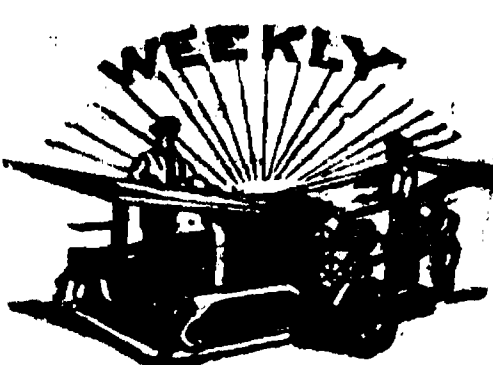


# Pinckney Dispatch.



Vol. XXV.

PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, OCT. 10, 1907

No. 41

For **Bowman's** For  
Quality Price

We are selling many items for less money than the whole-sale cost of today.

Our system of direct purchase from mill and factory.  
Buying ahead of seasons. Selling and buying for cash. That's it!

**We Save You Money.**

Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves and Mittens, Yarns, Outing Flannels, Handkerchiefs, Corsets, Ribbons, Laces, Embroideries. Holiday goods of every description.

Every day is bargain day

**E. A. Bowman's**  
Howell's Busy Store

## LOCAL NEWS.

Several heavy rains the past week. Our forests are taking on their fall colorings.

The next National holiday is Thanksgiving, Nov. 28.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hendee are visiting relatives in Durand.

John McIntyre and wife are moving into Mrs. M. C. Wilson's house.

Alfred Monks and family visited their daughter, Mrs. Chas. Doody of Lyndon Sunday.

Fowlerville will vote to bond the village for a system of water works for fire protection Oct. 14.

Mrs. Malachy Roche lost her gold watch on the fair grounds at Fowlerville but an honest person found it and it was returned.

The grocers and butchers of Ann Arbor have combined and have built a large central delivery station. It is on the co-operation plan.

E. J. Briggs and wife entertained a party of their friends Friday evening. Games, social chat and refreshments and a pleasant time for all.

Perry Blunt left this week to visit relatives and old friends in New York for a couple of weeks. Mrs. B's sister of Detroit is staying with her.

A large porch is being built on the east side of C. L. Sigler's residence. It will be used for sleeping apartments on the latest approved plans of out door sleeping.

While carrying potatoes down a cellar in Howell one day last week V. G. Dinkel fell on a defective step and went to the bottom striking his side on a metal crate injuring him quite badly. It is thought some ribs were broken and he was otherwise injured.

The county WCTU hold their annual meeting at Gregory Oct. 23-24.

H. G. Briggs and wife spent three days the past week with relatives in Brighton.

They claim the new \$10 bill is a beauty. The old ones always looked good to us.

Cement steps have been constructed the past week leading to the basement of the opera house.

Mrs. John Howard of Howell was the guest of the Placeway families a few days the past week.

Miss Maude Mortenson of the Ypsilanti Normal spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents here.

Earl Bowman and Miss Etta Van Beuren of Howell were guests of his brother Fred, here Sunday.

A great many fish were taken from the pond last Saturday after Mr. Peters, drew down the water.

By a resolution of the council of the village of Bellville they annex about 14 acres to the village.

Mrs. L. Brokaw and sister, Miss Mary Cate, returned to their home here after spending two months with Mrs. Brokaw's daughter, Mrs. M. A. Rose of Bay City.

In our item in regard to the incorporation of the Glennbrook Stock Farm we only gave the number of acres as recorded in Washtenaw county. There is over 700 acres in the farm and over 300 is in this county and the rest in Washtenaw.

Prosecuting attorney, Geo. F. Robinson of Detroit died Sunday afternoon and that city loses another of her good citizens. The Ward case was in his hands and the last thing he said was "Ward must stand trial." He was a brother of Mrs. Jas. T. Eaman.

Mrs. N. H. Cavery has purchased and drives a fine horse and carriage.

Matt Jeffreys of Ann Arbor visited his parents here the first of the week.

This is the weather that makes the coal baron smile and the poor widow weep.

We understand that Frank Hall has purchased the old Crofoot farm west of this village.

Mesdames Frank Tiplady and Emma Moran were guests of Mrs. Blanche Moran of Howell Tuesday.

Owing to the advanced prices in the cost of living also the advanced cost of material the blacksmiths of this village advanced their prices Monday morning.

C. V. Van Winkle and wife left Tuesday for Saginaw to attend the convention of the Eastern Star. They will visit friends in Bay City before returning.

Cong'l society fair Friday and Saturday, Oct. 25-26, at the opera house. In the different booths will be found articles that are useful as well ornamental. Supper each evening. Everyone invited.

Tuesday a man from Hamburg was brought into Justice Harger's court at Howell on a charge of letting Canada thistles go to seek on his farm. He pled guilty and paid a fine of ten dollars.—Republican.

During the fiscal year 31,301 soldiers and pensioners of the civil war have died. The pension roll has decreased \$844,876. The amount paid during the year was \$138,155,412. There are 967,371 pensioners on the rolls, the smallest number in 15 years.

A jury in the Jackson County Circuit Court, on Tuesday gave Mrs. Nettie Merrinane, a former Chelsea resident, a verdict of \$6,000, against Saloonist Miller, of Grass Lake, as damages for making her husband a common drunkard.—Chelsea Herald.

Those who make their own butter are in luck this season as it is not only hard to get but the price is soaring. Merchants are paying 24 cents per pound for good butter and some private families are paying more when they can get it and then have to speak several days ahead to get it at that. The time is ripe for some farmer to go into the business of making good butter and plenty of it for the home market.

A community is judged by its newspaper. If one picks up a country newspaper that is neatly printed and well filled with ads., the first impression is that the paper must be printed in a thriving and wide awake town. It is all smeared up with ink, has no ads. and has a generally run down appearance, the town is sized up as about the same kind of a proposition.—Ex. The DISPATCH is cleanly printed and certainly the town is clean and well kept. How about the rest of the above item?

We wonder how many people realize that the state of Michigan is caring for nearly ten thousand people in its asylums and penal institutions. Of this number 6,688 are in asylums and the home of the feeble minded at Lapeer, while 2,945 are confined in various prisons. The annual expense for maintaining the asylums is \$1,182,195.35 and of the prisons \$645,588.74. It is well to bear these figures in mind when you think of the state tax.—Bancroft Commercial.

Base ball fans are jubilant here as well as in every part of the state over the fact that Detroit won the pennant this season. The team is now playing a series of 5 or 7 games with Chicago for the championship of the world. The first game was at Chicago Tuesday and the second at the end of the week. The fans are all out to see the team.

**See Our New Books  
The Finest Line for Gifts  
Ever Brought to the Village of Pinckney. . .**

Pure Drugs—Prescriptions Carefully Compounded at

**F. A. SIGLER'S**

A newspaper advertising space is the publisher's stock in trade the same as the merchant's goods on his shelves. The publisher makes his living and pays his bills from the sale of his goods. The publisher can no more afford to give away his advertising space and pay cash for the setting of the type, etc., than can the merchant afford to give away his goods.

If you are going to have an auction this fall remember that you can get your bills printed at the DISPATCH office on short notice. We are prepared to do all kinds of printing in the latest approved manner and deliver the job when we agree to. We take no work to keep it from other people and then keep them waiting for their job. It we cannot do the work in the time the people want it we tell them so before we take the job. We have the facilities for doing quick work and do it.

Through the courtesy of Rev. A. G. Gates, the editor and family had a meal from a fine mushroom Monday. The mushroom was of the mammoth kind and was grown at the home of postmaster W. S. Swarthout. It was large enough so that Mr. Swarthout cut it in halves and gave Mr. Gates one half and he divided with the editor and there was enough for at least two meals all around. It weighed over five pounds and where they are on the market they are worth about \$1 per pound. This is the third or fourth that has grown on the same place this season and is one of the smallest. Mr. Swarthout saved one for the "spore" or seed that measured over 24 inches in circumference.

## Cong'l Church Notes

The day being warm and pleasant the attendance was unusually large Sunday morning. The pastor delivered one of the best sermons he has ever preached here; the subject, "Highest Riches," taken from Rom. 8, 17. Those who missed hearing it were the losers.

The evening sermon and music was fine and in perfect harmony.

The pastor earnestly desires that everyone interested in the mid week prayer service will come and bring at least one with them. Try it, it will do all good.

Everyone welcome to all the services of this church.

## Water Lowered.

Friday night last F. M. Peters, proprietor of the Pinckney Flouring Mills began lowering the water 20 inches according to the order of the Saginaw court. The water was lowered at the end of the night and the 15th inst. the water was lowered the same amount.

## Broke his Neck.

Monday, George Collier who has been working as a farm hand near Ann Arbor, drove to that city and returned at noon. While his horse was being unhitched, he remained in the rig but fell out and landed on his head breaking his neck, dying almost instantly.

Mr. Collier was over 40 years old and is a brother of Wm. Collier, who works the H. M. Padley farm and has two brothers on a place of their own west this village. He formerly resided with them and was well known here.

## M. E. Church Notes.

The daily day entertainment was a success in every particular. The church was well filled and the program was good. The collection amounted to \$5.28.

The League was well attended and profitable. The Pastor followed with an excellent sermon as usual.

The duet by Master Harold and Miss Grace Grieve was much appreciated.

Services as usual this week and all are welcome and the seats are free.

## North Hamburg Literary Club

The North Hamburg Social and Literary Club will meet at the home of Claud and Fanna Rolison, Saturday evening Oct. 12. Program:

Inst. Solo, Mae Pitkin.  
Bulletin, Mr. Hill.  
Vocal Solo, Grace Grieve  
Duet, Hazel Switzer, Florence Kice  
Inst. Solo, Florence Kice  
Cornet Solo, Fred Swarthout  
Rec. Mrs. Myron Hendrick  
Vocal Solo, Fanna Swarthout  
Inst. Solo, Mrs. Bert Appleton  
Inst. Duet, Hazel Switzer, Florence Kice  
Solo, Kittie King  
Duet, Harold and Grace Grieve  
Rec. Lulu Benham  
Vocal Solo, Fanna Rolison  
Song by club.

## CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to express our grateful appreciation to our friends and neighbors for the assistance, kindness and sympathy, also the beautiful flowers, in our great bereavement.

MR. AND MRS. CLARENCE BAUGHN  
AND FAMILY.

**The  
Pinckney Exchange Bank**  
Established 1884

Will pay 3 per cent interest on deposits.  
Cashier, C. L. Sigler.

Pinckney, Mich., Sept. 19, 1907.

**"The Most Important Notice" for 1907,**  
is to all our customers that have not settled all their accounts and notes **PAST DUE** are to pay them on or before October 1, 1907, and arrange for payment request-  
money Exchange  
call at our



**Tact in Conversation.**

Pleasant conversation, among intelligent people, should be flowing and natural, neither stilted nor frivolous. It should be instructive, without pedantry, and polished without being affected. Those who really converse reason without arguing, joke without punning, skillfully unite wit and reason, maxims and sallies, ingenious rallery and severe morality. They speak of everything in order that every one may have something to say; they do not investigate too closely, for fear of wearying; questions are treated with rapidity; precision leads to elegance, each one giving his opinion, and supporting it with few words, says the New York Weekly. No refined person attacks wantonly another's opinions, no tactful person defends his own obstinacy. They discuss in order to enlighten themselves, and leave off discussing where dispute would begin; every one gains information; every one recreates himself, and all go away contented; nay, the sage himself may carry away from what he has heard matter worthy of silent meditation.

The coyote is a much despised animal of the wild and woolly west, and even Mark Twain's vivid description of its powers of speed is not sufficient to establish it in popular respect. But it seems Colorado farmers have come to the opinion that the coyote has qualities heretofore unsuspected and which if he had not add to his reputation for morality indicate a higher grade of intelligence than he has been credited with possessing. Colorado is renowned in various ways; among other things for raising the finest melons. Now it appears the coyotes have not only developed a taste for the melons, but the sagacity to pick out the ripest, best and sweetest. As a consequence, says the Troy Times, the melon farms are frequently raided by the beasts and the farmers are heavy losers. Ordinarily a coyote is held in such contempt that little or no attention is paid to him. But when he becomes a destroyer of Colorado's choicest melons he is daring fate too much. It is now likely to be war to the death, and the coyote crop will be killed off in order to save the crop of melons.

