

Pinckney WEEKLY Dispatch.

VOL. XXVIII. PINCKNEY, LIVINGSTON CO., MICH., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17 1910. No 7.

LOCAL NEWS.

Edward Galpin visited relatives near Flint last week.

Don't forget the Lecture next Tuesday evening Feb. 22 by Dr. Boyl.

Brighton defeated Howell basket ball team at Brighton Friday 19 to 12.

Miss Ella Mercer is the guest of her brother Will and family west of town.

Howell is putting forth plans for a Home coming Aug. 31 and Sept. 1 '10.

Mrs. Chas. VanKeuren of Lansing is the guest of G. W. Teeple and wife.

Mrs. Dudley Costs of Detroit visited friends and relatives here the past week.

It will soon be up to you to decide whether you want to keep chickens or a garden.

A men's class has been organized in the M. E. church at Fowlerville with 38 members.

The North Lake Band will hold a concert in the opera house here Saturday evening Feb. 26.

J. H. Campbell of Brighton has purchased the creamery there and will continue to operate it.

Percy Mortenson who has been working at Three Rivers for some time, returned home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Reed gave a pedro party to a party of young married friends, Monday evening, Feb. 14.

George McQuade of Brighton, won the agent's second prize of \$25 in the Michigan Farmer subscription contest.

Frank Day was in town the first of the week, having finished a course in buttermaking at the Agricultural College.

Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Webb entertained Mr. and Mrs. Perry Towle and Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Tipper for dinner Thursday last.

The thaw of Tuesday night caught cold and now there is good skating anywhere almost. Main street is like a sheet of ice.

Mr. and Mrs. Thad Andrews of Fowlerville were guests of his cousin, F. L. Andrews and family a couple of days the past week.

The North Lake band will give a concert and fish fry supper at the North Lake Grange hall on Friday evening, Feb. 18. Everybody invited.

While working in the hoop factory one day last week, Charles Kennedy had the misfortune to have the draw-shave slip in such a manner as to cut quite a gash in his cheek.

Bills were issued the past week announcing an auction of personal property on the Thos. Clark farm, two miles south and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile west of Pinckney, Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 23, 1910. Mr. Clark has rented his place and will sell his personal property at that date, sale commencing at 1 o'clock.

Imagining that he was an Indian bedecked in war paint, Lee Fitch who gave his home at Howell, went to Whitmore Lake boozed up, and in an hour had the citizens of that town backed off the boards. He was finally gathered in and taken to Ann Arbor and after sobering up was sentenced to 65 days in the workhouse.—Free Press, Friday, Feb. 11.

County Round-Up

The following is the program for the county roundup of farmers institutes to be held at the court house in Howell Friday and Saturday of this week. Program taken from Tidings. Music furnished throughout the program by the Burges orchestra of Hartland:

FRIDAY MORNING SESSION

Introductory remarks by B. W. Harford, Pres. Livingston Co. Farmers Institute Society.

Alfalfa and other Legumes—C. B. Cook, Owosso

Discussion led by John W. Worthington

The care of the Orchard—O. K. White, Lansing

Discussion led by N. L. Chamberlain, Sr.

1 P. M.

Question Box in charge of O. K. White

Poultry for Profit—C. B. Cook

Discussion led by O. B. Arnold, Gregory

Reading by Miss Eva Glaspie

Spraying for Insects and diseases—O. K. White

Discussion led by H. E. Reed

Co-operation of Farmers—W. W. McDowell

EVENING SESSION

Our Fireless Studies—Charles B. Cook

Paper, Dreaming and doing—Mrs. F. L. Andrews, Pinckney

Education for our Boys and Girls—Dr. T. C. Blaisdell, Agricultural College

SATURDAY MORNING SESSION

Manure and Fertilizers and their Use—W. F. Raven, Lansing

Discussion led by S. M. Yerkes

Tillage and Rotation of crops—C. B. Cook

Discussion led by F. W. Musson

Business meeting of County Institute Society

AFTERNOON SESSION

Question Box in charge of W. F. Raven

Silage and Feeds for Summer Use—C. B. Cook

Discussion led by C. P. Reed

Hog Raising for Profit—W. F. Raven

Discussion led by B. F. Bachelor

Economy in Feeding Work Horses—Frank Crandall

Discussion led by Byron Hopkins

WOMAN'S SESSION

Saturday P. M. at the Evangelical church, Mrs. A. Ralph Eastman, Howell, Chairman; Miss Pearl McDonald, Agricultural College, co-ductor

Introductory remarks by Mrs. Eastman

What to Cook and Why—Miss MacDonald

Discussion

Reading by Miss Carrie Borden

Conveniences for the Farm Home—Miss Helen Norton

Discussion

Electron of Officers

Adjournment

Obituary.

Nancy M. Beebe was born in Pavilion, Genesee Co., N. Y., October 24, 1834, died February 12, 1910. She came to Michigan with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Webb, in 1835, removing to this Township in 1836 where she has resided a greater share of her life. She is survived by a son and a sister.

The remains were brought here from Jackson, where she died, and the funeral was held at the M. E. church, Monday, Feb. 14, Rev. E. W. Exelby officiating.

CARD OF THANKS.

We wish to thank our friends for their kindness and assistance in our bereavement.

F. W. WILCOX
Mrs. G. W. CROFOOT

James Bogan aged 83 died at his home in Brighton, Saturday, and funeral Tuesday at St. Patrick's church, Rev. Fr. Hennessey officiating. For 58 years he resided in Genoa, and 14 years in Brighton.

One Day Institutes.

Continued from last week.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The first paper after dinner was "Electricity on the Farm" by Glenn Gardner, Manager of the Electric Light Plant, and is as follows:

I do not think there is any question but what no single invention, unless it be the automatic harvester, will mean so much to farmers as the development of Electrical power.

As we all know it plays an important part in the city, so why should it not play as important a part in the country? The reason it has not reached its proper development upon the farm is, I think, that this element is believed by people in general to be a complicated, mysterious force which responds only to the will of a professional hand. In reality however, I can safely say from my own knowledge, that electricity is one of the simplest forces of nature.

When the automatic harvester first came into use, it required a skilled mechanic to keep it in operation; now all farmers have mastered its details. Later the gasoline engine met with your approval and now its principles of operation are understood in general.

But what is the automatic harvester with its complicated parts, the gas engine with its valves and gears compared in simplicity with the electric dynamo, which has only one moving part, a piece of iron wound with copper wire. Yet this, if belted to some form of power, is sufficient if we take the simplest form, to produce electric lights. However to make the most convenient and cheapest form of light, it is necessary that we add to this equipment an electric storage battery which will store the energy at times when we have it to spare and which otherwise might be wasted, to give it out at any time as light or power.

This storage battery consists principally of two lead plates immersed in a solution of Sulphuric acid and water—explicit in its simplicity.

It is by the use of this battery that I expect to show you how it is possible to furnish light and power for your buildings with practically no extra expense. You will agree with me that a gasoline engine is an essential thing upon the farm and within the course of a few years will not only repay the investment it takes to secure one but will reimburse the cost of fuel as well.

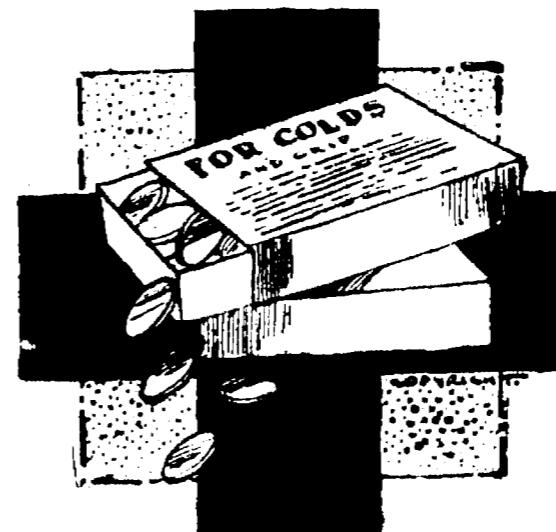
It is a well known fact that the amount of fuel waste upon the average American farm is enormous. In the countrys of the Old World, the period of waste has long since passed by and it is now necessary to take advantage of every resource. In Germany for instance, use is made of every by-product and every material that would otherwise go to waste. Refuse vegetable matter is worked into alcohol furnishing fuel for the farm engine. The day will eventually come in this country when the farmer will use his own waste materials for making himself more independent.

Now it is known to operators and manufacturers of gas engines that it costs about as much to operate an engine under full load as it does on partial load. You can therefore see if we had some method of keeping this engine fully loaded and of storing the extra energy, we would have something available that would be otherwise wasted.

A dynamo and storage battery makes this a reality. Taking for example a 3 H. P. engine would run 2 hours under load for 2½ cents per hour and to run the same engine full load would cost 3 cents more. With a storage battery and dynamo we could store, in this time 3 H. P. of energy at a net cost of 1½ cents and this is a sufficient amount of electricity to light the average house for two days. Leaving allowance for depreciation in the battery and lamps, the interest on the investment of \$150, it would bring our net cost of lighting to the sum of about \$15 per year. You can then get up in the middle of the night and light any room in the house or the barn by simply turning a switch. You can throw all your old lamps and lanterns away and never wash lamp chimneys or smell kerosine again. The kerosine lamp is detrimental to the health of the family. Any kind of burning light exposed to the air requires oxygen to keep it burning. The oxygen is also required by us in breathing and the most of our houses are

We Are Dropping

you a word of advice about colds and grip.



When you get GRIP, Our Tablets will cure you

They won't cure, only by using them. Just try for yourself and see if they don't do even more than what we say.

Our Tablets Cure Others and They'll Cure You

F. A. SIGLER.

Notice!

We have dissolved partnership by mutual consent and desire that our patrons call and settle as soon as possible so we can square up our accounts.

J. C. DINKEL & CO.

The grocery business of the above firm has been purchased by J. C. Dinkel who will conduct business at the old stand and desires your patronage. Our aim will be to keep a clean, fresh stock at reasonable prices. The firm name will remain the same. Call and see us.

J. C. DINKEL & CO.

For Quality

For Price

BOWMAN'S

Gasoline Engines

We have taken the agency to handle in this community, the Fairbanks and the Detroit Gasoline and Kerosene Engines.

We keep a sample engine of both makes in stock and will be pleased to

give anyone a demonstration of their merits.

If you are interested in engines, call on us.

E. A. BOWMAN
Howell's Busy Store

Pinckney, Mich.

BURN

..COALETTES..

THE IDEAL FUEL

Less Smoke, Less Ash, Less Clinkers CHEAPER because they make more Heat

Coalettes require no poking or stirring

Coalettes make no clinkers and burn to a fine ash

Coalettes are all same shape and size, insuring uniform draft and perfect combustion.

Coalettes are a perfect fuel for furnaces, range, Open Grate and Boilers.

ORDER FROM YOUR COAL DEALER.

COALETTES are suitable for all stoves except base burners having magazine feed.

TEEPEE HDW. CO.

JACKSON'S Saturday Specials

Mens Boys and Youths Heavy Foot Wear, Socks and Felt Boots

Regardless of Cost

Mens Wool Underwear the \$1 kind

75c

Mens Fleeced Underwear the 50c kind

38c

Boys Fleeced Underwear the 25c kind

19c

Come to Our store for Low prices Saturday on Groceries

We do as We Advertise

Call and be Convinced and Save Dollars

All Sales CASH F. G. JACKSON

Continued on Page 4.

Pinckney Dispatch

FRANK L. ANDREWS, Publisher.
PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN

ADVERTISING IN MOROCCO.

According to a consular report from Tangier, the terms of business publicity most familiar in most other parts of the world prove quite ineffective among the Moors. The astonishing disclosure is made that not only is the ultimate consumer in Morocco often unable to read in his own Arabic, but a picture signifies nothing to him. "It may be almost inconceivable that such is the case," writes Consul Holt, "but it is a physical fact that the eye of the average Moor fails to find any meaning whatever in a picture." He relates how he has repeatedly shown to Moors photographs of themselves which they have failed to recognize; "and this is true to an even greater extent as regards pictures of inanimate objects," with special reference to things for sale, says Providence Journal. How to coax to buy goods a potential consumer who can read neither print nor picture would evidently be a considerable problem for the modern expert in advertising. Samples and "demonstrations" indeed, are the only form of publicity which is at all likely to catch the Moor. The main machinery of exploitation as carried on in the United States becomes useless when directed at him. The mail order house, apparently, would stand no chance in Morocco. All the witchery of art in advertising as expressed in the ubiquitous catalogue would be as completely wasted on the Moor as the sense of an inscription from the Koran, decorating the wall of a Moorish vestibule, on the American tourist.

News comes from Africa that the "Cape to Cairo railroad," once regarded as an "iridescent dream" of Cecil Rhodes, is now so far advanced that completion is actually in sight. The finished part extends more than 2,100 miles from Cape Town, and lines in course of construction or contemplated will make the connecting links, so that within two or three years it is believed trains will run from Egypt through the heart of the dark continent to the other extreme of Africa. What development will follow the opening up of the country by this means may be left to vivid imagination. Africa in some respects is surpassing other sections in railroad progress. But the "three Americas" system is going bravely on. It will not be many years before passage can be taken by train from any point in North America to stations in the most remote part of the southern continent.

