Guibord, of Calumet, Co. D, 34th Michigan, died of fever at the Marine hospital.

James Stringer, aged 10, was drowned in St. Clair river at Port Huron, while in bathing.

Lieut. B. H. Cockett, Co. C, 35th Michigan, and Miss Florence Palmiter were married at Decatur.

The governor has received \$43,341 from the national government for the aid of the Michigan Soldiers' home.

Frank A. Nichols, aged 45, a flier in Buckley & Douglass' mill at Manistee, was killed by a bursting emery wheel.

The study of the Spanish language is a probable addition to the commercial course in the Detroit high school.

Wallace L. Corwin, aged 19, of Osted, who fought at Santiago with the Second U. S. Infantry, died at Montauk of typhoid fever.

Uri Crumton, an old man and one of Ransom's earliest settlers, fell from the feed table of a thrashing machine and broke his neck.

Michigan's death list in the war with Spain, on Sept. 1, was: Killed in battle, 2; died of wounds, 1; died of various diseases, mostly fevers, 93, total, 96.

Capt. Charles E. Clark, of the U. S. battleship Oregon, is visiting his wife and family at the home of his brother, Capt. Lloyd Clark, at St. Joseph.

A severe epidemic of diphtheria has broken out at Pleasant Valley, Midland county. Thirteen cases and three deaths were reported, and the town is under quarantine.

W. J. McKone, for six years superintendent of the public schools at Mason, has been appointed superintendent of the Albion public schools, to succeed W. C. Hull, who goes to Flint.

Alonzo Potter, of Eaton township, Eaton county, took Paris green with suicidal intent. Potter, who is 37 years of age, had been drinking heavily and quarreled with his wife, who is a young girl.

Congressman S. W. Smith, of Pontiac is in receipt of a letter from Secretary of War Alger which states that the 35th Michigan volunteers will undoubtedly be sent out of the state, presumably to Porto Rico.

The boiler in Chas. Correll's saw and shingle mill at Drake, seven miles southeast of Postoria, blew up just after getting up steam for the first time since last spring. Mr. Correll and Engineer Burley were seriously injured.

Chas. Evans, Co. H, 34th Michigan, died in the detention hospital at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, and was buried before Col. Petermann was notified. The colonel at once had the remains disinterred, embalmed and sent home.

Dr. Mary Green, of Charlotte, president of the American Household Economic association, and an authority on foods, has been appointed a special food examiner for the war department and is inspecting the food supply of the southern camps.

Adelbert Pike, a highly respected farmer living west of Lapeer, was arrested on the charge of brutally horse-whipping Lydia Pearsall, a little girl 8 years of age, whom he had adopted. Two physicians who examined the little girl say her condition is critical.

Burglars broke the office of H. M. Olney & Co., at Hartford, and blew the outside doors off the safe. Then they evidently became discouraged and went away. Thousands of dollars in cash were inside, which they might have secured if they had persevered.

Fire destroyed the large heading mill of the Actna Co., in Trenton. The volunteer fire department kept the flames from spreading to the business portion of the village. The total loss is estimated at \$10,000, and 75 men and boys are thrown out of employment.

Joe Kiser, of Lexington, Ky., was instantly killed by a train while attempting to cross the track at Petoskey. He was riding a wheel and might have gotten across safely, but evidently lost his head when he saw the engine so close, for he threw up his hands and fell, the engine mangling him horribly.

Lieut. Henry Roach, regimental quartermaster of the 34th Michigan; Corporal Ed J. Collins, Co. D, Calumet, and Privates George Taylor, Co. F, Houghton, and C. F. Bailey, Co. G, Sault Ste. Marie, accepted lucrative positions under Santiago's military governor, Gen. Lawton, and will remain in Cuba.

Soldiers boys are faring well as politicians in St. Clair county. Capt. Walsh, Co. F, 33d Michigan has been nominated for prosecuting attorney by the Republicans and the Democrats would not put up a candidate against him. Frank Wellman, quartermaster-sergeant 33d Michigan, was nominated for county clerk by the Democrats.

The supervisors of Presque Isle county have decided to carry to the supreme court the case to decide the validity of the \$100,000 bonds issued by the county in 1885 to take up the bonds which had been issued at the time the county was organized. The commissioners contend that the bonds were not a legal issue, and the county wants to get out of paying them.

The flag of Holland was floated at Grand Rapids by the Holland vice-consul, John Sketee, in honor of the young Queen Wilhelmina ascending the throne to rule the Netherlands. The vice-consul also sent the following cablegram: "Congratulations from 100,000 Hollanders residing in the state of Michigan. May God's blessing rest upon your majesty and people."

In attempting to fill a gasoline stove while it was lighted, Mrs. Milo Gains, of Leslie, was frightfully and probably fatally burned in the blaze that resulted. Her clothes caught fire and in attempting to assist her, a daughter was terribly burned. W. E. Stillson, a neighbor, ran to Mrs. Gains' rescue, and his hands were literally cooked in his efforts to save her. The house was saved.

TRICKINGS OF THE TELEGRAPH

News of the Day as Told Over the Slender Wires.

DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN NEWS

Great Britain Threatens China for Making Important Concessions to Russians—American Peace Commission Named—Central American States Unite.

England and China May Go to War.

London: Authoritative confirmation has been received of the dispatch from Peking asserting that the relations between the tsung-li-yamen (Chinese foreign office) and Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister to China, are strained to the point of rupture, and that Sir Claude has intimated that Great Britain will regard as a casus belli any failure on the part of China to observe her wishes. They say that the situation between Great Britain and China is acute, Sir Claude MacDonald strenuously insisting that China shall observe her engagements to the British syndicates and demanding satisfactory explanations with regard to the Peking-Hankow railway. If necessary, the British squadron, now assembled at Wei-Hai-Wei, will support the British minister's demands. Meanwhile, adds the foreign office officials, the negotiations that are being conducted by Sir Charles Scott, the British ambassador at St. Petersburg, to define the respective British and Russian spheres of influence, are proceeding in a "perfectly friendly spirit."

In support of Sir Claude MacDonald, the fleet has been concentrated at Wei-Hai-Wei and Hankow, and all the warships under 5,000 tons have been mobilized in the Yang-Tse river. The naval demonstration is solely directed against China, as it is semi-officially stated that existing relations with Russia are cordial. Lord Salisbury has abandoned the policy of the "open door," substituting for it a policy of "spheres of influence." Lord Salisbury insists upon the recognition by the other powers interested in China of the boundaries of Great Britain's "sphere of influence."

DREYFUS CASE RE-OPENED.

Prominent French Army Officer Makes Startling Confession and Suicide.

Lieut.-Col. Henry, of the French army, upon being closely questioned by the war department, was forced to confess that evidence which he had presented in the famous trial of Capt. Dreyfus and M. Zola was forged by himself. After being arrested Col. Henry committed suicide in his prison cell by cutting his throat.

Capt. Dreyfus was convicted of selling French army secrets to the German government and was sentenced to life imprisonment in a big cage on Devil's island off the coast of French Guiana. Capt. Dreyfus' friends fought so hard that when M. Cavaignac, the present minister for war, assumed office he charged the official bureau to make a thorough research of the Dreyfus case, and it was this inquiry which resulted in the discovery that the document lately read in the chamber of deputies by M. Cavaignac, showing that proof of the guilt of Dreyfus, was forged.

When Col. Henry was summoned to the ministry for war and questioned by M. Cavaignac, in the presence of Gen. Boisdeffre and others, he first affirmed the authenticity of the incriminating document. But when discrepancies were pointed out, he at first admitted adding sentences and finally confessed to fabricating the whole letter, "owing to the absolute necessity for finding proofs against Dreyfus."

M. Zola, the famous author, was recently convicted, after a most stormy trial, of libeling prominent military officers when he published statements in behalf of Dreyfus and charging Maj. Count Esterhazy and others of convicting Dreyfus in order to shield themselves. The cabinet ministers now admit that a revision of the Dreyfus and Zola cases are absolutely unavoidable. Col. Henry's confession threatens to rekindle the Dreyfus agitation more heatedly than ever, and it seems likely to shake public confidence in the army. Even the Liberte, a strong anti-Dreyfus organ, says: "It must cause the deepest pain to all honorable men that officers of such standing show such a lack of moral sense."

Gen. Le Mouton de Boisdeffre, chief of the general staff of the French army, has tendered his resignation to the government, owing to his misplaced confidence in Lieut.-Col. Henry, which led him to present as genuine what was forged evidence. The disclosures have also resulted in Count Esterhazy being retired from the army on a small pension.

Rear Admiral Winfield S. Schley was given a splendid ovation on his arrival at Washington.

The six months' strike of the Welsh miners has ended by the miners accepting their employers' terms.

About the middle of September the President expects to review the Seventh army corps, Maj.-Gen. Fitzhugh Lee's command, at Jacksonville.

THE NEWS CONTINUED.

Two men of the 69th New York were killed by an L. & N. train at Birmingham, Ala.

An express train ran into a buck-board party at Ware, Mass., killing five young people.

The vatican reports that the pope has recovered from his indisposition, but audiences are suspended.

Secretary Alger reports that he found the situation at Camp Wikoff, Montauk Point, reasonably satisfactory.

Ex-Gov. Claude Matthews, of Indiana, died from paralysis at Wingate. He was stricken while addressing an Old Settlers' meeting.

Azuinaldo will send representatives to Paris to plead the cause of the Philippine islands before the Spanish-American peace commission.

The sessions of the American-Canadian conference at Quebec are secret and nothing whatever is given out as to the subjects under discussion.

The U. S. warships Olympia and Raleigh have gone to Hong Kong from Manila to go into drydock. The Baltimore is now Admiral Dewey's flagship.

Brig.-Gen. Haines has been ordered home from Porto Rico and Brig.-Gen. Grant now commands the Second brigade, comprising the Fourth Ohio and Third Illinois.

An Alaskan steamer, Stieken Chief, was destroyed off the coast by her boilers bursting. The crew and passengers, numbering 43 persons, were all lost, only a dog being saved.

The Spaniards in the Ladrone islands have asked permission of Washington to go to Manila, "as the situation is extremely critical." The nature of the trouble is not known at Washington.

The auxiliary cruiser St. Paul will be returned to the International Navigation Co. by the government as soon as she is put in the same condition as when the great liner was chartered for naval service.

The Spanish peace commissioners are Senor Castillo Spanish ambassador at Paris; Senor Urrutia, Spanish minister at Brussels; the duke of Nagara, governor of Cadiz; Senor Marcoatsu and Senor Abarzuza.

The hospital ship Olivette sank suddenly in about 30 feet of water while at anchor off the quarantine station at Ferdinand, Fla. The crew and all on board were rescued by a schooner which was fortunately near at hand.

The conduct of the American troops at Manila is admirable. The town since their occupation has been wonderfully free from disturbance. Maj.-Gen. Greene has been ordered to return to Washington and sailed with Maj.-Gen. Merritt.

The condition of the Spanish soldiers being sent home from Santiago and surrounding towns is distressing and it is probable that death will claim nearly half of them before they reach Spain. Their condition is the result of hard living and the prevailing fevers.

The German press is protesting most vigorously against the American fortification of Pago-Pago harbor, Samoa, and demands the partition of the group of islands between Germany, the United States and Great Britain. Of course Germany should have the choicest territory.

Spanish soldiers have committed foul outrages on Porto Ricans within their lines. At Ciales 90 defenceless men and women were butchered and many young girls outraged. In revenge the Porto Ricans burned a large amount of Spanish property about Yauco and Juan Diaz.

The supreme lodge of Rathbone sisters elected as supreme chief, Mrs. Jeanette B. S. Neubert, Kansas City; supreme senior, Mrs. L. K. Sherman, Cleveland, O.; supreme mistress of records and correspondence, Mrs. M. D. Woods, Kansas City; supreme mistress of finance, Mrs. Alexine Murray, Levey, Ill.

Col. Ray, commanding the American force at Guantanamo, reported to Gen. Lawton at Santiago that yellow fever, malaria and dysentery threatened to wipe out the Spanish and Cuban population there and in surrounding towns unless checked. Gen. Lawton sent 100,000 rations and other supplies to relieve the distress as much as possible.