Figures collected by the International Society of State and Municipal Building Commissioners and Inspectors show that every week, on an average, fires in the United States burn up three theaters, three public halls, 17 churches, ten schools, two hospitals, two asylums, two "colleges," six apartment houses, three department stores, two jails, 26 hotels—the fires at seashore resorts this summer will raise the hotel average—140 "flat" houses and 1,600 single dwellings. Such a record of waste is bad, but it is not surprising in a land of wooden buildings. Moreover, many of the buildings destroyed would have been torn down if they had not been burned. A countryman who suffered from a slight fire said he had lost two houses and three barns if you counted the dog house, the chicken house and the cowshed. In such lists as the foregoing a house is a house be it ever so worthless, and a "college" may call itself so even if it occupies but three rooms and does most of its business by mail.

Last year German yachts which came here to race for the Roosevelt cup were defeated. This year our boats contesting for the Emperor William cup at Kiel, Germany, were badly beaten. Yacht-designers usually succeed best in building for home waters and for weather conditions to which they are habituated. These international races, however, are not without their usefulness. Yachting, a clean, beautiful sport, is of great value in its influence on the important science of ship-building.

The word tram is derived from a man's name—Outram—Thomas Outram. Outram lived in Derbyshire, England, and in the beginning of the last century he invented a peculiar sort of track that diminished the friction between wheels and roadbeds. These tracks of Outram's, though nothing like a trolley track, were called at first outtramways, then tramways, and when street lines and street cars came into existence they were dubbed respectively "tramways" and "trams."

**LATEST NEWS OF MICHIGAN**

**DID THE MOTHER'S LOVE FORCE A FALSE CONFESSION TO SAVE HER SON?**

**HUSBAND'S ABUSE SHOWN**

The Atlanta Tragedy Has Some Startling Features, Though the Confession is Retracted.

**Cruelty Causes Murder.**

Mrs. Jessie Freeman Chadwick, of Atlanta, Mich., has confessed that she trailed her husband, Charles E. Chadwick, from the house and shot him dead with his own gun. The county officers had arrested young Chadwick, suspecting him of the crime, because marks of his shoes were found in the vicinity, but Mrs. Chadwick declares she took his shoes from the stairs and wore them as she followed her husband. Mrs. Chadwick's confession was written in a letter to the imprisoned son, who she declared was suffering to shield her. After writing the letter she attempted her own life, was prevented by her daughter, and when arrested and thrown into jail denied her confession. Though the confession and the denial confuse the authorities, Mrs. Chadwick has unquestionably shown truly in her letter the brutish conduct on the part of her husband, his cruelty and drunkenness, which was doubtless the cause of his destruction.

These are some of the things Mrs. Chadwick, the drunkard's wife, says: "You know, darling, I cannot bear you to suffer in my place all for love of me."

O dear heart, I never would have done it if he hadn't been so mean and I know I was not accountable for what I did. The only wicked, cruel thing I ever did, me, the woman who could not even kill a chicken.

He had killed me a thousand times. He flew in a rage and said he was ruined. \* \* \* and he talked so to me and I never answered only when I had to, but I grew so afraid, so afraid; then the wildness came in my head and when he got through every nerve was strung up.

I went over the hills in a pair of shoes—the little feet that I am so proud of made me able to put my shoes in them, but, O God, I thought they were his and they were yours. My darling, O my darling.

God knows how lonely my heart was and the cruel, cruel life I led. And, darling, when I think of how many times I have put my body between him and you and have taken the blows intended for you on my head and kicks on my body, do not wonder that I am a nervous wreck, and brooding alone has finished his work.

**Had Another Wife.**

Sheriff Murphy claims to have learned that Chadwick had another wife living beside the woman now held in prison, and that he was not divorced from his first wife. If this is proven, it will likely turn the sentiment in the county to Mrs. Chadwick. During the past few days it has taken a trend decidedly against her.

Mrs. Chadwick showed to the authorities a letter purporting to have been from the first wife. She was in Michigan at the time and is still believed to be in the state.

An attempt will be made to locate her before the estate is disposed of.

**A New Primary Law.**

The administrationists who drew the new primary election bill for presentation at the special session did not consult the attorney general's department. That department has a draft of a bill which may or may not be offered to the law makers.

The feature of the new administration bill which is attracting the most attention is the section relative to the election of delegates to national conventions. The bill provides for their election at a spring primary, doing away entirely with conventions.

It also provides for the nomination of United States senators and requires all political parties to make nominations under the provisions in case any one political party adopts it. The administration men claim their bill provides a workable, comprehensive primary election system. It does not include any 40 per cent clause.

A copy of the bill will be introduced the first day of the session. Some of the state's lawyers are saying that it is full of legal blowholes.

**False Reports.**

Prompt notice has been taken by the office of the Isthmian canal commission of the charges made by the Spanish government that intended emigrants from that country for Panama are being deceived as to conditions there by American recruiting labor agents. The published charges have been referred to the commission at Panama and an early response is expected.

In Washington the officials declare the charges are a gross misrepresentation of facts, to which facts the widest publicity has been given.

To test the constitutionality of the juvenile act, Prosecutor McDonald, of Grand Rapids, will ask the supreme court for a writ of mandamus to compel the authorities of the industrial school to accept three boys under the juvenile act.

**MICHIGAN BRIEFS.**

St. Ann's Catholic church, partly destroyed by fire in June, will be re-dedicated by Bishop Richter, of Grand Rapids.

In search of work, Stephen Brown, aged 60, walked from the Wayne county house and arrived in Port Huron exhausted.

A splinter penetrated the windpipe of Harry Edwards while at work in a Marquette saw mill and he died shortly afterward.

Wellington R. Burt and Temple Dorr offered to give \$75,000 toward a \$100,000 auditorium, if the citizens of Saginaw will raise the rest.

The cottage of Fred Stimpson at Whitmore lake burned to the ground with a number of heirlooms an hour after the family left it.

Because he had too much sail spread on his yacht, John Paradise was drowned when the top-heavy craft upset on Lake Independence.

William L. Morley, aged 50, a traveling man of Bay City, either fell or jumped into a Toledo creek while intoxicated and was drowned.

John Kellher, a Grand Trunk engineer, was thrown from the cab of his engine near Marcellus, Monday, and lies in a critical condition.

Senator William Alden Smith sold a lot and building in Grand Rapids to the Peoples Savings bank at a price said to have been about \$90,000.

Delegates from all over western Michigan are present at the convention of the reorganized Latter Day Saints now in session in Traverse City.

Milton Ross, of Traverse City, shot Peter Snyder's dog, claiming it bit his horses. Snyder sued and the jury brought in a verdict for \$70 for the plaintiff.

A jury in the circuit has awarded Mrs. William Roussman \$5,000 in her suit against the D. U. R. for injuries received in the Birmingham wreck last November.

Judge Quincy A. Smith, aged 63, who died at Ann Arbor, after an illness of several months, was the longest-lived resident of Ingham county and Lansing.

Mrs. Nettie Mannine has been awarded \$5,925 damages against Fred Miller, a former saloonist of Grass Lake. Miller sold Mannine liquor after he had been posted.

While playing with boys his own age about Grand Trunk cars just north of Grand Rapids, Leo McMill, aged 6, fell under a moving switching train and had both legs severed.

Mel Trotter, director of the Grand Rapids Rescue mission, who raised \$20,000 and bought the building, refused an offer of a \$6,000 a year lease from a vaudeville circuit.

Emell Hopkie, of Sterling, was arrested on the charge of attempting to kill Marion Mott, also of Sterling, because of a fancied grievance, and will be examined as to his sanity.

Kleber P. Rockwell, recently elected member of the constitutional convention, has resigned his position as member of the board of public works of Pontiac because of lack of time.

Charles Bowen, aged 15, was arrested at Webberville on a charge of placing an iron plate on the Pere Marquette railroad tracks. The plot was discovered before a train was due.

Hayes Brown, a popular young married man of St. Joseph, has disappeared, and neither relatives, friends or the police have the slightest clue as to his whereabouts. His wife is prostrated.

"If Gov. Warner is re-elected I will hand in my resignation," said Highway Commissioner Horatio S. Earle, in prefacing his statement that he would soon announce his candidacy for the governorship.

Accepting the advice of the police commission, the Battle Creek council will pass an ordinance removing the stalls from saloons, a demand made by the women of the National Purity association.

At the inquest into the death of Kenneth Stuart in Saginaw it was testified that he went to sleep under a freight car while intoxicated and was dragged about for an hour while it was being switched.

Albert Olds, aged 21, of Lansing, took poison because a 15-year-old girl refused his attentions, and when he recovered said: "I told the druggist I wanted poison to kill a dog and I guess I was about right."

A committee of Detroit's representative colored citizens waited on Police Commissioner Smith Friday morning for the purpose of offering assistance to the authorities in ridding the city of undesirable colored men.

"Tainted money is all right provided it in no way closes the mouth of the acceptor toward the evil means used to obtain it," said Rev. Lewis G. Wilson, of Boston, before the Michigan Conference of Unitarian churches.

T. W. Bearn, a Lawton miller, became entangled in the machinery in E. Bearn & Son's flouring mill, and while being whirled around a shaft had every particle of his clothing, save his shoes, torn off. He is badly injured.

The supreme court decided that the Chicago, Kalamazoo & Saginaw railroad can pay for its right-of-way from the center of the city of Kalamazoo to the outskirts at the valuation of seven years ago. M. H. Lane and F. B. Lay, former owners, charged that contract made at that time was invalid and asked for the present value which is double that of seven years ago.

**NEWS OF THE NATION**

**THEY ARE AFTER THE MILLIONS MADE BY WIZARD EDISON.**

**HIS FORTUNE MENACED.**

China Working a Silent Boycott on United States Goods to the Tune of Millions.

**The Phonograph Suits.**

That Thomas A. Edison, the "Wizard of Menlo Park," is facing contempt proceedings in one federal court and a suit involving millions in another, which may sweep away his entire fortune, became known yesterday.

In one suit which has been called before the United States circuit court in Jersey City on October 9, the minority stockholders of the New England Phonograph Co., which was organized in 1888 to sell Edison phonographs, allege that it paid Mr. Edison \$225,000 for the exclusive right to sell his phonographs in the New England states and that Edison obtained control of the board of directors and packed it with his own employees; that no profits ever were paid, and that the Edison board actually voted to discontinue a suit brought in the name of the company for an accounting.

The New York Phonograph Co., which is said to have had an experience similar to the New England company, has secured judgment in the lower courts against S. B. Devagna, one of the 406 jobbers in New York selected as a defendant in a test case. The judgment demands an accounting of all phonographs and supplies sold in New York since 1893.

A perpetual injunction granted in 1906 prohibiting the sale of the Edison phonograph in New York, except through the New York company, has been disobeyed and contempt proceedings to compel an accounting are on the calendar of the Appellate Division of the Brooklyn Supreme court for October 11.

**Amounts to Millions.**

The closing day's session of the National Convention of Cotton Manufacturers in Washington was marked by the presence and the delivery of addresses by two members of President Roosevelt's cabinet. They were Secretary Straus, of the department of commerce and labor, and Postmaster General Meyer.

The so-called yellow races are steadily increasing customers of your goods, and as they advance and prosper, provided we keep their good will, they will buy more and more of your product and of other American manufactures. China took \$20,000,000 less from you last year than the year before. How much of this was due to a "silent non-importation agreement," which was used so effectively by us preceding the revolutionary war, and which is known by the modern name of "boycott," I leave you to figure out.

"Probably Minister Wu, when he comes here, will help you figure, and I think if you get him to tell you all that he knows the information cannot fail to be valuable both to yours and other industries."

**Stop the Waste.**

After an extensive investigation of the country's natural resources, conducted in the west, at the instance of the government, Prof. J. A. Holmes, chief of the technologic bureau of the geological survey, who has just returned, has made an official statement, warning the American people that the present prodigious waste of these resources must stop at once if the country is to continue to prosper.

Prof. Holmes says that the waste of coal is appalling. Every possible means should be adopted, he says, for reducing the waste to an absolute minimum; in order that our fuel resources may suffice for the future as well as for the present needs of the nation.

"At the present rate of increase in consumption," says Mr. Holmes, "the better part of the fuel supply of the country will be gone by the end of the present century, unless the proper steps are taken."

Prof. Holmes says that the technologic branch of the geological survey indicates the possibility of increasing the fuel efficiencies by two or three fold, and suggests still greater possibilities.

"The future is full of promise," he says, "but the solution of these problems calls for further extended investigation."

**Be More Thrifty.**

Gen. Wm. Booth, commander-in-chief of the Salvation Army, brought Chicago and the United States a message of the need of thrift, a warning of the danger that lie in wait.

Gen. Booth said the end of the high wages is in sight; that a rising population meant less food clothing for each individual. The problem must be solved in England, America in part, he said, as has been solved in India, China and Japan.

"The physical standard must be lowered," said the leader of the Salvation Army, "half the population must be able to support the other half."

