

Pinckney Dispatch.



VOL XVII. PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, FEB. 9, 1899. No. 6.

FOUND FROZEN.

The Body of George Milligan Found Frozen Last Wednesday Evening.

For several months past, George Milligan has been working in this vicinity and was quite well known, especially south of the village. For the past few weeks he had been making it his home at the home of Mrs. Hugh Clark Sr. and doing chores for his board.

On Sunday, Jan. 29, he left the house and went to call on a friend where he staid until about 8 o'clock when he started for home. This was the last seen of him until Wednesday night just before dark, when his body was found on an unfrequented road frozen stiff.

A jury was immediately impaneled and went out after the body which was laid in the undertaking establishment of C. N. Plimpton in this village. It appears that the deceased had been troubled with a fever sore and had several times come near bleeding to death. After leaving his friend's house the sore began to bleed and he became so weakened from loss of blood that he became unconscious and froze as that was one of the coldest nights of the year.

Mr. Milligan was about 28 years old, sober and industrious, although not of very bright mind. He had several brothers and sisters in Detroit who came after the remains Friday morning and took them home for interment. It was a sad case and one of uncommon occurrence for these parts.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mrs. C. Henry is quite sick.

F. A. Sigler has an interesting 'adv' on Valentines this week.

Every farmer should read this and next weeks DISPATCH, as they will be interesting to them along their line of work.

The next lecture occurs Saturday, Feb. 18.

H. G. Briggs and wife are spending a few days with relatives in Howell and Oscoda.

The society of church workers will meet at the home of Mrs. J. A. Cadwell next Wednesday evening, Feb. 15th, for their monthly tea. All are cordially invited to attend.

Everyone should attend the drama "Ticket of Leave Man" at the opera house next Tuesday evening. General admission 15c; reserved seats 20c. The band will give an open air concert in front of the opera house at 7 o'clock.

Changed Places.

W. W. Barnard and F. G. Jackson, our Dry Goods merchants, were very busy a couple of nights the first of the week, moving their goods, and now F. G. Jackson is located in the store formerly occupied by Barnard & Campbell; and W. W. Barnard is in the Barton block where Mr. Jackson was located. They have not changed the position of their advertisements however, and still continue to offer bargains. Watch their space.

OBITUARY.

Uncle Silas Barton passed away at the home of his son, Silas Jr., on Saturday night last after a long and painful illness.

Silas Barton was born in Lyra, Seneca county, N. Y., May 25, 1823. He came to Michigan in 1836 when but 13 years old, he came across Lake Erie and landed at Detroit. At his first arrival in Michigan he settled in Pinckney and has lived here ever since. He was married to Miss Harriet Lee Oct. 8, 1847. The deceased was the father of five children, three of whom are living, to mourn their loss; also the aged companion is left.

The funeral services were held at the home of his son, Silas, Tuesday at 11 a. m., Rev. Stowe of Unadilla, officiating.

STATE FARMER'S INSTITUTE

AN ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING HELD AT HOWELL, FEB. 3-4.

Hundreds in Attendance at Every Session and All Interested.

The state farmers' institute that has been so well advertised took place at Howell on Friday and Saturday last week, Feb 3 and 4. Although it was thought that there would be a small attendance at the Friday morning session, the court room was well filled and some very interesting talks and discussions were listened to.

Every session seemed better than the preceding one and the crowd bigger. There was not standing room at the afternoon and evening sessions. It was the best one ever held and the best managed.

Promptly at the appointed hour, Pres Frank Crandall called the institute to order and Rev. E. E. Caster offered prayer, after which the president opened the session with a few appropriate remarks and the announcement that owing to the illness of conductor, A. E. Palmer, he could not be present, but E. E. Crowman of Grass Lake had been sent to take his place. In his opening remarks, Mr. Crowman said he would not take up the time for any talk. He was born on a farm, had always lived on a farm and expected to always live on one. He thought the calling one of the most noble and independent.

Mr. J. S. Woodward of Lockport, N. Y., upon the subject, "Money in Pigs," brought out many good things and stirred up a lively discussion. He lamented the fact that there was always a lack of young people at the institutes and it is that class that we desire to reach.

Years ago I saw some pigs which sold for \$1000 and \$2000 and one that brought \$5000 each, so I made up my mind that there was money in pigs, but I do not believe that everyone can get those fabulous prices but money can be made with most any pig well cared for. The pig is an animal and all animals live on plants and what is wanted is the best grade that will make the most pork, lard, etc., out of the plant food.

It requires 1 1/2 pounds of food to keep vitality, heat, etc., in a pig that weighs 100 pounds and 5 pounds for one that weighs 500 pounds. Pigs must be kept warm, as it requires more feed to keep up the heat in a cold pen. If it requires 1 1/2 pounds to keep a pig, it will require more feed to fatten him, and he should have just as much as he will consume, and to make money out of him the farmer must raise the best fattening food at the least expense possible.

I fed one winter, 12 brood sows on 9 bushels of small apples, 20 pounds of middlings (made in a thick mush) and all the clover hay they wanted per day. Am feeding the same number this winter on 3 bushels of mangles (feed whole) and the same amount of middlings and hay as before. In the spring will have a large number of pigs and must raise cheap food for them. I shall sow as soon as the frost is out of the ground, 2 lbs. Dwarf Essex Rape per acre, in drifts, and one acre will pasture 25 or 30 pigs all summer. If sows broadcast 4 lbs. per acre should be sowed; but prefer it in drills. As soon as the rape is 6 in. high turn in the pigs, give a little clover meal and they will pack right up to 100 or 120 pounds, in good order and ready for market. Cannot afford to make a pig weigh 200 pounds or over as they do not pay. They should reach 100 or 120 lbs. in 4 to 6 months. I think it is a chance to get the best of the market. I thought he could make pork 10 cents per lb. ground, but the market is better than that.

ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.

St. Valentine's Day, February 14, is so called from a saint whose birthday came on that date and who was a priest at Rome, martyred in the third century, but the saint had nothing to do with the observance of the day.

It used to be the practice for every gentleman to consider the first lady he met on that day as his sweetheart, or valentine, to whom he was expected to send a present. The custom is now pretty much confined, in this country, to young people from 10 to 25 years old, to exchange fancy cards, souvenirs etc., either of a comic or more serious nature, but generally pertaining to love.

In the line of valentines this year we have some of the finest ever brought to Pinckney and at the most reasonable prices as we are bound not to have any left over. We have them of every style and price to suit everyone. Call and get first choice.

F. A. SIGLER,

WE CONTRACT

DEERING BINDER TWINE.
New Twine from New Mills

At 9 Cents.

TEEPLE & CAWELL.

Here We Are,

Ready For Business.

We have been too busy the past week to write up a special adv. but we are ready to wait upon, and to sell you anything and everything in our line at prices that are right.

We thank all for their liberal patronage while in our former place of business and now that we have more room to display our stock we shall appreciate a continuance of the same.

Do not forget that we have moved into the Mann block formerly occupied by Barnard & Campbell.

F. G. JACKSON

Having purchased Mr. Campbell's interest in the firm of Barnard & Campbell, I will continue the business in the Barton building, formerly occupied by F. G. Jackson and will gladly welcome all who may call on me.

I am still talking about shoes. I have 200 pr. of Ladies' Kid Shoes of the Pingree & Smith make in sizes from 2 1/2 to 4 1/2 that I am bound to sell. They are a little out of style and this will explain why I am making the lowest price ever offered on such goods. They will make an excellent school shoe as they are good weight kid. The regular retail price has been from \$2.75 to \$3.50 and we will sell them for 99c per pair. No where in all this state have such prices been made on shoes.

I presume you are all aware of the strong advance on all cotton goods. I have not changed the prices on these goods and will not until I am obliged to.

I have about 60 pr. of Ladies' Fine Kid Gloves of the dollar kind, will close them at 60c per pair.

All goods will be sold for CASH. Butter and Eggs taken.

W. W. Barnard

NEWS FOR MICHIGANDERS.

A Whole Regiment of News Items From Michigan Towns

CAPTURED FOR BRIEF READING.

The C. & G. T. Ry. Doing a Big Business—Christian Science Works Another Miracle—Sick of Her Bargain After Two Weeks of Wedded Life.

25,689 Deaths in Michigan in '98.
The number of deaths in Michigan during the calendar year 1898, according to the reports of township and city clerks received by the secretary of state, was 25,689, the average death rate being 12.5 to each 1,000 population. The number of deaths from consumption was 2,456; typhoid fever, 541; diphtheria and croup, 431; scarlet fever, 89; measles, 119; whooping cough, 273; pneumonia, 2,465; diarrhoeal diseases of children, 1,753; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 405. The number of infants under one year of age, who died in '98 was 5,199, and the number from one to five years was 2,064, making a total of 7,263, or more than 25 per cent of the total number of deaths.

Big Fire at Detroit.
The big piano and organ plant of Clough & Warren, of Detroit, was partially destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of between \$80,000 and \$100,000. While trying to escape from the burning building Robt. Ferguson, an employee, fell from the fifth floor to the stone sidewalk, sustaining injuries from which he died a few hours later upon the operating table at Harper hospital. The unfortunate was 35 years of age and leaves a wife and one little daughter 2½ years old. Ferguson had been in the employ of Clough & Warren for 12 years and was well liked.

Lost His Own Life Saving His Family.
Fire destroyed the home of Thomas Lowden, seven miles north of Sears, Osceola county. Mr. Lowden rescued his wife and four children from the burning building, and returned to rescue his 5-year-old boy, who slept upstairs. He became overcome and both perished in the flames. Mrs. Lowden left three of her children in the barn, took the baby in her arms and went to the nearest neighbor, half a mile away, barefooted and clad only in her night robes, badly freezing both feet.

Trains Came Together.
The C. & G. T. Ry. has been doing a rushing business during the past few days. Forty-six trains passed by its depot at Flint in 24 hours. In one instance one westward bound train was held at the depot while 13 trains passed eastward. The rush reached a climax when an effort was made to use the same track upon which to switch two trains at the same time. The trains came together with a terrible crash and several fine freight cars were reduced to kindling wood.

Another Boiler Explosion.
A boiler explosion occurred at the home of Charles Varney, four miles north of Manistee, which resulted in instantly killing Merle, his 5-year-old daughter, breaking his wife's arm and blowing the house to atoms. The west side of the building was blown completely out, together with the inmates, and the mother was buried under the ruins. It requires considerable time to extricate her from the debris. Loss, \$3,000.

Cured by Christian Science.
Mrs. Geo. Meacher, living near Gaylord, has been an invalid about 15 years. She has been unable to walk, use her right hand or hear distinctly, and most of her time has been spent in a wheel chair. She heard of the Christian Science cure at Detroit, and invited in two of the local ministers to pray for her. This said as a result of their prayers the woman can walk use her hand and hear distinctly.

Ate Pancakes Containing Poison.
Joseph Entrope and his daughter made a hearty meal off of pancakes and soon afterward they were taken violently ill. The father continued to grow worse and died and the daughter is seriously ill, but hope is expressed of her ultimate recovery. It is the general belief that there was poison in the buckwheat flour, but how it got there is a mystery.

A Bride of Two Weeks Wants a Divorce.
In January Miss Mollie Olks and Jacob Forthofer, both of Ypsilanti, were married at Ann Arbor. Now the bride is suing for a divorce, charging extreme cruelty and that the defendant had previous to marriage, been arrested on the charge of illicit relations with one Emma Richel, a girl under 16 years of age.

These Franchise Fees.
During January the franchise fees paid the state have aggregated \$43,333, or more than enough to pay the salaries of everybody connected with the state department for the entire year. The total fees received by Secretary Johnson and paid into the state treasury in January were \$43,365.

That Junketing Party.
The personnel of the junketing party included Lieut.-Gov. Robinson, Speaker Adams, Sergeants-at-Arms Parshebsky and Shepherd, Clerk Muller of the house, half a dozen newspaper men and the following committees:

College of Mines—Senators Latimer, Giddens, Potter, McGraw, Helme; Representatives Hofmeister, Wood, Davis, Hammond, Whitney; Representative of Senate Finance and Appropriations Committee, Senator Hinkley; House of Correction at Marquette—Senators Davis, Wagar, Heald, Brown, Flood; Representatives Randall, Alward, Bursick, Robinson, Tazman; Representative of Senate Finance and Appropriations Committee, Senator Wagner; Asylum for Insane at Newberry—Senators Atwood, Loomis, Sayre, Collingwood, Leidein, Lyon, Humphrey; Representatives Van Camp, Phillips, Doyle, Gillette, Hall; Representative of Senate Finance and Appropriations Committee, Senator Graham; Fisheries—Senator Moore; Representative of Senate Finance and Appropriations Committee, Senator Stoll; Mines and Minerals—House Committee, Kerr, Goodrich, Wood, Stumpfenhusen, Heineman.

