

Pinckney Dispatch.

OL. XXV.

PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, JAN. 10, 1907.

No. 2

LOCAL NEWS.

Brayton Placeway of Pontiac was the guest of his parents here the past week.

The Brighton Primary school was closed last week on account of the measles.

The suit, Mary Haney vs the village of Pinckney, comes up at this term of court.

Tuesday, Jan. 15, the association of fourth class postmasters of this county will meet in Kisby hall, Hamburg.

We are in receipt of the Grand Rapids Press of Jan. 1, which was a souvenir edition, celebrating their moving into their new building.

Miss Winifred Peters and friend Miss Mauer who spent the midwinter vacation at the home of Miss Peters parents at Pettyville, returned to their school duties at the Normal last week.

A flip of a copper was all that saved W. E. Murphy and Andrew Ruen from being in the B. and O. wreck last week near Washington. They thought of taking the trip but let the flip of the copper decide and it said no and they were not on the train. 40 or more were killed and as many more injured.

Assessment No. 89 of the LOTMM is now due and must be paid before Feb. 1, 1907. Addie Placeway, F. K.

Hello Central Please Call up Everybody

Members of your family have asked you to. Your friends have waited long for you. You really ought to, long ago.

WHAT?

Why, Have Photographs of Yourself.

The Holiday Folders and Calendar mounts are especially pretty this year, and portraits mounted on them make Christmas Gifts that will be appreciated.

Photographic Studio

Daisie B. Chapell

Stockbridge, Michigan

The Board of Supervisors are in session in Howell this week.

Edwin Galpin spent the past week with friends in and around Parshallville and Fenton.

The Maccabees have secured space on page 1 where they call your attention to their coming entertainment at the opera house, Jan. 25. Keep watch of the space also for bills later.

The Anderson farmers club will meet with Mr. and Mrs. R. Clinton on Saturday Jan. 12, for dinner. All are invited to come and have a good time as well as join in the discussion of questions of the day.

Robt. J. Wright, who has been county treasurer for the past four years, retired Dec. 31 with an honorable record. His books were found correct and nicely kept. He will take a vacation before entering other business. We wish him abundant success.

A home newspaper is in no sense a child of charity. It earns twice over every dollar it receives, and it is second to no enterprise in contributing to the up building of a community. Its patrons reap far more benefit from its pages than its publisher, and in calling for the support of the community in which it is published it asks for no more than in all fairness belongs to it, though generally it receives less. Patronize and help your paper as you would any other enterprise because it helps you and not as an act of charity.

Bowman's

For Quality and Price

Our Mid-Winter Sale is now on. We make this the event of the year. You can pick up some splendid bargains all through the store.

Stock is Complete in Every Department
Every clerk stands ready to welcome you
Every day a Bargain Day

E. A. BOWMAN.

HOWELL'S BUSY STORE

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Tilla E. Jackson was born May, 8, 1848 in the township of Putnam, Livingston county, Michigan, and died Jan. 6, 1907. She was the daughter of Gilbert and Mary Brown, and the only beloved sister of Mrs. Ella Jackson. Dec. 9, 1868 she was united in marriage to Albert Jackson. To them was born one son, Floyd G. Jackson, who, with his family, and the husband, sister and Will Miller, will mourn for the love and counsel in the home of one who was ever ready to give of her hearts deepest sympathy. Her neighbors and friends all about her bear testimony to her many acts of kindness and love.

She was a firm believer in the goodness and mercy of Christ and his power to save, putting her whole trust in His love. She was baptized in this faith in February last, Rev. Mylne officiating. The reading of the 14th chapter of John gave her sweet peace and comfort, also a little poem, "Crossing the Line."

Crossing the Line.

I am crossing the line into visionland,
And the night black clouds hover near,
I can see no daylight close at hand;
My soul is filled with fear.

Will my Saviour welcome me above?
Shall I see my dear ones there?
Is it a land of eternal love,
Free from sorrow, pain and care?

I am crossing the line into heavenland,
All my doubts have passed away,
I am going to join the saintly band
In the courts of eternal day.

For faith has come: on the rock I stand;
My dear ones I shall see,
What was vision-land is now heaven-land,
And my Saviour will welcome me.

To Close at 8 O'clock.

The following merchants of the village of Pinckney agree to close their places of business at eight o'clock sun time, beginning Jan. 8 to continue until March 1, 1907:—

Geo. W. Reason & Son
Eugene Campbell
Teeple Hardware Co.
Jackson & Cadwell
F. A. Sigler
W. W. Barnard
H. M. Williston & Co.
W. E. Murphy

Cong'l Sunday School.

The following officers have been elected by the Cong'l Sunday school for the coming year:—

Superintendent..... Percy Swarthout
Asst. Supt..... Mrs. Jennie Barton
Sec. and Treas..... John Cadwell
Organist..... Miss Maude Mortenson

Cong'l Church Notes

The pastor has concluded his labors in the parish here and commenced in his new field last Sunday. Mr. Mylne bids a fond farewell to all his friends, and express his sorrow at leaving them.

Sunday school will be held as usual each Sunday, and preaching will be resumed soon.

G. W. Mylne.

M. E. Church Notes.

There being no preaching at the Cong'l church Sunday the members of that congregation united with us and the church was full, even to the front seats and extra chairs. The evening services were also largely attended.

There are special services being conducted every evening this week and they will continue until further notice. There is a good feeling manifested and some are seeking the new life. Everybody welcome.

There were 114 present at the Sunday school and a collection of nearly three dollars. The school commenced the use of class books this year and every members attendance will be kept. Try and be present every Sunday.

AFTER HOLIDAY BARGAINS

We have a few things left from our great Holiday Sale which you will want

Fine China, Lamps, Stationery, Novelties, and Candies

Pure Drugs—Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at

F. A. SIGLER'S

Hardware, Stoves and Implements

are moving fast at

G. W. REASON & SON'S

Prices that you will never be able to get again are doing it. For instance:—

350 Pound Ranges, retail price \$35.00	now \$22.25
500 " " " " " 40.00	now 27.00
600 " " " " " 45.00	now 32.00
All Malable Ranges " " 70.00	now 28.50
17-Tooth Lever Spring Harrow,	\$11.50
40-Tooth Wood Spike " "	3.50
50-Tooth " " " "	6.00
60-Tooth Steel Lever Harrow	8.00

Come early as the stock wont last long.

Maccabee Entertainment

The Maccabees of Pinckney will give their Fourth Annual Entertainment at the Opera House, on

Friday Evening, January 25, 1907

the stirring French Drama

"Saved," or "A Wife's Peril,"

will be presented by the
Jefferson Dramatic Club

Oyster Supper and Dance after the Play.

Pinney's Celebrated Orchestra of Detroit, will Furnish Music

January 1, 1907

We wish to thank our many friends and customers for their liberal patronage, and hope to have the continuance of the same by fair dealing and keeping the best stock of goods in Livingston county to choose from.

Resp. Yours,

Teeple Hardware Co.

Not "How Cheap" but "How Good"

We can do your work for the least expense to you and yet get the very best of material and workmanship that sixteen years of experience can give you. This is our plan and we want everyone who reads this paper to give us a call and be convinced.

"He Wont Hurt You"

Bad Fitting
Plates Guaranteed to be made to fit by Patent Suction.

Come and bring your bad fitting plates and see.



20 Per Cent
Cheaper than
anywhere else
and
several times
better and
quicker service

Dr. E. L. Moore
Pinckney, Mich.

Call up Phone No. 5

Pinckney Dispatch.

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Pub.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN

Agricultural Exports.

The calendar year is closing with every indication that the remarkable volume of exports will remain at the flood. A bulletin from the bureau of statistics at Washington is testimony to this effect. The bulletin deals with the exports of domestic breadstuffs, meat and dairy products, food animals, cotton and mineral oils for November and for the 11 months of the present year ended with November. The total of these exports for November was \$106,811,000 against \$99,341,000 in 1905, and for the 11 months \$788,257,000 compared with \$703,569,000 last year. The December returns are not likely to show any relative decrease, and the entire year is fairly certain to show a large advance over last. Several features of the bulletin showing command special interest. Though there was something of a falling off in this class of exports for the month, our shipments abroad of meat and dairy products and of food cattle were \$208,979,000 in 1906, or more than \$20,000,000 in excess of these of the same 11 months of 1905. Legislation by congress and the steps taken by the administration in accordance therewith, aiming at safeguarding the purity of the output, have increased foreign confidence. The figures are of value as proving that while we sell abroad less barley, oats and corn, we are disposing in large quantity of what may be called the finished products from such raw material. The Americans are feeding more of the grain to live stock and selling more cattle and meat to the old world. This is really an economic advantage, as finding a market for the higher valued product always is. The bulletin accentuates the predominance of this country as a source of food supply, while the complete returns are pretty certain to prove that it has been a big year for exports of manufactures also.

Poland's Pitiable Condition.

The situation of Poland to-day is pitiable. Business in Warsaw has fallen off 50 per cent. and more; the fashionable boulevards are partly deserted; the restaurants are but half filled, and the leading hotel is running at a loss. The city swarms with troops, but martial law brings only oppression, not security. Hardly a day passes but officials are killed or wounded by the terrorists, while suspected persons are arrested, clubbed or shot to death by the authorities. The terrorists are strong enough to defy the government, while the government is strong enough to crush a general revolt, and the result is anarchy. When it will end no one can tell. But some day, says G. H. Blakeslee in the Outlook, peace will surely come, for Poland is to have autonomy. The Poles demand it. The great majority of the Russian Duma has promised it, and Russian liberalism must eventually win.

Romance of Motor Travel.

The motor car has rescued the romance of travel, freeing it from the irritating compulsions and contacts of the railway, the bondage to fixed hours and the beaten track and approach to each town through the area of ugliness and desolation created by the railway itself. With the motor, says Edith Wharton, in Atlantic, we have regained the wonder, the adventure and the novelty which enlivened the way of our posting grandparents; above all, the delight of taking a town unawares, stealing on it by back ways and unchronicled paths, surprising in it some intimate aspect of past time, some silhouette hidden for half a century or more by the ugly mask of railway embankments and the glass and iron bulk of a huge station. Then the villages that one missed and yearned for from the windows of the train—the villages have been given back to us.

Mexico winds up its year with a remarkably satisfactory financial showing. She reports exports of \$271,000,000, an increase of nearly \$63,000,000 over the preceding year, and imports of \$220,651,000, a gain of over \$42,000,000. But what is still better is the advance along all the lines of domestic development. Mexico is literally living in peace and plenty, with the most efficient of governments under the wise directing hand of President Diaz. The day of upheavals and factional disorders, resulting in general demoralization, seems to be past forever. Mexico has learned the secret of wise self-government.

GOVERNOR MAKES RECOMMENDATIONS TO LEGISLATURE

Wide Range of Subjects Covered in the Document of the State's Chief Executive.

RAILROAD RATES TOO HIGH

Suggestion That All Roads in Lower Peninsula Earning \$1,000 a Mile Charge but Two Cents a Mile
—Proposed Disposition of Primary School Fund.

Lansing.—The second inaugural message of Gov. Warner, read to the house and senate of the forty-fourth legislature January 3, covers a wide range of subjects. It begins with a reference to the exceptional prosperity of the state's financial condition. The governor goes on record as favoring the calling of a constitutional convention in accordance with the expressed wishes of the people. Showing the financial position of the state, the following figures are given: "The balance in the state treasury, at the close of the fiscal year 1905, was \$1,252,361.75. By reason of the payment of back taxes by railroad companies, the treasury balance, at the close of the last fiscal year, was \$1,005,792.08. The state tax levy decreased from \$3,569,724.67 in 1905 to \$3,383,755.29 in 1906. The aggregate of all taxes, both state and local levied in Michigan in 1905, was \$27,402,138.86, and in 1906 approximately \$26,351,000. The amount received from railroad companies in 1905 was \$1,739,840.15, and in 1906 \$3,308,722.55. The latter sum included the \$425.55 inheritance taxes collected in 1905 aggregated \$107,337.35, and in 1906 \$239,041.64. In 1905 corporations paid the state franchise fees amounting to \$89,910.42, and in 1906, \$32,111.67. During the first 11 months of the year just closed the state received \$13,269,831.31 in deposits of surplus state funds in various banks throughout the state. The balance in the state treasury, at the close of business, December 31, 1906, was \$2,353,954.73. "The assessed valuation of the taxable property of the state was \$1,574,422,770 in 1906, the average rate of taxation for that year for all purposes being \$17.40 per \$1,000 of valuation. It is estimated that the assessed valuation for 1907 will be \$1,601,483,690, making the average rate of taxation about \$16.40 per \$1,000 of valuation.

Good Financial Condition.

"This satisfactory condition of the finances of the state reflects quite faithfully the general business conditions of the state as well as of the citizens of the state generally. There has not been a failure of a state or national bank in Michigan during the past four years. Confidence in the state's financial position is reflected great credit on those officials who are charged with the duty of supervising these institutions. "The reports of the boards of control of the various state institutions show the governor points out, that the state has received honest, economical and intelligent service. He recommends a liberal spirit in dealing with the needs of the institutions and a watchfulness in seeing that the funds appropriated are expended with care and economy. The necessity for increasing the accommodations of the hospitals and asylums for the insane and for the deaf and dumb, as well as the importance of carrying on the care and education of the deaf and dumb of the state.

The work done by the state department of health since its reorganization by the last legislature is highly praised. A recommendation that the health laws of the state be modified and simplified follows. On the subject of insurance the governor calls attention to the conference of February last, participated in by several state, and recommends that bills prepared by a committee appointed by that conference be given careful attention. The message continues:

"The indeterminate sentence law, although of comparatively recent enactment in this state, has been found to be a radical change in the manner of sentencing persons convicted of crime and terminating the period of imprisonment, is working satisfactorily. "Dairy and Food Department. "The work of the dairy and food department has been greatly extended during the past two years. Conformably to the suggestions made in my first inaugural message, the legislature made provision for the new lines of work. Chief among the extended powers granted to the department are, the inspection of dairies and food products, and the increased appropriations for its laboratory, were the supervision of and the giving of police power over the condition under which food and drink products are produced, the control of the conditions of production from the farm where the milk is produced to the time of delivery to the consumer, in the form of either milk, cream, butter or cheese, the control of the sanitary conditions of dairies, ice creameries and ice cream plants, and the making it possible to appoint a sufficient number of inspectors to enforce the several provisions of the law. "During the past year, congress has passed what is known as the national pure food law and meat inspection law. The application of the new regulations of the national food law will apply, so far as the United States authorities are concerned, only to food products passing the borders of the state. In so far as it is practicable, without surrendering any of the advantages of the Michigan law over that of the national law, I recommend that the requirements of the Michigan law be made to conform with those of the national law.

Need of Good Roads.