**BASE BALL.**

The Detroit Tigers Won the Coveted Pennant.

The very dramatic games of baseball that have been played during the past few weeks for the pennant have shown that the national game is one of the greatest. Never has any game kept the whole people in such keen anxiety or developed a widespread love of good wholesome sport. Detroit's victorious team given the city a thrill beyond expression, and those who may have regarded the city as of little importance are now taking notice. The town was wild with joy when the pennant was won by the sturdy "Tigers" at St. Louis on Saturday. When the world's championship series opens in Detroit, the banner crowd of the years will throng the streets and the famous "Wheel" will go up from thousands of throats. The standing at the close of the game won by the "Tigers" Saturday, which gave them a clinch on the pennant, follows:

|            | Won. | Lost. | Percent. |
|------------|------|-------|----------|
| Detroit    | 82   | 56    | .622     |
| Athletics  | 88   | 57    | .607     |
| Chicago    | 86   | 64    | .573     |
| Cleveland  | 85   | 66    | .563     |
| New York   | 70   | 78    | .473     |
| St. Louis  | 67   | 83    | .447     |
| Boston     | 59   | 90    | .396     |
| Washington | 49   | 102   | .325     |

**President's Bear Hunt.**

President Roosevelt, clad in khaki, hunting boots and sombrero, is camped on the Parker plantation, about five miles from Stambout, La. The site was selected by his host, John M. Parker, a wealthy New Orleans cotton merchant, and is close to the cane brakes. The hunting party will consist of the president, Commissioner Melhenny, Mr. Parker and two guides. Dr. Rixey and Dr. Lambert will remain in camp while Secretary Latta and other members of the party have established themselves at Mr. Parker's plantation near Stambout.

**Bomb Throwers' Work.**

The Western Federation of Miners is accused of instigating the death of Harvey K. Brown, former sheriff living in Boise City, Idaho. Brown was blown up by a bomb as he was entering his front gate late Monday evening, the outrage being in many respects similar to that which destroyed former Gov. Steunenberg, of Idaho. Brown's ante-mortem statement was taken by the district attorney.

**THE MARKETS.**

Detroit.—Cattle.—Extra dry-fed steers and heifers, \$6.75 to \$8; steers and heifers, \$6.00 to \$7.50; steers and heifers, \$5.00 to \$6.50; grass steers and heifers that are fat \$8.00 to \$10.00; \$4.00 to \$5.00; grass steers and heifers that are fat \$5.00 to \$7.00; \$3.00 to \$3.50; choice fat cows, \$4; good fat cows, \$3.50; 3.75; common cows, \$2.50; 2.50; canners, \$1.50; 2; choice heavy bulls, \$3.50; fair to good bologna, \$2.50; 2.50; stock bulls, \$2.50 to \$2.75; choice feeding steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; fair feeding steers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; choice stockers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; fair stockers, \$2.50 to \$3.00; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$4.00 to \$4.50; common milkers, \$3.00 to \$3.50.

Veal calves.—Market active and 25c higher; best grades, \$8.00 to \$8.50; others, \$7.50 to \$8.00; milk cows and springers, steady.

Sheep and lambs.—Market steady; last week's prices; best lambs, \$7.75 to \$8.00; good lambs, \$6.75 to \$7.00; common lambs, \$5.00 to \$5.50; yearlings, \$4.50 to \$5.00; fair to good butchers' sheep, \$4.50 to \$5.00; 4.75; culls and common, \$2.50 to \$3.00.

Hogs.—Market steady; last week's prices; Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$6.25 to \$6.50; pigs, \$6.10 to light Yorkers, \$6.40 to \$6.50; roughs, \$5.25; stags, 1-3 off.

East Buffalo.—Cattle.—Market steady; export steers, \$6.10 to \$6.50; best 1,200 to 1,500 lb shipping steers, \$6.50 to \$7.00; 1,000 to 1,100 lb do, \$5.50 to \$6.00; butchers' steers weighing from 1,000 to 1,050 lb, \$4.25 to \$4.50; best fat cows, \$3.50 to \$4.00; fair to good, \$2.75 to \$3.00; medium, \$2.50 to \$2.75; canners, \$1.50 to \$2.00; best fat heifers, \$4.25 to \$4.50; medium, \$3.25 to \$3.50; common, \$2.50 to \$3.00; best feeders, \$4.00 to \$4.25; common stock steers, \$2.75 to \$3.00; export bulls, \$3.75 to \$4.00; bologna bulls, \$3.25 to \$3.50; stock bulls, \$2.75 to \$3.00.

Hogs.—Strong; mixed and medium, \$7.00 to \$7.15; heavy, \$6.75 to \$7.00; Yorks, \$7.00 to \$7.15; pigs, \$6.50 to \$6.75; roughs, \$5.50 to \$6.00.

Sheep and lambs.—Market active; best lambs, \$7.50 to \$8.00; culls, \$5.50 to \$6.00; yearlings, \$4.75 to \$5.00; wethers, \$5.50 to \$6.00; ewes, \$4.50 to \$5.25; calves, \$4.50 to \$5.50.

Grain.—Wheat.—Cash No. 2 red, \$1.00; December opened \$1.00 up to \$1.02; gained another \$2.00, lost \$2.00 and advanced to \$1.03; May opened at \$1.08, touched \$1.08 1/2, declined to \$1.08 1/4, and advanced to \$1.09; No. 3 red wheat, 97c; No. 1 white wheat, \$1.00.

Corn.—Cash No. 3, 85c; No. 3 yellow, 2 cars at 85c; 1 car at 87c; No. 4 yellow, 1 car at 86c; sample, 1 car at 86c.

Oats.—Cash No. 3 white, 4 cars at 55 1/2c; No. 4 white, 2 cars at 52 1/2c, 5 at 51 1/2c.

Rye.—Cash No. 2, 80c.

Beans.—Cash and October, \$2.20; November, \$2.10; December, \$2.05. Cloverseed.—Prime spot, 10 bags at \$10.50; October, \$10.50; 5 bags at \$10.75; March, \$9.80; sample, 5 bags at \$10.25, 18 at \$9.25; prime alsike, \$9.75; sample alsike, 4 bags at \$9.25, 5 at \$8.3 at \$7.50. Timothy seed.—Prime spot, 30 bags at \$2.10.

**AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT**

Went to October 12th, 1907.

THEATRE.—Went to October 12th, 1907.

THEATRE.—Went to October 12th, 1907.

THEATRE.—Went to October 12th, 1907.

THEATRE.—Went to October 12th, 1907.



# FRIDAY THE 13th

By Thomas W. Lawson

## CHAPTER IX.—Continued.

This was easy, because Barry Conant, not knowing of my newly invented trick, could buy only what he could pay for on the morrow, or, at least, what he believed his clients could pay for; while I, not intending to deliver what I sold—unless by smashing the price to a point where I could compel those who had bought to resell to me at millions less than I sold at—could sell unlimited amounts—literally unlimited amounts. When Barry Conant had bought all that he thought he could pay for, he was obliged to beat a retreat in front of my offerings, and I was able to smash, and smash, until the price was so low that he could not by the use of what he had bought, as collateral, borrow sufficient to pay me for what I had sold him. Then he was compelled to turn about and sell what he had bought from me, and when I had rebought it for ten millions less than I had sold it for, the trick had been turned. I had sold him 100,000 shares say at 220. He had sold them back to me say at 130, and he stood where he had stood at the beginning. He had none of the 100,000 shares. Both of us stood, so far as stock was concerned, where we had stood at the beginning, but as to profits and losses there was this difference: I had ten millions of dollars profits, while Barry Conant's clients, the 'System,' were ten millions losers—and all by a trick. The trick did not differ in principle from the one in constant practice by the 'System.' When the 'System,' after manufacturing Sugar stock, sell 100,000 shares to the people for \$10,000,000, they so manipulate the market by the use of the \$10,000,000 that they have taken from the people as to scare them into selling the 100,000 shares back to them for \$5,000,000. After they have bought they again manipulate the market until the people buy back for \$10,000,000 what they sold for \$5,000,000. The 'System' commits no legal crime. I committed no legal crime. I had not even infringed any rule of the exchange, any more than had the 'System' when they performed their trick. Since my experimental panic I have repeatedly put the trick in operation, and each time I have taken millions, until to-day I have in my control, as absolutely as though I had honestly earned them, as the laborer earns his week's wages, or the farmer the price of his crops, over \$1,000,000, or sufficient to keep enslaved the rest of their lives a million people.

"What do you intelligent men think of this situation? You know, because you know the stock-gambling game, that the American people, with their boasted brains and courage, come year after year with their bags of gold, the result of their prosperous labors, and dump them, hundreds of millions, into this gambling inferno of yours. You know that they are fools, these silly millions of people whom you term lambs and suckers. You chuckle as, year after year, having been sent away shorn, they return for new shearing. You marvel that the merchants, manufacturers, miners, lawyers, farmers, who have sufficient intelligence to gather such surplus legitimately, would bring it to our gambling hell, where upon all sides is plain proof that we who conduct the gambling, and who produce nothing, are obliged to take from those who do produce, hundreds of millions each year for expenses, and hundreds of millions each year for profits—for you know that we have nothing to give them in return for what they bring to us. You know that every dollar of the billions lost in Wall street means higher prices for steel rails, for lumber and cars, and that this means higher passenger and freight rates to the people! You know that when the manufacturer brings his wealth to Wall street and is robbed of it, he will add something to the price of boots and shoes, or of woolen clothes, and other things that he makes and that you and I buy. You know that—"

gloat over the doctrine of the 'System,' which the people parrot among themselves, the doctrine that the people at large are not affected by our gambling, because they, the people, having no surplus to gamble with, never come into Wall street. And yet, knowing all this, you never thought, with all your wisdom and cynicism, that right here in this institution, which you own and control, was the open sesame for each or all of you, to those great chests of gold that your clients, the 'System,' have filled to bursting from the stores of the people. What, I ask, do you wise men think of the situation as you now see it?"

There was an oppressive stillness on the floor. The great crowd, which now contained nearly all the members of the exchange, listened with bulging eyes and open mouths to the revelations of their fellow member.

Bob Brownley paused and looked down into the faces of the breathless

the people, the financial world would be revolutionized. Men of Wall street, do not fool yourselves. My invention is a sure destroyer of the greatest curse in the world, stock-gambling. A sullen growl rose from the gamblers. Robert Brownley glared down his defiance.

"Let me show you the impossibility of preventing in the future anyone's doing what I have done to you so many times during the past five years. All the capital required to work my invention is nerve and desperation, or nerve without desperation. It is well known to you that there are at all times exchange members who will commit any crime, barring, perhaps, murder, to gain millions. Your members have from time to time shown nerve or desperation enough to embezzle, raise certificates, give bogus checks, counterfeit stocks and bonds, and this for gain of less than millions, and when detection was probable. All these are criminal offenses and their detection is sure to bring disgrace and state prison. Yet members of this exchange desperate enough to take the chance, when confronted with loss of fortune and open bankruptcy, have always been found with nerve enough to attempt the crimes. I repeat that there are at all times exchange members who will commit any crime, barring, perhaps, murder, to gain millions. That you may see that my successors will surely come from your midst from time to time during the future existence of the exchange, I will enumerate the different classes of members who will follow in my footsteps:

"First, the 'In God We Trust'



Robert Brownley Glared Down Defiantly as a Sullen Growl Arose from the Gamblers.

gamblers with a contempt that was superb. He went on:

"Men of Wall street, it is writ in the books of the ancients that every evil contains within itself a cure or a destroyer. I do not pretend that what I am revealing to you is to you a cure for this hideous evil, but I do say that what I am giving you is a destroyer for it, and that while it will be to the world a cure, it may leave you in a more fiery hell than the one of which you now feel the flames. I do not care if it does. When I am through, any member of the New York stock exchange who feels the iron in his soul can get instant revenge and unlimited wealth. You who are turning over in your minds the consideration that your great body can make new rules to render my discovery inoperative, are dealing with a shadow. There is no rule or device that can prevent its working. There are 1,000 seats in the New York stock exchange. They are worth to-day \$25,000 apiece, or \$25,000,000 in all. Their value is due to the fact that this exchange deals in between one and three million shares a day. Were any attempt made to prevent the operation of my invention, transactions would be because of such attempt drop to five or ten thousand shares per day, or to such transactions represented stock that will be actually delivered and actually paid for. My invention useless it must be impossible to buy or sell the share of stock more than once a day, and short selling, which is the foundation of the stock-gambling structure, would be made impossible. If I sell the \$25,000,000 of stock, the exchange would be worth millions, and the gamblers would be ruined."