Did not See the Train Coming.
A fatal accident occurred at the C. & G. T. crossing a Swartz Creek, eight miles west of Flint. Flora, the 14-year-old daughter of George Mundy, of Clayton township, was instantly killed, and Clara Mundy, aged 17, daughter of Thos. Mundy, and Jasper Bloss, a young man who works for Charles Mundy, received serious and perhaps fatal injuries. The horse was killed and the buggy reduced to kindling wood. Bloss was taking the girls to school, and as they approached the railroad he noticed two freight trains standing on the siding and heard a locomotive bell, which he supposed was the freight engine bell, but instead it was the bell of the fast passenger train engine.

Students as Missionaries.
Fifty-one students and graduates of the University of Michigan have gone out as missionaries. Nineteen of these were sent to China, seven to India, five to Turkey, four to Japan, five to Africa, two each to Mexico, Italy and Arabia, one to Bulgaria, one to Alaska, and one to Korea. One has gone as a missionary to the Indians, and one has not yet been assigned to any field. The number is about equally divided between men and women.

His First Hunting Experience.
The Tekonsha youth of some 18 summers purchased or borrowed a shotgun and went out for his first hunt. He soon spied a frisky red squirrel and blazed away. The squirrel only gave its tail an extra twirl and chattered away as merrily as ever, but the old family mare that was grazing in the field received the charge of shot and danced around the field in a far different mood.

Flint Sued for \$35,000.
Rebecca Wilkins, of Flint, has begun suit in the circuit court against the city of Flint, and places her damages at \$35,000. She alleges that on the night of November 9th, last, she fell upon a defective sidewalk and injured her spine. She also claims that her lower limbs are paralyzed by the injuries sustained at that time.

Wayne to Have Two Cannons.
Through the efforts of Corv Post, G. A. R., of Wayne, the U. S. war department has presented that village with two 8-inch bore cannons which had been removed to make room for those of a more modern type. They will be mounted in the village park.

STATE GOSSIP.
Omer will incorporate as a village.
Chicken thieves are still operating at Royal Oak.
St. Joseph has voted \$10,000 for a new school building.
Both the Daily Herald and Evening Leader at Menominee have suspended publication.
Montcalm was the first county to come to the auditor-general with its taxes for 1898.
The balance in the state treasury January 31 was \$1,285,666.80, or \$30,515.22 more than last year.
The Village of St. Johns will spend \$3,800 on an airlift to double the capacity of the water works.
Oceana county is great on raising potatoes. The shipments from Shelby average 30 carloads per week at present.
Wm. S. Brown, of Chicago, left \$10,000 to Albion college two years ago. His estate is now ready to pay over \$6,000.
Bellaire is to have a big new saw-mill, which will employ about 40 men. It will be completed some time in April.
About \$75,000 has been subscribed for the erection of a cement manufacturing plant at Mesherville, Hillsdale county.
Quincy is likely to get still another factory, this one for the making of building and paving brick, tile, sewer pipe, etc.
Grand Rapids business men have subscribed \$400,000 for a beet sugar plant. A dividend of 25 per cent is promised.

Samuel Blodgett, of Prescott, Ogemaw county, has fallen heir to \$300,000, left by relatives in Belfast, Ireland.

A big lynx with large tassels on his ears was killed north of Standish. This is the first specimen killed in that section for some time.

Saginaw coal miners are rejoicing over finally securing a 25 per cent reduction in rates from the railroads, though not so much as asked.

It is to be hoped that Frankfort people properly appreciate their exceeding good fortune. The grip has not struck that place this winter.

Wm. H. Bly, of Eaton Rapids, 41 years old, committed suicide at the asylum at Kalamazoo by cutting his throat with a suspender buckle.

Chelsea Methodists have decided to build a new church instead of trying to repair the one which was nearly destroyed by fire a few weeks ago.

Samuel Blitho, of Jackson, who pleaded guilty to larceny of \$42 worth of whisky, was sentenced to four years and six months in the state prison.

A great deal of the wheat in Tuscola county that was sowed on clay ground has been killed by the cold weather because of lack of snow to protect it.

The tank house of Dr. E. J. Buck, of Capac, was damaged by fire, caused by an explosion of an oil stove, used to keep the water in the tank from freezing. Loss about \$300.

Benzie should go into the health resort business, for it seems to have the proper climate. The death rate in the county during 1898 was only eight to every 1,000 inhabitants.

A Jackson youngster swallowed a brass chain six inches long, which he pulled off from the collar of an overcoat, and at last accounts the child was getting along nicely.

Several business men of Albion have combined in bringing suit against the express company to recover the amount paid by them, under protest, for revenue stamps on express packages.

The common council of Port Huron has granted a 30-year gas contract to George B. Stock and E. J. Schoolcraft. A stock company will be organized to compete with the present gas company.

Accountants who have been working on Bay county books for over a year reports the rural districts indebted to the cities over \$76,000. To offset this there is a balance of about \$38,000 in the treasury.

Manistee was visited by fire three consecutive days—the last one destroyed the Metropolitan block, which was used as an apartment house. Loss on building, \$2,000; contents, \$3,500. Fully insured.

The suit of Montmorency county against ex-County Treasurer Whittey and his bondsmen for the recovery of money alleged to have been turned over, resulted in a verdict for the county of \$3,442.55.

Wm. Corey terrorized Ypsilanti with a revolver. He had been ill and labored under the delusion that the city marshal was the cause of his troubles. He was overpowered, taken home, and a guard placed over him.

From the number of rooms already engaged at the leading hotels in Jackson for candidates, indications are that there will be a lively contest for the nomination for supreme justice by Republicans February 28th.

The one-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Louis Shepke, of Southfield, near Birmingham, was burned so badly by falling into a boiler of boiling water that the flesh peeled off the little one's body. The child may live.

The potato evaporator which recently started operations at North Branch is furnishing a good market for the potatoes which the farmers of that vicinity have left on hand. The factory uses about 300 bushels per day, and a good price is paid for them.

Grand Rapids saloonkeepers have asked the council to pass an ordinance prohibiting free lunches. The custom has grown to such an extent as to make serious inroads in the profits, seven down-town saloons expending \$14,814 in that way last year.

It now looks as though a new steam railroad would be built from Marine City to Detroit. Theo. H. Bacon, chief engineer of the Detroit & Northern Railroad company, has rented an office at Marine City to be the headquarters of a surveying party to rush the line through.

FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE

By Telegraph Giving a Brief Resume of the Week's Events.

RELIABLE AND INTERESTING.

Five Killed and Many Seriously Frozen While Crossing Valdez Glacier in Alaska—Will Bring the Dead Heroes Home at Once.

Perished While Crossing a Glacier.
The steamer Cottage City, from Alaska, brings news that a number of Copper river prospectors perished in Valdez glacier. Five are known to have been lost. There are six men at Valdez suffering from frozen feet, hands and face. A hospital has been established at Twelve Mile camp, on the other side of the glacier and 15 men are suffering there from the same cause. All were frozen trying to cross the glacier, but managed to get back to camp. The freezing of the Evjens, father and son, is particularly sad. They started for Valdez, but on getting well toward the summit of the glacier, found their feet freezing. Both started back. The son gave his father extra wrapping for his feet and as a result both of the son's legs were frozen in a few minutes and he was unable to proceed. He bade his father good-bye and compelled him to go on without him. Then the boy lay down in the snow to die. His body will probably never be recovered. The father reached camp but is not expected to live.

After the Dead Heroes of the War.
The Roumanian, which was selected by the war department to visit San Juan, Ponce, Santiago and Guantanamo and bring back the bodies of the soldiers buried there, has departed. The trip is expected to take six weeks. A majority of the 75 passengers aboard the boat were relatives, friends or representatives of the dead soldiers. The expedition was in charge of D. H. Rhodes, who was accompanied by 30 relatives of the dead. Many who went were accompanied by officers or men who are able to identify the graves. The expenses of the expedition are borne by the war department. The cost of reinterring the bodies will be met by the relatives. Some of those who went were sent by state relief societies and some were selected by the regiments.

Spanish Girls Brutally Used.
A dispatch from Manila says: The Spanish civil prisoners have not yet been released. Tales of horror, suffering and dishonor come from the provinces. Young Spanish girls are forced to live in open shame with low-born Indians, their parents being powerless. Appeals were made to Aguinaldo, and his reply was a letter from a dishonored child—exactingly after God knows what suffering—saying she is happy and contented. Ladies have suffered dishonor to save their husbands from cruel treatment. The sufferers appeal to the American nation in the name of God to stop the horrors.

\$9,500,000 Short.
The report of the government receipts and expenditures for January shows the receipts to have been about \$41,775,000 and the expenditures about \$51,275,000, leaving a deficit for the month of about \$9,500,000. The customs receipts were nearly \$18,000,000. The internal revenue receipts for the month was approximately \$21,000,000, a slight decrease from December, but an increase over January, 1898, of over \$8,500,000. The expenditures on account of the war and navy departments during the month was \$23,850,000, an increase over December of about \$1,300,000.

Strike Conditions Growing Serious.
The strike conditions at Colon, Columbia, does not improve. A special train from Panama brought reinforcements and the whole city has been under military guard for a greater portion of the time. Nevertheless an uneasy feeling prevails everywhere, for although quiet has been restored, fears are entertained on all sides that the striking dockmen and the railway employees are only awaiting an opportunity to fire the city.

Fatal Shotgun Trick.
The 12-year-old son of John Goddard, of Sacramento, Cal., was accidentally shot dead by his brother, aged 15, while they were attempting to perform a trick with a shotgun. The younger was to catch a marble fired from the gun by the explosion of the priming in an empty cartridge shell. He had done this before, but this time, by some mistake, a loaded cartridge was used and his head was nearly blown off.

Giant Whisky Trust.
The largest combination of whisky and distilling interests yet attempted has been concluded in New York under the title of the Kentucky Distillers & Warehouse Co. Fifty-seven firms making Kentucky whiskies have entered into the agreement. The new company will be capitalized for \$22,000,000. Incorporation papers will be filed in New Jersey.

THAT EMBALMED BEEF.

General Miles Repeats His Charge That Chemicals Were Used.

Gen. Nelson A. Miles gave out a statement after having denied several published interviews attributed to him. His statement is as follows: "On Sept. 20 last I issued an order to regimental commanders to report me concerning the beef which had been issued to their men. At the time that I went before the war board investigating commission I had only received reports from 14 of the commanders. Now I have 30 reports. They all tell the same story. The evidence proves the truth of the statements which I made and gives me overwhelming evidence that the embalmed beef was treated with chemicals in order to preserve it. I have affidavits from men who saw the beef undergoing the treatment or embalming process."

Gen. Gomez now Wants \$60,000,000.
According to a Washington special Gen. Maximo Gomez, the Cuban commander general, has demanded nearly \$60,000,000 from the United States and refuses to disband his "army" until the money is paid. He has repudiated the arrangement made by Calixto Garcia, who went to Washington with authority from Gomez to provide for the return of the Cubans to their peaceful pursuits, and whose work was barely accomplished before his sudden death on December 11.

Later—Gen. Gomez has agreed to accept \$3,000,000 for his troops and will co-operate in disbanding the army, thus becoming an active ally of the U. S. government. This change is the result of the conference which Robt. P. Porter, the special commissioner of President McKinley, has had with the general.

150 Cases of Smallpox at Ponce.
Smallpox is increasing at Ponce, where 150 cases are under treatment. The military governor will immediately begin compulsory vaccination. Chief Surgeon Huff says there is no occasion for special alarm, as the conditions are not unusual. Reports from other points in the island tell of only scattered cases. A number of native prisoners in the San Juan penitentiary attacked an American soldier who was doing sentry duty and the sentry was compelled to bayonet one of them.

Will Not Allow Protestant Services.
A special from Havana says: Bishop Santander has declared that the protest service cannot be held over the graves of the Maine victims in Columbus cemetery. Committees of Americans were preparing to decorate the graves on the anniversary of the explosion and desired prayers by protestant clergymen. The bishop says that the cemetery is consecrated ground and protestant services could no more be permitted there than in a Catholic church.

