

# Pinckney WEEKLY Dispatch.

VOL. XXIV.

PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, NOV. 22, 1906.

No. 47

## LOCAL NEWS.

Next Thursday is thanksgiving.

Launch owners were busy housing their boats the past week.

Will Jones of Detroit spent Sunday with his uncle, Perry Blunt.

Mrs. M. Nash is visiting her daughter Mrs. Harry Ayers in Detroit.

Mrs. E. J. Dreyer of Howell was the guest of Mrs. Chas. Teeple over Sunday.

We understand that Rev. S. Staybaugh of Dexter is preaching at the Birkett church.

Mrs. Thos. Read has been entertaining a lady friend, a Mrs. Scott of Detroit, the past week.

This is tax receipt time and we are prepared to print them on short notice. Give us your order.

The elevator at Dexter is open again and ready to resume business. The farmers in that vicinity will rejoice.

Will Doyle began clerking in Jackson & Cadwell's the past week. Will is well known in this vicinity and his many friends will be glad to see him succeed.

St. Mary's school in connection with the Chelsea Catholic church will be dedicated Wednesday, Nov. 28. A program will be rendered and a banquet served.

In the article, "Settled at Last," in our last issue an error was made in the figures which made quite a difference in the amount of money paid. The sum should have been \$650.00 instead of \$65000.

Assessment No. 88 of the LOTMM is now due and must be paid before Nov. 30. Addie Placeway, Finance Keeper.

## Bowman's

### Winter and Holiday Goods Are in Prominence Now

Our stock of Fancy Dry Goods, such as Holly Ribbons, Pillow Tops, Stamped Goods, Doilies, etc., is worth your time to look at.

Just received a big lot of Fancy Laces in sets, Beadings, Insertions, Edges, etc. to match.

Holiday Handkerchiefs direct from New York importers. Books are in direct from the publishers. We sell nice well bound books as low as 10 cents.

**Visit Us Every Time You Come to Howell**

Everything Up-To-Date. Our Specialty is Small Wares of Every Description.

**E. A. BOWMAN.**  
**HOWELL'S BUSY STORE**

More local on page 4.

The ladies of the Methodist Episcopal church will meet with Mrs. H. F. Sigler Tuesday afternoon, Nov. 27.

The scholars of the school here will have exercises appropriate to thanksgiving, Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 28, at 2 o'clock, to which all are invited.

This county owes much of its prosperity to the Michigan Condensed Milk factory. This company paid over \$21,000 to its patrons during October.

This is about the average for every month.

This section was visited by a heavy rain Friday night and Saturday, with lightning and thunder. Sign of a mild winter.—Later: More rain has been coming nearly ever since and the ground is in good shape for winter.

We learn from our exchanges that Thos. Shields of San Antonio Texas, is dead. He was born in Unadilla township and was well known here.

He was the last of six brothers all of whom were successful lawyers. His remains were brought to Fowlerville for burial.

State highway commissioner, Earle, will hold the county road institute for Livingston county at Howell on Nov. 28, beginning at 10:30 a. m. Highway commissioners in attendance will receive their expenses and one days pay. Everyone interested in the question of good roads is cordially invited to attend. The sessions will be held in the court house.

We notice by the Detroit papers Lewis McClellan, a former Livingston county boy, is to be assistant prosecuting attorney under prosecuting attorney Robinson, elect. of Detroit. It is always pleasing to note the rise of young Livingston county men wherever they are. Mr. McClellan's friends in this county extend congratulations—Democrat.

Prayer meeting tonight.

Darwin Beal of this place died at his home Friday, Nov. 9, of cancer of the face. He was born in the state of New York Nov. 19, 1852. He was married to Miss Pauline Fish of Pinckney Dec. 24, 1886, who is left with six young daughters to mourn the loss of husband and father. Mr. Beal has been a sufferer for several months past. The funeral was held from the family home at 2 o'clock Sunday.—Herald. Mr. and Mrs. Beal were residents near here at one time and Mrs. B. has the sympathy of her many friends in her bereavement.

**WANTED.**—Six good hands for factory work. Steady employment to good help. Wages \$9.00 per week and car fare. Illinois Refrigerator Co. Morrison, Ill. J. B. MARKEY, Vice President and Secretary.

## Congregational Church.

There will be no preaching services next Sunday, but Sunday school as usual at 11:30. Services tonight at 7:30 and address by the pastor.

## Badly Injured

Last Thursday evening as Miss Lillie Voorhees was returning from Durand to her home at Ralph Bennett's, near Chilson, in attempting to alight from the Ann Arbor train at Chilson the train started before she got to the depot platform and she could neither get off or back onto the train, and was dragged about fifteen rods before she finally got loose. She was badly bruised from her head to her feet and is still in a bad condition. It is a wonder she escaped with her life.

## M. E. Church Notes.

There was about the usual attendance at the Sunday services although the weather was bad. The church was well heated by the new furnace put in by the Teeple Hardware Co. and it was a relief to have heat without the smoke. The pastor delivered two excellent sermons which were appreciated.

There was an interesting session of the Sunday school. The superintendent, Miss Mary Van Fleet came home from the state association with more enthusiasm than ever and there will be done's in this branch of church work in the future. She will give a report at the session of school next Sunday. Come and hear it.

Services at the regular hours next Sunday. In the morning the pastor will deliver a thanksgiving sermon. This society has much to be thankful for so let all come out and join in the service.

Prayer meeting tonight.

It still rains and rains easy.

F. M. Peters was in Jackson Tuesday on business. Frank says he has a good flour trade with the bakers and they are a class who appreciate a good flour.

Mrs. Sophia Smith of Marion sends us a dollar to renew her subscription. She says she is not able to come to Pinckney but does not want to miss a number of the DISPATCH.

The contract for building the Methodist old peoples home at Chelsea, has been let for \$25,800. It will be three stories high and will accommodate fifty people. Work will be commenced at once.

There will be an auction sale Tuesday, Nov. 27, 1906, at the old Connor farm, 3½ miles northeast of Gregory, and about 1 mile south of Wright's Chapel, of stock, tools, hay, stalks and grain.

Dr. and Mrs. E. L. Moore were called to Ann Arbor the last of last week by his brother whose little daughter was shot at Portage lake last week. We learn as we go to press, that the little girl is better.

The young people of St. Mary's society are rehearsing for a play, "Uncle Josh," to be put on at the opera house here, thanksgiving night, Nov. 29. The cast is good and an enjoyable evening may be looked for.

The Cheesecake flour mill burned last Friday night with its contents, the loss amounting to nearly \$12,000 and insured for only \$3,000. The proprietor had 5,000 bushels of wheat in the mill besides many farmers having their wheat stored there.

The ladies of the Lakin appointment will hold a chicken pie dinner at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Diaz, Tuesday eve., November 29, thanksgiving. Everybody invited. This is a good chance to get a good thanksgiving dinner without much trouble.

## WE ARE READY FOR YOU

EAGERLY AWAITING THE OPPORTUNITY TO PUT YOU IN TOUCH WITH ALL THE LATEST AND BEST IN CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES FOR 1906

We are offering the best products of the most reliable manufacturers, and a certain assurance of HIGH QUALITY AND HONEST WORTH in every article.

## SOMETHING APPROPRIATE FOR EVERY PERSON

Our varied and very complete assortment insures satisfactory selections in all cases and Really Appropriate and Desirable Gifts for either Old or Young may be found in abundance.

## TEMPTING PRICES ON ALL

We offer our Holiday Goods at a uniform scale of Very Reasonable Prices assuring the buying public that our Price Marks have but one meaning, and that is, HONEST VALUES. Bear in mind that purchases from our stock are certain to give

PERFECT SATISFACTION ON CHRISTMAS MORNING  
F. A. SIGLER

## 4 SPECIALS 4

### For Saturday Only

300 Yards Table Oil Cloth

Regular price 18c at 12c per yd

500 Yards Unbleached Sheetings

Regular 7 1-2c values at 6c per yd

Ladies \$2.00 Richardson Shoes

To close at \$1.58

Tosted Corn Flakes

3 Packages for 25c

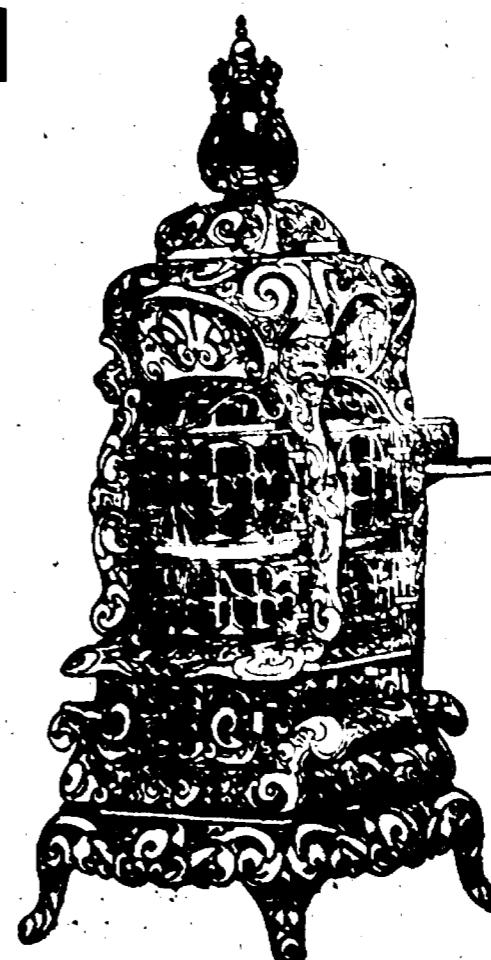
JACKSON & CADWELL.

On account of many heavy bills coming due I desire to have all accounts past due settled at once by cash or bankable notes...

W. E. Murphy.

Art Laurel

The Best



Teeple Hardware Co.

## DO IT NOW And Save Money

The price of teeth is steadily being raised by the manufacturers and the dentists will be compelled to raise also. So come now while prices are low.

### PAINLESS EXTRACTING FREE When Plates are to be Made

PLATES

\$4.00

up to

\$10.00

Warranted.

Crowns

and

Bridges

\$4.00

Warranted

Dr. E. L. Moore

Pinckney



## Pinckney Dispatch.

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Pub.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN

The Teacher's Privilege.

What nobler profession can there be than that of passing on to younger human beings the best there is in us? It is rather a strange contradiction that while education is highly valued in our country, teaching on the whole has less honor than it deserves. "It is a pity that, commonly, more care is had, yea, and that among very wise men, to find out rather a cunning man for their horse than a cunning man for their children." We do not pay our teachers enough for our own good, since a liberal salary attracts talent not only in itself but because it is a symbol of success. Half a million Americans are now engaged in doing what they can with 20,000,000 younger minds. Surely no half million Americans are employed in more important work. "Teach self-denial," said Walter Scott (and something might be said of other virtues) "and make its practice pleasurable, and you create for the world a destiny more sublime than ever issued from the brain of the wildest dreamer." Teach anything that is good, remarks Collier's, and you touch the depths. The ablest and truest men and women are required,—those who know life and are not pedants, not machines with notions or suggestion no higher than the ferule and the copy-book. The teacher works with living minds and hearts and souls. On no man or woman rests a higher or more inspiring task.

### Endowed Theater for Masons.

Is it to be believed that out of our rich, refined, play-loving population there are not to be found those with sufficient enthusiasm or self-sacrifice to raise whatever money is necessary to establish at least one ideal experimental theater, with a sixpenny gallery and a shilling pit, all places to be reserved, and with free performances at least once a week, where the best works of the best dramatists of the world could be played by a company whose primary object was not to serve as advertisements for the dressmaker, or be mere incidents in the scenic splendors of the carpenter's art? What is wanted is faith, and after faith organization. Even in this day of doubt and disbelief the churches can find faith enough to create organizations which raise any amount of cash, says W. T. Stead in *World To-Day*. I am loath to believe that the theater-going public is such a godless, reckless, worthless set of selfish loons that it is impossible to raise out of their midst a fellowship of stalwart workers and liberal givers who will begin the democratic regeneration of the theater.

In order to ascertain how often and for what a dollar is spent, a California society is sending into circulation a hundred silver dollars, each fastened to a parchment tag. The person into whose hands one of the dollars falls is requested to write in blank spaces on the tag, the date, place and occasion of the transfer of the coin to his possession, and then pass it on in the course of ordinary business. Ten coins will be sent out by each of several trades and professions, bankers, artisans, retailers, and so on. It is hoped that the coins will be retained according to directions, with all the blanks filled, to the projectors of the scheme, and that they may draw "practically scientific" conclusions about the habits of American purchasers. In school compositions "The Autobiography of a Cent" used to be a favorite subject, and those innocent efforts are no doubt the progenitors of these *realizations* of real dollars.

Some point is given to the demand of the Hungarian nationalists for an increase in the Hungarian representation in the consular and diplomatic service of the dual empire by a late incident which occurred in New York, says the *Youth's Companion*. A Hungarian who came to America some years ago without having performed his military service was summoned to return and serve his term of duty. He finally wrote an angry and saucy letter, in which he asserted his independence under American law, and attacked the Austrian military authorities, the foreign minister, and finally the emperor. The consul-general at New York, either through carelessness or inability to read Hungarian, sent this letter on the military authorities with the formal and stereotyped endorsement: "Contents of memorial agree with facts, and acceptance is recommended."

## MICHIGAN EVENTS NOTED

### PENNSYLVANIA BEATS THE U. OF M. FOOTBALL TEAM BY A SCORE OF 17 TO 0.

### ADVENTISTS COME BACK.

### Prophetess Ellen White Has a Change of Heart—The State Tax Law is Attacked—Other Michigan News.

The first time Michigan met Pennsylvania on the gridiron was November 11, 1889. Saturday's game was the second meeting. Pennsy won the first game, 11 to 10 and the second game by a score of 17 to 0.

Michigan is inclined to be philosophical over the first crushing defeat the team has received since Yost went to Ann Arbor in 1901. There is no tendency among the students to belittle Penn's victory or deny that she had a better team.

The way in which the Quakers tore through the Michigan line, both on offense and defense, has convinced the Wolverines that their team of 1906 was really inferior to that of Pennsylvania. But that doesn't prevent the roosters believing that nad Penn tackled Michigan two or three years ago the result would have been far different.

### Adventists Are Coming Back.

Adventist circles are considerably agitated over a statement made on good authority that Prophetess Ellen G. White, head of the church, is coming to Battle Creek from California at once to stop the crusade against the sanitarium and other local institutions.

It is declared that Mrs. White has had a change of heart and will no longer counsel the removal of Adventist families from the city. Her son, Elder W. C. White, has been here and gave an inference of his mother's radical change.

Already many hundreds of Adventists have moved to Takoma Park, Washington, D. C., and those who held out for Battle Creek are in high glee tonight.

### State Tax is Attacked.

The supreme court lately refused to allow a writ of error to the United States supreme court in the case of William Toolan and Alex. McMillan against J. M. Longyear and James Monroe. Today the attorneys for Longyear presented to the state supreme court a writ of error signed by Justice Harlan, of the federal supreme court, and the case will be taken to the higher court for final adjudication.