"Second, if an exchange member for any reason should find himself overboard and should realize that he must publicly become bankrupt and lose all, he surely would be a fool not to attempt to produce a panic, when its production would enable him to recoup his losses and prevent his failure, and when if by accident he should fail in his attempt to produce a panic, the penalty would simply be his bankruptcy, which would have taken place in any case."

schemer who is of the 'System' type, but who is outside the magic circle. A man of this class will reason: I know scores of men, who stand high on 'the Street' and in the social world, who have tens of millions that they have siphoned by 'System' tricks, if not by legal crimes. If I perform this trick of Brownley's, the trick of selling short until a panic is produced, I shall make millions and none will be the wiser. For all I know, many of the multi-millionaires whom I have seen produce panics and who were applauded by 'the Street' and the press for their ability and daring, and whose standing, business and social, is now the highest, were only doing this same thing, and having been successful, they have never been detected or suspected. But even suppose I fail, which can only be through some extraordinary accident happening while I am engaged in selling, I shall have committed no crime, and, in fact, shall have done no one any great moral wrong, for if I fail to carry out my contract to deliver the stock I have sold in trying to produce a panic, the men to whom I have sold will be no worse off for not receiving what they bought; in fact, they will stand just where they stood before I attempted to bring on a panic.

"Third, if an exchange member for any reason should find himself overboard and should realize that he must publicly become bankrupt and lose all, he surely would be a fool not to attempt to produce a panic, when its production would enable him to recoup his losses and prevent his failure, and when if by accident he should fail in his attempt to produce a panic, the penalty would simply be his bankruptcy, which would have taken place in any case."

"The third class is that large one that always exists while there is stock-gambling—a class of 'honest, square-dealing, playable, game, fair exchange men' who would take no unfair advantage of their fellow-members until they become awakened to the knowledge that they are about to be ruined by their fellow-members' trickery."

"Next, let us consider further whether it is possible for our exchange to prevent my device from being worked, now that it is known to all. Suppose the governing committee was informed in advance that the attempt to work the trick was to be made. If, at any session, after going on strike, the governing committee, or any exchange authority, could for any reason compel a member to cease operating, even for the purpose of showing that his transactions were legitimate, the entire structure of stock-gambling would fall. Think it through: Suppose a man like Barry Conant or myself, or any active commission broker, begins the execution of a large order for a client, one, say, who has advance information of a receivership, a fire at a mine, the death of a president, a declaration of war, or any of the hundred and one items of information that must be acted upon instantly, where a delay of a minute would ruin the broker, or his house, or its clients. If the governing committee could thus call the broker to account, the professional bear or the schemer, who desired to prevent him from selling, would have but to pass the word to the president of the exchange that the broker in question was about to work Brownley's discovery and he could be taken from the crowd and before he returned his place could be taken by others and he could be ruined."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## LIKE ONE LARGE FAMILY.

People of Newfoundland Have No Need of Hotels.

I need scarcely say there are no hotels on this coast, and consequently no hotel bills. The traveler selects his own house when he enters a settlement, walks in and sits down by the stove. Indeed he scarcely waits for the invitation to "sit in" when the family goes to meals, the people of this coast being much given to hospitality. When night comes on he simply takes off his boots and—stays. It may be he will have to share a bunk with one of the household, or perhaps he has a bed in "the room," that depends on his social position. If room is short he will turn in on a settle, or simply lie down on the floor. I have slept on a settle under which the hens lived in winter and rested as soundly as on any feather bed, the only inconvenience being that now and again I had to grope after the rooster, which persisted in thinking it was morning long before I did. The first question asked a stranger on his entering a house will not be "What is your business?" It is certain to be "Have you been to tea?" For our national drink is tea, and a drunken man is seldom or never seen. Indeed we have become a prohibition coast.—London Standard.

## QUALITIES OF THE OYSTER.

One Particularly Good Point Which More Might Emulate.

A San Franciscan has discovered a new method of cutting short recitals that promise to become too long-winded. An acquaintance of his, who has a local reputation as a bore, was one day holding forth at some length when the Californian interrupted him with: "By the way, did I ever tell you the story of the oyster?" On receiving a negative reply, he continued: "It seems that when oysters are taken from the sea they often open their shells so that the juice or liquid runs out. As this is undesirable, the experienced oyster gatherer has a tub of water close at hand into which the oyster is plunged as soon as it begins to open its shell." "Well, and what then?" asked the other as the narrator paused. The San Franciscan smiled. "Oh, after a while the oyster learns to keep its mouth shut," he remarked quietly.

## Sleep and Old Age.

There is no question that the quantity of sleep required steadily diminishes from infancy to old age. This is a rather interesting exception to the general rule that, as in so many matters, old age returns to the needs of infancy. As regards sleep, old age is more remote in its needs from infancy than in any other period of life. If elderly people obtain good sleep during the first few hours, and if they have not lost that delight in reading which we all had in youth, but which so many of us curiously lose, their case is not to be grieved over. The special value of the earliest hours of sleep, by the way, has been proved by psychological experiment. The popular phrase "benumb sleep" is well warranted. It is the quiet (the deepest) hours of sleep that make for health and beauty.

It isn't always safe to judge a man's greatness by the number of carriages in his funeral procession.

## MANY HAVE SOUGHT

AND NONE FOUND, PERFECT SYSTEM OF SHORTHAND.

Desire Was As Ardent in the Days of the Romans as in Our Own Time.—Fortune Awaits the Discoverer.

Sir Edward Clarke, in joining the ranks of the inventors of systems of shorthand, has yielded to a temptation common to great men of all ages. The learned Egyptian who first got tired of writing out a complete hieroglyphic, and took to suggesting part of it only, was on the way not only to an alphabet, but toward the goal reached by Sir Edward himself. Since that dim period we have all been doing our best to find a royal road to expression, and have achieved the grammophone. Even Herbert Spencer, whose father invented a "Lucid Shorthand," was bitten with the desire to conquer time, and he tells us that an examination of his father's system left him in no doubt whatever that it was the best of all.

The fatality of all systems, however, is that what seems easy to the eye of filial piety may be terribly difficult to the cold gaze of the stranger. Of the innumerable systems of shorthand that were in vogue a century ago how many survive today? In spite of Pitman, fame and fortune still await the man or woman who can invent a system that will appeal to the reader as effectively as to the original writer. Perhaps if we were to rediscover the lost shorthand writing of the ancient Romans we might feel ourselves on the road toward a solution of the problem.

For the Romans were on affectionate terms with shorthand. Did not Suetonius, speaking of Caligula, express surprise that an emperor of so many promising parts should, nevertheless, be an ignoramus in shorthand; and did not Titus Vespasianus pride himself on his facility in the use of stenography both for business and amusement? So fond was he of the sport that he delighted to gather his amanuenses around him in order that they should tilt against each other in the stenographic field. It may be that but for the rediscovery of the art in our own country toward the end of the sixteenth century the curious Pepys would not have been moved to write his Diary, says the London Chronicle.

The first impulse to the rediscovery and cultivation of shorthand in modern times may probably be traced to the desire, at the time of the Reformation, of preserving the discourses of the preachers of the new doctrines. "To write as fast as a man speaketh treatably," the Elizabethan writing master and stenographer, Peter Bales, declared to be "in effect very easy." \* the shortness whereof is attained by memory, and swiftness by practice, and sweetness by industry." But the early systems were very inefficient, and this has been considered by critics to be one of the causes of the corrupt readings of the text of some of Shakespeare's plays. Contemporary opinion on the subject may be gathered from the "Pleasant Dialogues and Dramas" of Thomas Heywood (1637), who says that his play of "Queen Elizabeth"

"Did throng the seats, the boxes and the stage  
So much so that some by stenography drew  
A plot, put it in print, scarce one word true."

## Neighborly Affection.

They met on the suburban car. They were next door neighbors, but Mrs. Snaggley and her family were spending the summer in the country. Mrs. Snaggley—Have you had a pleasant summer, Mrs. Sassem? Mrs. Sassem—Oh, yes. But when are you coming back?—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## Records Depth of Water.

An instrument has recently been invented for recording the depth of water, and which makes a pen record something on the principle of the machine which records the rough places in a railroad track. A slab of metal attached to a rope is dragged over the bottom by a boat moving slowly. The other end of the rope extends over pulleys to the charting room, where a pen records the ups and downs, or peaks and valleys of the bottom, making a topographical map. Experts know how to translate these tracings into feet or fathoms. The results are much more accurate and vastly quicker than the old method of sounding with a hand line.

## The Whole Thing.

"It's called a 'loving cup,' you say? My! what a big cup it is! What's it for?"  
"The rum punch and things like that."  
"But why is it called a loving cup?"  
"Because it's for people loving rum punch and things like that."



# The Pinkney Dispatch.

F. L. ANDREWS & CO. PROPRIETORS.

THURSDAY, OCT. 10, 1907.

The only complaint the trusts have against Texas is that Texas actually has the effrontery to enforce her antitrust laws.

## His Dear Old Mother.

"My dear old mother, who is now eighty three years old, thrives on Electric Bitters," writes W. B. Brunson, of Dublin, Ga. "She has taken them for about two years and enjoys an excellent appetite, feels strong and sleeps well." That's the way Electric Bitters affect the aged; and the same happy results follow in cases of female weakness, and general debility. Weak, puny children too, are greatly strengthened by them. Guaranteed also for stomach, liver and kidney troubles, by F. A. Sigler, druggist. 50c.

In Chicago it is estimated that the cost of foods and groceries generally will be increased some 30 per cent the coming year.

Pain anywhere, pain in the head painful periods, neuralgia, toothache all pains can be promptly stopped by a thoroughly safe Little Pink Candy tablet, known by Druggists every where as Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets. Pain simply means congestion—undue blood pressure at the point where pain exists. Dr. Shoop's Headache Tablets quickly equalize this unnatural blood pressure, and pain immediately departs. Write Dr. Shoop, Racine, Wis. and get a free trial package. Large box 25 cts.—Druggists.

The country's crop of oats is going to be the shortest of the lot, but the number of young men sowing the wild variety is not likely to decrease on that account.—Boys Citizen.

A weak Stomach, causing dyspepsia a weak heart with palpitation or intermittent pulse, always means weak stomach nerves or weak heart nerves. Strengthen these inside or controlling nerves with Dr. Shoop's Restorative and see how quickly these ailments disappear. Dr. Shoop of Racine, Wis. will mail samples free. Write for them. A test will tell. Your health is certainly worth this simple trial. Sold by All Dealers.

## Out of Sight.

"Out of sight, out of mind," is an old saying which applies with special force to a sore, burn or wound that has been treated with Bucklen's Arnica salve. It's out of sight, out of mind and out of existence. Piles too and chilblains disappear under its healing influence. Guaranteed by F. A. Sigler, Druggist. 25c.

If the Japanese government wants its people well treated in the United States, it should keep them in order. The looting of a small, far away Alaskan fishing village is in itself a small matter, but it is the sort of thing that can easily grow into fixed international hatred, and when the final explosion comes will make it all the more easy and deadly.

## ANNUAL EXCURSION TO CHICAGO Via Grand Trunk Railway System

Extremely Low Fares to Chicago and return on all trains, Thursday, October 28, 1907. For fares and further particulars consult local agent or write to GEO. W. VAUX, A. G. P. & T. A., Chicago, Ill. t 48

Subscribe for the Pinkney Dispatch. All the news for \$1.00 per year.

# A Newspaper of Character.

In its eighth birthday number, published the first of the month, The Detroit Times emphasizes its strict advertising policy by putting out over ninety columns of advertising without an objectionable line in them. The Times has always made it a point to stand for the things worth while in civic and industrial affairs, and it takes strong position against advertising fifth and frauds on the ground that a public journal should practice what it preaches in line with a square deal. The Times begins its eighth year with 40,000 circulation, surpassing any record ever made in Detroit within a like period.

DeWitt's Carbolyzed Witch Hazel Salve is good for little burns and big burns, small scratches or bruises and big ones. It is healing and soothing Good for piles.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

## AN ODD SUPERSTITION.

British Fishermen Balk at the Name of Graham. One of the most curious of British fishermen's superstitions, the one which perhaps to this day has the strongest hold upon them, is that connected with the name of Graham. No fisherman will go to sea if he has heard this name mentioned, nor will he do any manner of work upon that day. He will refuse to sail in a boat with any one bearing the name, and a house painter from Newcastle called Graham, who had been sent to do some work in one of the large houses, found his life made so unbearable by the villagers that he incontinently returned to the town, leaving his work uncompleted. The women who bait the lines in the winter will unbait every hook and rebait the whole length—the labor of hours—if they hear it mentioned. A local tradesman bearing this unfortunate patronymic is never referred to save as "Puff," another, an innkeeper, is known as "Lucky Bits." No rational explanation is to be found. On one of the most intelligent fishermen being questioned on the subject he laughed the idea to scorn. Why, his daughter was married to a Graham. But, he added, a strange thing happened two years ago when he was off at the herring fishing and had not been home for some weeks. Having received a letter at Shields to say that his son-in-law was ill, he bailed a passing boat which had come from the north, asking if they had heard how Jack Graham was. "And, wad ye believe't, ne sooner had an aye'd the words than there was a crash, and the mast went over the side!" None of the crew spoke to him for the rest of the day.—New York Post.

