



**The --
Surprise
Store,
HOWELL .. MICHIGAN.**

A few good bargains to be found in our store:

GALVANIZED PAILS AND WASHTUBS.

- 10 Qt. full size.....15c.
- 12 Qt. " ".....17c.
- 14 Qt. " ".....19c.
- No. 1 Tubs.....44c.
- No. 2 " ".....49c.
- No. 3 " ".....54c.
- 6 Qt. Milk Pans.....5c.
- Boys' Outing flannel Shirts.....11c.
- Men's " ".....15c.
- 50c. Overalls.....24c.
- Brownie Overalls.....17c.

SPECIALS IN THREAD.

- Linen Thread, per spool..... 1c.
- 200 yards Machin cotton..... 2c.
- 500 " Basting "..... 4c.

SPECIALS IN UNDERWEAR.

- Men's 50c. underwear.....39c.
- Ladies' 35c. " ".....27c.

When in Howell, come and see us. We can save you dollars—\$ \$ \$ \$ MATCH US IF YOU CAN.

**E. A. BOWMAN'S
Up-To-Date Bazaar.
Moon Building, next to Postoffice,
Howell Mich.**

LOCAL NEWS.

The price of beans took a jump-up last week.

Wirt Barton spent Sunday with S. T. Grimes in Howell.

Chas. Bious is spending the week with friends in Ypsilanti.

Miss Lucy Mann spent the past week with friends in Detroit.

Andy Bates has moved his family onto the Clarence Carpenter place in Hamburg.

Thos. Birkett expects to enter four pens of Cashmere goats at the Washtenaw Co. fair.

Mrs. J. S. Jenkins, of Mason, was the guest of relatives in this vicinity the past week.

Bert Hicks and wife visited at James Fitch's, in Stockbridge, a few days the past week.

Will Dunning and family attended the state fair at Grand Rapids, last week, and also visited friends.

J. J. Teeple is decorating his house with a new coat of paint. Teeple & Salmon are doing the work.

The Ladies Aid society of the M. E. church, enjoyed a very social time at their dinner, held at the home of Mrs. Edward Burt, last week Wednesday.

The squirrel season opened Oct. 1, and although it was Sunday, there were sounds which indicated that people had been waiting for the first day to dawn. There are but few large squirrels these days and what there are had better keep out of sight.

On Wednesday and Thursday evenings of last week, Rev. Mr. Hutchinson, of Ohio, delivered two able lectures entitled, "The Walls of Jerusalem" and "Through Palestine on Horseback." The lectures were excellent and should have been better attended.

Miss Delia Allen died at her home in Durand, Saturday, Sept. 30. The remains were brought to this place, and the funeral was held at St. Mary's church, Tuesday, Rev. Fr. Comerford officiating. Miss Allen formerly resided at Pinckney, and her many friends sympathize with the bereaved family.

Mrs. Otto Arnold of near Gregory was in this place Tuesday.

Mrs. Bertha Mann is attending a school of pharmacy in Detroit.

Mrs. H. A. Fick and daughter Josie, of of Gregory, were in town Tuesday.

The Livingston Democrat has added a new folder to its already complete outfit.

Mrs. Fred Hemmingway who has been visiting her sister in Dakota, returned on Friday of last week.

Mrs. S. Wallace and Miss Mamie Wallace spent the past week visiting relatives in So. Rockwell and Carlton.

We added eleven new names to our mailing list this week. A small number, but as we lost none it was surely a good gain.

The family of Mrs. Sarah Vorheis desire to thank the friends and neighbors, and also the choir, who so kindly assisted in the late illness and burial of their mother.

When you come to the races Oct. 17, step into the DISPATCH office and subscribe for the home paper. Remember we will send it to new subscribers until Jan. 1, 1901, for only \$1.

Anyone desiring to furnish us potatoes on subscription, can do so if they apply at once. Do not wait until we are supplied by others, as only a limited number of bushels are wanted.

That beautiful moonlight view taken by W. W. Barnard, and shown in his window some time ago, was sent to Detroit recently and secured first prize in competition with over 600 others.

Beans are bringing a fair, potatoes a good price; beef is high and going higher; butter worth nearly 20 cents per pound, but still the DISPATCH is sold at the same old price, \$1.00 per year, or until Jan. 1, 1901 for \$1.

The three men who were confined in the jail at Howell for breaking in W. A. Sprout's store at Anderson, a few weeks ago made a saw of an old knife and escaped Sunday night by sawing the bars. They are still at large.

A New England Supper will be given at the Congregational parsonage, Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 11, from 5 o'clock until all are served. A free-will offering will be taken to apply on the parsonage debt. A cordial invitation to every one.

Quarterly meeting services of the M. E. church on Sunday morning next. Preaching Saturday afternoon by Rev. A. G. Blood, of Marion; quarterly conference Saturday evening. Love feast at 9:30 Sunday morning, and at 10:30 preaching by Rev. E. W. Ryan, followed by sacrament of Lord's Supper. Let every body turn out and fill the church.

On Tuesday Oct. 17, the Pinckney Driving Club will hold the last race meeting of the season, at their fine one-half mile race track, at this place. The races will be best 3 in 5. Free for all, trot or pace, 2:30 trot or pace and 2:50 trot or pace. See large bills for further information. This meeting will be after the close of all the fairs, and it is expected that some good horses will enter.

It has just leaked out that at the close of a district school meeting near here, part of the school board left the building locking two members inside. They then went and enjoyed themselves eating watermelons. On returning to the school building they found their prisoners had just escaped after being locked in for about two hours. It was rather a tough joke—especially the melon part.

School Has Commenced
Books Must be Had
For Every Grade,
Sale At the Lowest Prices.

**All Kinds of Pencils
and Tablets,
Cheap Good and Best.**

A Full Line of Pure Drugs.

You Know Where We Are,

F. A. SIGLER.

AT THE CORNER DRUG STORE.

**BECKWITH
ROUND
OAK
STOVES
ARE THE
BEST.**

TEEPLE & CADWELL



Underwear Special?:

- Ladies' Muslin Night Gowns, at 50c 75c and \$1
- Ladies' Flannelette Night Gowns, at 89c and \$1
- Gents' Flannelette Night Gowns, at 50c 75c and \$1
- Ladies' Muslin Underskirts, 90c. \$1, 1.25 and 1.50
- Ladies' Satine and Crash Underskirts at 75c, 98c, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2

Saturday Specials.

- 1 pound Japan Tea 30c
- 1 pound Baking Powder, 07c
- A Good Coffee, 10c
- Sodio, 04c

F. G. JACKSON.

CLOTHING !

This season we represent Fred Kauffmann, one of Chicago's best tailors. All goods from this house are guaranteed to be strictly MADE TO MEASURE—Also a PERFECT FIT. This house makes suits to measure for boys as well as men. We will make silk vests a specialty, they are the style. From \$3.50 up. Suits from \$12 up.....

We also represent the Celebrated Work Brothers, of Chicago, for ready made Clothing, the latest in style and thoroughly well made.

For Mackintoshes for men, and rubber capes and skirts for Ladies', we represent the Dundee Rubber Co., of Chicago. We shall always be glad to show you our samples in all these lines, and solicit your patronage.

K. H. CRANE.

Serge Suits

The banner garments of the season

Blue is the color
\$12.50 the price per suit

MADE TO MEASURE

BY

Fred Kauffmann
The American Tailor
CHICAGO

You will reproach yourself if you buy before examining

STYLE 5678

Ask his local representative

K. H. CRANE.

to show you the pattern and the "other angles"

Lots of New Underwear

And Prices that will Move It

- Ladies' Union Suits for 49c.
- " " " 99c.
- Misses " " 24c.
- Men's Heavy Fleeced Shirts and Drawers 42c each.
- Men's Heavy Cotton " " 24c each.

Shoes to fit You All.

A Special in Boys' School Shoes, 12 to 2, for 99c. 2 1/2 to 5 1/2 for \$1.14.

Specials for Saturday, Oct. 7:

- 1 pound of 50c Tea for 39c.
- 2 pound of 18c Coffee for 25c.
- 3 pound of Golden Shield Soda for 10c.

W. W. Barnard.

MICHIGAN NEWS SUMMARY.

Doings of the Week Recorded in a Brief Style.

CONCISE AND INTERESTING.

Tramps Murdered the Marshal at Sturgis to Avoid Arrest—Over 20,000 Marriages Were Solemnized in This State Last Year—Other Events of the Week.

Officer Murdered at Sturgis.

The village of Sturgis and surrounding country are wildly excited over the murder of John W. Craig, the village night watchman, by two tramps early on the morning of the 26th. Craig was approached a short time before the accident by two chimney sweeps, who complained that they had been held up and robbed by two tramps near the Grand Rapids & Indiana railroad station. Accompanied by the sweeps, Craig at once started for the station. He found the tramps in a box car on a side track. Craig jumped into the car for the purpose of putting the men under arrest, when they opened fire on him. The assault was so unexpected that Craig had no time to draw his own revolver. He was shot three times, twice in the throat and a third shot entered his left breast. He died almost instantly. The alarm was quickly sounded and soon posses were formed, and the surrounding country was searched, but at last accounts the fiends were still at large.

20,138 Marriages in Michigan Last Year.

There were 20,138 marriages returned by the county clerks to Secretary of State Stearns for the year 1893. This is the largest number ever recorded for a single year and represents a marriage rate of 16.9 per 1,000 population. The largest number of marriages took place in November, 2,264; while the smallest number, 1,302, was in February. Next to November, June and then October, seem to be the favorite months for marriage. The favorite ages were between 20 and 25 for both brides and grooms. Probably the oldest age at marriage on record occurred in a case reported from Washtenaw county, in which the age of the groom was given as 110 years, while the bride was 57.

Decisions Handed Down by Oren.

In reply to questions from Mueller Bros., brewers at Owosso, Attorney-General Oren states that brewers who pay a \$65 tax cannot enter a local option county and store or sell liquor. But they can sell in any county at wholesale, without paying additional tax. They cannot build store houses in other counties, as they would be equivalent to additional breweries.

A majority of those voting is sufficient to establish the free text book system, even if the proportion voting to the population is very small. Laborers who work more than 10 hours a day can collect for extra work, but this does not apply to domestics or farm laborers.

An Honest Convict.

Two years ago last June, Wm. Roach, of Battle Creek, was sentenced to serve 10 years in the Ionia reformatory, for shooting his wife. Sometime before going to prison, however, he borrowed \$6 from Mrs. Lizzie Rosencrantz. Of course when he received 10 years' sentence she abandoned the idea of ever receiving the money and in fact really forgot that she had that amount loaned on such security. The other day, however, she received the \$6 from Roach. The money was earned by working at two cents an hour overtime and saved little by little.

Killed Two of Her Children.

Domestic troubles caused Mrs. Clara Rheiner, of Detroit, to kill her 3-year-old son and a baby, while herself and a daughter aged 7 were nearly exhausted when a brother of the woman forced his way into the house and found them grasping for breath on the night of the 26th. Illuminating gas and morphine were the means used. Her husband left her three days before the tragedy which she admitted at the hospital was the cause of her rash act. Mrs. Rheiner was 34 years old and had been married nine years.

A Horrible Accident in Huron County.

A horrible accident occurred about a mile from Kinde, Huron county at a late hour on the 25th. While James Bell and Charles Toner, two well-known farmers in that section, were driving home their team became frightened and upset the wagon on top of the men, who lay in each others' arms until released the following morning. Toner had been instantly killed by a broken neck, while Bell escaped with a broken arm. Toner leaves a widow and several small children.

Diseases in Michigan.

Reports to the state board of health show that diarrhea, rheumatism, neuralgia, bronchitis and dysentery in the order named caused the most sickness in Michigan during the week ending September 23. Consumption was reported at 203 places; typhoid fever, 98; scarlet fever, 44; diphtheria, 20; whooping-cough, 16; measles, 11; cerebro-spinal meningitis, 2; and smallpox, 2.

New Tax Law Caused a Lawsuit. Arrangements have been perfected for commencing a case to secure a ruling of the supreme court on the application of the amendment made to the tax law by the last legislature increasing from 8 to 12 per cent the interest to be charged on payments of delinquent taxes. Auditor-General Dix has instructed county treasurers to charge the 1 per cent a month from Sept. 23d, when the new law became operative. Applicants now refused to pay this increase, claiming that the law could not apply to taxes returned before the amendment was passed. The court will be asked for a mandamus to compel the acceptance of the old rate.