The case involves the legality of a tax title and certain provisions of the Michigan tax law are attacked. William Longyear, one of the defendants, who was defeated in a suit in ejectment, is a well known capitalist who recently sold his holdings in the upper peninsula for \$24,000,000.

The land on which the plaintiff procured a tax title was the old homestead of his grandparents in Eagle township, Clinton county, and Longyear proposes to exhaust every legal remedy before giving up the property.

### Two Shots Killed Edwin Edgar.

Sheriff Jarrad, of Owosso, has not forgotten that the question of who killed Edwin Edgar has not been settled yet. He said:

"No, I am not satisfied that Bert Seeley killed Edgar. That is, I am not satisfied that he was in it alone. One thing proves it. Edgar was not killed by one shot. That is generally conceded to be a fact."

"Seeley carried a double-barreled muzzle-loading shotgun. When I examined the gun on the day after the murder it contained one charge that had been put in recently. The other charge had been put in some weeks previous, for it showed signs of rust."

"Now, it is my candid opinion that if Bert Seeley took a shot that Wednesday evening he was accompanied by somebody who fired the second shot immediately after. We may never know the truth, but that is the way I look at it."

### Underground Fires Threaten Block.

J. H. McKee & Sons own sixteen buildings on Market street, Grand Rapids, all of them built on made ground and most of it from dumpings of garbage and refuse by the city in what was known as the old steamboat channel.

Now these buildings are menaced by underground fires started in the garbage and which so far it has not been possible to extinguish with water. As yet, however, no serious damage has been done.

Allegan county has voted to put the question of local option to the people at next spring's election.

Detroiters are planning to build an automobile factory at Port Huron employing about 400 men.

The Chelsea flour mill was destroyed by fire. Loss, \$12,000. Insurance, \$3,000. Many farmers lose grain.

Judge Howard West, of Lansing, has accepted an invitation to deliver the Elks memorial address at Ionia Sunday, December 2, before Ionia Lodge. Ionia Lodge has lost six members the past year.

## MICHIGAN IN BRIEF.

Flint ice houses are empty. Ice will be shipped in.

Kalamazoo is suffering from a scarcity of laboring men.

Michigan raises three-fourths of the bean crop of the country.

An ear of corn raised on a Bad Axe farm contained 850 kernels.

The old people's home at South Haven was destroyed by fire.

The Buick automobile plant in Jackson is being removed to Flint.

The Bryant hotel at Flint will build a 23-room addition, costing \$30,000.

The steamer Baltic, of the Pauly fleet, has gone into winter quarters at Milwaukee.

The associated charities of Muskegon will work with the police in suppressing vice.

Port Huron has accepted plans for a new high school to seat 500 pupils and cost \$120,000.

After an absence of many years wild pigeons are reported to be returning to upper peninsula points.

Stewart Edward White, novelist, will write a story with scene in Grand Rapids, and has bought a home there.

Richland, a town of 315 persons, will pave all streets next season. A mile of sidewalk was laid last summer.

It is now believed by vesselmen that the total output of iron ore for the season will be over 38,000,000 tons.

Charles E. Barnes, Daily Moon telegraph editor, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his arrival in Battle Creek.

Frank S. Wixom, of Detroit, says he has financed the new dam which is to be built at Midland. It will furnish 5,000 horsepower.

Mrs. M. Karjinski's new coal stove nearly asphyxiated four persons at Bay City. They retired, leaving the stove door open.

E. M. Boardman, of New York, has been trying to organize a Y. M. C. A. at Allegan. A committee was appointed to solicit funds.

The International Chautauqua alliance has elected M. B. Pilcher, Nashville, Tenn., president, and A. C. Folsom, Pontiac, Ill., secretary.

Two of the new boats which the American Shipbuilding Co. has contracted to build will be constructed at the Bay City shipyards.

Thomas S. Seadden has resigned as register of the United States land office to become manager of the Kimberly mines in Colorado.

Slight depressions in cement sidewalks do not render a city liable for damages, says the supreme court in the case of Rebecca Bennett vs. City of St. Joseph.

A citizens' committee has recommended to the ministerial association that another attempt be made to secure anti-Sunday theater ordinance at Grand Rapids.

The case involves the legality of a tax title and certain provisions of the Michigan tax law are attacked.

City Clerk Joseph H. Thorpe, of Pontiac, blind in one eye and minus part of his right hand, is the first of the Pontiac hunters to shoot a deer in the upper peninsula.

E. E. Ferguson, of Sault Ste Marie, M. O., Graves, Petoskey, and W. H. Brunson, of St. Johns, are candidates to succeed Luther C. Wright on the state school board.

Col. George H. Turner, commandant of the Michigan Soldiers' home, asks for appropriations based on an attendance of 1,100. The average attendance for the last two years has been 1,000.

Because Battle Creek provides no playground for school children, Chas. Wickens may sue for damages because of injuries sustained by his son, who, while playing in the street, was run down and sustained a broken leg.

The ministerial association of Grand Rapids has withdrawn from the Grand Rapids Citizens' federation, a reform movement headed by Rev. A. Frank Ferris, recently dropped from membership in the Plymouth Congregational church.

Health officer Cunningham admitted to the council that there are about 25 cases of smallpox in Bay City. A mail carrier brought the smallpox situation to public notice by saying he was turned back from certain houses not placcarded.

For the first time in the history of Bay City a woman conducted regular Sunday services. Miss Bessie Fox, daughter of Ald. and Mrs. C. L. Fox, aged 23 and very good looking, occupied the pulpit in the First Congregational church.

W. V. Smith and J. Frank Woods, of Flint, have secured an injunction restraining Werkheiser & Sons from taking possession of the Flint News, suspended. They claim the property was misrepresented to them when they bought it.

The wages of employees of the American Express Co., who are paid less than \$200 a month, were increased 10 per cent beginning today, says a New York dispatch. The announcement of the increase was made at the office of the company. The increase was authorized by a vote of the board of directors yesterday.

The Women's Relief corps of the Lansing district has 800 members and is financially in good condition. It elected these officers: District president, Margaret Stanton, of Mason; senior vice-president, Rosetta Rogers, of Dimondale; junior vice-president, Palma Hahn, of Leslie; treasurer, Susan Humphrey, of Lansing; chaplain, Helen Southworth, of Charlotte; delegate to the national convention, Frank Adams, of Mason.

A special to the Journal at Atlanta says that Will Harris, the negro who killed two policemen and two negroes at Asheville, was killed by a posse near Asheville. Two members of the posse were seriously hurt in the fight which resulted in the death of the negro.

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## TO SQUELCH THE STANDARD OH.

### GREAT FIGHT BETWEEN U. S. AND STANDARD OIL CO. IS NOW ON.

### SWEEPING CHARGES MADE

### Attorney-General Moody Starts Suit—Seventy Companies Are Alleged to Be in the Combine.

Atty.-Gen. William Rufus Shafter, of the United States district attorney, instituted proceedings against the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey under the Sherman anti-trust act, by filing in the United States circuit court at St. Louis a petition in equity against it and its 70 constituent corporations and partnerships and seven individual defendants, asking that the combination be declared unlawful and in the future enjoined from entering into any contract or combination in restraint of trade, etc.

This injunction, if granted, would result in the dissolution of the alleged combination.

Atty.-Gen. Moody made public a statement which is in part as follows:

"In June last, by direction of the president, Messrs. Kellogg and Morrison were appointed by me to act with Assistant to the Attorney-General Purdy, to make an investigation of the relations of the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey to the business of refining, transporting, distributing and selling oil throughout the United States; to ascertain all the facts, and report whether or not in their opinion there has been a violation of the Sherman anti-trust law by the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey or the persons or corporations associated with or managing it. The counsel have completed that duty, and the report of their investigation has received careful consideration by the president and his cabinet."

The attorney-general then gives at length the allegations made in the petition, including statements that the Standard and its various corporations control about 90 per cent of the refined oil manufactured in the United States; that this has been brought about by a course of action beginning about 1870; that the design throughout has been to suppress competition; that of the original members of the combine the following are still surviving: John D. Rockefeller, Wm. Rockefeller, Henry H. Rogers, Henry M. Flagler, John D. Archbold, Oliver H. Payne and Charles M. Pratt; that the purpose of the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey, as a holding corporation, as well as the previous alleged combinations, is to suppress competition. Mr. Moody then adds:

"It is believed that these facts, together with others contained in the report of the special counsel, justify and require action by the United States in the courts.

President Roosevelt is the moving spirit behind the inquiry, and he declared that no man shall escape justice.

The cases come within the jurisdiction of the federal authorities because of the interstate character of the postal service, which, it is alleged, was criminally tampered with.

A considerable sum of money was also sent through the express companies, and Wells Fargo, which companies are now investigating the disappearance of \$10,580 sent in one package from the citizens of Searchlight, Nev., which the relief committee say they never received and which the company says was delivered to the representative of the committee to whom it was addressed. The crime of forgery is said to be included in the offenses of the raiders of the relief contributions.

It is said that in the aggregate the stealings will amount to a million dollars.

Last Widow of Revolution Dead.

Last of all the widows of veterans of

the war of the revolution, Mrs. Esther Damon is dead at her home in Plymouth Union, Windsor county, N. Y.

She was 92 years old. Charles Sumner was her cousin.

Construction work has been started at Mt. Morris, on the Detroit, Flint & Saginaw interurban.

## GEN. SHAFTER IS DEAD.

Maj.-Gen. William Rufus Shafter, of the United States district attorney, died at the ranch of Capt. W. H. McKittrick, his son-in-law, 22 miles south of Lakefield, Cal., after an illness of seven days, despite the best medical attention available in California.

While returning from the polls last Tuesday, Gen. Shafter contracted a severe chill, which aggravated a slight indisposition and necessitated confinement to his bed. Dr. T. W. Mitchell, the family physician, was summoned. The patient failed to improve and Dr. A. Schaefer was called for consultation.

Intestinal obstruction was discovered, but it was determined that this was a secondary affliction brought on by an acute attack of pneumonia. Wednesday and Thursday no improvement was noticed and Friday afternoon Dr. M. H. Herzstein, of San Francisco, was communicated with, but as he was unable to depart at once, Dr. J. W. Thorpe was dispatched in Dr. Herzstein's place. Dr. Thorpe arrived early Saturday morning and together with the local physicians, diligently watched the patient all that day.

Relief Funds Are Pilfered.

The San Francisco Chronicle says: A new investigation is progressing in the course of developments in the local graft scandal. It now appears that many sums of money, large and small, that were sent from different states to San Francisco for the relief of the sufferers from the calamity never reached the relief committee. Some of these amounts, which aggregate a large sum, were mailed to the care of Mayor Schmitz, F. J. Heney, Detective Wm. Burns and about 140 government agents have been making an investigation.

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# STANDARD OIL ON THE RACK

## Department of Justice Begins Suit at St. Louis to Kill Giant Trust.

**The Petition Filed Asks That the Combination Be Declared Unlawful and Restrained from Doing Business—History of the Monopoly and How It Is Alleged to Restrain Trade Its Enormous Profits.**

### The War on the Standard.

St. Louis.—Petition filed in United States circuit court asking for dissolution of Standard Oil trust and permanent injunction restraining 70 constituent companies from working with it paying dividends to parent company.

New York.—Standard Oil shares dropped 15 points, making net loss of 150 points since Roosevelt's war on the trust began; total depreciation in stock since president opened crusade, \$150,000,000; this notwithstanding quarterly dividends of \$10 per share.

Findlay, O.—Prosecuting attorney directed by Attorney General Ellis to keep grand jury in session; all Standard Oil officials may be indicted; officials of Standard Oil company of Ohio indicted agreed to surrender.

St. Louis, Mo.—The suit to break up the Standard Oil trust has been filed in the United States circuit court here. The petition asks:

That the court decree that the combination and conspiracy are unlawful under the Sherman anti-trust act.

That the Standard Oil company be enjoined, restrained and prohibited from exercising any control over its allied corporations, or any of them, by the election or appointment of directors or officers, or in any other manner.

That the subsidiary corporations be enjoined from declaring or paying any dividends to the Standard Oil company of New Jersey.

That the defendants, and each and all of them, be enjoined from entering into any contract, the purpose or effect of which is to restrain commerce in petroleum and its products or to monopolize the same.

The petition contains 194 pages of printed matter, or about 100,000 words, and an additional 84 pages of exhibits, consisting of by-laws and minutes of Standard Oil meetings and organizations, and a map showing the retail prices of oil in every state and territory of the union.

### What the Petition Alleges.

It is alleged, in the petition, that John D. Rockefeller and his associates, the other individual defendants, formed a conspiracy to monopolize the commerce in petroleum and its products at an early date—about the year 1870—and that the same individuals have controlled the combination during all these years, in all its forms, and now control it. It was, therefore, deemed wise to state in the petition the complete history and growth of this conspiracy.

### History of the Conspiracy.

The petition is logically divided into three periods. During the first one of these periods, from 1870 to 1882, the combination assumed the form of a simple conspiracy—that is to say, the defendants, with the Standard Oil company of Ohio, acted together to suppress competition and control the oil business.

During the second period, from 1882 to 1899, the combination assumed the form of a trust agreement, whereby about 40 separate corporations engaged in the same business, turned over the management of their business to nine trustees, of which these individual defendants were the majority, so that these defendants controlled all of these corporations.

In March, 1892, the supreme court of Ohio declared this trust agreement void and ordered its dissolution.

Thereupon, on March 21, 1892, the trust certificate holders met in New York and resolved to dissolve the trust and appointed John D. Rockefeller, Henry M. Flagler, William Rockefeller, John D. Archbold, Benjamin Brewster, Henry H. Rogers, Wesley H. Tifford and O. B. Jennings as liquidating trustees—the individual defendants being a majority of these.

The manner of liquidation was not to sell the property and divide the proceeds among the certificate holders, nor to return to each person individually the property placed in the trust, but all of the stocks in each of the companies were divided into proportions proportion to the number of shares outstanding.

Birth of the Present Trust.—The petition then takes up the third period of the conspiracy, beginning with the formation of the present trust.

In order to accomplish this, in January, 1899, there "increased the stock

of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey from \$10,000,000 to \$110,000,000, and made it the holding corporation and placed the control through stock ownership of all the corporations previously held by the trusts into the said company, and exchanged its stock for the stock so acquired, share for share, issuing therefor \$97,250,000 par value—the exact amount of the trust certificates previously issued by the trustees.

The stock of this company was increased by a small amount, and is now \$98,338,300.

### Some Standard Oil Methods.

The petition then shows the methods employed by the Standard Oil company to monopolize the oil business. These include discriminating contracts with the railroad companies, manipulation of rates, local price cutting, bogus independent companies, etc.

The bill sets up among others a contract between the Standard Oil company and the Tidewater Pipe company whereby the Tidewater companies are limited to 1½ per cent of certain business in Pennsylvania and New York, and the Standard Oil company to receive 8½ per cent of the business, the Standard Oil company guaranteeing the Tidewater company \$500,000 per annum profits, thereby eliminating all competition between them.