## Getting Square.

He—I'm going to bring Jolt home with me to dinner tonight. She—Oh, mercy, dear, don't! It's the cook's day out, and I'll have to cook dinner. He—Never mind; I owe Jolt one, anyway! —Yonkers Statesman.

## A Stinger.

Mrs. Nagger—Perhaps you recall, it was on a railway train that we first met, and— Mr. Nagger—Yes, but it's too late now for me to sue the company for damages.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

You never have any trouble to get children to take Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup. They like it because it tastes nearly like maple sugar. Kennedy's Laxative Cough Syrup is a safe sure and prompt remedy for coughs and colds and is good for every member of the family.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

## HABITS OF SPIDERS.

"Do These Insects Sleep?" Is Not an Easy Question to Answer.

The question, "Do spiders sleep at night?" is not easy to answer. I have made a careful observation of the sleep of ants, and that could readily be done by watching colonies in their artificial formicaries. It is almost impossible to deal with spiders in the same way. I would answer, however, in general terms that spiders sleep, as all animals do, and doubtless parts of the night are spent in slumber. Many species, however, prey on the night flying insects, and so must be awake in order to catch their prey. If you will watch the porch or outbuildings of your home on a summer evening you will be likely to see an orb weaving spider drop slowly down on a single thread in the gathering dusk of the evening. From this beginning a round web will soon be spun, and either hanging at the center thereof or in a little nest above and at one side is the architect, with forefeet clasping what we call the "trap line" and waiting for some night flying insect to strike the snare. In this position spiders will sometimes wait for hours, and it is just possible that they may then take a little nap. They might easily do that and yet not lose their game, for the agitation of the web would rouse the sleeper, and then it would run down the trap line and secure its prey. Some species of spiders do the chief part of their hunting at night, and there are some who chiefly hunt during the day; but, as a rule, these industrious animals work both day and night.—St. Nicholas.

## McLaughlin's XXXX Coffee

Comes to you in clean, sanitary, airtight packages—always fresh and delicious.

It's flavor and quality are always the same—always right.

MCLAUGHLIN'S XXXX COFFEE is sold by

W. E. Murphy  
W. W. Barnard  
H. M. Williston & Co



## Citation of Probate Court to be Served on Non-Residents Owners of Land.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, } ss.  
COUNTY OF LIVINGSTON.

At a session of the Probate Court for the said county of Livingston held at the Probate Office in the village of Howell, on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1907, Present, Hon. Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the application of the county drain commissioner of the county of Livingston in said state for the appointment of three disinterested Special Commissioners to determine the necessity for a drain known as the Anderson Drain and for the taking of private property for the use and benefit of the public for the purpose thereof and the just compensation to be made therefor, Whereas on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1907, an application in writing was made to the Court by the said County Drain Commissioner for the appointment of three disinterested Special Commissioners to determine the necessity for said drain and for the taking of private property for use and benefit of the public for the purpose thereof and the just compensation to be made therefor and whereas this Court did on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1907, upon a due examination of such application and of all the proceedings therefor taken in the presence find and declare the same to be in accordance with the statute in such case made and provided and did thereupon by an order entered therein appoint Saturday, the 19th day of October, A. D. 1907, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day as the time at the office of the Judge of Probate in the village of Howell in said county to the place when and where the hearing of such application would be had and did then and there order that all persons whose lands were to be traversed by such proposed drain

and who had not released the right of way and all damages on account thereof to appear at the time and place designated and to be heard with respect to such application if they so desire and to show cause if any there be why said application should not be granted and whereas there is now on file with this court the description and survey of such proposed drain from which said description and survey it appears that the lands to be traversed by such drain and the commencement, general course and terminus of such drain are as follows to-wit:

## ANDERSON DRAIN

Minutes of survey of the center line of a Drain in the Townships of Putnam and Uadilla, Livingston county Michigan, and its branches—viz: Branch One, Two, Three and Four, all being connected together and forming one complete and entire Drain. Commencing at a stake marked "O" standing in the center of the creek and being N 53 1/2° W and 18 C 43 L distance from the Quarter Post standing between Sections 17 and 20, Tp. 1 N. R. 4 E. Michigan and thence running upstream on all S of highway of E 1/2 SW 1/4 said Sec. 17, (land of Julia E. Rowell) ex. School house site and ex. R. R. right of way.—

| Bearings of the Courses | Distance from Commencement  | Length of each Course | No. of Angles | No. of Stakes | Width on Top | Depth   | Distance on Each Description of Land              | Description of Land Crossed Remarks Etc.  |
|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---|---|---|
| N. 53° W                | 2 4 6 7   | 85                    | 7             | 85            | 1            | 0 18.73 1 14.76 2 18.73 3 19.51   | 4.91 4.92 4.91 5.17                               | Commencement grade 4 ft per mile to Stakes 50   |
| Thence S 88° W          | 8 10 12 14 16   |                       |               |               |              | 4 30.13 5 23.56 6 19.54 7 17.35 8 17.41 9 10.66   | 8.71 6.52 5.18 4.45 4.47 10.66                    | 7.85 On land above described which is left here and enter all w 1/2 s w 1/4 Sec 17 s of highway and ex R. R. right of way (Wm. A. Sprout's) Top culvert side                                |
| Thence S 88 1/2° W      | 18 20 22 24   | 10                    | 15            | 2             |              | 9 22.51 10 26.23 11 23.55 12 17.71  | 6.17 7.41 6.51 4.57                               | Willow 6  |
| Thence S 40° W          | 26 28 30  | 76                    | 6             | 76            | 3            | 13 16.00 14 21.43 15 20.29  | 4.08 5.23 5.45                                    | Cross Sec line 4 s 91 l n Sec Cor   |
| Thence S 57° W          | 32 34 36 37   | 62                    | 7             | 62            | 5            | 16 24.67 17 25 18 18.61   | 6.89 7 4.87                                       | 23.15 On land last above described which leave here and enter all s of highway of e 1/2 s e 1/4 Sec 18 ex w 1/2 r of the n 23 and ex R. R. right of way —Wm. A. Sprout's                    |
| Thence S 5° W           | 38  | 62                    |               |               |              | 19 16.71  | 12.54 4.57  | N side R R enter R R right of way Top of rail of R R  |
| Thence S 69 1/2° W      | 38 39 40 42   | 79                    | 1             | 17            | 6            | 20 19.96 21 19.42   | 5.32 5.14   | Cross cen R R 25 c 85 l w 78 mile post Cross Sec line 6.79 w Sec line   |
| Thence S 78 1/2° W      | 44 46 48 50 52  | 39                    | 10            | 39            | 8            | 22 20.77 23 20.44 24 19 25 19.39 26 19.54   | 5.59 5.48 5 5.13 5.18                             | 7.62 On land last above described which leave here and enter n 1/2 e 1/4 n e 1/4 Sec 19, Wm. A. Sprout's —ex R R right of way   |
| Thence S 78° W          | 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72   | 57                    | 8             | 18            | 9            | 27 19.78 28 20.20 29 19.33 30 19.71 31 19.69 32 20.86 33 20.83 34 20.32 35 20.44 36 19.78 | 5.26 5.40 5.11 5.27 5.23 5.62 5.61 5.44 5.48 6.81 | Cross S line R R right of way   |
| Thence S 69 1/2° W      | 74 76 78 80 82 84 86 88 90 92 94  | 66                    | 1             | 66            | 11           | 37 17.88 38 17.83 39 19.99 40 20.23 41 15.70 42 19.60 43 20.50 44 20.20 45 21.10 46 20.08 | 4.56 4.61 5.33 5.41 3.90 5.20 5.50 5.40 5.70 5.36 | 1.48 On R R right of way Top of stringer at Sprout bridge   |
| Thence S 62° W          | 94 96 98 100 102 104 106 108 110 112 114 116 118 120 122 124 126 128 130 132 134 136 138 140 142 144 146 148 150 152 154 156 158 160 162 164 166 168 170 172 174 176 178 180 182 184 186 188 190 192 194 196 198 200        | 47                    | 9             | 42            | 12           | 47 15.64 48 10.11   | 3.88 10.11  | 13.29 Cross S line 3.85 s Sec line On land last above described which leave here and enter n w 1/4 n e 1/4 Sec 19 ex R R lands and M J Roche's  |
| Thence S 51 1/2° W      | 192 194 196 198 200 202 204 206 208 210 212 214 216 218 220 222 224 226 228 230 232 234 236 238 240 242 244 246 248 250 252 254 256 258 260 262 264 266 268 270 272 274 276 278 280 282 284 286 288 290 292 294 296 298 300 | 68                    | 4             | 68            | 14           | 47 15.64 48 10.11   | 3.88 10.11  | 20.56 Center road Smith bridge Cross S line 3.91 s 1/4 post On land last above described which leave here and enter e 1/2 s 1/4 of n w 1/4 1/4 sec 19 ex R R right of way Michael J Roche's |
| Thence S 18° W          | 302 304 306 308 310 312 314 316 318 320 322 324 326 328 330 332 334 336 338 340 342 344 346 348 350 352 354 356 358 360 362 364 366 368 370 372 374 376 378 380 382 384 386 388 390 392 394 396 398 400                     | 94                    | 10            |               |              | 47 15.64 48 10.11   | 3.88 10.11  | S line R R right of way Top of rail R R Cross S line 1.84 s e 1/4   |
| Thence S 41° W          | 402 404 406 408 410 412 414 416 418 420 422 424 426 428 430 432 434 436 438 440 442 444 446 448 450 452 454 456 458 460 462 464 466 468 470 472 474 476 478 480 482 484 486 488 490 492 494 496 498 500                     | 96                    | 79            |               |              | 48 19   |   | 20.71 On land last above described which leave here and enter e 1/2 s 1/4 of n w 1/4 1/4 sec 19 ex R R right of way Michael J Roche's   |