Secretary Alger refuses to reply to the alleged interviews with Gen. Miles which have been published throughout the country and which are in the nature of an attack on the secretary. The latter says he does not believe Gen. Miles would so far forget himself as to criticize his superiors in that manner and he will await Gen. Miles' return and will then ask an explanation.

Senor Sagasta, the Spanish premier, says the government will repress the discussion of war topics in the cortex. The government will submit a bill authorizing peace negotiations, and a measure for the suspension of the constitutional guarantees. Diplomatic negotiations are now being carried on, and a debate on war and peace might be provocative of undesirable complications. Peace is not signed; Spain is still at war with the U. S. The two nations have merely suspended hostilities to negotiate a peace. These negotiations may be unsuccessful, in which case hostilities will be recommenced.

The Day Star of the Orkney's.

A Romance—By Hannah B. McKenzie.

CHAPTER VII.—(Continued.)

"Strangers?" repeated Evan Monteith. His tone was one of mingled astonishment and reproach. He stood still in the middle of the road and faced her; but Day did not raise her eyes to his face. "She felt she could not. 'Strangers, Day?' he repeated, in a low voice that thrilled with some deep feeling. "After all that has been between us, do you still count us strangers? Is this your love or your promised trust?" Day's face was pale as death. She put her hand to her throat before she answered. Then she spoke at last, very slowly, as if she were trying to weigh her words well.

"Mr. Monteith, we know almost nothing of each other. Our acquaintanceship, even now, only extends to three weeks. We Orkadians do not leap into friendship so suddenly as the Southrons. It takes years to make our friendship strong and true. You know little of us; we know nothing at all of you. Though it so happened that accident brought you to our door, you must not feel under any obligation to us. We only did what common humanity required of us. Then let us not speak of trust and friendship. If— if we thought of it before, it was because we were foolishly impulsive."

He had been silent for a few moments when Day ceased speaking. Now his voice sounded hard and almost hoarse. "A man does not need to look for much faith among his fellow-creatures. After all, why should I have asked it from you? And yet I thought you meant what you said that day. But why recall the past?" he added, as Day involuntarily made a movement with her hand. "I am only hurting you."

"No; do not recall it. Let us rather forget it," said Day, in a hurried tone.

"Forgive me!" Monteith exclaimed the next moment. "I am a brute to speak like that to you, who, whatever you may think of me, have been an angel of mercy and kindness to me. I cannot clear myself in your eyes now; but when I can—when I am free to tell all, as please God some day I shall—I shall come to you and ask you—well, for your friendship then. Now my mouth is sealed, and any one who trusts me must trust me in all in all, or not at all." Well, shall we say good-by?"

"It is better, perhaps," Day said, a little pantingly.

"Then good-by. Will you shake hands?" He stretched out his hand, Day put hers into it with a strange little shivering motion; but he released it instantly.

"Good-bye, Miss Malcrow. And will you remember this—that whatever you may think of me, I hold you now, and ever shall hold you, as the sweetest and truest and kindest woman that ever I have known. Good-by, and may fate give you the happiness you deserve!"

He has gone, and Day, white and trembling, with doubt and remorse and love fighting within her, stood alone on the road.

CHAPTER VIII.

"Mr. Monteith is coming tonight, Miss Troil, so, if you are not engaged with Lady Westray, you might stay in the drawing-room and play to us," said Miss Stuart languidly.

She reclined in a luxurious easy-chair, her reddish-auburn head among the velvet cushions, one beautiful white hand lazily stroking the Persian cat in her lap. Lillith Stuart had a strange affection for these animals. Could it be, as "Aurora Leigh" says the work of woman is, symbolical?

Elspeth Troil looked up quickly from her seam, taking in at one swift glance the attitude of the graceful, sinuous figure in its pale-green evening-gown, trimmed heavily with creamy lace, until it looked like that of a Thetis springing from the sea-foam. There were times when, even to Elspeth, who had known her for six years, Lillith was a mystery.

"I shall do so if you desire it, Miss Stuart," she replied, in her grave, quiet tone.

There was nothing in common between these two young women, and silence followed Elspeth's reply. She went on quietly with her work, while Lillith played with her Persian, alternately stroking it and pulling its ears. Presently steps sounded on the softly-carpeted corridor outside, and the door was thrown open, the footman announcing with ceremony, "Mr. Evan Monteith."

Lillith did not rise, but lay back in her chair, her face turned towards the

door, her dark-blue eyes with that deep, mysterious smile in them which had brought so many hearts to her feet, her hand half extended—the action of a queen expecting homage. Monteith came forward and bowed low; but he did not take the half-proffered hand, and Lillith allowed it to fall by her side.

"Look at my lovely pussy! Is she not a queen among Persians?" she said, laying her own beautiful mouth on the top of the animal's head. "And, do you know, I actually believe she loves me? Is it not strange?"

There was hardly coquetry in the question; it was almost murmured over the Persian's head, and might have been intended for her as much as for Monteith. Monteith took no notice of it. He turned to shake hands with Elspeth, then, coming back to Lillith's side, took a seat beside her.

"You have sent for me, and, in obedience to your request, I am here," he said, in a lowered tone. Elspeth rose and made a motion as if to leave the room.

"Oh, don't go, please, Miss Troil," cried Lillith. "I wish you to play to us. Something low and soft and sweet, like this divine evening. And we shall sit and dream while you are playing. Ask her, Mr. Monteith."

"I shall play if you wish me, Miss Stuart," said Elspeth again. She came back, and going to the piano, opened it, and running her fingers over the keys, began one of Mendelssohn's "Songs Without Words."

Lillith lay back in her chair, an expression of delight on her changeable face.

"Ah! don't distress me!" she said, when Monteith made a movement as if he were about to speak. "Do you know what I feel like? A dream—yes; and it is of the past—the past that comes never again!" She sighed a little, and her long dark lashes swept her cheek, lying like a shadow upon them. Monteith looked at her for a moment. Perhaps no other man in the world could have looked at her without a thrill of admiration.

She looked divinely fair and divinely sweet at that moment; but Monteith's face was strangely cold and stern. Elspeth played on and on. She was only a paid employe, and, however gallant it might sometimes be to obey, she knew that on Lillith Stuart's favor depended her situation; for Lady Westray was not in a position to defy the mistress of Crag Castle.

And Monteith, in spite of himself, began to feel strangely softened. His mind wandered to the old-fashioned garden at Abbot's Head, and to the dainty figure that used to flit among the rose-bushes there. He had almost forgotten the one beside him, and started as a soft hand fell on his.

"Let us go out," whispered Lillith's voice almost in his ear, "to the terrace. The evening is so entrancing that it seems a shame to remain indoors. And do you hear the birds singing in the garden? I do even above the music. You will come?" Monteith rose without a word. As they passed the piano Lillith tapped Elspeth lightly on the shoulder.

"Thank you, it is beautiful," she said. "But we have demanded too much of you. We are going out on the terrace."

Elspeth looked after them as Lillith's sea-green robe vanished outside the window.

"Dare I warn him?" she said to herself. "And yet I think he knows her. He does not trust her; but there is no one in the world I distrust more."

Lillith had gone to the edge of the balcony and leant upon the balusters. From that point the view was one which can only be seen in northern lands. Although it was long past sunset, the sunset glory still lingered in the western sky in colors so gorgeous and vivid that no painter's brush would dare reproduce them.

Monteith had followed Lillith and leant his arm on the balustrade. She looked up at him, her eyes gleaming strangely.

"You have something to say to me. What is it?"

"Yes; I have something to say to you," Monteith answered slowly, as if he weighed every word he uttered. "A fortnight ago, Lillith Stuart, you and I met again under strange circumstances. You asked me then if it was to be war or peace between us. I have come now to give you my answer."

"Once upon a time I was your dupe and believed in you; but that is long ago. Now I know you as you are. I am no longer taken in by your smiles, I am no longer, taken in by your sweet words. I

know what these are worth, and I measure my strength, not against them, but against yourself. And having said this, I have said all. You understand me now?"

She was still looking at him, but the expression in her eyes had slowly changed as he was speaking. There was something in them now not pleasant to see—something cruel, gleaming, almost wolfish. She put her hand to the lace at her white neck, and her little pink nails dug into it fiercely.

"Then it is to be war?" she whispered, almost hissing the words in a sibilant undertone.

"If you like to put it so—yes, Miss Stuart," said the young man, very gravely.

She leant over the balustrade again, her face growing curiously pale and set. Then suddenly she sprang erect, turning to him, laid her hand on his arm.

"Evan, remember all the past! Oh, is that nothing to you?"

"Nothing," he answered, in the same cold tone. "The past only causes me shame to remember. I am glad to forget it. Now I have told you the truth—the whole truth. I came to Orkney thinking that in some way I could spare you or compromise matters; but it is impossible. Right is right eternally; nothing can ever change it. It must be war between us, because no compromise will do—no compromise would be right. Therefore let me say good-by and leave you. When we meet again it will be before all the world as foes."

"As foes?" she whispered. Her voice sounded strangely low in her throat; it was as if something choked her. She suddenly stood erect and the long sea-green gown fell in loose folds about her sinuous figure. "This is your final decision?"

"It is my final decision," said Evan Monteith. "I shall go now, Miss Stuart, and the day after tomorrow I leave for London. Shall we say good-by now?"

"Good-by," said Lillith Stuart. She held out her beautiful white hand—a hand that Evan Monteith had kissed in the past—to him. Her eyes, which, even in the dark, shone like a cat's, were curiously luminous. "Good-by, Evan."

"I shall not touch your hand," said Monteith gravely. "It would be hypocrisy to do so. Good-by once more, Miss Stuart."

He bowed, turned and left her. A stair led down from the balcony to the gardens. He went down by it, and soon vanished from sight. When he had gone Lillith turned and stretched out her beautiful arms, with their foamy yellow lace, towards the direction in which he had gone.

"The day after tomorrow," she said. And a little, low laugh came rippling from her red lips. "Oh, fool! fool! The day after tomorrow!"

CHAPTER IX.

"There is nothing else for it. I am forced into this unfortunate position!" said Evan Monteith to himself, as he cycled back to Stromness along the cliff-path, which was, however, safe enough, for it was strongly protected by a wooden barricade. Even now it was hardly dark and Monteith had not lit his lamp.

"I wish the work had been committed to any other but to me," he mused as he spun onwards.

"But I must atone for the past. Much of it has been my fault, and on me, therefore, lies the responsibility of undoing any evil I have done. Yes, I shall go to London and lay the facts before the lawyers; then commit all into their hands. But am I to go without seeing Day?"

His face changed as the name was uttered, a little hesitatingly even to himself. The sternness and resolution faded out, and a softened expression crept over it.

"Will she forgive me when she knows all?" he thought. "Ah, surely she will! And yet, could I be satisfied with her forgiveness alone? Is there not more that I crave for, pure-souled darling! Surely her parents were far-sighted when they gave her her name, for she is like the day indeed—bringing joy and sunshine and love wherever she goes. Surely, if a bad woman is the worst creature on earth, a good one is God's best gift to man?"

Monteith had a room at the Gow Hotel; but he did not sleep much that night. When he did, his sleep was haunted by strange, awful dreams, in which he felt himself being hurled over some frightful precipice; and when he looked up to the platform of rock from which he had fallen, he saw the mocking face of Lillith Stuart gazing down at him, and heard her scornful laughter float above him on the air.

The dream haunted him strangely, even after he had risen and breakfasted. He told himself it was only the natural result of yesterday's disagreeable duty; but somehow he could not shake off the uncomfortable impression it had left.

(To be Continued.)

Why does a man usually have to shuffle off this mortal coil before he casts much of a figure in history?

TOLD BY THE SERGEANT.

From the Democrat, Grand Rapids, Mich.
At the Michigan Soldiers' Home, in Grand Rapids, lives Sergeant Richard Dunn, hale and hearty, although he carries the scars of several wounds sustained in some of the battles of the Civil war. In recounting his experience to a reporter, Mr. Dunn said: "About a year and a half ago I began to have trouble with my stomach. My suffering was so intense that I tried different medicines and doctored with several physicians, but without permanent relief."