There is no question that with peace and good order Cuba is bound to prosper. Despite all the criticism heard the island is making good headway in a material sense. The latest reports show that railroads are extending into every part, mines are being opened, the fruit-growing industry is expanding rapidly and sugar and tobacco are bringing returns. Cuba is a fertile region of vast natural resources of various kinds. Even under the prostrating effect of war there was rarely a time when a large commerce was not being carried on. With tranquillity in the interior and free opportunity for capital and labor to work together, there is every reason to believe that in a few years Cuba will possess wealth far exceeding that of many countries greatly surpassing the island in size.

Men weighing less than 150 pounds are said to have been discharged from certain railroad workshops. Men weighing more than 190, unless unusually tall, have been "released" as street car conductors as too fat to thread the thronged aisles. Men over 40 find it hard to get jobs because they are too old. Men under 25 find promotion difficult because they are too young. Will the world's work presently all be done by men between 25 and 35 and of medium height and thickness? And what will all the others do?

The earth is now scheduled to pass through the tail of Halley's comet next May. Persons disposed to get nervous over it should find reassurance in the fact that at least one known case of the sort was experienced in the last century with no worse results than a hazy atmosphere during the transit, and a meteoric shower or two.

The supply of salt is said to be practically inexhaustible. To those who are gloomily anticipating the giving out of the world supplies this ought to bring fresh courage.

PROTEST AGAINST FISHERY TREATY

PIERCE AND COMMERCIAL FISHERMEN SAY IT VIOLATES STATE RIGHTS.

RAILROAD COMMISSION SLAPS KELLEY ON THE WRIST AND LETS HIM OFF.

The State Gets \$10,000 More From Glazier's Sureties—Murdock Interests May Buy St. Joe Interurban Railway.

Protest Against Fishery Treaty.

State Game and Fish Warden Pierce stated that he and several commercial fishermen will go to Washington to protest to the senate committee on foreign relations against the proposed treaty with Great Britain, under the terms of which, he says, the control of fishing in the great lakes would pass from the state to the federal government.

Warden Pierce contends that the federal constitution does not grant the government authority to take control of the fishing, and that the treaty is in violation of the state's rights. If it is adopted, he says, he will endeavor to take the matter before the federal supreme court.

Michigan to Get \$4,000,000.

The river and harbor appropriation bill is completed and will carry about \$31,000,000 in cash. Michigan gets \$4,000,000, as follows:

Alpena, \$8,000; Frankfort, \$20,000; Grand Haven, \$10,000; Grand Marais, \$40,000; Harbor Beach, \$100,000; Holland, \$12,000; Ludington, \$10,000; Mackinac Island harbor, \$10,000; Marquette, \$11,000; Manistique, \$150,000; Marquette harbor, \$10,000; Monroe, \$1,000; Muskegon, \$70,000; Ontonagon, \$25,000; Petoskey, \$20,000; Portage Lake harbor of refuge, Manistee county, \$13,000; Saugatuck, \$20,000; South Haven, \$60,000; Black River at Port Huron, \$5,000; Clinton River, \$5,000; Detroit River, \$100,000; Flint River, \$50,000; Grand River, \$20,000; Kalamazoo River, \$25,000; harbor of refuge east end Keweenaw waterway, \$35,000; Menominee harbor and river, \$10,000.

A project for the improvement of harbor at Mackinac Island has been on the statute books for many years, but this is the first time any money has been appropriated to carry it out.

Sam Kelley Will Retain His Job.

Despite the positive statement that Sam H. Kelley would lose his job as secretary of the state railroad commission because he appeared before the tax commission to argue for a reduction in the assessment of the Big Four railroad, the commission issued a statement that he would be retained, but would be censured and immediately dismissed for a similar action in the future.

The statement of the commission sets forth the circumstances of the incident and says that Mr. Kelley has made affidavit that he received nothing from the railroad and acted entirely of his own volition because of his knowledge of conditions. The statement further says that the excellent service Mr. Kelley has rendered the commission was taken into consideration.

State Gets \$10,000 From Glazier's Sureties.

A representative of the Federal Union & Surety company, of Indianapolis, paid into the state treasury \$10,000 as the initial payment in an indebtedness of \$57,500 on the bond of ex-State Treasurer Frank P. Glazier. This amount, added to what has been received by Treasurer Sleeper within the past two weeks, leaves a deficit of \$247,000. The outlook is favorable, it is said, for payment in full of the indebtedness incurred in the Glazier crash.

Would Buy Interurban Railway.

Representatives of the Murdock fraction interests are in New York interesting capital for the purchase of the interurban system running from South Bend to St. Joseph. It is reported that \$2,000,000 will be required to consummate the deal. It is also planned to enlist capital which will insure the extension of the road from St. Joseph to Kalamazoo, with an extension to Grand Rapids, as one of the ultimate ends of the Murdock syndicate.

Three Killed in a Mine.

Three miners were killed, one fatally injured and four others badly hurt at Calumet through the breaking of a strap on the side of a ship at the South Kearsarge mine.

Peter Taylor, a hermit living in a lonely shack in the woods near Bellaire, was found dead in the snow about half way between his shack and barn.

The directors of the Western Michigan Development Bureau, at a meeting in Traverse City, voted to endeavor to secure legislation that will prevent fraud in fruit packing. To do this they will ask for a law compelling the labeling of each package with a variety of the contents, and the grade, name and address of the grower.

STATE BRIEFS.

Frederick Denny Larke, of Rogers City, Presque Isle's most notable pioneer, is dead at the age of 66 years.

A company composed of Hastings and Grand Rapids capitalists has been organized to manufacture furniture in Hastings, and the construction of a factory will begin about April 1.

Philip Snyder was arrested at Hastings for the alleged violation of the law prohibiting the sale of cider in less than five-gallon lots. Snyder is accused of supplying apple-jack for drink parties.

A delegation of women from the Federation of Women's clubs appeared before Chief Kain at Saginaw and demanded that the numerous ash cans be removed in accordance with the city ordinance.

Benjamin Hall, hotelkeeper of Watrous, was sentenced to 90 days in jail for violation of the local option law. John Cline and John Riker, of Cass City, were fined \$50 each for giving away liquor.

Postmaster Foster, of Lansing, has notified police headquarters and the sheriff's force that the postcards received by many Michigan women last Saturday, bearing the words, "Beware Bloody Monday," were mailed from the Lansing office.

The roundup of a series of Farmers' Institutes, held in various parts of Wayne county this month, will take place in the Romulus M. E. church Feb. 16-17. In addition to local speakers the services of several state orators will be secured.

Robert E. Walter, a veteran of the Spanish-American war, and now serving his fifth consecutive term as clerk of Grand Traverse county, has announced himself as an aspirant for the state senate to succeed Fred G. Wetmore, of the twenty-seventh district.

As soon as Mary Cawley, of Saginaw, recovers from her illness she will be served with a warrant, which, if conviction follows, will mean a long term in prison. She confessed to placing her babe in a telescope and leaving it in the snow to perish. She is a domestic.

The Wolverine Veterinary society elected the following officers at the close of their session in Lansing: President, Dr. C. F. Codock, Fenton; vice-presidents, Drs. Amos Winegar, of Howell, and Bailey, of McBride; secretary and treasurer, Dr. W. W. Thorburn, of Lansing.

Hawley Wilson, convicted of violating the local option law at Jackson, was sentenced to pay a fine of \$150 and costs of \$20, and to be confined at the common jail for 40 days, and in default of payment of the assessment, to be confined for three months after the expiration of the 40 days.

This week is being given over by the state tax commission to the hearing of complaints of the various telegraph, telephone and railroad companies regarding the recent increase in tax assessments. The Citizens' Telephone Co., of Grand Rapids, and the Pere Marquette railroad will appear.

The planing mill owned by the New Haven Lumber & Coal Co., at New Haven, was destroyed by a fire which originated in the dry kiln. The blaze, when discovery was made, had gained such a start that the bucket brigade was unable to cope with it. The loss is estimated at \$5,000, with but a partial insurance.

With the government butter expert, H. J. Endicott, and farmers from every part of the state in attendance, the regular butter scoring contest is being conducted at the M. A. C. When the tests have been made the butter will be sold and the proceeds given to the farmers. The college students are evincing intense interest in the contest.

H. A. Munger, Ray Ladue and Peter Crever, farmers, were found guilty in Justice Fraser's court at Lansing of selling diluted milk, and fined \$25 each. Their arrest came as a result of the inspection by the state dairy and food department on a tip that numerous Ingham farmers were selling diluted milk to a condensed milk company.

The giant white pine on the farm of Louis McCallum, the last remnant of the forest that brought Muskegon into the first rank as a lumber producing center has been felled. It stood on the bank of Cushman creek and was visible for miles. Because lightning struck it a year ago the owner decided to convert it into lumber. The tree produced 10,000 feet of timber.

"How I would administer that office if I were elected governor of the state of Michigan," will be the question discussed by Chase S. Oshorn, Justice Montgomery, Amos S. Musserman and Patrick H. Kelley, before the annual meeting of the Michigan Republican Editorial association, which will be held in Lansing, Feb. 17 and 18. Senator Burrows will speak on "The Administration of President Taft," and Congressman Townsend on "Publicity, the Press and the Party."

Judge Wisner, in Genesee circuit court, has discharged William Ferguson, an ex-saloonekeeper, who was arrested for violating the local option law by selling whisky. Ferguson's brother, Joseph, during the absence of the proprietor, sold a quantity of liquor, was arrested, pleaded guilty, and was sentenced to the Detroit house of correction. On the grounds that William Ferguson was not responsible for the actions of his brother the case was discontinued.

156 LOSE LIVES IN MEDITERRANEAN

FRENCH STEAMER GEN. CHANZY SINKS; ONLY ONE PERSON SAVED.

Sole Survivor Raving Mad as Result of Experience; Three Americans Believed Dead.

Taft Will Be Guest of Honor at New York Reception to Receive Roosevelt—15,000,000 Pounds of Butter Stored.

Driven helplessly from its course, in one of the wildest storms that has swept the Mediterranean sea in forty years, the French trans-Atlantic Steamship Co.'s steamer, General Chanzy, crashed at full speed, in the dead of night, on the treacherous reefs near the island of Minorca, and all but one of the 157 persons on board perished.

The sole survivor is an Algerian customs officer, Marcel Redel, who was rescued by a fishing boat and who lies in the hospital at Ciudadela raving as a result of the tortures through which he passed and unable to give an account of the disaster.

In the ship's company there were 87 passengers, of whom thirty were in the first cabin. The crew numbered 70.

The passengers of the Chanzy were mostly French officers and officials returning to their post in Algeria, accompanied by their wives and children; a few soldiers, some Italians and Turks and one priest.

It is believed that three American vaudeville players, hailing from San Francisco, were on board the steamer. Their names are Elsie Henry and Messrs. Drenda and Delynn.

Bartlett to Lead Search.

The National Geographic society, which resolved at a meeting held in Washington to send an American expedition in search of the South Pole, confidently expects ample financial assistance from outside sources to warrant the exploration.

It is the plan of the society that the expedition be headed by Capt. Bartlett, who commanded the Roosevelt in Commander Peary's successful quest of the North Pole, and that the other members of the Peary expedition, except for Commander Peary, undertake the search for the undiscovered Antarctic "bottom of the earth."

The proposal is that the quest be made in the Roosevelt, already practically equipped for such an undertaking, and that the start be made from Coat's Island.

Taft Slated to Greet Roosevelt.

President Taft was given full details of the plans that have been formulated thus far for the reception to be tendered former President Roosevelt on his arrival in New York harbor some time between June 15 and 21. Col. John A. Stewart, president of the New York State League of Republican clubs and representative of the Republican club of New York city, discussed the matter with the president for half an hour or more, and told him that the committee which would be placed in charge of the celebration undoubtedly would extend an informal invitation to him to be present at New York as the guest of honor.

There is some doubt as to whether or not President Taft will be able to participate, but it seems more than likely that he will. In the cablegram received in New York Mr. Roosevelt stated that he would be glad to accept a reception provided it was made a simple affair and was tendered on the day of his arrival.

15,000,000 Pounds of Butter Stored.

Albert M. Read, secretary of the American Warehousemen's association at Washington, which includes 32 cold storage and refrigerating plants in various parts of the country, issued a statement endeavoring to show that foodstuffs were not being hoarded in the cold storage plants and that no attempts were being made by the warehousemen to conceal the quantities they had on hand.

Mr. Read declared that the butter and eggs stored in 20 of the cold storage plants in the association belonged to 2,446 different persons or firms, which, he says, indicates there would be great difficulty in cornering those products.

Mr. Read's statement of the products in storage in 30 of the houses shows 15,000,000 pounds of butter in storage on Feb. 1, 1910, as against 28,000,000 pounds on Feb. 1, 1909.

There are, however, 134,000 more cases of eggs in storage this year than there were on Feb. 1, 1909.

According to Mr. Read's figures there were more than 300,000 cases of eggs in storage Jan. 1, and there were but 182,000 there on Feb. 1, showing that more than 300,000 cases were taken out of storage during January.

The president has issued a proclamation granting the minimum tariff rates of the Payne-Aldrich act to Argentina, Brazil, Uruguay, Paraguay, Mexico, Panama and Liberia.