# Supplement To The Pinckney Dispatch.

|                 |           |                |   |
|-----------------|-----------|----------------|---|
| Thence n 75° w  | 100       | 50 19.30 5.10  | Change grade  |
|                 | 102       | 51 19.40 5.20  | Grade 13 ft per mile to st 90   |
|                 | 104       | 52 19.72 5.24  |   |
|                 | 106       | 53 20.80 5.60  |   |
|                 | 108       | 54 19 5.       |   |
| Thence n 55° w  | 110       | 55 19.75 5.25  |   |
|                 | 112       | 56 17.08 4.38  |   |
| Thence n 34½° w | 112 62    | 57 17.88 4.95  | Junction of branch No. 1  |
|                 |           | 58 17.40 4.70  | 1 am. 20  |
|                 | 114       | 59 17.10 4.70  |   |
|                 | 116       | 58 20.44 5.48  |   |
|                 | 118       | 59 18.91 4.97  |   |
|                 | 120       | 60 17.50 4.50  |   |
|                 | 122       | 61 17.50 4.50  |   |
|                 | 122 80    | 62 17.17 4.39  | Center highway  |
| Thence n 3½° w  | 124       | 63 17.56 4.52  |   |
|                 | 126       | 64 17.50 4.50  |   |
|                 | 128       | 65 17.80 4.60  |   |
|                 | 130       | 66 19 5.       |   |
|                 | 132       | 67 18.80 4.80  |   |
|                 | 134       | 68 19.78 5.26  | B. O. 16  |
|                 | 136       | 69 18.22 4.74  |   |
|                 | 138       | 70 19.78 5.26  |   |
| Thence n 8½° e  | 140       | 71 19.60 5.20  |   |
|                 | 142       | 72 21.04 5.68  |   |
|                 | 144       | 73 17.86       |   |
|                 | 144 80    |                | Oak stump 20  |
|                 |           |                | Cross quarter line 4 c o e of town line   |
|                 |           |                | 47.01 On land last above described which leave here and enter w frl ½ of n w frl ½ sec 18, Albert G Wilson's  |
| Thence n 2½° e  | 146       | 74 23.92 6.64  |   |
|                 | 148       | 75 21.85 5.95  |   |
|                 | 150       | 76 22.36 6.12  |   |
|                 | 152       | 77 21.19 5.73  |   |
|                 | 154       |                |   |
| Thence n 18° w  | 156       | 78 22.39 6.13  |   |
|                 | 158       | 79 24.75 6.91  |   |
| Thence n 4½° w  | 160       | 80 19 5.       |   |
|                 | 162       | 81 17.65 4.55  |   |
|                 | 164       | 82 18.01 4.67  |   |
|                 | 166       | 83 19.30 5.10  |   |
|                 | 168       | 84 20.38 5.45  |   |
| Thence n 37½° w | 169 66    | 85 20.68 5.56  |   |
|                 | 170       | 86 19.45 5.15  |   |
|                 | 172       | 87 18.14 4.70  |   |
|                 | 174       | 88 17.68 4.56  |   |
|                 | 176       |                |   |
|                 | 177 45    |                |   |
|                 |           |                | Cross town line 9.29 s sec c o r 7 and 18 Putnam and 9.41 s of sec c o r of sec 12 and 13 Unadilla  |
|                 |           |                | 32.65 On land last above described which is left here and enter e ½ n e ½ sec 13, Unadilla, A G Wilson's  |
| Thence n 9° e   | 178       | 89 17.92 4.64  |   |
|                 | 180       | 90 18.25 4.75  |   |
|                 | 182       | 91 19.60 5.20  | Change Grade  |
|                 |           |                | Grade 7 ft per mile to st. 130  |
|                 | 184       | 92 18.55 4.85  |   |
|                 | 186       | 93 20.08 5.36  |   |
|                 | 188       | 94 22.72 6.24  |   |
|                 | 189 07    | 94½ 5.62       | Junction branch No. 2 tile ditch  |
|                 |           |                | Willow 30   |
|                 | 189 15    | 94½ 6.27       | Town line and sec c o r 7 and 18, Putnam  |
| Thence n.....   | 189 27    | 7.             | On town line to sec c o r 12 and 13 Unadilla, center highway  |
|                 |           |                | 11.32 On land last above described which is left here and enter on line between Jenny Hall s w frl ½ of s w frl ½ sec 7 Putnam and s e ½ sec 12 Unadilla Thos O Williams  |
|                 | 190       | 95 24.16 6.72  |   |
|                 | 190 70    |                |   |
|                 | 190 70 1  | 55 27          | 1.55 On line lands last above described which leave here and enter s e ½ sec 12, Thos O Williams  |
| Thence n 7½° w  | 192       | 96 23.62 6.54  |   |
|                 | 194       | 97 19.90 5.30  |   |
|                 | 196       | 98 19.90 5.30  |   |
|                 | 198       | 99 21.01 5.67  |   |
|                 | 200       | 100 19.75 5.25 |   |
|                 |           | 100½ 8.65      | Y. Oak 14   |
|                 | 202       | 101 19.36 5.10 |   |
|                 | 204       | 102 20.56 5.52 |   |
| Thence n 10½° e | 205 50 14 | 80 28          |   |
|                 | 206       | 103 20.53 5.51 |   |
|                 | 208       | 104 22.84 6.28 |   |
|                 | 210       | 105 23.20 6.40 |   |
|                 | 212       | 106 23.89 6.63 |   |
|                 | 214       | 107 22.72 6.24 |   |
|                 | 216       | 108 23.50 6.50 |   |
|                 | 218       | 109 23.65 6.55 |   |
|                 | 219 60 14 | 16 28          | To town line, then n on town line striking town line 8.64 s of quarter post standing for sec 7 Putnam and sec 12 Unadilla   |
| Thence n.....   | 220       | 110 21.19 5.73 | 28.95 On land last above described then on line between said s e ½ sec 12 and n ½ s w frl ½ sec 7 Maude Allison's   |
|                 |           | 110½ 6.30      | Willow 24   |
|                 | 220 58    |                | Junction branch No. 3   |
|                 | 222       | 111 19.19 5.33 |   |
|                 | 224       | 112 19.15 5.05 |   |
|                 | 226       | 113 22 6.      |   |
|                 | 228       | 114 20.65 5.55 |   |
|                 | 228 30    |                | Quarter post above mentioned  |
|                 |           |                | 8.64 On line between lands last above mentioned which leave here and enter on line between lands of Jennie Hall s e ½ of n e ½ sec 12 Unadilla and w ½ s w of n w frl ½ sec 7 Putnam, Ella Mercer's             |
|                 | 230       | 115 20.50 5.50 |   |
|                 | 232       | 116 18.58 4.36 |   |
|                 | 234       | 117 18.25 4.76 |   |
|                 | 236       | 118 19.54 5.16 |   |
|                 | 238       | 119 19.36 5.16 |   |
|                 | 240       |                | Farm Corners  |
|                 |           |                | 10.10 On line between lands last above described which is left here and enter on line of lands of Ella Mercer's w ½ of s w ½ of n w frl ½ sec 7, Putnam and of n ½ s e of n e sec 12 Unadilla, Isabell Reason's |
|                 |           |                | Elm 10  |
|                 |           |                | Corners of the Forties  |
|                 |           |                | 20.10 On line between lands last above described which is left here and enter on line of lands of E W Martin estate, n e ½ n e ½ sec 12 Unadilla and of s ½ n ½ n w frl ½ sec 7 Putnam, John Johnson's          |

|                     |                |   |
|---------------------|----------------|---|
| 250                 | 125 18.30 4.12 |   |
| 252                 | 126 18 4.      |   |
| 254                 | 127 16.90 4.30 |   |
| 256                 | 128 18.10 4.70 |   |
|                     | 128½ 5.52      |   |
| 258                 | 129 16 52 4.14 | Elm 10  |
| 258 55              |                |   |
|                     |                | 10.05 Corners of the Forties  |
|                     |                | On line of lands last above described which leave here and enter on line of lands of E W Martin estate n e ½ sec 12 and of n ½ n w frl ½ sec 7, Austin L Waters   |
| 260                 | 130 17.20 4.40 | Change grade to st 130  |
| 262                 | 131 19 5.      | Grade 4 ft per mile to st 150   |
| 264                 | 132 17.89 4.63 |   |
| 266                 | 133 18.40 4.80 |   |
| 268                 | 134 22 87 6.29 |   |
| 268 26              | 134½ 6.21      | Yellow oak 12   |
|                     |                | Sec c o r sec's 1 and 12 Unadilla being a jog of 27 links between the two sec c o r s.  |
| 268 53              |                | Sec c o r s sec 6 and 7 Putnam  |
|                     |                | 9.98 On w line n ½ n w frl ½ sec 7 Putnam   |
|                     |                | 9.71 On e line n e ½ n e ½ sec 12 Unadilla which is left here and enter E W Martin estate (still going n on town line) viz: w frl ½ s w frl ½ sec 6 Putnam and s ½ of e ½ s e ½ sec 1 Unadilla  |
| 270                 | 135 26 89 7.63 |   |
| 272                 | 136 19 5.      |   |
| 274                 | 137 20.82 5.54 |   |
| 276                 | 138 22.70 6.28 |   |
| 278                 | 139 21.73 5.91 | Leave town line enter last described piece of land named above  |
|                     | 58 34 30       | and   |
|                     |                | on the w line of one and e line of other of two last above described pieces of land and same distance n of sec c o r s respectively   |
| Thence w.....       | 280            | 140 19.21 5.07  |
|                     | 282            | 141 18.40 4.80  |
|                     | 284            | 142 19.24 5.08  |
|                     | 286            | 143 19 5.   |
|                     | 288            | 144 18.49 4.83  |
|                     | 290            | 145 19 5.   |
|                     | 292            | 146 19 5.   |
|                     | 294            | 147 19 5.   |
|                     | 296            | 148 19 5.   |
| 297 85              |                |   |
|                     |                | Cross ½ line 9.74 n of sec line   |
|                     |                | 19.85 On last above described piece of land which leave here and enter w ½ s e ½ sec 1 Unadilla, Geo W Reason's   |
|                     |                | Poplar 8  |
| 298                 | 149 18 58 4.86 |   |
| 300                 | 150 19.48 5.18 | Change grade  |
| 302                 | 151 17 68 4.56 | Grade 16 ft per mile to st 160  |
| 304                 | 152 17.69 4.63 |   |
| 306                 | 153 16.89 4.73 |   |
| 308                 | 154 19 5.      |   |
|                     | 155 17.59 4.53 | B Oak stump (south) 20  |
| 310                 | 155 19.99 5.33 |   |
| 312                 | 156 20.77 5.63 |   |
| 314                 | 157 21.04 5.68 |   |
| 316                 | 158 22 6.      |   |
| 317 70              |                |   |
|                     |                | Cross quarter line 9.47 n of sec line   |
|                     |                | 19.85 On last above described piece of land which leave here and enter all e of ditch of e ½ s w ½ sec 1 Geo W Reason's   |
|                     |                | Change grade  |
|                     |                | Grade 4 ft per mile to end st 167   |
|                     |                | Cross farm line center old ditch  |
|                     |                | 2.46 On land last above described which leave here and run n on line of all e and all w of ditch of e ½ of s w ½ sec 1 owned on e by Geo W Reason and on w by James Catrell   |
| 318                 | 159 23.0 6.36  |   |
| 320                 | 160 26.38 7.46 |   |
| 320 16 42 16 31     |                |   |
| Thence n.....       | 322            | 161 25.87 7.29  |
|                     | 324            | 162 24.22 6.74  |
|                     |                | 162½ 8.50   |
|                     | 326            | 163 22.69 6.23  |
|                     | 328            | 164 18.93 5.31  |
|                     | 330            | 165 17.41 4.47  |
|                     | 332            | 166 14.11 3.37  |
|                     | 333 20         | 166½ 5.29   |
|                     | 334            | 167 13 3.00   |
|                     | 13 84          |   |
|                     |                | Yellow Oak 6  |
|                     |                | Center of highway   |
|                     |                | End of ditch being 2.46 w and 23.31 n of the s quarter post sec 1   |
|                     |                | 13.80 On line of lands last above described upon the completion of the survey it was found that the outlet was insufficient and that it was necessary to go down stream farther for an outlet. So commence at stake marked "O" being commencement of the drain and run down stream on same land first described |
|                     |                | Grade down stream for an outlet 2 ft per mile   |
| Thence n 74° e..... | 0              | 18.73 4.91  |
|                     | 2              | 20.55 5.35  |
|                     |                | 16.36 4.12  |
| Thence S 60° e      | 4              | 20.29 5.43  |
|                     | 5 58 5 58 1    | 3 6.15  |
|                     | 6              | 18.49 4.83  |
|                     | 8              | 19.00 5.03  |
| Thence S 52° e      | 10             | 17.41 4.47  |
|                     | 12             | 18.44 4.51  |
|                     | 14 51          |   |
|                     |                | Cross quarter line 3.75 n of quarter post   |
|                     |                | 14.50 On land first described which leave here and enter w ½ sec 17 Putnam ex RR right of way owned by Mary Hinchey   |
|                     |                | Tam 8   |
| Thence n 73½° e     | 16             | 19 15 5.00  |
|                     | 18             | 16.18 4.06  |
|                     | 20             | 16.52 4.13  |
| Thence n 56½° e     | 21             | 14.02 3.34  |
|                     | 22             | 13 3.00   |
|                     | 24             | 11.39 2.53  |
|                     | 26             | 12.40 2.80  |
|                     | 28             |   |
|                     | 6 67           |   |
|                     |                | Total length of drain 362 chs   |
|                     |                | Stake 14, end being 6.25 n and 12.50 e of the s qr post, sec 7  |
|                     |                | 13.49 On land last above described  |

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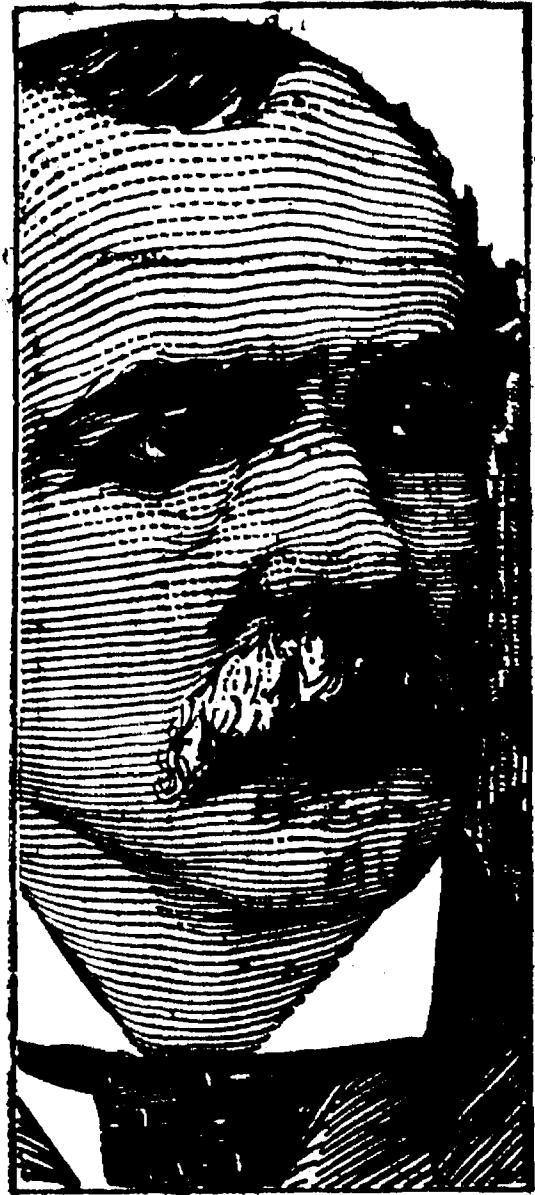
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Ex-Senator M. C. Butler.