"It is an unpleasant, though well established fact, I think, that some states contiguous to Michigan can justly boast the possession of roads far superior to those of this state. Michigan has been lagging in this enterprise. The need of active work in the direction of improving our highways is imperative. Good roads are of great value to all classes of our people, and an economically and intelligently conducted system of road building will prove to be a paying investment. The detailed report of the state highway commissioner, recommended to your careful consideration. "That there is a very general demand for the enactment of a law placing private bays under state supervision cannot be denied. Two years ago, when a bill, making such provision, was passed by the house of representatives and defeated in the senate by a very narrow margin, apparently the only ones who

opposed the measure were persons who were either directly or indirectly interested in private bays. It is not necessary to say that these so-called private bays are private so far as their relations to the public are concerned, only to the extent that they are permitted to handle the funds of their depositors. They are fit without regulation or supervision of any nature. They solicit deposits of money by the public, and these deposits should be safeguarded in every way. "During the past two years we have witnessed conspicuous examples of the necessity for state examination of private bays. There is, in the proposed legislation, no invasion of legitimate private rights, but it is simply and solely a measure of safety and protection in the interest of the public in the first instance, and, in my opinion, in a large measure of the private bays themselves. It seems to me that there can be no question that state supervision and examination would give these institutions an improved standing in the estimation of the public and thus increase their business and usefulness. I recommend that a proper system of state regulation and examination of private bays be provided by this legislature.

Direct Nominations.

"The subject of direct nomination of candidates for public office demands your consideration. Act No. 102, of the Public Acts of 1905, known as the primary election law, was passed and received my approval. Experience under it has demonstrated that in some particulars amendment is necessary, but that the law is satisfactory in the main is demonstrated by the fact that in the campaign just closed it was not an issue. The silence of both press and public speakers on this subject was in striking contrast with the condition of things before the passage of the law. "Chief among the defects in the primary election law which its operation has pointed out is that both to the candidate and the public law properly and quite successfully stopped the corrupt use of money, it has not operated, as its framers thought it would operate, to cut down the expense of a campaign. The law has not been able to prevent that evil. The poor man ought not thus to be placed at a disadvantage in a contest with a man of means. The provision of the law requiring signatures to be obtained for nomination is being radically amended, making the minimum and maximum number of signatures required very small and very near together. "At the outset it was deemed wise to leave the question of direct nominations and the nomination of governor and lieutenant governor, and one for the nomination of other candidates, to be determined by the people and private expense. There should be but one primary day and upon that day all nominations, under the provisions of this law, should be made. Provision should be made for the submission of the question of direct nominations whenever petitioned for at the April election, thus making use of the election machinery already in use and with but slight additional expense. "The law should be amended so as to require party enrollment in its operation, has justified the recommendation which I made in 1905. Party enrollment prevents false pretense and in no way infringes the right of the voter at the general election.

Convict Labor Problem.

"A recent decision of the supreme court, interpreting section three of article 18 of the constitution, has materially changed conditions under which convict labor may be employed in the state. The constitution has been unable to find a provision of this kind in the constitution of any other state. That convicts should labor, and that their labor should be productive is conceded by everyone who concerns himself with the welfare of the prisoners and the interests of the taxpayers. We have the right to deprive violators of the law of their liberty. We have not the right to deprive them of their reason. We have not the right to deprive them of their labor. The result and the convict should labor if there were not another reason for it than his own welfare. That conceded, it seems to me equally true that the state has a right to require that the labor of the convicts should be productive and profitable. It is also true that whatever is produced of any value by the convict should be sold on the market by the state or contractor, whether used by an individual or in a state institution, will, to that extent, displace the labor of free citizens. The result of their labor is a condition we all deplore, but it has never been and never can be entirely done away with. We should remember when considering this question that there are 22,000 workmen in the state as compared with 1,250 inmates working in our prisons, or less than one-half of 1 per cent. who can come in direct competition with free labor.

"If convicts were to be employed building roads the same objection could and would be made by those who would maintain, and correctly too, that the increased cost of the prisoners' maintenance and the prevention of escapes would employ many more free laborers than are now employed on the highways. Assuming, then, that prisoners must be employed and employed within enclosures, we are compelled to choose between the three systems by which this labor can be used; namely, the contract system by which the state pays a certain stated price per day for each convict; the piece price plan, where the amount paid is based upon the number of articles made, and the state account system, by which the price is based upon the value of the product sold by the state in the open market. "Manufacturing binder twine on state account has been a success so far as it has been established. Binder twine is certainly a staple commodity that can be sold to any people, and that no one can pretend that its sale by the state to Michigan farmers would not interfere with the profits of some individuals, that objection should not prevail. If it did, our prisoners would always be idle. We have a factory of the kind in our state and hundreds would receive a direct benefit to one who could possibly claim to be harmed. I recommend that provision be made for the establishment of a binder twine plant at Jackson prison. "The constitution and the laws of the state provide that all revenue from specific taxes shall be credited to the primary school interest fund, now that the state debt has been extinguished, and used solely for the payment of teachers' salaries. "Until the recent change in the method of taxing railroad corporations was made, greatly increasing the revenue from this source, this provision of the constitution worked few inequalities. Now, however, the amount of specific taxes annually collected is so great that it exceeds the needs of the object to which it must necessarily be applied. "I would not in the slightest degree cripple our primary schools or curtail the school fund for the maintenance of them. They are the peoples' colleges and should have our most fostering care. I do not, however, believe it to be for their best good to relieve the people of all share in the maintenance of them. All persons are more interested in the welfare of that which costs them money or effort than in those objects to whose maintenance they make no contribution. Therefore, I believe that the careful consideration of the advisability of submitting to the electors of the state, at the forthcoming general election in April,

a proposition to amend the constitution so as to provide that from the primary school fund all interest on the bonds of the state and a half annually for each child of school age in the state shall be appropriated on a just basis among the university, agricultural college, college of mines, the other normal colleges and the several county normal schools.

Use For Entire Revenue.

"Thus would the entire revenue from specific taxes be used for educational purposes and the direct tax levy be reduced by over \$1,000,000 annually, and, as a large majority of school districts are not able to raise money to be raised by direct taxation would be reduced in the thousand or more districts, where, under the present system, the money is piling up and lying idle in their treasuries. The amount of money to be raised by direct taxation would be reduced in the thousand or more districts, where, under the present system, the money is piling up and lying idle in their treasuries. The amount of money to be raised by direct taxation would be reduced in the thousand or more districts, where, under the present system, the money is piling up and lying idle in their treasuries.

"The satisfactory operation of the ad valorem system of assessing railroad property suggests the desirability of extending this system so as to include the property of telegraph and telephone companies. The present method of taxing the latter corporations is uncertain and unsatisfactory. These objections can be overcome and greater justice attained by the application of the ad valorem system to these corporations. "The ad valorem system of assessing railroad property for taxation is so firmly established that any policy of the state that the general subject of taxation of railroads does not call for any extended treatment in this message.

"One of the most important cases in which the state has been directly interested, has been finally concluded in favor of the state, except in one instance, is referred to as the railroad tax case, in which the supreme court of the United States upheld the constitutionality of our present method of taxing railroad property. As a result of this decision, the various railroad corporations affected paid in taxes \$4,767,476.15 and penalty thereon \$1,138,321.25; a total amount of \$5,905,797.40. "Railroad Taxation. "An important point in railroad taxation was determined in Attorney General's Opinion No. 10, of Assessors, 740 Mich. 73. The legislature of 1905 (Act No. 282 of the Public Acts of 1905) attempted to lay down a rule that would govern in the determination of a valid rate of fare for the transportation of property. The attorney general attacked the constitutionality of said act, and our supreme court determined that the manner of determining the rate, as prescribed in said act, was contrary to the language of section eleven of article fourteen of the constitution, and that to such extent the act was unconstitutional. "The proceeding instituted by the Michigan Central Railroad Company against the state for \$5,000,000 damages for the repeal of its special charter, is pending. The final hearing in the case has been delayed, owing to the steps taken to secure a more specific bill of particulars than that furnished by the plaintiff. "The Michigan Central Railroad Company is also pending. The case is set for trial at an early date, it being on the calendar for the January term. "The governor recommends that the railroad companies be made common carriers of freight and passengers to the farmers of the state, and that the issuance of all railroad tickets and bonds subject to the state and approval of the state authorities for the purpose of preventing manipulation is recommended, as also state supervision of electric roads.

"On the subject of freight car shortage, the governor asserts that the repeated recurrence of the trouble, year after year, warrants a thorough investigation as to the responsibility of the railroad companies. He recommends that a committee be appointed to investigate the matter. "With reference to railroad passenger rates the governor says: "For the year 1905 there were in Michigan 1,516.36 miles of road on which the passenger fare was 4 cents per mile; 4,920.18 miles on which the legal fare was 3 cents; 983.90 miles on which the legal fare was 2 1/2 cents; 1,071.82 miles on which the legal fare was 2 cents. The 4-cent rate is confined, as provided in the law, to the upper peninsula. "There has been a steady increase in passenger earnings of Michigan railroads during the past ten years, the average increase being about 60 per cent. for that period. The reports show that about 25 per cent. of the total receipts of these companies represent passenger earnings. One important factor in the increase of passenger earnings has not been increased in ten years shows increased passenger earnings in excess of 80 per cent. The exact figures in this case are that in 1894 the total passenger earnings of the companies were \$588,489.79, while in 1904 they increased to \$1,093,235.75. Another company reported passenger earnings of \$3,499,341.34 in 1894 and \$4,813,763.54 in 1904. The increase in this case was 40 per cent.

Would Amend Law.

"I am of the opinion that the law of this state should be amended so as to make the maximum passenger fare that may be charged in the upper peninsula 3 cents per mile, and the maximum rate in the lower peninsula, with the exception of that charged by a few independent companies whose passenger earnings are less than \$1,000 per mile, 2 cents per mile. The legislature can, I think, be depended upon to do justly with the smaller independent roads to which reference is made. "Two years ago I called attention to the fact that several railroad companies whose passenger earnings had passed the limit fixed by the law for a decrease in passenger rates had, after demand for such decrease had been made by proper state authority, been enabled to continue to collect the higher rate for several years pending the final disposal of an appeal to the courts. In that message, while recognizing the right of the companies to such appeal, I suggested that much of the litigation could be avoided if a law were enacted providing that whenever the courts did not sustain the appeal of the company in such cases, said companies be required to pay into the state treasury an amount equal to the excess of passenger fares collected during the pendency of the cases in court. The case which was the cause for the recommendation of two years ago is still undecided and the company's question is still before the courts. I therefore, renew the recommendation just mentioned. "The presence of lobbyists, either private individuals or heads of state institutions, in the legislative halls should not be tolerated, the message says. Governor Warner concludes by praising the conduct of the state officials, saying that they have been faithful, energetic and capable in the discharge of their duties. He renews his promise to devote his best efforts to the interests of the citizenship of the state.

BIRD—HILL.

Attorney General's Reply to Mr. Hill's Request for Investigation.

Att. Gen. Had sent the following reply to Mr. Hill, who had asked an investigation of Gov. Warner's recent statement:

"Dear Sir—I have given careful consideration to your communication of the 4th inst., requesting that I investigate the charges referred to in the statement of Gov. Warner to the effect that there have been improper methods used in advancing your candidacy for the office of United States senator.

"I agree with you that the charges are serious and that the public should be informed whether they are true or false. But I am obliged to say to you, at the outset, that I question my authority to investigate the matter, certainly in the absence of any definite information as a basis therefor. "If the governor and his friends, any state officer, member of the legislature, or any other citizen will disclose to me any tangible proof of corrupt methods in advancing the interests of any candidate for United States senator, I will use my authority to the fullest extent to investigate the matter and lay the result before the legislature."

Pugnacious Tuesday.

Miss Ella Preston, a teacher in the Barryton school, has been convicted of assault and battery on Leonard Campbell, son of Postmaster James L. Campbell. Justice Swift let her off with payment of the costs. Miss Preston is the young woman who horsewhipped Campbell on the street in front of the postoffice. She told him that she had been informed that young Campbell and his mother were preparing scandal against her. She followed up whipping him by a fight with Mrs. Campbell.

Denies Hunting.

The defense of Jay Ellis, of Long Island, Losco county, charged under the law providing a severe penalty for a hunter who shall inadvertently kill a person, is that he wasn't hunting when he killed a man. He tells that he was carrying a gun home from a field where he and his brother had been husking corn, and that he shot at a point where he had previously seen bear tracks. The jury disagreed on the first trial, but Prosecutor Rawden announces a second trial. A precedent is involved in the case.

Frightfully Mangled.

Five men dead, five dying and two missing is believed to make up the list of victims in the explosion of a mill of the Lavin-Rand Powder works in Pleasant Prairie, Wis., Saturday, Sept. 1. Little doubt exists that he and the other missing men were completely torn to pieces. The dead are so frightfully mangled as to make identification impossible and the injured, among whom deaths are expected momentarily, are burned beyond recognition.

Railroad Wrecks.

Rep. Morrell, of Pennsylvania, introduced a resolution in the house for an investigation by congress of recent railroad wrecks. The resolution states that the wrecks are supposed to be due to overwork of employees and authorizes the speaker to name a committee of five members who shall have full power to subpoena witnesses and require corporations to furnish records, etc.

Wm. B. De Costa, the negro tailor accused of perjury in the Hartje divorce trial at Pittsburg, has been found guilty.

THE MARKETS

Detroit—Extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$10.50; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$9.25; steers and heifers, 1,200 to 1,400 lbs., \$8.75; steers and heifers, 1,400 to 1,600 lbs., \$8.25; choice fat cows, \$3.25; good fat cows, \$2.50; common cows, \$2.00; canners, \$1.50; choice heavy bulls, \$2.75; fair to good hogs, \$6.00; fat hogs, \$5.50; stock hogs, \$4.25; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.50; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$3.00; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$2.75; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$2.25; stock heifers, \$2.25; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$3.50; common milkers, \$1.25. "Veal calves—Market steady, last week's prices. Best grades, \$7.75; others, \$4.50. "Milk cows and springers—Common very dull; good about steady. "Sheep and lambs—Market opened steady, will close about 25c lower. Receipts Wednesday were in bad shape. Best lambs, \$7.75; fair to good lambs, \$6.50; light to common lambs, \$5.75; fair to good butcher sheep, \$5.50; fair to good common, \$3.50. "Hogs—Market 5c higher than last Thursday; bulk of sales, \$6.35; few extra fancy at \$6.45. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$6.35; \$6.45; nice, \$6.35; \$6.40; light Yorkers, \$6.35; \$6.40; regins, \$5.25; \$5.75; stags, 1-3 off.

Chicago—Market steady and strong; beefs, \$4.15; \$4.20; cows and heifers, \$1.50; \$1.55; stockers and feeders, \$2.80; \$2.85; Texans, \$3.75; \$4.50; calves, \$6.00; no quotations on westerners. "Hogs—Market 5c to 10c higher; mixed and butchers, \$6.20; \$6.47; good heavy, \$6.35; \$6.50; rough heavy, \$6.10; \$6.25; light, \$6.15; \$6.25; pigs, \$5.50; \$5.25; bulk, \$5.25; \$5.45. "Sheep—Market steady; \$3.75; \$7.75; lambs, \$4.40; \$7.75. "AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT. Week Ending January 12, 1907. "TEMPLE THEATRE AND WONDERLAND—Afternoons 2:15 to 5:00; Evenings 8:15 to 10:00. Trislie Fitzgerald. "LYONS—Prices always 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. In New York Town. "WHITNEY—Evenings, 10c, 25c, 50c; Matinees 10c, 15c, 50c. Queen of the Highlanders. "LAFAYETTE THEATRE—Bargain Matinee Sunday, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. Night Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c. High Class Vaudeville.