A Wounded Soldier.

"After taking five boxes I was cured. I never felt better than I do now, even in my younger days. I am naturally a robust man, but that stomach trouble, together with rheumatism, which afterward set in, were making fast roads upon my health and I am satisfied that it would have been but a short time before my comrades would have been conducting the regulation funeral ceremonies over my remains, had I not chance to read of and taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People."

"There are several others in the home who are taking these pills and are receiving great benefit." RICHARD DUNN.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 1st day of Nov. 1897.

HENRY GIBSON, Notary Public.
Sergeant Dunn is perfectly willing that anyone should write him in reference to his case, provided stamp is enclosed for reply. All the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves are contained in a condensed form in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they cure cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature.

Producers of poultry should refrain from enumerating their juvenile fowls until after the period of incubation has expired.

"Straws Show Which Way the Wind Blows."

This is an old adage and one that has been demonstrated as truthful many times. The fact that the excursion business in Colorado seeks to use one particular line is a straw that indicates where the excursionists find the best scenery, lowest rates and best train service. The line in question, the Colorado Midland, has handled more excursion and tourist business this season than ever before in its history, and this is a straw which indicates that the Colorado Midland always offers the lowest rates, the finest scenery and the best train service through the Mountains and to the Colorado Tourist Resorts.

It is said that woman, owing to the peculiar construction of her form, is unable to jump—except at an offer of marriage.

Wheat 40 Cents a Bushel.
How to grow wheat with big profit at 40 cents and samples of Salzer's Red Cross (40 Bushels per acre) Winter Wheat, Rye, Oats, Clovers, etc., with Farm Seed Catalogue for 4 cents postage. JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., La Crosse, Wis. w.n.u.

At a special election held at Lake Odessa to vote on bonding the village for waterworks, the proposition carried by a vote of 204 to 29.

Hall's Catarrh Cure
Is taken internally. Price, 75c.

Nature cannot jump from winter to summer without a spring, nor from summer to winter without a fall.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Down's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, O.

Rome was not built in a day. But there was no hustling real estate boomers in the days of old.

Scrofula, salt rheum, erysipelas and other distressing eruptive diseases yield quickly and permanently to the cleansing, purifying power of Burdock Blood Bitters.

No man would be willing to swear to everything he says during a courtship.

Rudely pain loses its terror if you've a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Instant relief in cases of burns, cuts, sprains, accidents of any sort.

Ambition often raises a man up for the purpose of giving him a good hard fall.

A blessing alike to young and old: Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhoea and summer complaint.

Girls admire a drooping moustache, especially when it droops their way.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. No. 10. H. C. C. Co., Fall, druggists refund money.

A good head prevents a wise man and a pin from going too far.

COSMO BUTTERMILK TOILET SOAP makes the skin soft, white and healthy, bold everywhere.

Woman is the fairest creature on earth—also the unfairest.

ARTISTIC HOMES.

How a Great Manufacturer Has Brought Them Within Reach of All.

Probably at no time in the world's history has so much attention been paid to the interior decoration of homes as at present. No home, no matter how humble, is without its handiwork that helps to beautify the apartments and make the surroundings more cheerful. The taste of the American people has kept pace with the age, and almost every day brings forth something new in the way of a picture, a drapery, a piece of furniture or other form of mural decoration. One of the latest of these has been given to the world by the celebrated artist, Muville, in a series of four handsome porcelain game plaques. Not for years has anything as handsome in this line been seen. The subjects represented by these plaques are American Wild Ducks, American Pheasant, American Quail and English Snipe. They are handsome paintings and are especially designed for hanging on dining-room walls, though their richness and beauty entitles them to a place in the parlor of any home. These original plaques have been purchased at a cost of \$50,000 by J. Q. Hubinger Bros. Co., manufacturers of the celebrated Elastic Starch, and in order to enable their numerous customers to become possessors of these handsome works of art they have had them reproduced by a special process in all the rich colors and beauty of the original. They are finished on heavy cardboard, pressed and embossed in the shape of a plaque and trimmed with a heavy band of gold. They measure forty inches in circumference and contain no reading matter or advertisement whatever.

Until October 1 Messrs. J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co. propose to distribute these plaques free to their customers. Every purchaser of three ten-cent packages of Elastic Starch, flat-iron brand, manufactured by J. C. Hubinger Bros. Co., is entitled to receive one of these handsome plaques free from their grocer. Old and new customers alike are entitled to the benefits of this offer. These plaques will not be sent through the mail, the only way to obtain them being from your grocer. Every grocery store in the country has Elastic Starch for sale. It is the oldest and best laundry starch on the market, and is the most perfect cold process starch ever invented. It is the only starch made by men who thoroughly understand the laundry business, and the only starch that will not injure the finest fabric. It has been the standard for a quarter of a century, and as an evidence of how good it is twenty-two million packages were sold last year. Ask your dealer to show you the plaques and tell you about Elastic Starch. Accept no substitute. Bear in mind that this offer holds good a short time only, and should be taken advantage of without delay.

TRAVEL WEST THIS YEAR.

The Tourist Seeks the Mountains Rather Than the Seashore and Lake.

The periods of Western migration of people vary with the years. Sometime the attractions of the East overcome the distaste to long travel, and the flood of excursionists is in that direction, but, latterly, the beauties and benefits of Colorado scenery and air have tipped the scales of doubting minds in favor of the great central summer resort of the continent. The present summer has been a Western resort epoch, largely because the railroads have established and maintained unsurpassed facilities for comfort to travel, and the desirability of the location has become widely known through judicious advertising.

The great game preserves and the rivers stocked with finest specimens of the finny tribe, the vigorous mountain air, the gathering of pleasant people at first class hotels, and the proximity to home and business if required, have proved stronger attractions than the sea coast and the Northern lake regions. The vast mineral resources of Colorado have tempted the watchful business man to combine something of business with his outing, too, and as a consequence of all these reasons travel to the West has been unsurpassed this year and the state has found new friends and gained new tongues to tell its praise.

It is a matter of such great importance that comfort shall be a striking feature of travel that the tourist as well as the daily traveler in pursuit of business should select his route with care and judgment. The Missouri Pacific, with its many branches affords opportunity for all the people to use its magnificent trains as far as Pueblo, and there the Denver & Rio Grande road, with its justly bestowed celebrity for piercing the most beautiful scenery of the mountain wilds, continues the care and watchfulness which has been so readily observed on the route to Pueblo, and with every comfort at hand and inspiring scenery round about, the traveler finds himself at his destination unwearied, satisfied and ready for what Fate has in store for the future. It is a mental treat and rest as well as a physical relief from heat and labor and should be provided for in the yearly itinerary as much as the provision for the habiliments which custom prescribes. F. P. Baker.

Damages for mental anguish, independent of and unaccompanied by physical injury of any kind, are denied, in Peay vs. Western Union Telegraph company (Ark.), 39 L. R. A. 463.

Oral evidence to show that the maker of a note was only an agent and signed it under an agreement with the payee that the principal only should be liable is held, in Shuey vs. Adair (Wash.), 39 L. R. A. 473, to be inadmissible.

Pinckney Dispatch.

F. L. ANDREWS EDITOR.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 8, 1898.

RESOLUTIONS.

Whereas, in the midst of the activities of life, we have been forcibly reminded of the solemn truth that we are all born to die, and

Whereas, death has entered the ranks of our Christian Endeavor society and taken from among our members, our sister, Nettie Rogers Grimes, therefore be it

Resolved, that in the death of our sister, the C. E. society of Pinckney has lost a true and faithful member, whose memory will linger with us long after her spirit shall have returned unto the God who gave it and be it further

Resolved, that in the death of our sister, the society loses an earnest and faithful member, whose life was a loving example of true womanhood and virtue and whose influence was ever cast on the side of right, and be it further

Resolved, that we wish in this manner to convey to the husband, children, mother, sister, brother and friends, the assurance of our sincere and heartfelt sympathy for them in this hour of affliction and may He who rules above and who knoweth what is best, send comfort to their saddened hearts in this hour of bereavement, and be it further

Resolved, that as a token of respect to the memory of our deceased sister, a copy of these resolutions be given to the friends of our sister, and that they also be printed in the Pinckney Dispatch.

Mrs. H. W. CROFOOT.
Mrs. H. H. SWARTHOUT.
Mrs. E. R. BROWN.
Committee.

Council Proceedings.

For The Village of Pinckney.

Special, July 5, 1898.
Council convened and called by President Sigler.

Present: Trustees Reason, Jackson, Thompson and Wright.

The following bills presented:

D W Murta, marshall services	\$6.25
" feeding tramp	.15
P Monroe, services July 4,	2.00
J Jeffries,	2.00
F Carr, lighting lamps	7.15
E Mann, cutting weeds	.62
E Monroe, cutting weeds	.75
E Campbell, stars for police	.35

Total, \$19.27

Moved and carried to accept bills as read and orders be drawn to pay the same.

The following resolution was presented: "Be it resolved by the Common Council of the village of Pinckney that the village treasurer for his services as collector of taxes be entitled to collect 2 per cent on all taxes paid him by the 3rd day of August, 1898 inclusive and shall be entitled to collect 4 per cent on all taxes paid him thereafter."

Moved to adopt the resolution as read. Council adjourned.

R. H. TEUPLE, Clerk.

A Clever Trick.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has lame back and weak kidneys, malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking electric bit- ters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the liver and kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness, and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try electric bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at F. A. Sigler's Drug Store.

Increase of Dose not Necessary.
There are many medicines advertised to cure constipation and other stomach disorders which really do some temporary relief, among these are the various kinds of pills and the great number of teas. But an experience with these is most always disappointing. Either it becomes necessary to keep increasing the dose or they become entirely inactive. Not so with Dr. Cadwell's Syrup Pepsin. Its efficacy keeps up and those who give it a fair honest trial find that it is always a friend. 10c, 50c and \$1 sizes of W. B. Darrow.

Regular, Aug. 1, 1898.
Council convened and called to order by president pro tem Thompson. Present: Trustees Teeple, Thompson, Jackson and Reason. Absent: Trustee Wright. Minutes of previous meetings read and approved. H'y report by Com'r Burch presented.

The following bills presented:

HIGHWAY.	
G Burch, labor	\$4.92
G A Sigler, labor	1.25
F G Jackson, labor	1.25
L W Hoff, labor	.62
Jas Green, labor,	3.12
Reason & Shehan, nails	2.00
Total,	\$13.16

CONTINGENT.	
Reason and Shehan, oil	\$4.44
F Carr, lighting lamps	7.15
W Carr, Ass'r. Bd of Rev.	20.00
D W Murta, July services	6.25
E L Thompson, labor	.50
G M Burch, draying	1.00
Total,	\$40.24

Total orders drawn \$53.40
Moved and carried to accept H'y report and allow bills as read and orders be drawn to pay same.

The following resolution was presented and read: "Be it resolved by the common council of the village of Pinckney that the tax roll of said village for the year of 1898 be extended 30 days from and after the 8th day of August 1898."

Moved and carried that the resolution be adopted.

Council adjourned
R. H. TEUPLE, Clerk.

Additional Local.

Now is the time to pay the printer. Mrs. Silas Swarthout and children are visiting Detroit friends this week.

G. W. Teeple is attending the senatorial convention at Fenton this week.

Samuel Sykes and wife were visiting their son, G. W., in Detroit this past week.

S. G. Teeple goes to Detroit Sept. 21 as a delegate to the state republican convention.

M. T. Kelley commenced school in the Dickerson district, two miles south of Howell, this week.

Mrs. Chas. Love and grand-daughter, Mary returned home Friday from Marquette where they have been spending a very pleasant month.

Parties from Howell were billing the town last week for the Great Free Street Fair to be held in that place the last four days of this month.

Walter Pierce of Ypsilanti, a member of the 31st Michigan, who is home from Chicamauga, Tenn., on a furlough, having been ill with typhoid fever, spent Sunday with friends in this place.

Ten Million Wheelmen.