Preferred Jail to Freeing.
Seven convicts awaiting transfer to the penitentiary sawed their way through four steel-barred doors and gained their liberty at Wichita, Kas. Among them was Ed Stewart, sentenced to 50 years for murder. One of the seven, Chas. Howard, a grand larceny convict, returned the following day because of the cold weather. No trace of the others has been obtained.

2,000 Chinese Killed by Rebels.
The Shanghai correspondent of the London Daily Mail says: Ten thousand rebels have besieged Shu Chau, the third most important city in the province of Anhui. If Shu Chau falls all the northern and central portions of Anhui will be at the mercy of the rebels. An important general, while trying to recapture Ku Yang was defeated, losing 2,000 men.

From New York to Manila in 54 Days.
The Buffalo made a record-breaking run from New York to Manila in 54 days. She had aboard about 700 sailors to relieve men in Dewey's fleet whose time has expired. Hereafter she will be used as a regular transport for men and naval stores, making regular trips between Manila and San Francisco every three months.

Reinforcements for Manila.
Orders have been issued by the war department to expedite the movement of reinforcements for the Philippines. As a result the 3d regiment of infantry and the remaining companies of 17th infantry have been ordered to get ready for the trip. The arrival of these reinforcements will increase Gen. Otis' fighting strength by nearly 7,000 men.

A Ghastly Crime in Arizona.
The bodies of two men have been found murdered near Hackberry, a small town east of Kingman, Ariz. The bodies had been exposed for three days. The throats were cut and the heads beaten to a jelly with stones. Three Mexicans are suspected of the crime, as all had been drinking for several days.

Trouble at Colon.
A dispatch from Colon, Columbia, says: Terrified by threats of strikers to fire the town, the merchants have asked for stronger military protection. The railway officials are confident they could extinguish a fire if set, and the authorities have prepared to properly respond to an alarm.

After the Grip

Thousands of people say Hood's Sarsaparilla quickly restores the appetite, regulates the heart, vitalizes the blood, cures those sharp pains, dizziness, heavy head, that tired feeling. Hood's Sarsaparilla has marvelous power to expel all poisonous disease germs from the blood, and overcome the extreme weakness which is one of the peculiar effects of the grip. Get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine for the grip.
Hood's Pills cure all Liver Ills. 25 cents.

Don't make a chatterbox of yourself when your employer is out of hearing.

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist today and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

Don't ask for a holiday every time you feel like taking one.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one cure sure. Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

They lose the world who buy it with much care.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sore throat. Never fails.

A precious book is a foretaste of immortality.

DOWN ON THE FARM.

Tillers of the Soil Appreciate the Little Wonder-Worker.

Near the little town of Wood's Corners, about six miles from Ionia, resides R. L. Pierson. Mr. Pierson, a farmer by occupation, and like all hard-working tillers of the soil he has found the burdens the back must bear no light load to carry. Few people who never lived on a farm appreciate what it means to follow the plow from sunrise to sunset, but if the public in general don't know how hard such work is, the kidneys do. Long hours of work of any kind means long hours for the kidneys, and they can't stand it without rebelling. When the farmer comes home tired out at night, if he only realized that the tired feelings mostly always came from tired kidneys, and that the little wonder-workers, Doan's Kidney Pills, would right the wrong brought on by over-work, life would be easier for him. Read what Mr. Pierson says about his experience:

"I noticed when I stopped, lifted or changed my position suddenly, early in the fall of 1907, that I was always rewarded with sharp pains across the small of my back, and in the morning was so lame and sore that I could scarcely get out of bed. The too frequent action of the kidney secretions especially annoying at night, plainly indicated that my kidneys were the cause of the trouble. I had often heard of Doan's Kidney Pills spoken about by my neighbors, and as it was the first time I required such a preparation I procured a box. I noticed their beneficial effects in a day or two and I continued the treatment until my backache was cured and the other weakness was thoroughly relieved. I make no mistake when I say that Doan's Kidney Pills cure backache and kidney complaint.

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers. Price 50 cents per box, or six boxes for \$2.50. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name "Doan's" and take no substitute.

THE NORTHERN GROWN SEEDS

Wheat, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barley, Clover, Alfalfa, and all other farm seeds.

100 DOLLARS WORTH FOR 10c

50c per bushel, 10c per bushel, 10c per bushel.

WHEAT WHEAT WHEAT

WHEAT WHEAT WHEAT

Nothing but wheat; what you might call a sea of wheat. It was said by a lecturer speaking of Western Canada. For particulars as to routes, railway fares, etc., apply to Superintendent of Immigration, Department Interior, Ottawa, Canada, or to M. V. McInnes, No. 1 Merrill Block, Detroit, Mich.; James Gravel, Mt. Pleasant, Mich.; or D. L. Claven, Bad Axe, Mich.

WHISKERS DYED

A Natural Dye by Buckingham's Dye.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—NO. 5—1909

DICK RODNEY;

or, The Adventures of An Eton Boy...

BY JAMES GRANT.

CHAPTER VII.

A Hurricane Drives Us to the Fortunate Isles.

Some days after this we passed a carraca, as the Portuguese name those large and round built vessels which they send to Brazil and the Indies, and which are alike adapted for burden, fighting and sailing.

On exchanging the bearings—which, when vessels pass each other, are usually chalked on a blackboard hung over the quarter—Weston and Hislop found a considerable difference between the Portuguese and ours; but, never doubting that we were correct, they bore on without hailing the carraca, as we passed each other on opposite tacks under a press of sail.

The weather continued cloudy, and an increased difference was found on exchanging the latitude and longitude with another vessel next morning. Then, after an observation at noon, Weston found that for more than fifty hours the Eugenie had been going several miles to the southeast of her due course.

The compass was immediately overhauled by Hislop, who found that the standard of the needle was loose.

On that night there commenced a long course of head winds and foul weather, during which the compass never worked properly, and the captain and mate found, by the solar observation, that we had drifted so far to leeward as to be somewhere between the parallels of 23 degrees and 28 degrees 35 minutes north.

Tattooed Tom and old Roberts, the man-o'-war's-man, were superstitious enough to give me the entire blame of all this, in consequence of having fired one day at some of Mother Cary's chickens; an action, they averred, which never failed to give the craft of the perpetrator a head wind for the remainder of her voyage—if she ever finished it at all.

"If this foul weather holds for another day," said Weston, as he trod the deck with a sulkiness quite professional under the circumstances, "we shall see land sooner than I wished."

"Land!" I reiterated, brightening at the idea more than he relished.

"Yes, some part of the Canaries—Santa Cruz de la Palma, most likely; but we shall have very rough weather before another sun rises. I know well the signs, Mr. Rodney. Don't you see what is brewing yonder, Hislop?" he said in a low voice to his mate.

"You say just what old Roberts, Tattooed Tom, and I were observing forward," replied Hislop. "We have not all of us seen a hurricane off the west coast of Africa, a tornado in the Windward Isles, and a regular roaring pampero on the Rio de la Plata, without learning something—eh, captain?"

"I hope not! so remember that this gloomy weather, with the wind lulling away and then coming again in hot gusts with a moaning sound—in my part of England we name it 'the calling of the sea'—are always signs of a coming squall."

As the night closed in, the canvas on the brig was reduced, the royals were struck and the yards sent on deck; the dead lights were shipped on the stern windows; the quarter boat was hoisted within the taffrail, and there lashed hard and fast, for there were increasing tokens of a coming tempest, and ere midnight it came with a vengeance.

The sky at first was all a deep, dark blue, wonderfully dark for that region, and the stars, especially the planets, shone with singular clearness and beauty; but in the northwest quarter of the heavens we could see the coming blast.

From the horizon to the zenith, there arose with terrible rapidity a mighty bank of sable cloud, forming a vast and gloomy arch, at the base of which a pale and phosphorescent light seemed to play upon the heaving sea.

This light brightened and sunk alternately. Now it would shoot downward with a lurid glare, steadily and brilliantly, under the flying vapor, and then it died away with an opal tint.

Sheet lightning of a pale and ghastly green, extending over ten or twelve points of the horizon, flashed and played upon it. Then we heard the rush of rain, as if a great lake had been falling from a vast height into the sea, and the next the roar of the mighty blast; while furrowing up the ocean in its passage, the tempest came swooping down upon us and around us in a species of whirlwind.

Bravely the Eugenie met it, for her captain and men handled her nobly.

She had her topgallant sails furled upon the cap, and the reef tackles close set; but she swayed fearfully when careening beneath the hot breath of the mighty blast and riding over those

black mountains of water, which in fierce succession it impelled toward her. High she went over a sloping sheet of foam one moment, and the next saw her plunging into a deep, black valley of that midnight sea; so deep that the wind seemed to pass over us, the canvas flapped to the mast, and we only caught its weight and power when riding quickly on the crest of the next mighty roller.

Meanwhile the green-forked lightning flashed so brightly that at times we could see every rope in the vessel, our own blanched and pale faces, as we held on by ring bolts and belaying pins to save ourselves from being washed overboard by the blinding sheets of mingled foam and rain that deluged the deck, over which the sea was also breaking heavily every instant.

Each time the Eugenie rose in her buoyancy, her decks wert half full of water and the long boat amidships filled so fast that a man with a bucket could scarce keep it baled.

Following the whirlwind, we went round five times in thirty-five minutes, with the afteryards squared and the headyards braced sharp up.

Then the black mass of sulphurous cloud in which we were enveloped seemed to ascend, and with the same rapidity with which it approached, passed away into the sky; "the chamber of the thunder," as the bard of Cona names it, became again clear, blue and starry, though marked by occasional masses of flying vapor. The rain ceased, and the Eugenie heaved upon a foam covered sea, over which there passed, from time to time, short squalls, compelling us to lower the double reefed topsails and run before the wind.

Now a stiff glass of grog was served round to all, and by turns we contrived to get some dry clothing.

In the end of the middle watch—about four o'clock a. m.—there was suddenly visible upon our larboard bow a faint and vapory light that shot upward in the sky from time to time, like jets of steam.

This singular appearance was high above the horizon, and first caught the anxious eye of Capt. Weston.

"Hah! do you see that?" said he to me.

"What is it?"

"The Peak of Adam—Teneriffe."

"The great volcanic peak in the Fortunate Isles?"

"Oh, Tenny Reef in the Canaries, we call it, sir," said Tattooed Tom, who was at the wheel. "It ain't a volcano now; but it can't give over its old trade of smoking altogether, and blows up steam like a screw propeller or just as a whale does water through his spiracles."

"Tom means what the Spaniards term the ventas, or nostrils, of the peak, through which the aqueous vapors come with a buzzing sound, and these cause a species of light," said Hislop.

"Well thank heaven, though we are far out of our course, that blast has done no more than wet our storm jackets and scrape some of our paint off."

"We have come out of it uncommon well, sir," said Tom, as he stood with his feet planted firmly apart on the deck, his hard brown hands grasping the wheel, with the helm amidships, as we were still before the wind, and the light of the binacle flaring upward on his weather-beaten face, with its strange zebra-like stripes—at least, on so much of his grim visage as the peak of his sou'-wester and a scarlet cravat that was round his throat and jaws permitted us to see. "The last time I was in such a breeze was a pampero off the mouth of the Rio de la Plata, 'but then we had our foresail split to ribbons, and the ship was canted over on her beam ends, almost. The mainsail was blown right out of the men's hands, and flapped in the sky like thunder, while the craft—a five hundred ton ship she was and all copper-fastened—was just on the point of capsizing, when with a crash that made our hearts ache, snap went the jibboom and topmasts off at the caps, just as you'd break a 'bacca-pipe at the bowl. She righted after that; but four of our best men were swept away to leeward, and never seen again. And now, Master Rodney, with all your book learning, or you, Master Hislop, with all yours, can you tell the why such things as tornadoes, hurricanes, pamperos, and the like, are sent to torment the poor hard-working fellows such as me?"

"I can," said Hislop, turning his handsome, but wet and weather-beaten face to the steersman.

"You can, sir," reiterated Tom loudly and incredulously.

"Yes, in four lines. Listen:

"Perhaps this storm was sent with healing breath, From distant climes to scourge disease and death; 'Tis ours on Thine unerring laws to trust; With thee, great Lord—whatever is, is just."

"Faith, you are right, air," said honest Tom Lambourne, touching his tarry hat in respect to the mate, muddled with that piety which, in his own rugged way, a seaman is never without.

CHAPTER VII.

I Go Ashore.

The wind lulled away into a gentle breeze, and after reef was shaken out until a full spread of canvas once more covered the spars of the Eugenie; and to repair some trifling damages of the night we crept in shore.