ROCKY BOY INDIAN LANDS OPEN FOR SETTLEMENT.

Secretary Ballinger has issued instructions to throw open 1,488,000 acres of land in Eastern Montana to white settlers.

This land was withdrawn about two years ago for the purpose of allotting to the Rocky Boy Indians. The tract contains the very choicest lands in Valley County and wherever farming has been carried on, it has produced yields of from 20 to 30 bushels of wheat per acre, 40 to 70 bushels of oats and large crops of hay, alfalfa and vegetables.

There are over 8,000 160-acre homesteads in this tract, which is considerably more than the combined total in the Flathead, Spokane and Coeur d'Alene Reservations, which were opened to settlement last summer.

SHOWED WHERE HIS MIND WAS

Uncle Billy's Question Proved That Sick Horse Was Uppermost in His Thoughts.

"William," said Aunt Ann Skiles to her husband, after the supper dishes had been cleared away, "let's go and hear the lecture to-night." Uncle Billy had forgotten that there was a lecture, and when he was reminded that a returned missionary was going to tell all about India at the church he did not seem over-enthusiastic.

"I oughtn't to go anywhere to-night!" grumbled Uncle Billy. "I ought to be doctoring my sick horse."

"Well, you're not doing it, and you're not likely to do it. Get ready and go."

Uncle Billy meekly obeyed. He sat patiently through the lecture, which was both interesting and profitable. At the close of his discourse the returned missionary said:

"I will wait a few minutes now for the purpose of answering any questions that interested persons in the audience may wish to ask."

For half a minute nobody spoke. Then, to the horror of Aunt Ann and the astonishment of the congregation, Uncle Billy leaned forward and asked:

"What do they use in India to cure horses that have got the heaven?"—Youth's Companion.

LEG A MASS OF HUMOR

"About seven years ago a small abrasion appeared on my right leg just above my ankle. It irritated me so that I began to scratch it and it began to spread until my leg from my ankle to the knee was one solid scale like a scab. The irritation was always worse at night and would not allow me to sleep, or my wife either, and it was completely undermining our health. I lost fifty pounds in weight and was almost out of my mind with pain and chagrin as no matter where the irritation came, at work, on the street or in the presence of company, I would have to scratch it until I had the blood running down into my shoe. I simply cannot describe my suffering during those seven years. The pain, mortification, loss of sleep, both to myself and wife is simply indescribable on paper and one has to experience it to know what it is."

"I tried all kinds of doctors and remedies but I might as well have thrown my money down a sewer. They would dry up for a little while and fill me with hope only to break out again just as bad if not worse. I had given up hope of ever being cured when I was induced by my wife to give the Cuticura Remedies a trial. After taking the Cuticura Remedies for a little while I began to see a change, and after taking a dozen bottles of Cuticura Resolvent

SERIAL STORY

The LAST VOYAGE of the DONNA ISABEL

By Randall Parrish

Author of "Bob Hampton of Placer," etc.

Illustrations by Dearborn Melville

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SYNOPSIS.

The story opens with the introduction of John Stephens, adventurer, a Massachusetts man marooned by authorities at Valparaiso, Chile. Being interested in mining operations in Bolivia, he was denounced by Chile as an unscrupulous man whose avarice was hiding. At his hotel his attention was attracted by an Englishman and a young woman. Stephens rowed the young woman from a drunken officer. He was thanked by her. Admiral of the Peruvian navy confronted Stephens, told him that war had been declared between Chile and Peru and offered him the office of captain. He desired that night the Esmeralda, a British vessel, should be captured. Stephens accepted the commission. Stephens met a motley crew, to which he was assigned. He gave them final instructions. They boarded the vessel. They successfully captured the vessel supposed to be the Esmeralda, through strategy. Capt. Stephens gave directions for the capture of the craft. He entered the cabin and discovered the English woman and her maid. Stephens quickly learned she was the wrong vessel had been captured.

CHAPTER VIII.—Continued.

She bent her head slightly.

"What vessel is this?"

"The steam yacht Sea Queen of Liverpool, owned by Lord Darlington," she announced, soberly, her face and lips white.

"How came you anchored off the government docks?"

"By special permission of the presidente. We were towed into that berth early last evening, after the Esmeralda had been hauled up against the quay to ship armament and stores."

I drew a deep breath.

"Could you tell me if it was known to others that you contemplated anchoring there?"

She hesitated, her lips slightly apart, one hand pressed against her temple.

"It is most important that I learn the exact truth," I urged, earnestly. "I ask from no idle curiosity."

"I am not generally consulted in such matters, señor," she admitted, "but I believe we had been waiting several days for the opportunity to take that position. This is as I have been told."

She seemed to be awaiting my explanation, striving to be courteous, yet with her impatience slightly evidenced by the continual tapping of her foot on the rug. But I was not yet through with my questioning.

"Were no officers left on board last night?"

Her gray eyes widened.

"Certainly yes; the first officer and the engineer were in charge when I retired. The others, with the majority of the crew, had gone ashore at sunset to enjoy the fun. But why do you ask, señor? Are these not on board now?"

"I regret being compelled to answer no. Only the engineer, three of the harbor watch, and some Kanaka firemen have been found. I have discovered no trace of the first officer."

"Then—then he must have rowed ashore with two of the men!" she exclaimed.

"How chanced you to be left here alone?"

She hesitated, her hands clasped on the chairback, her bosom rising and falling tremulously. Yet finally she forced her lips to reply, as though thus seeking the quickest way of clarifying the situation.

We were all invited to the palace of the presidente to listen to the speeches and view the fireworks. Lord Darlington was greatly interested, and most desirous of attending. The unfortunate scene which occurred at the hotel early in the evening left me, however, with so severe a headache that I begged to be allowed to remain here alone with Celeste. At first both Lord Darlington and mamma refused to depart without me, but when the presidente dispatched his own steam launch to convey the party to the wharf, they decided it would be most discourteous not to attend. Lord Darlington's membership in the house of lords gives him a certain official recognition abroad which he does not care to have lapse. The yacht's captain accompanied them, and no dream of evil befelling those left behind ever occurred to any one of us. O sear-

tell me, what does it all mean? What has happened?"

"I presume I must explain," I said, regretfully, "although it is not an easy task by any means. You will have confidence in me, Miss Doris?"

"I shall endeavor to do so," she returned, an increasing coldness in her voice. "But I am Lady Darlington."

"Your pardon; I supposed you to be that gentleman's daughter."

The color swept in a wave of rich crimson into her cheeks, the gray eyes becoming darker.

"Nevertheless, señor, I am Lord Darlington's wife."

Even in that moment of embarrassment and perplexity, when I was scarcely less agitated than herself, this unexpected announcement of such a relationship came to me as a shock. Why it should, what difference it could possibly make, I did not in the least realize, yet I was instantly conscious of the disappointment, of deep regret. The revelation, thus calmly, proudly made, was so unexpected, so destructive of all my previous conceptions, as to seem an impossibility. Could this young, clear-eyed woman be indeed the wife of that grim, inactive, ancient peer of the realm?

"You apparently question the truth of my words," she remarked, coldly observant.

"It was only the natural surprise of a moment, Lady Darlington," I hastened to apologize. "The thought of your marriage had never before occurred to me."

She looked directly into my eyes, her own plainly indignant, yet her

words strove to overcome the bluntness of my speech.

"I do not feel, señor, that there can be any necessity for discussing my private affairs with you at present. Enough that I am Lady Darlington, and that I have patiently answered the rather impudent questions you have seen fit to ask. Now, Señor Estevan, kindly enlighten me as to the cause of your intrusion into this apartment, and your presence on board the yacht."

Her tone had changed to imperiousness. This was plainly a command, and, back of the fair face fronting me, I read strength of character and a proud insistence long accustomed to control. It was not fear but disdain that darkened her gray eyes. Her manner begged nothing—it pictured dominant command, the attitude of one who addresses a servant, expecting implicit obedience.

"Lady Darlington," I began, standing directly before her, and reverting to the use of English, so as to be certain of making my meaning sufficiently clear, "whatever explanation I may make cannot be pleasant, but it shall be truthful. It is far better that you comprehend fully the situation we are in—your own peril, as well as my responsibility."

Her expression changed from arbitrary defiance to an amazement not untinged by a sudden development of fear as her hands grasped the chairback convulsively; but I went on steadily to the end.

"I am not, as you naturally supposed, a Chilean, but native of North America. My name is Stephens. I was in Valparaiso under most unpleasant circumstances, seeking vainly to escape from the country, and bounded by the secret police because of my connection lately with a revolutionary movement along the Bolivian frontier. The merits of that affair need not now be discussed, but I had become involved in it through certain business connections, and had attained Valparaiso after much hardship, seeking escape by sea. There I discovered every avenue closed against me, and was reduced to a desperate plight. I was in hiding from the governmental authorities when I risked almost certain discovery—last evening. A little later—after you left the hotel—a man who I was led to believe represented the Peruvian government, approached me with a strange proposition, which, however, promised immediate release from my dangerous predicament, and, likewise, a suitable reward for the successful

performance of a certain service. I am a sailor, and the particular duty required of me was to be performed upon the sea. I was asked to assume the position of a Peruvian naval captain, incapacitated by sudden illness, in the surprise and capture of a Chilean war vessel, the steam yacht Esmeralda, then supposed to be lying at anchor, poorly guarded, in the outer harbor of the government docks. For that purpose I was presented with a Peruvian naval commission."

My glance wandered from the motionless woman fronting me in such white silence to Celeste, who had sunk back upon the bed, her blue eyes staring at me across the brass rail, evidently experiencing difficulty in translating my rapid English speech.

"I had enjoyed but little opportunity of examining the particular vessel we were thus employed to capture, as I dared not leave the hotel except after nightfall," I continued, more slowly. "Yet I knew her place of anchorage, and that she was a steam yacht of some 700 tons burden, schooner-rigged, with lines promising great speed. Otherwise I relied entirely upon the knowledge of the officers under me. We boarded what I believed to be the Esmeralda soon after midnight, overcame the small harbor watch with little difficulty, captured the engine room, and, by holding a gun at his ear, persuaded the engineer to operate his machinery in our service. The very audacity of the attempt brought comparatively easy success. The main cabin had been secured by my orders when we first arrived aboard, and I came below just now, after all danger seemed far astern, to learn if any officers were hidden away here. I had examined all the other staterooms, finding them empty, and at last opened this door in my quest. Not until I saw you did I in the slightest realize that we were on board the wrong vessel, nor that we were engaged in anything except an honorable adventure of war."

That the hasty details of my story both startled her and impressed her with its truth, was evident enough, yet her lips curled with contempt, and her eyes remained unbelieving.

"How many men accompanied you?"

"A crew of 20, with two officers."

"Peruvians, I presume?"

"No, madam," reluctantly, "hotch-potch dragged from the seven seas."

Her expressive face darkened, her fingers clutching again nervously about the chairback.

"And you really expect me to believe that preposterous tale!" she burst forth, indignation shattering all ordinary bounds of speech. "You must, indeed, think very highly of my intelligence. You—why, you are a sea-robbber, a pirate!"

My cheeks flushed at the harsh words. I could feel the surge of blood, yet I met her gaze quietly.

"I have told you the exact truth, Lady Darlington, as I promised," I returned, seeking to speak calmly, "without any real hope that you would believe. Yet I want you to try. It is all bad enough as it stands, without endeavoring to make it appear worse."

She leaned slightly forward, clearly impressed to some extent by the gravity of my manner.

"Then prove it."

"How?"

"By steaming directly back to Valparaiso and delivering up this stolen vessel to its lawful owners."

"That sounds simple enough, but do you realize what our probable fate would be?"

She clasped her hands tightly, pressing them against her breast.

"What do I care!" the contempt in her voice grown bitter. "You have done the evil, by your own confession; now you should pay the price. You rescued me once from insult, and I hold the remembrance of that act in your favor. Prove yourself worthy a

woman's respect by making amends for this wrong. Take the Sea Queen back now, before it is forever too late, and all I can do, or that my husband can accomplish, shall be done to save you from punishment. Prove to me that your words are not false."

I hesitated, doubt and suspicion rendering me totally incapable of clear thinking before her insistent demand. Her face grew whiter as she marked my silence.

"So you—you lied, then!" the cruel words faltered from between her lips almost unconsciously.

"No, I spoke the truth," I answered, gripping myself sternly, "but I question my power."

"Your power? Why, you just informed me you were in command."

I advanced step forward, my manner respectful enough, yet she half shrank back from my approach and brought the protection of the chair between us.

"Perhaps I may never succeed in making you clearly comprehend my present position," I said, soberly, "yet I intend to try, because, in truth, I need your assistance as greatly as you need mine. Twenty minutes ago, Lady Darlington, it was true I believed myself to be in absolute command of this vessel. Now I gravely suspect whether I may not be a mere puppet, helpless in the hands of others. As I have already endeavored to explain, it was comparatively easy for me to mistake this yacht for the Esmeralda. They are very much alike, and I had enjoyed no opportunity for closely observing either. But it is impossible for me to conceive how the others of my party could have innocently made such an error. What project they may have had in mind I cannot even guess, but I believe now the Sea Queen was deliberately captured, and that I have been decoyed into the leadership of an act of piracy. If so, then I am only one man pitted against 20. What I may accomplish I have at present no means of knowing. I must see the others, endeavor to discover their secret purpose, and learn whether or not I possess any real authority on board. Lady Darlington, do you at least comprehend what I mean? Do I make it clear to you that I am in a position scarcely less perilous than your own?"