The bill alleges a contract made with the Pennsylvania railroad company in 1884, which was in existence until 1906, by which the Standard Oil company was able to maintain the public charges for transporting crude oil from western Pennsylvania at 40 and 45 cents a barrel to Philadelphia and New York respectively. The Standard Oil company, through its own pipe lines, transported the oil for eight cents a barrel.

## COMPONENT PARTS OF HUGE OIL TRUST.

**List of Corporations and Partnerships Controlled by Standard Oil Company of New Jersey and Which Will Be Compelled to Resume Business as Independent Concerns If United States Wins Its Case.**

Name.	Where organized.	Capitalization.
Acme Oil company.....	New York.....	\$300,000
American Lubricating Oil company.....	New York.....	100,000
Angle-American Oil company (Limited).....	England.....	£1,000,000
Argand Refining company.....	Ohio.....	Not known
Atlantic Refining company.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000,000
Baltimore United Oil company.....	Maryland.....	600,000
Borne Scrymser company.....	New Jersey.....	200,000
Buckeye Pipe Line company.....	Ohio.....	10,000,000
Buffalo Natural Gas Fuel company.....	New York.....	350,000
Bush & Denlow Manufacturing company.....	New York.....	200,000
Camden Consolidated Oil company.....	West Virginia.....	200,000
Chesebrough Manufacturing company, const'd. ....	New York.....	500,000
Colonial Oil company.....	New Jersey.....	250,000
Commercial Natural Gas company.....	Pennsylvania.....	100,000
Connecting Gas company.....	Ohio.....	500,000
Continental Oil company.....	Iowa.....	300,000
Crescent Pipe Line company.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,000,000
Cumberland Pipe Line company.....	Kentucky.....	1,000,000
Eastern Ohio Oil and Gas company.....	Ohio.....	5,000
Eclipse Lubricating Oil company.....	Pennsylvania.....	Not known
Eureka Pipe Line company.....	West Virginia.....	5,000,000
Florence Oil and Refining company.....	Colorado.....	500,000
Franklin Pipe company (Limited).....	Pennsylvania.....	50,000
Galeona Signal Oil company.....	Pennsylvania.....	10,000,000
Indiana Pipe Line company.....	Indiana.....	1,000,000
Lawrence Natural Gas company.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,000,000
Mahoning Gas Fuel company.....	Ohio.....	300,000
Manhattan Oil company.....	Ohio.....	500,000
Mountain State Gas company.....	West Virginia.....	600,000
National Fuel Gas company.....	New Jersey.....	2,500,000
National Transit company.....	Pennsylvania.....	23,453,200
New York Transit company.....	New York.....	5,000,000
Northern Pipe Line company.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,000,000
Northwestern Ohio Natural Gas company.....	Ohio.....	2,775,250
Ohio Oil company.....	Ohio.....	2,000,000
Oil City Fuel Supply company.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000,000
Pennsylvanian Gas company.....	New York.....	100,000
Pennsylvania Oil company.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,000,000
People's Natural Gas company.....	Pennsylvania.....	80,000
Pittsburg Natural Gas company.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,000,000
Platt and Washburn Refining company.....	Pennsylvania.....	350,000
Prairie Oil and Gas company.....	New Jersey.....	14,000
Republic Oil company.....	Kansas.....	2,500,000
Salamanca Gas company.....	New York.....	350,000
Security Oil company.....	Texas.....	3,000,000
Solar Refining company.....	Ohio.....	500,000
Southern Pipe Line company.....	Pennsylvania.....	5,000,000
South Penn Oil company.....	Pennsylvania.....	2,500,000
Southwest Pennsylvania Pipe Lines company.....	Pennsylvania.....	3,500,000
Standard Oil company of California.....	California.....	8,000,000
Standard Oil company of Indiana.....	Indiana.....	1,000,000
Standard Oil company of Iowa.....	Iowa.....	1,000,000
Standard Oil company of Kansas.....	Kansas.....	100,000
Standard Oil company of Kentucky.....	Kentucky.....	1,000,000
Standard Oil company of Minnesota.....	Minnesota.....	100,000
Standard Oil company of Nebraska.....	Nebraska.....	1,000,000
Standard Oil company of New York.....	New York.....	15,000,000
Standard Oil company of Ohio.....	Ohio.....	3,500,000
Swan & Finch company.....	New York.....	100,000
Taylorstown Natural Gas company.....	Pennsylvania.....	10,000
Tide Water Pipe company (Limited).....	Pennsylvania.....	625,000
Tide Water Oil company.....	New Jersey.....	5,000,000
Union Tank Gas company.....	New Jersey.....	3,500,000
United Natural Gas company.....	Pennsylvania.....	1,000,000
United Oil company.....	Colorado.....	3,000,000
Vacuum Oil company.....	New York.....	2,000,000
Washington Oil company.....	Pennsylvania.....	100,000
Watervliet Oil company.....	Missouri.....	400,000

It is alleged that the defendants, through the Standard Oil company and the other corporations, are engaged in producing, purchasing and transporting petroleum in the various producing districts in the United States, principally situated in New York, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kansas, Indian Territory, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Texas, Colorado and California; that they own and control nearly all of the pipe lines in said states, and other pipe lines extending from Kansas to the seaboard; also pipe lines in Texas and in California; that they own a large number of tank cars and steamships engaged in transporting oil; and that the said defendants have, through the instrumentality of the Standard Oil company of New Jersey (a holding corporation), eliminated competition between all of the separate corporations and monopolized the commerce in oil in the United States.

### Control the Pipe Lines.

It is alleged that the Standard Oil company has had control of the carrying business by pipe lines in and from all the oil producing regions of the United States except Texas, Louisiana and California; that they charged excessive and unreasonable rates, and rates which were discriminatory in favor of the Standard Oil company; that they have refused to furnish equal facilities for receiving and delivering oil of independent shippers and refiners; that they have refused to transport oil belonging to others than the defendants and their associated companies, and since the month of August, 1906, have refused to transport oil of others except in such large quantities as to completely prevent independent producers and refiners of oil from using their service, and that they have forced 18 independent refiners now doing business in Pennsylvania and Ohio, and producing their crude oil through the Standard Oil company's pipe lines, to sell all of their export oil to the Standard Oil company, thereby eliminating their competition. This contract was procured through threats of the Standard Oil company to reduce the amount of crude oil which it would sell to the independent refiners.

### Enjoy Preferential Rates.

It is alleged that one of the principal instrumentalities through which the defendants have been enabled to monopolize the commerce in petroleum and its products throughout the United States has been a system of preferential rates, and rates discriminatory.

### How They Control Railroads.

It is alleged that the individual defendants and other individuals associated with them and interested with them in the Standard Oil trust have acquired large interests in the stocks of the principal railroads of the United States and have caused themselves to be elected or have caused other persons acting in their interest to be elected as members of the boards of directors of such railroads. By reason of such ownership and representation on the boards of directors of such railroads the individual defendants have influenced the railroads to establish and maintain the discriminatory rates.

Among the railroads in which the defendants are interested and upon the boards of directors of which they have representation (together with the names of directors) are the following:

William Rockefeller—Central New England; Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul; Delaware, Lackawanna and Western; Lake Shore and Michigan Southern; Michigan Central; New York Central; New York, Chicago and St. Louis; New York, New Haven and Hartford; New York, Ontario and Western; New York and Ottawa; Pittsburgh and Lake Erie; Rutland.

Henry H. Rogers—Santa Fe, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul; Union Pacific.

Charles M. Pratt—Boston and Maine, Evansville and Terre Haute; Long Island.

Henry M. Flagler—Florida East Coast.

John D. Rockefeller, Jr.—Delaware, Lackawanna and Western; Missouri Pacific.

William G. Rockefeller—Union Pacific. H. Clay Pierce—Kansas City Southern. St. Louis and San Francisco.

C. W. Harkness—Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul.

F. T. Gates—Missouri Pacific, Wisconsin Central.

The petition then recites the Standard trust's monopoly of the sale of lubricating oils to railroads, its unfair methods of competition in the cutting of local prices, the formation of bogus independent companies, the payment of rebates on oil prices, and the division of territory.

### Tales of Stupendous Profits.

It is alleged that by reason of its monopoly the Standard Oil company has made enormous and unreasonable profits on the actual value of its property; that the trustees' valuation of all the property and stocks placed in their hands in 1882 was \$55,710,698.24. The additional property purchased or acquired by the issue of trust certificates was \$13,310,100, so that the total value of all property controlled by the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, except such as may have been purchased from earnings, is \$69,020,798.24, according to their own valuation.

Upon this capital the Standard has from 1882 to 1895, inclusive, paid \$12,940,084.50 of dividends, and has created a large surplus—the exact sum plus the petitioner is unable to state, because the Standard has not published any statements since 1896. But from 1892 to 1896 its surplus, according to its own statements, was \$79,536,025.14, and it is alleged that its property at the present time exceeds the value of \$200,000,000. Its annual dividends during the last nine years have run from 33 to 48 per cent per annum, in addition to this large sur-

### AWFUL SUFFERING.

From Dreadful Pains from Wound on Foot—System All Run Down—Miraculous Cure by Cuticura.

"Words cannot speak highly enough for the Cuticura Remedies. I am now seventy-two years of age. My system had been all run down. My blood was so bad that blood poisoning had set in. I had several doctors attending me, so finally I went to the hospital where I was laid up for two months. My foot and ankle were almost beyond recognition. Dark blood flowed out of wounds in many places and I was so disheartened that I thought surely my last chance was slowly leaving me. As the foot did not improve, you can readily imagine how I felt. I was simply disgusted and tired of life. I stood this pain, which was dreadful, for six months, and during this time I was not able to wear a shoe and not able to work. Some one spoke to me about Cuticura. The consequences were I bought a set of the Cuticura Remedies of one of my friends who was a druggist, and the praise that I gave after the second application is beyond description; it seemed a miracle for the Cuticura Remedies took effect immediately. I washed the foot with the Cuticura Soap before applying the Ointment and I took the Re-solvent at the same time. After two weeks' treatment my foot was healed completely. People who had seen my foot during my illness and who have seen it since the cure, can hardly believe their own eyes. Robert Schoenhauer, Newburg, N. Y., August 21, 1903."

### In Tenth Century English.

Dr. James W. Bright, of the Johns Hopkins university, has completed an edition of the Gospel of St. Luke in the West Saxon. This is his fourth in his series of books in the English of the tenth century. He is also at work on several other volumes.

## INSOMNIA CURED

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Restored Wrecked Nerves to Normal Condition and Good Health Followed.

The sufferer from sleeplessness too often resorts to habit-forming drugs in order to secure the coveted rest. But sleep obtained by the use of opiates is not refreshing and the benefit is but temporary at best.

Mrs. H. A. Fletcher, of 50 Blodget street, Manchester, N. H., is living evidence of the truth of this statement. She says: "I received a shock of an apoplectic character. It was so severe that the sight of my right eye was affected, causing me to see objects double. I was confined to my bed about four weeks, at one time being told by the doctor that I could not get well. When I could leave my bed I was in such a nervous state that I could not sleep at night. I would get up and sit on a chair until completely tired out and then go back to bed and sleep from exhaustion.

"

## The Pinckney Dispatch

F. L. ANDREWS & CO. PROPRIETORS.

THURSDAY, NOV. 22, 1906.

### A Year of Blood

The year of 1903 will long be remembered in the home of F. N. Tackett, of Alliance, Ky., as a year of blood; which flowed so copiously from Mr. Tackett's lungs that death seemed very near. He writes; "Severe bleeding from the lungs and a frightful cough had brought me at death's door, when I began taking Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, with the astonishing result that after taking four bottles I was completely restored and as time has proven permanently cured." Guaranteed for sore lungs, coughs and colds, at F. A. Sigler's drug store, Price 50cts. and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

### Excursion to Buffalo, N. Y., via Grand Trunk Railway System

Single fare plus twenty-five cents for the round trip on all trains Nov. 29 and 30; return limit Dec. 3, 1906.

For further particulars consult local Agent or write to Geo. W. Vaux, A. G. P. & T., Chicago, Ill.

### Made Happy for Life

Great happiness came into the home of S. C. Blair, school superintendent at St Albans, W. Va., when his little daughter was restored from the dreadful complaint he names. He says, "My little daughter had St Vitus' Dance, which yielded to no treatment but grew steadily worse until as a last resort we tried Electric Bitters; and I rejoice to say three bottles effected a complete cure." Quick, sure cure, for nervous complaints, general debility, female weaknesses, impoverished blood and malaria. Guaranteed at F. A. Sigler's Drug store. Price 50cts.

### Low Rates to the West and Southwest.

On the first and third Tuesdays of each month until March 1907 inclusive, the Chicago Great Western Railway will sell one way colonist tickets at nearly half fare to points in Arkansas, Colorado, Indian Territory, Kansas, Louisiana, Mexico, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Texas, and Wyoming. For further information apply to F. R. Mosier, D. P. A. 103 Adams St., Chicago, Ill. T 52

### Had a Close Call

"A dangerous surgical operation, involving the removal of malignant ulcer, as large as my hand, from my daughter's hip, was prevented by the application of Bucklin's Arnica Salve, says A. C. Stickel, of Milletus, W. Va. Persistent use of the salve completely cured it." Cures cuts, burns and injuries. 25cts at F. A. Sigler's drug store.

### Through Tourist Sleeping Cars to California via Chicago Great Western Railway

Leaving Chicago 6:00 p. m. Wednesdays, arriving at Omaha 9:00 a. m. Thursdays, Colorado Springs 7:50 a. m. Fridays, Salt Lake City 10:25 a. m. Saturdays, arrive at San Francisco 4:28 p. m. Sundays. A good way to go for the rates are low. For full information apply to F. R. Mosier, D. P. A. 103 Adams st., Chicago, Ill. t52

The new Pure Food and Drug Law will mark it on the label of every **Cough Cure** containing Opium, Chloroform, or any other stupefying or poisonous drug. But it passes Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure as made for 20 years entirely free. Dr. Shoop all along has bitterly opposed the use of all opiates or narcotics. Dr. Shoop's Cough Cure is absolutely safe even for the youngest babe—and it cures, it does not simply suppress. Get a safe and reliable cough cure by simply insisting on having Dr. Shoop's. Let the law be your protection. We cheerfully recommend and sell it. All dealers.

Subscribe for the Pinckney Dispatch.

All the news for \$1.00 per year.

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP  
KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR  
Bad Cough Balsom and Honey Bee on Every Bottle.

### ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

Dundee has an auto factory that employs 50 hands and runs day and night.

We see by the Fowlerville Standard that Chas. Bowman of Howell is to open a meat market in the former place in the near future.

Postmaster Cooper, of Fowlerville, was out "gunning" one day recently and shot an eagle. The bird was only wounded and is now a captive.

Senator Tillman says it takes more brains, more sound judgement, more discrimination and more ability to be a farmer than any other calling.

