

Pinckney Dispatch

Vol. XXX

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, August 15, 1912

No. 33

Who's Your Tailor?

At a price that is neither too high nor too low for woollens that are high grade, workmanship that is honest, and fashions that are correct in every respect, over 250,000 particular dressers find a satisfactory answer to this question every year by having us make their clothes to individual orders.

We have always catered to the requirements of men who demand the greatest degree of satisfaction that can be obtained for the money, and in our determination to "deliver the goods" we have attained the recognized position of

**Largest Tailors in the World of GOOD
Made-To-Order Clothes**

That is why we are able to show in our book, at unattachable prices, the picked patterns of the world's best loom, including many styles that will not be seen anywhere else; why we can save you from one-third to one-half ordinary tailors' prices, and why the clothes we make expressly for you will give you absolute satisfaction in every sense of the word.

Ed. Y. Price & Co.

Represented By

W. W. BARNARD

Now is the Time

To see about putting in that New Furnace, or to have that old one repaired. Do not wait until cold weather is here and then want it in a minute. Now is the time, don't delay. Call and see us and get our prices.

Hot Weather Goods

We have an assortment of Gasoline and Oil Stoves, Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Porch and Lawn Swings, Hammocks, Croquet Sets, Etc.

We have everything in Paints and Oils.

TEEPLE HARDWARE COMPANY

SODA WATER UNHEALTHY?

NOT AT ALL

The big medical books--The U. S. and the National Dispensatories--say that it is a grateful drink to feverish patients, lessening nausea or distress of the stomach. Always thirst far better than water alone, and the quantity taken need only be regulated by the reasonable wishes of the patient.

That Ought to Settle It

If a sick person can be allowed to drink it as desired a well person certainly has the same privilege.

Our Soda Water is just right; Ice Cold and flavored with the Finest Fruit Juice

We charge our own fountains and use nothing but pure, clean well water

Headquarters For Magazines

BROWN'S DRUG STORE

Pinckney, Mich.

The St. Mary's Picnic

People of Pinckney and surrounding localities always look forward with pleasure to the St. Mary's annual picnic. A fine time is always expected and this year was no exception to the general rule. Weather conditions were unusually good. Yes, so was the big dinner at noon. The ladies are to be complimented on their excellent menu.

The speeches began with Fr. M. Comerford of Flint as toastmaster for the occasion. George Burke Prosecuting Attorney of Wash-tenaw Co., A. D. Thompson and Richard D. Roche both of Howell were called upon each giving an interesting talk and were enthusiastically cheered at the close of their remarks.

The North Lake Band was right there every minute to keep everybody in a joyful mood with their music.

There were 635 meal tickets sold and doubtless many more might have been disposed of had everyone arrived in time for dinner.

Take it all in all the picnic was one glorious success and netted the society close to \$500

Of the ball game the least said the better. It was Pinckney's first game this year while Stock-bridge has been averaging two or three games a week since the season started. Ledwidge started on the slab for Pinckney but was in poor form from lack of practise, having no control and being hit freely. His support was also far from perfect. He was relieved by Bravender in the fifth but before this gentleman could get settled Stockbridge pushed across eight more counters. This ended their scoring as they were unable to hit Bravender in the last four innings. Pinckney scored her first run in the third on singles by Lavey Bros. and Ledwidge and their last in the sixth on Ledwidge's double, A. Lavey's out at first and Manning's sacrifice fly. White's fielding featured for Pinckney and the all around work of Hollis for Stockbridge, that individual getting a double and two singles in five trips to the plate and also robbing White of a hit by a remarkable shoestring catch.

PINCKNEY

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
L. Lavey, c.f.	4	1	2	5	3	0
Ledwidge, p.m.	4	1	2	0	1	1
A. Lavey, s.	4	0	2	0	5	3
Manning, r.f.	3	0	0	1	1	1
R. Moran, 2.	4	0	1	3	1	0
H. Swarthout, 3.	4	0	0	1	3	3
Cadwell, l.b.	4	0	0	9	0	0
White, i.f.	5	0	0	7	0	0
Bravender, m.p.	3	0	0	1	0	1
Totals	35	2	7	27	14	9

STOCKBRIDGE

	AB	R	H	O	A	E
P. Dancer, 2.	5	2	2	2	1	0
Marshall, s.	2	2	0	0	3	1
Ostrander, m.	4	2	2	1	0	1
H. Dancer, 3.	5	2	1	2	4	0
Berry, c.	4	3	2	12	1	0
Standish, p.	6	1	0	0	1	0
Hollis, l.	5	2	3	2	0	0
Farmer, l.b.	6	1	1	8	0	0
Moffat, r.f.	5	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	42	18	11	27	10	2

Score by innings

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	R	H
Pinckney	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	7	
Stockbridge	0	7	0	1	9	0	0	0	0	16	11

Hits off Ledwidge 7 in 4 1-3 innings, off Bravender 4 in 4 3-4 innings. 2 base hit Ledwidge, Hollis. Sacrifice fly Manning, Hollis. Stolen bases A. Lavey, Moran 2 Hollis, Standish. Left on bases Stock-bridge 7, Pinckney 4. Bases on balls, off Ledwidge 4, off Bravender 2, off Standish 1. Hit by pitched ball, Marshall 2, Berry by Ledwidge, Ostrander by Bravender. Struck out by Ledwidge 2, by Bravender 5 by Standish 12. Umpire, Jack Monks and Gurn Dancer.

The dance given in the evening was attended by over one hundred couple. Music was furnished by Fisher's Orchestra and a pleasant time was reported by all.

Our Offer

The Dispatch and Detroit Daily Journal 1 Year for \$3.25.

Country newspapers have been unable to offer their subscribers any clubbing rates with Detroit dailies for five years, owing to an agreement entered into at that time by those papers. Now however we have just received word from the Detroit Journal that the policy of that paper has been changed and we are authorized to make the following offer.

The Dispatch and Daily Journal both one year for \$3.25. Those of our readers who wish to take advantage of this offer should do so at once as it may soon be withdrawn.

Johnathan Davis

Johnathan Davis was born at Tyrone, Stuben County N. Y. October 10, 1829 and died August 10, 1912 aged 82 years, 9 months and 30 days. He was the son of James and Esther Davis and came with his father's family to Michigan in 1836. All his early years were spent in Livingston County. Later he resided in Boscobel, Wisconsin for some time, but at the last returned to this state and passed peacefully away in Marion Township on Friday evening last. Interment in Pinckney cemetery, services conducted by Rev. A. Balgooyan.