STATE GOSSIP.

Reading will bond for \$20,000 for a water works system.

The enrollment at the U. of M. on Sept. 26 had reached 2,200.

A class of 60 was confirmed by Bishop Foley at Kalamazoo on the 28th.

The People's university is to establish a college at Berrien Springs.

The potato crop in the vicinity of Hart has been damaged by frosts.

The Presbyterians of Ypsilanti dedicated their new church on the 24th.

Grayling has voted to raise \$8,000 to put down a test well for oil near there.

The State Sunday School association will meet at Battle Creek, Nov. 14-18.

Only one free rural mail delivery route will be established out of Ann Arbor this fall.

The severe frost at New Boston on the 26th is believed to have killed the sugar beet crop.

A heavy northwest gale did much damage to the orchards in Berrien county on the 24th.

Five prominent residents of Branch county have paid heavy fines for violating the fish laws.

Bishop Foley confirmed a class of 60 at St. John's Catholic church, Benton Harbor, on the 25th.

Schoolcraft decided at a special election to bond for \$3,200 for the laying of cement sidewalks.

Cars are now running over the new Detroit, Rochester, Romeo & Lake Orion Electric railway.

Hillsdale builds and controls the sidewalks within the city limits, hence has good cement walks.

Durand's village authorities announce that they will collect the poll tax or know the reason why.

Oakland county authorities have determined to prosecute a vigorous campaign against slot machines.

The Steele farm of 500 acres, lying north of Ionia, has been sold to Dwight Cutler, of Detroit, for \$27,000.

Five Battle Creek saloonists were fined \$25 and \$5 costs by Judge Smith for keeping open on Labor Day.

Horse thieves are working in Washtenaw county and farmers are talking of forming a vigilance committee.

A Metamora man harvested 1,000 bushels of onions from a scant acre of muck land and sold them at 25 cents a bushel.

It is reported that 100,000 bushels of apples were blown from trees in western Michigan during a gale on the 24th and 25th.

At present there are 17 mormon elders at work in Michigan. They preach without salary, reaping their reward in converts.

The entire colony of Adventists, who left Grafton county last spring for Palestine are on their way home. They have had bad luck.

While Mrs. Geo. Stanley, of Tipton, was trying to rescue her 14-months-old baby from a cistern, she fell in and both were drowned.

Fakirs reaped a rich harvest at Traverse City's street fair. Two young men contributed \$270, and many others from \$5 to \$25 apiece.

Newaygo likes her name of "Cement City" very much, and claims no town better deserves it. The new industry promises a boom for the town.

The Howell Manufacturing company with a capital of \$50,000 has been reorganized and will soon commence the manufacture of wire fence at Howell.

Many of the 200 men imported from Cleveland to work in the woods in Marquette county are giving up their jobs. They claim the work is too hard.

Clio has defeated the proposition to bond the village for \$2,000 to build a new school house and the amount must be raised by direct tax this year.

The farmers around Plainwell, who experimented with sugar beet raising this year, are well satisfied and a large acreage will be devoted to beets next year.

The 34th annual reunion of the 20th Michigan infantry will be held at Chelsea, Oct. 18th. Out of about 1,100 originally in this regiment 400 are now living.

Fred Bailey, of Harrison, found a sealed envelope under his plate on the morning of his 21st birthday. It contained a deed for 80 acres of land, the gift of his parents.

Williams Brothers & Charbonneau, of Detroit, will locate a large branch pickle factory at Plainwell, providing the farmers will contract to raise 400 acres of cucumbers.

The pickle factory at Dundee used 12,000 bushels of cucumbers this season.

It is said the Big Four system will build a \$30,000 swing bridge at St. Joseph, extend the line to that city and thence along the south lake shore, tapping the fruit belt.

Walter O. Ashley, senior member of the vessel firm of Ashley & Dustin, of Detroit, dropped dead on the street about noon on the 27th. Deceased was nearly 64 years of age.

Port Sanilac's apple evaporator employs 15 hands and will double the number next month. Fifteen thousand dollars have already been paid for apples in the vicinity.

The hotel safe in the Commercial house, Homer, was robbed on the 25th and \$1,200 in cash and a gold watch taken. A man named Mervin Thompson is suspected of the theft.

An iron bridge over the Coldwater river, three miles south of Union City, became detached from its abutments and crashed into the dam just below it. The damage is estimated at \$3,500.

Frank Temple, who entered the residence of A. F. Wilcox at Royal Oak, and was shot by Mr. Wilcox while leaving his premises, has been sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment at Marquette.

Never before in the history of the Marsh company, of Monroe, have there been so few ducks in that vicinity at this time of the year. There are hardly any ducks flying and there is no shooting whatever.

Keeper Geiger of the Huron county poor farm, reports that the 200 acres of county land have this year yielded 798 bushels of wheat, 875 bushels of oats, 233 bushels of peas, 303 bushels of potatoes, and much corn.

The first snow of the season fell at Calumet on the morning of the 25th, quite a sprinkle of the beautiful coming down. The thermometer registered away below freezing and did great damage to farm produce.

Gen. R. A. Alger has been invited to be one of the guests on the occasion of the splendid banquet to be tendered at the White House by President McKinley to Admiral Dewey on Oct. 3. The general has signified that he will accept.

Chas. H. Baker and George D. Higgins, "yellows" inspectors, report but 22 cases of the "yellows" in Otsego township, and 19 of these are in one orchard. Last year they found 75 cases and the year before over 150 trees were discovered.

Ten hogs, owned by George and Albert Schwanebeck, of Fenton township, Genesee county, took refuge under a tree during a heavy rainstorm on the 24th. The tree was struck by lightning and every one of the porkers were killed.

Sportsmen in different parts of the state say quail were never more plentiful than they are this year. Every wheat field and wood pasture is alive with them and the young birds are now full grown. The coming season of shooting will be the best in years.

The October term of the Washtenaw county circuit court will be a record breaker. There are 104 cases on the docket. Twenty-one are criminal, including eight cases from Ypsilanti for violation of the liquor law last Fourth of July. Fourteen dissatisfied married persons want divorces.

One of the features of the fair at Reed City was the work of a hypnotist, who placed an assistant under his influence and buried him. The man was under ground for 48 hours. While he was in the grave some miscreant dropped a stone down the six-inch air flue and the man's nose was broken.

In the \$10,000 damage suit of Sheriff Scougale vs. Rev. John Sweet, D. D. of Owosso, the jury awarded a judgment of \$1,000 to the plaintiff. Rev. Sweet, through the newspapers declared the sheriff had violated his oath of office by allowing a game of ball to be played on Sunday, hence the lawsuit.

Frank Phiscator, the Michigan Klondike king, for the third time returned to his home at Baroda, Berrien county, from the gold fields on the 26th. Mr. Phiscator sold claims discovered during the previous two visits to the gold fields to a London syndicate for \$500,000. During his last visit of five months he is said to have discovered claims valued at \$200,000.

Freeman Hodges, who was sentenced at Paw Paw recently to two years' imprisonment for chicken stealing, built a fire on the floor of the jail in the hope that he could make his escape in the excitement. The jailer's wife, who was alone in the building, told the other prisoners they could put out the fire or burn to death, and they quickly extinguished the blaze.

The entire cucumber crops in the district northeast of Benton Harbor, representing over 2,000,000 bushels of small pickles per season for the past 10 years, has in the last 10 days been completely destroyed by a foreign small red bug. The new pest, although much smaller, belongs to the lady bug family. The total loss to growers is estimated at more than \$100,000.

The low price of wheat together with the difficulty experienced by farmers on account of the dryness of the ground, and the poor crop of the past season, has sharply reduced the amount of acreage of new sown wheat.

FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE

By Telegraph Giving a Brief Resume of the Week's Events.

RELIABLE AND INTERESTING.

76 Indians Were Killed in Two Hard-Fought Battles Between the Mexicans and Yaquis—An Earthquake in Asia Minor Killed 200 People.

Two Sharp Engagements.

Official reports of two battles between Mexicans and Yaquis have been received. Gen. Luis Torres had declared the campaign suspended until October, but the Yaquis were not consulted on that point. Lorenzo Torres also appears to have made different arrangements. On Sept. 14 Lorenzo Torres crossed the river to Vicam, a town supposed to have been captured by Luis Torres in August, and found the Indians. They attacked his rear guard and a running fight ensued. The report says the Indians were dispersed and nine killed. The Mexican loss was five killed and nine wounded, among the latter Lieut.-Col. Navarro of the 11th battalion, one of the best officers on the Mexican side. On Sept. 18th another engagement was fought and it is officially announced that the Indians left 67 dead on the field, while the Mexican loss was 14 killed and 36 wounded.

Earthquakes, Floods and Landslides.

Earthquakes, floods and terrible landslides occurred at and near Darjeling, in the lower Himalaya, on the 24th. Great damage was done and no fewer than 60 natives perished. There was a rainfall of 28 inches in 33 hours. Three bad landslides took place between Jerling and Sonada, involving the transshipment of a railway train of passengers. According to the latest reports, nine European children and 20 natives were lost between those two points. The whole Calcutta road is blocked and the Paganjhora line has been seriously damaged. About 1,000 acres of tea have been destroyed from Jalapahar to Burchill. At the latter place some 3,000 feet of water supply pipe have been ruined. The electric plant has suffered seriously and the town is in darkness. There is great fear of further rain.

18 Killed in Three R. R. Accidents.

There were three railroad accidents in Mexico on the 25th. One on the Mexican Central telescoped a freight and killed one person; one on the Mexico & Vera Cruz, in the suburbs of Mexico City, in which a train collided with a street car loaded with people returning from the opera and killed seven, and another on the Mexican Central in which five persons were killed, was caused by a big freight engine leaving the track on a down grade and the long train followed it over a precipice.

Servian Assassins Sentenced to Death.

The court at Belgrade, Servia, on the 25th rendered judgment in the case of the prisoners who have been on trial for some time past charged with the attempted assassination of Former King Milan, of Servia, July 6, when he was shot at Bia Bosnian. Knezevic and Paisitch, the leaders of the conspiracy, were sentenced to death; 10 others were condemned to 20 years' imprisonment, one to nine years' imprisonment, and seven to five years' imprisonment. Six of the men on trial were acquitted.

Kruger Must Accept Present Proposal.

The latest concerning the Transvaal situation is to the effect that England has sent a galling reply to Kruger in which he is told that he must accept the present proposals or prepare to accept harder ones. On the other hand President Kruger has flatly refused to comply with the British terms. It is believed at London that the Boers will go to war as soon as the above news is received.

200 Killed by an Earthquake.

The district of Aidin, in Asia Minor, was visited by an earthquake on Sept. 20; and, according to the latest advices, over 200 persons perished. The chief cities of the Vilayet, or province of Aidin, are Smyrna, its capital, Manees and Aidin. The city of Aidin is about 80 miles southeast of Smyrna. It is the residence of a pasha and the focus of a flourishing trade in grain, carpets, figs, opium and sponges.

Dreyfus Has Had a Reaction.

The Paris correspondent of the London Standard says: "The excitement of meeting his children has produced a serious reaction in the condition of Dreyfus and it is feared that it may be necessary to send him to Malta or Madeira."

There is a shipload of Chinese waiting to be landed in the Philippines as soon as the authorities at Washington will give their consent.

In a recent scrap between the Yaqui Indians and Mexican cowboys several of the latter were killed and several hundred head of cattle and horses were driven into the mountains by the Indians. Before leaving, the Indians burned all of the ranch buildings.

WAR NOTES.

The United States cruiser, Charleston, the monitor Monterey and the gunboats Concord and Zafro, with marines and blue jackets from the cruiser Baltimore, left Cavite Sept. 18 and proceeded to Subig Bay to destroy an insurgent cannon fleet. Owing to the bad weather the operation was postponed until Sept. 23d, when the warships for three hours bombarded the town of Olangapo and the entrenchments where the gun was situated. Men on the Charleston, Concord and Zafro were then landed under a heavy insurgent fire, proceeding to the cannon they destroyed it with gun cotton and then returned to the warships. The Americans had one man wounded during the engagement. The number of Filipinos who took part could not be ascertained and no dead were seen. The Monterey fired for four hours 21 shots from her 10-inch gun and 17 from her 12-inch gun. The town, which was riddled with shells, took fire at several points.