It is stated by competent authority that there are ten million people in America who are bicycle riders. Probably each one gets an average of one hurt in a season and that is just when Henry & Johnson's Arnica & Oil Liniment gets in its good work. Nothing has ever been made that will cure a bruise, cut or sprain so quickly. Also removes pimples, sunburn tan or freckles. Clean and nice to use. Take it with you. Costs 25c per bottle. Three times as much in a 50c bottle. We sell it and guarantee it to give good satisfaction or money refunded.

F. A. Sigler.

Jay Shelan of Mumith spent Sunday in this vicinity.

Will Monks of Stockbridge Sunday in this vicinity.

C. T. Moran of Jackson spent Sunday with his parents here.

Willie Kennedy of Stockbridge, well known among the young people at this place, had the misfortune to lose two fingers and part of a thumb from his right hand last Wednesday afternoon, while cleaning saw dust from under a circular saw at the basket factory in Stockbridge. His many friends will be sorry to hear of this sad accident.

Do You Want Gold?

Everyone desires to keep informed on Yukon, the Klondyke and Alaskan gold fields. Send 10c for large Compendium of vast information and big color map to Hamilton Pub. Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

Two of the most popular pieces of music arranged for piano or organ have just been issued by the Popular Music Co., Indianapolis, Ind. "Bring Our Heroes Home" dedicated to the heroes of the U. S. Battleship Maine, is one of the finest national songs ever written. The music is stirring and the words ring with patriotism. "Dewey's Battle of Manila March Two-Step" is a fine instrumental piece and will live forever as a souvenir of the Spanish War. Either one of these pieces and popular music roll containing 18 pages full sheet music sent on receipt of 25 cents. Address, Popular Music Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

A CRITICAL TIME.

DURING THE BATTLE OF SANTAIGO.

Sick or Well, a Rush Night and Day.

The Packers at the Battle of Santaigo de Cuba were all Heroes. Their Heroic Efforts in Getting Ammunition and Rations to the Front Saved the Day.

P. E. BUTLER of pack-train No. 3, writing from Santaigo de Cuba, on July 23, says: "We all had diarrhoea in more or less violent form, and when we landed we had no time to see a doctor, for it was a case of rush and rush night and day to keep the troops supplied with ammunition and rations, but thanks to Chamberlains Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, we were able to keep at work and keep our health; in fact, I sincerely believe that at one critical time this medicine was the indirect saviour of our army, for if the packers had been unable to work there would have been no way of getting supplies to the front. There were no roads that a wagon train could use. My comrade and myself had the good fortune to have in a supply of this medicine for our pack train before we left Tampa and I know in four cases it absolutely saved my life."

The above letter was written to the manufacturers of this medicine the Chamberlain, Medicind Co., Des Moines, Ia. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

Best Papers the Best Mediums.

There is much good solid sense for every advertiser in the following paragraph from a thoughtful eastern advertiser: The daily paper is by far the safest and most certain method of reaching the public. It should not be difficult for any intelligent man who has lived for any time in a community to know just what papers will serve him as advertising mediums. It isn't at all necessary to examine the books in the newspaper's counting room or to get their advavits of circulation. A paper that you read yourself and that your neighbors read and respect and that you know to be widely read and respected, you can safely rely on as a satisfactory medium for reaching people of your own kind.

YOU HAVE BEEN GETTING BETTER RESULTS FROM THE DETROIT JOURNAL WERE GIVING YOU MORE CIRCULATION.

Did You Ever Notice?

The best business houses in Detroit use THE DETROIT JOURNAL largely—more largely every year. Nearly every successful general advertiser uses THE DETROIT JOURNAL. Some advertisers are not allowed in THE DETROIT JOURNAL.

IT IS CALLED "THE FAULTLESS."



It is THE BEST stump puller that man's knowledge and skill has ever been able to produce. A single trial is sufficient to convince anyone of its merits.

For Free Catalogue etc., address

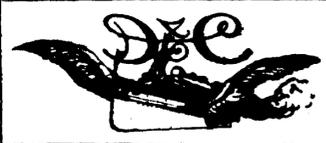
CAWARD & SWENSON CO., CRESCO, - IOWA.

Made in four sizes, using from 4 to 11 inch cable. Patented March 12, 1895.

FOR A SUMMER CRUISE TAKE THE COAST LINE

To Mackinac

NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMERS



COMFORT, SPEED and SAFETY

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.

To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago

No other Line offers a panorama of 400 miles of equal variety and interest.

FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN TOLEDO, DETROIT AND MACKINAC

PETOSKEY, "THE 800" MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. Approximate Cost from Cleveland, \$17; from Toledo, \$14; from Detroit, \$12.50.

EVERY DAY AND NIGHT BETWEEN CLEVELAND, PUT-IN-BAY AND TOLEDO.

Send ac. for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHWARTZ, P. O. BOX, DETROIT, MICH. Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company.

Railroad Guide.

Grand Trunk Railway System.

Departure of Trains at Pinckney. In Effect May 1898.

WESTBOUND.		Lv.
Jackson and Intermediate Sta.		7:44 a m
		7:45 p m
EASTBOUND		
Pontiac Detroit—Gd. Rapids and Intermediate Sta.		7:11 p m
Pontiac Lenox Detroit and Intermediate Sta.		7:55 a m
Miel. Air Line Div. trains leave Pontiac at		7:00 a m
for Romeo Lenox and Int. Sta.		7:10 p m
D. & M. DIVISION LEAVE PONTIAC		
WESTBOUND		Lv.
Saginaw Gd. Rapids and Gd. Haven		7:02 a m
Gd. Rapids Gd. Haven Chicago		7:43 p m
Saginaw Gd. Rapids Milwaukee		7:07 p m
Chicago and Intermediate Sta.		7:38 p m
Grand Rapids & Gd. Haven		7:16 p m
EASTBOUND		
Detroit East and Canada		7:07 a m
Detroit East and Canada		7:08 a m
Detroit and South		7:30 p m
Detroit East and Canada		7:50 p m
Detroit Suburban		7:05 a m
		7:00 p m
Leave Detroit via Windsor		
EASTBOUND		Lv.
Toronto Montreal New York		12:05 p m
London Express		7:30 p m
12:05 p m train has parlor car to Toronto—Sleeping car to Buffalo and New York		
*Daily except Sunday.		*Daily.
W. J. BLACK, Agent, Pinckney Mich.		
W. E. DAVIS, E. H. HUGHES, G. P. & T. Agent, A. G. P. & T. Agent, Montreal, Que. Chicago, Ill.		
BEN FLETCHER, Trav. Pass. Agt., Detroit Mich.		

TOLEDO AN ARBOR AND MICHIGAN RAILWAY.



Popular route for Ann Arbor, Toledo and points East, South and for Howell, Owosso, Alma, Mt Pleasant, Cadillac, Manistee, Traverse City and points in Northwestern Michigan.
W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A., Toledo.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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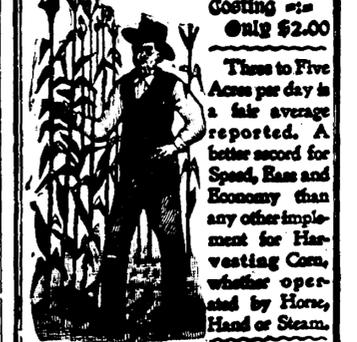
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WANTED: TRUSTWORTHY AND ACTIVE gentlemen or ladies to travel for responsible, established house in Michigan, Monthly \$65.00 and expenses. Do not steady. References. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. Y, Chicago.

THE BADGER

A Foot Corn Cutter



Costing only \$2.00

Three to Five Acres per day is a fair average reported. A better record for Speed, Ease and Economy than any other implement for Harvesting Corn, whether operated by Horse, Hand or Steam.

Ask your dealer for them, or one will be delivered at your Express Office on receipt of price.

SEND FOR CIRCULAR. I. Z. MERRIAM, Wilkesbarre, Wis.

From Extreme Nervousness.



THAT no one remedy can contain the elements necessary to cure all diseases, is a fact well known to everyone. Dr. Miles' System of Restorative Remedies consists of seven distinctively different preparations, each for its own purpose. Mrs. L. C. Bramley, 37 Henry St., St. Catharines, Ontario, writes: "For years I suffered from extreme nervousness and annoying constipation, developing into palpitation and weakness of the heart. I was unable to sleep, suffered much from headache, pain in my left side, palpitation and a constant feeling of weakness and prostration. I began using Dr. Miles' Nervine, Heart Cure and Nerve and Liver Pills and the Anti-Pain Pills to relieve sudden paroxysms of pain and headache. I soon felt much improved and the pains and aches and weariness left me. I then took Dr. Miles' Restorative Tonic and am now restored to my former good health."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address, DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.



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A gallon of PURE LINSEED OIL mixed with a gallon of
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MILLER RODE ONE 2093 MILES IN 132 HOURS

The Eldredge \$50.00

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Superior to all others irrespective of price. Catalogue tells you why. Write for one.
NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO.,
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Interesting Items.

Remember that the horse races will take place here Saturday.

The evaporator at this place commenced running last week. This employs about a dozen hands and is a good paying investment for the farmers in this vicinity.

Winter is slowly approaching and the printer can hardly wear his summer clothes during the cold weather, so if your subscription is over due, we will be thankful for our money you have in your pocket.

Did the war pay? According to the way our Michigan boys feel toward the Cubans, we hardly think so. They were always ready to pop out of the bushes and steal anything they could get their hands on.

Look out for the stove peddlers who go through the country giving \$10 or \$15 for your old stove and will board out the rest, for a fine new range. You sign a contract without looking at the back of it which is on a pad and in a short time a note turns up which you will have to cash.

Mark Twain is the next famous person to be "anecdotalized" by the Ladies Home Journal and the humorist's closest friends have sent to the magazine for its next number some twenty odd stories about him, none of which have ever been printed. They are, of course, of the droll sort, but not more funny than the "snapshot" pictures of Mark which his friends have also loaned the magazine. These, two, have never been printed.

The carnival of arts and sports to be held in Jackson Sept. 20 to 23, inclusive, will afford more amusement for the small amount invested in railroad fare than anything ever seen in Central Michigan. It has been gotten up on an entirely new and novel design, and each day will be filled with entertaining and amusing specialties. Among the pleasing features will be a flower parade, business men's parade, parade of civic societies, bicycle parade and many others. There will be tight-rope walking, acrobatic feats, races and sports of all kinds on Main and Cortland streets, and, best of all, everything will be free.

Treatment of Seed Wheat to Prevent Smut.

BUY AT A RELIABLE DRUG STORE A pound of formalin, cost about 60 cents. Mix with 50 gallons of water. Put the seed wheat in a pile on a floor which has been swept clean and sprinkled with the same solution of formalin. Spray or sprinkle the wheat with the formalin solution, shoveling the pile over meanwhile until all the surface of every kernel is wet. Do not use an excess of the liquid or it will hinder germination. Leave in a pile for 24 hours and sow at once or dry and sow later. The bags and other utensils with which the seed wheat comes in contact should always be treated.



Wake up to the fact, that perhaps you owe the **PRINTER.**



BUILD SHIPS IN A HURRY.

Incredible Speed in Construction Due to Klondike Boom.