Caverly-Burdick

Married in Howell, Saturday August tenth, Mr. R. W. Caverly of Pinckney and Miss Cora Burdick of Howell, Rev. Littlejohn officiating.

Why yes; Certainly: Of course there will be mistakes this week in the paper, as well as in "the bread that mother used to make."

A. M. Roche, familiarly known here in Pinckney as the genial partner of W. E. Murphy has purchased a line of general merchandise of L. E. Smith of Parshallville and expects to open up his business there the latter part of next week. Mr. Roche's many friends here wish him the best of success in his new place of business.

A Hammock? -

These summer days a hammock is a cool and comfortable place to rest no matter how hot the weather may be. You can't pass a long, hot summer day more pleasantly than in a hammock. You will enjoy a half hour of quiet repose after lunch, or an afternoon spent with a magazine or good book.

But the hammock must be well made—it must be correctly proportioned and stoutly woven—it must not be the kind that sags and goes to pieces and hangs uneven. We handle the hammocks that experience has taught us to be of the finest make and they are marked at prices that will add pleasure to your leisure hours.

**Anything You Want in
Hardware,
and Farm Machinery**

THE HOME OF GOOD GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES

Dinkel & Dunbar

Special REDUCTION ON HATS

Rather than carry any Summer Hats over we will sell at a 25 per cent discount all hats now in stock. This means that you can buy a

\$1.00 HAT FOR	75 CENTS
\$1.25 HAT FOR	94 CENTS
\$1.50 HAT FOR	\$1.13
\$1.75 HAT FOR	\$1.32
\$2.00 HAT FOR	\$1.50

With the season only half gone this offer should appeal to many.

We have Mason and Economy Fruit Jars and supplies on hand. Pure Cider Vinegar for pickling. Large and complete assortment of Cookies from National Biscuit Co., always on hand.

MONKS BROTHERS

Your Trade is Our Object, Your Pleasure, Our Desire

And your presence in our store, our delight. To sum it all up in a few words, we want your business, and are now in shape to handle it in a most satisfactory manner.

OUR MOTTO:

Best Quality

Lowest Prices

Our stock of Summer Underwear, Dress Shirts, Work Shirts and Overalls was never more complete and the eagerness with which they are sought convinces us that our prices are the lowest.

SATURDAY SPECIALS

Mens 10c Work Socks, per pr. 6c 4 pkgs. Premium Corn Flakes for 25c
A few 50c Dress Shirts, (size 15 1/2 only) for 33c

Just Received--Fresh Canned Goods, Candles and Fruits

Murphy & Jackson

WILSON ACCEPTS THE NOMINATION

He Told by Committee He Is Party's Choice for President.

GIVES HIS IDEAS ON ISSUES

Declares Coming Campaign Is Unusual One and That Candidates Must Face Awakened Nation on Many Important Problems.

Sea Girt, N. J., Aug. 7.—Woodrow Wilson was today officially notified that he had been nominated by the Democratic party as their candidate for president. The speech of notification was delivered by Ollie James, chairman of the notification committee.

In reply Governor Wilson, after thanking the committee, commented on the unusual nature of the coming campaign in which the candidates must address an awakened nation, impatient of partisan make-believe and never more susceptible to selfish appeals or to the high arguments of sincere justice. The forces of the nation, he said, are asserting themselves against every form of special privilege and private control, and are seeking bigger things than they have ever heretofore achieved.

Two Great Things to Do. "How do we expect to handle each of the great matters that must be taken up by the next congress and the next administration?" said Mr. Wilson, and he answered his own query as follows:

What is there to do? It is hard to sum the great task up, but apparently this is the sum of the matter: There are two great things to do. One is to set up the rule of justice and of right in such matters as the tariff, the regulation of the trusts and the prevention of monopoly, the adaptation of our banking and currency laws to the varied uses to which our people must put them, the treatment of those who do the daily labor in our factories and mines throughout all our great industrial and commercial undertakings, and the political life of the people of the Philippines, for whom we hold governmental power in trust, for their service, not our own. The other, the additional duty is the great task of protecting our people and our resources and of keeping open to the whole people the doors of opportunity through which they must, generation by generation, pass if they are to make conquest of their fortunes in health, in freedom, in peace, and in contentment. In the performance of this second great duty we are face to face with questions of conservation and of development, questions of forests and water powers and mines and water ways, of the building of an adequate merchant marine, and the opening of every highway and facility and the setting up of every safeguard needed by a great industrial, expanding nation.

These are all great matters upon which everybody should be heard. We have got into trouble in recent years chiefly because these large things, which ought to have been handled by taking counsel with as large a number of persons as possible, because they touched every interest and the life of every class and region, have in fact been too often handled in private conference. Our difficulty is not that wicked and designing men have plotted against us, but that our common affairs have been determined upon too narrow a view, and by too private an initiative. Our task now is to effect a great readjustment and get the forces of the whole people once more into play. We need no revolution; we need no excited change; we need only a new point of view and a new method and spirit of counsel.

We are servants of the people, the whole people. The nation has been unnecessarily, unreasonably at war within itself. Interest has clashed with interest when there were common principles of right and of fair dealing which might and should have bound them all together, not as rivals, but as partners. As the servants of all, we are bound to undertake the great duty of accommodation and adjustment.

Revision of the Tariff. Coming to the tariff question, the governor said the schedules "have been made up for the purpose of keeping as large a number as possible of the rich and influential manufacturers of the country in a good humor with the Republican party, which desired their constant financial support. The tariff has become a system of favors, which the phraseology of the schedule was often deliberately contrived to conceal."

Reasserting the Democratic conviction that the only legitimate object of tariff duties is to raise revenue for the support of the government, he continued:

There should be an immediate revision, and it should be downward, unhesitatingly and steadily downward. It should begin with the schedules which have been most obviously used to kill competition and to raise prices in the United States, arbitrarily and without regard to the markets of the world; and it should, before it is finished, be extended to every item in which a monopoly, which affords any opportunity for special advantage to limited groups of beneficiaries, or for subsidized control of any kind in the markets or the enter-

prises of the country; until special favors of every sort have been absolutely withdrawn and every part of our laws of taxation shall have been transformed from a system of governmental patronage into a system of just and reasonable charges which shall fall where they will create the least burden. When we shall have done that, we can fix questions of revenue and of business adjustment in a new spirit and with clear minds. We shall then be partners with all the business men of the country, and a day of freer, more stable prosperity shall have dawned.