The recent fires at Munith appear to be of an incendiary nature and a reward of \$200 has been offered for the detection of the guilty parties.

Sir Thomas Lipton, who visited Bridgeport, Conn., recently made a visit to the factory of the American Graphone Company, last Friday, and was shown the manner in which records are made. He was so greatly interested in the operation that he made a cylinder record himself on which he related one of his inimitable stories explaining how it happens that he has not won the America's cup.

This was reproduced immediately on the Twentieth Century graphone very much to Sir Thomas's delight. Several artists from the record making department of the Columbia Phonograph Co. in New York, were present, and Mr. Frank Stanley, the well known baritone, sang "Tommy, Tommy Lipton"—travesty of "Tommy Atkins" rendering it with fine effect and to the great enjoyment of all who heard it.

### A Fine Turnout.

Last Saturday, John Hopkins, representing the Detroit branch of the Natural Food Co. of Niagara Falls, was in this place distributing samples and advertising matter, also selling goods. He had a span of beautiful iron grey horses, valued at \$700, attached to a fine covered wagon and drove through the streets distributing samples. He has made over 2,000 miles the past seven months. There are six other rigs on the road for this company in the United States.

The Natural Food Co. is one of the largest and finest in the world and a trip to the Falls without a visit to their plant would not be complete, and visitors are always welcome. The DISPATCH contained a write-up of our visit there over a year ago.

The products of the company are Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit and Triscuit, the most wholesome of breakfast foods. The Biscuit are for sale everywhere and W. E. Murphy keeps the Triscuit as well.

### Called Down

A week or so ago a firm in a sister village thought to profit by placing in their home paper an advertisement in which was incorporated the untruth that Sears, Roebuck & Co. had gone bust. Of course that company got hold of the matter and the paper had to devote good space to a retraction of the statement in such a manner that it was the best kind of an advertisement at S. R. & Co.

If the local firms will forget for the time being that these large concerns exist and themselves place before the people good, straightforward advertisements it will prove a winner. Our home merchants can sell as good goods as easily as any mail order concern, the trouble is they will not quote prices on enough goods and half the time people do not know that their home merchants carry such and such goods because they are never advertised.

Many local newspapers are devoting space nearly every week against these mail order houses, but every time they assail them it only proves an ad. for instead of against. These companies are doing a legitimate business and let people know what they are prepared to do by a liberal use of printers' ink. "Go thou and do likewise."

In every clime its colors are unfurled.

Its fame has spread from sea to sea; But not surprised if in the other world, You hear of Rocky Mountain Tea.

**Kodol Dyspepsia Cure**  
Digests what you eat.

### The Kissing of Aunt Agnes

[Original.]

I have a sister who is a deaf mute. Consequently I am familiar with the sign language. When I was a young fellow my brother John and I would frequently converse with our fingers in company when we did not care to be overheard. We lived in a suburban place, and, going to and from the city, we usually used this method of communication.

One afternoon when we were going home together, after taking our seats in the car, a young woman with two little children and a negro nurse came in, and, turning the back of a seat to face the one in the rear, they occupied both, the children and nurse in the seat facing the front, while the lady used the other, sitting next the passageway, stacking the hand baggage near the window. This brought her face to face with John and me. She was very pretty and so young that we wondered that she could be the mother of the children. Then we heard one of them call her Aunt Agnes. She had scarcely been seated when I signaled John:

"Pretty enough to kiss, isn't she?"

"You bet."

"Wonder what station she gets off at?" I asked.

"Watch her ticket when the conductor comes round and you'll see."

"I've been trying to catch her eye to find out if she'll flirt, but she won't let me."

"Demure as a Quakeress."

"Just the kind of a girl I'd like to shock."

"Why don't you? We'll reach the tunnel pretty soon. Go over and kiss her in the dark."

"The trainman'll light the lights."

"Bribe him not to."

I took the hint, and getting up went to the man in charge of the car and corrupted him, though it took a five dollar bill to do it. Then I sat down on the outside of the seat so that I could get out quickly. Aunt Agnes was in a beautiful position to be kissed, and all looked well for the dash except my courage, which was dribbling out as we approached the tunnel. It was a short one, not requiring more than forty seconds to go through; I must act expeditiously. John, in order to stimulate me, bet me \$25 that I would not do the kissing.

I watched the landmarks before reaching the tunnel, and as we came nearer my heart beat like a kettle-drum. One after another familiar objects sped by and at last we plunged into darkness. I waited till the train got midway into the tunnel, then darted forward, put my arms around Aunt Agnes' neck and pressed my lips against hers. I expected a scream, but instead what was my surprise to feel two arms thrown around my neck. They clung to me so tightly that I was scarcely able to unwind them. I succeeded in doing so, however, and resumed my seat while it was still dark. A few moments later we shot out into the light.

By an effort I appeared unconscious, looking lazily out of the window. I felt my hand pressed by John and turned my eyes to his. I will not attempt to describe the expression I saw there, but it was enough to convince me that something had gone wrong. I cast a quick glance at the place where Aunt Agnes had been sitting.

Horrors of horrors! There sat the black nurse.

Aunt Agnes was looking straight out of the window. But what a change from that demure look she had worn till we reached the tunnel. She was making spasmodic efforts to keep back her mirth; her eyes were dancing a hornpipe; and every now and then a convulsive ripple that she could not control swept over her. As for the nurse, she looked as if she had been highly honored at being kissed by a white man.

And I, what shall I say for myself? No apple hanging from a topmost bough in the sunlight was ever redder than my whole face. Oh, that I could sink under the seat and hide myself from those twinkling eyes that now occasionally turned my way! But no, I must stay where I was till the train reached my station, and, though it was a matter of four or five miles, it seemed fifty.

Aunt Agnes left the train at the station next before mine. By this time her merriment had come under control and as she passed out nothing but a faint smile hovered over her beautiful lips.

John insisted that I had won the bet and wished to pay the amount, but I told him that if ever he mentioned the circumstance again it would be a cause of war.

Of course I left no stone unturned to learn who was Aunt Agnes. I found that she was a teacher in a deaf mute school. I had been chatting with John about her, not dreaming that she was more familiar with the sign language than either of us. I made a vow. I declared that I would touch neither wine nor tobacco till I had taken the taste of the nurse's kiss from my lips by an antidote. That antidote should be a kiss from the lips of Aunt Agnes.

Your stomach churns and digests the food you eat and if foul, or torpid, or out of order, your whole system suffers from blood poison. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea keeps you well. 35cts, Tea or Tablets.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks 1907 Almanac.

The Rev. Irl R. Hicks has been compelled by the popular demand to resume the publication of his well known and popular almanac for 1907. This splendid almanac is now ready. For sale by newsdealers or sent post paid for 25 cents, by Word and Works Publishing Company, 2201 Locust St. St. Louis, Mo., publishers of Word and Works, one of the best dollar monthly magazines in America. One Almanac goes with every subscription.

### Famous Strike Breakers

The most famous strike breakers in the land is Dr. King's New Life Pills. When liver and bowels are on strike, they quickly settle the trouble, and the purifying work goes right on. The best cure for constipation, headache and dizziness. 25cts at Sigler's drug store.

### Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat

A Candy Bowel Laxative.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Probate Court for the Sixth County of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell, in said county, on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1906. Present: Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of James Liverett, deceased.

Jesse Liverett having filed in said court his petition praying that said court adjudicate and determine who were at the time of death the legal heirs of said deceased and entitled to inherit the real estate of James Liverett, deceased.

It is ordered, that the 14th day of December, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, he and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

And it is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for 8 successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE,  
Judge of Probate.  
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All the news for \$1.00 per year.

PHILADELPHIA MONEY  
DEPARTMENT  
**Giswold**  
HOUSE  
DEPARTMENT  
Rates, \$2. \$2.50. \$3 per Day.  
C. O. GROSS

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Probate Court for the county of Livingston—At a session of said court held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 31st day of October, A. D. 1906. Present: Hon. Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of William S. May, deceased.

Henrietta D. Feathery having filed in said court her final account as Executrix of said estate, and her petition praying for the allowance thereof.

It is ordered, that Friday the 3rd day of November, A. D. 1906, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, he and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition, and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place to show cause why a license to sell the interest of said estate in real estate should not be granted.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE,  
Judge of Probate.

### Mortgage Sale

Default having been made in the conditions of a mortgage made by David P. Chalker, his wife, to the Globe Fence Company, a Michigan Corporation, dated August 24, 1905, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county of Livingston and the state of Michigan, on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1905, in Liber 94 of mortgages on page 148 and said mortgage containing a clause stating that default be made in the payment of said principal or interest or any part thereof when the same are payable as above provided and should the same or any part thereof remain unpaid for the period of thirty days then the principal sum, with all arrears of interest shall at the option of said mortgagee its legal representatives and assigns become payable immediately thereafter and the interest on said mortgage, which became due on the 21st day of August, A. D. 1906, not having been paid and the same having remained unpaid for the period of thirty days, said mortgagee does hereby declare that the principal sum of said mortgage with all arrears of interest now due and that the same shall become payable immediately and the said mortgagee claims there is due at the date of this notice the sum of \$20.71, and an attorney's fee of \$15.00 provided for in said mortgage and no suit or proceedings have been instituted to recover the money secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof, NOWHERE FORE, by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and the statute in said case made and provided, notice is hereby given that on Thursday, December 27, A. D. 1906, at one o'clock in the afternoon, there will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder at the westernly front door of the Court House in the village of Howell, Livingston county, Michigan, (that being the place where the Circuit Court for Livingston county is held) the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount due on said mortgage with 5 per cent interest and all legal costs, together with an attorney's fee of \$15.00 as covenanteth therein; the said premises being described in said mortgage as the east half of the southwest quarter (1/4) of section number thirty, in township number one north of range number four east, Michigan, being in the town of Putnam, county of Livingston and state of Michigan, the Mortgage being subject to a prior mortgage on said premises.

Globe Fence Company, a corporation.

Mortgage.

Dated September 25, A. D. 1906.

Shields & Shields,

Attorneys for Mortgagors.

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"S-DROPS" taken internally, rids the blood of the poisonous matter and solids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

### DR. S. D. BLAND

Of Brewton, Ga., writes: "I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and I had been unable to gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found no relief. Then I was directed to Dr. S. D. Bland, who prescribed a medicine for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

"S-DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients.

Large Size Bottle, "S-DROPS" (500 Doses) \$1.00. For Sale by Druggists.

SWANSON RHUMATIC CURE COMPANY, Dept. No. 160 Lake Street, Chicago.

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Troubles or any kind of disease, try to use a small bottle of "S-DROPS" and test yourself.

**Superfluous.**  
Mrs. Knicker—Does your husband ever complain if his buttons are missing? Mrs. Bocker—No; he has to fasten so many of mine that he wouldn't have time for his own, anyway.—*New York Sun*.

## DR. PIERCE'S Malted Cocoa

*The Cocoa with a Delicate Flavor*

MALTED COCOA is prepared by scientifically combining the cocoa of the choice cocoa bean and the best of malt. The malt aiding digestion, and the fat of the cocoa having been predigested, the feeling of heaviness experienced after drinking the ordinary coca is avoided; thus a most delicious and nourishing beverage is produced, which is feely pure and will not distress the most delicate stomach.

For sale by your dealer.

## KERR'S Malted Extract OF TOMATO

One teaspoonful to a cup of boiling water makes a delicious Bouillon. For sale by your dealer. Prepared by

WILLIAM B. KERR,  
Medford, Boston, Mass.

## Weak Kidneys

Weak Kidneys, surely point to weak Kidney Nerves. The Kidneys, like the heart, and the Stomach, find their weakness not in the organ itself, but in the nerves that control and guide and strengthen them. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is a medicine specifically prepared to reach these controlling nerves. To doctor the Kidneys alone, is futile. It is a waste of time, and of money as well.

If your back aches or is weak, if the urine scalds, or is dark and strong, if you have symptoms of Bright's or other distressing or dangerous kidney disease, try Dr. Shoop's Restorative a month—Tablets or Liquid—and see what it can and will do for you. Druggist recommend and sell.

## Dr. Shoop's Restorative

"ALL DEALERS."

Kodol Dye-popis Cure  
EAT WHAT YOU EAT.

Subscribe for the Pinckney Dispatch

**K&K NOT A DOLLAR NEED BE PAID**  
ESTABLISHED 25 YEARS.  
**UNLESS CURED**

## THE MASTER SPECIALISTS OF AMERICA

We know the diseases and weaknesses of men like an open book. We have been curing them for 30 years. We have given our lives to it, and thousands upon thousands of men restored to Vigorous Vitality are today living monuments to the skill, knowledge and success of Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. We never hold out false hopes, we never undertake a case we cannot cure. We have made so thorough a study of all the diseases of men—of Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poisons, Hydrocele, Nervous Debility, Paralysis, Bladder, Urinary and Kidney Diseases, General Weakness, Loss of Vitality, and have cured so many thousands of cases that if there is a cure for YOUR disease you will find it here. When we undertake a case there is no such thing as failure. We charge nothing for consultation and our knowledge, skill and experience are at your service. We will explain to you How and Why We Can Cure You; why the diseases of men require the knowledge and skill of Master Specialists. We do not require to experiment with your case as we know from experience in treating thousands of cases exactly what to prescribe for your symptoms. Don't be discouraged if you have treated without success with Quacks, Fakirs, Electric Belts, Free Trials, etc. You must get cured—and Doctors alone can cure you. Our New Method System of treatment has stood the test for 25 years—why should it fail in your case. Should your case prove incurable you need not pay us a dollar. We refer you to any Bank in this city as to our financial standing. If you cannot call write for a Question Blank for Home Treatment. Consultation Free. Booklets sent Free.

**Drs. KENNEDY & KERGAN**  
148 SHELBY STREET, DETROIT, MICH.

**WILL REMOVE WITH EASE ALL PARTICLES OF DIRT AND GREASE**

WE USE DADD'S MECHANIC SOAP  
BECAUSE IT'S DECIDELY THE BEST.  
TRADE MARK

A trial will convince you there is no other soap like it. 2 sizes 5c. and 10c.  
Manufactured by IOWA SOAP COMPANY, Burlington, Iowa.

## BUY THE FAMOUS Lincoln Steel Range!

**Saleas  
Cook  
Woods  
Locks**      **THE BEST!**      **Unequalled  
any  
price.**

COSTS NO MORE THAN AN UNKNOWN MAKE.  
Before you buy that range or cook stove, write us, and we will mail you a copy of

**"Points for Purchasers"**

It is free for the asking. Full of useful information.

THE LINCOLN STOVE & RANGE COMPANY, Fremont, Ohio.

## IS YOUR HOUSE WARM?

Make it so with a HESS STEEL FURNACE, which we sell direct from our shop to your cellar at one small profit above factory cost.

We publish a free 40 page book, "Modern Furnace Heating," which tells how to heat any building with a furnace. It tells you how we sell our furnace equipments all over the United States, direct to consumers, at money saving prices. For instance, our No. 45 steel furnace, equal to any 45 inch furnace made, is sold for \$49.00, freight prepaid to any station east of Omaha. Five other sizes at proportionate prices. Pipes and registers extra.