SERIAL STORY

THE LIONS OF THE LORD

A Tale of the Old West.

By HARRY LEON WILSON
Author of "The Spenders."

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CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

He looked out in calm certainty to observe in what manner the Lord had consented to answer his petition. He saw that the wind had veered and, even as he looked, large drops of rain came pounding musically upon his wagon-cover. Far in front of them a long, low line of flame was crawling to the west, while above it lurid clouds of smoke rolled away from them. In another moment the full force of the shower was upon them from a sky that half an hour before had been cloudless. Far off to the right scurried the Indians, their feathery figures lying low upon the backs of their small ponies. His heart swelled within him, and he fell again to his knees with many earnest words of thanksgiving for the intercession.

They at once made camp for the night, and by Brigham's fire later in the evening Joel Rae confided the truth of his miracle to that good man, taking care not to utter the words with any delight or pride in himself. He considered that Brigham was unduly surprised by the occurrence; almost displeased in fact; showing a tendency to attribute the day's good fortune to phenomena wholly natural. Although the miracle had seemed to him a small, simple thing, he now felt a little ashamed of his performance. He was pleased to note, however, that Brigham became more gracious to him after a short period of reflection. He praised him indeed for the merit which he seemed to have gained in the Lord's sight; taking occasion to remind him, however, that he, Brigham, had meant to produce the same effects by a prayer of his own in due time to save the train from destruction; that he had chosen to wait, however, in order to try the faith of the Saints.

By the first of June they had wormed their way over 500 miles of plain to the trading post of Fort Laramie. Here they were at last forced to cross the Platte and to take up their march along the Oregon trail. They were now in the land of alkaline deserts, of sage brush and greasewood, of sad, bleak, deadly stretches; a land where the favor of Heaven might have to be called upon if they were to survive. Yet it was a land not without inspiration,—a land of immense distances, of long, dim perspectives, and of dreamy visions in the far, vague haze. In such a land, thought Joel Rae, the spirit of the Lord must draw closer to the children of earth.

CHAPTER X.

The Promised Land.

So far on their march the Lord had protected them from all but ordinary hardships. True, some members of the company had suffered from a fever which they attributed to the clouds of dust that enveloped the column of wagons when in motion, and to the great change of temperature from day to night. Again, the most of them were for many weeks without bread, saving for the sick the little flour they had and subsisting upon the meat provided by the hunters. Before reaching Fort Laramie, too, their stock had become weakened for want of food; an extended drought, the vast herds of buffalo, and the Indian fires having combined to destroy the pasturage.

This weakness of the animals made the march for many days not more than five or six miles a day. At the last they had fed to the stock not only all their grain but the most of their crackers and other breadstuffs. But these were slight matters to a persecuted people gathering out of Babylon.

Late in June they reached the South Pass. For many hundred miles they had been climbing the backbone of the continent. Now they had reached the summit, the dividing ridge between streams that flowed to the Atlantic and streams that flowed to the Pacific. From the level prairies they had toiled up into the fearsome Rockies where bleak, grim crags lowered upon them from afar, and distant summits glistening with snow warned them of the perils ahead.

Through all this time of marching the place where they should pitch the tent of Israel was not fixed upon. When Brigham was questioned around the camp-fire at night, his only reply was that he would know the site of their new home when he saw it. And it came to be told among the men that he had beheld in vision a tent settling down from heaven and resting over a certain spot; and that a voice had said to him, "Here is the place where my people Israel shall pitch their tents and spread wide the curtains of Zion!" It was enough. He would recognize the spot when they reached it.

From the trappers, scouts, and guides encountered along the road they had received much advice as to eligible locations; and while this was various as to sites recommended, the opinion had been unanimous that the Salt Lake valley was impossible. It was, they were told, sandy, barren, rainless, destitute of timber and vegetation, infested with hordes of hungry crickets, and roamed over by bands of most savage Indians. In short, no colony could endure there.

They dared not, indeed, go to a fertile land, for there the Gentiles would be tempted to follow them—with the old bloody end. Only in a desert such as these men had described the Salt Lake valley to be could they hope for peace. From Fort Bridger, then, their route bent to

mountain, down this dangerous slide, all wheels double-locked, on to the summit of another lofty hill,—Little Mountain; and abruptly down again into the rock gorge afterwards to become historic as immigration canyon.

Following down this gorge, never doubting they should come at last to their haven, they found its mouth to be impassable. Rocks, brush, and timber choked the way. Crossing to the south side, they went sheerly up the steep hill—so steep that it was all but impossible for the straining animals to drag up the heavy wagons, and so narrow that a false step might have dashed wagon and team half a thousand feet on to the rocks below.

But at last they stood on the summit,—and broke into shouts of rapture as they looked. For the wilderness home of Israel had been found. Far and wide below them stretched their promised land—a broad, open valley hemmed in by high mountains that lay cold and far and still in the blue haze. Some of these had slept since the world began under their canopies of snow, and these flashed a sunlit glory into the eager eyes of the pilgrims. Others reared bare, scathed peaks above slopes that were shaggy with timber. And out in front lay the wondrous lake—a shield of deepest glittering turquoise held to the dull, gray breast of the valley.

Again and again they cried out: "Hosanna to God and the Lamb!" and

found a marsh of wire-grass, or a few acres of withered bunch-grass. But these served, only to emphasize the prevailing desert tones.

The sun-baked earth was so hard that it broke their plows when they tried to turn it. Not until they had spread water upon it from the river they had named Jordan could the plows be used. Such was the new Canaan, the land held in reserve by the Lord for His chosen people since the foundations of the world were laid.

Dreary though it was, they were elated. Had not a Moses led them out of bondage up into this chamber of the mountains against the day of wrath that was to consume the Gentile world? And would he not smite the rocks for water? Would he not also be a Joshua to sit in judgment and divide to Israel his inheritance?

They waited not nor demurred, but fell to work. Within a week they had explored the valley and its canons, made a road to the timber eight miles away, built a saw-pit, sawed lumber for a skiff, plowed, planted, and irrigated half a hundred acres of the parched soil, and begun the erection of many dwellings, some of logs, some of adobes. Ground had also been chosen and consecrated by Brigham, whereon, in due time, they would build up their temple to the God of Jacob.

Meantime, they would continue to gather out of Babylon. During the late summer and fall many wagons arrived from the Missouri, so that by the beginning of winter their number was nearly 2,000. They lived rudely, a lucky few in the huts they had built; more in tents and wagon-boxes. Nor did they fail to thank Providence for the mild winter vouchsafed to them during this unprotected period, permitting them not only to survive, but to continue their labors—of logging, home-building, the making of rough furniture, and the repairing of wagons and tools.

When the early spring came they were again quickly at the land with their seeds. Over 5,000 acres were sown to needful produce. When this began to sprout with every promise of a full harvest, their joy was boundless; for their stock of breadstuffs and provisions had fallen low during the winter, and could not last later than harvest-time, even with rigid economy.

But early in June, in the full flush of this springtide of promise, it appeared that the Lord was minded to chasten them. For into their broad, green fields came the ravenous crickets in wide, black streams down the mountain sides. Over the growing grain they spread as a pall, and the tender sprouts were consumed to the ground. In their track they left no stalk nor growing blade.

Starvation now faced the Saints. In their panic they sought to fight the all-devouring pest. While some went wildly through the fields killing the crickets, others ran trenches and tried to drown them. Still others beat them back with sticks and brooms, or burned them by fires set in the fields. But against the oncoming horde these efforts were unavailing. Where hundreds were destroyed hundreds of thousands appeared.

Despair seized the Saints, the bitter despair of a cheated, famished people—dejected even by their God. In their shorn fields they wept and cursed knowing at last they could not stay the pest.

Then into the fields came Joel Rae rebuking the frenzied men and women. The light of a high faith was upon him as he called out to them:

"Have I not preached to you all winter the way to salvation in times like this? Does faith mean one thing in my mouth and another thing here? Why waste yourselves with those foolish tricks of fire and water? They only make you forget Jehovah—you fools—you poor, blind fools—to palter so!"

He raised his voice, and the wondering group about him grew large.

"Down, down on your knees and pray—pray—pray! I tell you the Lord shall not suffer you to perish!"

him—

Then, as but one or two obeyed "So your hearts have been hard, and? Then my own prayer shall save you!"

Down he knelt in the midst of the group, while they instinctively drew back from him on all sides. But as his voice rose, a voice that had never failed to move them, they, too, began to kneel, at first those near him, then others back of them, until a hundred knelt about him.

He had not observed them, but with eyes closed he prayed on, pouring out his heart in penitent supplication.

As his words rang out, there had been quick, low, startled murmurs from the kneeling group about him; and now loud shouts interrupted his prayer. He opened his eyes, from off toward the lake great flocks of gulls had appeared, whitening the sky, and now dulling all other sounds with the beating of their wings and their high, plaintive cries. Quickly they settled upon the fields in swirling drifts, so that the land all about lay white as with snow.

A groan went up: "They will finish what the crickets have left."

He had risen to his feet, looking intently. Then he gave an exultant shout.

"No! No!—they are eating only the crickets!—the white birds are devouring the black pests; the hosts of heaven and hell have met, and the powers of light have triumphed once more over darkness! Pray—pray now with all your hearts in thanksgiving for this mercy!"

And again they knelt, many with streaming eyes, while he led them in a prayer of gratitude for this wondrous miracle.

All day long the white birds fed upon the crickets, and when they left at night the harvest had been saved. Thus had Heaven vouchsafed a second miracle to the Lute of the Holy Ghost. It is small wonder then if his views of the esteem in which he was held by that power were now greatly enlarged.

In August, thanks to the Heaven-sent gulls, they were able to celebrate with a feast their first "Harvest Home." In the center of the big stockade a bowery was built, and under its shade tables were spread and richly laden with the first fruits their labors had won from the desert—white bread and golden butter, green corn, watermelons, and many varieties of vegetables. Hoisted on poles for exhibition were immense sheaves of wheat, rye, barley, and oats, coaxed from the arid level with the water they had cunningly spread upon it.

There were prayers and public thanksgiving, songs and speeches and dancing. It was the flush of their first triumph over the desert. Until nightfall the festival lasted, and at its close Elder Rae stood up to address them on the subject of their past trials and present blessings. The silence was instant, and the faces were all turned eagerly upon him, for it was beginning to be suspected that he had more than even priestly power.

When he was done many pressed forward to take his hand, the young and the old, for they had both learned to reverence him.

Near the outer edge of the throng was a red-lipped Juno, superbly rounded, who had gleaned in the fields until she was all a Gypsy brown, and her movements of a Gypsy grace in their freeness. She did not greet the young Elder as did the others, seeming, indeed, to be unconscious of his presence. Yet she lingered near as they scattered off into the dusk, in little groups or one by one; and still she stood there when all were gone, now venturing just a glance at him from deep gray eyes set under black brows, turning her splendid head a little to bring him into view. He saw the figure and came forward, peeringly.

"Mara Cavan—yes, yes, so it is!" He took her hand, somewhat timidly, an observer would have said. "Your father is not able to be out? I shall walk down with you to see him—if you're ready now."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



"Down, Down on Your Knees and Pray."

the southwest along the rocky spurs of the Uintah mountains, whose snow-clad tops gleamed a bluish white in the July sun.

By the middle of July the vanguard of the company began the descent of Echo canyon,—a narrow slit cut straight down a thousand feet into the red sandstone,—the pass which a handful of them was to hold a few years later against a whole army of the hated Gentiles.

The hardest part of their journey was still before them. Their road had now to be made as they went, lying wholly among the mountains. Lofty hills, deep ravines with jagged sides, forbidding canyons, all but impassable streams, rock-bound and brush-choked,—up and down, through or over all these obstacles they had now to force a passage, cutting here, digging there; now double-locking the wheels of their wagons to prevent their crashing down some steep incline; now putting five teams to one load to haul it up the rock-strewn side of some waterway.

From Echo canyon they went down the Weber, then toward East canyon, a dozen of the bearded host going forward with spades and axes as sappers. Sometimes they made a mile in five hours; sometimes they were less lucky. But at length they were fighting their way up the choked East canyon, starting fierce gray wolves from their lairs in the rocks and hearing at every rod of their hardfought way the swift and unnerving song of the coiled rattlesnake.

Eight fearful miles they toiled through this gash in the mountain; then over another summit—Big

many of the bearded host shed tears, for the hardships of the way had weakened them.

Then Brigham came, lying pale and wasted in his wagon, and when they saw him gaze long, and heard him finally say: "Enough—drive on!" they knew that on this morning of July 24, 1847, they had found the spot where in vision he had seen the tent of the Lord come down to earth.

There on the summit they knelt to entreat the mercy of God upon the land. The next day, by their leader's direction, they consecrated the valley to the Lord, and planted six acres of potatoes.

CHAPTER XI.

Another Miracle and a Temptation in the Wilderness.

The floor of the valley was an arid waste, flat and treeless, a far sweep of gray and gold, of sage-brush spangled with sunflowers, patched here and there with glistening beds of salt and soda, or pools of the deadly alkali. Here crawled the lizard and the rattlesnake; and there was no music to the desolation save the petulant chirp of the cricket. At the sides an occasional stream tumbled out of the mountains to be all but drunk away at once by the thirsty sands. Along the banks of these was the only green to be found, sparse fringes of willow and wild rose. On the borders of the valley, where the steeps arose, were little patches of purple and dusty brown, oak-bush, squaw-berry, a few dwarfed cedars, and other scant growths. At long intervals could be

ONLY A TEMPORARY CRAZE

Pilgrims From "the Other Side" Lapse Into "United States" Again.

Recurrent peril, threatening our American speech, becomes imminent about this time of year. For there now returns from "the other side" the traveler, rather more likely to be feminine, who, swollen with the pride of her first ocean voyage, having stuffed her trunk to bursting with dutiable articles, gets even with a meddlesome government by smuggling in a warranted British accent for herself and family. Upon her avid tongue such useful little words as "were" and "been," "suffer a sea-change into something rich and strange," approximating respectively the verb of garmenture and the popular name of a common vegetable. One even encounters accents which distort "clerk" into "clark." But the maltreatment is, happily, in most cases only temporary. First, the family, despite pained and patient correction, fall from grace. Presently the enthu-

siast herself gives signs of lapsing. She imperceptibly graduates into the convalescent state of George Ade's rising social light, who every Saturday "took a bawth in the bathtub." And, long before the sewing circle has heard the last of her views of the Eiffel tower and the intricacies of continental currency the healthful home atmosphere of Pontiac, Mich., or Topeka, Kan., has done its work and the returned exile's common speech is again according to Noah Webster, unabridged.—Collier's Weekly.

Obliging.