From the San Francisco Call: A steamship, finished complete, from keel to smokestack, in six weeks. Surely that is crowding things a little, but the Alaska boom has made such work necessary. That is the reason it is being done these days. Never in the history of shipbuilding in California has there been such activity in the business. Every shipyard about the bay is working overtime, and in some instances day and night, so great is the demand for vessels to send to the arctic. Of course, there is a great deal of repairing and overhauling being done, but new vessels are being completed every few days. Over at Oakland shipyard one day last week there were five new ships on the ways at the same time. It is safe to say that this has never happened before in this part of the world. At the big foundries, where iron ships are built, work is pushed as fast as possible, but iron ships do not get together as rapidly as wooden ones, so that it is tedious work watching their growth. Wooden vessels come into existence almost as if by magic and are nearly ready for sea as soon as they are launched. It is to this class that the greater number of Klondike vessels belong. One steamer, the Virago, that sailed for Alaska a few days ago, was not in existence at all on the first of last February. In fact, her keel was not laid and it is barely possible the plans for her were not drawn. But things went along smoothly from the start. When she got into the water she didn't leak a drop nor vibrate with the motions of the engine. Before this vessel had her trial trip she was booking passengers and loading freight. Scores of men were at work on her rushing things along. This steamer had her trial trip on Monday, the 14th ult., and two days later she sailed for the north loaded down with freight and gold-seekers. But she acted like a charmed being and sailed through the Golden Gate as dignifiedly as a man-of-war that had been five years in course of construction instead of five weeks. Old salts said she was as good a vessel of her class as was ever built, notwithstanding the short time spent in putting her together. To see one of these Alaska vessels come into being is like watching the work of a magician. The person who orders the vessel or what her name is to be is of no importance to the shipbuilder. He simply gets word to build a vessel according to certain drawings and specifications and puts it down in his book as a certain number. If the vessel is ordered to be pushed through in a hurry he starts work immediately, and within a few hours men are building the ways on which the vessel is to be constructed. Inside of twenty-four hours the keel will be laid and the stern post ready to be placed in position. At this time there is not much to be seen, only three lines of timber lying on the ground. But this is the start. A week later this same spot will have a good part of a ship on it. Scores of men will be at work, and the sound of saw and hammer can be heard for a mile. Nearly all the ribs of the vessel will be in position, and she will be ready for the planking. A week later a goodly portion of this will be done. The entire lower portion will be covered and only the tips of the ribs will show over the side of the hull. At this time the machinery is being put in and more and more men are finding work on her every day. At the end of the third week the hull is practically finished, and in another week the deck will be on and she will be ready for launching. Now men fairly swarm over her. At the end of the fifth week masts are in, rigging set and sails bent, and the greater portion of her painted. It only remains to put on the finishing touches in the cabins, see that the engines are O. K. and have a trial trip.

Needed the Gardener.
This is the London version of the story of Mr. Vanderbilt's parting with his celebrated Paris chef, Joseph. One day the millionaire sent for Joseph and told him frankly that he was growing rather tired of his highfalutin, "artistic" French dishes. "The fact is," said the millionaire, "I'm darned hungry, and I want a square, old-fashioned meal. Go and cook me." he added, "some nice boiled beef and cabbage." "Monsieur," replied Joseph, in his suave manner, "I think you have sent for me by mistake. Shall I ring for the gardener?" Joseph has just become the presiding genius of the kitchen of a big London hotel. To an interviewer he said the other day: "A dinner should be short—like man. The shorter they are the better."

Addressing Members House Commons.
Members are not allowed to refer to each other by name in debate. The only member who is properly addressed by name is the chairman who presides over the deliberations of the house in committee. On a member rising to speak in committee he begins with "Mr. Lowther" and not with "Mr. Chairman" as at public meetings—Nineteenth Century

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. Cure All Pains. "One cent a dose."

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25c per package. For sale by F. A. Sigler.

Soldiers' Widows' Home.
Wilmington, Ill., Sept. 13, 1898
Syrup Pepsin Co., Gents:—Your Syrup Pepsin has been used in our home with great success. The ladies under my charge have grown so attached to it as a corrector of the many ailments of the stomach and bowels, that too great praise cannot be given it. In the relief of indigestion and sick headache it works to perfection.
Margaret R. Wickins, Matron.

Dear Sirs:—I take great pleasure in adding my testimony as to the efficiency of Syrup Pepsin as used in our Home. We use it in all cases of Constipation and Indigestion. Respt.
Eva J. Sweet, Nurse.
Of W. B. Darrow.

AN UNEQUALLED DINING CAR SERVICE.
Have you had dinner or supper on one of the Dining Cars running on the Grand Trunk Railway through trains between Chicago and Eastern points? If not, it would be worth your while to make a note of this service, and take the first opportunity you can to avail yourself of a treat. Mr. J. Lea who for years has been with the Windsor hotel, Montreal, is now connected with this service, and travelers can rely on a refined cuisine, excellent service, and a liberal table.

Millions Given Away.
It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. Kings New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, have given away over ten millions trial bottles of this great medicine and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, chest, and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on F. A. Sigler druggist and get a trial bottle free, regular size 50c and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed or price refunded.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.
For Sale by F. A. SIGLER.

Business Pointers.
Always take the G.T.R. when you can. S.S.S.—Scenery, Safety and Speed.

Rowley & Co. have purchased the evaporator at this place and would notify the farmers that they are ready to buy apples at any time. Call and see them.

Do You Wish to Gain Flesh.
Ninety per cent of our passengers gain from five to ten pounds on a trip to Mackinac. If you are run down take a cruise up the Lakes. We guarantee your outing will benefit you. The cost is within the reach of all. Send 2c. for illustrated pamphlet. Address: A. A. Shantz, G. P. A., D. & C. Steamers, The Coast Line, Detroit, Mich.

NERVE & LIVER PILLS
Act on a new principle—regulate the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. Dr. Miles' Pills speedily cure biliousness, torpid liver and constipation. Smallest, mildest, surest! 50 doses, 25c. Samples free at druggists. Dr. Miles Med. Co., Elkhart, Ind.

The Best Hotel in Detroit
We guarantee you in the way of comfortable beds and good meals the Franklin House, as they are found nowhere else. Rates are \$1.50 to \$2.50 per day, American plan. Woodward and Jefferson Avenues. Not only a block away, with cars to all parts of the city. Excellent accommodations for wheelmen.
H. H. JAMES & SON, Proprietors
Bates and Leaned Sts., Detroit, Mich.

The Pinckney Dispatch.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
FRANK L. ANDREWS
Editor and Proprietor.
Subscription Price \$1 in Advance.
Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan, as second class matter.
Advertising rates made known on application.

Business Cards, \$1.00 per year. Each and marriage notices published free. Announcements of entertainments may be paid for, if desired, by presenting the office with tickets of admission. In case tickets are not brought to the office, regular rates will be charged. All matter in local notice column will be charged at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Where no time is specified, all notices will be inserted until ordered discontinued, and will be charged for accordingly. All changes of advertisements MUST reach this office as early as Tuesday morning to insure an insertion the same week.

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ALL BILLS PAYABLE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH.

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CLERK.....G. L. Sigler
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HEALTH OFFICER.....Dr. H. F. Sigler
ATTORNEY.....W. A. Carr

CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Rev. W. T. Wallace, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayers meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. F. L. Andrews, Supt.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
Rev. C. S. Jones, pastor. Service every Sunday morning at 10:30 and every Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. R. H. Teepie, Supt. Ross Road, Sec

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. M. J. Connersdorf, Pastor. Services every third Sunday. Low mass at 7:30 o'clock, high mass with sermon at 9:30 a. m. Catechism at 3:30 p. m., vespers and benediction at 7:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

The A. O. H. Society of this place, meets every third Sunday in the Fr. Matthew Hall. John McGuinness, County Delegate.

Pinckney Y. P. S. C. E. Meetings held every Sunday evening in Cong. church at 8:00 o'clock. Miss Bessie Cordley, Pres. Mrs. E. R. Brown, Sec

EPWORTH LEAGUE. Meets every Sunday morning at 10:00 o'clock in the M. E. church. A cordial invitation is extended to everyone, especially young people. John Martin, Pres.

Junior Epworth League. Meets every Sunday afternoon at 2:00 o'clock at M. E. church. All cordially invited. Miss Edith Vanhook, Superintendent.

The C. T. A. and B. Society of this place, meet every third Saturday evening in the Fr. Matthew Hall. John D. Doolittle, President.

KNIGHTS OF MACCABEES.
Meet every Friday evening, or before full of the moon at their hall in the Southout bldg. Visiting brothers are cordially invited.
CHAS. CAMPBELL, Sir Knight Commander

Livingston Lodge, No. 74, F. & A. M. Chapter of Communication, Tuesday evening, or before full of the moon. H. F. Sigler, W. M.

ORDER OF EASTERN STAR meets each month the Friday evening following the regular F. & A. M. meeting. Mrs. MARY REED, W. M.

LADIES OF THE MACCABEES. Meet every 1st Saturday of each month at 2:30 p. m. and every 3rd Saturday at 7:30 p. m. at the K. O. T. M. hall. Visiting sisters cordially invited. LENA CONWAY, Lady Com.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD meet every second Wednesday evening of every month in the K. O. T. M. Hall at 7:30 o'clock. All visiting guards welcome. ROBERT ARNELL, Capt. Gen

BUSINESS CARDS.
H. F. SIGLER M. D. C. L. SIGLER M. D.
DRS. SIGLER & SIGLER,
Physicians and Surgeons. All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main street Pinckney, Mich.
DR. A. B. GREEN.
DENTIST—Every Thursday and Friday Office over Sigler's Drug Store.

OLD HICKORY BICYCLES



Strongest and Easiest Riding Wheel. Continuous Wood Frame. Always Safe and Satisfactory.
WE WANT MORE AGENTS.
OLD HICKORY CYCLE CO.,
CHICAGO, U. S. A.
WRITE US A LETTER.

Pinckney Dispatch.

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Publisher.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN.

To boast of sinfulness is to sulk.

Some people are always up and doing—other people.

Too many aim at righteousness with a telescopic sight.

People always notice the spots on the raiment of pride.

The bell of the fashionable church awakens many sluggards.

Men are not necessarily big guns because they happen to be big bores.

Before marriage a man swears to love; after marriage he loves to swear.

Eternal life is the only thing worth striving for in which there is no competition.

A wrong is not right because it is gray-headed, nor clean because it has been baptized.

A spinster says if it is true that man proposes and God disposes, some men fail to do their share.

The truth is condemned more than is the false. People will condemn that about which they know the least.

It doesn't always make a man happy when a girl returns his love—especially when it's returned because she has no use for it.

Only the love of truth can make a dispute profitable. The man who enters into an argument solely to get the better of his opponent is in no condition either to profit or to be profited. He is neither a teacher nor a pupil, but an artilleryman bombarding his neighbor's castle just to see him run up the white flag. No man is fit to enter into a debate who would not rather get at the truth than win a victory.

Some very good men are addicted to profanity, but there isn't one of them who is not ashamed of every oath he utters. The utterance is involuntary, without preface, unconsidered, spontaneous, sudden, and in most cases the result of extreme vexation. When it is over the decent man chides himself and declares he will never do it again; but he adds, with a suppressed chuckle, "Nothing else under heaven would have untied that knot or buttoned that button."

That our people have no special hatred of our recent enemies in Spain is abundantly shown by the enthusiastic welcome which Admiral Cervera has met with whenever he has been in any place that gave the public a chance to come in contact with him. It is doubtful, however, whether the extraordinary manifestations of friendship and admiration which Admiral Cervera has received from the hands and mouths of the American people are likely to add materially to his prestige in his own country.

Great Britain is not a military nation, yet her army cost, in 1897, £18,270,000, and her navy £22,170,000, a total for both arms of the service of \$202,200,000. The expenditure of France in the same year for these two purposes was \$175,000,000, and of Germany \$157,000,000. Their armies are much greater than that of Great Britain, but their navies are smaller than hers. Probably four-fifths of these enormous aggregates might be saved, were it not for the necessity to protect colonies, to guard frontiers, and to be prepared for the numberless dangers to which international ambitions, jealousies and complications may give rise. It is a great price to pay for being classed among the "great powers."

Concerning the supposed friction between Germany and the United States, Mr. Andrew White, the American ambassador to that country, says: "The relations between the German and American governments have been and still are excellent. As a simple matter of fact, no person acquainted with the matter will deny that the German government has treated ours with fairness, or claim that it has been wanting in courtesy to our government or to its representative in Berlin. There is no exception to this statement. As to the German people at large, I am satisfied that the substantial, thinking part of them are now on the whole friendly to America. I am receiving letters every day which indicate this. Of course there has been on the part of a considerable number a natural sympathy with Spain as a weaker power fighting a stronger one; quite likely, too, a considerable portion of landed proprietors and of leading manufacturers have had prejudices against the United States, caused by what they have considered interference with their prosperity."

POSTMASTER IN CUBA.

FIRST AMERICAN POSTOFFICE AT SANTIAGO.