With lips parted and hands clenched over her heaving breast she stood silent, apparently deeply aroused by my earnest appeal, yet totally unable to repose full confidence in me. Yet her very hesitancy was to me an encouragement.

"You certainly have every reason to doubt me at present, madam," I urged, with increased confidence, "yet I mean to prove myself worthy your trust by deeds rather than words. Will you consent to do as I wish, at least for the moment?"

She did not appear to know what she had better do or say, her glance wandering in uncertainty from my face to the questioning eyes of the maid. The latter leaned forward with some eagerness.

"Surely it is best to say oui, madame; ze man has ze look honorable," her hands gesticulating despair. "An' on ze whol ship zere was no one else to help us."

"As you say, Celeste, there is no choice," and Lady Darlington's gray eyes again sought mine reluctantly. "I sincerely desire to repose complete confidence in you; to believe you worthy. What is it you wish us to do?"

"Merely to remain where you are, beyond the observation of others, until I can ascertain the exact truth of our situation. So soon as I learn this, I shall return with the information. Will you accede to this?"

She lowered her head slightly, in silent acquiescence, and, still facing them both, I backed out of the room and closed the door.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

THE SHADOW OF DEATH

Remarkable Recovery of a Washington Woman.

Mrs. Enos Shearer, Yew and Washington Sta., Centralia, Wash., with one kidney gone, the other badly diseased, and five doctors in consultation, was thought to be in a hopeless state. The story of Mrs. Shearer's awful sufferings, and her wonderful cure through using Doan's Kidney Pills, is a long one, but will interest any sufferer with backache or kidney trouble, and Mrs. Shearer will tell it to any one who writes her, enclosing a stamp. "I am well and active, though 65 years old, and give all the credit to Doan's Kidney Pills," says Mrs. Shearer.

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Polish Marriage.

A Polish couple came before a justice of the peace to be married. The young man handed him the marriage license and the pair stood up before him.

"Join hands," said the justice of the peace.

They did so, and the justice looked at the document, which authorized him to unite in marriage Zacharewicz Perczynski and Leokwoda Jeulinski.

"Ahem!" he said, "Zacha—hm—hm—ski, do you take this woman," etc.

"Yes, sir," responded the young man.

"Leo—hm—ah—ski, do you take this man to be," etc.

"Yes, sir," replied the woman.

"Then I pronounce you man and wife," said the justice, glad to find something he could pronounce, "and I heartily congratulate you both on having reduced those two names to one." —Lippincott's Magazine.

The Fight Against Tuberculosis.

Interest in the anti-tuberculosis campaign now being waged throughout the United States is evidenced by the fact that in the year 1909 163 new anti-tuberculosis associations were formed, 133 tuberculosis sanatoria and hospitals were established, and 91 tuberculosis dispensaries were opened. Compared with previous years, this is the best record thus far made in the fight against consumption in this country.

During the year 1909, 43 more associations for the prevention of tuberculosis were formed than during the previous 12 months, and 62 more hospitals and sanatoria were established. On January 1, 1910, there were in the United States 394 anti-tuberculosis associations, 386 hospitals and tuberculosis sanatoria and 265 special tuberculosis dispensaries.

A Holiday Sermon.

"In takin' up de collections fer de holiday heathens," said Brother Dickey, "don't fergit dat dey's cross de water. My advice is ter save all de warm kiver fer de home heathens—sich ez blankets, an' ol' overcoats. Dem heathens whar de missionaries go lives in a hot country, an' all de kiver dey needs is a umbreller ter keep de sun off." —Atlanta Constitution.

CLEAR-HEADED

Head Bookkeeper Must be Reliable.

The chief bookkeeper in a large business house in one of our great Western cities speaks of the harm coffee did for him:

"My wife and I drank our first cup of Postum a little over two years ago, and we have used it ever since, to the entire exclusion of tea and coffee. It happened in this way:

"About three and a half years ago I had an attack of pneumonia, which left a memento in the shape of dyspepsia, or rather, to speak more correctly, neuralgia of the stomach. My 'cup of cheer' had always been coffee or tea, but I became convinced, after a time, that they aggravated my stomach trouble. I happened to mention the matter to my grocer one day and he suggested that I give Postum a trial.

"Next day it came, but the cook made the mistake of not boiling it sufficiently, and we did not like it much. This was, however, soon remedied, and now we like it so much that we will never change back. Postum, being a food beverage instead of a drug, has been the means of curing my stomach trouble, I verily believe, for I am a well man today and have used no other remedy.

"There's a Reason." Look in pkgs. for the little book, "The Road to Wellness."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

If You Would Have Friends

Don't Annoy People by Comparisons That Are Humiliating.

When you start in to say plain things to anybody be sure to use plain words and not idioms. Never use figures of speech when rebuking others, for in time your helpful rebuke may be forgotten, but the tang of the biting figure will never be forgotten, and perhaps not forgiven. For example, you might want to tell a conservative person he was not up to the times in

The Pinckney Dispatch

F. L. ANDREWS & CO. PROPRIETORS.

THURSDAY, FEB. 17, 1910.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
Subscription Price \$1 in Advance.

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan
as second-class matter
Advertising rates made known on application.

Took All His Money.

Often all a man earns goes to doctors or for medicines to cure a Stomach, liver or kidney trouble that Dr. King's New Life Pills would quickly cure at slight cost. Best for dyspepsia. Indigestion, biliousness, constipation, jaundice, malaria and debility. 25c at F. A. Siglers.

Commander Peary got \$50,000 for his polar meteorites and he did not have to stand a very rigid examination for it either.

The famous little liver pills are DeWitts Little Early Risers. They are safe, sure, gentle and easy to take. When you ask for DeWitts Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve, refuse to accept a substitute or imitation. DeWitts Carbolized Witch Hazel salve is good for anything when you need a salve, and it is especially good for piles. Sold by all dealers.

See the great melodrama, "The postoffice robbery." One hundred nights in Michigan towns, a record of uninterrupted success.

Won't Need a Crutch.

When editor J. P. Sossman, of Cornelius, N. C. bruised his leg badly it started an ugly sore. Many salves and ointments proved worthless. Then Bucklen's Arnica Salve healed it thoroughly. Nothing is so prompt and sure for Ulcers, boils, burns, bruises, cuts, corns, sores, pimples, Eczema or Piles. 25c at F. A. Siglers.

The "cactus trust" is about to be organized. Luther Burbank, that wizard of plant life, now declares that the cactus plant is a good substitute for meat.

Kidney disease is a dangerous ailment. You should never delay a moment to take some good, reliable, dependable remedy. In such cases we recommend DeWitts Kidney and Bladder Pills. These wonderful pills are being used by thousands of people daily with fine results. They are for weak kidneys, weak back, backache, inflammation of the bladder and all urinary disorders. Sold by all drugists.

If Americans are to discover the South Pole why not arrange to take the Copenhagen university along this time and avoid all disputes?—Ex. What's the use? Someone will holler" I saw it first" and be entitled to the reward.

If you will just take Kodol now and then you need not fear or hesitate to eat all the good food that you want, for Kodol will digest whatever you eat. Kodol is for weak and sour stomachs. Kodol is pleasant to take, and it is guaranteed to give relief at once. Sold by All Druggists.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The probate court for the county of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 7th day of February, A. D. 1910. Present: Hon. Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

JOHN SHIRKIN, Deceased.

Mary E. Sheehan having filed in said court petition praying that a certain instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, now on file in said court be admitted to probate, and that the administration of said estate be granted to herself or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 4th day of March, A. D. 1910 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, he and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for 8 successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the Pinckney DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE,
Judge of Probate.

One Day Institutes

not very well ventilated and so contain only a limited amount of air. There is not enough to breathe and burn at the same time. Authorities tell us that an ordinary kerosene or gasoline lamp uses as much oxygen as 7 persons, an acetylene lamp as much as 3 persons and an ordinary candle as 12 persons. When we realize the importance of pure air in the house, we can begin to calculate the value of an electric lighting system to the health of the family.

Then, too, you will have better light and better eyes, no matches scattered about the house and no danger of fire. You can have a bright light in the cow barn for night and morning milking, light in the hay mow with no fear of burning up the barn, light in the cellar, kitchen, parlor and bed room; light everywhere and all made from the power that would otherwise go to waste.

Why is there such a scarcity of labor on the farm while the cities are overcrowded? Simply because conditions on the average farm are such that there is little inspiration for the sons or hired men to stay. But put in a few conveniences and note how your hired man will stay with you and you soon will go to the Agricultural college and come back when their course is completed. There is not a farmer's son in a hundred who does not like machinery. Install something of this kind and let your boy learn to use it. It might seem a poor investment at first but when years have passed and you are no longer able to bear the heat and toil of the day, it would be a comfort indeed to see a son take up the work while you could spend a part of your life in quietness and repose.

But in order to enjoy these privileges it behoves us to keep abreast of the times and make the most and best out of the opportunities that come our way, for it matters not in life what art or profession we follow, time in the course of a few years is sure to greatly advance that art or profession in its usefulness to the world. Time alone would make no change but owing to the fact that man has been endowed with thought and by thinking he is enabled to lay mental plans and theories whose practicability has made this world a thousandfold better than it was in the ages that have passed. But to think that the earth has unveiled its last great mystery and life has reached its highest ebb is I think, a great mistake.

The paper was not discussed to any extent but Mr. Gardner answered a few questions in a manner that showed that he has his business well under hand and knows what he is talking about.

George Van Horn read a paper on "Sheep Industry from a Labor and Financial View," and was as follows:

It has been said that all wealth must be dug out of the mines, fished out of the sea or produced from the soil.

Of this wealth, that produced by the sheep comes in most vital relation to life. Concrete may supplant steel, and electricity may supplant steam, but what, if you please, will take the place of this little animal that has always been man's best friend, providing him with food that is relished by all people even the most delicate, and with clothing manufactured from the fiber grown on his back, that is worn by every person, old or young, rich or poor, on the face of this globe.

Unabated high prices for wool and the meat products of sheep, offer tempting inducements for investment in breeding stock for the man who has no sheep at the present time. If these were the only inducements, then it would not be wise on the part of the would-be Shepherd to rush into the sheep business unless he could find a bargain somewhere.

The practice of winter fattening of western lambs carried on so extensively and has been a large source of revenue to many Livingston county farmers and has proved a splendid manner in which to market the surplus hay and grain, is, I believe; to be doomed. For the reason that the ranges are rapidly being cut up by reservation and settlement, so that many of the large flocks that formerly produced our western feeders are a thing of the past. Another reason that we shall not be able to secure these western lambs is the opening up the large irrigated districts which are rapidly being converted into Alfalfa fields. And the western raised lambs will be fattened on Alfalfa hay and a ration of Northern grain. The western lambs will then cease to be a factor in the economy of Livingston Co. farmers. We shall then be compelled to raise our own lambs or go out of the business.

And right here is the watch word for the Livingston county farmer who desires to make the largest profits with a minimum of labor, that is, raise your own lambs. It is conceded that 50 breeding ewes require no more time or labor to care for during the winter, than 1 or two milch

cows; and none whatever during the summer when labor is so difficult to secure and the planting, tending and harvesting of crops require the entire time and attention of the farmer. Again these 50 ewes will consume no more feed (not as much if they are fine wools) and will yield more income in dollars and cents, than 5 average cows with about the same amount invested.

The fine wool breeds, I believe, are the safest class of sheep for the average farmer to invest in; as a whole they are more rugged, stronger constituted, and far longer lived than the mutton breeds.

My message to the man embarking in the sheep industry is to buy the best possible, especially the sires, for he is half the flock. For illustration, suppose you invest \$10.00 in a sire that produces you 30 lambs averaging 8 or 9 pounds of wool per head at 30cts a pound, or \$20.00 for a sire that will produce 30 lambs averaging 10 or 11 pounds of wool per head, leaving a balance of \$18.00 in favor of the \$20.00 investment on one clip of wool. Again if you desire to dispose of your flock the buyer would be a financier of poor ability and judgement, if he would not be willing to invest 12 shillings or \$2.00 more per head in the well bred, staple, heavy wooled sheep, than the inferior ones.

In conclusion, I would say to the would-be shepherd, that the time and money spent grinding grain, and the labor of cleaning stables and milking, is saved in the sheep industry. And I believe many of the perplexing labor and financial problems of the farmer would be solved by the raising more of these little animals with the golden hoof.

Albert Wilson—I think that sheep make more money for the farmer than any other department of farming.

Mr. Eastman—could we not keep the sheep and cows as well?

Mr. VanHorn—That is the plan we follow, keeping a few cows as well as sheep.

Are not the sheep as good for the land as cows? Is not the trouble that we try to keep sheep on too short pasture?

The next talk was on the "Planting and Care of the Corn Crop," by Mr. Taylor.