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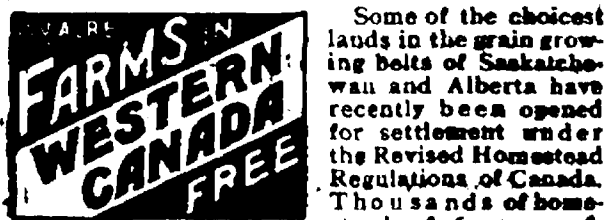
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# A Lesson for the Girls

By Hope Daring

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The Dalles were seated at their midday dinner when a neighbor's boy unceremoniously pushed open the screen door and tossed in a letter.

"Got your mail, 'Mis' Dalley," he called out as he ran off.

Mrs. Dalley, a little faded blonde, turned and picked up the envelope. "It's from Katherine, girls," she cried, her voice not quite steady.

Bernice, the eldest daughter, held out her hand. "I will read it, mamma," she said, speaking in a commanding although well-bred voice.

Mrs. Dalley handed her the letter. To be sure, it was addressed to herself, but Beatrice attended to the affairs of the entire household.

Beatrice was 23, tall and erect, she resembled her mother, only her eyes and hair were darker, and she had the air of one born to command. Bernice, three years Beatrice's junior, was the beauty of the family. She was small and dark, with sparkling face, and long-lashed, Spanish eyes. Gladys was 18, and looked like her mother. She was musical and ambitious, their limited means alone preventing the thorough cultivation of her gift.

The letter was from Mrs. Dalley's sister and only near relative, Mrs. Katherine Dillon, who had been for years abroad with an invalid husband. Mr. Dillon had died several months before, and the return of the sister and aunt had been eagerly looked forward to by the Dalles.

"Why don't you read it aloud?" Bernice asked petulantly, as Beatrice turned another leaf of the letter.

"Oh, I always knew life held something for me besides existence here in Hamlin," the elder sister exclaimed,

and walked up from the depot. Margaret Dillon was a woman of 40. Her form was slender but gracefully poised. Her face was much like that of Beatrice, but the years had brought to it lines of thought as well as to her blue-gray eyes a serene light.

"Aunt Katherine," both girls exclaimed, hurrying forward.

Mrs. Dillon greeted her nieces affectionately. Gladys heard the hum of voices and came running down, her bow was still in her hand.

When the aunt could make herself heard, she said softly: "You forget, my dears, that I want your mother."

Mrs. Dalley was busy in the kitchen. Through the open door, Katherine caught a glimpse of her. Springing forward, she caught her in a close embrace.

There was a moment's silence. Then Mrs. Dillon held her sister at arm's length and carefully studied her face. Mrs. Dalley was worn and wan, she wore a faded but clean print dress; her sleeves were rolled up above her elbows, and specks of flour clung to her toll-hardened hands.

Katherine Dillon's keen eyes noted the warm kitchen. Then she glanced at the three girls. "What have you been doing with your mother, girls? It is not only that she is worn and tired, but what has brought this old look? You are only 40, Margaret, and should be a comparatively young woman."

The days went by. Mrs. Dillon's comfort and pleasure was so fully ministered to that she could not be grateful enough to the bright-faced girls whom she was learning to love. The only drawback to her enjoyment was her disappointment regarding her sister.

"What was wrong? Katherine did not doubt her sister's love. But the hours of companionship she had looked forward to were few and unsatisfactory. Mrs. Dalley spent the greatest part of her time in the kitchen. When not there, she was silent, her daughters evidently not expecting her to take part in the conversation. She seldom went into society, read little, and was really 'behind the times'."

Mrs. Dillon gave the matter much thought. She saw that the girls were much surprised when she expected their mother to take her rightful place both at home and in the society of the little place. It was not easy to tell where the fault lay.

A month passed. September gave place to October and the air grew crisp and invigorating.

"A week more," Mrs. Dillon announced one morning at the breakfast table, "a week more of pleasure. Then we must decide which of you is to go with me, and I must bid me away to Chicago to provide a suitable outfit for myself and my companion."

It was the first time she had directly mentioned the matter. The color deepened in each girl's cheeks, but they made no reply. They had all grown very fond of their aunt, and a winter with her had many attractions.

The week that Mrs. Dillon had mentioned went by. They were again at the breakfast table when the southern trip was referred to.

"I shall start on Thursday," Katherine said. "Now as to who is to go with me."

She paused and reflectively stirred her coffee. "Girls, I hope you will all be satisfied when I tell you I have decided to adopt your mother."

No one spoke. The canary trilled gayly, a passing wagon rattled along the street, and Mrs. Dillon finished her graham gem with apparent relish. Then she went on:

"I mean it, girls. I don't know whose fault it is, but there is something wrong in your home. Instead of being your friend and confidante, instead of being petted and cared for, instead of enjoying the Indian summer of her life, your mother is a kitchen drudge. More than this—she is fast

approaching a broken-down and loveless old age. She may be as much to blame as any one. I am going to make one effort to bring sunshine into her life. I shall take her to Chicago and purchase her a supply of suitable and dainty clothing. Then I shall carry her to the south for the winter. She shall rest, read, enjoy pretty things and bright people, and be loved and petted. In the spring she shall come back to you—if you deserve her."

"Oh, Katherine, don't," cried the mother. "I couldn't leave my girls alone, and besides I would rather they should have the pleasure of my presence."

"Aunt Hester Main, the housekeeper, is to come and spend the winter here," was Katherine's cool reply. "About your going, let the girls speak for themselves."

Another pause. Then the latent nobleness of Margaret Dalley's daughters asserted itself.

Beatrice arose and went round to her aunt. "We want her to go. Thank you, Aunt Katherine. You have taught us a lesson, and we needed it."

Bernice added: "We will try to deserve her when she comes back."

Gladys caught her mother in her arms. "Precious little mamma! We do love you, even if we have been so careless."

Mrs. Dillon's programme was carried out. The lesson was, as Beatrice had said, a needed one; but, like many such, the learning of it was not pleasant. A quiet winter at home, sharing the duties that had been too long relegated to the mother, contrasted sharply with the pleasures each had confidently expected for herself. They missed and longed for the gentle presence they had so little prized. The mother and aunt, happy in each other, yet anxious for the real welfare of the girls at home, knew that a womanly care for the happiness of others was being developed in the nature of Margaret Dalley's daughters.

The reform was a thorough one. In the spring the mother went back to be the real mistress of her home and the loved mother of her proud daughters.

## Swiss Naval Wars.

References to the Swiss navy are usually jocular; but it is none the less a fact that ships of war once floated and even fought on the waters of the Lake of Geneva.

The great feat was that of the duke of Savoy, who at the beginning of the fourteenth century maintained a number of war galleys armed with rams and protected by turrets and propelled by a crew of oarsmen varying in number from 40 to 72. These vessels besieged Versoix and even blockaded Geneva.

But Geneva also had a fleet which helped in the capture of Chillon in 1536, and when the Bernese annexed the Canton of Vaud they too had their flotilla. Their largest vessel was the Great Bear, with 64 oarsmen, eight guns, and 150 fighting men.

## The Appreciative Word.

This old word would be a happier place if we made it a habit to tell our friends of the nice things we hear about them. We all know how pleasant it is to hear things of that sort. The employer who appreciates and occasionally praises the work of his employe gets far better results than the one who never takes the trouble to recognize the well-meant efforts of those whom he employs. It is so in every kind of work.

## He Knew.

Self-made Man (to highly educated grandson)—Well, Teddy, my boy, what do you learn at school?

Teddy—Latin and Greek and French and algebra.

Self-made Man—Ho, indeed! And what's the algebra for—cabbage—Tid-Bits.

## Sudden Changes.

Evelyn—I hear that Reggy Windy called his new motor boat the Lobster.

George—Yes; but it isn't a lobster now.

Evelyn—Why not?

George—Because it turned turtle.—Harper's Weekly.

If you are witty, be sure that your wit is always innocent and kindly.

## True Mission of the Play

By ETHEL BARRYMORE, Actress.

Many people will say that the theater is for recreation and amusement, and the entire dismissal of any mental effort on the part of the audience. It is of course all of that, and there are many examples of Theatricals filled with laughter and music.

song where such diversions are offered. But surely there is also a purpose in the drama, and any big question affecting a great class of people of the world should surely prove of great interest and value who take the theater seriously.

The follies and injustices of the times are the dramatists' tools. When they are skillfully handled they never miss their mark. Dan's "Rivals" did more to suppress the blustering, oath-crackingness of his period than a thousand tracts could have done.

## SAID TO BE SIMPLE

EASILY MIXED RECIPE FOR KIDNEYS AND BLADDER.

Tells Readers How to Prepare This Home-Made Mixture to Cure the Kidneys and Bladder and Rheumatism.

Get from any prescription druggist the following:

Fluid Extract Dandelion, one ounce; Compound Karsagon, one ounce; Compound Syrup Sarsaparilla, three ounces.

Shake well in a bottle and take a teaspoonful dose after each meal and at bedtime.

The above is considered by an eminent authority, who writes in a New York daily paper, as the finest prescription ever written to relieve Backache, Kidney Trouble, Weak Bladder and all forms of Urinary difficulties. This mixture acts promptly on the eliminative tissues of the Kidneys, enabling them to filter and strain the uric acid and other waste matter from the blood which causes Rheumatism.

Some persons who suffer with the ailments may not feel inclined to place much confidence in this simple mixture, yet those who have tried it say the results are simply surprising, the relief being effected without the slightest injury to the stomach or other organs.

Mix some and give it a trial. It certainly comes highly recommended. It is the prescription of an eminent authority, whose entire reputation, it is said, was established by it.

## HIS MEMORY WAS GOOD.

Commodore Vanderbilt Had Not Forgotten Old Days.

The coming of age of Miss Gladys Vanderbilt and the payment to her of some twelve millions of dollars inheritance has brought out a new crop of anecdotes about the Vanderbilt fortune. One of the latest illustrates the democratic spirit of the old commodore.

Sitting on the porch of a fashionable hotel at a fashionable resort on one occasion, it is related, the commodore saw a lady approaching with whom he was acquainted. His wife and daughter, who recognized her, could scarcely contain their anger when he arose and politely addressed her.

"Don't you know," said the daughter after she had gone, "that horrid woman used to sell poultry to us?"

"Yes," responded the old millionaire, "and I remember when your mother sold root beer and I peddled oysters in New Jersey."

## A Ventilation Test.

It is very hard to make an impression on those people who defend their possessions on all occasions. A lady was explaining to a visitor the many advantages of concrete hollow-block construction, of which the walls of her new home were built.

"The air spaces in the walls afford insulation against heat in summer and cold in winter," she explained. "Besides, such walls afford ventilation and insure a more healthful house."

The visitor reflected a moment, and replied:

"Our frame house must be quite as well built. Every night we lock the cat in the cellar, and have to let her out of the attic in the morning."—Youth's Companion.

## All Explained.

There is a little story going round the house of commons about a certain member who abstained from voting on the deceased wife's sister bill. Questioned by one of his friends as to the reason for his abstention, he replied: "Well, my dear fellow, it's just like this—my wife has a sister."—John Bull.

## TRANSFORMATIONS.

Curious Results When Coffee Drinking Is Abandoned.

It is almost as hard for an old coffee toper to quit the use of coffee as it is for a whisky or tobacco fiend to break off, except that the coffee user can quit coffee and take up Postum without any feeling of a loss of the morning beverage, for when Postum is well boiled and served with cream, it is really a point of flavor that is served nowadays.

It is a well-known fact that the place of coffee in the household is being taken by Postum.