The insurgents are trying to incite the natives of Malabon, a city of 30,000 inhabitants, five miles from Manila, to rise against the American garrison. Capt. Allen had been holding the place with two companies of the 16th infantry, but on account of the need of all the available men at the front, his forces has been reduced to 70 men. They now remain near the big church, where they are quartered, being too few in number to patrol the town. Armed, uniformed parties of insurgents recently disembarked from cascos during the night, collecting money for the insurrection, and preached revolt. Two mayors have been elected, but both of them have declined to serve.

The insurgents captured the United States gunboat Urdaneta, in the Orani river, on the northwest side of Manila bay, where she was patrolling. One officer and nine of her crew are missing. The Urdaneta is beached opposite the town of Orani, on the Orani river. She was riddled with bullets and burned and the following guns, with their ammunition were captured: A one pounder, one Colt automatic gun, and one Nordenfeldt 23-millimetre gun. The crew of the Urdaneta are prisoners, or have been killed. Further details are lacking.

Two important dispatches from Gen. Otis at Manila were made public by the war department on the 25th. The first indicates that the insurgents on the island of Negros are about to recognize the authority of the United States. An election in Negros will be held on the 2d of October. The second dispatch says the American flag will be raised in Sulu island. The chief insurgents in Zamboanga are reported willing to accept the authority of the United States, but desire to name conditions which Gen. Otis would not accept.

A dispatch has been received from Manila by the war department, stating that Gen. Snyder attacked the position of the insurgents five miles west of Cebu on the 26th and destroyed seven forts and quite a number of smooth bore cannon. The insurgents were utterly routed and Snyder returned with his force to Cebu. The Tennessee regiment was already aboard transport to come home, but disembarked to take part in the engagement.

A native officer has offered Maj.-Gen. Otis 1,000 Maccabee tribemen to fight Tagals of the Laguna de Bay district. The troops engaged in the fighting at Cebu belonging to the 19th, 6th and 23d infantries and the 6th artillery. The Tagals of the island of Mindanao have expressed their readiness to accept American sovereignty in exchange for protection against the harassing Moros.

Gen. MacArthur captured Porac, a village of 1,800 inhabitants, on the 28th, after a half hour's engagement, in which five Americans were wounded. Many Americans were prostrated by the heat. The insurgent loss is unknown. When the American army entered Porac they found the town deserted. The enemy fled northward.

The 26th regiment U. S. V. sailed from San Francisco for Manila on the transport Grant, on the 25th, which also carried 250 recruits for other regiments.

The battleship, Kearsarge, on her trial trip on the 25th, exceeded the contract speed of 16 knots, averaging 18.84 knots per hour.

NEWSY BREVITIES.

There is a dearth of servant girls at Port Huron.

Vice-President Hobart, who is sick at his home in Paterson, N. J., is slowly but steadily improving.

Millionaire Wm. Bradbury, of San Francisco, Cal., recently spent 24 hours in jail for spitting on the floor of a street car.

There are now 30 cases of yellow fever at Jackson, Miss., and the state health officer says the disease is beyond his control.

Rev. Lewis Lumpkins, who has been preaching at Scottsboro, Ala., for 40 years, has been sentenced to the penitentiary for 10 years on the charge of inhumanly torturing his little grandson by burning him so badly that the child died.

KITTY'S HUSBAND

By Author of "Hetty," Etc.

CHAPTER III.—(Continued.)

"What is the matter, Kitty?" he asked, in a grave, kindly tone, when he had looked at me for some minutes. "Nothing," I returned quickly. "Do I look as though something was the matter?"

"Yes, very much," he answered quietly, after a moment's pause.

I threw my work away from me, and looked across at him defiantly, desperately, with a sudden passionate impulse to pour out in bitter words all my anger and resentment.

"Yes, something is the matter!" I exclaimed.

"I knew that," he replied, in his quiet, kindly tone.

I looked at him quickly, my breath coming and going in little excited, angry gasps. And in a moment, as I looked, my flash of courage vanished. My heart was beating fast still, but beating in a frightened, fluttering way.

"I ought to understand your moods by this time, Kitty," he continued gently. "I knew in a moment that something had worried you. Tell me all about it."

Tell him all about it! I had suddenly realized that nothing could induce me to tell him a word about it. I could only wonder at myself for my own temerity for having said so much. I looked away hastily out of the window at the organ-man and his monkey and the growing troop of ragged children.

"Oh, it was nothing!" I returned hurriedly. "Something vexed me. It was nothing—nothing important."

It surprised me that he did not urge me any further. He sat regarding me gravely and thoughtfully. There was something of anxiety in his eyes when

ing crimson, and that two pairs of eyes were watching me.

"Is that true?" he asked.

"Mamma says so. For some newly arisen and mysterious reason, Mr. Mortimer, Kitty is to blossom forth at once into a grown-up lady—arent you, Kitty? She's to turn up her hair and learn how to make jams instead of Latin prose, Mamma, you must know, awoke this morning—or, rather, this afternoon—in a most astonishingly domestic mood. She ascended upon us in our sitting-room and took our breath away. What do you think she said?"

"Meg, don't!" I cried helplessly. "Mr. Mortimer doesn't want to hear."

"On the contrary, he's looking most eager," said Meg, provokingly calm. "From all we could gather, Mr. Mortimer, Kitty's to renounce the higher education and take to ladylike accomplishments—jam making and the putting of feathers into her hats. Now, what would you say was going to happen? You don't know, of course?"

"I wish I did!"

"Kitty, you know, was destined for a governess—"

"I'm to be a governess still," I interposed. "The plan isn't changed; nothing could change it. I want to be a governess!"

"You want to be a governess?" repeated Mr. Mortimer slowly, in a somewhat puzzled tone. Well might he be puzzled! Times beyond number I had confided to him my utter detestation of the post of preceptress—told him I would rather sweep rooms, make match boxes, sell apples at street corners—do anything! Nevertheless—

"I shall love to be a governess!" I declared, with steady decision.

"How did you come to know my sister?" he asked.

"I don't know her; I don't want to know her—I don't like her! I read an article of hers once in one of the dull magazines—the magazines that father takes in. It was on 'Girls of the Nineteenth Century.' I dare say it was very clever—I know it was very horrid, sarcastic, superior, hateful! She was a 'girl of the nineteenth century' herself once, I suppose, once—or is she nearly ninety?"

"She is just thirty-six, Miss Meg."

"Poor thing!"

We both laughed at the long-drawn-out pity of Meg's tone.

"At thirty-six I can imagine that one may feel a hundred!" she said feelingly. "Still one may feel a hundred without feeling so superior about it. Father gave me the article to read; he thought it would do me good, and it didn't!"

"No; you don't seem to have been benefited, I confess."

"It only made me rejoice to think that I lived in the nineteenth century. Girls in the last century were much less frivolous, as well as less independent; they thought less about their hats and dresses—made their things last—spoke when they were spoken to, and were altogether models of correct deportment. Well, I'm glad I wasn't a last century girl! Besides, I haven't the least bit of a wish in the world to be dead and buried! I'm glad your sister lives in Brittany! Brittany's a good long way off. If she lived in London I suppose we should have to know her?"

"You will be sorry to hear, Miss Meg, that I believe she is thinking of coming to London."

"Oh! To live?"

"Yes—I think so. She went to Brittany ten years ago to live with a very dear friend of hers, who married and settled there. Her friend, Madame Arnaud, is a widow now; there is nothing to keep them in Brittany any longer. They are coming to England in September—indeed, I am going abroad now to help them to settle their affairs before they leave."

Meg was tapping the ground softly with her little pointed shoe, and looking down at it with an absorbed, puzzled air, her brows knit in thought.

"Madame Arnaud—Madame Arnaud!" she repeated. "I have heard of Madame Arnaud!"

He did not offer to quicken her memory. It seemed to me that an expression of annoyance crossed his face.

"What is it that I have heard? I can't remember," said Meg, raising her eyes and appealing to him.

There was a distinct note of impatience in his grave tone as he answered her.

"I am sure I can not say. Whatever you have heard must have been in her praise—that one may safely affirm!"

Meg made a little gesture of disdaine.

"And does she belong to this century?" she asked, after a pause, her blue eyes looking at him seriously.

"Yes—she belongs to this century," he said, smiling.

But again, in spite of his smile, it struck me that the conversation vexed him. He was impatient, not at ease. I had not spoken, but now I felt a sudden need to ask one question—the same question which indirectly Meg had asked.

"Is she young?" I asked quickly, looking at him.

"Not what you would call young, Kitty," he returned gently, in a different tone. "She is 30—perhaps a little more than 30. I have not seen much of her these last ten years, but I saw her for an hour or two last summer; she was as young then as she was at 20. She is one of those women who will never grow old. When she comes to London, Kitty, you must know her. You and she will be good friends—I think so."

"I don't envy Kitty," said Meg, in a stage whisper to her pointed toe. "Is she a French woman?" she asked in a different tone, looking up again.

"No—English."

"And she married a Frenchman," said Meg. "How horrid! Was he like the Frenchman one sees upon the stage—always rubbing his hands and bowing? Why did she marry him?"

"Because she loved him, I suppose. I never asked her."

"Then why assume that it was love? Very few people marry for love—except in books—or so mamma says. Not that mamma's opinion is worth much; it's her opinion that our dresses should last two summers, and that the second summer, if we look guys, we should be contented. All the same, all people don't marry for love—for instance, I heard today of a person who thinks of marrying for a very different motive."

He showed no curiosity, nor did he show much signs of confusion. Perhaps he had not heard what Meg said. He did not seem, indeed, to be heeding her; he was rising now to go.

"If one wanted to fall in love," said Meg, "one would never choose a Frenchman. Madame Arnaud—Madame Arnaud? I wonder where I have heard and what I have heard of Madame Arnaud."

(To be continued.)

The Lord has Advised Kruger to Fight.

A Cape Town correspondent says: Persons enjoying the confidence of the Transvaal government assures the Transvaal that a five-year franchise would secure peace, the other questions being dealt with by the reformed republic gradually or by arbitration, all existing difficulties will disappear. A friend of President Kruger at Cape Town recently received a letter stating that the president prayed three hours the other night and afterwards said he was perfectly happy. The Lord had told him to fight and he was not afraid of Chamberlain.

Already to Fight.

A committee of squatters on the Maxwell land grant in Colorado on the 26th met the posse of the deputy United States marshals sent from Denver to evict them from the lands they have occupied at the mouth of the Stonewall valley. The officers were informed that two or three of their number could proceed and serve the writs of ejectment but that the posse must go no further. The settlers are organized and well armed and apparently mean business. The deputies have camped where they were stopped and are waiting instructions from the marshal's office in Denver.

Situation in Samoa.

The Samoan situation is regarded by officials at Washington as much more menacing, because of the numerous reports, particularly those from German sources, that the Mataafa natives are growing restive and are being incited to another rebellion. There has been no official verification of these reports, but officials acquainted with affairs there and in possession of the latest information credit the reports and say there are indications that further trouble is brewing.

Dewey Arrived Two Days Early.

The hero of Manila bay, Admiral Dewey, arrived at New York on the morning of Sept. 26th, two days ahead of time. It is needless to say that his unexpected arrival created much surprise. The trip from Gibraltar to New York took 16 days, a much shorter time than was estimated, and this of course accounts for the surprise to some degree. All on board of the flagship are reported well and happy to again see the shores of home.

Wiped Out by Fire.

The town of New Madrid, Ill., on the Mississippi river, 40 miles below Cairo, was practically wiped out by fire soon after midnight on the 26th. Eighteen business houses were burned. Only one grocery is left in the town. The loss is reported at nearly \$100,000.

THE NEWS CONDENSED

Thirty new cases of yellow fever and two deaths were reported at Key West, Fla., on the 24th.

On Sept. 25 the Dewey home fund had reached \$32,763, but the committee still want not less than \$25,000 more.

Kentuckians of Clay county fear a feudists' battle and have asked that troops be furnished during the trial which soon commences.

The Atlas Steamship Co.'s steamer Aulac, bound from Kingston to Baltimore, foundered off Port Morant, on the south east of Jamaica on the 25th. Five lives were lost.

Four new cases of the bubonic plague were reported at Oporto on the 24th. Since the outbreak of the disease there have been 74 cases, of which number 30 have resulted fatally.

BASE BALL.