As day brightened through clouds half rain, half mist, and wholly gray, or obscure, we saw the land looming high and dark. Beyond it in the distance there was a space of vivid light; in the foreground, surf white as snow was breaking on the beach, and high over all, in mid-air towered the wondrous Peak of Adam, on the eastern side of which the sun (as yet unrisen to us) was shining brightly when we came to anchor in the harbor of Santa Cruz.

We moored in thirty-three fathoms water, about half a mile from the shore, which in most places is steep, with green and lovely slopes rising high above it. As Capt. Weston proposed to weigh next morning, he allowed me to go ashore, but sent with me, to be a guide and companion, Tom Lambourne, the tattooed sailor, who had been frequently before at the Grand Canary, and in whom he reposed great trust.

He gave me a courier bag containing some provisions, a flask of spirits, and a telescope; and thus provided, old Tom and I, with such emotions of pleasure as two newly escaped school-boys might feel, landed on the shore, which seemed to heave, sink, and rise under my feet—for after the late storm I still felt that which is termed "the roll of the ship."

It was in this harbor of Santa Cruz that the famous old English Admiral Blake encountered, and within six hours burned and sunk seven great Spanish galleons, though they were anchored under the protecting cannon of seven forts and a strong castle, in the walls of which some of his shot were shown imbedded for many years after.

I cast longing eyes to the summit of the mighty Peak of Adam. It seemed to rise sheer from the sea, over which, literally piercing the clouds, it towers to the height of more than twelve thousand feet; but the idea of attempting to climb it within so short a space of time as we had to spend on shore never occurred to me, but what a feat it would have been to relate when I returned to Eriemere!

The morning was early yet; the sun was barely above the now cloudless horizon; so the shadow of this stupendous cone was cast not only over the whole island, which seems to form merely its base, but to the far horizon, perhaps beyond it; for there are writers who assert that in clear weather Cape Bojadore, that dreary and barren promontory of Africa, ninety miles distant, is visible from its summit.

Did the waves of the sea ever overflow that mighty peak? At such a question the mind becomes lost in conjecture.

As I am not writing a descriptive book of travels, but merely a plain narrative of my own very recent adventures, I need not detail at great length, either the magnitude or the aspect of this great island-mountain of the Atlantic.

From cliffs of dark-brown basalt, against which the ocean pours in vain its foam and fury, we ascended the steep slope of the volcano for a few miles. Then at our feet, as it were, we could see that fertile island, where a perpetual spring seems to smile, and where the fragrant myrtle, the golden orange trees, and the dark funeral cypresses form the mere hedgerows of those plantations where the sugarcane, the broad leaved plantain, the luscious Indian fig, the trailing vine, the fragrant cinnamon, and the pretty coffee bush, were all flourishing in a luxuriance that filled us with wonder and pleasure.

Further off was the boundless sea, of that deep blue which it borrowed from the sky above, and mirrored in its depth were the shipping in the roadstead, with their white canvas hanging loose to dry in the sun; the green woods and dark rocks reflected downward, and the old turreted castle of Santa Cruz, with the scarlet and yellow banner of Castile and Leon on its ume-worn ramparts.

The summit of the great cone, on the clothed sides of which we never tired of gazing, soon became lost in vapor; far above the dark green belt of many miles, named the Region of Laurels, and that other belt or forest of timber, where pines, chestnuts, and oaks of vast size mingle their varied foliage together, the mountain seemed all of a violet tint, which faded away into faint blue as its apex mingled and became lost amid the gossamer clouds.

(To be continued.)

SCIENTIFIC FARMING.

The Introduction of Modern Machinery Has Made It Easy and Profitable.

Some farmers are still living in this country who deprecate anything in the nature of an innovation in their method of cultivating the soil, but fortunately for the future of agriculture, they are rapidly growing less. A few years ago the spade was considered the proper thing with which to turn the soil, but for present day requirements it is altogether too slow a method, and it has been superseded by the plow. The old style plow, however, was not much better than the spade, and farmers demand an article that is light, easy to work and perfect in its requirements. Without doubt the best plow on the market to-day is that manufactured by the Castree & Shaw Co., of Owosso, Mich., and known as the "Owosso No. 1."

This plow is made entirely of steel, and is the lightest, easiest running, most durable and simple plow ever built. The peculiar construction of their Colter, Moldboard and Share produces the lightest draft plow ever made—all the working points are steel, it runs true even in the stoniest ground, and buries completely all weeds, stubble and fertilizing crops, no matter how high or heavy, and runs so easily that a boy of ten years of age can handle it. It is beyond doubt the best all around plow on the market to-day. Messrs. Castree & Shaw Co. also manufacture the Star Steel Land Roller, which is as far in advance of the old wooden roller as their plow is to the spade. The drum is made of the best tank steel, and there is no friction whatever. All the parts are interchangeable, and extras can be furnished on short notice. We strongly advise any of our readers who contemplate purchasing a plow or land roller to write the Castree & Shaw Co., 73 Bond St., Owosso, Mich., for catalogue and full particulars before placing their order.

Don't tip back in your chair and cross your legs whenever a leisure moment presents itself.

Sufferers from Rheumatism

Should not fail to read advertisements of Rico Rheumatism Cure in another column of this paper, and as no doubt other remedies have failed to cure them, it would be well to try Rico as a single bottle has again and again cured obstinate cases.

There is a divinity within us who breathes that divine fire by which we are animated.

SPRAINS

BAD WORSE WORST

Can be promptly cured without delay or trudging by the

GOOD BETTER BEST

remedy for pain.

ST. JACOBS OIL

WANTED—Case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will benefit. Send 5 cents to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 100 testimonials.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. M. H. GREEN'S SOLE, No. 2, Atlanta, Ga.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Specially Prepared for Civil War Veterans. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

RELIEF FOR WOMEN

DR. MARTEL'S FRENCH FEMALE PILLS

Particulars and testimonials in plain sealed letter mailed free.

FRENCH DRUG CO., 381 & 383 Pearl St., New York

CHEAP FARMS

DO YOU WANT A HOME?

100,000 ACRES Improved and unimproved farming lands to be divided and sold on long time and easy payments, a little each year. Come and see us or write. THE TRUMAN MOSS STATE BANK, Sanilac Center, Mich., or THE TRUMAN MOSS ESTATE, Crosswell, Sanilac Co., Mich.

BRADLARA

(TRADE MARK.)

RICO RHEUMATISM CURE

Contains no Salicylic Acid, nor mineral of any kind whatever, therefore does not corrode the stomach, and cures radically by counteracting the acid fermentation of the blood, thus removing the cause, and eradicating the disease from the system. Hundreds of Rheumatic sufferers have been cured in the city where Bradlara is prepared, and its famous reputation for excellence recommends it anywhere. Acute and muscular rheumatism cured in from one to four hours. A single bottle has again and again cured obstinate cases of long standing. Bradlara does not simply relieve pain; by removing the cause it never fails to eliminate the disease. It does the work radically and quickly, even in specially stubborn cases where other so-called remedies failed to even give relief. If your druggist hasn't it, we will send promptly on receipt of 25c. Address, A 10 Rico Rheumatism Cure, 11 E. 5th St. Cincinnati, O.

STATE FARMERS INSTITUTE

Continued From First Page.

In the discussion which followed, Mr. Woodware said, that poor beans from a picking establishment was an excellent and cheap food. Also if a man was not born tired, it would pay to chop and cook the clover hay. The rape could be sown with oats or barley and when that grain was cut the rape would be ready for use. Be careful what kind of rape seed you sow, the Dwarf Essex is the best.

The paper, "Education in the Farm Home," by Mrs. Joseph Brown, was excellent. The greatest men we have ever known came from the farm in the past, and I think they will in the future. Their education should not be neglected. The times demand a higher education for the farmer. The free schools, the colleges, the reading circles, circulating libraries and the Farmers Institutes afford every opportunity for attaining this to those who desire it.

FRIDAY AFTERNOON SESSION.

The session was opened with a question box, but very few questions were asked, so F. T. Rogers, St. Clair Co., took up the subject, "Road Improvement." Among the first things he said, was, "the average farmer is not a road builder." A great deal of thought and planning is necessary to know what roads should be improved and how best to improve them. The roads that should be made the best are not the ones parallel with the Ry. but crossroads that lead to best shipping points; make them good first, then gradually work the side roads. Some way or other a more concerted effort should be made to make our roads uniform. A commissioner might be appointed to make an investigation and order the work. Broken stone make a good road. Bay county leads having 70 miles of stone road, which cost, on an average, \$700 per mile.

The greatest argument used against the improvement of roads, was, that the country people had to stand the expense; however, statistics go to show that over 59 per cent is paid by the cities and villages. Road work should always be done from May to September. Better give a man a receipt for his road tax than let him work in Oct. or Nov.—it would be money saved. The main road should be laid out to avoid hills and swamps as much as a railroad. It is almost always cheaper to drain a low place than to try and fill it up—you cannot get a good road until rid of the water.

Sand roads may be benefited by the use of sawdust, planer shavings, straw etc., but it should be covered with 2 or 3 inches of sand to prevent fire. Coal ashes are an excellent thing for clay roads, and are well worth saving and drawing. Of course gravel is the best thing for almost any road, but there is trouble sometimes in getting the same. If gravel cannot be had at home the railroad will haul it to the nearest point at a very reasonable rate, as it benefits them to have good roads to town. I have known them to haul gravel and dump it on a crossing at the rate of 16c per sq. yd., and bring it nearly 100 miles.

The cost of building crushed stone roads depend upon how plenty stone are. A crusher can be purchased at from \$800 to \$1,000, and a traction engine used for the power. Do the work when the engine is not used for other purposes. The cost is also lessened by several districts owning a crusher together. The teams and men are the same as required for the usual road work and much can be accomplished. It will take about 1000 cubic ft. of crushed stone to build a mile of road 8 ft. wide and at a cost of \$700 or \$800.

Miss Norton suggested that the principles in the preliminary be used for the purpose of making our roads better—not as a penalty, but to give them something to do that would help the public. Mr. Beckwith thought that the bicycle rider should build the roads.

Miss Florence Marble sang "She was Bred in Old Kentucky," with excellent effect and the co-operative experiment tests were taken up.

Potato test, Walter Gorton:—"Got 6 potatoes each of 10 varieties. gave them all as good a show as possible and an equal chance. Cut each 6 into 55 pieces, planted them 1 foot apart in the row, rows 3 feet apart; this gave us 10 rows 55 foot long. Soil, sandy loam, very rich; planted June 8. The following is the result:

Table with 3 columns: VARIETY, NO. LB LARGE, NO. LB SMALL. Lists varieties like Early Peach Blow, Early Connan, etc.

Whole number of bushels from the 60 potatoes, 17.40.

Corn test, A. J. VanPatton:—"The corn question is a very important one. To have made the test as requested would have been very expensive, but will give it as I made it, soil, weather etc. have more to do with the corn crop than with any other one crop. I planted the variety, Pony Dent, on two acres good soil, 3ft 10in apart each way; planted with hand planter, May 18; cultivated it well but did not do so after harvest; think corn should not be cultivated after harvest unless it has been cultivated every week until then but think it should be cultivated every week. I dragged one acre before it came up and would advise that plan, any light drag would do. The acre not dragged yielded one bushel the more however but it had at least 10 bushels the better ground. The amount per acre was 80 and 81 bu.

An acre of sugar beets, H. E. Reed:—"Fitted one acre of clay loam and intended to sow 15 pounds of seed but the hand drill only put on about one-half that amount; sowed it 20in apart. Owing to dry weather beets did not make much growth until Sept. and Oct. The cost of raising the beets was \$11 and harvesting \$10.90. The sample sent for analysis showed 14.56 per cent sugar which is over 2 per cent better than required by the bounty law. There was 12 1/2 tons on the acre which would make at the bounty price, \$4.85 per ton, \$60.62.

Miss Ella Winegar gave a recitation on learning to cook which was excellent as was the instrumental duet by Masters Archie and Lyle Gorton.

The next subject, "What Ails the Orchard and the Remedy," was taken up by J. S. Woodward of New York, who has an orchard of 60 acres. Our question surmises that something is the matter and there is. Perhaps in the planting; orchards must be in dry soil and the trees not too close to each other as plenty of sunlight must reach the ground. Orchards should be cultivated but not cropped; too much has been raised and sold from the orchard. Would plow an orchard not over 2 or 3 inches deep and any time after the leaves fall and then use a harrow and do not let the weeds grow, trim closely at the same time as plowing. Mr. Woodward gave a very scientific explanation of what chemicals go to make up root, tree, leaf and fruit and told how best to supply the same. In July or August would sow oats, rape, or something similar to help hold the leaves and have something to plow under. A flock of sheep is a good thing in an orchard and I can eradicate the codling moth with a flock of sheep.