The young man with dandruff on his coat collar and a roll of paper in his hand approached the editor. "I have some verses here which I would be pleased to have you go over," he said. "Very well," replied the editor. "Just lay them on the floor and I will go over them when I go out."—Muhawuke Sentinel.

By The Way

Don't be ashamed to say or do kind things — you will feel better afterwards.

Aim to be something, do something, get something, and keep something.

If everyone was as good as they think their neighbors ought to be, what a splendid world this would be.

Pills get quick relief from Dr. Shoop's Magic Ointment. Remember it's made ALONE for Piles—and it works with certainty and satisfaction. Itching, painful, protruding, or blind piles disappear like magic by its use. Try it and see. All Dealers.

A Cause of Divorce.

"What is the most frequent cause of divorce?" the lawyer was asked.

"It is nearly incredible," he said, "but a thing that causes divorce often than you'd imagine is married people quarreling over their right to open one another's letters. The husband will claim that he is entitled to open the wife's mail. The wife will claim that she is entitled to open the husband's. In the letters of neither will there be anything of a private or compromising nature, but nevertheless they both want to get their mail inviolate—it enrages them to have it opened and read. Quarrels over this letter opening question vex, I suppose, 90 per cent of married couples. Of this 90 per cent a distressingly large proportion go on from bad to worse till they wind up in the divorce court. So, young man, when you come to marry, leave your wife's mail alone, no matter how she may pry into yours."—New York Press.

County Assessor Waylaid

J. W. Conitt, of Leslie, S. D., assessor of Stanley County, relates the following: "I was waylaid by a complication of throat and a terrible cough, which had affected me for years when I was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery. Relief came almost immediately, and in a short time a permanent cure resulted." No other medicine compares with it as a sure and quick cure for coughs and colds. It cures after all other remedies have failed. Every bottle guaranteed at F. A. Sigler's drug store. Prices 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Adapting Aims to Ends.

He—I think a woman's club, to be successful, should aim at something far removed from female suffrage. She—I don't agree with you. That should be her sole aim. He—Yes, but if it aims at something else it is more likely to hit that.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Why She Left.

Mistress—But, bless me, why are you leaving us, Mary? I'm sure I do all the work. The General Servant—Yes, ma'am, but I don't like the way you do it.—Sydney (N. S. W.) Bulletin.

Whom to Consult.

Be sure you are right. Then consult your wife. Then go ahead.—St. Louis Republic.

I had tried everything for my baby until Dr. Lyle recommended Cascasweet. I can truthfully say it is the best medicine I ever used for babies. My little baby was a mere skeleton from stomach trouble—so bad that she did not notice anything, but is now entirely well and we can almost see her grow.—Nannie L. Taylor, Bedford Va. Cascasweet is Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

The brain of an idiot contains much less phosphorus than that of a person of average mental power.

Little touches of backache should not be allowed to go unattended. Rheumatism, and many other things follow. A box of DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills will bring relief quickly. They drive the poison from the body. Act on the liver as well as on the kidneys. A 25 cent box holds a week's treatment. Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

Subscribe for the Pinckney Dispatch.

The Unknown

(Original.)

I was sitting one evening in the parlor of a theater in New York when I noticed a young lady in a box in the second tier looking at me. When I fixed my eyes upon her she turned her away, but when a few minutes later I looked at her again I saw that she was regarding me through a lorgnette. She lowered her glass and turned away with a look which indicated either repulsion, disappointment or pain. It might have been any of these, but I could not tell which.

My curiosity was at once aroused. I did not remember to have ever seen the lady before and certainly had no knowledge of having injured her. Before the close of the last act I left the theater and stood on the sidewalk waiting for her to come out. She did so in company with an elderly gentleman and lady. As soon as they entered their carriage I went across the street where mine stood ready and entering told the driver to follow. The party alighted at a house on Madison avenue, the number of which I noted, then drove away thinking of some plan to solve the mystery. Before reaching home I had resolved to write a note to the lady and send it next day. This is what I wrote:

Mr. Royal Pritchard presents his compliments to the young lady he saw at the theater last evening and who gave evidence that in some way her antagonism had been excited against him. As he does not remember ever having seen her before, he begs an explanation. If he has been mistaken in his inference, he apologizes for addressing her.

I sent the note by a messenger who on returning said that he had been told if there was any reply it would be sent later. I waited three days and was about to give up all hope of receiving any word when a note came which read as follows:

Since Mr. Pritchard has entirely forgotten the lady he saw at the theater, he need not give himself any concern with regard to her.

It is needless to say that I read these few words with astonishment. It was plain to me that I had been mistaken for some one else. However, I did not care to have the error uncorrected and wrote again, stating that there must be some misapprehension as to my identity and begging permission to call and clear up the matter. To this I received a reply that the name I had given in my notes was the same as that of the person I was supposed to be; therefore there could not possibly be any mistake. The lady did not care to renew the acquaintance of one who had paid her the highest compliment man could pay to woman and then forgotten that he had ever met her.

I began to feel that I must have passed through some illness or met with some accident that had impaired my memory. I asked several persons who had seen me nearly every day for years if this was the case and got laughed at for my pains. I confided my correspondence to my sister, but all the sympathy I got from her was, "That's just like a man for all the world."

I was about to write one more note inquiring for the lady's name, but my sister, who knew the tricks and manners of the sex, told me the girl was teasing me and would give me no satisfaction; that if I wanted to clear up the matter I had better call and call again and again till I had seen and talked with my tormentor.

Had the girl been unattractive I might have dropped the matter. On the contrary, her image—that of a girl with a face denoting character as well as being pretty—seemed to grow upon me, and I was literally being teased into a condition bordering on the tender passion. Summoning all my courage, I called upon the girl and sent up my card. An answer came that the young lady was not at home. This might mean that she was not at home to me or that she was really out. I called twice more on her, and each time received some message that put me off without being a positive refusal. Finally, on my third call, she came into the room and stood regarding me with what she intended to be a haughty stare. Nevertheless I fancied I could see a sparkle in her eye.

"I beg of you," I said, "cease this torment, which has become unbearable. If, as you say, I have known and forgotten you it must be through some physical defect on my part, for in health I am sure I could never forget having once seen you."

"Did you not once live in B.?" she asked.

"Yes; when a boy."

"And go to the high school there?"

"And did you not carry books for Dolly Fairleigh, a little girl eight years your junior?"

"You don't mean?"

"And didn't you?"

"Tell her that when we were grown she should be my little wife? Yes, I did, and I am ready to keep my word."

She sank on a sofa with a delighted shriek, and I sat down beside her.

When she saw me at the theater she at once suspected who I was and was about to hazard a bow when she perceived that I did not recognize her. She turned away, remembering that she had been staring at a man who might, after all, be a stranger to her. It was the look that accompanied this realization that I had interpreted as something more serious. All doubt of my identity had only been removed at the receipt of the note giving my name.

I atoned for my imperfect memory by a lifetime of devotion.

EDWARD B. LINCOLN.

Food 'don't digest? Because the stomach lacks some one of the essential digestants or the digestive juices are not properly balanced. Then, too, it is this undigested food that causes scurvy and painful indigestion. Kodol For Indigestion should be used for relief. Kodol is a solution of vegetable acids. It digests what you eat and corrects the deficiencies of the digestion. Kodol conforms to the National Pure Food and Drug Law.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

A Faroe Reformer.

The people of the Faroe Islands cling to their old customs and see little good in change, says the author of "The Faroes and Iceland," but now and then one of them becomes a conservative reformer. Such was an old man of Stromo who, in his youth, had learned cabinetmaking in Copenhagen, then had been a blacksmith in New South Wales and later a marine in the Danish navy during the Sleswick-Holstein war. Having thus traveled far beyond the wildest dreams of his countrymen, he returned while still a comparatively young man to Stromo and invested his savings in a home. Conservative though he appeared to outsiders, to the islanders he was a reckless innovator. He roofed his house with plate instead of with the traditional turf, but could find none to follow his example. They shook their heads in doubt. He argued vainly with them against the habit of throwing fish cleanings into the brook and getting drinking water lower down. The only advice they would accept from him, and that after long hesitation—was to boil their fish oil outdoors instead of in the living room. But when this terrible innovator heard from a visitor that women rode bicycles in England he was so astonished that he asserted confidently that the world could not last much longer.

When the cold winds dry and crack the skin a box of salve can save much discomfort. In buying salve look for the name on the box to avoid any imitations and be sure you get the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

Measures.

Teacher—Now, you have all studied about liquid measure, and I think you know it. Johnny, you may now tell me what measure treats of inches, feet and yards. Johnny—Tape measure, teacher.

The Lobsters.

"Well," said the first lobster in a bored tone, "what are you going to do now?"

"Get dressed for dinner," the second lobster answered, yawning.

A present joy is worth a thousand past sorrows or future teps.—State Journal.

Clear up the complexion, cleanse the liver and tone the system. You can best do this by a dose or two of De Witt's Little early risers. Safe, reliable little pills with a reputation. The pills that everyone knows. Recommended and Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

No Sinecures in China.

Everybody in China works hard, even those who have reached the highest positions. It is related of a member of the Chinese cabinet that he left home every morning at 2 o'clock, as he was on duty at the palace from 8 to 6. As a member of the privy council he was engaged from 6 to 8. From 9 until 11 he was at the war department, of which he was president. As the member of the board of punishment he was in attendance from 12 till 2, and as a minister of the foreign office he spent every day from 2 till 5 or 6 there. In addition he frequently served on special boards of commissions.

Beats the Music Cure

"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette Place, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found." Best for the Stomach, Liver and bowels Guaranteed by F. A. Sigler druggist 25c

Mutual Telephone Company.

The fifth annual meeting of the Livingston County Mutual Telephone Co. will be held at the Court House, in the village of Howell on Monday, January the 14th at 1 o'clock A. M., standard time, for the purpose of electing officers and transacting such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

Dated at Howell January 1, 1907.

W. O. Richards, Secretary.

Crime and Effect.

Shakespeare saw life in large and wrote as he saw. He never "blinded" on to "God." His pages are full of the inexorable sequence of cause and effect, and the swift march of doom points the moral of individual responsibility. If things were rotten in Denmark, it was because the fathers had eaten sour grapes and the children's teeth were set on edge; if Macbeth trembled at the knocking at the gate, it was because conscience doth make cowards of us all. The ghosts that haunted Bosworth field were of Richard's own creating, and Regan and Goneril, desperately dead, reap but their inevitable due. In short, Shakespeare's message is the message of a robust manhood and womanhood. Brace up, pay for what you have, do good if you wish to get good. Good or bad, shoulder the burden of your moral responsibility and never forget that cowardice is the most fatal and most futile crime in the calendar of crimes. Cowards die many times before their deaths; The valiant never taste of death but once.

—Martha Baker Dunn in Atlantic.

Half the World Wonders

how the other half lives. Those who use Bucklen's Arnica Salve never wonder if it will cure Cuts, Wounds, Burns, Sores and all Skin eruptions; they know it will. Mrs. Grant Sly, 1130 E Reynolds St, Springfield, Ill, says: "I regard it one of the absolute necessities of housekeeping." Guaranteed by F. A. Sigler, druggist 25c

A Kaffir Story.

This Kaffir story is true: A Christian Zulu-Kaffir was heard recounting to another Kaffir a vision of heaven of which he had had a dream. "And saw you any Kaffirs there?" inquired his listener. The teller of the story pondered awhile, and then "No," said he, "for I did not look into the kitchen."

The Silver Lining.

Mrs. Suburbs (after the crash) "Here is another of my china dishes gone! Suburbs—Never mind, dear; it has stopped the cook's singing."

At one time during the life of John Bright there were no fewer than seven members of his family with seats in the house of commons.

Croup can positively be stopped in 20 minutes. No vomiting—nothing to sicken or distress your child. A sweet pleasant, and safe syrup, called Dr. Shoop's Croup Cure is for Croup alone remember. It does not claim to cure a dozen ailments. It's for Croup that's all. All Dealers.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the probate court for the county of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 28th day of December A. D. 1906. Present: Hon. Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

RYAL BARNUM, deceased. W. T. Barnum having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to W. T. Barnum or some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 25th day of January, A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Pinckney Dispatch, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Probate Court for the County of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell, in said county, on the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1906. Present, Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

MICHAEL FITZGERALD, deceased. Kate Fitzgerald having filed in said court her petition praying that a certain instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, now on file in said court be admitted to probate, and that the administration of said estate be granted to herself or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 18th day of January A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said Probate Office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition; And it is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Pinckney DISPATCH, a newspaper, printed and circulating in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate

Weak Women

Weak and ailing women, there is at least one way to help. But with that way, two treatments must be combined. One is local, one is constitutional, but both are important, both essential. Dr. Shoop's Night Cure is the Local.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative, the Constitutional. The former—Dr. Shoop's Night Cure—is a topical mucous membrane suppository remedy, while Dr. Shoop's Restorative is wholly an internal treatment. The Restorative reaches throughout the entire system, making the repair of all nerve, all tissue, and all blood elements.

The "Night Cure," as its name implies, does its work while you sleep. It soothes sore and inflamed mucous surfaces, heals local weaknesses and discharges, while the Restorative, causes nervous excitement, gives renewed vigor and ambition, builds up wasted tissues, bringing about renewed strength, vigor, and energy. Take Dr. Shoop's Restorative—Tablets or Liquid—as a general tonic to the system. For positive local help, use as well

Dr. Shoop's Night Cure

"ALL DEALERS."

THE ORIGINAL LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

For all Coughs and assists in expelling Colds from the system by gently moving the bowels. A certain relief for croup and whooping-cough. Nearly all other cough cures are constipating, especially those containing Opium. Kennedy's Laxative Honey and Tar moves the bowels, contains no Opium.

KENNEDY'S LAXATIVE HONEY AND TAR

PREPARED AT THE LABORATORY OF E. C. DEWITT & CO., CHICAGO, U. S. A. All the news for \$1.00 per year.

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DROPS

CURES RHEUMATISM LUMBAGO, SCIATICA NEURALGIA and KIDNEY TROUBLE

"DROPS" taken internally, ride the blood of the poisonous matter and acids which are the direct causes of these diseases. Applied externally it affords almost instant relief from pain, while a permanent cure is being effected by purifying the blood, dissolving the poisonous substance and removing it from the system.

DR. S. D. BLAND Of Brewster, Ga., writes: "I had been a sufferer for a number of years with Lumbago and Rheumatism in my arms and legs, and tried all the remedies that I could gather from medical works, and also consulted with a number of the best physicians, but found no relief. I then gave up and tried 'DROPS.' I shall prescribe it in my practice for rheumatism and kindred diseases."

FREE

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Kidney Trouble or any kind of disease, try to us as we are. Trial bottle of "DROPS" sent free. Last 3 year old. "DROPS" can be used any length of time without acquiring a "drug habit," as it is entirely free of opium, cocaine, alcohol, laudanum, and other similar ingredients. Large Size Bottle, "DROPS" (200 Drops) \$1.00. For Sale by Druggists. SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE COMPANY, Dept. 25, 150 Lake Street, Chicago.