Corn should have its place in the rotation of crops and should be planted on a good soil that has been turned under and well prepared. Should plant in hills unless the field is clear

of weeds as it must be kept clean to do well. Most care should be taken in the selecting of the seed and every kernel should grow. Should not plant an ear that had not been tested before hand. This can be done readily by taking the seed and planting in a shallow box that has nails driven about the edge and strings drawn across each way thus marking the box off in squares. Number from the top and keep the ears from which the seed has been taken in a row on a shelf and number accordingly, or in any other manner that you can keep them separate. There is more in the selection of seed than in any one thing about being a successful corn grower.

Should want not more than 4 stalks in a hill for corn, and never less than three if possible. I am a firm believer in the shredder and silo, as you can prepare to care for your stock with good wholesome food during the drought of July and August. The shredder may not do a very good job of husking but it pays to shred the corn crop.

The depth to plant depends on the quality of soil. The lighter the soil the deeper. Believe in dragging after corn is planted and up to the time it is about two inches high. The weeds must not get the start and early cultivation may help destroy the cut worm.

Believe corn should have a good ear even for the silo and should just be glazed—earlier than this it will sour too much and rot.

James Harris gave a very interesting talk on High Cost of Living. He was not willing to admit that the cost of food products were too high. Prices are good and there is no question as to the state of affairs today but what they are good also. Twenty-five years ago starvation prices stared the farmer in the face and they fled to the cities by the hundreds and many farms were only half worked. Wages increased and consequently prices

Continued on Next Page.

Purity, perfect results and economy all are combined in K C Baking Powder. Guaranteed the best at any price. You are wasting your money to pay more for any baking powder 25 cents for a 25 ounce can.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Probate Court for the County of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 27th day of January A. D. 1910. Present, Hon. Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

ALFRED HAYNOR, deceased

C. J. Pearson, having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to Samuel Moore or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 26th day of February A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate.

"MOTHER, what makes everything so good these days?"

"Why, it's that K C BAKING POWDER. Cake, biscuit or griddle-cakes,—it's all the same. Since I've used K C everything comes out just right,—light, crisp and fit for a king. I knew I was safe in trying it,—they were so sure I'd like it. They refund your money if you don't like it better than any other,—better,—mind you. Then it's guaranteed under every Pure Food Law you ever heard of, and, you won't believe it, but it costs less than what I've used,—a real nice saving. I understand it's because they don't belong to the Baking Powder "Trust." My, it's a satisfaction to get good value for your money these days when everything's so high."



K C BAKING POWDER

THE BEST AT ANY PRICE

GET a can on trial from your grocer. Send us the coupon you will find inside, mentioning this paper, and we will mail you the new "Cook's Book" containing 80 splendid new recipes, a beautifully illustrated book full of fine baking helps. If you don't like K C Baking Powder better than any other, you get your money back and keep the "Cook's Book" for your trouble. But you can't help liking K C.

GUARANTEED UNDER ALL PURE FOOD LAWS

Don't waste your money. There are plenty of good uses for it. Don't pay 40 to 50 cents a pound for baking powder. K C Baking Powder is guaranteed to do better work, and it saves you 30 cents on a pound can.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Probate Court for the County of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Howell in said county, on the 27th day of January A. D. 1910.

Present: ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate. James Van Horn, deceased.

Marias Van Horn having died in said court petition praying that the administration of said estate be granted to George Van Horn and Steven Van Horn or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 4th day of March A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Probate Court for the County of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the Village of Howell in said county, on the 27th day of January A. D. 1910. Present: Hon. Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

JOHN BURKE, deceased

Ellen Burke having filed in said court her final account as executors of said estate and her petition praying for the allowance thereof.

It is ordered that Friday the 25th day of February A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate.

WAS YOUR GRANDMOTHER A GOOD COOK?

Fifty years ago your Grandmother was successful in her baking in spite of many handicaps. In her day Baking Powder was a novelty. She was glad to pay 50 cents a pound for it. Since her time modern improvements have reduced the cost of manufacture until much better Baking Powder is produced for only one-third the money. Still the Baking Powder Trust ask you to pay the old high prices today for the same old-style Baking Powder. K C BAKING POWDER combines the best of everything in materials, quality and scientific skill to make the most perfect of all Baking Powders. Remember—K C Baking Powder—guaranteed under all Pure Food Laws. And the price—25 cents for a 25 ounce can!

Saved From Awful Peril.

"I never felt so near my grave, says Lewis Chamberlin, of Manchester, O. R. R. No. 8, as when a frightful cough and lung trouble pulled me down to 115 pounds in spite of many remedies and the best doctors. And that I am alive today is due solely to Dr. King's New Discovery, which completely cured me. Now I weigh 160 pounds and can work hard. It has cured my four children of croup." Infallible for Coughs and Colds, it is the most certain remedy for laryngitis, asthma, desperate lung trouble and all bronchial affections, \$5; and \$1. A trial bottle free. Guaranteed by F. A. Sigler.

Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weakness they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

It is the best medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter.



If Lemon Bitters is the Enemy of the Doctor, it is surely the Poor Man's Friend, as it will do its work well and quickly. No large bills to pay. No loss of time, and no great suffering if taken in time. Why will you suffer from Indigestion, Sick Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sore Mouth, Heartburn, and kindred ailments, when one bottle of Lemon Bitters will not only relieve but cure all of the above diseases? Not only that, but Lemon Bitters is one of the best Tonics in the world. It will enrich and give tone to the Blood, bringing back the flush of youth to the face, keeping away by its use that dread disease Paralysis, by causing the blood to flow with greater vigor through the brain.

Lemon Bitters is especially recommended to those who are fatigued from overworking, etc. Give it a trial and you will find the Lemon Bitter's best friend, as you will always use it when in need of medicine. Sold by Druggists, \$1.00 per bottle. Prepare it only by the LEMON BITTERS MEDICINE CO., St. Johns, Michigan.

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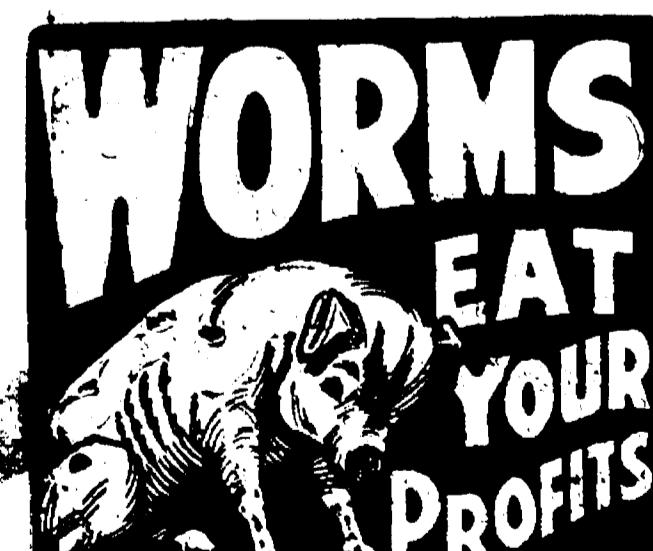
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Worms Starve your Hogs, Poison their Blood and finally Kill Them

You know that your hogs have worms enough to torture them and eat up your profits. Pigs from the time they are a few weeks old are compelled to fight for life against worms. Let us show you how you can help them win the fight and increase your profits. If you have never used KONA WORM POWDER and want to try it, we are ready to prove that it will do what we claim and that it is the only sure and harmless worm remedy on the market. FREE! We will send you a \$1.00 package. We will not charge you for postage and packing, and tell us how much stock you own. IOWA STOCK FOOD CO., Dept. 20, Jefferson, Iowa.

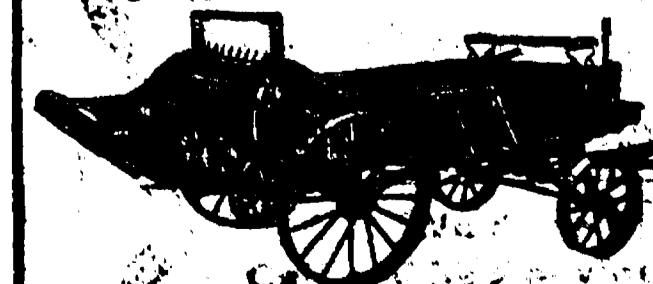
NEW IDEA MANURE SPREADER

FARMERS, ATTENTION!

This Manure Spreader is different from all others. Do not buy without first investigating the merits of the same. The exclusive features not found on other machines: Drawn with coupling poles; without a clutch or cog wheel. Can be heaped in loading, the same as a farm wagon. Guaranteed to pulverize all manure (notice the three chances).

This machine is built on a common sense principle of a farm wagon, whence it is the simplest, most durable, lightest draft, lowest cost machine on the market. Backed by ten years' experience, not by advertising. Ask for Catalogue X.

THE NEW IDEA SPREADER CO., Coldwater, Ohio.



down (easier to load into) spreader on the market. Backed by ten years' experience, not by advertising. Ask for Catalogue X.

One Day Institutes.

have gone up with them. Those who went to the city years ago must return to the farm and till the soil. I am not sentimental about the old homestead, but nevertheless I do not like to see the old homes about the state go into the hands of strangers. I am not a farmer because of any sentimentality but because I think it the best spot on earth.

At the close of his talk he was asked a few questions and was ready with answers showing that he was not only a student of the affairs of the day but had his "think tank" full of matters pertaining to the welfare of farmers and the country in general, and had an interesting way of telling the people his thoughts.

Michael Roche read a paper on "The Dairy Cow," which follows:

As a beginner at farming I know of no style or branch of farming that is so interesting to me as dairying, the dairy cow and the dairy feed which are such important factors in the business, are what I wish to speak of today.

About ten years ago, while teaching, I seldom missed an opportunity to visit the barn of each farm house where I boarded and to visit with the farmer while he milked and never failed to ask all the questions he would answer, sometimes a few more.

During these visits I found out that there were many kinds of cows and many more kinds of feed and care or rather lack of care. I found that while some kept their cows in the stable every cold or bad day and fed ground feed, bran, etc., others left their cows out every day, fed stalks out of doors and a little corn in the ear because they raised it and therefore must feed it, it is needless to say that the former was satisfied and had some cows giving 40 lbs. per day, the latter were principally engaged in finding fault with dairying, and did not know how much their cows gave, or seem to realize that they could have gotten as much milk from one-half as many cows with one-half the work and had a profit for their work instead of feeding at a loss.

Some three years ago I began to weigh and ship milk at Anderson and also bought a few cows, and since that time I have been more in touch with the dairy interest. Have bought and milked a good many different cows, some good, some fair and some very poor, these latter did not stay long.

My own experience, as well as my talks with my neighbors convince me that for selling milk at the condensary the Holstein cows are far ahead of any other kind owned around here. However I do not intend to try and choose the kind of cows for each one to buy, but do most earnestly insist that having once chosen the kind of cows that you wish to keep do not let a few dollars difference in price keep you from buying the very best cows of the class that can be found, and having bought a few good cows do not be content to use any scrub sires that is handy but rather invest in a good sire of the chosen class, as all agree that the sire is one-half the herd.

I have no doubt that many of my hearers are milking now, or have been milking cows that do not give more than 3000 or 4000 pounds of milk per year, now those who are milking this class of cows do not know, or at least do not tell, what such cows give, and I do not blame you, but I believe you are at fault if you do not weigh such cows milk and know what they are giving, and if the amount is not satisfactory you are not fair to your own interest, or if said cow is not showing you a profit if she is not sold at once.

I take it for granted that no one present is in the dairy business for pleasure alone, if they were they would be justified in keeping any kind of a cow that pleased them and I would have no objection in saying the things that I am about to say which I feel will offend some, and I hope will cause each one here to take a broader view of the dairy business, and will get for our patient friend, the dairy cow, much better treatment than she has had.

I believe that we can all agree that the object of dairying is to enrich our soil, improve our financial condition and last and best of all to furnish healthy and contented employment for our farm boys and girls where they can be with their own people and not driven to seek employment in the cities, and be at the mercy of the office life, the low resort or the gilded saloon, for I fully believe that our best men and women have come and will come in the future from our farm homes, for they have more chance to develop and can find some useful work which will keep them out of mischief and later from bad habits for the idle boy or girl is much more apt to go wrong.

If you wish to succeed as a dairy man choose your breed, learn how good the best cows of that breed are; learn how they were bred; learn how they were fed and cared for and then go and do likewise, only do it a little better.

If you choose Jersey, you will find Merry Miss with a yearly record of 11500 lbs. of milk as a three year old, Sophie Tormean record, 11770 and Jacobina with about 16000 lbs. of milk and over 1800 lbs. of butter in one year. The short horn cow Lula has a record of 12-41 lbs. milk in

one year. The three year old Guernsey cow, Dolly Dimple has 10400 lbs. of milk and 1134 lbs. of butter, in one year and the Holsteins have Ruthie and Johnnie with 27000 lbs. milk and 1207.8 lbs. of butter, Bakal Crommels with 30000 lbs. of milk in one year and several others with records of over 30000 in one year, notwithstanding this many are milking cows that give from 2000 to 4000 pounds of milk in one year and make 100 to 150 lbs. of butter in the same time and at that the cow is no more to blame than her owner.