In regard to spraying, should spray 4 times; 1st, just as the blossom buds appear; 2nd, just as flowers fall; 3rd, when apples are as large as walnuts; and 4th, when apples are as large as hens eggs. Make the mixture weak and use plenty of it. Paris green is the best insecticide I ever used and for fungus growth the Bordeaux mixture.

Mr. Crowman took charge of the evening session which was opened promptly at seven o'clock, and an urgent request was made for members to the Association. He also said that if the appropriation was received, the county of Livingston could have two one-day meetings next year; thought

that was the best plan.

Miss Eva Hoteling gave a recitation on "Company G." which touched the heart of every old soldier.

The question box was taken up. One was asked in regard to wide tire wagons. The question was answered by Conductor, Crowman, who said that he thought that the wide tire wagon was an excellent thing, but must have good roads to start with. 2nd, Would it be more profitable to grow more pears than apples. Thought that the time would never come when apples would ever be too plenty. Never saw the time when a good thing would not sell, whether pears or apples.

Emil Bode sang a song in German and received an encore to which he responded.

"The Value of Domestic Science," Miss Ellen Rushmore of the Agricultural College. She said: "In this the closing of the 19th century, the great questions of culture study and bread study are being agitated to a great extent and well they should be. Education is not just the development of the mind but of the whole man; today every part is educated from the kindergarten to the college. Cooking is not 'domestic science,' only one part of it. Domestic science implies the art of everything that pertains to the art of true womanhood. There is the purchasing, the saving or economic part, needle work, fancy work, laundry and even nursing is part of domestic as it is as needful for the true housewife to know how to bind up an injured hand as to cook potatoes and meat.

The talk was an excellent one and won for Miss Rushmore and the girls department at the college many women friends. L. C. Storrs, Sec. of State Board of Corrections and Charities gave a fine talk on "The State Children" he said that since 1874, over 4,000 homeless children have been cared for by the state and given homes; eighty per cent of the boys and girls who have come out of our state schools and reformatories have led lives of honesty and industry. Concluded Next Week.

FARM FOR SALE

Offer for sale, on easy terms, the farm now occupied by Friend Williams, 3 miles west of Pinckney, containing 198 acres. Also, what is known as the "Conrad Farm," 1 mile north west of Dexter, containing 160 acres.

T. Birkett

Dexter, Jan. 30, 1899.

No Right to Ugliness

A woman lovely in face, form and temper will always have friends but one who would be attractive must keep her health. If she is weak, sickly and all run down, she will be nervous and irritable. If she has constipation or kidney trouble, her impure blood will cause pimples, blotches or skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. Electric bitters is the best medicine in the world to regulate stomach, liver and kidneys and so purify the blood. It gives strong nerves, bright eyes, smooth velvety skin, rich complexion. It will make a good looking, charming woman of a run down invalid. Only 50c at F. A. Sigler's drug store.

MORE LOCAL.

Tuesday, February 14, At the opera house, "Ticket of Leave Man" Auspices of Pinckney Cornet Band. Next Tuesday, Feb. 14 is St. Valentine's day.

Geo. Reason Jr. and wife were in Detroit last Friday.

Mrs. A. B. Green spent Sunday with her daughter in Hamburg.

Miss Blanche Graham spent Sunday with relatives at Stockbridge.

Miss Ethel Read of Ann Arbor spent Sunday with her parents here.

Miss Emma Haze of Ypsilanti, is spending a few weeks with relatives here.

Our office force is short a 'man' this week, owing to the illness of Erwin Mann.

Mrs. G. W. Crofoot of Adrian spent the past week with her son, H. W., at this place.

About 100 enjoyed the KOTM oyster supper at their hall on Friday evening of last week.

The high school boys have purchased a set of boxing gloves and now enjoy themselves along that line.

A party of little folks were entertained at the home of Lucy Jeffreys on Saturday last in honor of her 11th birthday.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Catharine Kelly and John O'Brien to take place at St. Mary's church, Pinckney, Feb. 13.

It is reported, and with authority that Will Dunning has purchased the Brokaw farm, which is located about a mile south of this village. Will, who lives near Gregory, formerly resided in this vicinity and his friends will be glad to welcome him back in their midst.

We are glad to note that W. P. Van Winkle is in the race for nomination for judge of the 31st judicial circuit court. No county in the state has a better lawyer and none more fitted for the position than is Mr. Van Winkle and we hope to see him on the bench. He was a former Pinckney boy and was held in high esteem here.

HALF-RATES TO DETROIT.

The Grand Trunk railway system will issue excursion tickets from all its stations in Michigan to Detroit and return at a single fare for the round trip on account of the Michigan Club annual meeting and banquet at Detroit, Feb. 22nd. Tickets will be sold for all trains on Feb. 21st and for the morning trains Feb. 22nd and valid to return on all trains up to and including Feb. 23, 1899. This gives a good opportunity to visit Detroit at a cheap rate this season of the year, and the public should avail themselves of this opportunity.

Bismark's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at F. A. Sigler's drug store.

Ten Million Wheelmen.

It is stated by competent authority that there are ten million people in America who are bicycle riders. Probably each one gets an average of one hurt in a season and that is just when Henry & Johnson's Arnica & Oil Liniment gets in its good work. Nothing has ever been made that will cure a bruise, cut or sprain so quickly. Also removes pimples, sunburn tan or freckles. Clean and nice to use. Take it with you. Costs 25c per bottle. Three times as much in a 50c bottle. We sell it and guarantee it to give good satisfaction or money refunded.

F. A. Sigler.



Railroad Guide.

Grand Trunk Railway System. Time Table in effect, November 13, 1898. M. A. L. DIVISION - WESTBOUND. No. 27 Passenger, Pontiac to Jackson. No. 43 Mixed, Lenox to Jackson. No. 80 Passenger to Pontiac and Detroit. No. 44 Mixed to Pontiac and Lenox. No. 80 connection at Pontiac for Detroit. No. 44 connection at Pontiac for Detroit and for the west on D & M R R. E. H. Hughes, A G P & T Agent, Chicago, Ill. W. J. Black, Agent, Pinckney.

Advertisement for eye examination. Eyes Examined Free. Consult F. E. Gifford, the Eye Specialist. Office over Jewett's Hardware store. Howell, Mich.

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halsted, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in the army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of the battle at the fall of Manila. Bonus for agents. Brims of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low price. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trade circulars to books. Out of free. Address: F. T. Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Bldg. Chicago.

THE DAVIS MACHINE CO. SELL THE BEST SEWING MACHINES ON EARTH Direct to the consumer at factory prices. THE LIBERTY \$22.80. THE STERLING \$20.85. THE CRESCENT \$18.45. THE FAVORITE \$12.95. VERY LIBERTY WARRANTED 10 YEARS. In Our Established and Reliable House.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE PATENTS TRADE MARKS DESIGNS COPYRIGHTS & C. Anyone sending a sketch and description may easily obtain an opinion free whether or not a patent can be secured. Send full particulars to MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York.

The Davis Machine Co., Chicago. Baby Carriages \$3.50. Send Stamp for Special Catalogue.

VICK'S SEEDS Bulbs and Plants have gone to the hands of satisfied customers for half a century, and to the 10th year in business, we have issued a Wedding Edition of Vick's Garden and Floral Guide which is a work of art. 24 pages illustrated in colors, 4 pages souvenir, nearly 100 pages filled with handsome illustrations of Flowers, Vegetables, Plants, Fruits, etc., elegantly bound in cloth and gold. A marvel in catalogue making; an authority on all subjects pertaining to the garden, with care for the same, and a descriptive catalogue of all that is desirable. It is too expensive to give away indiscriminately, but we want everyone interested in a good garden to have a copy, therefore we will send Vick's Garden and Floral Guide with a DUE BILL for 25 cents worth of seeds for 15 cents. Tells how credit is given for full amount of purchase to buy other goods. Vick's Little Gem Catalogue. A perfect little gem of a price list. It is simply the Guide condensed, finely illustrated, and in FREE handy shape, making a convenient and valuable for reference. Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine, enlarged, improved, and up to date on all subjects relating to Gardening, Horticulture, etc. Regular price 50 cents a year. Special 1899 offer—the Magazine for one year and Vick's Garden and Floral Guide for only 25 cents. Our New Plan of selling Vegetable Seeds gives you more for your money than any other seed house in America. James Vicks Sons ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Dispatch

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Publisher.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN.

The office seldom seeks the man, but the officer very often does.

Chewing gum continues in favor with females as a lockjaw preventive.

The man who keeps his mouth shut seldom acquires a reputation as a liar.

Possibly Don Carlos has decided that there is not enough left to fight over.

All men resemble pawnbrokers; their industry depends upon their interest.

All the world's a stage, and the majority of the performers play to the galleries.

As a rule the man who is unable to trust himself displays pretty sound judgment.

As a rule cleanliness is next to godliness, but in St. Louis it's next to impossible.

Thugs held up a Chicago detective, but they escaped without losing anything of much value.

It's much easier for appearances to keep a man down than it is for a man to keep appearances up.

It isn't likely that Solomon succeeded in convincing all his wives that a word to the wise was sufficient.

Admiral Schley is said to excel as an artist, and the way he helped to draw the war to a close is convincing proof, too.

If there is anybody in the army who has been overlooked by an investigation committee he will please step forward now.

"I love to look in the mirror," remarked a foolish young girl. "Yes, but you never see yourself," replied her sensible friend.

A proclamation is sometimes so heavy that nobody can carry it. The young emperor of China seems to have overlooked this fact.

It is probable that Hetty Green will never be satisfied with the American system of taxation until her property is exempt from all assessment.

Gen. Miles' phrase, "ambalmed beef," will become historical, but it was left to a Boston boy poet to write about "a foaming jug of unfermented cow."

Some traitors are bad, and others are merely good men who have been converted from the error of their ways and are no longer available for campaign use.

Admiral Dewey is in every way qualified to investigate the Philippine islands; indeed, he may be termed the best all-round investigator the Philippines ever had.

The persistency with which the public declines to take interest in the affairs of Admiral Sampson may sooner or later call for some action on the part of the board of strategy.

The last wild camel in the United States died the other day. While full particulars of the sad event are not at hand, it is probable death was caused by the last straw breaking his back.

German physicians say that no professional bicyclist has a perfectly sound heart. As nearly the whole masculine population is affected by the nicotine habit, one may query whether there is any casual connection between the latter fact and the former. As the alcohol poison goes to the brain, so does the tobacco poison go to the heart, possibly predisposing its victim to injury from any strain upon that organ.

The causes which predispose to bodily illness run through a series of seasonal changes. Spring has its relaxations and languors, summer its high heats and sudden damps, and the autumn dies down with chills and fevers. Winter brings more marked exposures, especially as we pass from hot rooms to cold ones, or from the shelter of our house to the nipping and eager airs or penetrating damps of the outer world. To many the coming in is quite as exposing as the going out; and as a rule those who keep too closely within doors are the most liable to colds and stiffness. In truth, our rough and changeable northern climate is not unfriendly to health and vigor. All depends on our way of taking it; on prudent self-adjustment to the conditions, and especially on not minding it too much. To those who live in nature as a spider in his web, "December's as pleasant as May."

SCIENTIFIC TOPICS

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

Autotrucks for New York City—To Carry Eight Tons at the Rate of Eight Miles Per Hour—The Latest Idea in Flying Machines.

The Cyclometer Adapted to the Canoe. A clever adaptation of the cyclometer to the canoe was made by Lieut. Hugh L. Willoughby in a trip through the Florida Everglades, and described by him in a book. All ordinary means of marine measurement are useless in the everglades, and as it was necessary to keep a record of the distance involved, Lieutenant Willoughby devised a scheme whereby he used a cyclometer for the purpose successfully. He attached the front fork of an old bicycle to the stern of his canoe. In the jaws of this was swung a 28-inch bicycle wheel, the tire being equipped with a series of small paddles, so fastened that they regulated the speed of the wheel to that of the boat. The cyclometer was attached in the usual manner. Repeated experiments with the device demonstrated to Lieutenant Willoughby that the slip of the wheel was constant, and that its trailing behind the boat recorded reliable measurements on the cyclometer even when going at a slow gait. He says that the wheel and cyclometer gave excellent results as a log of the trip. Canoeists and oarsmen might take a hint from this for their next tours on the water. An old bicycle wheel is easy to get, and it must add to the pleasure of the trip to keep an accurate record of the distances covered.