Control of the Trusts. The governor spoke of how recent investigations have revealed the connection between the tariff and the movement of prices, and this brought him to the subject of trusts, concerning which he said in part:

I am not one of those who think that competition can be established by law against the drift of a worldwide economic tendency; neither am I one of those who believe that business done upon a great scale by a single organization—call it corporation, or what you will—is necessarily dangerous to the liberties, even the economic liberties, of a great people like our own, full of intelligence and of indomitable energy. I am not afraid of anything that is normal. I dare say we shall never return to the old order of individual competition, and that the organization of business upon a great scale of co-operation is, up to a certain point, itself normal and inevitable.

Power in the hands of great business men does not make me apprehensive, unless it springs out of advantages which they have not created for themselves. Big business is not dangerous because it is big, but because its bigness is an unwholesome inflation created by privileges and exemptions which it ought not to enjoy. While competition cannot be created by statutory enactment, it can in large measure be revived by changing the laws and forbidding the practices that killed it, and by enacting laws that will give it heart and occasion again. We can arrest and prevent monopoly. It has assumed new shapes and adopted new processes in our time, but these are now being disclosed and can be dealt with.

Concentration of Credit.

But the problem and the difficulty are much greater than that. There are not merely great trusts and combinations which are to be controlled and deprived of their power to create monopolies and destroy rivals; there is something bigger still than they are and more subtle, more evasive, more difficult to deal with. There are vast confederacies (as I may perhaps call them for the sake of convenience) of banks, railways, express companies, insurance companies, manufacturing corporations, mining corporations, power and development companies and all the rest of the circle, bound together by the fact that the ownership of their stock and the members of their boards of directors are controlled and determined by comparatively small and closely inter-related groups of persons who, by their informal confederacy, may control, if they please and when they will, both credit and enterprise.

There is nothing illegal about these confederacies, so far as I can perceive. They have come about very naturally, generally without plan or deliberation, rather because there was so much money to be invested and it was in the hands, at great financial centers, of men acquainted with one another and intimately associated in business, than because anyone had conceived and was carrying out a plan of general control; but they are none the less potent a force in our economic and financial system on that account. They are part of our problem. Their very existence gives rise to the suspicion of a "money trust," a concentration of the control of credit which may at any time become infinitely dangerous to free enterprise. If such a concentration and control does not actually exist, it is evident that it can easily be set up and used at will. Laws must be devised which will prevent this, if laws can be worked out by fair and free counsel that will accomplish that result without destroying or seriously embarrassing any sound or legitimate business undertaking or necessary and wholesome arrangement.

Question of Conservation. Of conservation and allied matters Governor Wilson said:

I do not know any greater question than that of conservation. We have been a spendthrift nation and must now husband what we have left. We must do more than that. We must develop, as well as preserve, our water powers and must add great waterways to the transportation facilities of the nation, to supplement the railways within our borders as well as upon the Isthmus. We must revive our merchant marine, too, and fill the seas again with our own fleets. We must add to our present postoffice service a parcels post as complete as that of any other nation. We must look to the health of our people upon every hand, as well as hearten them with justice and opportunity.

There are many ideas to these great matters. Conservation is easy to generalize about, but hard to particularize about wisely. Reservation is not the whole conservation. Development of great states must not be stayed indefinitely to await a policy by which our forests and water powers can prudently be made use of. Use and development must go hand in hand. The policy we adopt must be progressive, not negative, merely, as if we did not know what to do. With regard to the development of greater and more numerous waterways and the building-up of a mer-

chant marine, we must follow great constructive lines and not fall back upon the cheap device of bounties and subsidies. In the case of the Mississippi river, that great central artery of our trade, it is plain that the federal government must build and maintain the levees and keep the great waters in harness for the general use. It is plain, too, that vast sums of money must be spent to develop new waterways where trade will be most served and transportation most readily cheapened by them. Such expenditures are no largess on the part of the government; they are national investments.

Merchant Marine.

The question of a merchant marine turns back to the tariff again, to which all roads seem to lead, and to our registry laws, which, if coupled with the tariff, might almost be supposed to have been intended to take the American flag off the seas. Bounties are not necessary, if you will but undo some of the things that have been done. Without a great merchant marine we cannot take our rightful place in the commerce of the world. Merchants who must depend upon the carriers of rival mercantile nations to carry their goods to market are at a disadvantage in international trade too manifest to need to be pointed out; and our merchants will not long suffer themselves—ought not to suffer themselves—to be placed at such a disadvantage. Our industries have expanded to such a point that they will burst their jackets, if they cannot find a free outlet to the markets of the world; and they cannot find such an outlet unless they are given ships of their own to carry their goods—ships that will go the routes they want them to go—and perfer the interests of America in their sailing orders and their equipment. Our domestic markets no longer suffice. We need foreign markets. That is another force that is going to break the tariff down. The tariff was once a bulwark; now it is a dam. For trade is reciprocal; we cannot sell unless we also buy.

The very fact that we have at last taken the Panama canal seriously in hand and are vigorously pushing it towards completion is eloquent of our re-awakened interest in international trade. We are not building the canal and pouring out million upon million of money upon its construction merely to establish a water connection between the two coasts of the continent, important and desirable as that may be, particularly from the point of view of naval defense. It is meant to be a great international highway. It would be a little ridiculous if we should build it and then have no ships to send through it. There have been years when not a single ton of freight passed through the great Suez canal in an American bottom, so empty are the seas of our ships and seamen. We must mean to put an end to that kind of thing or we would not be cutting a new canal at our very doors merely for the use of our men-of-war. We shall not manage the revival by the mere paltry device of tolls. We must build and buy ships in competition with the world. We can do it if we will but give ourselves leave.

There is another duty which the Democratic party has shown itself great enough and close enough to the people to perceive, the duty of government to share in promoting agricultural, industrial, vocational education in every way possible within its constitutional powers. No other platform has given this intimate vision of a party's duty.

Free to Serve the People.

In concluding the governor said: A presidential campaign may easily degenerate into a mere personal contest and so lose its real dignity and significance. There is no indispensable man. The government will not collapse and go to pieces if any one of the gentlemen who are seeking to be entrusted with its guidance should be left at home. But men are instruments. We are as important as the cause we represent, and in order to be important must really represent a cause. What is our cause? The people's cause? That is easy to say, but what does it mean? The common as against any particular interest whatever? Yes, but that, too, needs translation into acts and policies. We represent the desire to set up an unentangled government, a government that cannot be used for private purposes, either in the field of business or in the field of politics; a government that will not tolerate the use of the organization of a great party to serve the personal aims and ambitions of any individual, and that will not permit legislation to be employed to further any private interest. It is a great conception, but I am free to serve it, as you also are. I could not have accepted a nomination which left me bound to any man or any group of men. No man can be just who is not free; and no man who has to show favors ought to undertake the solemn responsibility of government in any rank or post whatever, least of all in the supreme post of president of the United States.