If W. J. Gillette can produce a cow that gives over 27,000 lbs. of milk in one year, D. W. Field one that can yield over 26000, A. J. Dougherty's including two 3 year old and one 4 year old that averaged 17,000 lbs. each in one year and J. W. Dimirk three 2 year olds that average 13300 lbs. milk, one of them making 600-84 lbs. butter in one year. If they can produce such cows and get such quantities of milk you will no doubt pardon me if I say that we are wasting time by keeping any cow over 4 years old that will not give at least 7000 lbs. of milk in one year or make 800 lbs. of butter or more in the same time and we might better have those that can beat 10000 lbs. of milk and 1000 lbs. of butter.

Now the question is how to get this kind and it looks to me if the following plan and list of terms might help some.

Don't keep any cow that will not produce 7000 lbs. of milk in a year or make 800 lbs. of butter. Don't keep any heifer from a cow that will not give from 7000 to 10000 lbs. nor keep a heifer from a poor cow even if some one should give her to you as she is apt to be dear even at that price.

Where can we buy the desired kind of cow? I have had no trouble in the last three years buying 12 cows that have beaten 40 lbs. in one day, 7 of them beating 45 lbs. and 3 of them beating 50 lbs. of milk in one day while I have neighbors who have bought in the same time 3 at least that have given 40 lbs. or more in a day and we found them all near home that had registered Holstein sires and not one of the lot that I know of that had a scrub sire or a poor cow.

Now the good cow will reproduce in kind if the following instances are a good criterion to go by: I have two cows at home from a cow that gave 45 lbs. of milk in one day, her 5 year old daughter has given 50% lbs. in one day and after 7 weeks is still giving from 45 to 48 lbs. per day; the 2 year old sister of this cow gave 36% lbs. in one day this summer. Ten cows bought and brought to our vicinity from one herd will all beat 40 lbs. at 5 yrs. old. Two daughters of Winona Pieterij Dekol gave 100 lbs. of milk each in one day and made over 31 lbs. of butter each in one week, while their 2 year old sister made 24% lbs. of butter in 7 days, and many others are as good in proportion.

Now in closing I would recommend that we weigh each cows milk from the time she is fresh and each 5 year old cow that cannot beat 35 lbs. per day when fresh, sell as soon as we can find a better one to put in her place. If this rule is followed we would soon have vastly improved dairy herds. Rip Van Winkle slept 20 yrs. but I believe the average dairyman has slept something like 50 yrs. and that now if he is thoroughly awake we can depend on him for an immense improvement after his long and refreshing sleep. May success attend his efforts and may he improve his opportunities and his dairy herd to the greatest possible advantage to himself and family in my sincere and closing wish.

At the close Mr. Taylor gave a short talk to the scholars and the institute closed, everyone feeling that it had paid them to attend, and desiring that another be held next year. It certainly was a banner day as there was between 300 and 400 people present, and it was interesting to the last minute. The committee desire to thank every one who assisted in making the institute a success, we believe it was a benefit to all.

Now everyone get ready to attend the Round Up at Howell, this week Friday and Saturday.

Subscribe for the Pinckney Dispatch. All the news for \$1.00 per year.

President Helps Orphans

Hundreds of orphans have been helped by the President of the Industrial and Orphans Home at Macon, Ga. who writes "We have used Electric Bitters in this Institution for 9 years. It has proved a most excellent medicine for stomach, liver, and kidney troubles. We regard it as one of the best family medicines on earth." It invigorates all vital organs, purifies the blood, aids digestion creates appetite. To strengthen and build up pale thin weak children or rundown people it has no equal. Best for female complaints. Only 50c. at F. A. Sigler.

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, wherein the power of sale therein contained has become operative, made and executed by John Donaldson and Olive Donaldson, his wife, (and signed by Olivia Donaldson) of Putnam, Livingston County, Michigan, to Hosea Rogers, of Rochester, Monroe County, State of New York, bearing date the sixteenth day of January A. D. 1892 and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Livingston, State of Michigan, on the eighteenth day of January A. D. 1892 in Liber 78 of Mortgages on pages 58 and 59 and which mortgage was duly assigned by written assignment bearing date April 13th A. D. 1900 by the Executor of the last will and testament of Hosea Rogers, deceased, to Olive Donaldson which assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the aforesaid County of Livingston in Liber 97 of Mortgages on page 58 thereof: Upon which mortgage there is claimed to be due at the date of this notice the sum of seven hundred and eighty five dollars and ninety five cents and the sum of thirty five dollars, the Attorney fee provided for therein. And no suit either at law or equity having been taken to recover the money due on said mortgage. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that to satisfy the amount due upon said mortgage as aforesaid, and the costs of sale by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and of the Statute in such case made and provided, I shall sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, on Saturday the fourteenth day of May A. D. 1910 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the west front door of the Court house in the village of Howell in the County of Livingston and State of Michigan (that being the place for holding the Circuit court for the said County of Livingston) the premises described in said mortgage or so much thereof, as may be necessary to satisfy the amount due on said mortgage, together with all legal costs of such sale and the attorney fee provided in said mortgage and the interest which shall hereafter accrue on said mortgage: said premises being particularly described as follows, to wit: The east half of the south west quarter of section twenty-one (21), in township (?) north of range four (4) east, Michigan, containing Eighty Acres of land more or less.

Dated Howell, Mich., February 8th, A. D. 1910.

OLIVE DONALDSON,
Assignee of Mortgage

WILLIS L. LYONS,
Attorney for Assignee of Mortgage.

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EARN STOVE MONEY

by buying from your dealer this range at half the price that is asked by other firms. Our new method of merchandising enables us to make this phenomenal offer which none of our competitors can meet. \$25.00 buys this handsome range.

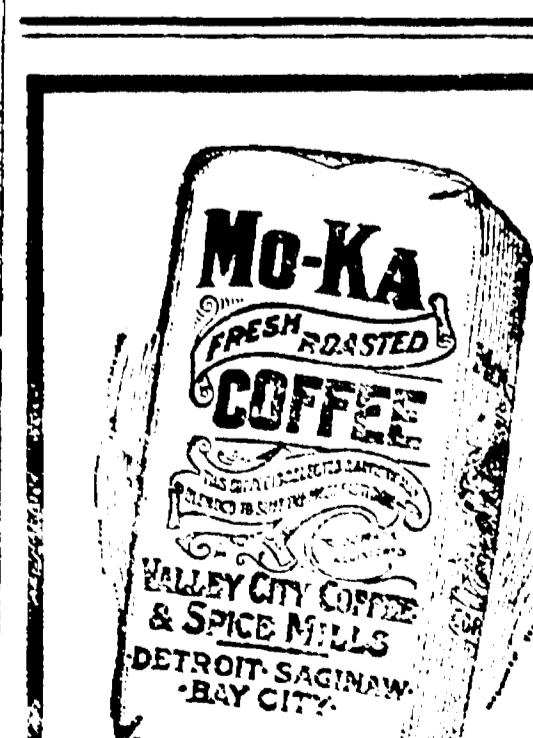
DOMESTIC WINNER RANGE

just as shown by cut. It is made from polished brass, has six covers, one of which is sectional, asbestos lined, cast iron strips and fuel cup, screw drainash receptacle, duplex grate, 18-inch oven, cast reservoir and nickel trimmed. Nickel trimmings. A guarantee accompanies each range. No mail-order house can touch this price. If your dealer will not sell this range to you, then let us ship it direct.

We are anxious to establish agencies in every town, county, and city.

Don't miss a good thing when it is offered. We have a business for forty-eight years.

MODERN STOVE MFG. COMPANY, - Chicago,



Why Buy Mo-K

BEAUTY EVENING GOWNS

High-Mount Compliment to American Women Somewhat Marred by Unfortunate Error.

Mons. Pruger, who from his triumph at the Savoy hotel in London has come to New York to conduct a very fashionable restaurant, was complimented by a reporter on his perfect English.

"Well," said Mons. Pruger, smiling, "my English is, perhaps, better than that of the Marquis X., who supped here after the opera the other evening.

"Our fine supper rooms looked very gay—many diamonds flashed, pale fabrics shimmered, and everywhere, turn where it would, the eye rested on dimpled, snowy shoulders shining like satin above decollete bodices of Paris gowns."

"These decollete bodices impressed the Marquis X. He waved his hand and said:

"I have known parfaitement that the American young ladies was beautiful, but ah—I cannot say how far more beautiful they seem in their night dresses."—N. Y. Press.

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & CO., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State attorney, and that he will pay to each and every one of CATAFAR THE CURE ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATAFAR that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATAFAR CURE.

Swear to before me and subscribed to my presence this 24 day of December, A. D. 1884.

A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catafar Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Used for testimonial free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Promise.

"Pa." "What is it, my child?"

"When Sis marries that lord, will I have to call her 'your ladyship'?"

"It will not be necessary for you to do so, but it will be very nice if you care to."

"All right. Mebby I won't always do it, but I'll promise not to call her 'punkin-face' any more, anyhow."—Chicago Record-Herald.

Are You Tired of the Color of Your Dress?

If so, dye it, but be sure and use Dy-o-la Dyes which give the same fast, brilliant colors to any and all fabrics. So much easier, better, and more economical than others. Dealers sell Dy-o-la Dyes at 10 cents a package. Write Dy-o-la, Burlington, Vermont, for color card and book of directions.

His "Raise."

"I don't dare face my wife."

"What's the trouble?"

"I told her I expected a raise."

"Well?"

"Well, the raise I expected and the raise I got were two different kinds."

EXPOSURE TO COLD
and wet is the first step to Pneumonia. Take Perry Dews' Panaderil and the danger is averted. Unquestioned for colds, sore throat, quinsy, etc., 30c and 50c.

Generally the man or woman who says "I don't care" is a liar.

FILE CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS.
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding File in 4 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c.

The more expensive a thing is the easier it is to get along without it.



wisely directed, will cause her to give to her little ones only the most wholesome and beneficial remedies and only when actually needed, and the well-informed mother uses only the pleasant and gentle laxative remedy—Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna—when a laxative is required, as it is wholly free from all objectionable substances. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine, manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO. LTD., BUFFALO, N.Y.



14 Cents a Rod

For 2-in. Hov. Pence, 18 1/2¢ per
25-inch; 18 1/2¢ per 31-inch; 22¢
for 36-inch; 32¢ for a 47-inch
Farm Bed, 60-inch Poultry
Farm Bed, 60-inch Hay
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Wool, 80-inch Catalogues
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If satisfied with Thompson's Eye Water
purchase use: Thompson's Eye Water

Memorials to the Father of His Country

THE adage that republics are ungrateful would seem to be completely refuted by the manner in which the name and fame of George Washington have been commemorated at the American capital. It is no exaggeration to say that no other hero of any age or nation has been honored so conspicuously. The monuments, statues and other memorials whereby the first president has been given homage at the American seat of government are designed primarily, of course, to honor the individual for his whole notable career. At the same time the versatility of the many-sided Washington is emphasized

George Washington. This statue occupies the most conspicuous place on the plaza of the United States capitol, but latterly it has been removed to the Smithsonian Institution. The figure of Washington, scantily arrayed, in the toga of a Roman senator, is represented in a sitting posture. The left hand clasps a short sword and the right hand points toward heaven. On the granite pedestal is inscribed the famous tribute of Gen. Henry Lee: "First in War, First in Peace, and First in the Hearts of His Countrymen."

The history of this statue dates from the year 1853 when congress authorized the president to employ the sculptor Greenough to execute a full-length statue. The figure, which weighs fully 21 tons, was chiseled in Florence, Italy, and the problem of bringing it safely to America proved a most perplexing one. Commodore Hull was sent with a man-of-war to get the work of art, but he found that it would be necessary to rip up the ship's decks in order to place the cumbersome burden in the hold, and he objected to doing this. Finally, a merchant vessel had to be chartered for the task and partially reconstructed. The statue was first placed in the rotunda of the capitol, but later was placed on the plaza. The figure, which cost Uncle Sam more than \$4,000, has always been the object of more or less criticism because of the lack of drapery.

In Washington is one of the few horseback monuments ever erected to the memory of the foremost military

END OF MADRIZ NEAR

Rebel Army is Victorious in Nicaragua.

State department officials are interested in the news from Managua that Matagalpa and Boaco have been captured by the revolutionists' army under Gen. Chamorro.

This interest especially attaches to the capture of Matagalpa, as in all probability any further cause for apprehension on the part of Americans in that important coffee-growing section of Nicaragua has been removed.

The capture of the steamer Managua by sympathizers with the revolutionists is regarded as a serious loss to the Madriz government, as it is believed he had depended upon this steamer and one other, the only two of any consequence on Lake Nicaragua, to transport his army, now on the east coast of the lake, back to Managua, in case of need.

The whole situation appears to be distinctly in favor of the revolutionary forces, and it is believed by the officials here that the end of the Nicaraguan government under Madriz is rapidly approaching.

Lewis Confident Wages Will Rise.

President T. L. Lewis, of the United Mine Workers of America, is confident, according to a statement given out at Wheeling, W. Va., that the coal miners and operators who failed to come to any agreement at the recent Toledo conference, will get together again before the expiration of the present wage contract, April 1, and that the result will be the concession of a substantial wage increase for the miners all over the country.

WIRELETS.