Hascall's Original Carbon Paint

For use on Tin, Iron, Felt, Canvas, or Shingle Roofs,
Especially suitable for Bridges, Iron or Steel
Buildings, Machinery, Tanks, etc.

Elastic Inexpensive Durable

Stops Leaks, Prevents Rust, Checks Decay,
Guaranteed for 5 years. Made
in Black only.

This paint is the old original roof and iron paint placed on the market by us many years ago. It is the pioneer of roof paints, and we are the parents of the roofing paint industry in this country. Through all these years this paint has sold in greater quantities each season, despite the fact that hundreds of imitations, represented to be "just as good" have flooded the country with advertising similar to ours in an attempt to divert our trade.

For use on Roofs, Iron or Metal Buildings, or any surface where a thoroughly good paint is required, Hascall's Carbon Paint is unequalled, as time and experience and thousands of imitations prove.

WRITE FOR FULL PARTICULARS.

The Hascall Paint Co.

Cleveland, Ohio.

EXPERIENCE!

Experience is one of the greatest factors in almost any walk in life. It is what gives the Farmer, Doctor, Merchant and Mechanic success. In manufacturing it is an all important element. We are carriage manufacturers of over twenty-five years' experience and we claim to know the business from A to Z. We will stake our reputation that we make as good work for the money as it is possible to make. Our two leaders are our No. 30 Top Buggy at the popular price of \$50.00 and our No. 60 Top Buggy at \$80.00. Nothing but the best go into these jobs in order to make them come up to our standard. Write for full specifications, cuts and references. Do it to-day and see what we can offer you for your cash and save all dealer profits. Write at once and get our great offer.

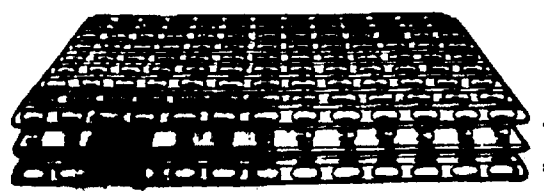
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Lapeer, Michigan.

Bring Your Job Work to the Dispatch Office.

Buy a "HYGEIA" and add 10 Years to Your Life.

The best Spring Bed on Earth. Perfectly Noiseless. For both Wood and Iron Bedsteads.



Ninety per cent. of the Spring Beds made are not fit to sleep on. Pay just a little more and get a "HYGEIA," which is perfection in itself. Guaranteed for ten years. If your dealer does not handle the Hygeia write direct to us giving his address.

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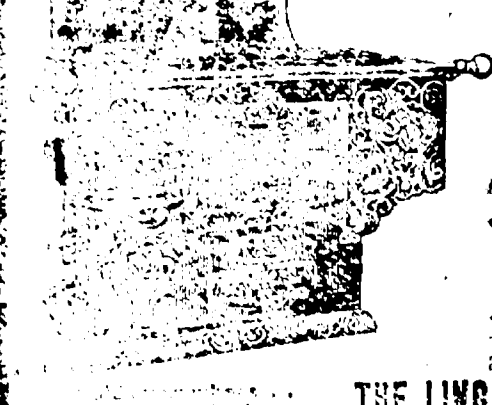


DIRT AND GREASE

and leave the skin soft and white. Superior to all other soaps. The Laborers' Friend. For Mechanics, Farmers, Painters, Plasterers, Plumbers, Miners and all Railroad Men.

A trial will convince you there is no other soap like it. 2 sizes 5c. and 10c. Manufactured by IOWA SOAP COMPANY, Burlington, Iowa.

BUY THE FAMOUS Lincoln Steel Range!



Bakes Cooks Warms Looks THE BEST! Unequalled at any price. COSTS NO MORE THAN AN UNKNOWN MAKE. Before you buy that range or cook stove, write us, and we will mail you a copy of "Points for Purchasers" It is free for the asking. Full of useful information. THE LINCOLN STOVE & RANGE COMPANY, Fremont, Ohio.

IS YOUR HOUSE WARM?

If not, make it so with a HESS STEEL FURNACE, which we sell direct from our shop to your cellar at one small profit above factory cost. We publish a free 40 page book, "Modern Furnace Heating," which tells how to heat any building with a furnace. It tells you how we sell our furnace equipments all over the United States, direct to consumers, at money saving prices. For instance, our 40 steel furnace, equal to any 45 inch furnace made, is sold for \$49.00, freight prepaid to any station east of Omaha. Five other sizes at proportionate prices. Pipes and registers extra. We sell on trial, on installments, or for cash. Send for our free booklet and read what we offer, and what hundreds of enthusiastic customers say of the merits of our goods. You will then be ready to throw away your stoves, save the muss, dirt and labor, and heat your rooms by this up-to-date method. Write us to-day.

HESS WARMING & VENTILATING COMPANY, 221 TACOMA BUILDING, CHICAGO, ILL.

The Remarkable Rhea.

"The rhea of South America is a remarkable bird," said an ornithologist. The male rhea hatches out the eggs. He and not the female is the setter. He sets always in a quiet and desolate place, where there is no food, nothing to attract enemies, and as soon as the young are born the question is how to feed them. The rhea answers that question in advance. Three or four days before the eggs are to open he shoves a couple of them out of the nest with his bill and lays them in the sun. What is the result? The result is that the hot South African sun decomposes the eggs, and the father breaks them as the young birds begin to appear in the nest, and the flies settle on them and in twenty-four hours they are alive with worms—tender, juicy, delicious worms, the best food in the world for the nest of new born birdlings."

Garrick as Author.

Writing of Garrick's literary efforts, I suppose not every one knows that he was the author of such well known lines as:

Their cause I plead, plead it in heart and mind;
A fellow feeling makes one wondrous kind.

Or this again:

Let others hail the rising sun;
I bow to that whose course has run.

Or again:

Hearts of oak are our ships,
Hearts of oak are our men.

But I suppose every one knows his epigram on Goldsmith, "who wrote like an angel and talked like poor Poll," an epigram that conveyed only half the truth, as Garrick would have been one of the first to admit.—London Sphere.

Habit.

Habit is one of the world's controlling influences. More men are swayed by force of habit, unconsciously perhaps, than any other motive. The habit of doing certain things in a certain way grows from beginnings so small as to be scarcely noticeable until it forms a chain that can scarcely be broken. The habit of right or wrong doing becomes a master, and a more exacting master could not be found.—Brockton Times.

His Sorrow.

Maud (newly married)—You look very melancholy, George. Are you sorry you married me? George—No, dear, of course not. I was only thinking of all the nice girls I can't marry. Maud—Oh, George, how horrid of you! I thought you cared for nobody but me! George—Neither do I. I wasn't thinking of myself, but of the disappointment for them.

Happiness.

Things are so arranged in this world that happiness as a profession must ever be a failure. It cannot be found by seeking it. It is a reflex action. It is incidental, a product which comes from doing noble things. It is impossible for a person to be really happy by making pleasure a profession.—Success Magazine.

Mothers who give their children Kennedy's Laxative cough Syrup invariably endorse it. Children like it because the taste is so pleasant. Contains honey and tar. It is the original Laxative Cough Syrup and is unrivalled for the relief of cough. Drives the cold out through the bowels. Conforms to the National Pure Food and drug law.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

To Cheer Him.

The wife of his bosom was going to leave him for a fortnight, and Fitz Tomkins was trying his very best to look sad.

"My dear," he said, choking back a chuckle with his handkerchief and wiping his eyes, "I hardly like to think how I shall miss you. The evenings will be so long and lonely without you. I shall have no one to talk to."

"George," said Mrs. Fitz, surveying him with a marble eye, "I have provided for your comfort in this as in every other way. When you return home you will find dear mother there. She will remain till I come back and keep you company in the evenings, George."

And as the train slowly glided out of the station the guard wondered why Fitz Tomkins nearly bit him when he insinuated a tip.—London Telegraph.

If you are constipated, dull, or bilious, or have a sallow lifeless complexion, try Lax-ets just once to see what they will do for you. Lax-ets are little toothsome Candy tablets—nice to eat, nice in effect. No griping, no pain. Just a gentle laxative effect that is pleasantly desirable. Handy for the vest pocket or purse. Lax-ets meet every desire. Lax-ets come to you in beautiful lithographed metal boxes at 5 cents and 25 cents. All Dealers.

Lax-ets 5 C Sweet to Eat
A Candy Bowl Laxative.

Some of Them Do.

The master had been giving a class of youngsters some ideas of adages and how to make them. Presently he said:

"Birds of a feather—do what?"
"Lay eggs," piped a small boy before anybody else had a chance to speak.

The Leading Part.

Twyn—I hear that Skidmore has led the Widow Weeds to the altar. Trip-let—That is what it is called for politeness' sake, but from my post of observation it looked as though the widow were a neck ahead of him all the way up the aisle.

Men are born to succeed, not to fail.—Thoreau.

To stop a cold with "Preventics" is safer than let it run and cure it afterwards. Taken at the "sneeze stage" Preventics are little toothsome candy cold cure tablets selling in five cent and 25 cent boxes. If you are chilly if you begin to sneeze, try Preventics. They will surely check the cold, and please you. All Dealers.

All the news for \$1.00 per year.

The Pinckney Dispatch.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY FRANK L. ANDREWS & CO.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Subscription Price \$1 in Advance

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan, as second-class matter.

Advertising rates made known on application.

Business Cards, \$4.00 per year.

Death and marriage notices published free.

Announcements of entertainments may be paid for, if desired, by presenting the office with tickets of admission. In case tickets are not brought to the office, regular rates will be charged.

All matter in local notice column will be charged at 5 cents per line of fraction thereof, for each insertion. Where no time is specified, all notices will be inserted until ordered discontinued, and will be charged for accordingly. All changes of advertisements MUST reach this office as early as Tuesday morning to insure an insertion the same week.

JOB PRINTING!

In all its branches, especially. We have all kinds of the latest styles of Type, etc., which enable us to execute all kinds of work, such as Books, Pamphlets, Posters, Programmes, Bill Boards, News Heads, Statements, Cards, Auction Bills, etc., in superior style, upon the shortest notice. Prices as low as good work can be done.

ALL BILLS PAYABLE FIRST OF EVERY MONTH.

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CHURCHES.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Rev. D. C. Littlejohn, pastor. Services every Sunday morning at 10:30, and every Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. Miss Mary Van Fleet, Supt.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.
Rev. C. W. Myers, pastor. Service every Sunday morning at 10:30 and every Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock. Prayer meeting Thursday evenings. Sunday school at close of morning service. Percy Swarthout, Supt., Mocco Temple Sec.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Rev. M. J. Comerford, pastor. Services every Sunday. Low mass at 7:30 o'clock. High mass with sermon at 9:30 a. m. Catechism: 7:30 p. m., vespers at 8 o'clock. Confession at 7:30 p. m.

SOCIETIES.

The A. O. H. Society of this place, meets every third Sunday in the Fr. Matthew Hall. John Tuomey and M. T. Kelly, County Delegates.

The W. C. T. U. meets the first Friday of each month at 2:30 p. m. at the home of Dr. H. F. Sigler. Everyone interested in temperance is cordially invited. Mrs. Ed. Sigler, Pres; Mrs. Ed. Duffee, Secretary.

The C. T. A. and B. Society of this place, meet every third Saturday evening in the Fr. Matthew Hall. John Donohue, President.

KNIGHTS OF MACCABEES.
Meet every Friday evening on or before full of the moon at the Swarthout bldg. Visiting brothers are cordially invited. CHAS. L. CAMPBELL, Sub Knight Commdr.

Lions Club, No. 74, F. & A. M. Regular Communication Tuesday evening, on or before the full of the moon. Kirk VanWinkle, W. M.

ORDER OF EASTERN STAR meets each month the Friday evening following the regular F. & A. M. meeting. Mrs. NETTE VAUGHN, W. M.

ORDER OF MODERN WOODMEN Meet the first Thursday evening of each month in the Maccabees' hall. C. L. Grimes V. C.

LADIES OF THE MACCABEES. Meet every 1st and 3rd Saturday of each month at 2:30 p. m. in F. M. hall. Visiting sisters cordially invited. LILA CONWAY, Lady Com.

KNIGHTS OF THE LOYAL GUARD.
F. L. Andrews P. M.

BUSINESS CARDS.

H. F. SIGLER M. D. C. L. SIGLER M. D. E.
DRS. SIGLER & SIGLER.
Physicians and Surgeons. All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main street Pinckney, Mich.

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NOTARY PUBLIC
WITH SEAL

AT DISPATCH OFFICE

May Live 100 Years

The chances for living a full century are excellent in the case of Mrs. Jennie Duncan, of Haynesville, Me., now 70 years old. She writes: "Electric Bitters cured me of chronic Dyspepsia of 20 years standing, and made me feel as well and strong as a young girl." Electric Bitters cured Stomach and Liver diseases, Blood disorders, General debility and Bodily weakness. Sold on a guarantee at F. A. Sigler's drug store. Price only 50c.

All the news for \$1.00 per year.

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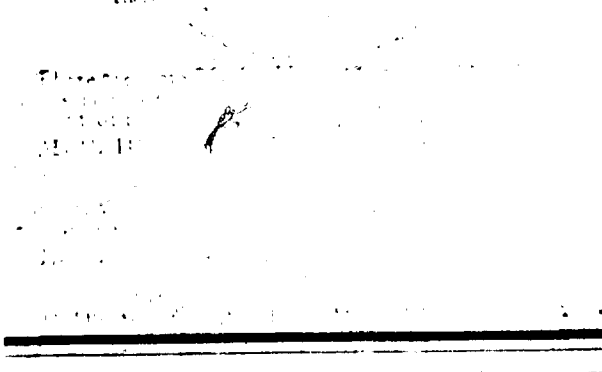
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CASNOW & CO.

KILL THE COUGH AND CURE THE LUNGS

WITH Dr. King's New Discovery FOR CONSUMPTION COUGHS and COLDS Price 50c & \$1.00 Free Trial.

Surest and Quickest Cure for all THROAT and LUNG TROUBLES, or MONEY BACK.



DR. PIERCE'S Malted Cocoa

The Cocoa with a Delicate Flavor. Malted Cocoa is prepared by scientific process combining the cocoa of the choicest bean and the best of malt. It is a health giving digestion, and the fat of the cocoa having been predigested, the feeling of heaviness experienced after eating the ordinary cocoa is avoided; thus a most delicious and nourishing stage is produced, which is easily pure and will not distress the most delicate stomach. For sale by your dealer.

KERR'S Malted Extract OF TOMATO

One teaspoonful to a cup of boiling water makes a delicious Bouillon. Prepared by WILLIAM B. KERR, Medford, Boston, Mass.

THE ONLY PRACTICAL Stencil Dish



It is compact, can be carried easily, and all the operator to gauge the quantity of ink desired. SAVES TIME. SAVES INK. Keeps brushes and ink when you want them, and is always READY FOR INSTANT USE. A perfect combination is obtained when WHITE'S WATERPROOF STENCIL INK is used. It is easily applied and sets quickly. No smudges or fading. SAVES BRUSHES. SAVES STENCILS. SAVES TIME. Write for full particulars. Send 10c for sample. Don't forget to write to WHITE'S CO., only by WHITE'S CO., Boston, Mass.