To be free it is not necessarily to be wise. But wisdom comes with counsel, with the frank and free conference of untrammelled men united in the common interest. Should I be entrusted with the great office of president, I would seek counsel wherever it could be had upon free terms; I know the temper of the great convention which nominated me; I know the temper of the country that lay back of that convention and spoke through it. I need with deep thankfulness the message you bring me from it. I feel that I am surrounded by men whose principles and ambitions are those of true servants of the people. I thank God, and will take courage.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT'S "CONFESSION OF FAITH"

COLONEL ANNOUNCES LONG LIST OF RADICAL PLANKS FOR NEW PROGRESSIVE PARTY.

Leader of New Movement in Record Speech Calls for Short Ballot, Short Hours, Age Pensions, Woman's Suffrage and Other Reforms.

Theodore Roosevelt made his "confession of faith" to the National Progressive convention in Chicago Tuesday.

The former president struck out boldly into new ground, advocating measures which he said frankly would be denounced as either socialism or anarchy. The delegates listened to his speech with the understanding that they must either adopt a platform substantially in consonance with his views or look elsewhere for a nominee for the presidency.

The convention was called to order for Tuesday's session at 12:30, the delegates having been slow to arrive. Chairman Beveridge introduced Col. Roosevelt, and when cheering had ceased he immediately began his two-hour declaration of principles.

These are the conspicuous points in the Roosevelt program: Recall of judicial decisions, as first advocated by Col. Roosevelt in the spring campaign, and for which he was subjected to wide criticism. Col. Roosevelt now advocates its extension to apply to federal as well as state courts. He favors the establishment of machinery to make easier of amendment both the national and state constitutions, especially with the view of prompt action on certain judicial decisions.

Use of the government to assist workmen to become part owners of the business in which they are employed. The government system should be shaped so that "the public servant, when he cannot conscientiously carry out the wishes of the people, shall at their desire leave his office and not misrepresent them in office."

Wield Alter System of Government.

Col. Roosevelt did not suggest the method by which he would bring this about, and there was much speculation as to whether he had in mind a fundamental change in the American system of government. In some quarters it was interpreted as a declaration in favor of extension of the recall to include legislative, executive and judicial officers of the national government, from the president down.

Control of the trusts through retention of the Sherman anti-trust law and establishment of an interstate industrial commission to regulate corporations which come voluntarily under this commission and obey its orders to be immune from prosecution under the Sherman law. Those which fail to do so to be subject to prosecution, and if the prosecution is successful, thorough dismemberment, the constituent parts not to be allowed to do business save under conditions laid down by the industrial commission. Conditions determining monopoly prices to be controlled where these concerns deal with the necessities of life.

Adoption of a number of measures to secure "social and industrial justice to the wage workers."

Plan for Industrial Justice.

Included in the list are establishment by law immediately of minimum wage scales for women, minimum wage commissions to fix standards of wages for all workers, old age pensions, a living wage, which Col. Roosevelt defines as an amount sufficient to provide for education, recreation, care for immature members of the family, maintenance of the family during sickness, and accumulation of reasonable savings for old age; prohibition of night labor for women and children, eight-hour shifts for workmen in industries in which men are employed 24 hours a day; national and state workmen's compensation laws, guarantee by law of one day's rest in every seven, old age insurance and insurance against sickness, invalidism and involuntary employment, the cost of such insurance to be distributed among employer, employee and perhaps the people at large.

Legislation to increase popular control over governmental agencies, including a national law for presidential primaries, election of U. S. senators by direct vote, the short ballot, corrupt practices acts applying to primaries, as well as elections, qualified adoption of the initiative, referendum and recall.

Woman's suffrage.

Strengthening of the pure food law.

Establishment of a national health department. Creation of a permanent tariff commission to study the effects of protection and the relations of the tariff to labor. Col. Roosevelt declared against blanket revisions of the tariff, saying that changes should be made schedule by schedule.

Cost of Living Remedy.

Measures to relieve the high cost of living, among which are suggested elimination of the middle man, legislation to stop speculation which inflates prices, assistance of the farmer by state and national government, one of improved business methods, good roads, reclamation of arid and swamp lands and an expert examination into any tariff schedule which seems to increase the cost of living.

Development by the federal government of the Mississippi river as a deep waterway, by use of the plant employed on the Panama canal upon completion of the canal.

Fortification of the Panama canal. Free passage through the canal for coastwise traffic and imposition of equal tolls for all other ships of whatever nation.

Navy to be built up steadily until reduction of armaments is made possible by international agreement.

Col. Roosevelt denounced the Republican and Democratic parties as "hunks, with no real soul in either," and as "boss-ridden and privileged controlled." He asserted that the chief concern of the "privileged interests" was to defeat the new party and that they cared little whether they beat it with President Taft or Woodrow Wilson, regarding the difference between them as trivial.

"I hope we shall win," he said, "and I believe if we can wake the people to what the fight really means that we shall win."

COMPARISON OF PLATFORMS.

Planks Not Found in Other Platforms, But Favored by Roosevelt.

Recall of all public servants (taken to mean legislators, president and judges).

Extension of recall of judicial decisions even to federal courts.

Make amendment to assist the workman to become a part owner of business of his employer.

National control of all trusts dealing in necessities of life.

Minimum wage for women workers. Enforce a living wage.

Old age pensions.

Bar women and children from all night labor.

Extend eight-hour day.

Enforce one day's rest in every seven.

Governmental insurance against sickness and non-employment.

Minimum wage scale to fix standard of wages for all workers.

Short ballot.

Restricted initiative and referendum and recall.

Woman's suffrage.

Eliminate commission men and other middlemen as one cause of high cost of living.

Connect Gulf of Mexico with Lake Michigan by making Mississippi river a deep waterway for big ships.

Authorities at the Ingham county jail in Mackinac have been ordered to remedy conditions at the institution or the state will close it. The jail is held to be unsafe.

Because the demand for labor in Saginaw was too great and there was no unemployed to enlist, the navy recruiting office, which has been operated in the federal building, for several years, will be discontinued October 1 and moved temporarily to Bay City. Chief Quartermaster C. V. Kinney has been in charge of the local office, which has been a disappointment.

A rich vein of ore has been uncovered in the Tilden mine, near Bessemer, property of the steel trust, at a 2,000-foot level. It is thought it is a continuation of the Pats mine strike adjoining.

A new kind of intoxicating liquor has been discovered in Missouri. At the bottom of every silo is discovered a liquor produced by the fermentation of the sludge. It is similar to ordinary corn whisky before being distilled. While it is not expected to become fashionable at city bars the liquor is pronounced good consideration its cost.