We sell on trial, on installments, or for cash. Send for our free booklet and read what we offer, and what hundreds of enthusiastic customers say of the merits of our goods. You will then be ready to throw away your stoves, save the muss, dirt and labor, and heat your rooms by this up-to-date method. Write us to-day.

**HESS WARMING & VENTILATING COMPANY,**  
991 TACOMA BUILDING, CHICAGO, ILL.

## A Patented Plant.

"One plant at least has been patented," said an inventor. "It is the Abrus precatorius, alias paternoster pea, alias weather plant. John Nowack took out the patent. The weather plant is still believed by many persons to foretell the weather. John Nowack was sure it did so, and he put it on the market along with an indicating apparatus, guaranteeing it to foretell for forty-eight hours in advance and for fifty miles around fog, rain, snow, hail, earthquake and depressions likely to cause explosions of fire damp. Alas for poor Nowack! The experts of the Bureau of Agriculture took up his patented plant. They proved that the movements of the leaves—to the right foretelling rain, to the left foretelling drought—were not caused by the weather, but by the light. And they proved that the plant's famous downward movement, which was supposed to foretell earthquake, was caused by an insect that punctured the stem, causing the leaf, naturally, to droop. That is the only patented plant I know of, and Nowack lost money on it."

## Buying Birds to Free Them.

Birds are often purchased in the bird market at Lucknow, India, in order to be set free again. This is done by Hindus as a work of merit and by Mohammedans after certain rites have been performed as an atonement, in imitation of the Jewish scapegoat. It is essential that a bird used for this purpose should be strong enough to fly away; but that does not induce the cruel dealers to feed the birds, or to refrain from dislocating their wings or breaking their legs. They put down everything to good or bad luck, and leave the customer to choose a strong bird, if he can find one, and to go away if he cannot. The merit obtained by setting a bird free is not attributed to Deity, but it is supposed to come in a large measure from the bird itself or from its attendant spirit, and hence birds of good or bad omen, and especially kites and crows, are in much demand and are regularly caught to be sold for this purpose.

Piles quickly and positively cured with Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. It's made for Piles alone—and it does the work surely with all satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding, or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Large Nickel Capped glass jars, 50cts. Sold and recommended by

All dealers.

A man visiting a racing track recently was won over to the side of the outdoor patients who were mounted up on horseback. The price called for comment among the party, and one of the patients said he had seen a horse running much faster than that one. "Oh," exclaimed the visitor sotto voce, "I have seen a horse flying." "I wanna let the doctor hear ye sayin' that, my man," interjected an old Scotch lunatic. There's foul in here for far less thanfeelin' horses."

## Intrepidity.

Intrepidity is an extraordinary strength of soul, which raises it above the troubles, disorders and emotions which the sight of great perils can arouse in it. By this strength heroes maintain a calm aspect and preserve their reason and liberty in the most surprising and terrible accidents—Rochefoucauld.

When the tip of a dog's nose is cold and moist, that dog is not sick. A feverish dry nose means sickness with a dog. And so with the human lips. Dry, cracked and colorless lips mean feverishness and are as well illapparatus. To have beautiful pink, velvet-like lips apply at bed-time, a coating Dr. Shoop's Green Salve. It will soften and heal any skin ailment. Get a free trial box at our store and be convinced. Large nickel capped glass jars, 25cts. All dealers.

**Disease and Health REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY**  
"Made a Well Man of Me."

**GREAT REVIVO REMEDY** produces fine results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures where others fail. Young men can regain their lost manhood. Old men may recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and quietly removes Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Sexual Weakness, such as Lost Power, Falling Memory, Wasting Diseases, and effects of self-abuse or excess and Indiscretion, which unfit one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great restorer of blood builders, bringing back the pink glow to a pale face, and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off approaching disease. Insist on having REVIVO no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, \$1.00 per jarce, or six for \$5.00. We give free advice and counsel to all who wish it, with guarantee. Circular free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., Marine Bldg., Chicago, Ill.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist

PINCKNEY, MICH.

## Origin of the Strike Fund.

The earliest mention of a strike fund occurred in the strike of the Parisian stocking weavers in 1724, when a crown a day was subscribed for every striker and all blacklegs were mercilessly boycotted. But the biggest strike under the "ancient regime" was that of the silk factory hands at Lyons in 1744, when 12,000 men went on strike and so alarmed the mayor that he conceded everything they asked and wrote to his brother that he had "la tete cassée par cette ville canaille." The "ville canaille," however, had had their moment, and it was no longer theirs. Two months later the king sent down 20,000 soldiers "pour remettre l'ordre dans la bonneville de Lyon," and we hear no more of strikes till the supreme strike of 1789.

Preventives as the name implies, prevent all Colds and Grippe when "taken at the sneeze stage".

Preventives are toothsome candy tablets. Preventives dissipate all colds, quickly, and taken early, when you first feel that a cold is coming, they check and prevent them. Preventives are thoroughly safe for children and as effectual for adults. Sold and recommended in 5 cent and 25 cent boxes by all dealers.

## DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve For Piles, Burns, Sores.

**The Pinckney Dispatch.**  
PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY FRANK L. ANDREWS & CO.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Subscription Price \$1 in Advance.

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan, as second-class matter.

Advertising rates made known on application.

Business Cards, \$1.00 per year.

Push and mailing notices published free.

Announcements of entertainments may be paid for, if desired, by presenting the office with tickets of admission. In case tickets are not bought to the office, regular rates will be charged.

All matter in local notice column will be charged at 5 cents per line or fraction thereof, for each insertion. Where no time is specified, all notices will be inserted until ordered discontinued, and will be charged accordingly.

Changes of advertisements MUST BE MADE ON TUESDAY morning to insure an insertion the same week.

**JOB PRINTING!**

In all its branches, especially: We have a specialities and the latest styles of type, etc., which enables us to execute all kinds of work, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Programmes, Bill Heads, Note Heads, Statements, Cards, Auction Bills, etc. in superior style, upon the shortest notice. Prices as low as good work can be done.

**ALL BILLS PAYABLE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH.**

## THE VILLAGE DIRECTORY

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**W. H. Clark, Agent.**

## Sour Stomach

No appetite, loss of strength, nervousness, headache, constipation, bad breath, general debility, sour risings, and catarrhs of the stomach are all due to indigestion. Kodol cures indigestion. This new discovery represents the natural juices of digestion as they exist in a healthy stomach, combined with the greatest known tonic and reconstructive properties. Kodol Dye-popis Cure does not only cure indigestion and dyspepsia, but this famous remedy cures all stomach troubles by cleansing, purifying, sweetening and strengthening the mucous membranes lining the stomach.

"Mr. S. Bell of Ravenswood, W. Va., says—'I was troubled with sour stomach for twenty years. Kodol cured me and we are now using it in bulk for baby."

**Kodol Digests What You Eat.**  
Bottle only, \$1.00 Sicc holds 2½ times the tablet size, which sells for 50cts.

Prepared by E. C. DeWITT & CO., OHIO.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

Ask for the 1906 Kodol almanac and 200 calendar.

**HOLLISTER'S Rocky Mountain Tea Nuggets**  
A Busy Medicine for Busy People. Brings Golden Health and Renewed Vigor. A specific for Constipation, Indigestion, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Plimples, Eczema, Impure Blood, Bad Breath, Sluggish Bowels, Headache and Backache. Its Rocky Mountain Tea in tablet form, 35 cents a box. Genuine made by HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, Madison, Wis. GOLDEN NUGGETS FOR SALLY PEOPLE

## Railroad Guide

**PERE MARQUETTE**  
In effect Apr. 30, 1905.

Trains leave South Lyon as follows:

or Detroit and East, 10:48 a. m., 2:19 p. m., 8:58 p. m.

For Grand Rapids, North and West, 9:26 a. m., 2:19 p. m., 8:18 p. m.

For Saginaw and Bay City, 10:48 a. m., 2:19 p. m., 8:58 p. m.

For Toledo and South, 10:48 a. m., 2:19 p. m., 8:18 p. m.

**FRANK BAY.** H. F. MOELLER, Agent, South Lyon. G. P. A., Detroit.

## Grand Trunk Railway System.

East Bound from Pinckney

No. 28 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 9:38 A. M.

No. 30 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 4:35 P. M.

West Bound from Pinckney

No. 27 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 10:01 A. M.

No. 29 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 8:44 P. M.

Solid wide vestibule trains of coaches and sleeping cars are operated to New York (and Philadelphia) via Niagara Falls by the Grand Trunk-Lake Erie route.

W. H. Clark, Agent.

## PATENTS

PROCURED AND DEFENDED. Send model, drawing or photograph, search and tree report. Free advice, how to obtain patents, trade marks, copyright, etc. IN ALL COUNTRIES.

Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent.

Patent and Infringement Practice Exclusively.

Write or come in person.

## LONG SERMONS, AND LONG FACES

*Early Thanksgivings Were Not Festive, But Solemn  
Occasions Modernized by Circumstances.*



"... So strong was the spirit of our ancestors that when the detested Gov. Andros issued his Thanksgiving proclamation they refused to eat turkey, just to spit him."

Notwithstanding a quite prevalent opinion to the contrary, for which certain historical writers are largely responsible, Thanksgiving is a day for family reunions, feasting and social enjoyment, is practically a modern institution, owing to its present importance in the main to the conveniences of travel that came

Massachusetts, for generations, were solely religious observances, while that famous Plymouth celebration of 1621 was a harvest festival, never designated as Thanksgiving by its promoters and having no religious significance whatever, so far as known. Moreover, it comprised not merely a single day of feasting and merrymaking, but a whole week of it, and was designed solely for relaxation after many months of privation and arduous toil.

There is no record of a similar joyous celebration in our annals for generations afterward, the Thanksgiving referred to in subsequent years until after the revolution having been nearly as strictly religious affairs as Sunday itself, and so far as we have any existing evidence not greatly given to gastronomy. No mention of Thanksgiving is found in a contemporary list of holidays for merrymaking as late as 1700.

Until as late as the war of 1812, or later, Thanksgiving was not a regular annual affair, either, its appointment being in recognition of special blessings, either spiritual or material, and usually deferred until such an excuse for its appointment offered, even though it might be for two or three years, as was frequently the case. It usually came in the autumn, however, and generally a plentiful harvest was mentioned as an incidental cause.

For more than 60 years after the arrival of the Pilgrims Thanksgiving was appointed by the legislature, and its respectful, religious observance was quite as obligatory as was obedience to any law of the commonwealth that carries with it a legal penalty.

With the introduction of the steam railway.

The holiday observance in the autumn of 1821 by the people of Plymouth, so often referred to as our earliest New England Thanksgiving, cannot be truly so characterized, because our early Thanksgiving in

## Harvest Festivals of Old.

Man is so constituted that he is forever straining for blessings from afar while overlooking those at his feet. With our inordinate desire for material possessions, we are prone to forget the ethical and spiritual import of Thanksgiving. To call forth our gratitude we must have more and more things.

It seems we cannot be thankful for a little good, despite the dictum that "man wants but little here below." We cannot show our gratitude unless it be for an "abundance"—hence man's petitioning the Higher Powers with prayers and sacrifices from the time of the patriarchs to our own day—for more and ever more goods of the earth.

The harvest coming after the care and toil of tilling the soil, the sowing of seed and anxious watching of the fields, has therefore been almost universally set apart as a time for special thanks, or Thanksgiving. However, so far as we know, no other nation carries out this custom regularly every year on a specially appointed day; hence Thanksgiving Day has come to be regarded as a distinctively American festival.

It is interesting to observe that while Thanksgiving Day as we know it, is a peculiarly American festival, harvest festivals were celebrated more than 5,000 years ago. For instance, the Jewish Sukkot (Festival of Booths) or Feast of the Tabernacles, was a harvest or "ingathering" festival held from the 15th to the 22nd of the tenth month, the first and eighth day reserved for the "consecration".

According to religious usage, the people left their houses, and came

forth to live in the booths or tents made of twigs, branches and brushwood, during the holy session of eight days. The interior of the booths were made festive with shrubs and foliage and especially the leaves and fruit of the palm, the "goodly tree" of Palestine. (The Jewish people of the Orthodox faith in many places still observe this festival in its original form). Thanks and praise for the bounties of the previous year were offered in ritualistic formula and by the chanting of hymns; whilst merry games were played in which fruits and nuts, emblematic of the season, were always somewhere in evidence.

Thus we see that the same sentiment that impels an individual to the expression of gratitude for benefits received, also moves a nation to manifest in some reverent form its grateful recognition of special privilege or general welfare.

The ethical and spiritual significance of Thanksgiving, with all its feasting, its happy reunions and its merrymaking, will never be lost sight of, if we remember that this great "feast day" was born of "fast days," and that while some ate feasting others will still be fasting.

Thanksgiving Day will be celebrated by a finer spirit also when we think of it only in terms of materialism, but in terms of patriotism and democracy, when we remember that the day was chosen by the first president of the United States—The "carving" of the turkey which to commemorate the birth of the nation, in the adoption of the constitution, the proportion consisted in the 22nd of the tenth month, the first and eighth day reserved for the "consecration". Lincoln for prevention of the terrible crisis, the

## A PROSPECTOR'S THANKSGIVING

I'd been prospectin' for half a year  
In the rockiest luck  
A man once struck  
An' my hope an' my temper was out o'  
gear.  
An' I felt just ready to up an' buck,  
An' to curse the day that I saw light.  
To curse the gold that was hid from sight.  
To curse the fate that had led me on  
By the lamp o' hope till all hope was gone,  
An' my heart grew bitter an' full o' hate,  
An' I railed at the Master who would  
create.

A man to buck  
At the game o' luck  
An' only git ripped up the back by fate.

I knelt me down by a mountain stream;  
From its sparklin' water I took a drink,  
Then lolled on the rocky bank to dream  
O' the darter edges o' life, to think,  
I recalled the days that had come—an'  
gone  
Since I tore myself from the world  
away,  
An' the fact on my memory seemed to  
dawn  
That I stared in the face o' Thanksgiving.  
Day.

A sneer rose up in my troubled breast,  
An' my soul with its Maker renewed its  
war.  
An' I asked myself with a spiteful zest:  
"What have I got to be thankful for?  
what has God done for a man like me?  
What are the blessings thrown in my  
path?

Why should I bow on a thankful knee  
When He's stripplin' my trail with the  
fire o' wrath?"

I struck my pick in the gravelly sod  
As if to stab at the heart o' luck  
An' sneered at the idea there was a God,  
An' cursed such teachin' as wordy  
truck.

I glanced at my grub-bag layin' there  
An' knew when I'd swallered another  
meal.

I'd have nothin' to live on but mountain  
air,  
An' in mad rebellion I ground my heel



Deep down in the unproductive earth,  
An' cursed at the gods' slow-grindin'  
mills.