Presided Over by Major James E. Stuart, Late Inspector of the Chicago Division—Story of His Life—Personal Characteristics.



THE new postmaster at Santiago, Maj. James E. Stuart, is a Scotchman by birth—in all else, it might be remarked, he is an intense American. He has the dominant traits of the Scot; he is discreet, persevering and honest, qualities which are demanded of any man who aspires to fill the place of an inspector in the post-office department. He came to this country in 1851, when he was 10 years old, and as soon as he could comprehend the meaning of legal terms he began to study law. He was a student when the war of the rebellion broke out, but he dropped his books for the musket and went to the front as a sergeant in the Twenty-first Wisconsin volunteers. The battle of Stone river made him a second lieutenant, Chickamauga added a bar to his shoulder straps, and Atlanta made him a captain. General Harrison C. Hobart then made him one of his staff, and he remained a staff officer until the close of the war. Major Stuart entered the railway postal service in 1866, when that branch of the postoffice department was in its infancy. He gained promotion rapidly, and in 1871 was chief clerk in the railway mail service for Iowa. He could have been superintendent of the service, but declined the place because it would necessitate his removal to another part of the country. The work of the inspector's department attracted him, and he was

crushed the government thanked Stuart and indorsed everything he had done. It is one of Major Stuart's proud boasts—he rarely boasts, however—that he never went after a thief and failed to get him. Although inspector in charge, he takes immense satisfaction at times in handling a difficult case personally, and some of his experiences have been of a thrilling sort. The postal division in charge of Major Stuart embraces within its limits Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. While not the largest in area, one-sixth of all the money-order offices are located in this division, and about that per cent of the general post-office business is transacted within the division.

TO UTILIZE MARSH GRASS.

Company Formed to Manufacture from It Twine, Rope and Matting.

The tendency so characteristic of the present age to put to practical use what has heretofore been considered largely waste or useless material has found fresh exemplification in a new enterprise, at the head of which is ex-Senator Warner Miller of New York. Throughout Wisconsin, southern Michigan and Minnesota are thousands of acres of marsh land upon which grows tall, rank, coarse grass, which is practically without any commercial value. Some of the finer varieties are utilized as hay, although without any pronounced edible or nourishing qualities, and occasionally some of the coarser varieties are used as bedding for stock, but as a rule only an exceedingly small portion of the million of tons which grow every year finds any use whatever. All this, by the aid of ingenious machinery, can be readily converted into a number of cheap and useful articles of commerce, such as binding twine, rope, cotton bagging, matting, and a substitute for carpet paper, and promises to develop into an industry in which thousands of people will find employment. The enterprise is called a new one, although it has been in successful operation for over a year, but it is only recently that plans



MAJ. JAMES E. STUART.

appointed thereto upon application. This was the beginning of Major Stuart's real career. He soon demonstrated to the government that he was especially qualified for the peculiar detective work required of an inspector, and the department soon showed its appreciation by intrusting some of its biggest and most important cases to his handling. He invariably succeeded in what he went about. His splendid work in ferretting out the famous star route frauds in the west secured his appointment as inspector in charge of the northwest division in 1876, and this enlarged Major Stuart's opportunities for fine achievements. Through his efforts and by his suggestions the postoffice department succeeded in driving the Louisiana lottery out of the United States. Major Stuart advising changes in the law which would enable prosecution of lottery companies at the point where their mail was delivered. His most famous achievement was his successful prosecution of the principals in the noted "Fund W" and the Guarantee Investment Company, two fraudulent concerns which robbed thousands of persons by the use of the mails. In the "Fund W" case Major Stuart exceeded his authority in his zeal to capture the promoters. He held the mail of the concern, and as it piled up, the conspirators were frantic to secure it. Their business was being ruined. Stuart refused to yield. They offered him \$20,000 if he would simply keep his hands off property he had no right to hold, but Stuart smiled blandly and told them to save the money for their defense. After the iniquity had been

have been perfected for pushing it on an extensive scale. Within the last few weeks the large plant of the Northwestern Cordage company of St. Paul has been purchased by the new company, and is being put in shape for handling the product, while contracts have already been made for 15,000 or 20,000 tons of marsh grass for use during the coming season. The grass, which will be mostly used, is what is known as "wire" grass, which has a tough, hard, round stem, and is absolutely without any value as a food product. This can be made into a binding twine, which is said to be fully equal to that made from Manila hemp, and at a cost of at least one-third less than the latter. Certain kinds of rope will also be made from this grass, especial attention to be given to that kind which is used for the purpose of tying up hides. It is the purpose to use coarser varieties of grass in manufacture of roughly woven cotton bagging, of which an immense amount is used in the south. It will make, it is claimed, strong, durable and cheap bagging. The finer grass will be woven into matting, which is said to make an excellent substitute for Japanese matting. It takes dyes readily, and makes a floor covering as durable as it is attractive. Another use to which it is claimed it can be put to excellent advantage is that of a lining for carpets, and a decided superiority is claimed for it over the paper lining now used for that purpose.

Old people can not act cute, and they should not try it.

THE CZAR DESIRES PEACE.

Issues a Note Proposing the Reduction of Powerful Armaments of Europe. St. Petersburg: By order of Emperor Nicholas, Count Muravieff, the foreign minister, handed to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg a note declaring that the maintenance of peace and the reduction of the excessive armaments now crushing all nations are the ideals for which all governments ought to strive. The czar considers the present moment favorable for the inauguration of a movement looking to this end and invites the powers to take part in an international conference as a means of thus insuring real and lasting peace and terminating the progressive increase of armament.

London: The czar's proposition for an international conference for the purpose of securing real and lasting peace among the powers and the termination of the progressive increase in armaments, and conveyed in a note from Count Muravieff, the Russian foreign minister to the foreign diplomats at St. Petersburg, is likely to produce a sensation throughout Europe, and coming from such a quarter and with such evident sincerity of purpose, it is likely to have important effects. There is no doubt that with Russia taking the lead in such a step, Germany, France and the other nations will be ready to follow.

Paris: The French newspapers generally distrust the practicality of the czar's peace scheme, and clearly indicate that France would make the restoration of Alsace-Lorraine a pre-requisite to her participation in the conference.

Washington: The extraordinary circular note directed by the Russian foreign minister to the members of the diplomatic body at St. Petersburg has attracted the earnest attention of the officials here. It is believed that the victory achieved by the U. S. in the late war was a strong factor in the preparation of the note. The official mind looks upon the Russian project for a general disarmament as Utopian at this time, and the impression prevails that our government would not care to take any active part in its deliberations.

American Peace Commissioners.

Secretary of State Day has announced the members of the American peace commission selected, as follows: Secretary Day, Senators Davis and Frye, Whitelaw Reid and Justice Edward A. White of the United States supreme court.

The following attaches of the peace commission will be appointed by the President: John Moore, of Massachusetts, now assistant secretary of state, to be secretary of the commission, and J. R. MacArthur, of New York, to be assistant secretary. Mr. MacArthur was formerly first secretary of the United States legation at Madrid, and is now on special duties at the state department.

Kalamazoo commandery, Knights of Pythias, U. R., won the third prize, \$1,000, in the drills at the biennial encampment at Indianapolis.

The Knights of Pythias supreme lodge at Indianapolis elected: Supreme chancellor, Thomas G. Sample, Allegheny, Pa.; supreme vice-chancellor, Orden Feathers, Wisconsin; supreme prelate, James Moulson, St. Johns, N. B.; supreme keeper of record and seal, R. L. C. White, Nashville, Tenn.; supreme master of exchequer, Thomas D. Meares, Wilmington, N. C.

Wanda von Speno Bodenback, claiming to be the niece of Christina, queen regent of Spain, the baroness and viscountess of Spierenbergh, Austria, and possible heir to the throne and sole heir to a fortune of 20,000,000 francs, died of starvation in New York. She was only 18 years old. She ran away from home with a handsome young man, a member of one of the royal families of Russia. In this city her lover deserted her. Not understanding English and unable to make a living she slowly starved. She was found on the street by Baron de Lange, of Austria, but too late to save her life.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

New York	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
Best grades	5.25-5.75	3.75	3.75	3.75
Lower grades	3.50-4.25	3.00	4.00	4.00
Chicago	Best grades 5.50-5.75	4.00	6.25	4.05
Lower grades	3.50-4.25	3.00	4.25	3.85
Detroit	Best grades 4.00-4.40	4.25	5.50	4.00
Lower grades	3.00-3.90	3.00	4.00	3.80
Buffalo	Best grades 4.00-4.25	4.75	6.00	4.25
Lower grades	3.00-3.75	3.25	4.25	4.00
Cleveland	Best grades 3.85-4.20	4.00	5.25	4.10
Lower grades	3.00-3.75	3.00	4.00	3.85
Cincinnati	Best grades 4.00-4.45	4.50	5.75	4.15
Lower grades	3.00-3.75	3.25	4.25	3.90
Pittsburg	Best grades 4.75-5.25	4.75	6.00	4.35
Lower grades	3.25-4.00	3.25	4.25	4.10
WHEAT, ETC.				
No. 2 red	No. 2 mix	Oats		
New York	74 7/8	32 3/4	31 1/2	1 1/4
Chicago	62 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	2 1/2
Detroit	68 1/2	32 3/4	31 1/2	2 1/2
Toledo	68 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	2 1/4
Cincinnati	66 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/2	2 1/2
Cleveland	62 1/2	31 1/4	31 1/2	2 1/2
Pittsburg	70 7/8	32 3/4	31 1/2	2 1/2
Buffalo	69 1/2	31 1/2	31 1/2	2 1/4
*Detroit—Hay, No. 1 timothy, \$9.00 per ton. Potatoes, new Michigan, 3 c per bu. Live Poultry, spring chicken, 1 c per lb. towt. Butter, 1 c; duck, 7 c; eggs, strictly fresh, 11 c per doz. Butter, best dairy, 17 c per lb; creamery, 2 c.				

Pimples

Are the danger signals of impure blood. They show that the stream of life is in bad condition, that health is in danger of wreck. Clear the track by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and the blood will be made pure, complexion fair and healthy, and life's journey pleasant and successful.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is America's Greatest Medicine. 51¢ a box for \$5.

Hood's Pills cure indigestion, biliousness.

Lazy men are dead to the world, but they remain unburied.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be heartily full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1.00, guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedial Co., Chicago or New York.

Money is a useful servant but a tyrannical master.

To Cure Constipation Forever,
Take Cascarella Candy Cathartic. 10¢ per box. U. S. C. Co. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

The hair on a horse's neck is his mane protection.

A bath with COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP, exquisitely scented, is soothing and beneficial. Sold every where.

The only tales that dead men tell are ghost stories.

HOW IT SPREADS.

People all over Michigan Talking About It

How it spreads. Can't keep a "good thing" down! Ever notice how "good things" are imitated?

Better the article, more imitators. Fortunately the public has a safeguard.

Praise can't be imitated. And true praise takes root and spreads. Claim is one thing, proof is another. Claim is what the manufacturer says. Proof is what the people say. Everywhere in Michigan people say Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys. Cure all kidney ills.

W. S. Kilmer, passenger engineer on the M. C. railway, residing at 214 Orange St., Jackson, Mich., says: "In 1895 I had considerable trouble with my kidneys from the result of a severe cold which settled there and though I tried every means at hand and treated with doctors the pains through the small of my back became more persistent and severe. To add to my troubles the kidney secretions were unnatural and irregular. At last I was obliged to lay off work. When at home getting no better under the treatment I was then taking, some one advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills and I procured a box more out of curiosity than from any expectation that they might help me. Now I want this thoroughly understood, when I finished the box I went back to work without a pain or an ache. But to make matters doubly certain I took a second box. Since that time, and that is three years ago, I have neither had an ache nor a pain. Is it any wonder that at this date, 1898, I recommend Doan's Kidney Pills?"

Doan's Kidney Pills for sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

An easy lesson in bookkeeping—don't lend them.

Established 1780.