Planks in Other Party Platforms That Are Favored by T. R.

Retain Sherman anti-trust law and create industrial commission to regulate big corporations doing interstate business.

Eight-hour day.

Workmen's compensation.

Presidential primaries.

Direct election of United States senators.

Corrupt practice act for primaries and elections.

National health bureau.

Tariff commission.

Piece-meal revision of tariff.

Protective tariff.

Abolish speculation in necessities of life.

Governmental encouragement of agriculture; assistance for farmer.

Good roads.

Reclamation of arid and swamp lands.

Mississippi river improvement by United States government.

Fortification of Panama canal.

Free toll for coastwise ships through Panama canal.

Adequate navy.



That's the kind—Libby's—There isn't another sliced dried beef like it. Good? It's the inside cut of the finest beef sliced to wafer thinness.

Libby's Sliced Dried Beef

stands supreme. The tasty dishes one can make with it are almost numberless. Let's see! There's creamed dried beef, and—but just try it. Then you'll know!

Always Insist on Libby's

Don't accept "just as good." From relish to roast, from condiment to conserve, the quality of Libby's Ready-to-Serve Foods is always superior. And they don't cost one whit more than the ordinary kinds.

Put up in sterilized glass or tin containers

At Every Grocer

Libby, McNeill & Libby

Chicago



Lives on it.

Margaret—They say that Mrs. Baker makes a fortune out of a cure for obesity. Katharine—Yes. She lives on the fat of the land.—Life.

What He Bought.

A Syracuse business man living in one of the suburbs decided to give up his spacious back yards to the raising of currants as a profitable side issue. So, wishing to absorb all the information he could acquire on the subject of the currant industry, he went down town one Saturday afternoon recently and returned with his arms full of books.

"Well, Teddy," inquired his enthusiastic spouse, as he dumped the volumes on the table, "did you succeed in getting what you wanted?"

"Sure, I did!" he replied, proudly pointing to the books. "I bought a whole year's edition of a standard work on current literature."—Exchange.

In the Meantime.

There had been a row at recess time, and Miss Martin had called in all of the pupils, and had a sort of a school court, which lasted until time for school to be dismissed. The trouble had started with some of the older boys in a misunderstanding over a game. After hearing both sides of the question, she decided proper punishment for the combatants, and told them to remain in their seats after the others had gone home. She remembered something she wanted to say to a little boy who did not take part in the affray, so she turned to him and said:

"Now, in the meantime, Guy—"

"I wasn't in it, Miss Martin," Guy interrupted hastily.

"Wasn't in what?" asked Miss Martin.

"Why, in the mean time," said the eight-year-old. — Mack's National Monthly.

A Triumph Of Cookery—

Post Toasties

Many delicious dishes have been made from Indian Corn by the skill and ingenuity of the expert cook.

But none of these creations excels Post Toasties in tempting the palate.

"Post Toasties" are a luxury that make a delightful hot-weather economy.

The first package tells its own story.

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers.

Post Toasties, Inc., Chicago, Ill., U. S. A.

THE PINCKNEY DISPATCH

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING BY
ROY W. CAVERLY, PROPRIETOR.
Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Michigan
as second-class matter
Advertising rates made known on application.

LOCAL NOTES

Mrs. D. Murta is visiting relatives in Iowa.

Will Jefferies was a Jackson caller, one day last week.

William Fisk visited relatives in Stockbridge over Sunday.

Halsted Gregory of Detroit is visiting at the home of Ed Farnam.

Mrs. Sarah Youngs of Detroit is visiting friends and relatives here.

Frank Stevens and family of Detroit are visiting his sister Mrs. F. G. Jackson.

Miss Sadie Swarouth visited at the home of Miss Viola Peters last Saturday and Sunday.

Francis Harris, Willie Darrow and Geo. Hoben were Jackson visitors one day last week.

Mrs. Robert Gardner and Mrs. James Rivett of near Dexter were Pinckney visitors last Friday.

Lucius Wilson and family of Detroit spent the first of the week with his parents just west of town.

Mrs. A. Collins of Ohio is spending some time at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. E. Hoyt.

Mr. Shankland of Jackson is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William Blades east of town.

Mrs. Ben White of near Howell spent the first of the week at the home of her mother, Mrs. L. Devereaux west of town.

The West Handy Grange hold their annual picnic today at Judd's Grove. Richard D. Roche of Howell will deliver the address.

The U. S. Civil Service Commission will hold an examination in Howell, August 31, to fill vacancy in the postoffice at Chilson.

Petitions have been circulated the past week for a new state road to be built south past the Roche, Jackson and Sigler farms next year.

Fred Swarouth of Howell was an over Sunday visitor at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Swarouth northeast of town.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray Chandler and daughter Irene of Lansing were over Sunday visitors at the home of Mrs. C's. parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Jeffreys.

Geo. Hudson and family, Thomas Bell, wife and daughter and George Bell and family, all from Dexter attended the funeral of Frank Bell here last Friday.

Ralph Reason, son of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reason Jr. of Detroit was operated on by Drs. Sigler & Sigler at the Sanitorium last week for appendicitis. At the present time he is doing nicely.

Recently the Methodist Sunday School gave an excursion to Toledo. On the way back a straw vote was taken on the train of actual voters as to the choice of president. The vote was as follows: Roosevelt 45, Wilson 41 and Taft 9.—Democrat.

An excellent ruling has been made recently by the postal authorities at Washington for which they are entitled to the united thanks of the mail carriers. It has been ruled that where a man keeps a vicious dog about his premises that makes it dangerous for a carrier to deliver mail, such delivery may be omitted. Unless the carrier is willing to risk the danger of the dog, the owner of the vicious brute will have to depend upon himself in getting mail at the postoffice.

Mrs. N. Lynch of Jackson was in town the first of the week.

Mrs. Marion Reason spent last Friday and Saturday in Detroit.

Mrs. Meyers of New York is visiting at the home of Mrs. Nash.

Mr. Wm. Bullis and daughter Alta were Jackson callers Thursday.

Fred Read of Detroit spent the first of the week with his parents here.

Mrs. A. Knapp of Detroit is visiting at the home of G. W. Teeple.

Miss Margaret Wood of Detroit was a Pinckney visitor one day last week.

Mrs. John Farrell of Webster visited friends and relatives here Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Bullis is visiting her sons Fred and Dell Mitchell of Boyne City.

Miss Grace Gardner of Lansing is visiting friends and relatives in this vicinity.

Geo. Reason Jr. and family of Detroit spent the first of the week with relatives here.