An' cursed at the day that gave me birth,  
An' the fate that led me into the hills.  
Aye! cursed at everything I hurled—  
At the cruel earth an' its stragglin' men,  
An' wished that the old pain-givin' world  
Would burst into nothingness an' then:

I rolled the sleeve up my bare brown  
arm—  
I noted the muscles clustered thick,  
I felt the pulsations, strong an' warm,  
As the life-blood flowed like a rippin'  
creek.

I slapped my breast with my strong right  
hand

An' it stood as firm as a granite wall,  
Save when it in majesty would expand  
Till it stood out round as a monster  
ball.

I slapped a thigh that was knitted steel,



Throw back my head on its muscled  
base,

An' in my soul I began to feel  
A chiding that gave me a shame-red  
face.

What should I thank Him for? For  
health?

That a man of millions would envy me,  
For a frame of iron, an' perfect wealth  
Or muscle an' nerve, an' a spirit free  
As the breezes kissin' my sun-tanned  
cheeks—

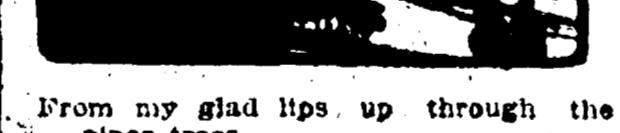
As free as the sunlight that warms the  
soil.

As free as the eagle that soars an' seeks  
As the prey prodded by Master's hand.

A new light entered my rebel soul,

An' I pressed the ground with my  
traitor knee,

An' a flood o' gratitude seemed to roll



From my glad lips up through the  
pinon-trees.

Then I hit the trail with the fire o' hope  
Blown into a new an' holier blaze.

I trudged along up the rocky slope,  
My heartstrings tremblin' with songs o'

praise.

It must been Heaven that sent the luck;

For I hadn't gone more'n a mile, all  
there

In the breast of a rocky ridge I struck  
A lead that'll make me a millionaire.

James Barton Adams, in The Sunday  
Magazine.

"Mock Turkey" for Thanksgiving.

A novel suggestion for a Thanksgiving party is a "Mock Turkey."

One was made last year by taking a knitting basket and covering it with brown holland. The handle off the basket was used as a tail, the string as a neck, and the wire as legs.

The "turkey" was artistically adjusted to simulate legs, wings and a neck. It was then tinted

to the requisite shades by the liberal use of burnt umber paint. The stuffing of this turkey consisted of trifling odds and ends, with appropriate

material.

The carving of the turkey was attended with much pleasure, ex-

cepting the fact that the preparation consisted in

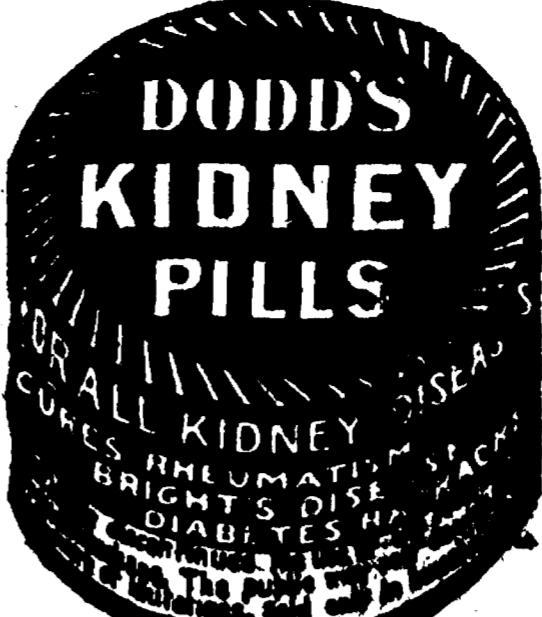
the day fixed by the convention for the

annual Thanksgiving.

According to religious usage, the

people left their houses, and came

out of the fork, lifting the "skin," laying bare the interlocking



## FARMS THAT GROW

### "NO. 1 HARD" WHEAT

(Sixty-three pounds to the bushel). Are situated in the Canadian West, where Homesteads of 160 acres can be obtained free by every settler willing and able to comply with the Homestead Regulations. During

the present year a large portion of

New Wheat Growing Territory

HAS BEEN MADE ACCESSIBLE TO MARKET BY THE RAILWAY CONSTRUCTION that has been pushed forward so vigorously by the three great railway companies.

For literature and particulars address SUPERINTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or the following authorized Canadian Government Agents:

M. V. McINNES, 6 Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Michigan; or C. A. LAURER, 2nd St., Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan.

Mention this paper.

**READERS** of this paper desiring to buy anything advertised in its columns should insist upon having what they ask for, refusing all substitutes or imitations.

## Success in the Gulf Coast Country

Here is an example of what YOU could do.

## \$500 Realized from One Acre of Onions.

Mr. Geo. Hoffman, of Kingsville, Texas, planted early this Spring five acres in carrots. In March, he sold his carrots to Denny & Co., of Chicago, for \$5 per crate. His net returns on five acres of carrots were \$320 per acre. One acre planted in onions yielded more than 20,000 pounds, for which he received 2 1/2 cents a pound. Result: \$500 per acre.

Mr. Hoffman is not a myth, but a real, live, up-to-date farmer; write him at Kingsville and he will tell more about his wonderful success.

Such results may seem beyond belief, but they are facts. You might do as well in the Gulf Coast Country. It has a mild climate; tender vegetables can be raised almost every month in the year. The farmer there puts his crop on the market in Winter and early Spring, when the price is highest. By irrigation he insures himself against crop failure; rivers or artesian wells give a beautiful supply of water. Two and sometimes three crops a year are raised and twenty acres there will make as much as fifty acres in other places.

Don't you think this is better than a one-crop country where your success depends on uncertain weather with irregular rainfall? Come to the Gulf Coast Country and win success as others have done.

Now the land is cheap and you can get it on easy terms. Twenty acres will cost you about \$500. The cost of clearing it is about \$5 an acre. The cost of water for irrigation varies. You may want an artesian well of your own; you may get water from some river; or you may get it from your neighbor. But the cost is not great and those who have tried it have netted from the first crop, a sum which has paid all expenses, and left a good surplus.

It is not only a good place to make money, but it is also a good place for a home. The sunny, mild winters are delightful and the summers are tempered by the cool breeze from the Gulf.

## The Winter Vegetable Garden of America

Take a trip down there and see for yourself—that's the best way. Every first and third Tuesday of each month, we will send round trip tickets to any point in the Gulf Coast Country and return, at the following rates:

From Chicago, - - - - -	\$25.00
From St. Louis, - - - - -	20.00
From Kansas City, - - - - -	20.00
From Peoria, - - - - -	23.00
From St. Paul, - - - - -	27.50
From Minneapolis, - - - - -	27.50

These tickets will be good 30 days and they will permit you to stop over at any point.

Let me send you our books describing the wonderful crops produced in this marvelous country. Don't delay, write me to-day.

JNO. SEBASTIAN, Passenger Traffic Manager,  
ROCK ISLAND-FRISCO LINES,  
700 La Salle St. Station, Chicago, Ill., or 700 Frisco Bldg., St. Louis, Mo.

## NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.

THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.

## CAPISICUM VASELINE

EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT

A QUICK, SURE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN—PRICE 15¢ IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES—AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15¢ IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-alleviating qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and easiest counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the joints and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints.

We will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Children say "it is the best of all your preparations."

SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.

CHESBROUGH MFG. CO.

17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK CITY

## COUNTESS GETS DIVORCE.

The Tribunal of First Instance of the Seine, Judge Ditts presiding, at noon today granted a divorce to the Countess de Castellane, formerly Anna Gould of New York, and gave her the custody of her children, who, however, will not be allowed to be taken from France without the consent of their father, Count Boule de Castellane.

The end of the famous case came suddenly. The court brushed aside the demand of the count's lawyers for an examination of witnesses and, as anticipated, the public prosecutor did not even ask to be heard.

**Features of the Divorce Decree.**

Countess is granted an unconditional divorce.

Children are to remain in their mother's custody.

Boule, who demanded a \$50,000 allowance annually and was offered \$30,000, which he refused, does not get a cent.

The count must pay the costs of the trial.

The count will be allowed to see his children at the home of their grandmother and keep them a month annually.

The children cannot be taken from France without Boule's consent, unless the court holds his refusal unreasonable.

## \$4,000,000 FOR SOO LOCKS.

When congress meets in December it will be asked to authorize the expenditure of \$4,000,000 for construction of the much-needed new lock at Sault Ste. Marie. It is hoped and believed by the Lake Carriers' Association that the entire amount will be allowed at the coming session. This would mean that the work of building the great lock would begin early next year and would be completed during 1909. It is estimated that the whole year can be saved if all the contracts are awarded at one time, and that the work can be completed in two and one-half years.

Chairman Burton, of the rivers and harbors committee, is known to be an earnest advocate of the proposed improvement, and the united support of the committee is believed to be assured. An early meeting of the committee has been called by the chairman for consideration of matters belonging to it. According to reports in circulation among vessel interests here something like \$40,000,000 will be embodied in the recommendations of the present rivers and harbors committee to congress.

### Inspection is Finished.

President Roosevelt spent today in making an inspection of the canal line. He made numerous suggestions where improvements seemed necessary.

The special train reached Cristobal at midday and the president took luncheon at the residence of Walter G. Tubby, superintendent of construction. Afterwards the president made a house to house inspection of Cristobal.

The special train reached Colon at 4 o'clock. The president rode on horseback over the entire town. He delivered a ten minutes' address to the people from a bridge at the depot, in which he expressed gratification at his reception on the Isthmus and satisfaction with the progress of the work under embarrassing conditions.

He thanked the people for their cooperation in the gigantic work, and closed by expressing his intention to sustain the Panamanian republic in the exercise of its sovereign rights.

The visit of the president created great enthusiasm. The ships were beautifully illuminated and there were fireworks in the evening.

### Hearst Spent \$256,370.22.

Something of a sensation was caused when it was announced that William R. Hearst had filed with the secretary of state, at Albany, a statement showing that he had spent the sum of \$256,370.22 in his efforts to be elected governor. Not since the law requiring candidates for public offices to file a list of their expenses went into effect a number of years ago, has any one seeking the favor of the voters admitted the spending of one-eighth of that sum for election purposes.

The sum, in magnitude, is far and away greater than any others recorded in the books of the state for that particular purpose.

Of the amount expended, Mr. Hearst reported to the secretary of state that he had given to John D. Folgersee, the treasurer of the Independence League, \$198,370.22 and to William J. Connelly, chairman of the Democratic state committee, \$57,000. The balance of \$500 he spent for traveling expenses.

### John D. Lodge \$70,000.00.

John D. Rockefeller had bid \$70,000 for the last 11 months by the depreciation of Standard Oil stocks. The market was hit another blow when it reached the extreme low price of \$525, a drop of 20 points. It closed 525 bid, 522 asked. Only small holders sold and in all about 400 shares were traded in.

When the price dropped to 525 Allen Brothers & Co. promptly bid 530 for 525, but did not get any stock.

Standard Oil stock sold at 700 in January.

The low price shows a shrinkage of \$15,000,000 in the market value of the total stock. Rockefeller owns about 40 percent of the total capital stock and is the heaviest loser through the shrinkage.

Most people who are interested with themselves don't want more.

## A MISSOURI WOMAN

Tells a Story of Awful Suffering and Wonderful Relief.

Mrs. J. W. Johnson, 103 West Hickman Street, Columbia, Mo., says: "Following my operation I did not sleep well so I rolled up the doctor I said, 'I would have to lie in the water.' There was constant pain and a burning sensation around my heart, and I could not move my arm above my head. The kidney action was disordered and passage of the stool delayed. On the second day of my husband I began using Doan's Kidney Pill. Since using two boxes my trouble has not reappeared. This is wonderful after suffering two years."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box.

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

## Intricate Game of Chess.

Chess, as played by the Japanese, is the most intricate game in the world. The board has 81 squares, 20 pieces are used, and the pieces change their value when they arrive at a certain position on the board.

## A Well-Known Remedy.

One of the oldest, safest and most favorably known remedies in the world to-day is Brandreth's Pills—a blood purifier and laxative. Being purely vegetable, they can be used by old or young with perfect safety, and while other remedies require increased doses and finally cease acting altogether, with Brandreth's Pills the same dose always has the same effect, no matter how long they are taken. One or two will be taken each night for a while is the best thing known for any one troubled with constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, or any trouble arising from impurity of the blood.

Brandreth's Pills have been in use for over a century, and are for sale everywhere, plain or sugar-coated.

## Big Dividends from Mines.

Some remarkable results have been obtained within the last half dozen years by those who had the enterprise and nerve to assist in the development of southwestern copper mines. The Calumet and Arizona mine at Bisbee, Ariz., which is now paying dividends every year of \$2,400,000, has made a profit of \$3,300 per cent. in four years to those who bought its stock. The man who put \$100 in to assist in the development of the Calumet and Arizona in 1902, now has a holding worth \$3,300, which is paying him an annual income of \$480—nearly five times his original investment. — Leslie's Weekly.

## Coempetition America.

Is there a type of "average American workman"? Dr. Arthur Shadwell, an Englishman, author of "Industrial Efficiency," tells how in one of the older towns of Massachusetts he witnessed a procession of cotton operatives on strike. "They were marshaled by nationalities with a curious effect. The different types, cheek by jowl, stood out in vivid contrast—the French, the familiar English, the Celtic, the Scandinavian, the Slav, the small Portuguese and the swarthy Greek. Such a sight can be seen nowhere else. It brought before my eyes in one living picture the amazing cosmopolitanism of American labor and made me think with a smile of that convenient abstraction but almost mythical person of whom we have heard so much—the average American workman."

## COFFEE IMPORTERS.

Publish a Book About Coffee.

There has been much discussion as to Coffee and Postum lately, so much in fact that some of the coffee importers and Roasters have taken to type to promote the sale of their wares and check if possible the rapid growth of the use of Postum Food-Coffee.

On the coffee importers' books chapter is headed "Coffee as a Medicine," and advocates its use as such.

Here is an admission of the truth, most important to all interested.

Every physician knows, and every thoughtful person should know, that habitual use of any "medicine" of the drug-stimulant type of coffee or whisky quickly causes irritation of the tissues and organs stimulated, and finally sets up disease in the great majority of cases if persisted in.

It may show in any one of the many organs of the body and in the great majority of cases can be directly traced to coffee in a most unmistakable way by leaving off the active irritant—coffee—and using Postum Food-Coffee for a matter of ten days.

If the result is relief from nervous trouble, dyspepsia, bowel complaint, heart failure, weak eyes, or any other malady set up by a poisoned nervous system, you have your answer with the accuracy of a demonstration in mathematics.

—Dr. H. H. Fletcher.

Carpets can be colored on the floor with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES. Ask your druggist. 10c per package.

Terminal facilities of wasps are not very large, but they are ample for their purpose.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children toothache, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, relieves pain, cures wind colic. One bottle.