The following table shows the number of games played, won, lost and the percentage of each club in the National League, up to and including Thursday, Sept. 28th:

Clubs	Games Played	Won	Lost	Per Cent.
Brooklyn	134	93	41	.694
Philadelphia	141	88	53	.624
Boston	137	84	53	.613
St. Louis	136	80	56	.588
Baltimore	142	80	62	.563
Cincinnati	140	76	64	.543
Chicago	139	71	68	.511
Pittsburg	142	70	72	.493
Louisville	141	69	72	.489
New York	136	56	80	.412
Washington	138	49	89	.355
Cleveland	145	20	125	.137

THE MARKETS.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle	Sheep	Lambs	Hogs
New York—				
Best grades	\$4.70	\$4.50	\$5.75	\$1.91
Lower grades	2.50	2.50	4.10	1.75
Chicago—				
Best grades	5.00	4.41	5.81	4.75
Lower grades	3.30	2.25	3.50	4.15
Detroit—				
Best grades	3.50	2.25	4.00	4.80
Lower grades	2.50	2.50	4.00	3.50
Buffalo—				
Best grades	4.00	3.45	4.50	5.71
Lower grades	2.50	2.50	3.15	4.65
Cincinnati—				
Best grades	3.75	3.50	4.00	5.75
Lower grades	2.50	2.50	3.50	5.00
Pittsburg—				
Best grades	5.50	2.60	4.65	5.61
Lower grades	2.50	2.50	3.75	5.25

GRAIN, ETC.

	Wheat	Corn	Oats
	No. 2 red	No. 2 mix	No. 2 white
New York	76¢	36¢	30¢
Chicago	74¢	34¢	28¢
Detroit	74¢	34¢	28¢
Toledo	73¢	34¢	28¢
Cincinnati	73¢	34¢	28¢
Pittsburg	73¢	34¢	28¢
Buffalo	73¢	34¢	28¢

*Detroit—Hay, No. 1 Timothy, \$11.00 per ton. Potatoes, 60¢ per bu. Live Poultry, spring chickens, 8¢ per lb; fowls, 7¢; turkeys, 11¢; ducks, 6¢. Eggs, strictly fresh, 15¢ per doz. Butter, best dairy, 18¢ per lb; creamery, 8¢.

FIFTY CENTS FOR NOTHING.

What will the inventive brain of man do next? This is a question some one asks almost daily. There is one, though, who leads all others, who for a quarter of a century has been making fine laundry starch, and to-day is offering the public the finest starch ever placed on the market.

Ask your grocer for a coupon book which will enable you to get the first two packages of this new starch, "RED CROSS" (trade mark brand), also two children's Shakespeare pictures, painted in twelve beautiful colors, natural as life, or the Twentieth Century Girl Calendar, all absolutely free. All grocers are authorized to give ten large packages of "RED CROSS STARCH" with twenty of the Shakespeare pictures of ten of the Twentieth Century Girl Calendars to the first five purchasers of the "ENDLESS CHAIN STARCH BOOK." This is one of the greatest offers ever made to introduce "RED CROSS" laundry starch, J. C. Hubinger's latest invention.

Why is the editor who enjoys good health always in a critical condition?

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
Dr. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known Dr. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.
West & Traux, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.; Welling, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Salt and wood ashes in reach of hogs are beneficial. Good for horses also.

Non-Territorial Expansion.

Means paying rent for a poor farm. Now is the time to secure a good farm on the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway in Marinette County, Wisconsin, where the crops are of the best, work plenty, fine markets, excellent climate, pure soft water, land sold cheap and on long time. Why rent a farm when you can buy one for less than you pay for rent? Address C. E. Rollins, Land Agent, 161 La Salle, St., Chicago, Ill.

There are family traits and likenesses in sheep as much as in humans.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Ease?

It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoe. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

Are there waste places in the pasture? Give them a coat of manure.

Never Grip Her Gripe.

Don't open a door with an ax, so a key! Don't open your bowels with mercurial pill poison, use Cascaret Candy (Cathartic) Druggists, Inc., N. Y.

The roots of a tree are often as extensive as its branches.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup For children teething soothes the raw, red, inflamed, always pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Chinamen wear their hair long and the women wear it short.

I shall recommend Piso's Cure for Consumption far and wide.—Mrs. Mulligan, Plumstead, Kent, England, Nov. 8, 1885.

Haze and western sky purple indicate fair weather.

"Summer Complaint" was a terror to children until Brown's Teething Candy was found to cure it.

The hop grows wild in Europe from Norway to Italy.

A blur of haziness about the sun indicates a storm.

"The Prudent Man Setteth His House in Order."

Your human tenement should be given even more careful attention than the house you live in. Set it in order by thoroughly renovating your whole system, through blood made pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then every organ will act promptly and regularly.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Never Disappoints

Gloomy Dyspeptics. Perhaps it's the indigestion of Starchy Foods that troubles you. Why not try a remedy prepared especially for that kind of indigestion.

15 cents on the Money-back-if-not-satisfactory-plan will purchase a box.

KASKOLA is the remedy it contains disease a new remedy only that digests 1,000 times its weight of starch, never Dyspeptics are failures because they do not digest this class of food. Kaskola contains the mercurious elements of the old treatment combined with the new discovery.

Price 15 cents—all druggists or of the makers.

THE P. L. ABBEY CO., Kalamazoo, Mich.

BIG WAJES for fall and winter to Gosh or Lady introducing our goods in this country. Particulars FREE. E. & T. TRACY & CO., Publishers, New York City.



I BOWED MY HEAD LOWER OVER MY WORK.

I turned my head again and surprised his glance.

"Oh, Mr. Mortimer!"

The exclamation came from the doorway. Meg stood there, her hand on the door, and looked in and hesitated, evidently trying desperately to think of some excuse for hastily retreating. As John Mortimer rose and went to meet her, she came in reluctantly, looking at him with a half-deprecating, half-laughing glance, her blue eyes twinkling even as she mutely apologized. She stood in the middle of the room for a minute, as though hesitating whether to go or stay. She took off her pretty, shady straw hat, and shook her hair free into loose, airy, pretty waves and curls; then suddenly she banished the thought of retreating, sat down beside me on the sofa and gave herself up to the pastime of tormenting us.

Bending forward a little, with one elbow on her knee, and her pretty chin on her little pink palm, she could face us both. Now her eyes glanced mischievously into mine, now suddenly, with a swift smile, into his. And how bewitchingly pretty she looked all the while! I found myself wondering with a sudden eagerness, and a strange sickness of heart, what John Mortimer thought of her prettiness.

"Kitty's to leave school, Mr. Mortimer," she told him presently, in an admirably simple, natural tone. "Did you know?"

I bowed my head lower over my work, conscious that my face was grow-

"Kitty—my dear, dear Kitty!" expostulated Meg.

"I shall love it!" I repeated, with defiance.

CHAPTER IV.

Looking up, I found John Mortimer's eyes still fixed upon me with a steady glance, half puzzled, half troubled. He made a hasty, resolute attempt to change the conversation, and succeeded; in a few minutes Meg was gaily describing our plans for summer holidays in August. She had forgotten me and the pleasure of tormenting me.

"We are going to Cornwall," and she sighed. "Cornwall's quiet—that suits father; and Cornwall's cheap—that suits mamma. It doesn't suit us at all. Dora and I hate hills and cliffs; we like promenades and bands and tennis. It's a frivolous thing to confess—we don't care! We detest cheap places, and, if there's one thing worse than a cheap place, it's a quiet place! Are you also coming to Cornwall, Mr. Mortimer?"

"No; I am going to Brittany, if my present plans hold good."

"That's where your sister lives?"

"Yes."

"I don't think I would go to Brittany to see my sister if I were you."

"Why not?"

"Oh, she don't deserve it. I don't like your sister, Mr. Mortimer—you don't mind my saying so, do you?"

Mr. Mortimer smiled quickly, yet half reluctantly.

Interesting Items.

We have made arrangements so we can furnish the DISPATCH, and the Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press, and the Free Press Annual Year Book and Encyclopaedia for 1900, a valuable book of over 550 pages that tells you all you want to know. Over 40,000 of the 1899 edition were sold at 25c. each. It is the most popular book of the kind ever published. We will send all three for only 1.75, if taken within the next three months.

You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. F. A. Sigler will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. + dec. 1

Cheap Excursion to Chicago.

On account of the Fall Festival and Dedication of Government Building at Chicago, Ill., October 3d to 13th 1899, The Grand Trunk Railway System will sell excursion tickets to Chicago and return at one single for the round trip. Continuous passage tickets will be sold from C. & G. T. Division stations Potterville and West, October 3rd to 10th, good going on date of sale, returning same day or next following day. From all other stations, good going October 2nd to 10th, returning until October 14th, by deposit of ticket at Chicago and paying a fee of 50 cents. Children over 5 and under 12 of age half fare. Get full information from your nearest agent as to condition of tickets.

A WONDERFUL CURE OF DIARRHOEA. A prominent Virginia Editor had almost given up, but was brought back to perfect health by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

From the Times, Hillsville, Va. I suffered with diarrhoea for a long time and thought I was past being cured. I had spent much time and money and suffered so much misery that I had almost decided to give up hope of recovery and wait the result, but noticing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and also some testimonials stating how some wonderful cures had been wrought by this remedy, I decided to try it. After taking a few doses I was entirely well of that trouble, and I wish to say further to my readers and fellow sufferers that I am a hale and hearty man to-day and feel as well as I ever did in my life. O. R. Moore. Sold by F. A. Sigler.

AMONG OUR SISTER VILLAGES.

Washtenaw county is to have a uniformity of text books for its district schools.

Saline merchants do not feel the loss of trade by the electric line running through there; but rather they have gained trade instead.

S. E. Francis of Stockbridge caught 126 nice frogs in Island lake one night recently. Mr. Francis makes a business of catching frogs and as he receives \$1.50 per dozen his evenings work paid well. The law-makers will probably croak on the bull-frog question soon and then Mr. Francis will be out of a job.

WANTED—SEVERAL BRIGHT AND HONEST persons to represent us as Managers in this and other by counties. Salary \$600 a year and expenses. Strictly bona-fide, no more, no less. Position permanent. Our references, at my bank in any town. It is mainly office work conducted at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope, THE DOMINION COMPANY, DEPT. 3, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Macenboes of Chelsea have just moved into a new hall of their own.

Rev. Geo. Moorhouse of the Webster Cong'l church has tendered his resignation as pastor of that church.

A Holly vinegar factory grinds over 5,000 bushels of apples per day for the manufacture of vinegar. Wonder where they get 'em?

At three different houses in the village of Fowlerville last Sunday night, burglars attempted to enter, but were in all cases frightened away.

The last, but not least—Fenton Fair, Oct. 10-13, is the last exhibition in the state. It is also the last fair on the old grounds, but with a fine list of attractions, will be a hummer.

F. H. Trump, of Milford has raspberries that are a wonder. The bushes are of the Gladstone variety and have been bearing continuously since early in the season, furnishing enough for table use nearly every day.

Dan Monk of Berlin, is raising a strawberry that is just now in fruit, and Monday of last week he picked five quarts. He has one hundred plants, the name of which he has forgotten, but to distinguish them he calls them "Monk's Wonder." The nature of the plant is to fruit from the first of August, and these plants have borne from that time until the present. Mr. Monk, had a fine branch on exhibition here Tuesday.—Saranac Local.

Our Latest Music Offer.

Please send us the names and addresses of three music teachers and performers on the piano or organ and 25 cents in silver or postage and we will send you all of the new and most popular pieces full sheet music arranged for piano or organ: "The Flower that won my Heart" now being sung by the best known singers in the country, "Mamie O'Rourke" the latest popular waltz song, "March Mantia, Dewey's March Two Step" as played by the famous U. S. Marine Band of Washington, D. C., and five other pages of popular music. Address, Popular Music Co., Indianapolis, Ind.

Remarkable Rescue.

Mrs. Michael Curtin, Plainfield Ill. makes the statement, that she caught cold, which settled on her lungs; she was treated for a month by her family physician, but grew worse. He told she was a hopeless victim of consumption and that no medicine could cure her. Her druggist suggested Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption; she bought a bottle and to her delight found herself benefited from first dose. She continued its use and after taking six bottles, found herself sound and well; now does her own house work, and is as well as she ever was.—Free trial bottles of this Great Discovery at F. A. Sigler's Drug Store. Only 50cents and \$1.00, every bottle guaranteed.

Now that Dewey has arrived and been formally received, we hope the country can get down to business again.

The barn on what is known as the Rose estate, now owned by Miss Helen Cate, was torn down the past week and taken to the farm of Wm. Docking who will rebuild it.