The Langley medal of the Smithsonian Institution was presented to the Wright brothers in commemoration of Prof. Langley and his work in aerodynamics.

Howard Little, who murdered Mrs. Betts Justis, her son-in-law, George Meadows, and his wife and three children in their home near Hurley, Buchanan county, Virginia, last September, was put to death by electrocution in the penitentiary here at dawn Friday, without unusual incident.

A memorial to the sons of Harvard who fought and died in the cause of the confederacy is proposed as a solution of the controversy which has been raging among the undergraduates over the question of allowing the names of the confederate dead to be placed in Memorial hall at Cambridge, Mass.

Newton W. Gilbert, of Indiana, has been appointed vice-governor of the Philippines, a position declined by Gov. Charles E. Magoon. Charles B. Elliott, of Minnesota, associate justice of the Philippine supreme court, has been appointed a member of the Philippine commission and secretary of commerce and police.

The Jefferson day banquet of the National Democratic League of Clubs will be held in Indianapolis, April 13 next, instead of in Washington, according to the announcement of Secretary Harry B. Darling. Mr. Darling says the change is due to the general belief that Indiana, Ohio and Illinois will be the battleground in the next campaign.

Responsive to the request of the manager of the Alaskan Steamship company, Captain Rose, of the revenue cutter service, has ordered that the cutter Tacoma be dispatched to hunt for Mate Swanson and four sailors of the steamship Farrallion, who left that vessel after she was wrecked on a reef near Ilamia bay to seek aid for the passengers and crew.

THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Cattle—Market active and steady with Wednesday. We quote best steers and heifers, 16; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,200, \$4.50@5.25; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, \$4.75@5.25; choice fair cows, \$4.75; good fair cows, \$4.50@5.00; common cows, \$3.25@3.50; calves, \$12.50@31; choice heavy bulls, \$4.50@4.75; fair good holsteins, bulls, \$3.75@4.25; stock cattle, \$3.25@4; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$4.50@4.75; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$4.00@4.50; choice stockers, 500 to 700, \$4.50@5.00; fair stockers, 500 to 700, \$3.75@4.25; stock heifers, \$3.50@3.75; milkers, large, young, medium, \$4.00@5.00; common milkers, \$2.00@2.50. Veal calves—Market steady at last week's prices. Best, \$9@9.50; others, \$4.00.

Milk cows and springers—Steady. Sheep and lambs—Market dull at last week's prices, or 25¢ to 30¢ lower than on Wednesday. Best lambs, 18.25@18.50; fair to good lambs, \$7.50@8; light to common lambs, \$7.00@7.25; fair to good sheep, \$4.75@5.75; culs and common, \$3.50@4.

Hogs—Market 25¢ higher than last week; steady with Wednesday at opening. Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$8.75; pigs, \$8.50@8.70; light yorkers, \$8.75; stags, 1-3 off.

Bull Buffalo—Cattle—Steady. Steers—Steady, heavy, \$9.00; Yorkers and pigs, \$9.00@9.50.

Sheep—Slow; best lambs, \$8.80@8.85; yearlings, \$7.75@8; weathers, \$6.75@8.50; ewes, \$6@6.25.

Calves—\$8@10.75.

Grain, Etc.

Detroit—Wheat—Cash No. 2, \$1.24 1/4;

Corn—Cash No. 3, 63c; No. 3 yellow, 64c; No. 4 yellow, 63c.

Oats—Standard, 49 1/4c; No. 3 white, 48c.

Rye—Cash No. 1, 82 1/4c.

Beans—Cash, \$2.15; March, \$2.20.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, 60 bags at \$8.30; March, \$8.30; sample, 24 bags at \$7.75; 19 bags at \$7.50; 8 bags at \$6.75.

Timothy seed—Prime spot, \$1.85.

Feeders—In 10-lb. sacks, Jobbing lots:

Barley, \$2.50; coarse middlings, \$2.60; fine middlings, \$2.80; cracked corn and coarse cornmeal, \$2.80; corn and oat chow, \$2.50 per ton.

Flour—Best Michigan patent, \$6.25;

ordinary patent, \$6.15; straight, \$6.05;

clear, \$6; pure rye, \$4.65; spring patent, \$6.25 per bbl; in wood, jobbing lots.

SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

De Forest, Wis.—"After an operation four years ago I had pains downward in both sides, backache, and a weakness. The doctor wanted me to have another operation. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and I am entirely cured of my troubles."—Mrs. AUGUSTA VESPERMANN, De Forest, Wisconsin.

Another Operation Avoided. New Orleans, La.—"For years I suffered from severe female troubles. Finally I was confined to my bed and the doctor said an operation was necessary. I gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial first, and was saved from an operation"—Mrs. LILY PEYROUX, 1111 Kerlerec St., New Orleans, La.

Thirty years of unparalleled success confirms the power of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to cure female diseases. The great volume of unsolicited testimony constantly pouring in proves conclusively that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is a remarkable remedy for those distressing feminine ills from which so many women suffer.

If you want special advice about your ease write to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

Who Are the Elect?

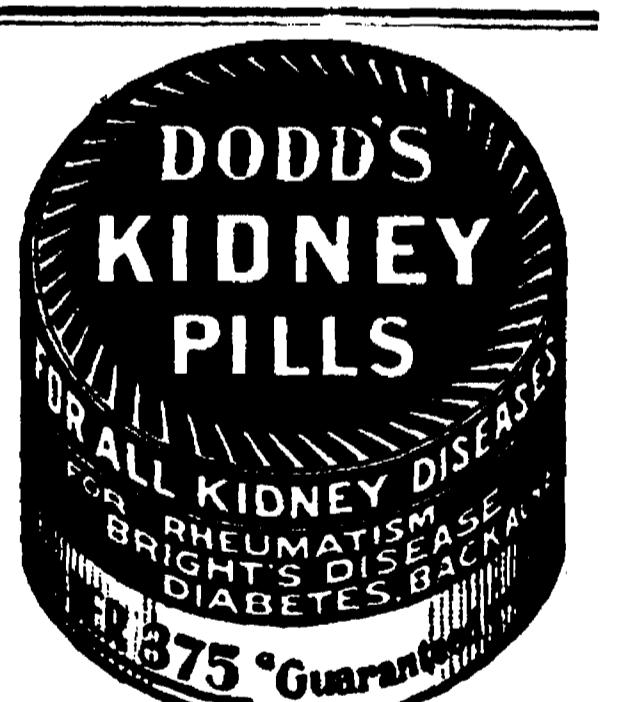
Two modern statements of the doctrine of "election," neither of which would quite satisfy John Calvin or Jonathan Edwards, are given in the Congregationalist.

One was Henry Ward Beecher's epigrammatic and convincing phrase: "The elect are whosoever will; the non-elect are whosoever won't."

Good as this is, there is another explanation that is a star of equal magnitude. It was made by a colored divine, who said: "Brethren, it is this way: The Lord, he is always voting for a man; and the devil, he is always voting against him. Then the man himself votes, and that breaks the tie!"

Unkind Husband. Mrs. Myler.—You say your husband is unkind to your pet dog?

Mrs. Styles.—Indeed he is! Why, he absolutely refuses to let Fido bite him!—Yonkers Statesman.



Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Gently but firmly con-

pel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cure Con-

stipation,

Indiges-

tion,

Sick-

Headache,

and Distress after Eating.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

GENUINE must bear signature:

Brentwood

Best for Children

PISO'S CURE

THE BEST MEDICINE FOR COUGHS & SOBS

Gives instant relief when little throats are irritated and sore. Contains no opiates and is as pleasant to take as it is effective.

All Druggists, 25 cents.

The Washington National Monument on the Banks of the Potomac.

tured from the British in the war of 1812. Gen. Washington, dressed in continental uniform, is represented as witnessing the battle of Princeton. His horse represented in this statue was modeled from one captured from a wild herd on the prairie near Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

FARM LIFE

FUTURE OF THE FLAX CROP

It Has Never Been Permanent Industry in United States and May Yet Die Out.

Flax-growing would never become a permanent industry in the United States. The farm methods have been very crude and the results irregular.

In each locality in which it has been introduced it yielded well, but later gradually failed until the grower, meeting with loss, abandoned it entirely.

It has been looked upon as a short-lived crop, suited only to new lands, and little attention has been paid to the improvement of the race or strain of the seed.

Abandoned in the eastern states, the flax crop has gradually moved westward until now it is practically making its last stand in the Dakotas and Minnesota.

The acreage of the crop for seed alone has been increased in new lands of the northwest so that the annual value of the crop of North Dakota alone is about double that of all the areas in which flax was raised for any year previous to 1890.

North Dakota now raises between 14,000,000 and 16,000,000 bushels of seed, and it sells at about an average



Samples of Flax.

of \$1 per bushel on the farm. The total seed production in the United States is from 25,000,000 to 27,000,000 bushels.

If the farmers of the northwestern states will pay more attention to this crop they will find it to be probably as profitable as any other that can be raised on their soils.

Professor H. L. Bolley, botanist of the North Dakota station, has made an exhaustive study of flax cultivation and his conclusions are that, generally speaking, the flax crop may be said to grow best in the colder parts of the temperate regions. Seed may be grown on soils under conditions similar to that of successful spring wheat cultivation, while the fiber of the crop is at present produced in the regions of heavy rains and somewhat colder, cloudy skies.

The crop also possesses other general capabilities or varieties which allow of the production of farm crops of seed flax, at least to the southern limits of winter wheat producing regions.

It has been thought that flax demands a very fertile soil, but Prof. Bolley's experiment illustrates that it is not particularly hard on the soil, in that in some parts of the Red River valley the soil is too fertile for the growth of a flax crop when atmospheric soil moisture is normal. He finds, in fact, that much better crops of wheat may be raised after flax than after wheat.

Too much moisture throughout the growth season results in weak and imperfect stems and poor seed. Severe drought in time of flowering or seed ripening is also harmful. It is necessary, therefore, to provide a type of soil which will maintain to the last sufficient supply of moisture. Supplied with subsoil mixture flax will stand very severe heating and drought.

The illustration shows several bunches of flax, all grown from the same variety of seed, sown on the same day, upon the same plot, showing the evil effects of irregular planting depths: 1. Depths of planting respectively one-half inch, one inch, one and one-half inches, two and one-half inches and three inches. 2. Crop planted evenly at one inch depth.

WINTER FEED FOR THE BEES

Where the Colony Has Not Stored Enough Honey to Last It is Well to Give Them Candy.

One of the best winter feeds, except sealed honey, for bees is plain sugar candy. If it is found that a colony of bees has not stored enough honey to keep them over winter it will be well to give them some candy for feed until blossoms come next spring.

Candy for bee feeding is made simply of sugar and water. To make it, dissolve granulated sugar in water and heat the mixture in a porcelain or granite vessel until it boils. Keep up a good steady fire, but do not scorch the syrup or it will be of no use for bee feed. Stir the mixture until all the sugar is dissolved, but cease stirring after it is all dissolved. Greatest care should be taken when the syrup is cooked nearly enough, for it is then that scorching is likely to be done.

To determine when it has boiled enough, pour some of the syrup into cold water. If it hardens so that it is brittle and will easily break into pieces by bending, it has become candy and is ready to be taken off. It is then poured into greased shallow tin pans and formed into thin cakes. The cakes will have the appearance of rock candy if the work has been done right.

When done, these candy cakes may be hung in the hive for the bees to feed upon. Some bee keepers mold the candy in the regular hive frames and suspend it in sections as the natural comb.

It may seem extravagant to feed bees on candy when they ought to have made enough honey for themselves, but some seasons it is impossible for a colony of bees to gather enough honey for a full supply, hence they perish of hunger before the coming of blossoms. Many a colony of bees dies during each winter and the wise farmer or bee keeper will see to it that each colony he keeps is well fed during the cold months. When a season of abundant honey-bearing blossoms comes the bees will pay back in riches more than a hundred fold.

CROSS-CUT SAW USED SINGLY

Excellent Device Made of Hickory Pole with One Handle—Operated by One Man.

A glance at this cross-cut saw shows the construction. Made from a small hickory pole, a trifle longer than the saw and split ends pass over the blade. Use but one handle, wind a length of strong wire around the



Single Working Saw.

curved pole to prevent its splitting farther. An excellent device where one worker only is necessary.

Quick Returns from Strawberry. The quickest of all fruits to give returns is the strawberry, and it comes in early in the season and brings in money at a time it is needed.

TACK THIS UP

Prescription That Breaks Up the Worst Cold in a Day.

Every winter this prescription is published here and thousands have been benefited by it. "Get two ounces of Glycerine and half an ounce of Concentrated Pine compound. Then get half a pint of good whiskey and put the other two ingredients into it. Take a teaspoonful to a tablespoonful of this mixture after each meal and at bed time. Shake the bottle well each time." But be sure to get only the genuine Concentrated Pine. Each half ounce bottle comes in a tin screw-top case. Any druggist has it on hand or will quickly get it from the wholesale house. Many other pine extracts are impure and cause nausea.

A Gift to Bryn Mawr.