Few Unmarried Indian Girls. In Ireland, out of 1,000 females over 15 years of age, 497 are unmarried; in India, out of the same number, only 45.

## \$100 Reward, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dread disease that science has not yet found a remedy for. That disease is called "Castrorrh." Hall's Castrorrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Castrorrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Castrorrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous membranes of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for free pamphlet.

Charles F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, etc.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

## After Many Trials.

Johnny had been fighting. His mother was telling him of the evils of resorting to violence to obtain redress for a wrong.

"I don't care," said Johnny, "he took my ball."

"Did you try to get it from him peacefully?"

"Yes I did."

"How many times did you try, Johnny?"

"I tried once, twice, thrice and force; and I didn't get the ball till the last trial."

Superb Service, Splendid Scenery en route to Niagara Falls, Muskoka and Kawartha Lakes; Georgian Bay and Temagami Region, St. Lawrence River and Rapids, Thousand Islands, Algonquin National Park, White Mountains and Atlantic Sea Coast resorts, via Grand Trunk Railway System. Double track Chicago to Montreal and Niagara Falls, N. Y.

For copies of tourist publications and descriptive pamphlets apply to Geo. W. Vaux, A. G. P. & T. A., 135 Adams St., Chicago.

Treatment of Habitual Criminals.

The New Zealand minister for justice has introduced the habitual criminals and offenders bill, which provides that where a person has been twice convicted of a criminal assault or four times of wounding, robbery or burglary, he may be regarded as an habitual criminal and at the expiration of his sentence detained in a reformatory.

After six convictions for vagrancy a man may be treated in the same way. Discharge from the reformatory will be secured only on the recommendation of the court, while the detained offenders will be made to work and wages will be placed to their credit or toward the support of their dependents.

Mrs. Tillie Hart, of Larimore, N. D., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I might have been spared many months of suffering and pain had I only known of the efficacy of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Address Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Desires to Know a Woman's Ill-

## FEARFUL PAINS

SUGGESTIONS HOW WOMEN MAY FIND RELIEF.



Compound sooner; for I have tried so many remedies without help.

"I depend on the approach of every month, as it means so much pain and suffering for me, but after I had used the Compound two months I became regular and natural and am now perfectly well and free from pain. I am very grateful for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."

Such testimony should be accepted by all women as convincing evidence that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound stands without a peer as a remedy for all the distressing ills of women.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound rests upon the well-earned gratitude of American women.

When women are troubled with pain or irregularities, displacements or incarceration of the organs, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation, backache, bloating (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, faintness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about your sickness you do not understand. She will treat you with kindness and her advice is free. No woman ever regretted writing her and she has helped thousands. Address Lynn, Mass.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Desires to Know a Woman's Ill-

## W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 & \$3.00 Shoes

W. L. Douglas \$4.00 Edge Hosiery

To Shoe Peddlers, W. L. Douglas' Jobbing House is the most complete in this country and for service

of shoes.

W. L. Douglas' Women's

Children's shoes; for style, fit and wear they are unequalled.

If I could take you into my large factories at Brockton, Mass., and show you how carefully W. L. Douglas' shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other make.

Wherever you live, you can obtain W. L. Douglas' shoes. His name and price is stamped on the bottom, which protects you against high prices and inferior shoes. Take no substitutes. All you can buy for W. L. Douglas' shoes are made in his own factory.

Fast Color Dyers used; they will not wear off.

Write for Illustrated Catalogue of Fall Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, Dept. 12, Brockton, Mass.

## YOU CANNOT CURE

all inflamed, ulcerated and catarrhal conditions of the mucous membranes such as nasal catarrh, uterine catarrh, rheumatism, by female as ill, sore throat, nose, mouth, or inflamed eyes by simply dosing the stomach.

But you surely can cure these stubborn afflictions by local treatment with

Paxtine Toilet Antiseptic

which destroys the disease germs, checks discharges, stops pain, and heals the inflammation and soreness.

Paxtine represents the most successful local treatment for feminine ills ever produced. Thousands of women testify to this fact. 50 cents at druggists.

Send for Free Trial Box.

THE E. PAXTON CO., Boston, Mass.

## DENSION

Washington, D. C.

Successfully Proprietary.

Last Principal Remedy for Female Diseases.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 47, 1908.

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

THE CONTINENTAL COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have

Always Bought

Bears the

Signature

of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

In

Use

For Over

Thirty Years

Taken as directed, it becomes the greatest curative agent for the relief of suffering humanity ever devised. Such is Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. 55cts., Ten... Tablet.

### Business Pointers.

The last dance of the present series before New Years will be given at the Dexter opera house Friday evening, Nov. 28.

For Sale  
40 Brown Leghorn Hens, 50c each.  
t 48 C. E. Reynolds

For Sale  
New milch cow. C. V. Van Winkle.

### For Sale.

A limited number of single combed Rhode Island Reds from my prize winning birds. These birds have all been scored running from 90 to 98 points. For prices call or write Wm. Cady, Lakeland Mich.

### For Sale.

Three Poland China boar pigs. Also pair good spring colts and one driving mare 9 years old. J. O. Mackinder. Pinckney.

### LOST.

Last week a "bill-fold" containing \$30 or more. A liberal reward to the finder who will return to John Dinkel.

For Service.  
Registered Chester White Boar.  
I. J. Abbot, Marion.

### FOR SERVICE.

Registered Poland China boar, service fee \$1. Also pigs for sale.  
J. L. Roche

AGENTS.—Stop peddling from house to house. Sell to merchants only. Ready sale. No competition. Exclusive territory given. Universal Supply Co. Station T. Toledo, O.

### FOR SALE.

Fine Wool Rams;  
J. J. Donohue  
R. F. D 3 Gregory, Mich.

### FOR SALE.

A six year old roan horse, weight 1,200 pounds. John Webb, 1½ miles south of Unadilla village. Gregory RFD.

E. W. DANIELS,  
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at DISPATCH Office or address Gregory, Mich, r. f. d. 2. Lyndilla phone connection. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

WANTED—GOOD MAN in each our department to represent and advertise co-operative department, put out samples, etc. Old established business house. Cash salary \$21.00 weekly, expense money advanced; permanent position. Our reference Bankers National Bank of Chicago, Capital \$2,000,000. Address Manager, THE COLUMBIA HOUSE, Chicago, Ill. Desk No 1.

### J. W. BIRD PRACTICAL AUCTIONEER SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

For information, call at the Pinckney DISPATCH office. Auction Bills Free  
Webster Rural Phone  
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### C.S. Chamberlin

#### Expert Auctioneer

Over 20 Years Experience

DEXTER, MICH.

PHONE 38, FREE BOX 68

Percy Swarthout  
Funeral Director  
AND EMBALMER

ALL CALLS ANSWERED  
PROMPTLY DAY OR NIGHT

PARLORS AT  
PLIMPTON'S OLD STAND Phone No. 30

PINCKNEY, MICH

### Among Our Correspondents

Will any of our correspondents that are out of stationery please drop us a card so we can send a supply. In the rush of the past few weeks we may have overlooked some such request. We want the news from all localities.

### UNADILLA.

Miss Rose Harris is home from Chelsea.

Geo. Anderson is quite poorly at this writing.

The WCTU will meet with Mrs. Cora Marshall Tuesday.

Miss Jennie Watson is making an extended visit in Durand.

The M. E. society cleared over \$12 at their social Friday evening.

Justin Hadley and family are making a visit among relatives here.

J. D. Colton and wife of Chelsea were guests of A. C. Watson over Sunday.

The Missionary social to be held at Mrs. John Dunbar's has been postponed for a time.

J. D. Watson and wife of Chelsea attended the funeral of Mrs. Silas Richmond, last Friday.

Mrs. John Web spent a couple of days last week with her niece Mrs. Chas. Johnson of North Lake, who was seriously injured by falling down cellar.

### WEST PUTNAM.

Mrs. John White of Pinckney spent Friday with Mrs. Amanda White.

John Sweeney and wife of Chilson, visited at Mrs. Wm. Gardners a couple of days last week.

Mrs. A. G. Wilson of Anderson and Mrs. Murphy visited Mrs. H. B. Gardner during the week.

Thomas Cooper has secured a position as carpenter with the Michigan Central railway Co. He left Monday for South Haven.

The young people of this place are making preparations to enjoy some very interesting social events the coming year. An effort will be made to eliminate, to some extent, the dreariness of farm life during the winter months.

### PLAINFIELD.

Mrs. Foster is visiting friends in Lansing.

Miss Bernice Jackson began school here Monday.

The third number on the lecture course will be a concert Dec. 1.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Boyce are the happy parents of a daughter since the 17th.

The latest report is that Plainfield is to have an orchestra. At least some of the members were practicing Monday evening.

The Presbyterian ladies are planning to serve a thanksgiving dinner at the hall Thursday, Nov. 29. A program of music and recitation will be given. All are invited.

### Use For Spoiled Beer.

"There is no need," said a brewer, "for us to throw away beer that has turned sour, nor is there any need for us to try to doctor it up. We have a ready sale for our spoiled beer among cement makers. Don't think from this that cement makers have a morbid taste for sour beer. Nothing of the kind. They use this beer in making cement for leather joints. It takes the place of acid, being cheaper and yet just as good."

Not an Imposter.  
A proud young father telegraphed the news of his new responsibility to his brother in this fashion: "A handsome boy has come to my house and claims to be your nephew. We are doing our best to give him a proper welcome." The brother, - however, failed to see the point and replied: "I have not got a nephew. The young man is an imposter."

Natural History.  
"Mamma, what are twins?" asked Little Bobby.

"Oh, I know," chimed in Dorothy, with all the superiority of an elder sister. "Twins is two babies just the same age, three is triplets, four is quadrupeds, and five is centipedes!"—Harpers Weekly.

### A Literary Career

[Original.]

Willoughby Dwight was an original. He took no interest in that to which he and others were accustomed, but took a great interest in creating new things. Both Dwight and his friend Buckley were on the editorial staff or the same newspaper, and both took a hand in outside literary work. Buckley, unlike Dwight, was constantly studying what publishers wanted, not what he wanted to give them. At the time there was a craze among them for what they called "real life," but the real life they gave seemed to emanate from people who talked slang and had not had much schooling. Buckley went in for this class of literature.

For twenty years Dwight peddled his original performances among publishers, only to be laughed at. Then he tried his hand at the commonplace. But somehow he couldn't make his characters talk quite like real horse jockeys and housemaids and athletes, and his efforts in this direction were also a failure. At last, worn out with repeated disappointment, he fell ill.

Meanwhile Grace Baxter, who had promised to marry the literary failure when he had been successfully launched on a literary career—he wouldn't be married till he had made some success—went to see him. Finding that something must be done to lift him out of the slough of despond, she took one of his old manuscripts to her aunt, a rich old lady with a kindly heart, with whom she conspired to make her lover believe that she had found a publisher for the story. Then she went back to the invalid with the welcome news. Dwight got better, but soon began to worry about the delay in the publication.

So the aunt furnished a few hundred dollars for the "plates" and a few printed copies. Then Grace succeeded by giving a third rate publisher the printing job in getting his "imprint" on the title page and thus found a distributor.

The day Dwight saw his book in print he sat up for the first time in six months. But he at once began to worry about the criticisms. So his devoted sweetheart, aided by her aunt, ordered a hundred copies printed and sent them to the critics. But those who noticed the book at all either dismissed it with contempt or made fun of it. Grace was in despair. As each new criticism appeared she looked anxiously for something that she could show the sick man. At last her eye lit on the following:

The author of "The Tall House on the Low Hill" has struck a new vein of humor. Indeed, it is a creation, but it will long before it will be appreciated by the reading public, for one who steps into untried paths, whether it be literature, science or art, must wait until his audience's eyesight becomes accustomed to the new light.

As soon as Grace saw this comment she hurried with it to her lover. She found him in despair. He had surreptitiously sent out to a collector of newspaper clippings for criticisms, and, excepting the one Grace bore, they were all before him. She read the favorable words to him with as triumphant an air as she could assume.

That criticism was the turning point with the patient. The one medicine he needed had been found. In a hundred critics there was but one whose analytic brain, or power of appreciation or discrimination, had enabled him to strike the keynote of its real value. Dwight got out of bed and took personal charge of pushing his book. But the unwelcome fact mentioned by his critic that he must wait for an audience proved to be true.

"The Tall House on the Low Hill" was pronounced the work of a lunatic by most readers, though a few "caught on" to its subtle humor. The encomiums of these were a source of wonder to the many, and disputes as to what the author meant grew more and more frequent.

Nevertheless the book was a financial failure. But Dwight had several such performances in his attic and persuaded the publisher who had kindly lent his imprint to the first to undertake a second at his own expense. Dwight did not know that Grace Baxter's aunt had sent the firm a check for \$500 to cover the risk.

The second book, "Mr. Barnickel," captured the few persons who had seen the drift of the first, and a great many more. But people who appreciated neither of them wondered that any publisher could be found to publish such rot. Meanwhile the audience was widening. In "Mr. Barnickel" was a small profit to author and publisher. Dwight continued to brush the dust from his manuscripts, and under such slight encouragement to write others. "Mr. Barnickel" attracted sufficient attention to warrant the editor of a struggling magazine to publish the third story, "Four and Twenty Blackbirds Baked in a Pie," before it was issued in book form. By this time so many persons enjoyed the author's peculiar humor that those who did not pretended they did. The flickering flame of appreciation burst into a con-

flagration. The name of Willoughby Dwight was on every one's tongue. His profits on his last book were considerable, and the printers were kept busy getting out new editions of it and of his two others.

Willoughby Dwight no longer does newspaper work. At his country seat in association with Grace Baxter, his wife, he continues to delight an audience that has grown to look forward to each new effusion from his pen. His friend Buckley is still in the traces, making a comfortable income from his salary and a number of stories that he tells for a reasonable price.

HERBERT DOUSMAN

### Women and Mirrors.

"We carry lots of women clear to the top floor or at least several floors up and then they take the next elevator down without going three steps away from the elevator," declared the operator of one of the "lifts" in a big office building. "No, it isn't because they like to ride in the elevators particularly. Why do they do it? To get the use of the mirrors, of course. See those mirrors on either side of the elevator? That's what attracts them. A bit of wind will strike them as they turn the corner by a big building and then they imagine that their hair is badly disarranged and make for the nearest mirror, which is in the elevator."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### A Chinese Duel.

A Chinaman was killed recently in Bangkok in a duel with another of his race. The Chinese method of duelling is interesting, but does not seem deadly. These two Bangkok Chinamen fought with the two forefingers of each hand, stabbing each other with these in the region of the spleen and at the same level on the other side of the body. The men who go in for this kind of contest practice every morning, stabbing bags of rice or paddy with these fingers till they can use them like a piece of iron.

### Death by Boiling.

In old England, before the law was passed which prohibited "cruel and unusual forms of punishment," murderers were often condemned to death by boiling. In such cases the victims were chained in large kettles of cold water, which was gradually heated until it caused the flesh to drop from the bones. The last English victim of the "boiling death" was one Rouse, a cook, who, it was alleged, had killed seventeen persons.