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If you take DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills you will get prompt relief from backache, weak kidneys, inflammation of the bladder and urinary troubles. A week's treatment 25 cents.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.  
All the news for \$1.00 per year.

### Business Polsters.

#### For Sale

Two second hand heating stoves.  
t 43 H. W. Crofoot.

I have for sale a few very good short horn bull and heifer calves, six to seven months old. Prices reasonable.  
t 44

T. Birkett.

#### FOR SALE

A couple of Poland China boars and a spring colt. Frank Mackinder, 43

#### For Sale.

Pigs for sale. J. L. Roche. 42

#### LOST.

Will the gentleman that was seen to pick up a black plush buggy robe, just west of this village last Tuesday evening please return the same to Mrs. O. W. Haze and receive reward?

#### For Sale

Thorough bred Jersey heifer calf. Enquire of D. Richards.

#### FOR SALE.

200 cords of black wood—80 cts. per cord while it lasts.  
Glennbrook Stock Farm.

#### For Sale.

10 Fine Wool Rams. Fred Teeple.

#### LOST.

Too late for last week. Lost a \$20 bill somewhere in Pinckney. Finder please leave at DISPATCH office and receive reward.

#### FOR SALE.

Bushel crates,  
t 41 Teeple Hardware Co.

#### FOR SALE.

Large, smooth, fine wool rams.  
Z. A. Hartsuff,  
Gregory, Mich.

## Notice

We are ready to receive apples and make cider at the Pettysville mill.

## Wm. Hooker.

#### Grand Trunk Railway System.

Fast Bound from Pinckney  
No. 28 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 9:38 A. M.  
No. 30 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 4:28 P. M.  
West Bound from Pinckney  
No. 27 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 10:01 A. M.  
No. 29 Passenger Ex. Sunday, 8:44 P. M.  
Solid wide vestibule trains of coaches and sleep  
ing cars are operated to New York (and Philadel-  
phia) via Niagara Falls by the Grand Trunk-Le  
high Valley Route.  
W. H. Clark, Agent.

## W. T. WRIGHT

### DENTIST

Clark Block Pinckney, Mich.  
Painless Extraction

E. W. DANIELS,  
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For informa-  
tion call at DISPATCH Office or address  
Gregory, Mich., r. f. d. 2. Lyndilla phone  
connection. Auction bills and tin cups  
furnished free.

## C. S. Chamberlin

### Expert Auctioneer

Over 20 Years Experience

DEXTER, MICH.

PHONE 38, FREE BOX 68

### J. W. BIRD

### PRACTICAL AUCTIONEER

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

For information, call at the Pinckney Dis-  
patch office. Auction Bills Free  
Webster Rural Phone  
Arrangements made for sale by phone at  
my expense. Oct 67  
Address, Dexter, Michigan

### Among Our Correspondents

#### HOWELL.

E. A. Bowman is remodeling the interior of his residence.

The board of supervisors meet here next Monday for their Oct. meeting.

The business college has opened a night school on Wednesdays and Fridays.

E. L. Avery sold his interest in the Star theater to the Coy brothers who now control the house.

E. B. Vanderhoof of Ann Arbor one of the former owners of the Republican, was a caller here last week.

Friday of this week is the date of the bee to grade the Hartland road. Our citizens should take a hand—it will help the town.

Monday, Oct. 28, is the date set for the settling of the sewer question. Some good system is certainly needed in our village.

Prosecuting attorney, Jas. A. Green and sister, Mrs. Alice McIntyre attended the Green family reunion at Greenville one day last week.

The ladies of the Baptist church are arranging to hold an umbrella bazar in November. It would have been very appropriate affair to have held during the past few weeks.

The dates of the entertainments on the lecture course have been arranged as follows:

Nov., Colonial Overture—Nov. 26, Cong. J. Adam Bede—Dec. 13, Geo. E. Vincent—Dec. 31, Arthur McMurry, recital—Jan. 20, Gypsy Chorus Concert Company—Feb. 12, Dr. S. Parks Cadman—Feb. 20, Alton Packard, cartoonist—March 16, Gen. Z. T. Sweeney.

Obstinate cases of constipation and nasty, mean headaches promptly disappear when you take DeWitt's Little Early Riser Pills.

Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

#### WEST PUTNAM.

Wales Leland and wife were in Howell Tuesday.

George Sweeney of Chelsea called on friends here Sunday.

Mrs. Mary Titmus of White Oak is spending the week at Mrs. Whites.

Dr. J. W. Monks and R. D. Roche of Howell, spent Sunday at Marcellus Monks.

Grace Gardner entertained her friend, Mrs. Myron Lighthall, of Chelsea last week.

We are glad to report that Mrs. Amanda White, who has been very ill, is much better.

Mrs. Clarence Bennett of Lansing, visited her sister, Mrs. Kirk Van Winkle, the past week.

Mrs. Shell of Chelsea and Mrs. Pauline Beal of Howell, were guests at the home of John Chalker last week.

Chas. Holmes and family of Lansing spent Saturday and Sunday at Kirk Van Winkles. They made the trip in their auto.

Don't get out of patience with the baby when it is peevish and restless, and don't wear yourself out worrying night and day about it—just give it a little Cascasweet. Cascasweet is the corrective for the stomachs of babies and children. Contains no harmful drugs.  
Sold by F. A. Sigler, Druggist.

#### UNADILLA.

Rev. P. J. Wright visited his son in Toledo, Ohio, part of last week.

Miss Anna Gilbert and Mrs. Frank May and daughter, Vena are visiting Miss Gilbert's sister, Mrs. S. A. Tuttle in Findlayville, Ohio.

Mrs. A. C. Watson and Miss Erma Pyper were Pinckney visitors last Saturday.

Roy Palmer is visiting his sister Mrs. Allie Holmes, near Stockbridge this week.

E. L. Page of Pontiac was in town last Sunday with one of the large Welch touring cars.

Mrs. M. C. Weston is back from Bay View and visiting her many friends and relatives about here.

Miss E. G. Watson, who has been spending the summer months in Bay View, returned home last week.

Mrs. H. C. Bullis and daughter, Minnie, visited at Hassenchal's near Pinckney the latter part of last week.

A memorial service was held in the Presbyterian church last Sunday morning for Austin Bull who died recently.

Mrs. Field of Ann Arbor, gave a very interesting and inspiring temperance talk in the Methodist church here last Sunday evening.

Mrs. S. G. Palmer and Mrs. Z. A. Hartsuff were in Pinckney last week Wednesday to visit Miss Pearl Hartsuff who is in the Sanitarium. They report her much improved.

The Brass Band which was organized here last summer, is making very good progress; the nights on which they practice are not quite so hideous to the near by residents as at first.

Rev. Ben. Jones of the Presb'ty church tendered his resignation as pastor last Sunday morning, to take effect the last Sunday in this month. An offer of larger salary elsewhere induced him to take the step.

The first Quarterly Conference of Unadilla charge will be held in the Methodist church here Friday afternoon at two o'clock Oct. 18. The Ladies Aid will serve dinner at noon to which all are invited.

Stomach troubles, heart and kidney ailments, can be quickly corrected with a prescription known to druggists everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Restorative. The prompt and surprising relief which this remedy immediately brings is entirely due to its Restoration upon the controlling nerves of the Stomach etc. All Dealers.

#### NORTH HAMBURG.

Mr. McKinder is not very well.

Miss Mable Montague is teaching in the Salmon district.

Chas. Travis of Chicago is visiting his sister Mrs. Emma Black.

The L. A. S. meets at Alden Carpenters Thursday of this week for dinner.

Frank Boylan, who has been sick for some time, is able to be at work again.

Mrs. Clark from Washington, D. C., is visiting her sister, Mrs. B. J. Gartrel, near Chilson.

Mrs. Roxilla Steward of Rhein, N. Y. is visiting old friends here on her return from California.

Mrs. Emma Black expects to move to Evanston, Ill., soon to join her daughter, who is much improved in health since she went there.

The church was presented Sunday with a beautiful Bible by Mrs. Clark, as the old one was badly worn. Surely this new one was very acceptable and very greatly received by the members of the church. A rising vote of thanks was extended to the donor.

#### His Point of View.

Landlord—Sir, the other tenants will not stay in the flat if you insist on playing the cornet. Mr. Toots—I'm glad of that. They were very annoyed.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## This Space For Sale

#### PLAINFIELD.

F. L. Wright and wife of Stockbridge spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. C. England, of Lapeer, has been visiting friends here the past week.

Mrs. Fields of Ann Arbor spent the first of the week with Mrs. Geo. Stevens.

The L. A. S. will meet with Mrs. E. L. Topping, Friday evening, Oct. 18th. All are cordially invited to attend.

Remember the date of the first lecture on Lecture Course is Oct. 30 instead of 28. Tickets are on sale at Toppings store. Select your seat when you buy your ticket and it will be reserved for you throughout the course.

A large number of interested persons turned out last Saturday and worked in the Plainfield Cemetery, cleaning out the old grass and weeds, straightening monuments, etc., thereby making a great improvement in the yard.

#### LAKELAND.

Ruel Conlway is at Fowlerville this week.

Mrs. Eliza Fletcher is visiting old friends here.

Ella Mercer is at an Ann Arbor hospital training for a nurse.

Clyde Smith was home from the U. of M. one day last week.

John Van Horn and wife visited last Sunday at C. B. Wellers.

Rex Bennett of Ann Arbor visited John Bergen one day.

Mrs. Bennett, nee Marion Bergen, has the scarlet fever and is a little better at this writing.

Mr. Bellinger of Ann Arbor is building a new barn and will raise his cottage three stories high, all of cement, so rumor says.

Mrs. Jesse Henry and Master L. J. returned home last Sunday after spending a part of the week with her parents, Mr. Lamborn and wife of Iosco.

#### Psychologically Explained.

Mrs. Flaherty, who earns her living and maintains two clean little rooms in an uptown tenement by going out to do washing and day's work, has been a widow for many years, and entertains a strong prejudice against marriage for any but the young. "Tis all right at that time o' life," she maintains, "but not for old people with gray hairs. Then 'tis unsuitable and the height o' foolishness." Holding these opinions as she does, it was a severe shock to Mrs. Flaherty to learn that one of her best customers, a widow of threescore and ten, was about to be married for the second time. Almost tearfully she confided her sentiments to another patron. "Think of it! Her a-fixin' all them fine clothes and takin' as much pride in it as if she was to be a bride twenty instead of an old woman that never see seventy again! Why," her voice dropped to an awed whisper, "at her time o' life I believe the ravin' o' death is on the wing."—New York Times.

#### ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

The ladies of the M. E. church will serve tea at the Maccabee hall, Wednesday, Oct. 16, from five until all are served. Everybody invited to come.

Rep. H. Wirt Newkirk of Washtenaw is talked of by Detroit members of the house of representatives for the position of speaker pro tem during the special session, providing Rep. Charles E. ward of Bancroft does not attend the session.—Detroit Journal.

A general agitation is going on all over the state over the great advances of print paper. The Jackson Citizen Press claims that it will make a difference of over \$8,000 a year with the two Jackson papers. Subscription prices are going up in many localities.

A gentleman came into the ticket office Monday and handed agent W. J. Black a five dollar bill asking him to keep out two dollars to pay for a ride which he says he stole about five years ago, between here and Detroit. The receipt which Mr. Black gave him read as follows: "Received of ..... Two dollars (\$2.00) 'Conscience Money' for a ride stolen between here and Detroit five years ago."—Republican, St. Johns, Mich.

#### Soldiers and Schiller.

The Germans are notoriously a well educated people, but the popular English belief that every German knows everything would appear to be exaggerated, if we may judge from a German officer's account, published in one of the German reviews, of an examination in general knowledge to which he submitted his company. "Who was Schiller?" was one of the principal questions. Ten soldiers replied that, though they fancied they had heard the name, it suggested nothing to them. Of those who went into details, one said that the author of "William Tell" was the "inventor of printing;" a second described him as "a man who knew everything," a third put him down as "a man of science," a fourth as a "poet who wrote Scripture history," a fifth as "a musician of great celebrity," and a sixth as "a manufacturer of bells." One wonders what Thomas Atkins would answer if invited to state what he knew of Shakespeare.—Westminster Gazette.

#### He Didn't Dine.

Mr. Brown had just had a telephone put in connecting his office and house and was very much pleased with it. "I tell you, Smith," he was saying, "this telephone business is a wonderful thing. I want you to dine with me this evening, and I will notify Mrs. Brown to expect you." Speaking through the telephone—"My friend Smith will dine with us this evening." Then to his friend—"Now, listen and hear how plain her reply comes back." Mrs. Brown's reply came back with startling distinctness: "Ask your friend Smith, he thinks we keep a hotel."—Lever.