Laverne Smith of near Howell visited his sister, Mrs. Roger Carr one day last week.

Mrs. McKeever and Mrs. Melvin were the guests of Mrs. John Chalker last Thursday.

James A. Green and wife of Howell spent the first of the week at the home of W. A. Carr.

Mrs. Matt Brady and children of Howell are visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Fred Teeple.

Mrs. L. Dieterle and daughter, Hazel of Howell spent a few days last week at the home of G. W. Dinkel.

Miss Lucile Brogan of Marion spent the fore part of the week here the guest of Miss Madeline Moran.

Miss Florence Doyle of Jackson is visiting at the home of her father, James Doyle, south of town.

Rev. Fr. J. V. Coyle and Leo Monks made an automobile trip to Ann Arbor on business last Saturday.

Chas. Teeple and family and Geo. Green and family camped at Portage Lake the latter part of last week.

Mrs. F. D. Johnson and son, Harvey spent a few days the past week with her daughter Mrs. T. J. Gaul of Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Lincoln Bergen and son of Ann Arbor were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Read the latter part of last week.

Vivian Sigler of South Lyon who has been ill with typhoid fever at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Sigler, is now on the road to recovery.

It is reported that Uncle Sam intends to reduce the size of paper money to make it wear. The purchasing price of a dollar has been greatly reduced already but it doesn't seem to wear any better than it did before.

To run a newspaper without occasionally publishing an item that is untrue, or without giving offence, is like running a railroad without having accidents and smash-ups. It can't be done.

The postoffice authorities seem determined to do things which will hamper newspapers and the printing business in general. A compromise parcels post bill in the senate eliminates 3rd class matter entirely and puts printed matter in another class. At present books, circulars and printed matter can be mailed at two ounces for one cent postage. The new bill fixes the amount at one cent an ounce, thus doubling the price. This will drive printing of this kind over to Canada, where they can be mailed back to this country at the old rate. That may be wise legislation but the printing industry will fail to appreciate it. Already the government monopolizes the printing of all commercial stamped envelopes.—Ex.

Mr. Paul Bock of Detroit spent Sunday here.

Jerry Keating was in Jackson one day last week.

Thomas Anstin of Marion was in town the first of the week.

Clyde Darrow of Jackson spent the week end with his parents here.

Miss Beth Mills of Marysville was the guest of Mae Teeple the past week.

Miss Jennie Jones of Dundee is spending the week with Hazel McDougall.

Mr. Jesse Richardson and family spent the past week with relatives in Ohio.

Miss Tribbey of Durand spent a few days the past week at the home of J. Monks.

Mrs. Geo. Read of Ann Arbor was a guest at the home of Thos. Read last week.

Howell has awarded her sewer contract. It is estimated that the cost will be \$39,000.

Mrs. C. G. Stackable and son Vincent of Chilson spent last Friday at E. Farnam's.

Kirk Van Winkle and family of Lansing visited at the home of C. V. Van Winkle last Thursday.

Nan Carr of Ypsilanti and Doris Carr of Detroit have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Carr.

Miss Romina Placeway is spending several weeks with relatives in Howell before returning to Ypsilanti.

Miss Norma Curlett spent the latter part of last week with friends in Dexter.

John McIntyre sold his Overland touring car to an Isoco party last week and purchased an Overland 69.

A number of people from here attended the picnic given by the Portage Lake Cottagers at Portage Lake Monday.

The Lenawee County Fair association has engaged a herd of trained elephants to perform at their fair this fall.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Kennedy of Forreast, Ontario are visiting at the home of his brother, Wm. Kennedy Sr. of this village.

It is reported that smallpox is prevalent in Conway, there being three cases in the home of John Hillman, himself and two daughters.

Congressman Sam Smith will be opposed for the republican nomination for congressman in the primaries by Eli O. Woodward of Pontiac.

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Geer and son of this place and Mr. and Mrs. John Staley of Oak Grove went on an automobile trip in the northern part of the state last week.

The Holly Herald has just concluded a fly killing contest and altogether almost a million flies were gathered unto their fathes. The winner swatted out the lives of 191,878 flies and the Herald figures this will decrease the Holly fly population by many millions.

Dr. R. Doolittle, head of the government bureau of chemistry, says: "Eat beans if meat is too expensive. They are the best substitute. Beans have a high percentage of protein which is all there is to the value of meat. Other good substitutes for meat, of high protein values are peas, all kinds of nuts, cheese and milk. Beans and peas are the best however for a meatless diet, but eat meat once a day if your stomach and pocket book allow it."

Hereafter men intrusted with the important duty of flagging a train or setting signals must be able to speak and read the English language. The state railroad commission issued orders to that effect last Tuesday, as it is claimed foreigners are often made to perform this duty and as a matter of public safety the commission believes they should be able to comprehend what is said to them and be able to make themselves understood in cases of emergency.

Indian Killed On Track
Near Rochelle, Ill., an Indian went to sleep on a railroad track and was killed by the fast express. He paid for his carelessness with his life. Often its that way when people neglect coughs and colds. Don't risk your life when prompt use of Dr. King's New Discovery will cure them and so prevent a dangerous throat or lung trouble. "It completely cured me, in a short time, of a terrible cough that followed a severe attack of Grip," writes J. R. Watts, Floyadada, Tex., "and I regained 15 pounds in weight which I had lost." Quick, safe, reliable and guaranteed. 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free at Brown's Drug Store.

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

LAUNCH—For sale or rent. Inquire of Will Miller. 27t2*

FOR SALE—A good team of work horses. Inquire of C. E. Baughn 33tf

FOR SALE—1 share of Lyndilla telephone stock. Inquire of John McIntyre.

FOR SALE—14 spring lambs and 12 breeding ewes. 32tf
Robt. Kelley, Pinckney.

FOR SERVICE—Short Horn Durham Bull. Fee \$1.00, at time of service. Arthur Shehan. 27t2*

FOR SALE—A five passenger. Reo car in good condition, fully equipped. Price \$240. Inquire of Arthur J. May, Gregory, Mich.

FOR SALE—1 share in Lyndilla Telephone Co., will go cheap if taken at once. Inquire of S. H. Hartsuff, Stockbridge, Mich.

ATTENTION!—AUTOMOBILE OWNERS—We are now prepared to do all kinds of tire repairing, vulcanizing, etc. Prices right. Flintoft & Read.

Flying Men Fall
victims to stomach, liver and kidney troubles just like other people, with like results in loss of appetite, back-ache, nervousness, headache, and tired, listless, run-down feeling. But there's no need to feel like that as T. D. Peables, Henry, Tenn., proved. "Six bottles of Electric Bitters" he writes, "did more to give me new strength and good appetite than all other stomach remedies I used." So they help everybody. Its folly to suffer when this great remedy will help you from the first dose. Try it. Only 50c at Brown's Drug Store.