The weather of the past two weeks reminds us that there are several who wanted to pay their subscription in wood. We would be glad if someone would bring us some immediately.

We notice by the Howell papers that owing to the protracted drouth and consequent shortage of feed, the managers of the Howell Condensed milk factory will pay \$1.10 for November milk, and \$1.20 for December. This is an increase of 10 and 20 cents over the regular prices for those months.

A Frightful Blunder

Will often cause a horrible burn, scald, cut or bruise. Bucklen's Arnica salve, the best in the world, will kill the pain and promptly heal it. Cures old sores, fever sores, ulcers, boils, festoons, corns and all skin eruptions. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25c a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by F. A. Sigler, druggist.

W. C. T. U.

Edited by the W. C. T. U. of Pinckney.

In the plebiscite on local option in the Norwegian capitol, women cast two-thirds of the votes against the sale of drink.

Among the share holders of the brewing company of Guinness & Co., London, are no fewer than 178 persons bearing the title of "Rev.," including bishops, deans, archdeacons and canons of the Church of England.

All the Methodist churches of New Zealand have excluded fermented wine from the communion services, but the Primitive Methodists have gone further and have made total abstinence a condition of church membership.

Oberlin, Ohio, has never tolerated a saloon. Frequent attempts have been made to start one, and in 1881 an allowance which secured pledges to the amount of \$200,000 was formed with the intention of forcing liquor into the city, but it failed, the inhabitants even resorting to violence. All students required to pledge themselves to abstain on entering the college.

The Philadelphia Record calls attention to the fact that iron workers who build the sky scrapers never go on duty when the least under the influence of liquor. If any one sees or hears of a derrick or scaffold man taking a drink, it is his duty to report it, and the man is watched. When proof is found, the offender is instantly discharged.

JONES HE PAYS THE FREIGHT "PERFECT" WAGON SCALES United States Standard, All Sizes, All Kinds. Not made by a trust or controlled by a combination. For free book and price list, address JONES OF BINGHAMTON, BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

The saloon license at Joliet, Ill., has heretofore been \$1,000 a year. The council recently voted to reduce it to \$500, passing the measure a second time over Mayor Mount's veto. The mayor declines to sign the order and the matter will be taken into the courts, but while a decision is pending Joliet will be "dry."

Germany, the land of beer and "personal liberty" in beer drinking, is about to try legislation as a remedy for drunkenness. On the first day of January 1900, the sixth paragraph of a new code will go into operation in Germany. This new law places every habitual drunkard under an interdiction involving complete submission to the will of a duty appointed "curator."

The star of hope is rising over southern California amid the temperance cause. Dr. E. S. Chapman, the superintendent of the Anti-saloon league of all California, a short time since dug out of the law books a statute concerning the formation of local government boards in that state, under the title of "Sanitary Districts." This is a measure which places the retail liquor business in the hands of these neighborhood officials. The sanitary board has complete power in the question, and by electing a no-license board the saloon can be shut out of any district. This is local option. The good people of the splendid towns of southern California are acting upon the hint, and a vigorous campaign to oust the saloon has been begun.

That Thobbing Headache

Would quickly leave you, if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for sick and nervous headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25c, money back if not cured. Sold by F. A. Sigler, druggist.

JEWEL RANGE advertisement featuring a large illustration of a stove and text: 'JEWEL RANGE', 'LARGEST STOVE PLANT IN THE WORLD', 'Reason & Shehan.'

For a SUMMER CRUISE take the COAST LINE TO MACKINAC advertisement with D&C logo and details about steamers and routes.

Story of a Slave. To be bound and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and is able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headaches, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a god-send to weak, sickly, run-down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents. Sold by F. A. Sigler Druggist.

Facts to Remember. The original and genuine Red Pills are Knill's Red Pills for Wan people at 25c box, the woman's remedy. Don't pay 50 cents. You can work when they work, never gripe or make you sick. Knill's White Liver Pills. Bowel regulator. Twenty-five doses, 25 cents. Pleasant, safe and sure are Knill's Black Diarrhoea Pills. Cures summer complaints, dysentery and all pains of the stomach and bowels. Only 25 cents box. Knill's Blue Kidney Pills cure backache, etc. Only 25 cents box. Pure, sweet stomachs and breaths are made by taking Knill's Dyspepsia Tablets. They will cure indigestion, correct all stomach troubles, destroys all foul gases for 25c box. Best and cheapest. Guaranteed by your druggist. Will Curlett, Dexter. W. B. Darrow, Pinckney.

A Free Trip to Paris! Reliable persons of a mechanical or inventive ability and energy will receive a free trip to the Paris Exposition, with good salary and expenses paid, should write to THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md.

WAYNE HOTEL, DETROIT AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN, \$2 TO \$3.50 \$1.00 TO \$2.00 SINGLE MEALS, 50c. UP TO DATE CAFES



Railroad Guide. Grand Trunk Railway System. Time Table in effect, June 19, 1899. M. A. L. DIVISION - WESTBOUND. No. 27 Passenger, Pontiac to Jackson, connection from Detroit 9:44 a.m. No. 29 Passenger, Pontiac to Jackson, 6:45 p.m. No. 29 has through coach from Detroit to Jaxon. No. 43 Mixed, Lenox to Jackson, connection from Detroit 4:45 p.m. All trains daily except Sunday. EAST BOUND. No. 30 Passenger to Pontiac and Detroit 5:15 p.m. No. 28 Passenger, Jaxon to Detroit, 9:16 a.m. No. 28 has through coach from Jaxon to Detroit. No. 44 Mixed to Pontiac and Lenox 7:55 a.m. All trains daily except Sunday. No. 30 connection at Pontiac for Detroit. No. 44 connection at Pontiac for Detroit and connection for the west on D. & M. R. R. E. H. Hughes, W. J. Black, A. G. P. T. Agent, Chicago, Ill. Pinckney



Popular route for Ann Arbor, Toledo and points East, South, and for Howell, Owosso, Alma, Mt. Pleasant, Cadillac, Marquette, Traverse City and points in Northwestern Michigan. W. H. BENNETT, G. P. A. Toledo

PATENTS advertisement with '50 YEARS EXPERIENCE' and 'Scientific American' logo, offering patent services.

Pinckney Dispatch.

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Publisher.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN.

The same fire that makes the dross evident, purges the gold.

Few girls practice economy as faithfully as they do the piano.

Character is the only reliable certificate issued by the school of life.

The average man is polite to a lot of other men he would rather kick.

The stage prompter might be appropriately termed a theatrical poster.

Nickel trimmings on a stove are a source of much heat—to some people.

The eagle on the silver dollar is merely to remind us that riches have wings.

There is much difference between boasting of sickness and glorying in wounds.

Many a man who would shrink from taking a purse for profit will steal a character for pleasure.

One great consolation is peculiarly the humorists—he isn't supposed to laugh at his productions.

France lost her head over the Dreyfus case and other nations seem to be doing the same thing, but in a different way.

The popularity of summer boat excursions is conclusive proof that men can have a good time on water occasionally.

A young man named Quitman has been arrested because he refused to discontinue his unreciprocated attentions to a fair lady. He failed entirely to live up to his name.

"Automobile" is indeed a mongrel word, half Greek, half Latin, but having come into general use, it has gained nine points of the law, and may be looked upon as a fixture in the language. It is included in the "Century Dictionary," which gives examples of its use in "Greer's Dictionary of Electricity" and the Scientific American. The disposition to shorten it to "auto" is nearly as vulgar as the degradation of bicycle to "bike."

A Frenchman once classified Americans in Europe as "millionaires, snobs and tourists." The millionaires spent their money freely, and sometimes sacrificed their daughters for title. The snobs were ashamed of their own country and eager to be known as the companions of princes, dukes and earls. The tourists were a mob of sightseers, out of whom money was to be made at every turn. A satirical grouping, based upon sufficient truth to somewhat disturb national pride!

A new international question has been raised by recent antics of the Rio Grande river in changing its course. The river formerly flowed within a few yards of Fort Ringgold, Texas, but has forsaken its old channel and made a new one a mile southeast, entirely in Mexican territory. A treaty with Mexico, made in 1884, provides that the abandonment of an existing bed by the river and the formation of a new one shall not effect a change of the boundary. But as Fort Ringgold depended entirely on the Rio Grande for its water supply, and as the United States requires a military post there, the matter has been referred to the international boundary commission for settlement.

The greatest result of the recent Buffalo conference of social reformers was the raising of \$14,000 toward the establishment of a school of economics. It is proposed to create a committee of well-known gentlemen, who will undertake to secure pledges of \$20,000 a year for two years. The first work to be attempted will be the prosecution of researches into price movements as related to money, trusts, tariffs, etc.; changes in wages and the number of the unemployed from time to time; and the result of the various attempts of local and national authorities in this and other countries to regulate and to operate such monopolies as electric light, gas, street railways, telephones, railroads, telegraphs, the express business, etc. The co-operation of public libraries will be sought, and assurances have already been received that press associations reaching millions of readers will be glad to publish any results of these investigations. It is expected to establish a large correspondence department, furnish lecturers, at small charge above traveling expenses for schools, colleges and extension centers, conduct a summer school, and later, if funds shall be sufficient, instruction will be given during the winter months. The headquarters of this school will probably be in New York or Boston, but a branch, at least, will probably be established in Chicago.

TALMAGE'S SERMON.

EASY DIVORCES, LAST SUNDAY'S SUBJECT.

"What Therefore God Hath Joined Together Let Not Man Put Asunder" Matt. 19: 6—Skeletons All Over the House as Well as in the Closet.

That there are hundreds and thousands of infelicitous home in America no one will doubt. If there were only one skeleton in the closet, that might be locked up and abandoned; but in many a home there is a skeleton in the hallway and a skeleton in all the apartments. "Unhappily married" are two words descriptive of many a homestead. It needs no orthodox minister to prove to a badly mated pair that there is a hell; they are there now. Sometimes a grand and gracious woman will be thus incarcerated, and her life will be a crucifixion, as was the case with Mrs. Sigourney, the great poetess and the great soul. Sometimes a consecrated man will be united to a fury, as was John Wesley, or united to a vixen, as was John Milton. Sometimes, and generally, both parties are to blame, and Thomas Carlyle is an intolerable grumbler, and his wife has a pungent retort always ready, and Froude, the historian, pledged to tell the plain truth, has to pull aside the curtain from the lifelong squabble at Craigenputtock and 5 Cheyne row.

Some say that for the alleviation of all these domestic disorders of which we hear, easy divorce is a good prescription. God sometimes authorizes divorce as certainly as he authorizes marriage. I have just as much regard for one lawfully divorced as I have for one lawfully married. But you know and I know that wholesale divorce is one of our national scourges. I am not surprised at this when I think of the influences which have been abroad militating against the marriage relation. For many years the platforms of the country rang with talk about a free-love millennium. There were meetings of this kind held in the Academy of Music, Brooklyn; Cooper institute, New York; Tremont temple, Boston, and all over the land. Some of the women who were most prominent in that movement have since been distinguished for great promiscuity of affection. Popular themes for such occasions were the tyranny of man, the oppression of the marriage relation, women's rights, and the affinities. Prominent speakers were women with short curls and short dress and very long tongue, everlastingly at war with God because they were created women; while on the platform sat meek men with soft accent and cowed demeanor, apologists for masculinity, and holding the parasols while the termagant orators went on preaching the gospel of free love. That campaign of about twenty years set more devils into the marriage relation than will be exercised in the next fifty. Men and women went home from such meetings so permanently confused as to who were their wives and husbands that they never got out of the perplexity, and the criminal and the civil courts tried to disentangle the illud of woes, and this one got alimony, and that one got a limited divorce, and this mother kept the children on condition that the father could sometimes come and look at them, and these went into poorhouses, and those went into insane asylums, and those went into dissolute public life, and all went to destruction. The mightiest war ever made against the marriage institution was that free-love campaign, sometimes under one name and sometimes under another.