From the State Capital

Information and Gossip Furnished by Special Correspondent at Lansing.

Lansing.—The Michigan Association of Judges closed a most profitable session with the election of Judge Davis, of Ionia, president; Judge Wiest, of Lansing, vice president, and Judge Chester, of Hillsdale, secretary and treasurer. Myron H. Walker, of Grand Rapids, in a paper, said judges should exercise more of their powers outside the court as conservators of the peace, saying they could not disclaim responsibility for non-enforcement of law within their circuits. Justice Grant had spoken along the same line, and the question of what powers they had in that direction aroused a discussion, resulting in the appointment of a committee to report next year. In the course of the talk on the subject, Judge Smith, of Pontiac, expressed a willingness to call a grand jury whenever he believed the occasion required, but expressed objection to the action of one of the supreme court judges in writing letters into his circuit, saying that a grand jury should be called. He didn't say to which justice he referred. Judge Nelson Sharpe, of West Branch, advocated the repeal of Act 309 of the last session, which practically took from judges the power to use discretion in granting changes of venue.

Talk of Railroad Legislation.

Several representatives regard the street railway supervision clause of the governor's message as pointing the way to state control instead of local franchises. The same representatives commented on the merits of the street railway state law of Massachusetts. The latter gives to a commission of business men appointed by the governor the right to withdraw the privilege to operate from the company at any time. It provides that after allowing the company a fair rate of interest on its actual investment, the excess must be used for improvements to the service, and any sum not so required goes to the treasury of the municipality where the company operates. It limits the bonded indebtedness per mile of trackage, contains a municipal purchase clause and controls the rate of fare under certain conditions. These are provisions which a few representatives were heard discussing with favor. The governor's recommendation is that street railways be required to make full reports to the state authorities, and that the railroad commissioner should have supervision of street railways as he has of steam railroads. He calls attention to the fact that electric railways are extended into many parts of the state. This clause of his message is regarded by many legislators as of very great importance. It is pointed out that the word "supervision" involves the enactment of general regulations concerning the operation of street railways in every municipality.

All Discuss Senatorship.

Corridors of the Downey house have been jammed to the limit of standing room with representatives, senators and friends of the senatorial candidates. It is well that the senatorial question is to be disposed of early, because it fills the minds of the legislators. Nothing else is discussed, nor will be discussed, until a successor of Gen. Russell A. Alger has been selected. Groups of three, four and five are closely crowded by other groups and in low, earnest tones the all-absorbing issue is being thrashed out. All are looking for information as to the strength of their respective candidates. Many are outspoken concerning for whom they shall vote. Many, too, are non-committal. These latter make the result of the contest utterly impossible of prediction. The only apparent difference here is that many legislators have come here pledged to their electorate to support a certain candidate. They openly tell where they stand. But there are others who have not made such announcements and hence the uncertainty. All of the senatorial candidates were on hand early with the exception of W. C. McMillan, of Detroit, word being received that he is confined to his bed with an acute attack of la grippe.

Big Plans For M. A. C. Fete.

Arrangements are progressing toward making the semi-centennial celebration of the founding of the Michigan Agricultural college a very notable affair. President Roosevelt will be present and at a meeting of the executive committee it was decided to hold the annual meeting of American agricultural colleges here at that time. Between 200 and 300 leading educators of the country are expected to be present.

Alumni Memorial at U. of M.

Preliminary sketches of the Alumni Memorial building, University of Michigan, are going forth to every land and clime. A circle of interest will be completed, reaching round the world. Michigan has graduates wherever the sun rises. To these men, everywhere, will come at this time a broad suggestion for the alma mater. The Memorial building will be of buff stone, with broad granite steps and landings. It will be fashioned on the massive Greek style, but with the lightness and grace, as well as solidity, of Greek memorials. Something in the very outlines will suggest the strength and loyalty of men of Michigan. The building will be a lasting gift from the past to the present; linking forgotten generations of students with the young men now on the campus. So, influences long past will continue to foster a noble usefulness. But the Memorial building is to be more than a mere inspiration. It will fill a daily need in college life for students, faculty, alumni and friends. Perpetual care and maintenance is guaranteed by the board of regents. At the recent banquet of the Alumni association a special committee was appointed, consisting of Henry Russell, chairman, Wetmore Hunt and Harlow P. Davock, who will make a systematic canvass of the Detroit alumni. When it is considered that this is the first movement on the part of the alumni at large in making a substantial gift to the university, and when the amount required is so moderate in comparison to the gifts of alumni of other universities and colleges, the abundant success of the enterprise cannot be doubted. A small amount from each alumnus will speedily solve the problem.

Sensation in Senatorial Contest.

The Republican legislative caucus met Jan. 2, but, contrary to expectations, made no selection for United States senator. Adjournment was taken for a week, and in the meantime sensational charges of corruption in connection with the caucus nomination will be thrashed out. Governor Warner, in a statement sent from his sickbed at Farmington, accuses Arthur Hill of Saginaw, one of the four Republican candidates for senator, of questionable methods. Congressman Charles E. Townsend of Jackson, Congressman William Alden Smith of Grand Rapids, and William C. McMillan of Detroit, son of former United States Senator James McMillan, are the three candidates in addition to Mr. Hill. Hill is said to have made a combination with State Railroad Commissioner Atwood. Governor Warner's statement arraigns Hill's methods and says: "For some time there have been rumors, some of which at least deserve careful investigation before they are dismissed, that there have been improper methods used in advancing his candidacy. I have heard more of these rumors from Mr. Atwood than from any other person. I believe the people of this state would, if given an opportunity unite with me in my desire to rebuke such alleged methods."

For More Circuit Judges.

The first bill that has been drafted affecting the interests of Detroit is one increasing the number of circuit judges from six to seven. The matter is said to have received the favorable attention of Gov. Warner. The bill originally provided for two additional judges, but at the suggestion of the governor the number was reduced. It was known that when the bill is passed the governor will appoint Attorney George B. Yerkes to the place, waiting until after the spring election to do so, which will give Mr. Yerkes a year and a half on the bench before the next general election.

Desires of State Grange.

The executive committee of the State Grange decided to instruct the legislative committee of the order to make an effort to secure the enactment of a statewide primary election law compulsory on all political parties, and the passage of a law providing for a non-partisan constitutional convention of delegates to be elected and not appointed. Efforts to promote the direct legislation program of the Grange will also be made.

Mears Becomes Deputy.

Secretary of State Prescott has appointed Clarence J. Mears, of Kalamazoo, deputy secretary of state to succeed Charles S. Pierce, who becomes clerk of the house during the sessions of the legislature. Mears has been chief clerk of the department for the past two years.

AN IMPORTANT CASE

Patient Cured of Ataxia Given the Entire Credit to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Mrs. S. C. Wellock, of 114 Cleveland Avenue, Everett, Mass., the wife of an employe in the government works at Chelsea, says:

"I had been troubled with nervousness for ten years and the disease kept growing on me. Then I learned that I was suffering from locomotor ataxia. I had terrible tremblings in my right leg which would get rigid and when this happened in the street I had to stand still until it passed away to keep from falling. My right arm felt as if a thousand needles were pricking it. The sheet touching my knee in bed would nearly cause me to scream out with pain and both knees were so weak I could hardly stand."

"I had to use a cane and be helped about by my son. Then the pain began to settle in the calves of my legs and the muscles became numb and quivered constantly. The cords under my knees seemed to be drawn up tight and the terrible shooting pains in my legs would nearly drive me insane. My toes became numb and at times would prick as if needles were being thrust into them. My eyes became dull and black spots floated before them. My heart was very weak. My attention was called to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I bought several boxes right away and soon felt relief. I was so pleased that I kept on taking them until they cured me entirely, and I have had no symptoms of the trouble for over a year."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists or sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50 cents per box, six boxes \$2.50, by Dr. Williams Medical Company, Schenectady, N. Y. A booklet, entitled "Nervous Disorders," sent free on request.

ANIMALS THAT SHED TEARS.

Travelers' Observations Have Proved That Weeping Is Common.

Travelers through the Syrian desert have seen horses weep from thirst, a mule has been seen to cry from the pain of an injured foot and camels, it is said, shed tears in streams, says a writer in Harper's Weekly. A cow sold by its mistress who had tended young soko ape used to cry from vexation if Livingston didn't nurse it in his arms when it asked him to. Wounded apes have died crying, and apes have wept over their young slain by hunters. A chimpanzee trained to carry water jugs broke one and fell a-crying, which proved sorrow, though it wouldn't mend the jug. Rats, discovering their young drowned, have been moved to tears. A giraffe which a huntsman's rifle had injured began to cry when approached. Sea lions often weep over the loss of their young. Gordon Cummings observed tears trickling down the face of a dying elephant. And even an orang-outang when deprived of its mango was so vexed that it took to weeping. There is little doubt, therefore, that animals do cry from grief or weep from pain or annoyance.

Safe, Sure and Speedy.

No external remedy ever yet devised has so fully and unquestionably met these three prime conditions as successfully as Allcock's Plasters. They are safe because they contain no deleterious drugs and are manufactured upon scientific principles of medicine. They are sure because nothing goes into them except ingredients which are exactly adapted to the purposes for which a plaster is required. They are speedy in their action because their medicinal qualities go right to their work of relieving pain and restoring the natural and healthy performance of the functions of muscles, nerves and skin. Allcock's Plasters are the original and genuine porous plasters and like most meritorious articles have been extensively imitated, therefore always make sure and get the genuine.

French President's Double.

M. Fallieres was until recently believed to be the only president of the French republic who had no double, but his counterpart has been found. The man who most resembles him physically is a respectable merchant of the Rue Saint Honore, who plays his part with decorum and dignity. He wears exactly the same kind of blue butterfly necktie with white dots as the president, the same kind of hat and exactly so oddly cut a beard. And on his promenades he is always accompanied by a friend who could easily be taken for the president's private secretary. Dignified and with measured steps the enviable double walks through the Faubourg Saint Honore and feels overjoyed at being saluted on all sides.

We daily influence each other for good or evil. Let us not be the occasion of misleading others by our silence when we ought to speak.—J. H. Newman.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.

PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of itching, blind, bleeding or protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. No

Some men can't even do their duty without making a fuss about it.

Made Much on Small Capital. Twenty-five years ago W. E. Wehman left the town of La Grange, Ga., with the meager sum of one dollar in his pocket and landed in New York with nothing to his credit but his clothes and his character. The quality of the former does not matter and the quality of the latter has shown itself. He is to-day president of 75 banks, all but four of which are situated in his native state. In return for Georgia's small advance of 100 cents he has pretty well cornered the banking interests and has in keeping a goodly amount of her funds. The four banks of which he is president, outside the state of Georgia are situated in Florida.

Comment That Stung.

The marquis of Lansdowne, leader of unionist peers in the British parliament, speaks rarely but always with effect. He reveals in grave sarcasm. On one occasion Lord Crewe, the liberal leader, made a speech on a subject which he desired to leave a matter for open voting among his followers. Lord Lansdowne congratulated his friend on his eloquent speech. "I have followed it," he said, "with earnest attention not only on account of the importance of the subject but also on account of the noble lord's judicial attitude. I admired his earnestness and eloquence, but what impressed me most was his impartiality." A pause. "Yes, until the last minute I did not know on which side of the fence his lordship was coming down."

ALMOST A SOLID SORE.

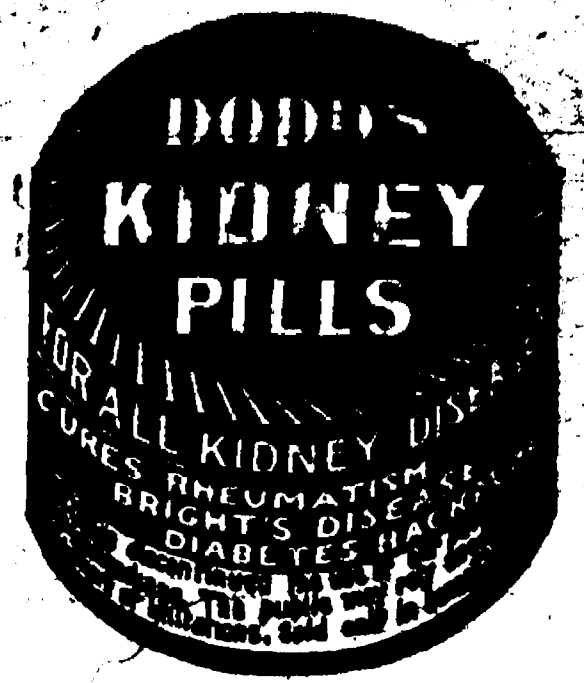
Skin Disease from Birth—Fortune Spent on Her Without Benefit—Cured Her with Cuticura.

"I have a cousin in Rockingham Co. who once had a skin disease from her birth until she was six years of age. Her father had spent a fortune on her to get her cured and none of the treatments did her any good. Old Dr. G— suggested that he try the Cuticura Remedies which he did. When he commenced to use it the child was almost a solid scab. He had used it about two months and the child was well. I was there when they commenced to use your Cuticura Remedies. I stayed that week and then returned home and stayed two weeks and then went back and stayed with them two weeks longer, and when I went home I could hardly believe she was the same child. Her skin was as soft as a baby's without a scar on it. I have not seen her in seventeen years, but I have heard from her and the last time I heard from her she was well. Mrs. W. P. Ingle, Burlington, N. C., June 18, 1905."

Footballer Shows Courage.

H. J. Henery, Irish Rugby full back, played the other day for 70 minutes against the South Africans while suffering from a split ear, damaged skull, broken middle finger on left hand, strained chest, muscles and torn finger cartilages. He received the injuries in a tackle ten minutes after the game began.

A woman would rather do things to worry a rival than to afford herself pleasure.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Headache, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

THE CANADIAN WEST IS THE BEST WEST

The testimony of thousands and during the past year is that the Canadian West is the best West. Year by year the Canadian culture returns have increased in volume and in value, and still the Canadian Government offers 100 acres FREE to every bona fide settler.

Some of the Advantages

The phenomenal increase in railway mileage—main lines and branches—has put almost every portion of the country within easy reach of churches, schools, markets, cheap fuel and every modern convenience. The NINETEEN MILLION BUSHEL WHEAT CROP of this year means \$9,000,000 to the farmers of Western Canada, apart from the results of other grains and cattle. For advice and information address the SUPER-INTENDENT OF IMMIGRATION, Ottawa, Canada, or any authorized Government Agent. M. V. McINNIS, 6 Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Michigan; or C. A. LAURIER, East St. Marie, Michigan.

SISTER

WRITE ME and I will send you in plain wrapper, FREE of charge, 30 DAYS' TREATMENT ON TRIAL. If you ever, send me one dollar, if not, you owe me nothing. If you suffer from Piles, Failing of the Weakness, bearing-down pains, backache, but flashes, profuse, scanty or painful periods, TUMORS, Growths, sit right down and write for my harmless, vegetable cure. Send me no money—only name and address to MRS. A. R. OWENS, Belleville, N. J.