Baker's Chocolate.

celebrated for more than a century as a delicious, nutritious, and flesh-forming beverage, has our well-known Yellow Label as the front of every package, and our trade-mark, "La Belle Chocolatiere," on the back.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

MADE ONLY BY
WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd.,
Dorchester, Mass.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY

KILL YOUR CAT
and his

Black Kat Mouse Trap

Catches every time without bait or money refunded; made of steel; absolutely safe within; easy to adjust; odors removed with hot water without injury. Price 15¢. Send for sample and answer.

A Money Maker—A Mouse Trap.
BLACK KAT TRAP CO.
148 Cedar St., Chicago, Ill.

Keep Coughing

We know of nothing better to tear the lining of your throat and lungs. It is better than wet feet to cause bronchitis and pneumonia. Only keep it up long enough and you will succeed in reducing your weight, losing your appetite, bringing on a slow fever and making everything exactly right for the germs of consumption.

Stop coughing and you will get well.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

cures coughs of every kind. An ordinary cough disappears in a single night. The racking coughs of bronchitis are soon completely mastered. And, if not too far along, the coughs of consumption are completely cured.

Ask your druggist for one of

Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plaster.

It will aid the action of the Cherry Pectoral.

If you have any complaint whatever and desire the best medical advice you can possibly obtain, write us freely. You will receive a prompt reply that will be of great value to you. Address: DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

GOSSIP PAID IN KIND.

The manor house was let at last—the rent was high and it stood empty a long time—to a family from New York—so said the tongue of popular report—and all the Partridgeville gossips were on the qui vive.

"I've seen 'em," said Mrs. Peter Peppercourt, whose husband kept the village dry goods store.

"No!" said Mrs. Doxy, who lived on a pension and affected extreme gentility. "Is it a large family?"

"Only two," said Mrs. Peppercourt, "but such a heap of baggage! Piano, guitar case, easel, nineteen trunks and four valises! And a carload of furniture! Bedsteads, all French walnut and gilding, with canopy tops, and crimson satin sofas, and—oh! I couldn't begin to tell you what else, if I talked from now until doomsday!"

"Dear, dear!" said Mrs. Doxy, "and only two of 'em, you say?"

"Only two," said Mrs. Peppercourt, "an old gentleman and his young wife."

And when Miss Jemima Judkins came up to tea in the afternoon she brought more news.

"Their name is Egerton," said she. "Mr. and Mrs. Roland Egerton! Isn't it a deliciously romantic name?"

"How do you know?" cried Mrs. Doxy and Mrs. Peppercourt in chorus.

"I saw it painted in big white letters on the end of the sewing machine box," said Miss Judkins. "And I saw her at the porter's lodge this afternoon giving some orders. She is as fair as a poet's dream. It is but too common a tale—youth and beauty bartered for gold. I wouldn't sell myself to an old silver-haired man like that, not for a king's ransom!"

"Humph!" uttered Mrs. Peppercourt, who had no particular sympathy with the age of romance. "Perhaps you might—if you had the chance! Never mind about that just now," as she saw the crimson stain of wrath mounting to Miss Jemima Judkins' sallow cheek. "But about these people. Seem pretty stylish, eh?"

"Beyond all question," said Miss Jemima, loftily.

"I'll call next week," said Mrs. Doxy.

She did, but to her regret nobody was at home, and the visit was not returned.

"Stuck-up creatures!" said Mrs. Doxy.

Miss Judkins about this time received an invitation from her cousin, the widow of Archer, to spend a few days with her at her cottage at Long Branch. Mrs. Archer's paid companion had left her on a visit to some sick relative or other, and Mrs. Archer felt the need of some one to snub, scold, and have handy in general.

"I'll go," said Miss Judkins. "Serena Archer is very trying at times, but Serena is rich and I need a change. Oh, yes; I'll go."

At the end of a fortnight she came home again and was promptly invited by Mrs. Peppercourt to tea.

"Well," said Miss Judkins, "what news?"

"Not much," said Mrs. Doxy. "Hugh Ebert has failed."

"I've been expecting it ever since his wife got that new Nile green silk," said Jemima, rolling up her eyes.

"Parson Grinders got a call to West Brerly."

"All the better for us," said Miss Jemima, maliciously.

"And Mrs. Ronald Egerton has left that poor old husband of hers all alone,

devotion of their manner what was going on?"

"Of course," added Mrs. Doxy, "there will be a divorce suit, and then, Jemima, my chance or yours will be as good as any one's for the affection of the dear, misguided old gent!"

Miss Jemima Judkins hesitated and doubted, but was talked over at last, and, accompanied by Mrs. Doxy, started for the manor house.

Mr. Egerton, who sat reading in his library, looked up in some surprise at this incursion. Mrs. Doxy introduced Miss Jemima Judkins; Miss Jemima then performed her part of the ceremony by introducing "Mrs. Daniel Doxy."

Mr. Egerton bowed low.

"Ladies," said he, in all courtesy, "to what do I owe the pleasure of this call?"

"It's your wife, sir," burst out Miss Judkins.

"My wife?" repeated the old gentleman.

"Yes, your wife! At Long Branch! Flirting and carrying on with a young man within an inch of her life! While you—ah, my heart bleeds to think you should be the victim of such wifely treachery!"

Mr. Egerton looked bewildered, then amused. He pulled a little red velvet case containing a photograph from his vest pocket.

"Is this the gentleman?" asked he, opening the case with a spring.

"The very one!" cried Miss Jemima, tragically clasping her hands. "Oh! I hope—I do hope he is not one whom you have unwittingly fostered in your bosom, reverend sir!"

"Well, I believe I have done something of the kind," said Mr. Egerton, rubbing his chin. "The gentleman is my son, Roland Egerton, Jr. The lady whom you are pleased to call my wife is his! I am a widower of 25 years' standing!"

"They—they're not married!" croaked Miss Jemima.

"Certainly they are," said Mr. Egerton. "Ladies, I wish you a very good morning. And after this you will, perhaps, learn to mind your own business!"

And so the two gossips retreated in great discomfiture. But as to taking Mr. Egerton's advice—it isn't likely that they did.—Buffalo News.

Cause of Hay Fever.

"The season is approaching," said a prominent physician to a Star writer, "when a great many people who suffer from what is known as hay fever, and as but few who are susceptible to the complaint know how to avoid, much less cure it, a few remarks about the nature and treatment of the ailment may not be uninteresting. Hay fever is a nervous affection usually, most prevalent during the spring and early summer, from which the poorer classes and more especially those living in populous towns rarely if ever suffer. It is known only to the educated, whose nervous systems are highly developed, and though not in any sense dangerous, it is at all times very irritating and troublesome. The smell of hay, grass, the pollen of flowers, the odor of fruit, dust or draught will generate the complaint or excite an attack in persons subject to it; but rain or damp weather invariably brings relief. At one time it was generally supposed that the odor of hay when being mown or carted could alone induce the affection, which is closely analogous to asthma, but recent observation shows that its prevalence is entirely independent of the existence of hay fields, and is really a nervous derangement. A visit to the seaside, a trip to sea, or residence in a populous town, will, however, remove the asthmatic tendency, but one of the best remedies is tobacco smoke, retained in the mouth as long as possible. The inhalation of the steam of ten drops of creosote in a pint of hot water is also good, or 20 drops of spirit of camphor to the same quantity of water makes a very effective inhalation. But the affection being a nervous one, tonics and nourishing diets are more essential than any of these palliatives, which merely afford temporary relief."—Washington Star.

Beauty is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic cleans your blood and keeps it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin today to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets—beauty for ten cents. All druggists—satisfaction guaranteed. 10c, 2c, 50c.

Where duty is plain 'e'ay is both foolish and hazardous; when it is not delay may be both wisdom and safety.

Wind—Something that makes a bicycle pneumatically tired.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. All druggists.

Why does the college year have its commencement at the end?

If wishes were horses beggars would ride to ride bicycles.

For a perfect complexion and a clear, healthy skin, use COSMO BUTTERMILK SOAP. Sold every where.

Why isn't a girl's figure, instead of her face, her fortune?

Dr. Carter's K. & B. Tea does what other medicines do not do. It regulates the four important organs of the body—the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels. See package.

Why isn't the false bang on a lady's head a dead-lock?

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Why shouldn't a rope learn something when it is taut?

My doctor said I would die, but Piso's Cure for Consumption cured me.—Amos Keiser, Cherry Valley, Ills., Nov. 23, 1885.

If blood will tell, perhaps that is why murder will out.

The baby's "second summer" and its teething troubles made plain by B. W. Winslow's Teething Cordial.

If the youth is too fresh it is apt to spoil the man.

EDUCATIONAL.

St. Mary's Academy,

One Mile West of the University of Notre Dame.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY for young ladies, now entering upon its forty-fourth year of active educational work, has earned the reputation of being one of the most thoroughly equipped and successful institutions in the United States. The Academy buildings are beautifully situated on an eminence overlooking the picturesque banks of the St. Joseph River. All the branches of

A Thorough English and Classical Education,

Including Greek, Latin, French and German are taught by a Faculty of competent teachers. On completing the full course of studies students receive the

Regular Collegiate Degree of Litt. B., A. B. or A. M.

The Conservatory of Music is conducted on the plan of the best Classical Conservatories of Europe. Three instrumental lessons, and one in every week, are included in the regular tuition; extra practice pro rata.

The Art Department is modeled after the best Art Schools in Europe.

Preparatory and Minim Departments.—Pupils who need primary training, and those of tender age, are here carefully prepared for the Academic Course and Advanced Course.

Book-keeping, Phonography and Typewriting extra. Every variety of Fancy Needlework taught. For catalogue containing full information, address

DIRECTRESS OF THE ACADEMY,
St. Mary's Academy,
NOTRE DAME P. O., INDIANA.

YOUNG MEN and Ladies wanted to LEARN TELEGRAPHY, and Railroad Book-keeping. This is one of the best institutions of its kind. We place all graduates. Catalogue free. ADDRESS: SCHOOL OF TELEGRAPHY, Oakton, Wis.

Winslow's Parrot in Battle.

"He was in his iron cage hanging right over the front of the tower there," the tar went on, in answer to several questions. "He didn't seem to mind things much, either. He just kept cussing to himself quietly. But a shell went through the starboard boiler, and then I saw the lieutenant come down from forward with a bloody 'owel twisted round his leg. Still we and the bird stood those Dagoes' peppering well enough, popping back at 'em and working along with one propeller, till all of a sudden a shell burst aft and knocked the steering gear sky-high. 'Shut up!' yelled the bird; 'shut up! shut your mouth!' and he went on, swearing away like a good one."

MIND YOUR OWN BUSINESS!

while she's gone off to Long Branch, gallivanting like any young girl. D didn't happen to see her, did you?"

Miss Jemima drew a significant sigh.

"Eh!" echoed Mrs. Doxy, setting down her teacup.

"Yes, I did see her," said Miss Jemima. "And I wish—I do sincerely wish, for the honor of humanity and the peace of yonder poor, old, deluded gentleman up there at the manor house—that I hadn't."

"Now, you don't tell us!" says Mrs. Peppercourt.

"I did see her," solemnly went on Miss Judkins, driving out with a young gentleman—bathing in the surf with the same young gentleman—waltzing at night with the same young gentleman—whispering love to the same young gentleman in a summer house on the beach."

"How do you know?" cried Mrs. Doxy.

"Were you near enough to hear?"

"No," said Miss Jemima. "I didn't hear! But I could easily tell from the

Columbus discovered America—but I have discovered BATTLE AX!

There is a satisfied—glad I've got it—expression on the faces of all who discover the rich quality of

Battle-Ax PLUG

It is an admirable chew fit for an Admiral.

In no other way can you get as large a piece of as good tobacco—for 10 cents.

Remember the name when you buy again.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

SAPOLIO

FROM FACTORY TO USER DIRECT.

We make the Surreys, Duggies, Phaetons and Road Wagon. Kansas City Wagon. Our goods have been favorably known to the trade for years. Rooms and Office. We now have a direct line to the West. The showings 1200 West 11th St. Buyer prefers to deal with the factory. He gets us in time. We ship any where at less price than agents ask for low grade vehicles. We ship any where subject to examination. WE DELIVER on board cars Kansas City, Mo., or Graham, Ind., may suit purchaser. Send for catalogue with prices plainly printed. IT'S WORTH WHILE TODAY. We sell Sewing Machines and the GOSWELL MACHINES too far away to do business with us a have money. Address: EDWARD W. WALKER CARRIAGE CO., GOSHEN, INDIANA.