Miss Cynthia M. Wesson of Springfield, Mass., has given \$7,000 to Bryn Mawr College. Miss Wesson, who was graduated from Bryn Mawr in 1909, was prominent in the athletic affairs of the institution, and her gift is to be expended toward the betterment of the swimming pool. All undergraduates are required to qualify as swimmers, as the exercise is one of the most popular of the college sports.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

C. H. Fletcher
Signature of
In Use For Over 30 Years.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Doubtful.

A teacher was telling a class at school on a recent Sunday about the deluge, remarking:

"And then it rained for 40 days and 40 nights."

Then a little boy asked: "Were the farmers satisfied then, miss?"—Tribits.

Down Easy.

"Golly, Mike! are you alive after falling two stories?"

"Why, that's not far. This is a 51-story building."—Judge.

\$\$\$\$ IN LIQUOR represent waste; stop drinking and you will profit. The Drink-Habit is now easily overcome with the Acme home treatment. Endorsed by physicians. Write E. Fortin, Dickey Bldg., Chicago, Ill., for free trial.

No matter what his rank or position may be, the lover of books is the richest and the happiest of the children of men.—Langford.

Great Home Eye Remedy, for all diseases of the eye, quick relief from using PETTIT'S EYE SALVE. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

It is easier for men to get on financially than it is for women to get off a car forward.

ONLY ONE "BROMO QUININE." That is LAZATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of E. W. GROVE. Used the World over to Cure a Cold in One Day. *etc.*

And a lot of good resolutions are manufactured the morning after.

HAVE YOU A COUGH, OR COLD? If so, take at once Allen's Living Balsam and watch results. Simple, safe, effective. All dealers. Proprietary—\$2.00, and \$1.00 bottles.

Too many eye-openers are apt to make a man see double.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, relieves pain, cures wild colic. 16 oz. a bottle.

Anything is wrong that is almost right.

The family that eats plenty of

Quaker Oats

is a healthy, rugged family.

The most popular food in the world because it does most and costs least.

AGENTS

WESTERN CANADA

What Prof. Shaw, the Well-Known Agricultural Expert, Says About His

Country than in the corn belt of the United States. Your market will improve faster than your land will increase in value. What can be done up to the 50th parallel (1,000 miles north of the Arctic Circle) is beyond belief. Your vacant land will be taken at a rate that is present among people in the United States alone who want homes to take up this land.

1909 produced another large crop of wheat and barley, and exports were an immense item.

Cattle raising, dairying, mixed farming and grain growing in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Free homesteads and land grants held by railroads and telegraph companies, will provide homes for millions.

Adaptable soils, healthful climate, cheap labor, good railways and churches, and great opportunities.

For settlers' rates, descriptive literature, "Last Best West," how to get land, etc., send to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the Canadian Government Agent.

M. V. Nichols, 170 Jefferson Ave., Detroit; or C. A. Lester, Scott St. Marie, Mich. (Use address nearest you.)

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Cattle raising, d

member the Name
Hill's Variety Store

The place to buy 5 and 10 cent goods. China, Crockery, Hardware, Dry Goods, Ladies and Gents Furnishings, etc., at prices less than can be found elsewhere.

Come and Let Us Prove It

Large Assortment of Lamps
25c to 50c Complete

V. E. HILL,
Howell, Michigan
Next to Johnsons Drug Store

Business Pointers.

FOR SALE.

House, barn and $\frac{1}{2}$ acres of land in the village of Pinckney.
t 9 Chas. Eldert.

FOR SALE.

My house, lot and barn in Pinckney also a piece of land and a few hundred cement blocks. E. J. Briggs.

Detroit Times and Michigan Farmer 1 year \$2.50 Geo. McQuade

Michigan Farmer 3 years \$1.50 5 years \$2.00, and lock stitch sewing awl. Address Geo. McQuade, Pinckney or Brighton.

Geo. McQuade will represent Times and Michigan Farmer at County Institute, Howell this week.

For 15 years Dr. LeRoy Lewis, the expert Ann Arbor optician, has made regular visits each month to Stockbridge, Howell and Fowlerville, and has a large patronage in those towns. Next Monday he will be in Pinckney at parlors of the Hotel. Eyes tested by the new method—prices reasonable.

FOR SALE

Good driving horse. Age, 8 years. Inquire of Mrs. James Storey, Home phone 784 Dexter, Mich. t 9

For Sale

Scotch collie pups, farm reared. Bred for business. K. H. WHEELER, Dexter, Mich. 4 miles south of Pinckney t 9

FOR SALE.

8 months old colt. Quantity of corn. I. J. Abbott t 18

NOTICE

Don't be afraid to place your order for Michigan Farmer or Detroit Times with Geo McQuade.

FOR SALE.

My house, barn and two lots, also 14 acres in the village of Pinckney. t 7 W. H. Harris.

If you want your eyes tested by the latest scientific methods, call next Monday and I will show you the finest array of modern optical instruments used by myself for testing the eyes. No charge for examination. Call and be convinced that my methods of testing the eyes are better than any you have yet had used. At parlors of Hotel, Pinckney, next Monday. Dr. LeRoy Lewis.

BUSINESS CARDS.

M. F. SIGLER M.D. C. L. SIGLER M.D.
DRS. SIGLER & SIGLER,
Physicians and Surgeons. All calls promptly
attended to day or night. Office on Main street
Pinckney, Mich.

**E. W. DANIELS,
GENERAL AUCTIONEER.**

Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at DISPATCH Office or address Gregory, Mich. r. f. d. 2. Lyndale phone connection. Auction bills and tin cups furnished.

**J. W. BIRD
PRACTICAL AUCTIONEER**

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

For information, call at the Pinckney DISPATCH office. Auction Bills Free Bell and Webster Rr. Phone Arrangements made for sale by phone at my expense. Oct 07 Address. Dexter, Michigan

WEST PUTNAM.

P. Kennedy was in Howell Tuesday. Fred Landau was in Chelsea Tuesday. Wellington White spent Saturday and Sunday in Hamburg.

Bart VanBlaricum transacted business in Hudson the first of the week.

Harry Moore and wife of Flint are spending the week at Bert VanBlaricum.

Will Cooper was called to Jackson last week by the serious illness of his brother.

Mary E. Doyle spent a couple of days last week with her grandmother near Gregory.

SOUTH IOSCO.

Edna Ward is very ill with tonsilitis. Miss Sadie Ward is visiting her parents at present.

Geo. Nowlen is suffering a severe attack of the grippe.

Miss Elva Caskey spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. William Caskey.

Millie VanKeuren returned home Friday after spending some time with her friend Edna Foster.

About thirty of the friends of Mr. and Mrs. Glen VanGorder gave them a kitchen shower at the home of Albert Ward Monday evening. They received many useful presents. Light refreshments were served after which the guests departed with the best wishes for Mr. and Mrs. VanGorder.

Sunday afternoon three ladies and a gentleman of Howell were returning home when on account of snow drifts, their cutter was overturned, frightening the horses, causing them to run and dragging one of the ladies some distance. She was not injured but too frightened to go farther so she remained at William Caskeys and returned home the next day by rail.

PLAINFIELD.

June Sales has sold his farm to Mr. Donahue.

Claude Stowe of Iosco is working for Orla Jacobs.

Dinner parties are raging here at present at the rate of two a day.

Mrs. Julia McGee and Irene Boyce were on the sick list the past week.

Will Wood and wife spent a part of last week with their son in Detroit.

The L. A. S. have a chicken pie dinner at the hall Friday Feb. 18th to which all are invited.

Remember the date of the Drama is Wednesday and Thursday Feb. 23 and 24. Admission 25c, children under 12 years 15 cents. Tickets on sale Feb. 18 and seats reserved free of charge.

WEST MARION.

V. G. Dinkel was in Fowlerville Friday. Will White lost a valuable horse this week.

Clyde Kine was in Howell on business Saturday.

Percy Daley spent the last of the week in Howell.

Little Nellie Smith is visiting her aunt, Mrs. W. H. Bland.

Mrs. Kit Brogan visited Ella Mae Farley the last of last week.

V. G. Dinkel and wife visited their son John in Pinckney, Sunday.

John Gardner attended the school directors meeting at Howell Tuesday.

Gladys Dalay and Ray Newcomb of Howell spent Sunday at John Gardner's.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Brogan and Mr. and Mrs. Max Ledwidge spent Sunday at Chris Brogans.

The Misses Eva Bocking and Beulah Burgesq dined with Mrs. R. M. Glenn last Saturday.

Guy and Edna Abbott attended the play by the Juniors of the H. H. S. at Howell Friday evening.

CHILSON

Floyd Mattis is our new operator.

Mrs. Spicer is again confined to her room.

Miss Freda Dammann is somewhat improved in health.

Roy Spicer has left the milk wagon for position in Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Sopp are entertaining friends from Mason.

Henry Barton and family are nicely settled in the Ellen Jarvis house.

A. L. Smith and family spent Sunday at the home of Clarence Stackable.

F. Mattis and family are stopping for the present with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Oswald.

B. T. Gartrell has hired Peter Mangels for the coming year and the family is settled in the tenant house.

After Tuesday of this week the mail carriers may see loose pennies in the mail box and leave them there.

Last Friday evening a merry sleigh load left this place for a social hop in an adjoining town, returned Saturday morning at 8 o'clock sharp. Pretty late.

NORTH HAMBURG.

Miss Mae VanFleet is visiting at Mrs. Geo. Barnard's in Genoa.

Albert Reed and Miss Fannie Swarthout are having the grippe for a change.

The Aid at Mrs. Henry Schoenhals Thursday was largely attended. The society presented Mrs. S. with a handsome library table.

Geo. Arnold and wife, of Marbars, N. D.; C. Dorn and wife of Morris, Shiawassee Co., were guests of Mrs. Angeline Kice a part of last week.

SOUTH GREGORY.

Kenneth Kuhn was home last week.

Little Ivan Bates is on the sick list.

Myra Marshall is ill at this writing.

John Hefferman was better at last reports.

Sam Denton and family visited at Mrs. Whiterore's Sunday.

Mrs. L. R. Williams visited Mrs. Bettie Marshall last Thursday.

Sam Denton attended the M. E. church at Unadilla last Sunday.

Mrs. L. Bearly, and son Delbert, called on Frank Ovitt last Friday.

Last Wednesday Mary Kuhn had the misfortune to fall and break her wrist.

L. R. Williams is carrying the mail as Frank Ovitt is better but not able to be out yet.

Mrs. Johnson's daughter Ella, of Detroit, visited under the parental roof over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Cobb visited her people a few days the past week, also called on friends here.

Mrs. D. Coste of Detroit, visited her brother Harrison Bates, and called on her friends here the past week.

Mrs. Whitehead and family, Mrs. Bates two daughters and son, and I. C. Williams attended the box social at Unadilla last Wednesday evening and report a good time.

Cong'l Church Notes

The usual service Sunday morning, subject, Jesus. Union service in the evening. Viola Peters leads the young people's meeting. It is the wish of the leader to make this a praise service and everybody is invited to take part in the song service.

The following were received into full membership; Mrs. C. E. Baughn Mrs. Lucy Louise Wilcox, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Flintoff, Herman Swarthout and Miss Blanche Martin.

Church Notes

The services Sunday morning and evening were largely attended. In the evening there was a large chorus choir that assisted and Rev. Gates preached an excellent sermon. The Union services next Sunday evening will be held at the Cong'l church and Rev. Exley will preach.

The remainder of the week's services will be conducted by the respective churches and all are invited.

School Notes

Watch for more about the Play being prepared by the Seniors.

Mae Haase visited in the Intermediate room the first of the week.

Valentine day was observed in the Primary and Intermediate rooms Monday afternoon by having valentine boxes.

The English I Class has begun "As you like it," and the English II class, "Idylls of the King."

Florence Reason was a visitor at the school Monday.

Miss Bentham announces that from now on "Inches will be taken off the program."

Last Friday the 2nd and 3rd grades wrote Lincoln stories.

Mr. Devereaux spent the last of last week in Howell.

The 3rd grade are drawing canoes this week. Donald Sigler brought a fine model.

Leo Lavey and Chas. Kennedy visited High School Monday.

Some fine quotations were given by the English II class Tuesday morning and the English I class are billed next.

Mrs. G. W. Teeple attended the Lincoln exercises in the High School last Friday morning.

CASH PAID

For

CREAM

We have established a Cream Station at

PINCKNEY

Amos Clinton, our Representative, will be there

EVERY FRIDAY OF EACH WEEK

To receive and Pay Cash for Cream

You can bring your cream and see it weighed sampled and tested, and receive your cash on the spot. WHAT CAN BE ANY FAIRER OR MORE SATISFACTORY?

American Farm Products Co.

Owosso, Mich.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Probate Court for the County of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 18th day of February A. D. 1910. Present, Arthur A. Montague Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of William Grissom, deceased.

J. L. Kishy having filed in said court his final account as administrator of said estate and his petition praying for the allowance thereof. It is ordered that Friday the 11th day of March A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county. ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN: The Probate Court for the County of Livingston.

At a session of said court held at the Probate office in the village of Howell, in said county, on the 12th day of February A. D. 1910. Present, Hon. Arthur A. Montague, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of MARY L. RICHMOND, deceased.

George L. Richmond having filed in said court his petition praying that the administration of said estate, be granted to himself or to some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 11th day of March A. D. 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in the PINCKNEY DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county. ARTHUR A. MONTAGUE, Judge of Probate.

To Whom it May Concern.

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