Gotham to Have Autotrucks.

Autotrucks will soon be seen in the streets of New York, says the New York Herald. Platform trucks for carrying heavy machinery and trucks with high boxes for coal, ice or other commodities will be first used. Compressed air will furnish the motive power.

Motormen who operate these trucks will have a high seat forward, with a double wheel similar to the arrangement on a cable car for controlling the power. One wheel will be for steering purposes and the other will open or close a valve between the air chamber and the motor. Although these trucks will have a carrying capacity of eight tons and can be run on smooth pavements as fast as eight miles an hour, it is asserted that they can be stopped in their own length.

By shutting off the air the wheels are locked and the truck comes to a sudden standstill. The trucks are built with wide tires, so that asphalt or macadam roads will not be injured by them.

Property for the site of a power house has been purchased and a plant costing \$250,000 is to be erected for the initial operations. James H. Hoadley, who is largely interested in the autotruck company, says:

"A \$7,000,000 corporation, in which Mr. Joseph Leiter is largely interested, is being organized. Mr. Leiter will not be president. He will probably be one of the directors. This company will be incorporated in New Jersey. An existing plant has been bought by Mr. Leiter for \$3,000,000, and it will be in operation within sixty days. Mr. Leiter has interested the Rothschilds and other European capitalists in the introduction of autotrucks in foreign cities. They will be manufactured in this country and will be first operated in London. Later they will be introduced in Berlin and Paris.

New Paper-Hanging Machine.

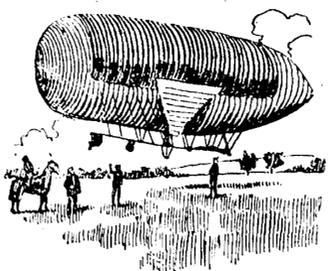
A German inventor has just brought out a paperhanging machine. It consists of a rod, upon which the roll of paper is placed, and a paste receptacle with a brushing convenience is attached in such a manner that the paste is applied automatically on the back of the paper. The end of the wall paper is fixed at the bottom of the wall, and the implement rises on the wall in such a manner as only to require that it be set by one workman. The paper, as it unrolls, is held flat against the wall and an elastic roller follows on the outside, which presses it firmly and with exact smoothness to the wall. The final operation is

when the wall paper reaches the top, the workman now pulling a cord, whereby the paper is cut off from the roll.

Another Flying Machine.

From Russia comes a new flying machine. Dr. K. I. Danilevsky of Charkov is the inventor.

This balloon flying machine is based on the hypothesis that if a man's strength, in proportion to his weight, is not sufficient to raise him in the air, he can raise himself if part of his weight is subtracted, says the Scientific American. By the use of a balloon filled with hydrogen the weight of the man is eliminated from the problem and he can use all his efforts to propel and steer the balloon which supports him. The pictures show the relative



size and form of the great wings, which are sixteen feet long. In order to utilize the whole power of the wings for progressive movement it is necessary to rise high in the air and then the wings can be placed at 90 degrees without any risk of descending. In the latter case, to keep the machine from descending, it is better to open the parachute. On Oct. 8, 1897, some twenty-five ascents were made in an hour and a half. Other ascents were made in the spring and summer of 1898 with good success, the balloon being turned round and round repeatedly. The size of the wings was decreased to 11-2-3 feet and the working surface was increased. At a height of 280 feet the balloon was kept immovable and was turned around in the air several times. It was found that the balloon must be inflated with fresh hydrogen every seven or eight days.

To Give Wood the Luster of Metal.

A translation from the Paris Annales Forestieres in the Scientific American gives an account of a peculiarly valuable process for imparting the lustre of metal to ordinary wood, without injuring its natural qualities. For this purpose, the wood is laid, according to its weight, for three or four days, in a caustic alkaline solution, such as caustic soda, at a temperature of seventy-five to ninety degrees, Celsius; then it is at once placed in a bath of calcium hydro-sulphite, to which, after twenty-four to thirty-six hours, a saturated solution of sulphur in caustic potash is added, in this mixture the wood being allowed to remain for forty-eight hours at thirty-five to fifty degrees, Celsius. When the wood thus prepared, and after having been dried at a moderate temperature, is polished by means of a smoothing iron, the surface assumes a most attractive metallic lustre, the effect of the gloss being rendered additionally pleasing by rubbing the wood with a piece of lead, zinc, or tin. It is subsequently polished with a burnisher of glass or porcelain, if desired, the wood in this way actually gaining the brilliancy of a metallic mirror, so that, of course, handsome effects in wood-ware can thus be obtained.

Twin Railway Tunnels.

While conducting tests on the first elevator installed for the Central London railway Gilbert Rosenbuch had an opportunity of procuring the photograph of the tunnel work which is here reproduced from Engineering News. This road consists of twin deep level tunnels. The principal reasons for using twin tunnels with a single track in each, one for up trains and one for down trains, in preference to a double track single tunnel were: First, the lower initial cost; second, ability, by reason of small diameter and change of relative position, to remain under the roadway proper; third, avoidance of collisions as the result of derailment; fourth, maintenance of ventilations due to the draft caused by



continued passage of trains in one direction.

So They Do.

"Mrs. Puffy has such a fine figure, one can hardly judge of her age. But I believe she's older than she looks." "So, you believe that, after all, figures do sometimes lie."

THANKFUL TO MRS. PINKHAM.

Honest Words From Women Who Have Been Relieved of Backache—Mrs. Pinkham Warns Against Neglect.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have been thankful a thousand times, since I wrote you, for what your Vegetable Compound has done for me. I followed your advice carefully, and now I feel like a different person. My troubles were backache, headache, nervous tired feeling, painful menstruation and leucorrhoea.

I took four bottles of Vegetable Compound, one box of Liver Pills, and used one package of Sanative Wash, and am now well. I thank you again for the good you have done for me.—ELLA E. BRENNER, East Rochester, Ohio.

Great numbers of such letters as the above are constantly being received by Mrs. Pinkham from women who owe their health and happiness to her advice and medicine.

Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass. Her advice is offered free to all suffering women who are puzzled about themselves. If you have backache don't neglect it or try heroically to "work it down," you must reach the root of the trouble, and nothing will do this so safely and surely as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Backache is accompanied

by a lot of other aches and wearying sensations, but they nearly always come from the same source. Remove the cause of these distressing things, and you become well and strong. Mrs. S. J. SWANSON, of Gibson City, Ill., tells her experience in the following letter:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before using your medicine I was troubled with headache and my back ached so that I could not rest. Your medicine is the best I have ever used; it has relieved me of my troubles, and I feel like myself again. Thanks to Lydia E. Pinkham.

"I would advise any one troubled with female weakness to take your medicine. I shall also recommend it wherever I can as a great reliever of pain."

A Million Women Have Been Benefited by Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Medicine



VANITY FAIR.

New Yorkers are ceasing to look upon the automobile as a toy and beginning to realize its practical value. During the summer of 1897, when Lieut. Eames and "Dick" Peters took some automobiles to Newport, several cottagers bought expensive ones for use as playthings, and for a time the costly fad took precedence over all others. It was not until this fall, however, that the owners of smart traps could be persuaded to give up their horses in the city and use a humming, buzzing electric cab. One of the first persons to set a new fashion in this regard is Mrs. John Jacob Astor. Mrs. Astor seldom uses her horse after dark. She has made special arrangements with an electric automobile and a reliable driver are at her disposal every evening. Mrs. Schermerhorn has followed her example, and in all probability many other persons will do so. Society has not yet taken to riding in horseless carriages in the daytime, but the report that a hundred or more of these cabs are to be on the streets presently shows that the matter is growing beyond the proportions of a fad.

A lover of the curious has just published a collection of names of inns and taverns in Great Britain, which contains many quaint and curious titles. Here are a few of the gems of the collection: The "Cow and Snuffers," the "Beetle and Wedge," the "Crown and Two Chairmen," the "Ass in a Barbox," the "Case Is Altered," the "World Turned Upside Down," the "Cardinal's Hat," the "Vallant Trooper," the "Complete Angler," the "First In and Last Out," the "Old, Quiet Woman," the "Man Loaded with Mischiefs." In Brussels there is a public house, opposite a cemetery, with the title "Better Here Than Opposite," while another, on the way to the same cemetery of Ixelles, has for sign, "Better Here Than Farther On." "The Case Is Altered" is curious, but not so very uncommon. The worthy host at Bradwell, where this name hangs over the tavern, explains the phrase after this manner: He declares that before his inn came on the scene the neighborhood was very badly served, but, of course, afterward the case was altered.

"Oddly enough," says an American in Honolulu, "it is the half-caste and the native women married to white men who fear most profoundly the effects of annexation. They are afraid that the color line, never before drawn in Hawaiian society, will speedily be marked with no uncertain symbol. When a dusky court was the apex of society, and men, now leaders in republican simplicity, disputed for precedence, there could be no question of color. If there had been, the white would have been discriminated against. Later the intermarriages were sufficient protection. Only last night in Honolulu's swellest restaurant I saw the former postmaster-general of Hawaii and his wife and daughters sitting at the next table to three Chinese, apparently prosperous, but obviously not high class. There were Kanakas, American soldiers, pretty girls (with light-colored skins and traces of Chinese origin about the eyes and a Kanaka flatness of the nose), Ethiopians and Europeans scattered at the tables. I doubt if such a mixture dwells in such social equality anywhere else on earth."

SCIENTIFIC JOTTINGS.

An improved railroad spike has a slot formed in one side in which a toothed plate is inserted, the points of the teeth lying inside the line of the side of the spike until driven out by a steel wedge after the spike is in place to lock it in the tie.

In a new leveling device a shaft is journaled in the center of a dial to carry a weighted arrow, the lower edge of the dial being flattened to the rest on the surface to be leveled, while the arrow swings around to indicate the position of the object.

A table has been designed which will remain level on board a ship, the top of the table being carried by a vertical post intersecting two horizontal rods journaled at their ends in the base of the table, with a weight at the lower end of the rod to balance it.

A Washington woman has patented a sleeping bag for use in cold climates, having the fur or other material formed into a tube at the lower end and extended at the top to form two flat flaps, with a pillow attached to the under one, the upper flap engaging the lower to close it around the head.

An Englishman has invented a carrier which will preserve fish alive during transportation, an upper chamber in the receptacle being filled with oxygen, which is absorbed by the water to purify it, the jarring of the carrier in shipment tending to absorb the oxygen.

To prevent rugs from slipping on the floor and turning up at the corners, a Massachusetts inventor has patented a suction cup of rubber, a number of which are placed around the edges of the rug and pressed against the floor to expel the air underneath and to cause them to fasten themselves down.

The color of a railroad lamp can be changed without replacing the globe by the use of a new attachment formed of a wire spiral, with a ring at other end, to be inserted in a colored cloth cylinder, which is drawn over the globe and held in place by catches on the rings.

If He has to He Has Married On. A man who expects to do all his wife's thinking might as well marry a fool.—Judge.

WINTER EXCURSION.

If sick you can find help. If crippled with rheumatism you can be cured. If tired you need rest and the place to go is...

HOT SPRINGS, SOUTH DAKOTA.

The expense is less than you imagine. The "Northwestern Lige" has introduced special excursions, certain days this month at

CHEAP RATES.

The Evans Hotel will remain open and this and all other hotels and boarding houses are giving good service with low rates during the winter.

Round Trip Rates: Omaha, \$1.00; Mo. Vail, \$1.00; Sioux City, \$1.00.

And corresponding reductions from other points west. Climate, Water, Scenery and Hotel Accommodations. Thirty days time allowed for agent F. E. & M. V. R. R. or J. H. Gable, Traveling Passes Agent, Denison, Iowa, can tell you more about it. The next date will be

FEBRUARY 14.

Do You Want Consumption?

We are sure you do not. Nobody wants it. But it comes to many thousands every year. It comes to those who have had coughs and colds until the throat is raw, and the lining membranes of the lungs are inflamed. Stop your cough when it first appears, and you remove the great danger of future trouble.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

stops coughs of all kinds. It does so because it is a soothing and healing remedy of great power. This makes it the greatest preventive to consumption.

Put one of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Plasters over your lungs

A whole Medical Library Free.
For four cents in stamps to pay postage, we will send you sixteen medical books.