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." MRS. SARAH A. BALLANTINE, Latheville, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

TRADE MARK REGISTERED

REGULATE THE BOWEL

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Grip. No. 10c. No. 25c. CURE CONSTIPATION.

Making Sundry Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York, 225

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unsanitary discharges, inflammations, irritations, or obstructions of the urinary system. Prevents catarrhs, Pains, and not excluding THE URINARY ORGANS, gout or poisonings.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer, Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists, Grocers, and all who sell medicines. Circulars sent on request.

PISO'S CURE FOR BURS WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Taste Good, Do Good. In time. Sold by druggists.

AMBIGUOUS.

"Do you remember," said Miss Ancient to Colonel Crabtree, "how when you were a young man you proposed to me and I rejected you?" "It is one of the happiest recollections of my life," said the colonel, with an air of gallantry. And Miss Ancient is still wondering.—Punch.

Remember the name when you buy again.

"IF AT FIRST YOU DON'T SUCCEED," TRY

SAPOLIO

FROM FACTORY TO USER DIRECT.

We make the Surreys, Duggies, Phaetons and Road Wagon. Kansas City Wagon. Our goods have been favorably known to the trade for years. Rooms and Office. We now have a direct line to the West. The showings 1200 West 11th St. Buyer prefers to deal with the factory. He gets us in time. We ship any where at less price than agents ask for low grade vehicles. We ship any where subject to examination. WE DELIVER on board cars Kansas City, Mo., or Graham, Ind., may suit purchaser. Send for catalogue with prices plainly printed. IT'S WORTH WHILE TODAY. We sell Sewing Machines and the GOSWELL MACHINES too far away to do business with us a have money. Address: EDWARD W. WALKER CARRIAGE CO., GOSHEN, INDIANA.



PETTEYSVILLE

School commenced here today; Tressa Melvin teacher.

Ed. Mercer and wife of Toledo visited his parents last Sunday.

Joe Coloton and sister of Howell visited at the home of Martin Melvin the first of the week.

Quite a number from here attended the Farmers' Picnic at Whitmore Lake last Saturday.

May Hastings of White Oak and Josie Abel of Chicago visited at J. W. Placeway's the first of the week.

PARSHALLVILLE.

Judd Cox, of Ovid, was in town last Sunday.

Old Mrs. Hetchler is verh low at this writing.

A fine rain Saturday and Sunday nights in this vicinity.

Miss Topping, of Howell, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Fanny Chamberlain, for a few days.

Last Wednesday evening about 60 friends gave Miss Goldie Hooker a surprise, it being her 15 birthday. All enjoyed a pleasant evening.

Mrs. Rowley and family returned to their home in Detroit last Saturday, Miss Zella Hetchler accompanied them for a few days visit.

EAST PUTNAM.

Fred Fish of Gregory is spending this week at home.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Brown returned from Pickford Saturday.

Mrs. E. D. Brown attended the wedding of her son, Will E., to Miss Marietta Thorpe at Bennington Sept. 1st.

Miss Myrta Hall returned to Williamston Saturday and Miss Kate Brown to Chicago Monday each to resume their school duties.

The C. E. society at this place celebrated its fourth anniversary on Wednesday evening of last week; three of the county officers were present and with several papers and other enjoyable features, a very pleasant meeting was held.

Mr. Earnest Fish expects to start for Sacramento, Cal., Sept. 12. The young people gave him a farewell party at his home on Tuesday evening. The evening passed all too quickly to those present. They left at an early hour in the morning wishing Mr. Fish a very pleasant journey.

UNADILLA.

Ed. Joslin of Howell spent Sunday at D. M. Joslin's.

Miss Gertrude Mills is visiting friends and relatives at Munith.

School commenced Monday with Miss Hunt of Iosco as teacher.

Miss Inez Marshall leaves for Jackson this week to attend school.

Dennie Bird of Stockbridge visited at Ryal Barnum's one day last week.

Miss Gratia Dunning returned last week to her duties at Alma as teacher.

Miss Kate Barnum went to Stockbridge last week where she is employed as teacher.

Louis Roepeke has the contract for remodeling the store, owned by Mr. Bond, into a hotel.

Wm. Pyper and wife attended the family reunion of Mrs. Pyper's people at Tecumseh last week.

Miss Josie May and Rev. Thistle of this place took in the C. E. excursion to Detroit Thursday.

Rev. W. J. Thistle preached his farewell sermon Sunday evening. Mr. Thistle and wife will move to Berea, O., where he will attend the Baldwin University. Although sorry to lose Mr. Thistle, his many friends feel that there is a wider field for his usefulness and wish him success therein.

LOCAL NEWS.

Don't forget the races on Saturday. Carl Sykes was in Howell Saturday. Murray Walker is visiting relatives in Wayne.

J. W. Placeway was in Jackson Monday.

Mrs. Adam Francis is under the Dr.'s care.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Wood, a son, last week.

Blanche Moran returned to her work in Jackson Monday.

Amos Blunt, of N. Y., is visiting his brother Perry this week.

M. Dunlavey will move his family to Hamburg village this week.

Thos. Turner was called to N. Y. state by the death of his father.

Thos. Read and family visited relatives at Rushton last Thursday.

Dr. H. F. Sigler is beautifying his home with a coat of white paint.

Hot! Hotter!! Hottest!!! So the thermometer registered last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Durfee have been on the sick list the past week.

Mrs. Samuel Walker and son, Murray were in Howell last Saturday.

James Carroll will teach the fall term of school in the Hause district.

A number from here attended the Farmers' Picnic at Whitmore Lake last Saturday.

Miss Cora Shehan left yesterday for St. Joseph's Academy, which opens this week.

Miss Florence Kice entertained a few little friends last Saturday at her home in Hamburg.

151 tickets were sold at this station last Thursday for the 2nd annual C. E. excursion to Detroit.

Miss Belle Kennedy returned to Ypsilanti last week to begin school duties for another year.

Brighton is troubled with robberies to such an extent that the citizens are compelled to sleep with one eye open.

Edward Acker, wife and daughter, Amanda of Iosco were guests of M. C. Wilson and family the last of last week.

Miss Lillie McIntyre, who has been spending several months in Jackson, returned to her home at this place last Saturday.

Miss Cora Wilson begins teaching in the Livermore district next Monday.

The C. E. society of this place cleared \$66 on their excursion last Thursday.

Miss Alma Shehan began teaching in the Winans district in Hamburg last Monday.

Mrs. Chris Brown is visiting relatives in Elva, Tascola county, and also at Carson City.

Miss Goldie Turner returned last Monday from Detroit, where she has been spending the past month.

Miss Kate Geraghty went to Stockbridge Monday night as trimmer again in Mrs. McCullum's millinery store.

C. J. Gardner, of Pettysville, became insane the latter part of last week and was in such a condition as to have to be taken care of by the authorities.

Mrs. J. D. Swan and Edward E. Swan with Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Ayers and children, are occupants of Windermere Cottage, Portage Lake this week and next.

Several in this vicinity invested in \$65 ranges.—Moral.—Buy of your home merchants who can sell you as good, if not better, range for \$35, and will deal honestly with you.

Died at his home in West Putnam, Saturday noon, Sept. 3, 1898, Samuel Wilson, aged 84 years. Mr. Wilson came to Michigan 40 years ago from Ohio and has lived on the farm where he died, 29 years. For the past few months he has been in a helpless condition and death came as a relief. A large circle of friends mourn their loss. Funeral was held from the home Monday morning, Rev. K. H. Crane officiating.

A Grand Cheap Trip to Boston.

The Grand Trunk Railway System will issue tickets to Boston and return on account of the Sovereign Grand Lodge I.O.O.F. at one fare for the round trip. These tickets will be sold from all points on the system west of Detroit and St. Clair Rivers including Detroit and Port Huron. Passengers have choice of routes to Boston either via Niagara Falls, West Shore and Fitchburg Rys., or Toronto and Montreal via the Green mountains of Vermont, New Hampshire and New England. Tickets via Montreal will be honored via Niagara Falls and Toronto. Tickets on sale Sept. 15th to 18th and good for return up to and including Sept. 30, 1898. This is a rare opportunity to visit Boston and the New England states, another of which may not occur for some time. Everybody should take advantage of the cheap rate and long limit.—For particular inquire of any agent of Grand Trunk Ry. or connecting lines or to Ben. Fletcher, Trav. Pass. Agent, Detroit, Mich.

PICKING POCKETS WITH TOES.

Wonderful Dexterity Displayed by the Gauchos of the Argentine. From the Boston Transcript: The Gauchos, or dwellers in the extensive plains of Buenos Ayres, are marvellously dexterous with both hands and feet. Many of them have acquired through long practice such skill in using their toes as if they were fingers that they can fling the lasso and even pick pockets with them. Some time ago a Frenchman who was fishing in one of the rivers of Buenos Ayres was warned against the light-fingered natives. He forthwith kept a vigilant watch on his companions, but nevertheless one day when his attention was closely riveted on his float a wily Gaucho drew near and, delicately inserting his foot, extracted the Frenchman's hooks and other valuables from his pocket.

Danger from Foreign Insects. We should learn a lesson from the experiences of the past in regard to foreign insects. Had we taken even ordinary precautions before the San Jose scale came into the country from Australia we would now be saved the necessity of making large appropriations and of entering on a fight that must last many years. The same might be said of the gipsy moth that has cost

Massachusetts a half million of dollars and will cost much more before finally exterminated. Had there been proper laws, with appropriation for enforcement, the gipsy moth could never have been introduced by a careless professor, at least not in a living state. The Mexican cotton-boll weevil is another pest carelessly introduced, though one that has attracted less attention than either of the others.

But we have not exhausted the possibilities of our foreign invaders. There are yet in their native lands many species of insects that will make us no end of trouble if they ever get here. A recent government report shows that there are at least 602 prominent injurious insects in this country, and that of that number 111 have been imported. The imported insects seem to be by far the most destructive. Among them are some that we have to fight every year, and were it not for these insects many of our problems would be largely solved, or, rather, would not need solving. There is the Hessian fly that is a constant source of loss in our wheat fields. Another is the common cabbage worm. There is probably no worm that has to be fought more persistently than this, and the efforts of the grower of cabbages are largely devoted to destroying these worms before they have time to destroy his crop. Such growers would secure an immense relief could they know that their crops were to be henceforth free from this one pest.

Strict guard must be maintained against all of the insect tribes of the Old World. With the ever-increasing commerce in plants there are ever increasing dangers of pest introduction. Insects are also introduced in other ways than on plants. Thus it is supposed that the Hessian fly was introduced on the straw used for bedding

when the Hessian troops came to this country in Revolutionary times. Bedding of this kind is very likely to contain insects. The way to dispose of such possibilities is to have regulations compelling the burning of such straw on vessels coming into port. In fact, the Cape of Good Hope, New Zealand and Australia already have such a law. Laws should also be passed inspecting merchandise of kinds that would likely be packed in material that brings in insects. It is evident that it is far easier to stop the insects before they reach our fields than it is after they have become widely disseminated among our crops.

Not the Same George Washington.

A North Georgia weekly recently received the following letter: "Mule Skin, go—Mr. Editor: You so in yore popir thet george Washington never told a lie. Now, he hez told a whole lot, ann so hev you. I rented land from him two year over on Ground Hog Kreek ann he lied me plum auterr my fodder ann yam potatoes. He hain't got no cherry trees on his place nuther, so you see both of you's hez lued putty konsidurbl. After thet rent biznes I kain't sa thet I wood believe george Washington on oath. Yours, etc., Sid Cook."

Locomotive Search-Lights.

The arc light is being tried in locomotive headlights. This constitutes a true search-light. On one road in the west the current is derived from a dynamo which is actuated by a steam turbine. It is thought that the powerful light may be utilized as a means of signaling from the engine to stations far in advance.

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