### A Snail's Sense of Smell.

Professor E. Yung of Geneva discovered that the keen sense of smell attributed to the ordinary snail is distributed over the entire body not covered by the shell, the two pairs of tentacles, the lips and the edges of the feet being particularly sensitive. In the experiments made a brush dipped in various odorous substances in turn was brought near the different parts of the body, and responses were noted at distances of one twenty-fifth of an inch to several inches. Only in exceptional cases was odor perceived as much as fifteen or twenty inches away, showing that smell cannot guide these creatures to food far removed.

### The Mulberry Tree.

Silk is the great industry of northern Italy, and the plains of the quadrilateral are dark with mulberry trees. The mulberry tree is the hardest worked piece of timber in the world. First its leaves are skinned off for the worms to feed on, then the little branches are clipped for the worms to nest in, then the large limbs are cropped for charcoal, and the trunk has not only to produce a new crop of leaves and limbs for next year, but must act as trellis for a grapevine.

### ADDITIONAL LOCAL

Christmas advs begin to appear.  
"The early bird" etc.

Word from Kirk Haas gives his address as Olmito, Cameron Co., Texas.

Brother Utterback of the Livingston Tidings of Howell, showed commendable enterprise last week in giving the Methodist Sunday school rally of this place a good write up. The only error was the name of the superintendent should have been Mary Van Fleet instead of May Crofoot.

Some of our patrons have asked us to suggest that several ice houses, or one big one should be erected and filled this season to be ready for a better supply next summer. The idea is a good one and the first one to take the matter up and handle ice will have a good thing in that business. Many more would use ice if after paying for it, they were not obliged to get it out themselves, and then be told in the middle of the season that they could have no more. Anyone situated so they can handle the ice business in connection with their other work, can make a good thing at it.

We have a few more subscriptions for the Farm Journal that we will give to the first subscriber who calls or sends in their subscription to the DISPATCH and pay one year in advance. Remember there is only a few left that we can and—first come first served. Only good if accepted before Jan. 1, 1907.

### Livingston County Farms

\$4000—Half down, balance long time at 5 per cent will buy 80 acre farm, one mile from Anderson Station, Putnam township; buildings cost half the money; excellent soil, fruit, running water; 20 acres woodland goes with it. Great bargain.

\$80 [an] acre buys 100 acres good clean land three miles north of Gregory, near Plainfield; house cost \$2000; ample barns, tenant house, windmill; handy to church, school and postoffice. An ideal place.

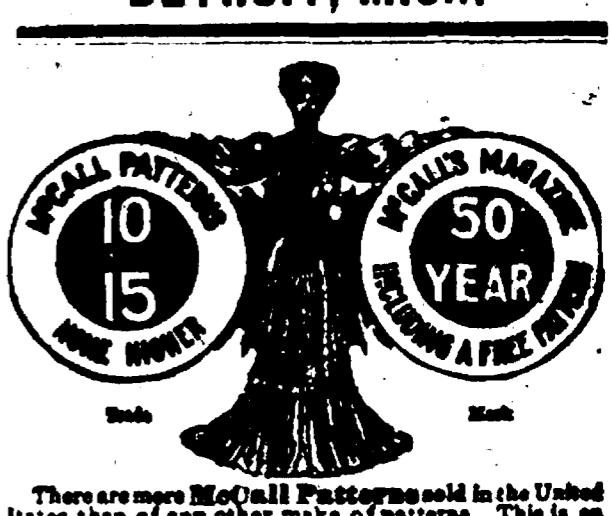
\$45 an acre takes 120 acres two miles west of Howell; strong soil; in excellent condition; good improvements.

—Liberal terms. A money maker.

Jas. T. Eaman

Phone South, 278. 2105 River St.

DETROIT, MICH.



There are more McCall Patterns sold in the United States than any other make of patterns. This is on account of their style, accuracy and simplicity.

McCall's Magazine ("The Queen of Fashion") has more subscribers than any other fashion magazine. One year's subscription (10 issues) costs \$5.00. Latest number, \$5. cents. Every subscriber gets a McCall Pattern Free. Subscribe today.

Lady Agents Wanted. Handsome premiums or liberal cash commission. Pattern Catalogue (of 100 designs) and Premium Catalogue (showing 200 premiums) sent free. Address THE MC CALL CO., New York.

### Hascall's Original Carbon Paint

For use on Tin, Iron, Felt, Canvas, or Shingle Roofs,

Especially suitable for Bridges, Iron or Steel

Buildings, Machinery, Tanks, etc.

### Elastic, Inexpensive, Durable

Stops Leaks, Prevents Rust, Checks Decay,

Guaranteed for 5 years. Made

in BLACK only.

This paint is the old original roof and iron paint placed on the market by us many years ago. It is the pioneer of roof paints, and we are the parents of the roofing paint industry in this country.

# SUPPLEMENT TO PINCKNEY DISPATCH

## BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

October Session, 1906.

Monday, Oct. 8, 1906.

The board of Supervisors of Livingston county met at their rooms in the court house, in the Village of Howell, and were called to order by Chairman Bishop, and on roll call all members were found to be present.

On motion of Mr. Beurmann the Board adjourned until 1 o'clock.

### AFTERNOON SESSION.

The clerk read a communication from Supt. of Detroit House of Correction.

On motion of Mr. Finlan the chairman and clerk were authorized to sign a contract for Livingston county with the Detroit House of Correction, for care of prisoners for the term of five (5) years from Dec. 28, 1906.

Mr. Behrens of civil claims committee reported bills, which were allowed as recommended, as appears by Nos. 871 to 879, inclusive.

Criminal claims committee, by Sups. Mallett and Witty, reported criminal bills, which were allowed as recommended, as appears by Nos. 880 to 886, inclusive.

Criminal claims committee reported the bills of H.H. Collins, coroner's services in case of Kern Beurmann, with recommendation that it be not allowed, which recommendation was concurred in. Same report and same action on Mr. Collins' bill in Sidell case.

Mr. Stowe moved that the board adjourn until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Approved.  
W. L. LYONS, C. A. BISHOP,  
Clerk. Chairman.

Tuesday, Oct. 9, 1906.

Board met, roll called, quorum present.

The report of Drain Commissioner Alexander was presented to the board. Mr. Dodds moved to accept the report. Motion withdrawn.

Mr. Behrens moved that the report be tabled until next Monday at 1 o'clock. Carried.

By Judge Montague—  
To the Hon. Board of Supervisors:

The undersigned inspectors of jails for the county of Livingston, in compliance with the provisions of law (sections 2665-2670. Compiled Laws 1897), would respectfully report:

That on the 21st day of September, 1906, they visited and carefully inspected the county jail of said county, and found as follows:

1. That during the period since the last required report and the date of this examination, there has been confined at different times 55 prisoners charged with offenses as follows:

	Whole	Male	Female	No.
Larceny.....	12	12	..	12
Murder.....	1	..	1	1
Lewd and lascivious cohabitation.....	1	1	..	2
Horse stealing.....	1	..	1	1
Keeping and maintaining a house of prostitution.....	1	1	..	2
Assault and battery.....	1	..	1	1
Insane.....	2	1	1	3
Held as witness.....	..	1	..	1
Vagrancy.....	5	..	..	5
Drunk and disorderly.....	27	1	..	28

2. There are now in jail, detained for trial—1.

There are now in jail, serving sentence—None.

There are now in jail, awaiting sentence—None.

There are now in jail, awaiting commitment—None.

Number now in jail, male—None; female—1; total 1.

Number of above who are under 16 years of age—None.

Prisoners detained for trial have been held in jail the following number of days each—6.

Prisoners awaiting commitment have been held since sentence the following number of days each—None.

3. Number usually confined in one room by day—None.

Number usually confined in one room at night—One.

4. Employment—None.

5. Condition of bedding—Good.

Condition of cells—Good.

Condition of halls—Good.

Condition of water closets—Good.

6. What distinction, if any, is made in the treatment of prisoners? (Between those only held for trial and those serving sentence, etc.)—None.

7. Are prisoners under 16 years of age at any time, day or night, permitted to mingle or associate with adult prisoners in violation of Sec. 5555, Compiled Laws 1897?—No.

8. Are prisoners arrested on civil process kept in rooms separate and distinct from prisoners held on criminal charge or conviction, "and on no pretense whatever put or kept in the same room," as required by Sec. 10584, Compiled Laws 1897?—Yes.

9. Are male and female prisoners confined in separate rooms as required by Sec. 10585, Compiled Laws 1897?—Yes.

10. Is there a proper jail record kept, and is it kept properly posted and does it comply with Sec. 2080, Compiled Laws 1897?—Yes.

11. What, if any, evils, either in construction or management of jail are found to exist?—None.

Recommendations—None.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE,

Judge of Probate.

HENRY DAMMANN,

C. A. CORNELL,

AMOS WINNEGAR,

Supts. of the Poor.

DEWITT C. CARR,

County Agent.

Mr. Stowe moved that the report be accepted. Carried.

Civil claims committee, by Supervisors Behrens, Slider and Dunn, reported bills, which were allowed as recommended, as appears by Nos. 890 to 898, inclusive.

By Supervisor Farmer—  
To the Hon. Board of Supervisors of Livingston County:  
The committee on equalization submits the following report:

Township or Ward	Valuation as Assessed.	Total Value Assessed.	Deducted from.	Valuation as Equalized.	Total Value Assessed.
Brighton	\$87,140	\$87,140		\$87,140	\$87,140
Cohoctah	70,100	70,100		70,100	70,100
Conway	87,040	87,040		87,040	87,040
Dundee	10,500	10,500		10,500	10,500
Genoa	85,740	85,740		85,740	85,740
Hannover	85,640	85,640		85,640	85,640
Hartland	10,500	10,500		10,500	10,500
Hawley	85,200	85,200		85,200	85,200
Marion	10,500	10,500		10,500	10,500
Perkins	10,500	10,500		10,500	10,500
Tyronne	10,500	10,500		10,500	10,500
Unadilla	10,500	10,500		10,500	10,500
<b>Total.</b>	<b>\$124,620</b>	<b>\$124,620</b>		<b>\$124,620</b>	<b>\$124,620</b>

Land county, attorney's fees and costs in Mrs. Anna Hood case.....	126 17
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$693 49</b>
Paid for Keeping Insane at Eastern Asylum at Pontiac.	
Quarter ending Sept. 30, 1905.....	114 58
Quarter ending Dec. 31, 1905.....	184 95
Quarter ending March 31, 1906.....	215 65
Quarter ending June 30, 1906.....	238 86
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$693 49</b>

Recapitulation.	
Total receipts for yr.....	\$2,816 07
Paid for all purposes.....	8,549 04
Poor fund overdrawn.....	1,282 97
Whole Number of Inmates Kept at County Farm During Year.	
Males.....	21
Females.....	5
<b>Total.....</b>	<b>\$12,816 07</b>

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The following persons have been kept at county farm during the year at county expense:			
Philip Sheridan, Del Patrick and Thomas Mills,			
HENRY DAMMANN, C. A. CORNELL, AMOS WINNEGAR.			
Supts. of Poor.			
Moved by Mr. Finlan that the report of Supts. of the Poor be accepted and adopted. Carried.			
Civil claims committee, by Sup. Behrens, reported civil bills which were allowed as recommended, as appears by Nos. 945 to 956, inclusive.			
Moved by Mr. Winsans that the bill of Philip Breslin be laid on table. Carried.			
Moved by Mr. Bidwell that the report of Wm. Alexander be taken from the table. Carried.			
On motion of Mr. Behrens the report of Mr. Alexander was tabled until the January session, 1897.			
The hour having arrived for special consideration of the Grace Knobluhuzi bill,			
On motion of Mr. Cameron, the prosecuting attorney was called in to instruct board as to law.			
Civil claims committee by Sup. Behrens, reported sundry civil bills which were allowed as recommended, as appears by Nos. 957 to 961, inclusive.			
Moved by Mr. Witty that the county tax be fixed at the sum of \$225,000. Carried.			
Criminal claims committee by Sup. Behrens reported sheriff's criminal bill, which was allowed as recommended, as appears by No. 962.			
Dated at Howell this 8th day of Oct., 1906.			
Mr. Slider moved that the report be accepted and adopted. Carried.			
Mr. Dodds moved to adjourn until 1 o'clock. Carried.			
WILLIS L. LYONS, C. A. BISHOP, Clerk. Chairman.			
TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1906.			
Board met, roll called, quorum present.			
The report of Drain Commissioner Alexander was presented to the board. Mr. Dodds moved to accept the report. Motion withdrawn.			
Mr. Behrens moved that the report be tabled until next Monday at 1 o'clock. Carried.			
By Judge Montague— To the Hon. Board of Supervisors:			
The undersigned inspectors of jails for the county of Livingston, in compliance with the provisions of law (sections 2665-2670. Compiled Laws 1897), would respectfully report:			
That on the 21st day of September, 1906, they visited and carefully inspected the county jail of said county, and found as follows:			
1. That during the period since the last required report and the date of this examination, there has been confined at different times 55 prisoners charged with offenses as follows:			
Offense— Male Female No.			
Larceny.....	12	..	12
Murder.....	1	..	1
Lewd and lascivious cohabitation.....	1	1	2
Horse stealing.....	1	..	1
Keeping and maintaining a house of prostitution.....	1	1	2
Assault and battery.....	1	..	1
Insane.....	2	1	3
Held as witness.....	..	1	1
Vagrancy.....	5	..	5
Drunk and disorderly.....	27	1	28
2. There are now in jail, detained for trial—1.			
There are now in jail, serving sentence—None.			
There are now in jail, awaiting sentence—None.			
There are now in jail, awaiting commitment—None.			
Number now in jail, male—None; female—1; total 1.			
Number of above who are under 16 years of age—None.			
Prisoners detained for trial have been held in jail the following number of days each—6.			
Prisoners awaiting commitment have been held since sentence the following number of days each—None.			
3. Number usually confined in one room by day—None.			
Number usually confined in one room at night—One.			
4. Employment—None.			
5. Condition of bedding—Good.			
Condition of cells—Good.			
Condition of halls—Good.			
Condition of water closets—Good.			
6. What distinction, if any, is made in the treatment of prisoners? (Between those only held for trial and those serving sentence, etc.)—None.			
7. Are prisoners under 16 years of age at any time, day or night, permitted to mingle or associate with adult prisoners in violation of Sec. 5555, Compiled Laws 1897?—No.			
8. Are prisoners arrested on civil process kept in rooms separate and distinct from prisoners held on criminal charge or conviction, "and on no pretense whatever put or kept in the same room," as required by Sec. 10584, Compiled Laws 1897?—Yes.			
9. Are male and female prisoners confined in separate rooms as required by Sec. 10585, Compiled Laws 1897?—Yes.			
10. Is there a proper jail record kept, and is it kept properly posted and does it comply with Sec. 2080, Compiled Laws 1897?—Yes.			
11. What, if any, evils, either in construction or management of jail are found to exist?—None.			
Recommendations—None.			