Notice to Taxpayers
Your village taxes are now due and should be paid at once.
E. E. Hoyt, Treasurer
Pinckney, Mich.

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D. SWIFT & CO.
PATENT LAWYERS,
303 Seventh St., Washington, D. C.

ICE CREAM SODAES
are all the go nowadays, and

Don't Forget, It is the Quality
of the cream that makes the sodaes have that cool, delicious and refreshing taste. If you want to be treated RIGHT and are desirous of getting quantity as well as quality, go to

..MONKS BROTHERS..
who have been given the exclusive sale of our "Worlds Best Ice Cream." We can assure you that you will always receive kind and courteous treatment at their parlors.
Respectfully Yours,

C. A. Connor Cream Co.
Owosso, Mich.

HOTEL GRISWOLD
Grand River Ave. Detroit, Mich.
And Griswold St.

Postal Hotel Co.
FRED POSTAL, Pres. FRED A. GOODMAN, Secretary
Headquarters of the Wolverine Automobile Club.
Detroit's Most Popular Hotel
European Plan Only Rates \$1.50 per day and up
\$50,000 Expended in Remodeling, Furnishing and Decorating

The Finest Cafe West of New York
Service A La Carte at Popular Prices

A Strictly Modern and Up-to-date Hotel. Centrally located in the very heart of the city, "Where Life is Worth Living." Nothing better at our rates

... EGGS, POULTRY AND VEAL ...
Attention Farmers!
Please bear in mind that from now on we will come to Pinckney
Every Wednesday A. M.
And will pay every cent the market affords. We will appreciate a share of your business.

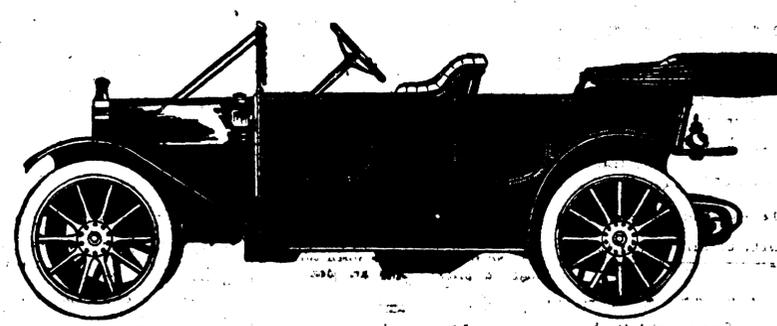
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Manufacturers of and Dealers in
Monuments, Statuary and Stone Burial Vaults
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The Car Ahead



If you are in need of an Auto. call or write
T. H. HOWLETT, Agent for the celebrated friction drive **CARTER CAR**
Gregory, Michigan

For Quality For Price

BOWMAN'S

Where It Pays to Pay Cash

Clearing Sale of all Summer Goods

We must close out as much as possible to make room for new goods. It will pay you to visit the store when in Howell.

We are showing live snappy merchandise at satisfactory prices.

EVERY DAY IS BARGAIN DAY

E. A. BOWMAN

HOWELL'S BUSY STORE

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 percent paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney Mich.

G. W. TEEPLE Prop.

For Complete Enjoyment At Meal Time.

Use bread made from Purity Flour and you will say that it is the bread that everybody ought to eat.

Here is a receipt for making bread, and will always work.

Good yeast, common sense and Purity Flour.

The Hoyt Bros.

PATENTS

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Business direct with Washington office saves time, money and often the patent.

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Electric Bitters

Succeed when everything else fails. In nervous prostration and female weaknesses they are the supreme remedy, as thousands have testified.

FOR KIDNEY, LIVER AND STOMACH TROUBLE

It is the best medicine ever sold over a doctor's counter.

H. R. Geer

Notary Public, with Seal

PINCKNEY MICH

Dispatch Liners Bring Quick Results

POULTRY

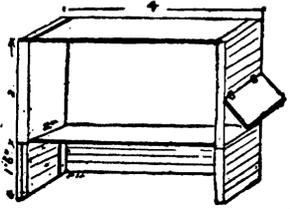
BOX COOP FOR SMALL FLOCK

Inexpensive Poultry House in Which Few Chickens May Be Kept With Minimum of Work.

(By T. H. VAN BENTHUYSEN.)

The following plan is recommended to any one who desires to keep a few fowls for the purpose of supplying eggs for his own family:

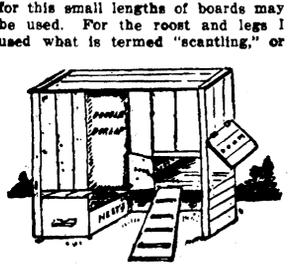
In making my first house of this description, I secured from a dry goods store and ordinary packing box,



about 2x3x4 feet. This cost me 25 cents.

The front, or top, was first taken off the case, and a section of one side extending its full width, was hinged, so that easy access to the interior could be secured. Then the case was mounted on legs so that its bottom was about a foot and a half from the ground. Then boards were placed snugly around the rear and sides of the legs, from the bottom of the case to the ground.

The roost was next constructed, and for this small lengths of boards may be used. For the roost and legs I used what is termed "scantling," or



sufficient space to slide it in (or out) through the end hinged door. When placed in the coop, it laid directly on the floor so that the chickens roosted rough strips of one by three inch stuff. The roost I constructed in one solid piece.

It was made so that there would be about three inches from the floor of the elevated coop. This arrangement would not do for the lighter breeds, which prefer higher roosting places.

The next step was to close in the front of the coop, which I did by using the pieces which had been removed from it.

About two-thirds of the front is boarded up, the remainder being covered with a double thickness of common burlap. The door is left off during the greater part of the year, but

is necessary during the very cold weather.

Two box-seats and a small board (with strips) from the ground to the upper part of the coop completed the job.

The end of the nest facing the front was boarded up high, to give the hens the necessary seclusion.

When the coop was completed I raised the end door and laid an old newspaper on the floor, covering it very thickly with sand. On this I placed the roost, and the coop was ready for occupancy. To clean, it is simply necessary to take out and throw away the newspaper, and put in a fresh one, with more sand.

In summer, with one of these coops, it would be well to open a side door to afford sufficient ventilation, and it would be well to keep fewer birds in each pen. During the winter, in one of the "bird-cage" arrangements, we keep from five to seven large White Rock hens, with good results.

Bearing in mind that about six hens could ordinarily be kept in each coop, any one may tell, from the number of chickens he intends to keep, how the system can be extended to his needs.