WHY NOT GO SOUTH?

Where work can be carried on the entire year, where the lands are fertile and productive and where you will not have to battle against the elements of a frozen country. You should send a postcard to J. W. WILLIAMS, Gen. Ind. Agent, Seaboard Air Line, Dept. 6, Portsmouth, Va., for a copy of the SEABOARD MAGAZINE free and it will be sent you together with other hand-somely illustrated literature descriptive of the south and its wonderful resources and opportunities for northern farmers desiring to locate in a country blessed with a delightful climate. Special low rates to homeseekers and prospectors.

900 Drops

Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomach and Bowels of INFANTS, CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of DR. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -
Rhubarb -
Senna -
Licorice -
Ginger -
Peppermint -
Menthol -
Cinnamon -
Cloves -
Nutmeg -
Anise -
Fennel -
Caraway -
Dill -
Coriander -
Mustard -
Sage -
Thyme -
Rosemary -
Lavender -
Eucalyptus -
Peppermint -
Menthol -
Cinnamon -
Cloves -
Nutmeg -
Anise -
Fennel -
Caraway -
Dill -
Coriander -
Mustard -
Sage -
Thyme -
Rosemary -
Lavender -
Eucalyptus

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac-Simile Signature of Dr. H. H. Pitcher, NEW YORK.

35 DROPS 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

Dr. H. H. Pitcher

Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK, N.Y.

MICHIGAN

EVENTS NOTED

DOYLE, MURDERER, HIS WIFE AND HER MOTHER, BECOMES PRISONER.

CHILD WIFE'S HARD LIFE

A Troubled Home Leads to a Separation, and Possibly a Double Murder.

Patrick Doyle's Story:

Patrick F. Doyle, who Thursday afternoon attempted to kill his wife, Louise Doyle, and her sister, Mrs. Mary Bondy, in the main hall of the Home of the Friendless, was in a pent mood Friday morning, after spending the night praying in his gloomy little cell that his victims might recover. He blamed drink for his murderous rage. Doyle is 35 years old and a Cheboygan, Mich., lumberman. As a result of his crime, Mrs. Mary Bondy lies at the point of death in Harper hospital, with a bullet in her lung. Mrs. Doyle is in the same ward with a bullet in her shoulder. Doyle says:

"I don't know why I did it," he said. "I must have been crazy. Nothing was further from my mind when I came to town and I only carried the revolver because I had been in the habit of doing so in the woods. When she told me that she would not go back with me and that I could not see the children, everything went black before me and I don't remember much until the police came."

"She always had a good home and everything she wanted. But her sister was always trying to get her to do wrong. They went out nights and drank and did everything that was bad and, of course, I objected. But still I didn't mean to kill her. I hope to heaven she gets better, no matter what happens to me."

"I always loved the little ones, and God knows what will become of them now. While she remained in Cheboygan, even after she left me, I gave her money."

The shooting was deliberate and long considered. The would-be slayer stood over his wife threatening her with the revolver for nearly five minutes, while the terrified woman knelt on the floor and begged for mercy. Finally he shot her and followed by shooting Mrs. Bondy. He also threatened Mary Dawkins, a maid at the home, and Mrs. Effie Moore, the mistress. The DoYLES separated last July and Mrs. Doyle came here. She placed their two children, Pearl, aged 9, and Frank, 6, in the home on December 26. Doyle followed his wife here, arriving Sunday. He tried to effect a reconciliation, and it was his failure to induce his wife to return with him that brought on the shooting, although the immediate cause of the terrible deed was the demand of the mother that he not see the children again at the home.

Doyle was but 26 and his bride a child of 16 when he led her to the altar in the little church in Cheboygan. He was an ardent lover but, according to the sobbing story of Mrs. Doyle, a year had hardly passed when he began to ill-treat her. Then little Pearl came as an olive branch to the troubled home. But it was not for long that the husband restrained himself, and his attitude towards his wife became worse.

Last July the woman decided she could stand it no longer, and left the house, after a bitter quarrel, taking with her the two children. For several months she struggled, trying to support herself and the children by sewing. But Cheboygan offered little, and three months ago she came to Detroit to the home of her sister, Mrs. Mary Bondy, 30 Porter street. She secured employment with Mrs. Bondy at the Cadillac as a parlor maid, but, finding that her work gave her no time to look after the children, placed them in the Home of the Friendless, December 26.

Refused the Reward.

Garry Lansing, a mill employee, was going to work early one morning recently. Half a mile from the depot he discovered a sliding switch had been wrecked by a freight. As he looked at it he heard the northbound flyer whistle for Henderson, four miles away. This train makes no stops between Saginaw and Owosso, running at the rate of a mile a minute.

Lansing ran to the home of the section foreman and gave the warning. The foreman seized a flag and reached a point beyond the broken switch just in time. The train was stopped within a few feet of it.

"For services rendered, \$10," was a voucher sent by the Michigan Central to Lansing to sign. The train saver refused to attach his name to it.

"If they had sent me only a letter of thanks, that I could have shown to my friends," he says, "I would have been well pleased."

A divorce was granted Thursday to Mabel Cook, wife of John H. Cook. The couple were acquainted only 15 days when they married and the bride was only 15 years old.

Edward Eaton of Pontiac, has returned from New Orleans. He brought back with him a piece of the old slave block in the St. Louis hotel, the sight of which is said to have stirred Lincoln to liberate the colored race.

BLOATED WITH DROPSY.

The Heart Was Badly Affected When the Patient Began Using Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Elizabeth Maxwell, of 415 West Fourth street, Olympia, Wash., says:

"For over three years I suffered with a dropsical condition without being aware that it was due to kidney trouble. The early stages were principally backache and bearing down pain, but I went along without worrying much until dropsy set in. My feet and ankles swelled up, my hands puffed and became so tense I could hardly close them. I had great difficulty in breathing, and my heart would flutter with the least exertion. I could not walk far without stopping again and again to rest. Since using four boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills the bloating has gone down and the feelings of distress have disappeared."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Tallest American Soldier.

The distinction of being the tallest man in the United States army belongs to Ernest D. Peck, a first lieutenant in the engineer corps. He is six feet four and a half inches in height. Lieutenant Peck is a native of Wisconsin and was graduated from the Oshkosh high school. Lieutenant Peck is now on duty at Yellowstone Park, Wyoming, and has supervised the building of a military road known as Peck's Pike. He is called Pike's Peak by his comrades in the service.

MANY SOURCES OF SALT.

That from Natural Springs is Generally Most Nearly Pure.

The purity of salt depends upon the source from which it is obtained and the sanitary conditions under which it is prepared for the market. The supply of common salt, the most indispensable of all the seasoning substances both as a relishing condiment and a well-nigh universal food preservative, is exhaustless, yet even so there is salt and salt, says the Pictorial Review.

Formerly salt was obtained by evaporating ocean water, a process that left many impurities in the residuum, to say nothing of its exposure to all kinds of dirt in its shipment from seaports. The Turk's Island or rock salt, which is still largely used in pork packing and in the manufacture of ice creams, comes from the United States in holds of vessels continually subjected to dirt and foul odors. Upon its arrival it is again handled, then packed in coarse burlap bags, permitting dust to sift into the salt. In this condition it reaches the consumer.

Latterly, however, the product of salt springs has largely taken the lead in this country not only for table salt but for meat packing. The annual production from this source in the United States reaches more than 40,000,000 bushels, the state of New York in the vicinity of Syracuse furnishing a large proportion of this important supply.

NEVER TIRES

Of the Food That Restored Her to Health.

"My food was killing me and I didn't know the cause," writes a Colo. young lady. "For two years I was thin and sickly, suffering from indigestion and inflammatory rheumatism."

"I had tried different kinds of diet, plain living, and many of the remedies recommended, but got no better."

"Finally, about five weeks ago, mother suggested that I try Grape-Nuts, and I began at once, eating it with a little cream or milk. A change for the better began at once."

"To-day I am well and am gaining weight and strength all the time. I've gained 10 lbs. in the last five weeks and do not suffer any more from indigestion and the rheumatism is all gone."

"I know it is to Grape-Nuts alone that I owe my restored health. I still eat the food twice a day and never tire of it." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

The flavor of Grape-Nuts is peculiar to itself. It is neutral, not too sweet and has an agreeable, healthful quality that never grows tiresome.

One of the sources of rheumatism is from overloading the system with acid material, the result of imperfect digestion and assimilation.

As soon as improper food is abandoned and Grape-Nuts is taken regularly, digestion is made strong, the organs do their work of building up good red blood cells and of carrying away the excess of disease-making material from the system.

The result is a certain and steady return to normal health and mental activity. "There's a reason." Read the little book "The Road to Wellville" in pkgs.

OLD CAPT. COCK'S QUESTION.

Somewhat Pointed, But It Denoted Quick Intelligence.

Pierce Jay, the commissioner of banks of Massachusetts, at the American Bankers' association's convention in St. Louis, advocated a better accounting system.

"But above all," said Mr. Jay, in a discussion of his idea, "we want intelligence, if embezzlement is to be thoroughly put down. Systems are good, but intelligence is better, and in cashiers and tellers and bookkeepers and note clerks we want the same keen, quick intelligence that characterized old Capt. Hiram Cack, of Gloucester."

"Cack lay very ill. One day he got down-hearted, feeling that his case was hopeless."

"I fear, doctor," he said, "there isn't much hope for me."

"Oh, yes, there is," the doctor answered. "Three years ago I was in your condition precisely, and look at me now."

"Cack," intelligent and alert, said quickly:

"What doctor did you have?"

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children's teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough, croup, and all the ailments of infancy.

When members of a family quarrel a lot of truth leaks out.

No muss or fuss made with PUT-NAM FADELESS DYES; bright, beautiful colors a certainty.

Many a man who prays for rain would doubtless steal his neighbor's umbrella if his prayers were answered.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Drug stores refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Complaint is generally despicable, always worse than unavailing.—Carlyle.

Take Garfield Tea, the Natural Laxative, for constipation, indigestion, liver and kidney derangements, and colds. It is made of Herbs. Guaranteed under the Pure Food Law.

We frequently fall into error and folly, not because the true principles of action are not known, but because for the time they are not remembered.

How to Trap Wild Animals.

40 page trap book illustrated, picture 46 wild animals in natural colors, also barometer and calendar, also gun & trap catalog, also prices on raw furs. All sent post paid for 10 cts. stamps or silver. Address Fur Dept. N. W. Hide & Fur Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Kinsmen of Immortal George.

Many kindred of George Washington dwell on and about the original Washington plantation in Westmoreland county, Virginia. The present occupant of the plantation is named George Washington.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.

LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Whine from Henry James.

Henry James, pursuing his theme, "The Speech of American Women," speaks of a group of Boston young women, "all articulating as from sore mouths, all mumbling and whining and vocally limping and shuffling as it were together." He compares, also to its great disadvantage, a school where parents pay so much not to have their boys taught to speak as gentlemen, with one "beyond the sea, in which the proviso that the schoolmaster shall speak as a gentleman is so absolutely vital."

Much Traveled Sailor.

Henry Stevens, chief wine steward of a Cunard liner is now on his thousandth trip across the Atlantic. This record, so far as is known, has never been surpassed by any other employee of the steamship lines. Stevens is 63 years old and has been in continuous service of the Cunard company for 42 years and six months. Taking 3,000 miles for the trip from Liverpool to New York as a basis for computation, Stevens has traveled 3,000,000 miles, or a distance of 12,000 times around the earth. Had he been traveling through space he would have made six round trips to the moon.

STIFFNESS, STITCHES, LAMENESS, CRAMP, TWISTS AND TWITCHES, ALL DECAMP WHEN YOU APPLY

ST. JACOBS OIL

THE OLD-MONK-CURE

PRICE 25 AND 50 CENTS

What is Pe-ru-na?

Is it a Catarrh Remedy, or a Tonic, or is it Both?

Some people call Peruna a great tonic. Others refer to Peruna as a great catarrh remedy.

Which of these people are right? Is it more proper to call Peruna a catarrh remedy than to call it a tonic?

Our reply is, that Peruna is both a tonic and a catarrh remedy. Indeed, there can be no catarrh remedy that is not also a tonic.

In order to thoroughly relieve every case of catarrh, a remedy must not only have a specific action on the mucous membranes affected by the catarrh, but it must have a general tonic action on the nervous system.

Catarrh, even in persons who are otherwise strong, is a weakened condition of some mucous membrane. There must be something to strengthen the circulation, to give tone to the arteries, and to raise the vital forces.

Perhaps no vegetable remedy in the world has attracted so much attention from medical writers as HYDRASTIS CANADENSIS. The wonderful efficacy of this herb has been recognized many years, and is growing in its hold upon the medical profession. When joined with CUBES and COPAIBA a trio of medical agents is formed in Peruna which constitutes a specific remedy for catarrh that in the present state of medical progress cannot be improved upon. This action, reinforced by such renowned tonics as COLLINSORIA CANADENSIS, CORYDALIS FORMOSA and CEDRON SEED, ought to make this compound an ideal remedy for catarrh in all its stages and locations in the body.

From a theoretical standpoint, therefore, Peruna is beyond criticism. The use of Peruna, confirms this opinion. Numberless testimonials from every quarter of the earth furnish ample evidence that this judgment is not over enthusiastic. When practical experience confirms a well-grounded theory the result is a truth that cannot be shaken.

RHEUMATISM CURED

The Circulation Stimulated and the Muscles and Joints lubricated by using

Sloan's Liniment

Price 25c 50c & \$1.00 Sold by all Dealers

Sloan's Treatise On The Horse Sent Free Address Dr. Earl S. Sloan, Boston, Mass.

NO MORE MUSTARD PLASTERS TO BLISTER.

THE SCIENTIFIC AND MODERN EXTERNAL COUNTER-IRRITANT.

CAPISICUM VASELINE

EXTRACT OF THE CAYENNE PEPPER PLANT

A QUICK, SURE, SAFE AND ALWAYS READY CURE FOR PAIN.—PRICE 15c. IN COLLAPSIBLE TUBES. AT ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS, OR BY MAIL ON RECEIPT OF 15c. IN POSTAGE STAMPS. DON'T WAIT TILL THE PAIN COMES—KEEP A TUBE HANDY.

A substitute for and superior to mustard or any other plaster, and will not blister the most delicate skin. The pain-alleviating and curative qualities of the article are wonderful. It will stop the toothache at once, and relieve Headache and Sciatica. We recommend it as the best and safest external counter-irritant known, also as an external remedy for pains in the chest and stomach and all Rheumatic, Neuralgic and Gouty complaints. A trial will prove what we claim for it, and it will be found to be invaluable in the household and for children. Once used no family will be without it. Many people say "it is the best of all your preparations." Accept no preparation of Vaseline unless the same carries our label, as otherwise it is not genuine. SEND YOUR ADDRESS AND WE WILL MAIL OUR VASELINE PAMPHLET WHICH WILL INTEREST YOU.

CHESEBROUGH MFG. CO.