Medical Advice Free.
We have the exclusive services of some of the most eminent physicians in the United States. Unusual opportunities and long experience eminently fit them for giving you medical advice. Write freely all the particulars in your case. You will receive a prompt reply, without cost.
Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Medical Soap.
The use of soaps containing a disinfectant of some kind has become so general, says the Medical Press, that observations on the practical value of such combinations cannot fail to be of interest. Dr. Reithoffer has recently published the results of some experiments carried out by him with various kinds of soap, having for object to determine their value as microbicides. He used the ordinary mottled soap, white almond soap perfumed with nortrobenzine, and hard potash soap. He found that these soaps were very inimical to the cholera vibrio, all percent solution killing them in a short space of time, while a 5 per cent solution of the potash soap killed them in five minutes. We are, therefore, at liberty to infer that, as in washing the hands the strength of the soap solution is never less than 5, and may go as high as 45, per cent this method of disinfecting the hands, as well as the clothes, etc., is fully trustworthy. Most stronger solutions are required, however, to destroy the bacilli of typhoid, the coli-bacillus, etc., not less than 10 per cent being sufficient. None of the soaps experimented with appear to have any effect on pyogenic microbes. The practical result of these investigations is that it is always preferable to use soap and water first of all, rinsing the hands in the disinfectant solution afterward. This is an important point, which merits to be generally made known.

Chinese Telegraphy.
The Chinese, owing to the multiplicity of the characters in their written language, have solved the problem of telegraphy by using numbers for transmission over the wire instead of characters. The numbers have to be re-interpreted into characters when received. To facilitate the operation, types are used. On one end of each type is a character; on the other end is a number. By reversing and imprinting the types upon a sheet of paper the message is readily effected, with a high degree of accuracy.

Appreciated Fervor.
"I went down on my knees when I proposed to her." "How did she take it?" "She asked me not to move until she got her kodak."—Chicago Record

Don't leave a door open after you, when you find it closed.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS.
The bill to recognize and increase the standing army of about 100,000 men, but giving the president authority to reduce the size of infantry companies and cavalry troops to 60 men each, thus fixing a minimum of about 50,000 enlisted men, passed the house by a vote of 168 to 125. Among the important amendments adopted before the vote was taken was one to exclude the appointment of civilians to positions in the engineer corps, one to abolish canteens and the sale of liquor in camps and one to strike out the provision for additional pay for commands serving in the West Indies, the Philippines and Alaska. The amendment of Mr. Cummings, of New York, to prohibit the use of troops in several states to suppress riots, etc., except upon the application of the states, was defeated by a large majority.

Very little progress was made with the army bill, the only amendment adopted being that offered by the committee to give veterinarians in cavalry regiments the rank, pay and allowances of second lieutenants. The time before the eulogies on the death of Rep. Simpkins, of Massachusetts, began, was chiefly devoted to a continuation of the debate on the advisability of retaining the Philippines. A joint resolution was adopted granting to the republic of Venezuela the privilege of sending a cadet to the West Point military academy. A senate bill was passed authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri river at Lexington, Mo.

The President has approved the bill originally introduced by Congressman Brucker granting to the city of Saginaw, Mich., the privilege of beautifying and using for a public park such part of the U. S. postoffice property in that city as he may deem unnecessary to hold for the purpose of which it was purchased, and the measure introduced by Congressman Wm. A. Smith authorizing the appointment in the fifth and sixth judicial circuits of an additional circuit judge.

A bill has been passed by the senate granting extra pay to the officers and men of the temporary force of the navy—two months' extra pay to those who served beyond the limits of the United States and one month's pay to those who served within the United States. The provisions of the bill are to apply to all such temporary forces, whether discharged yet or not.

The army appropriation bill which will be taken up shortly will be framed on the basis of 100,000 men, and Mr. Hull estimates that it will carry about \$90,000,000. The war department submitted to congress at the opening of the session an estimate based on an army of 150,000 men at a cost of \$144,000,000, but since then the forces have been largely reduced.

The house has entered upon the consideration of the river and harbor bill and is making rapid progress. Fifty of the 88 pages of the bill was completed in a single day. The bill appropriates directly about \$12,500,000 and authorizes contracts to the extent of \$18,000,000 additional.

The house has passed the bill to pay the heirs of John Smith \$1,000 in satisfaction of a judgment against Gen. John R. Brooke for trespass and false imprisonment while he was lieutenant-colonel of the 3d infantry in 1869.

The American Newspapers Publishers' association have appealed to congress for a revocation of the present duty on paper and pulp.

The senate is busy with the expansion and peace treaty questions just now.

A Big Tobacco Combine.
A certificate of consolidation of the Union Tobacco Co. of America and the North American Commercial Co. has been filed with the secretary of state of New York, the title of the first named corporation being retained. The capital stock is \$19,350,000, divided into \$12,000,000 of common and \$7,350,000 of preferred stock. The principal business offices of the company will be located in New York.

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.			
New York—Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
Best grades...	\$1.00 to .80	\$1.60	\$3.25
Lower grades...	20¢ to 35¢	4.10	5.10
Chicago—			
Best grades...	5.60 to 30	4.60	5.01
Lower grades...	3.30 to 25	3.60	4.00
Detroit—			
Best grades...	3.75 to 4.40	2.50	4.75
Lower grades...	2.20 to 3.75	2.00	3.50
Buffalo—			
Best grades...	4.10 to 1.90	3.30	4.50
Lower grades...	2.20 to 3.50	2.40	3.50
Cleveland—			
Best grades...	4.00 to 4.40	4.01	4.75
Lower grades...	3.00 to 4.00	2.50	3.75
Cincinnati—			
Best grades...	4.10 to 4.00	4.00	5.25
Lower grades...	3.75 to 4.75	3.75	4.60
Pittsburg—			
Best grades...	5.00 to 7.50	4.50	5.25
Lower grades...	3.50 to 4.50	3.50	5.10
GRAIN, ETC.			
Wheat	Corn	Oats	
No. 3 red	No. 3 mix	No. 2 white	
New York 85¢ to 86¢	62¢ to 63¢	38¢ to 39¢	
Chicago 78¢ to 79¢	52¢ to 53¢	35¢ to 36¢	
Detroit 78¢ to 79¢	52¢ to 53¢	35¢ to 36¢	
Toledo 78¢ to 79¢	52¢ to 53¢	35¢ to 36¢	
Cincinnati 77¢ to 78¢	52¢ to 53¢	35¢ to 36¢	
Cleveland 71¢ to 72¢	52¢ to 53¢	35¢ to 36¢	
Pittsburg 82¢ to 83¢	60¢ to 61¢	38¢ to 39¢	
Buffalo 81¢ to 82¢	59¢ to 60¢	38¢ to 39¢	
*Detroit—Hay, No. 1 timothy, \$8.00 per ton.			
Potatoes, 50¢ per bu. Live Poultry, spring chickens, 70¢ per lb. fowls, 60¢; turkeys, 10¢; ducks, 70¢. Eggs, strictly fresh, 17¢ per doz. Butter, best dairy, 14¢ per lb.; creamery, 15¢.			

How's This?
We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him. WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75¢ per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Don't use the office telephone for a chat with your friends.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!
Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. One-fourth of the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

Don't carry on an idle conversation with your co-workers.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil.

Don't hear everything that is taking place around you.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

A black eye indicates a revengeful nature—on the part of the other fellow.

Health for Ten Cents.
Cascarets make bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headache, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

Bitter words often result from biting a persimmon before it is ripe.

Carter's Ext. Smart Weed
Will cure a cold in one night; will cure sore throat in a few hours. Acts quick. Sure cure for Catarrh in every 25c. bottle.

Seeing isn't always believing; we see lots of people we can't believe.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

When laziness flies out at the window coal falls into the cellar.

The Medicated Group Necklace is the only Group safeguard known or sold. Price by mail 25c. Medicated Group Necklace Co., Oakmont, Pa.

Love is never found by seeking and it never stays for pleading.

I know that my life was saved by Pisco's Cure for Consumption.—John A. Miller, Au Sable, Michigan, April 21, 1895.

Men will do almost anything for money—some will even work.

"There are no cross babies or sick babies in families that use Brown's Teething Cordial."

Cold weather contracts ice bills and expands coal bills.

GOOD CROPS IN CANADA.
Farmers Leave Good Lands in Minnesota for Western Canada.
Delegates representing a number of neighboring farmers in Clay county, Minnesota, who visited the Edmonton district of Western Canada last summer are evidently very well satisfied with the result of their trip. They think so well of the country that in addition to the privilege of obtaining a free homestead of 160 acres of land they have also purchased land. In a recent interview on the subject Messrs. C. E. and A. Hughes of Barnesville, Clay Co., say:

"We are well pleased with Western Canada. It is far ahead of what we expected. We find the climate to be warmer than we expected. As for the crops we have never seen anything that can compete with them. We have lived in Minnesota and have farmed some of what they count the best lands in the Red River Valley for ten years and have done very well in that part of the country, and have farms there at present free of all encumbrance; but believe that this country (Western Canada) is so much better that we have bought from the Canadian Pacific Railway Company one section of land northeast of Edmonton in the Beaver Hill district. We have traveled through that part of the country and have seen the grain in the granaries and the amount of land that it was taken off and find that they have grown as much as fifty bushels and over to the acre, and they say that this has not been a good year, and very little if any grain had been touched by the frost. Hay seems to be plentiful, and if you wish to put up log buildings you can get the logs within a few miles. Coal can be had at the mines for 75 cents per ton, or you can dig it yourself. Nearly all kinds of garden truck can be grown in abundance. We find everything that can be grown in good demand. The farmers tell us that they can get four and a half live weight per hundred for hogs, and for three year old steers from fifty to sixty dollars per head, providing they are good. We will move into that part of the country next summer. All the people in that part of the country seem satisfied, and we do not see any reason why they should not be so."

The Messrs. Hughes also stated that they would be very glad to afford anyone desiring particulars about the country they had visited the fullest information, on receiving enquiries at Barnesville, Clay Co., before the 1st of June next, when it is understood they propose to return to the Edmonton district.

Don't talk familiarly with your fellow workmen.

Lane's Family Medicine.
Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Don't stare at every one who enters the room.

After-Effects of the GRIP

Grip is a treacherous disease. You think it is cured and the slightest cold brings on a relapse. Its victims are always left in a weakened condition—blood impure and impoverished; nerves shattered. Pneumonia, heart disease and nervous prostration are often the result.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will drive every trace of the poisonous germs from the system, build up and enrich the blood and strengthen the nerves. A trial will prove this. Read the evidence:

When the grip last visited this section Herman H. Evers, of 511 W. Main St., Jefferson, Mo., a well-known contractor and builder, was one of the victims, and he has since been troubled with the after-effects of the disease. A year ago his health began to fail, and he was obliged to discontinue work. That he lives to-day is almost a miracle. He says:

"I was troubled with shortness of breath, palpitation of the heart and general debility. My back also pained me severely. I tried one doctor after another and numerous remedies suggested by my friends, but without apparent benefit, and began to give up hope. Then I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People extolled in a St. Louis paper, and after investigation decided to give them a trial.

"After using the first box I felt wonderfully relieved and was satisfied that the pills were putting me on the road to recovery. I bought two more boxes and continued taking them.

"After taking four boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I am restored to good health. I feel like a new man, and having the will and energy of my former days returned, I am capable of transacting my business with increased ambition.

"Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are a wonderful medicine and any one suffering from the after-effects of the grip will find that these pills are the specific." H. H. EVERS.

Mr. Evers will gladly answer any inquiry regarding this if stamp is enclosed.—From *Cole's Co. Democrat, Jefferson City, Mo.*

Look for the full name on the package. At druggists or direct from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y. 50c. per box. 6 boxes \$2.50.

"DIRT DEFILES THE KING." THEN

SAPOLIO

IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.

NEW-BOT-I-CO TEA To introduce our Tea we will mail one full size package on receipt of 4 three-cent stamps. Guaranteed to cure Consumption and Headache. A. F. W. T. Co., 100 N. 2nd St., St. Paul, Minn.

FOR 14 CENTS
We wish to gain this year \$2,000,000 more customers, and hence offer you a special offer. With our new 14-cent package of our great Plant and Seed Catalogue upon receipt of this notice a 14-cent postage. Our terms are simple. You know how you can get our valuable catalogue for 14 cents. We will mail you one full size package on receipt of 4 three-cent stamps. A. F. W. T. Co., 100 N. 2nd St., St. Paul, Minn.

CANDY CATHARTIC

Cascarets

WE SELL DIRECT TO THE USER. FREIGHT PREPAID.

SPECIAL PRICES.

Write Direct to 73 Bond St. Owsen.