Another influence that has warred upon the marriage relation has been polygamy in Utah. That is a stereotyped caricature of the marriage relation, and has poisoned the whole land. You might as well think that you can have an arm in a state of mortification and yet the whole body not be sickened, as to have any territories or states polygamized and yet the body of the nation not feel the putrefaction. Hear it, good men and women of America, that so long ago as 1862 a law was passed by congress forbidding polygamy in the territories and in all the places where they had jurisdiction. Thirty-seven years have passed along and nine administrations. Yet not until the passage of the Edmunds law in 1882 was any active policy of polygamic suppression adopted. Armed with all the power of government, and having an army at their disposal, the first brick had not till then been knocked from that fortress of libertinism. Every new president in his inaugural tickled that monster with the straw of condemnation, and every congress stultified itself in proposing some plan that would not work. Polygamy stood in Utah and in other of the territories, more entrenched, more brazen, more puissant, more bragart and more internal than at any time in its history. James Buchanan, a much-abused man of his day, did more for the extirpation of this villainy than all the subsequent administrations dared to do up to 1882. Mr. Buchanan sent out an army, and although it was halted in its work, still he accomplished more than the subsequent administrations, which did nothing but talk, talk, talk.

Even at this late day, and with the Edmunds act in force, the evil has not been wholly extirpated. Polygamy in Utah, though outlawed, is still practiced in secret. It has warred against the marriage relation throughout the land. It is impossible to have such an awful sewer of iniquity sending up its miasma, which is wafted by the winds north, south, east, and west, without the whole land being affected by it.

Another influence that has warred against the marriage relation in this country has been a pustulous literature, with its millions of sheets every week choked with stories of domestic wrongs, and infidelities, and massacres, and outrages, until it is a wonder to me that there are any decencies or any common sense left on the subject of marriage. One-half of the news stands of our great cities reek with the filth. "Now," say some, "we admit all these evils, and the only way to clear them out or to correct them is by easy divorce." Well, before we yield to that cry, let us find out how easy it is now. I have looked over the laws of all the states, and I find that while in some states it is easier than in others, in every state it is easy. The state of Illinois, through its legislature, recites a long list of proper causes for divorce, and then closes up by giving to the courts the right to make a decree of divorce in any case where they deem it expedient. After that you are not surprised at the announcement that in one county of the state of Illinois, in one year, there were 833 divorces. If you want to know how easy it is, you have only to look over the records of the states. In Massachusetts, 600 divorces in one year; in Maine, 478 in one year; in Connecticut, 401 divorces in one year; in the city of San Francisco, 333 divorces in one year; in New England, in one year, 2,113 divorces, and in twenty years in New England, 20,000. Is that not easy enough? If the same ratio continue, the ratio of multiplied divorce and multiplied causes of divorce, we are not far from the time when our courts will have to set apart whole days for application, and all you will have to prove against a man will be that he left his slippers in the middle of the floor, and all you will have to prove against a woman will be that her husband's overcoat was buttonless. Causes of divorce doubled in a few years, doubled in France, doubled in England, and doubled in the United States. To show how very easy it is, I have to tell you that in Western Reserve, Ohio, the proportion of divorces to marriages celebrated was in one year one to eleven; in Rhode Island, one to thirteen; in Vermont, one to fourteen. Is not that easy enough?

I want you to notice that frequency of divorce always goes along with the dissoluteness of society. Rome for 500 years had not one case of divorce. Those were her days of glory and virtue. Then the reign of vice began, and divorce became epidemic. If you want to know how rapidly the empire went down, ask Gibbon. Do you know how the Reign of Terror was introduced in France? By 20,000 cases of divorce in one year in Paris. What we want in this country, and in all lands, is that divorce be made more and more difficult. Then people before they enter that relation will be persuaded that there will probably be no escape from it, except through the door of the sepulchre. Then they will pause on the verge of that relation, until they are fully satisfied that it is best, and that it is right, and that it is happiest. Then we shall have no more marriages in fun. Then men and women will not enter the relation with the idea it is only a trial trip, and if they do not like it they can get out at the first landing. Then this whole question will be taken out of the frivolous into the tremendous, and there will be no more joking about the blossoms in a bride's hair than about the cypress on a coffin.

What we want, is that the congress of the United States move for the changing the national constitution so that a law can be passed which shall be uniform all over the country, and what shall be right in one state shall be right in all the states, and what is wrong in one state will be wrong in all the states. How is it now? If a party in the marriage relation gets dissatisfied, it is only necessary to move to another state to achieve liberation from the domestic tie, and divorce is effected so easily that the first one party knows of it is by seeing it in the newspaper that Rev. Dr. Somebody a few days or weeks afterward introduced into a new marriage relation a member of the household who went off on a pleasure excursion to Newport or a business excursion to Chicago. Married at the bride's house. No cards. There are states of the union which practically put a premium upon the disintegration of the marriage relation, while there are other states, like the state of New York, which has the pre-eminent idiosyncrasy of making marriage lawful at 12 and 14 years of age.

The congress of the United States needs to move for a change of the national constitution, and then to appoint a committee—not made up of single gentlemen, but of men of families, and their families in Washington—who shall prepare a good, honest, righteous, comprehensive uniform law that will control everything from Sandy Hook to Golden Gate. That will

put an end to brokbrages in marriage. That will send divorce lawyers into a decent business. That will set people agitated for many years on the question of how they shall get away from each other to planning how they can adjust themselves to the more or less unfavorable circumstances.

More difficult divorce will put an estoppel to a great extent upon marriage as a financial speculation. There are men who go into the relation just as they go into Wall street to purchase shares. The female to be invited into the partnership of wedlock is utterly unattractive, and in disposition a suppressed Vesuvius. Everybody knows it, but this masculine candidate for matrimonial orders, through the commercial agency or through the country records, finds out how much estate is to be inherited, and he calculates it. He thinks out how long it will be before the old man will die, and whether he can stand the refractory temper until he does die, and then he enters the relation; for he says, "If I cannot stand it, then through the divorce law I will back out." That process is going on all the time, and men enter into the relation without any moral principle, without any affection, and it is as much a matter of stock speculation as anything that was transacted yesterday in Union Pacific, Wabash, and Delaware and Lackawanna. Now, suppose a man understood, as he ought to understand, that if he goes into that relation there is no possibility of his getting out, or no probability, he would be more slow to put his neck in the yoke. He should say to himself, "Rather than a Caribbean whirlwind with a whole fleet of shipping in its arms, give me a zephyr off fields of sunshine and gardens of peace."

Rigorous divorce law will also hinder women from the fatal mistake of marrying men to reform them. If a young man, by 25 years of age or 30 years of age, have the habit of strong drink fixed on him, he is as certainly bound for a drunkard's grave as that a train starting out from Grand Central depot at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning is bound for Albany. The train may not reach Albany, for it may be thrown from the track. The young man may not reach a drunkard's grave, for something may throw him off the iron track of evil habit, but the probability is that the train that starts tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock for Albany will get there, and the probability is that the young man who has the habit of strong drink fixed on him before 25 or 30 years of age will arrive at a drunkard's grave. She knows he drinks, although he tries to hide it by chewing cloves. Everybody knows he drinks. Parents warn, neighbors and friends warn. She will marry him; she will reform him. If she is unsuccessful in the experiment, why then the divorce law will emancipate her, because habitual drunkenness is a cause for divorce in Indiana, Kentucky, Florida, Connecticut and nearly all the states. So the poor thing goes to the altar of sacrifice. If you will show me the poverty-struck streets in any city, I will show you the homes of the women who married men to reform them. In one case out of ten thousand it may be a successful experiment. I never saw the successful experiment. But have a rigorous divorce law and that woman will say: "If I am affianced to that man it is for life, and if now in the ardor of his young love, and I the prize to be won, he will not give up his cups, when he has won the prize surely he will not give up his cups." And so that woman will say to the man: "No, sir, you are already married to the club, and you are married to that evil habit, and so you are married twice, and you are a bigamist. Go!"

How They Rewarded Madame Sterling

Madame Antoinette Sterling, the contralto singer and evangelist, had an experience in the Bombay presidency, India, which is as quaint as any of Kipling's tales of the hills. She was campaigning with Pundita Ramabal, and through her magnificent voice was drawing thousands of natives to her meetings. They had never seen that kind of a missionary before, and had never heard a voice like hers. They were so pleased with her work that they said to themselves: "This is a foreign woman guru, and for fear of giving offense to us she has omitted to put her begging-bowl outside of her door for us to put in the customary contributions." In India, every guru or holy person carries a brass, wood or clay begging-bowl into which the devout put some small sum of money. Madame Sterling walked out upon the veranda of her bungalow one morning, and there, to her amazement, found two begging-bowls. One, a little one, with a few annas in it intended for the Pundita, and one, an enormous affair, containing a handsome sum of annas and rupees for herself. The only explanation she could ever extract from the servant was this: "Little bowl—little money for the little Pundita with little voice. Big bowl—big money for big Missahib with big voice." Madame Sterling was one of the principal speakers among the American women at the International council recently held in London.

The shiftless man accuses fortune of being blind.

HOW I SPENT MY VACATION.

Just a brief description of how I spent my vacation this year, with little more expense than the salary earned during my trip, may not be amiss. It was the most delightful change from the hard and dusty improvements to roll over the boundless prairies and view from the car windows of a Missouri, Pacific train, the magnificent scope of country between here and Pueblo. There is no loveliness like that which comes with the shades of night on these vast plains, filled then with waving corn and ripening wheat. There is no more bracing air than that with which one refreshes his lungs in the early morning when the mountains of Colorado are just coming into view, the mighty Pike's Peak reaching the vision long before its lowly neighbors. When, then, comfortably, there is no pleasant ride than over this same guarded spot of the Western world which in our Great American Desert. So we rode into Pueblo and thence by the Denver and Rio Grande road to Denver, a fair city with all the comforts and handsome buildings of her older sisters of the East and lying in an altitude far above the air we breathe in our homes, a gem in an emerald setting of never yielding mountain heights. Continuing our journey over the Denver and Rio Grande and the Rio Grande Western roads we started for Salt Lake City, the capitol of the new state, which has been aptly termed the "Mountain Walled Treasury of the Gods." And thus we are permitted to pass through the most varied and entrancing scenery of the Rocky Mountains and to witness the wonders of the Royal Gorge, where the cunning of man has overcome the difficulties presented by Nature in her efforts at the grotesque and the sublime. These chained out attention and drew breathless expressions, especially when crossing some chasm on an almost impossible bridge structure with a roaring brawling stream beneath us. It is inspiring and grand every foot of the way to Salida and from there many other decided attractions we visited. Perhaps that which will most interest a large number of my fellow travelers is Marshall's Pass, that marvelous testimonial to American engineering skill. As the altitude grows greater the view becomes less obstructed. Miles of cone-shaped summits are in view. We are in and above the home of the clouds. We see the snow covered spires of the Sangre de Christo range. To our right is the fire scarred front of old Ouray. We reach the summit at an altitude of 10,852 feet. From this point a magnificent view can be had of the Sangre de Christo range. The pass is a scenic and scientific wonder; grades of 21 feet to the mile are frequent. The streams from the summit flow eastward into the Atlantic and westward into the Pacific. We are impressed with the feeling that we are on the pinnacle of the world.

It would require much space to tell of all the beauties of this trip and of the pleasures of our stay in the City of the Prophets. There are many points of interest and among those that claimed our attention were, naturally, the Mormon Temple and Tabernacle; Fort Douglas, United States Military Post, three miles; White Sulphur Springs, one mile; Beck's Hot Springs, three miles; Liberty Park, one mile; Calder's Park, three miles; together with other attractions and drives too numerous to mention. Thirteen miles from the city is located the magnificent bathing resort, Saltair Beach, on Great Salt Lake, the finest salt water bathing resort in the world.

Let me urge upon my friends to try this trip during some vacation. It will well repay the expense in the restoration of health, the broadening of the mind and the addition it will give to each one's general information, tending thus to raise his standard of citizenship and to help himself and his brothers thereby.

F. P. BAKER.

Booming Home Industries.

"The international peace conference has turned out to be a good thing for this country."

"How do you mean?"
"Look how many orders we are receiving from other countries for new ships and guns."—Ohio State Journal.

TO CALIFORNIA.

Via the Midland Route.

Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m. a through Tourist Car for San Francisco, carrying first and second-class passengers, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City (with stop-over privileges at Salt Lake City), for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California. The Tourist Car berth rate from Chicago to San Francisco is only \$6.00, and the sleeping car berths should be reserved a few days in advance of departure of train. Through tickets and sleeping car accommodations can be secured from any agent in the east, or by applying at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Depot or City Ticket Offices in Chicago. Send for our free illustrated California folders. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Spiders in Japan.

Spiders are a serious plague in Japan. They spin their webs on the telegraph wires, and are so numerous as to cause a serious loss of insulation. Sweeping the wires does little good, as the spiders begin all over again.