17 STATE STREET, NEW YORK CITY

PAINT

There's more in paint than the mixing of colors, lead and oil. Best results can be had only from best ingredients, accurate balance of their proportions, and the best method of mixing or assimilation. But most important of all is the grinding process. Upon the fineness depend in large degree the smoothness and covering capacity of a paint.

Buffalo A. L. O. Paints

(AGED LINSEED OIL)

are ground through powerful mills of special construction; they contain the purest and most lasting pigments ground in Aged Linseed Oil in correct proportion; they are honestly made; cost no more than inferior paints, and possess

all the essential qualities of a Perfect Paint

Ask your dealer for Buffalo A. L. O. Ready-Mixed Paints. If he cannot supply you send direct to Manufacturers for prices and folders containing valuable information and chart of 50 up-to-date shades

Buffalo Oil Paint & Varnish Co. BUFFALO, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL.

Nothing pleases a homely woman so much as to have a man compliment her figure.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 2, 1907.

Which enlists for 4 years young men of good character and sound physical condition between the ages of 17 and 25 as apprentice seamen; opportunities for advancement; pay \$16 to \$70 a month. Electricians, machinists, blacksmiths, cooper-smiths, yeomen (clerks), carpenters, ship-fitters, firemen, musicians, cooks, etc., between 21 and 35 years, enlisted in special ratings with suitable pay. Retirement on three-fourths pay and allowances after 20 years service. Applicants must be American citizens.

First clothing outfit free to recruits. Upon discharge travel allowance 4 cents per mile to place of enlistment. Bonus four months' pay and increase in pay upon re-enlistment within four months of discharge.

U. S. NAVY RECRUITING STATION, No. 33 Lafayette Avenue, DETROIT, MICH.

NO COAL FURNISH IN WISCONSIN. Good market. Splendid climate. Land 80 per acre. Catalog free. Good farms to exchange. J. S. Jorway & Co., Box 731, Richmond, Va.

27 afflicted with sore eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

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"Two Dogs over One Bone Seldom Agree."

When two merchants are after trade in the same community and one advertises and the other doesn't, the advertiser gets the bulk of it.

This is assuming that his ads are well written and placed in the medium that best covers the ground. This paper is the medium for this community. If you have difficulty with your ads consult us. Perhaps we can aid you. We are willing to.

All the news for \$1.00 per year.

Business Pointers.

LOST

On the streets of Pinckney, Saturday, a gold cross and chain. Finder leave at DISPATCH office and receive reward.

Yes you want your well cleaned and you want it done right, call and see me. Special arrangement for old old stone wells. George W. Lumm.

Wanted.

To rent a farm near the lakes, between Pinckney and Dexter. Will pay cash money rent. Call, or write the DISPATCH, Pinckney, Mich. Will rent with the privilege of buying. Exchange of references.

FOR SALE.

About twenty thoroughbred Barred Rocks, also about the same number of Black Minorcas, cockrels and pullets of each. M. B. Mortenson, Pinckney. Lyndilla Phone.

For Sale.

A limited number of single combed Rhode Island Reds from my prize winning birds. These birds have all been scored running from 90 to 93 points. For prices call or write Wm. Cady, Lakeland Mich.

E. W. DANIELS,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at DISPATCH Office or address Gregory, Mich., r. f. d. 2. Lyndilla phone connection. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

WANTED—GOOD MAN in each county to represent and advertise co-operative department, put out samples, etc. Old established business house. Cash salary \$21.00 weekly, expense money advanced; permanent position. Our reference Bankers National Bank of Chicago, Capital \$2,000,000. Address Manager, THE COLUMBIA HOUSE, Chicago, Ill. Desk No. 1.

J. W. BIRD
PRACTICAL AUCTIONEER
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED
For information, call at the Pinckney DISPATCH office. Auction Bills Free
Webster Rural Phone
Address, Dexter, Michigan

C.S. Chamberlin

Expert Auctioneer

Over 20 Years Experience
DEXTER, MICH.

PHONE 38, FREE BOX 68

Percy Swarthout
Funeral Director
AND EMBALMER

ALL CALLS ANSWERED
PROMPTLY DAY OR NIGHT

PARLORS AT
CLIMPTON'S OLD STAND Phone No. 30

PINCKNEY, MICH

Among Our Correspondents

WEST PUTNAM.

May Kennedy visited in Dexter last week.

Glenn Gardner left Monday for Detroit.

Mrs. Murphy, of Pinckney, is spending the week in this vicinity.

Miss Nellie Gardner attended the funeral of her uncle in Jackson, last week.

Casper Volmer and wife, and Anna E. Lennon, spent the past week with relatives in Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Boucher, who have been visiting at Mrs. Ann Brady's have returned to their home in Grosse Isle.

The first regular meeting of the Al Frisco Club was held at the home of H. B. Gardner Friday evening, Dec. 28, 1906.

Several weeks ago the young people of West Putnam organized this club, the weekly meetings being held for social pleasure and the discussion of topics relative to farm life.

The meeting was called to order by the president, after roll call by the secretary, it remained for the members to elect a vice president. The other officers having previously been chosen. The motion was made and supported that Bert Roche be appointed to this place.

The officers for the coming year are as follows: President, Glenn Gardner; Vice President Bert Roche; Secretary, Josephine Harris; Asst. Secretary, Laura Doyle; Social Manager, Nellie Gardner.

Following the initiation of about thirty members, light refreshments were served and several games were played much to the enjoyment of all present.

The club then adjourned to meet at Mrs. Wm. Gardner's Friday evening, Jan. 11.

CHILSON

Miss Thressa Melvin called on Albert Smith and wife one day last week.

Miss Lula Benham spent Sunday with her sister Mrs. Myron Ely in Howell.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lake spent Thursday with her parents, Alden Carpenter and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Dwillard of Howell visited her mother, Mrs. H. Martin the past week.

Miss Mildred Dynes returned to her home in Millington after spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Carl Dammann.

N. B. Smith, wife and family of Durand, Amelia Dammann of Fowlerville, and Miss Grace Nendorf of Howell, spent New Years with Mr. and Mrs. H. Dammann.

SOUTH MARION.

Mrs. V. G. Dinkel visited in Lansing last week.

Jasper Burley has moved to Webberville to live.

Mr. Hath of Iosco, has rented Fred Daniels farm for a term of years.

Mr. and Mrs. Lyle Younglove of Detroit, were home on a visit last week.

Mr. and Mrs. William Bland visited at Cohoctah Center New Year's day.

Bernard Glenn returned to Ann Arbor Monday, to take up his studies again.

Clyde Lyne and Thomas Richards are loading a car of hay at Pinckney this week.



Miss Margaret McQuade Of Brighton

a candidate in the Free Press "Tour of Cuba Contest," would appreciate the favor of any of the Free Press readers of this village and county who would send in their coupons with a vote for her. Miss McQuade is the daughter of George McQuade who is better known here as the "bookay" man.

Mrs. George Bland Jr. is visiting her mother and sister at Flint.

Cecil Stowe of Howell, stayed over Sunday with Mrs. Clyde Lyne.

Mr. and Mrs. William Lyne is visiting at their son's James Lyne of Handy.

The Younglove school was closed last week on account of the illness of the teacher.

Mrs. William White and sister Ida Love, visited their sister, Mrs. H. M. Williston in Pinckney, last week.

Mrs. I. J. Abbott returned home Sunday from a two day's visit at her daughters, Mrs. Cressa Newman of west Howell.

UNADILLA.

School opened Monday after a weeks vacation.

Wood sawers are busy in this vicinity.

Carmie Webb of Chelsea was home for the holiday vacation.

Evangelist Cooper preached at the M. E. church Sunday morning.

Mrs. Emmett Hadley has been suffering a severe attack of tonsillitis.

Nellie Bates of Williamsville visited her aunt, Mrs. Bullis, last week.

Mr. Porter expects to move to Stockbridge soon and will conduct a machine shop there.

Mrs. Janett Webb has returned from a two weeks visit at Wm. Stevensons of North Lake.

Allie Holmes and family of Stockbridge spent New Years with her parents, S. G. Palmer and wife.

Mutual Telephone Company.

The fifth annual meeting of the Livingston County Mutual Telephone Co. will be held at the Court House, in the village of Howell on Monday, January 14th at 1 o'clock A. M., standard time, for the purpose of electing officers and transacting such other business as may legally come before the meeting.

As court is in session the meeting will commence promptly at 10 o'clock. Dated at Howell January 1, 1907.

W. C. Richards, Secretary.

Conundrums.

Visitor (to artist's young wife)—Whatever were you two laughing over so just now? Wife—Oh, it was such fun! My husband painted, and I cooked, and then we both guessed what the things were meant for.—Meggendorfer Blatter.

Lost Opportunities.

"What a pity it was that baseball was not known in the old Roman gladiatorial time."

"Why so?"

"Because they would have so enjoyed killing the umpire."—Baltimore American.

Dancing.

Gracefulness is of course the highest object of the dance among all peoples, but their conceptions of what constitutes grace differ widely. According to a student of dancing, who has witnessed tens of thousands of dances in all parts of the world, who has penetrated to the interior of Africa and the desolate mountains of western China, there are three dances that, to his way of thinking, are equal in beauty, in grace and in the poetry of motion. These are the dances of the Javanese Mohammedans, especially the "love dance," in which only the younger women participate; the tarantella of Christian Italy and the butterfly dance of Japan. That dancing loses in poetry, in fire, in meaning, as civilization increases is the belief of this student of the art. The modern dances of civilized nations, especially as expounded on the stage, are not only meaningless and lacking in the beauty of the original dance, but actually degenerate and merely physical contortions that, while they may be rhythmic and graceful, are as insipid and as meaningless as the waddle of a duck.—Chicago Tribune.

Better Than Song.

A workman, fond of his pint of beer on Saturday night, got very muddled sometimes. Knowing that his wife on such occasions searched his pockets, he when not too far gone, used to secrete his money in various places, and it often happened that the next morning he could not remember the hiding place. He had a canary which used to hang in front of the window. One Sunday morning he was sitting looking at the bird when a neighbor looked in and inquired if he would sell it. As the bird was not much use for singing, he reached the cage down for his neighbor to look at, whereupon his wife got very angry and hung up the cage again. "I will not have that bird sold on any account," she exclaimed. "I don't care naught about it being a poor singer, for it's laid many a sixpence and a shilling, and now it's begun to lay half crowns."

Then its owner realized where some of his hidden treasures had gone.—Pearson's Weekly.

Sex and Rebirth.

The theories concerning the possibility of our having previously existed seem to be endless. Of them all I think the one best which suggests that sex is reversed at rebirth and that when we turn up sons after we previously existed we do so either as men or women according to whether we were women or men aforesaid. This largely accounts for the suffragette and for the long haired, thin voiced creatures who potter around boudoirs, play the piano like "sweetly pretty" things and call themselves men. Presumably the best material of which we were fashioned then is now used in our composition, for the most manly women and effeminate men generally have some good points about them. But if one is to keep on performing these Protean feats through all ages it hardly seems worth while worrying over sex problems. It seems to me, in the long run, that we shall each get about equal, according to this arrangement.—London World.

Age and Years.

The man of forty must not think himself old. He is only beginning really to live. A man's usefulness is gone only when he ceases to grow. Age is not a matter of increasing years so much as of waning enthusiasm.—Milwaukee Journal.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

There will be preaching services in the Cong'l. church Sunday morning next.

Reason & Son have a change of adv. this week. Change in matter and page. See page 1.

Glenn Tapper is putting in his spare moments from school learning to set type in this office. He is learning to handle the type in good shape.

Unless there is a change in the weather, there will be good skating again this week. Old and young enjoyed it last week for several days, especially Saturday.

The funeral of Mrs. Albert Jackson was held at the home south of this village Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. W. G. Stephens of Northville officiating.

The Michigan Stove Works at Detroit were nearly destroyed Tuesday evening by fire the loss being estimated at \$400,000 or \$500,000. One man was killed and several injured and 2,200 men thrown out of work in mid-winter. The big stove that was a feature of the Worlds fair exhibit at Chicago and has since stood on the lawn in front of the factory, was crushed by falling walls.

A. J. VanFatta of Marion has been taken to Ann Arbor for treatment.

O. P. Sykes, who has been on the sick list the past week, is reported to be gaining.

Dale Darrow and wife of Three Rivers spent the past week with his parents here.

Amos Winagar and wife of Howell spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Geo. Green.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. VanKeuren of Howell were guests of her parents G. W. Teeple and wife over Sunday.

Mrs. Johanna Birney of Lansing, and daughter Catherine of Ann Arbor visited relatives here the past week.

Walter Eaman returned to the U. of M. Monday after spending his vacation with his grandmother, Mrs. E. W. Martin.

The North Hamburg Social and Literary club will meet at the home of S. E. Swarthout, January 26, 1907. Program later.

Clarkston Brillinger and wife, who have been working in the hotel here the past year have gone to Chelsea to work in a hotel there.

Mrs. M. Nash who has been spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Harry Ayers in Detroit, returned home last week.

Fred Campbell left Monday morning for Ann Arbor to enter a business college there. He will put in his odd hours in the printing office in connection with the college.

The Church workers of the Cong'l church will hold their January tea at their hall Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 16, from five o'clock until all are served. A cordial invitation to all.

Finney's orchestra that is to furnish the music at the Maccabees entertainment Jan. 25 is composed of seven pieces and will be a whole entertainment of themselves. See adv. on page 1.

The fourth annual poultry show of the Washtenaw Pet Stock Association will be held in Ann Arbor January 28 to February 2. We understand that W. A. Reynolds will exhibit his White Rocks there.

A letter from Alvin Wilsey of Detroit, says that he expects to be in Pinckney sometime this week. His headquarters will be at the DISPATCH office as usual. Bring in your sick gasoline lamps.

Geo. Sykes and wife, of Detroit, were guests of relatives here a few days the past week. George had a few days off from work and knew of no better place to spend them than at the old home town.

Everything seems to be booming since the holidays—the new year is starting out in fine shape. Saturday last there were as many teams on our streets as at any time before Christmas. It was a beautiful day and all took advantage of it.

Bills were issued from this office this week announcing an auction sale on the farm of Mrs. Susan B. Davis, one-half mile north of Unadilla village, on Tuesday of next week, Jan. 15. Z. A. Hartsuff, auctioneer. Sale commences at 12, noon.

Will Kennedy and wife have returned from Big Rapids, where he has been attending college, and have settled in the rooms over Reason's hardware. Will will assist his father in the hoop factory as Mr. Kennedy could not find anyone to take his place.

Rev. E. H. Vail, who has been the pastor of the Milan Presbyterian church, has resigned and accepted a call to the pastorate of the church at Elk Rapids. Mrs. Vail spent the past week with her parents, A. B. Green and wife here and left the last of last week for her new home.

This section has been visited since Sunday evening with repeated showers which seemed a good deal like April. Monday night the storm was exceptionally heavy and was accompanied by severe lightening and thunder. The thaw caught a severe cold Tuesday night and froze up solid again.

Reward of \$25.00

for information leading to the conviction of the person or persons who have been destroying the school property in district No. 1, Putnam.

DISTRICT OFFICERS.