CASTREE & SNOW, Chemists, New York.

Awarded Highest Honors—Medal and Diploma, World's Columbian Exposition, also special Gold Medal and Diploma, California Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream BAKING POWDER

HOW CREAM TARTAR IS MADE.
Cream of Tartar—which enters so largely into the manufacture of Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder—is obtained from the tart Wines of France, Germany, Austria, etc. The Crude Tartar, called Argolis, is deposited on the sides of the wine casks during the fermentation of the wine. After the wine is drawn off, this crystal deposit is removed, dried and exported to America where the elaborate process of refining takes place, producing the snow-white crystals of Cream of Tartar.

In singling out Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder from all its competitors and bestowing upon it a special Gold Medal, the California Midwinter Fair concurred in the verdict given by the World's Fair jury, which awarded both medal and diploma to Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder, declaring it superior to every other brand.

The victories won by it at all the great fairs, and its wonderful growth in popular favor, due to its purity, uniformity, wholesomeness, keeping qualities and excellence, have confirmed and emphasized it as

"The Foremost Baking Powder in all the World."

NOTE.—The Cream of Tartar Refinery, controlled by the Price Baking Powder Company, is the most complete and extensive in the World.

HAMBURG.

Little Ruth Potterton is sick with the grip.

The infant child of Geo. Sheffer and wife, died Saturday night.

Frank Charles, Jr., of Brighton, was calling on friends here Saturday.

The funeral of Robert Butler was held in the Episcopal church here Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. H. M. Quail has not been expected to live for the past week but is now slowly recovering.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Crossman celebrated their wedding anniversary last Thursday evening with a dancing party.

The chicken-pie social which was to have been given by the Ladies' Aid society this week has been postponed until next week.

I have the best 50c. Tea in the county. Royal Tiger. Come and try it. W. W. Barnard.

EAST MARION.

Tom Richards was on the sick list last week.

Vida Ashman called on Mrs. C. Bennett last Saturday.

Will Allen sports a new steel wind mill, raised last Friday.

The young people enjoyed a dance at Ned Chubb's a short time ago.

David Bennett and daughter, Hazel have been suffering several days with lagrippe.

Miss Edith Pierce returned on Saturday from a two weeks visit in Genessee and Shiawassee counties.

The ladies have recently organized an aid society with Mrs. Art. Montague as president. Meetings will be held once a month.

Will sell you a pound of the best 25c. Coffee you ever drank, for 19c. this week. W. W. Barnard.

PETTEYSVILLE.

Geo. Blades is under the doctor's care.

Geo. VanHorn who has been ill is improving.

Work was finished at Schuler's ice house today.

Mrs. E. G. Carpenter was in Howell last Saturday.

Old Mr. Quinn is very sick and not much hopes of recovery.

Gene Wines and wife of Ann Arbor, are visiting at Mrs. Wines' parents, George Blades.

The Pettysville Club will give another of their world-renowned parties at Hudson next Friday night.

Robert Blades has bought Mr. Poole's milk route and will commence drawing milk to Howell the 15th.

Ed. Breningstall and Burt Hooker have gone to Clare to work for Mr. Nowlin who had a mill near here last summer.

Several from here attended a surprise given Grace Lake last Friday night. About 50 were in attendance and a very pleasant evening was spent.

All persons wishing to buy wood will do well to call on J. W. Placeway as he has been commissioned to sell wood for John Gallagher from the woods near the Jct. for one shilling per load.

UNADILLA.

J. D. Coulton of Jackson was in town Thursday last.

Thos. Budd of Stockbridge, spent Sunday in town.

Mrs. Perry Mills and daughter visited relatives in Munith Saturday.

Messrs Horace Miller, Frank Barham, Sylvester Bullis and Dick Barton were in Howell last Friday and Saturday.

D. M. Joslin is suffering from a severe attack of neuralgia.

Will Clark of Stockbridge visited friends here Thursday.

Katie Collius is reported to be improving from her accident.

Miss Hunt gave a party Saturday evening to a number of her friends.

Garfield Clark, Jay Asquith and Denny Bird of Stockbridge, were in town Friday evening.

Mrs. A. C. Watson and son and Miss Kittie Livermore attended the meeting of the aid society at Thos. Howlett's Friday.

GREGORY.

Mrs. Chas. Best is quite sick.

Miss Craig, of Stockbridge, is visiting at John Marshall's.

Samuel Placeway is suffering from an attack of LaGrippe.

Mrs. Wm. Blair is sick, but is slowly recovering, the Dr. pronounced the trouble appendicitis.

Irving Pickell is industriously drawing material for the erection of a fine barn early in the spring.

There is strong probability of the Waterloo Rural Telephone Co. extending their lines to Gregory, which would give us three lines.

The Aid society at Thos. Howlett's, Friday was a decided success, the table fees, at 10c., was seven dollars, while the social feature was very enjoyable.

The Temple Quartett has come and gone and your correspondent has heard only praise for them. It was, no doubt, the best musical and elocutionary entertainment ever given in Gregory.

DISSOLVED PARTNERSHIP.

The firm of Barnard & Campbell of the village of Pinckney, county of Livingston, state of Michigan, is dissolved this day by mutual consent, W. W. Barnard continuing the business.

All accounts due the said firm of Barnard & Campbell are payable to W. W. Barnard for accounts of him self and Wm. B. Campbell. All accounts against the firm are payable by the said W. W. Barnard.

W. W. BARNARD. Wm. B. CAMPBELL. JAN 31, 1899.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Livingston.

At a session of the probate court, for said county held at the probate office in the village of Howell on Monday the 8th day of February in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-nine.

Present, ALBIRD M. DAVIS, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Orange Bangs, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of ELMIRA VIOLA BANGS, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate.

Thereupon it is ordered that Thursday the 16th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at said probate office, be assigned for the hearing of petition. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in the Pinckney Dispatch, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

ALBIRD M. DAVIS, Judge of Probate. [A true copy] 619

Tested and Tried For 25 Years

Would you feel perfectly safe to put all your money in a new bank? One you have just heard of? But how about an old bank? One that has done business for over a quarter of a century? One that has always kept its promises? One that never failed; never misled you in any way? You could trust such a bank, couldn't you?

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES is just like such a bank. It has never disappointed you, never will. It has never deceived you, never will. Look out that someone does not try to make you invest your health in a new tonic, some new medicine you know nothing of.

Mid-Winter Carpet Buying The Key Note is "Economy."

This is an occasion for churches hotelkeepers and housekeepers from outside towns as well as for the people of Livingston county to share in—an opportunity that is "worth while," (14,200) fourteen thousand two hundred yardage of carpet to chose from. A splendid collection of styles. During the dull weeks before the regular spring carpet buying sets in, "We will make, lay and line all carpets sold, free of charge" (with the exception of laying carpets that go outside of town,) and will care for them until wanted. Our purchases made direct from the manufacturers for spring, have been rolling in since the first of January, and we realize that it takes inducements during the dull winter weeks to keep business going in our carpet department. Prices tell the tale of this great offering, but looking and seeing the splendid styles tell more. Here are some of the prices of ingrain or two-ply carpets, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c, 45c, 47c and 50c. Extra style and qualities 60c, 65c, 75c. We've some rolls, part rolls and short lengths from last seasons selling; some of them when we bought them, we thought were the finest styles of any, but for some reason others haven't thought so, and they have been lagards and we've priced them this way to hurry them out now. Some that were 75c we've marked down to 60c, some that were 65c down to 55c, others that were 60c down to 47c and 45c; some that were 54c down to 50c, others that were 45c down to 40c, and some axminister borders that were 87c, and a dollar down to 50c. During this sale all made laid and lined free of charge.

WM. MCPHERSON & SONS, Howell Mich.

ANDERSON.

F. H. Coleman of Lansing Sundayed with Anderson friends.

L. E. Smith shook hands with Anderson friends the first of the week.

L. E. Wilson, who has been sick at the home of his uncle at Chubb's Corners, is able to be at home again.

Eugene Smith and wife of this place attended the wedding of Mr. Smith's brother in Owosso on Tuesday of last week.

A large number from this vicinity took in the musical at Gregory on Thursday evening, by the Temple Quartette.

The Anderson Farmers' Club will meet at the home of A. G. Wilson, on Saturday, Feb. 11. The following is the program:

- Solo, Miss Florence Marble
Recitation, Mrs. Anson Stowe
Solo, Miss Mable Montague
Paper, C. M. Wood
Solo, Ruth Johnson
Paper, "Farmers' Sons" Florence Marble
Discussion, Kittie Hoff
Paper, "Farmers' D. ughters" Mike Buen
Discussion, N. J. Durlee
Solo, Kittie Hoff
Remarks, Rev. Fr. Comerford
Recitation, Frank Hinchey
Duet, L. E. Smith and Kittie Hoff
Paper, James Roche
Solo, Arthur Bullis
Recitation, Max Ledwidge
Recitation, Madie Hoff
Remarks, Frank Benson
Music, Anderson Band

All are cordially invited to attend.

PARSHALLVILLE.

Married, at the home of the bride's parents in this village, by Rev. J. L. Walker, Miss Myrtia Kirk and Jud Cox, of Ovid, Feb. 2. At home to their friends in Ovid, after March 1st.

Mrs. Frank Chase of Tyrone is very sick at this writing.

Dick Marsh of Pleasant Valley, visited his sister, Mrs. C. Smith, the past week.

Mrs. J. Townley passed away Jan. 30, and was buried from her home Feb. 1st, at 2 o'clock the services being conducted by Rev. J. L. Walker. Mrs. Townley has been in very poor health for a number of years. She leaves a husband and two sons to mourn their loss.

Miss Grace Bowman, of Wright's Chapel, is visiting her many friends here.

Mont Richards, of Toledo, was the guest of hi. parents and other friends here the first of the week.

The weather the past week has been extremely cold, the thermometer registering below zero every morning.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Livingston. At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the probate office in the village of Howell on Monday the 6th day of February in the year one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-nine. Present: James W. Edgar, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Otis Pond, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Frank Pond praying that administration of said estate may be granted to Elmer Van Huron or some other suitable person.

Thereupon, it is ordered that Friday the 8th day of March next at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at said Probate Office, be assigned for the hearing of said petition.

And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in the Pinckney Dispatch a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

ALBIRD M. DAVIS, Judge of Probate. [A true copy] 619

Obituary.

John White was born Nov. 14, 1818, in Henderson, Jefferson county, N. Y. Came to Michigan in 1834, when this country was a vast wilderness, and suffered all the hardships of a pioneer life. He was married in 1838 to Mary Sweet, and lived most of the time in Fowlerville until her death in 1891.

He was the eldest of a large family, of whom only two brothers survive him, Seymour, of Carson City, and L. B., of Anderson, with whom he has made his home for the last three years.

Although not a member of any church he was an earnest student of the Bible, having read it through a number of times. He passed away quietly, Saturday, Feb. 4th, with perfect assurance of a happy home beyond.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.

The Livingston County Teacher's Association will hold a meeting in the central school building, Howell, on Saturday, Feb. 11. The following is the program:

- Music, Invocation, Music.
Paper, "Primary Teaching," Jessie Gr en
Discussion, Misses Mary McNamara, Ella Kennedy and Mrs. J. P. Higgins.
Paper, "The Teacher" Hugh Gannon
Discussion, Stephen Durfee
Paper, "Advantages of the G. aded System in Rural Schools" Mary Cullen
Discussion, Supt. N. Knoolnisen
NOON.
Paper, "Expansion" Mae Commskey
Discussion, Edith Durfee
Paper, "The Parents' Relationship with the school, Prio. Vernou Sawyer
Discussion, Supt. E. D. Watkins
Music
Paper, "Essential Elements which should Enter into a Well Conducted School," Elme L. Elsworth
Discussion, Supt. R. D. Briggs
Music.



HORSE-SHOEING GENERAL REPAIRING, Contracted feet are helped and horses do not interfere when I do the work. Call and give me a trial. Shop on Mill street north of Opera House. ALBERT E. BROWN.

AFTER INVENTORY WHAT?

That is the question we are asking ourselves, We can't tell what stock-taking will reveal, but there are always lots of goods brought to light which we find we must at once close out.

Inventory day was Wednesday, Feb. 1st, and on that day we closed our store to take account of stock and get ready for our inventory sale.

When we opened up on Thursday morning, Feb. 2, we had a list of interesting bargains marked.

We can't tell you what they are now—we don't know ourselves—but we will promise that we will make it worth your while to come and see.

L. H. FIELD. Jackson, Mich.