Fire did \$775,000 damage in buildings in the stock yards at Chicago on the 31st.



Ayer's Pills
Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia, and all liver complaints. 25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers**. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., MADISON, N. H.

Madagascar has a flower that emits the odor of putrid flesh.

A MAMMOTH INSTITUTION.

To those who are accustomed to sending away from home for their goods it is of the greatest importance to know the character and reliability of the establishments selling goods to families from catalogues. The great emporium of the John M. Smyth Co., located at 150 to 156 West Madison street, Chicago, has been established for a third of a century, and has furnished over a half a million homes in Chicago and vicinity alone. This firm enjoys the confidence of the public by its many years of fair dealing. It issues an immense illustrated catalogue that should be in every family, as it describes and gives the price of every article required for household use. A sample of the extraordinary values offered by this firm is shown in the illustration of the lady's ulster in another column of this paper. These garments are indeed wonderful values, and yet they are but a sample of the thousand and one useful articles illustrated and described in the beautiful catalogue of the John M. Smyth Company.

Have a syringe handy when the foal puts in an appearance.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Hot and Sweating Feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores. 35c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Lelkoy, N. Y.

The flock enjoy summer as well as winter comforts.
The yoke of Christ is obedience to God.



ACTS GENTLY ON THE KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS EFFECTUALLY COLDS, HEADACHES, OVERCOMES & FEVERS
HABITUAL CONSTIPATION
PERMANENTLY TO GET ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.

BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'FD BY **CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS, PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE.

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Educates Young Men and Women in the best business methods of today. Qualifies them to step right into good business positions. More than 2,000 pupils placed in good situations the past year. The demand for trained business assistants exceeds the supply. Come here and get a good business education. Terms liberal and easy. Board in the city a week up. Write for particulars today—tomorrow never comes. Address: **CUTCHES COLLEGE**, 321 Madison St., Detroit, Mich.

LADY OR MAN wanted to travel and appoint agents, \$250 per month salary and expenses. Write to Zizor & Co., 718 Monroe Bldg., Chicago.

ADMIRAL DEWEY AT HOME.

Olympia Drops Anchor Off Tompkinsville

ALL ARE WELL ON BOARD.

Remarkably Fast Voyage Across the Atlantic.

NEW YORK A BLAZE OF COLOR

Unprecedented Welcome to Be Given the World's Greatest Sailor by the Citizens of America's Premier City.—Work for the Reception Committee Made by His Arrival Ahead of Schedule Time—Plans Are Magnificent—Large Attendance Certain.

New York, Sept. 26.—Much to the surprise of everyone in the city the Olympia, with Admiral Dewey on board, arrived off the Sandy Hook lightship at 5:55 this morning. There was a heavy mist on the sea, and at



ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY.

first the marine observers were inclined to think the vessel sighted might be Rear Admiral Howison's flagship, the Chicago, hardly believing Admiral Dewey would arrive two days ahead of time. The doubt was soon cleared away, however, and as passing vessels recognized the flagship from Manila bay there was a continuous blowing of whistles in salute. The Olympia sailed from Gibraltar Sept. 10.

One of the first large vessels to sight the Olympia was the passenger steamer Sandy Hook of the Sandy Hook line, which left Atlantic Highlands shortly after 7 o'clock for her New York dock. Just as she got well under way a war vessel was seen through the fog, and passengers and crew, headed by the Sandy Hook's captain, gathered at the rail to read the newcomer's name. To get near enough to do this the Sandy Hook changed her course and headed directly for the Olympia, blowing her whistle in salute as she did so. As soon as the name was made out the Sandy Hook's passengers cheered with all their might, and in a few moments an answering cheer came over the water from the warship's sailors, many of whom were gathered on deck.

The flagship came up to the lower bay and anchored inside Sandy Hook. As soon as the anchor was dropped an orderly was sent ashore with dispatches from the admiral and other officers. He said the ship had had a pleasant trip across the Atlantic and that all on board were well and glad to be home again.

The Olympia's crew was put to work immediately cleaning ship. Many small vessels are sailing around her and their number is being augmented constantly.

The admiral's early arrival was a matter of great concern to the city authorities who are arranging for New York's official welcome. Secretary Foster of the reception committee went to the city hall early and at once issued a call for a special meeting of the committee. Mr. Foster said he could not forecast the committee's action, but he thought it probable the committee would go down to the Olympia at once and meet the admiral. Mayor Van Wyck hurried to his office where he found the following telegram:

"Olympia arrived this morning. Will go to Tompkinsville tomorrow. "GEORGE DEWEY."

The mayor advised the calling together of all the city's committees, and telegrams were sent out calling on the members of the plan and scope committee and the various sub-committees to meet as quickly as possible at the city hall. St. Clair McKelway, the chairman of the sub-committee of the reception committee, was the first to arrive. Mr. McKelway thought the reception committee would wait on Admiral Dewey tomorrow, instead of on Thursday, and that the admiral would remain at the anchorage of Tomp-

kinsville until Friday. Then the regular reception would take place Friday and Saturday, according to the city's program.

The Sandy Hook steamer Monmouth passed the Olympia early this morning and those on board of her were the first to see Admiral Dewey. One of the Monmouth's passengers said:

"We saw Admiral Dewey quite plainly. He stood alone on the quarterdeck of the warship. Fifteen feet behind him stood eight of his officers in uniform. The admiral alone of all men on board ship acknowledged the cheers of the passengers and crew of the Monmouth. He raised his hat continually, bowing and smiling. The ship looked in fine trim, considering her long voyage, but the exterior of her hull was seamed with rusty streaks."

Today for the first time in many years an admiral's salute was fired in New York bay. Fort Hancock saluted with seventeen guns when the Olympia passed, coming in.

There was no demonstration of an official character in Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet off Tompkinsville when the news of the Olympia's arrival was received. Signals announcing Dewey's arrival were hoisted, and there was considerable cheering, which, although a violation of the strict rules and regulations of the navy, was not officially noticed by the commanding officers.

It had been planned that one of the fleet, probably the Texas, would go down to the Hook and escort the admiral's flagship to her anchorage inside the Hook, but, of course, this plan had to be abandoned. There will be no action taken by Rear Admiral Sampson in the matter of saluting Admiral Dewey until the Olympia reaches the upper bay tomorrow.

When the Olympia reaches the upper bay Admiral Dewey will find that the quarantine station will be decorated with 1,500 red, white and blue electric lights. On the terrace are letters nine feet high, spelling "Welcome home." They are set against a natural background of green, and show white in the day time and will be lighted with electricity at night.

When the Olympia, on the day of the Dewey naval parade, rounds the stake boat in North river, the school ship St. Mary's, the boys wearing their white working suits, will man the yards in the saluting custom which obtained when Dewey was a junior officer. This, it is believed, will recall pleasant memories to the admiral and will make a display that is novel in these days of steel ships with masts that are only used for military purposes.

Greater New York is rapidly giving up every other consideration save that of Admiral Dewey. From center to circumference the city is bright with flags. The principal thoroughfares are league-long flames lit by myriads of patriotic hands. Fifth avenue, the modern Applan way, along which there pours the city's tide of wealth, flashes with color from end to end.

With a patriotism not less true or hearts less loyal the people of the tenements flutter their bunting, faded and bedraggled though it be, but signifying everything in the way of genuine enthusiasm.

Altogether the present week will witness a demonstration of national esteem such as this country never saw before. Six times within the memory of living man this city has been draped in honor of its heroes. These six occasions have been occasions of national mourning. Adams, Monroe, Clay, Lincoln, Garfield and Grant form this galaxy of great dead. On that sad spring day fourteen years ago, when the cortege of the hero of Appomattox rolled up Broadway at the head of his old regiments, the great thoroughfare was black—deeply and funerally black—like the bed of a Styx gone dry. Here and there were flashes of color, here and there a blending of flags and crepe, but the general tone was that of a deep and unutterable woe. How different is this magnificent reception to be tendered to a living hero.

In all the ocean of bunting between the Battery and the Bronx there is no hint of sadness. The mothers and sisters and sweethearts and wives of the dead men in Cuba and Luzon are among those who will cheer the returning hero.

One million visitors are already here, and every incoming train on every road is crowded with passengers. It is expected that on parade day 2,000,000 spectators will be gathered along the line of march. It will be the largest crowd ever gathered together in the history of the country.

Gen. Howard has announced that the following organizations of veterans will be in his division: The Duryea zouaves, the One Hundred and Sixty-fifth New York regiment, the Eleventh regiment, Veteran association, the "Old Fighting Fifth" New York heavy artillery, the First regiment of mounted veterans and 250 members of the New York Sons of Veterans.

The reception committee has established the final order of precedence. Admiral Schley will be in a carriage back with the visitors. Admiral Sampson will come well up to the head of the naval officers' section, a great distance ahead of Schley, who is to be preceded by the naval officers, Gen. Miles, Gen. Merritt and others.

THE ills of women overshadow their whole lives. Some women are constantly getting medical treatment and are never well. "A woman best understands women's ills," and the women who consult Mrs. Pinkham find in her counsel practical assistance. Mrs. Pinkham's address is Lynn, Mass.

MRS. MABEL GOOD, Correctionville, Ia., tells how Mrs. Pinkham saved her life. She says:

"I cannot thank you enough for what your medicine has done for me. I can recommend it as one of the best medicines on earth for all women's ills. I suffered for two years with female weakness and at last became bedfast. Three of our best doctors did me no good so I concluded to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking a few bottles of your medicine, I was

PRACTICAL HELP FOR SUFFERING WOMEN



able to do all my household work. I know that your medicine raised me from a bed of sickness and perhaps death, and am very thankful for what it has done for me. I hope that every suffering woman may be persuaded to try your medicine." Get Mrs. Pinkham's advice as soon as you begin to be puzzled. The sick headaches and dragging sensation come from a curable cause. Write for help as soon as they appear.

MRS. DOLE STANLEY, Campbellburg, Ind., writes: "DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I was troubled with sick headache and was so weak and nervous, I could hardly go. A friend called upon me one evening and recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, saying that she knew that it would cure me. I then sent for your medicine and after taking five bottles of it, I was entirely cured. I cannot praise it enough."

John M. Smyth Co.
MAMMOTH MAIL-ORDER HOUSE
150-152-154 156-158-160 162-164-166 W. MADISON ST. CHICAGO.

In Time of Sunshine Prepare for Rain.



Our Facilities are such that we are enabled to quote prices that always interest economical buyers. Our goods are the trust-worthy kind that always give satisfaction. Our values are the unapproachable kind that never can be reached elsewhere.

No. 110, Ladies' Royal Cape Mackintosh Coat, made of high grade double texture wool cashmere in navy blue or black, lined throughout with fancy plaid, full sweep double-breasted detachable cape, with fine pearl buttons, inlaid velvet collar, Olga plait in back; new shape skirt with open outside pocket and opening in side seam to allow access to dress pocket; buttonholes are worked with silk, and all seams strongly sewed. The manufacturer's guarantee for entire satisfaction stands back of every garment; this coupled with the way down price we name should settle all doubts as to the value. A good Mackintosh is a wise investment, whereas a poor one is money thrown away. Our strong points are practical knowledge of quality and buying in large quantities at the lowest cash prices; these advantages we extend to our customers. One of these Mackintoshes will protect you from rain and dampness and give best of satisfaction. Sizes 34, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches long, no larger. Price

\$3.45

OUR MAMMOTH CATALOGUE

In which is listed at lowest wholesale prices everything to eat, wear and use, is furnished on receipt of only 10c. to partly pay postage or expressage, and as evidence of good faith—the 10c. is allowed on first purchase amounting to \$1.00 or above.

CARTER'S INK
Ask for it. If your dealer hasn't it he can get it easily.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets
REGULATE THE LIVER

CHEAP FARMS
DO YOU WANT A HOME?
100,000 ACRES Improved and unimproved and sold on 1 year time and easy payments, a situation to come and see us or write. THE TRUMAN TRUST CO. 1088 STATE BANK, Sanitar Center, Mich., or The Truman Trust Co., Sanitar Co., Mich.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CROUPS WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

It is affected with Thompson's Eye Water.

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C. Successfully Prosecutes Claims. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Office.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 & \$3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.
Worth \$4 to \$8 compared with other makes.



Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers. ALL LEATHERS. ALL STYLES. THE GENUINE HAVE W. L. DOUGLAS' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Largest makers of \$3 and \$3.50 shoes in the world. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send you a patron receipt of price. State kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe. Catalogue A Free. **W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.**
W. N. J.—DETROIT—NO. 39—1899
When Answering Advertisements Specify Notices This Paper.



PARSHALLVILLE.

Mrs. Fred Huff is quite sick at this writing.

Clayton Cornell and wife were in Detroit the past week.

Grace Wakemen returned from Pontiac the past week.

Sanford Avery and family of Fenton spent last Sunday here.

Mrs. Dr. Parker visited relatives in Ann Arbor the first of this week.

Elvin Farnham and family of Jackson are visiting here for a few weeks.

Mrs. Kelly of Cohoctah is spending a few days with her daughter Mrs. Fred Hoff.

Bessie Cornell and Emma Sanborn visited friends in Milford the last of last week.

October the 8th will be the first quarterly meeting of this Conference year. The Presiding Elder, Bancroft, will be present.

WRIGHTVILLE

Jas. Caskey rides a new wheel. Quite a number from here attended the Stockbridge fair last week.

Allie Crowley spent Saturday night and Sunday with her aunt and family.

Mrs. Mary Secord and Mrs. A. M. Rockwood are visiting relatives in Williamston.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bland visited her parents, A. B. Farrington and wife, last Sunday.

Mrs. A. M. Rockwood has had her house nicely painted the work being done by Mr. Conk, of Gregory.

Mrs. Anna Hoff and daughter, Mrs. Anna Youngs, called upon old friends in this place last week.

WEST PUTNAM.

Mabel Monks was in Detroit the first of the week.

Fannie Monks was in Howell the first of the week.

Thos. Cooper expects to spend the winter in Canada.

After a week's visit with friends, Nellie Gardner has returned from Lansing.

They who attended the Stockbridge fair are agreed that it was the best fair ever given by the citizens of that village.

UNADILLA.

Gertrude Webb Sundayed under the parental roof.

Mrs. James Hoard has been quite sick the past week.

John Frazier called on friends in this place last Tuesday.

Mary Barton and son Emmet returned from Luther, last Sunday.

Holden DuBois and wife, of Leslie, visited his parents here last week.

Frank Barnum and Jennie Harris called on friends in Iosco last Sunday.

Rev. Whitfield is spending a few days this week with the Plainfield people.

Miss Kate Barnum is spending the week with friends and relatives in Stockbridge.

Lyman Barton transacted business in Jackson Tuesday and Wednesday of this week.

Herm Hudson has rented the hotel at Gregory and will move there in the near future.

Mrs. Mame Weston, who has been quite sick at Petoskey, is better, and will return home the first of next week.

Mrs. Mary Ives and Kittie Livermore started for Ithaca, N. Y., last Thursday for a couple months visit with relatives.

Homer Ives and family moved on their new farm near Chelsea, this week; and Harrison Bates will take up his abode on the old homestead.

C. J. Barton, who was sent to Jackson for burning the Hadley barns, will be liberated the 19th of this month, having gained a year for good behavior.

The young people of this place held a party at the residence of Homer Ives, last Monday evening prior to their moving to Chelsea. A good time was enjoyed.

ANDERSON.

C. D. Bennett and wife of Howell Sundayed at J. Marble's.

Emmet Ferguson is spending the week with his parents in Iosco.

N. J. Durkee is working for W. H. Placeway of East Putnam.

Dellivan Durkee left Monday for Ypsilanti where he will attend the Normal the coming season.

James Hoff and son Bert were in Howell Monday

H. H. Swarouth shook hands with Anderson friends first of the week.

Mrs. David Smith is spending a few days with her mother, in Handy.

A number from this place took in the Fair at Stockbridge on Friday last.

Mrs. Fred Mackinder returned last week after a three weeks visit in Toledo.

David Taylor, of Unadilla, was a caller in this vicinity the first of the week.

A Mr. Jones, of Crystal Lake was in this vicinity, last week, buying apples.

Misses Kittie Hoff and Florence Marble made a flying trip to Howell on Tuesday last.

Mable Swarouth of Pinckney was a guest of Anderson friends the later part of last week.

Eugene Smith and family spent a couple of day's last week with relatives in Stockbridge.

Mrs. Wm. Moore of Lansing visited at the home Mrs. J. E. Durkee the later part of last week.

C. P. Sykes & Son of Pinckney are putting a Steam Heater in the new residence of V. G. Dinkle near here.

Wm. Potter and family, of Hamburg, John Musson and family, of Marion, spent Sunday at Henry Whipple's.

A valuable dog belonging to Henry Whipple, of this place, was bitten by a rattlesnake one day last week, and it is feared he will not recover.

The Corresponding sec. of the Livingston county C. E. Union, has been requested to announce, that the fifth district convention will be held at Lansing, Nov. 2-3.

MORE LOCAL.

Chas. Bailey of N. Dak., is shaking hands with old friends here.

Wm. Hale of Milford, was the guest of H. M. Padley's family the past week.

The many friends of Henry Barton will be glad to know that he has recovered so as to be able to ride out.

Our offer of the DISPATCH until Jan. 1, 1901, for only \$1, has been the means of gaining many new subscribers. Send it to some friend.

No school Friday—Fowlerville fair.

The new stone cross-walk on Main street is completed.

R. H. Erwin, who has been quite sick is better at this writing.

Mrs. J. R. Martin and Miss Grace Bowman were in Howell on Thursday.

Leo Foley expects to attend the Fair at Ann Arbor, Friday, also visit his sister Veronica.

Richard Clinton has moved his family to his farm, recently purchased, near Houey Creek.

Percy Swarouth returned to his work at Brighton Sunday evening, after spending a few days at home.

Mrs. Amos Vanorder, of Webberville, was the guest of her sister, Mrs. W. H. Leland, the past week.

The first snow of the season fell here on Friday evening last, Sept. 29. There was but little of it however.

Will Dunbar and Will Doyle took in the Washtenaw Co. fair at Ann Arbor, on Wednesday, making the trip a wheel.

The Misses Maule and Fannie Teeple expect to go to Albion, next Monday, to take a course of study in Albion college.

I. J. McGlocke of Detroit, shook hands with old friends in town Wednesday. He and wife are spending a few days with relatives in Unadilla.

Grace Bowman who had been spending the past week at the home of John R. Martin and wife returned to her home in Iosco on Monday last.

Amos Vanorder, who has been here taking penny photos has gone to Dexter. He found too many Kodaks in this place to make his business pay.

The friends and schoolmates of Goldie Turner, gave her a pleasant surprise at her home last Saturday evening. Goldie started Tuesday with her parents for Sterling, Neb., to spend the winter.

Thos. Turner has closed up his residence on Mill street and he and family will spend the winter with a son in Sterling, Neb. They will be missed from among us. The DISPATCH will be a weekly letter to them from home.

MONTHLY REPORT

Of the Pinckney Public Schools for the month ending Sept. 29, 1899.

HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes: Whole number of pupils 44, Total days attendance 789, Average attendance 42, Aggregate tardiness 35, Number of days taught 19, PUPILS NEITHER ABSENT NOR TARDY, Iva Placeway Lucy Swarouth, Desda Diley Maud Haney, Hazel Vaughn Bertha Donaldson, Will Dunbar Sidney Sprout, Fred Teeple Bernard Glenn, STEPHEN DUFFEE, Supt.

GRAMMAR DEPARTMENT.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes: Number of pupils 26, Total attendance 450, Total tardiness 42, Average attendance 225, Number days taught 19, PUPILS NEITHER ABSENT NOR TARDY, Elery Duffee Ethel Duffee, Fred Reid Rex Read, Eva Grimes, C. L. GRIMES, Teacher.

INTERMEDIATE DEPARTMENT.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes: Whole number of days taught 19, Total number days after lance 346, Average daily attendance 17.3, Whole number belonging 20, Aggregate tardiness 18, PUPILS NEITHER ABSENT NOR TARDY, Rae Cadwell Norma Vaughn, Mary Lynch Mabel Brown, Lucy Cathane Orpha Hendee, EDITH CARR, Teacher.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT.

Table with 2 columns: Item, Value. Includes: Whole number of days taught 19, Total number of days attendance 525, Average daily attendance 26.25, Whole number belonging 29, Aggregate tardiness 28, PUPILS NEITHER ABSENT NOR TARDY, Howard Brown Clarence Brown, Lloyd Grimes Steve Jeffreys, Roy Moran Margaret Lynch, Helen Reason May Teep, Kate Brogan Thomas Moran, JESSE GREEN, Teacher.

Several fine shafts weighing about 60 or 70 pounds. PATRICK KELLY. t-40

Remember the date of the Winter Millinery Opening at Boyle & Halstead's, Oct. 5-6

For Sale. I have a bunch of fine Wool rams for sale. One Scotchshire ram. Frank A. Barton, Anderson. t-42

For Sale. I have two set of double harness and one single harness, repairs etc. that I would like to sell for the 15th of Nov. The harness are my own make. I do not intend to do any more for the date so wish to sell them. JOSEPH SYKES. t-43

Grand Opening of New Fall and Winter Goods' at A. J. PRINDLE'S, HOWELL

We have placed on sale the Largest, Finest and Cheapest line of Merchandise in Livingston Co. Great Sale commences at once. Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Cloaks, Jackets, Capes, Shawls, Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, Bedding, Blankets, Wall Paper, Ladies' and Men's Underwear, Yarns, Felts, Rubbers, etc.

Prints Per Yard. 3 1-2 Cents. Great Sale on Cloaks, Capes Jackets and Collarets.

We have the Finest and Cheapest line in the county. We bought them at a Big Discount and can save you from \$1.50 to \$5 on a single garment.

Table listing Ladies' Jackets, Capes, Etc. with prices. Includes: Jackets that sell regularly for \$15.00, We will sell for \$9.89, Capes that sell regularly for \$15.00, We will sell for \$9.50, etc.

The Biggest Deal in Clothing ever heard of—We have stacks of Clothing, Overcoats, Etc.

Table listing Men's Fine, Latest cut, Covert cloth, Box Overcoats, reg. \$12 coat, We sell for \$6.50, Men's Fine Black Overcoats cheap at \$8.00, Fine Black Dress Suits, \$5.00, etc.

We Keep Everything. You can save money by buying your fall bill of us. We have six thousand square feet of floor space packed full of the choicest merchandise to be had. We cannot give you any idea of the emensity of our stock.

We handle produce, Dried Apples, Etc. If you have any dried apples bring them to us—they are the same as cash. Give us a call and We Will Save You Money.

Yours, Anxious to Please, A. J. PRINDLE. Big Dept. Store, Howell.

Dress Goods

Items which will be the sensation of the season. The shelves and counters loaded with grand good trades from which we pick the following for October Specials:

50c Suitings for 25c

A fortunate purchase, made two months ago, when things looked quiet. We have saved the goods for October business, and we offer you

All Wool Suitings, 40 inches wide,

36 inch Ladies' Cloth in red for house dresses, 35c a yard

At 50c 38-inch All-Wool Plaids, for Separate Skirts; coloring equal to the more expensive goods.

At 50c A Camel's Hair Homespun Cloth in the popular grays, new browns and mixtures, a cloth worthy of a 65c price.

At 75c Silk and wool mixtures, new plaid effects for separate skirts and full dresses. These are \$1.25 values

Black Dress Goods

One special lot for a Great Sale at

59c a Yard.

Cheviots, Storm Serges, Canvas Cloths, Boucles, Granite Cloths, and Fine French Serges,

These range in value from from 75c to \$1.25. The sale price on these is

59c per Yard.

This is a rare opportunity to buy Black Dress Goods at a good sharp saving on their value.

Yours respectfully,

L. H. FIELD.

Jackson, Mich

NO USE TRYING. I can't take plain cod-liver oil. Doctor says, try it. He might as well tell me to melt lard or butter and try to take them. It is too rich and will upset the stomach. But you can take milk or cream, so you can take Scott's Emulsion. It is like cream, but will feed and nourish when cream will not. Babies and children will thrive and grow fat on it when their ordinary food does not nourish them. Persons have been known to gain a pound a day when taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsion. It gets the digestive machinery in working order so that the ordinary food is properly digested and assimilated. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Ladies. We wish to call your attention to our Special offer. Commencing Thursday, Sept. 29 and continuing until Saturday, Oct. 7, we will give away with every hat purchased

A Face Veil of your own choice. Respectfully, BOYLE & HALSTEAD.