GRASS	FEED	WATER	WASH
00	00	00	00
00	00	00	00
00	00	00	00

Arrangement of Poultry Run.

Layers for Next Winter.

One great advantage of having early chicks is that your hens lay a full crop ready to lay in the fall or early winter and these eggs when they are high in price. Eggs are dear now, and one could appreciate pullets that were shelling out eggs.

Subject of Scrubs.

Scrub poultry they serve a good purpose in the pen, but they should not be permitted to propagate their kind. Scrub hens should be mated to pure-bred males so that the breeding has an upward rather than a downward tendency.

BUNNY BEAT THE MOTOR CAR

Rabbit Ran So Fast the Chauffeur Had to Speed to Keep Him in Sight.

The scene was on the road to Point Place. Humiliated were furnished by the moon and stars. Besides the rabbit and the auto there were one man and two girls, also a chauffeur. The big automobile was speeding along the highway, sending its white light ahead, when suddenly right across the path of the rays from the head lamps shot a young rabbit. The chauffeur slackened speed, hating to hurt the little creature, and then the rabbit hopped back into the center of the road again, gave one look into the blinding glare of the lamps and started the race.

Straight down the center of the smooth, white highway he shot on ahead of the car, and the chauffeur speeded up a bit just to see how fast the race was going to be, but he could not catch the rabbit, not by ten feet. That little critter's feet went so fast there did not seem to be any there, and just a speck where the long ears bobbed with the motion of his little body and a brown blur of hair.

And still he ran, on and on, keeping his distance ahead of the big machine as if the light had hypnotized him and he could not stop, while behind in the car big, lazy pursuers laughed and watched and begged the chauffeur not to run him down. There was no such chance.

The rabbit was too quick. When he was tired of the sport he hopped to one side of the road as the car went by, tipped up his tiny head and winked out of one pink eye as he looked at the speeder and its occupants with a quizzical curve of his little mouth.—Toledo Blade.

QUEER THINGS ABOUT PAIN

Patient May Feel It in Limb That Has Been Amputated, or in Wrong Place.

Pain sometimes behaves in a curious fashion. There was a soldier in London, after the Boer war, who complained of excruciating neuralgic pains in his right foot. This very much amused his friends, for he had lost his right leg.

The explanation was that the pain happened to be in the trunks of those nerves, which had sent branches to the foot.

Sometimes a patient comes to a doctor complaining of pain in the knee, and he is greatly surprised when the doctor tells him that the site of the affection is not the knee, but the hip. We are all familiar with the pain under the shoulder blade which comes from an afflicted liver.

The stomach, too, can produce pain in many parts of the body. A disordered stomach will give us pain as far away as the head, and, when one gets a cramp in his toe, it is often due to acidity of the stomach. Swallow a pinch of soda and the cramp will disappear.

An aching tooth will produce neuralgic pains in the face, and very often a violent pain at the back of the head is due to the faraway kidneys, which themselves may suffer no pain at the time.

Power of Vegetable Growth.

A tar macadam pavement stretching from the school of gunnery at Shoeburyness (Eng.) to the sea is at present in a state of violent if silent eruption. About a fortnight ago the surface became covered with what may be called "blisters," raised a little above the common level, which attracted much wondering attention.

From each of these, in a few days, a series of cracks appeared, extending themselves in rays from a center. Finally came up a broad, soft shoot, looking extremely well pleased with itself and its work, which proved to be so old and well known a friend as the thistle. At this moment there are hundreds of those bold intruders showing defiantly through the pavement, affording a most interesting illustration of the power of vegetable growth.

Mother's Chair.

Mother's chair had rocked the whole family. It made a creaking noise as it moved, but there was music in its sound. It was just high enough to allow us children to put our heads into her lap. That was the bank where we deposited all our hurts and worries. Oh, what a chair that was.

It was a very-wakeful chair! In the sick days of childhood other chairs could not keep awake—it kept easily awake. That chair knew all the old lullabies, and all those wordless songs which mothers sing to their children. Songs in which all pity and compassion and sympathetic influences are combined. That old chair has stopped rocking for a good many years. It may be set up in the loft or garret, but it holds a queenly power yet.—T. DeWitt Talma.

Clumsy Flatterer.

He was a flatterer, but a clumsy one. Noting that the girl of his heart possessed beautiful teeth that shone like ivory, he ventured to pass a compliment.

"Dearest," he whispered, leaning over the music rack, "your teeth are like piano keys."

Frowning him with an icy glare, she turned on her heel. "Sir, how dare you insult me?"

"What?"

"Yes, insinuate that my teeth are as large as piano keys." And without another word she left the parlor, leaving him crestfallen and bewildered.

Mortgage Foreclosure

Whereas default has been made in the payment of the money secured by a mortgage dated the first day of November in the year one thousand eight hundred ninety-eight, executed by George I. Simpson of Fowlerville, Livingston County, Michigan to George Henry Phillips of Conway, Livingston County, Michigan, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the county of Livingston in Liber 87 of Mortgages on pages 808 and 809 on the first day of November, A. D., 1898 at 3:30 o'clock P. M.

And Whereas the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of Three Hundred Eleven and 25-100 (\$311.25) Dollars, principal and interest, and the further sum of Fifteen (\$15.00) Dollars as attorney fee stipulated for in said mortgage, and the whole amount claimed to be unpaid on said mortgage is the sum of Three Hundred Twenty-six and 25-100 (\$326.25) Dollars and no suit or proceeding having been instituted at law to recover the debt now remaining secured by said mortgage or any part thereof, whereby the power of sale contained in said mortgage has become operative.

Now therefore notice is hereby given that by virtue of the said power of sale and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein described at public auction to the highest bidder at the west front door of the Court House in the village of Howell in the said county of Livingston on the Seventeenth day of August next at 11:00 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows to wit: The North Twenty-two (20) acres of the East Thirty-five (35) acres of the Northeast Quarter (1/4) of section Number Thirty-four (34) except one-half acre in the North East corner thereof now occupied by the church property all in Township Number Four (4) North of range Number Three (3) East, Michigan.

Dated this fourteenth day of May, 1912.

George Henry Phillips
Mortgagee

Arthur E. Cole,
Attorney for Mortgagee 21112

Are Ever At War

There are two things everlastingly at war, joy and piles. But Bucklen's Arnica Salve will banish piles in any form. It soon subdues the itching, irritation, inflammation or swelling. It gives comfort, invites joy. Greatest healer of burns, boils, ulcers, cuts, bruises, eczema, sores, pimples, skin eruptions. Only 25c at Brown's Drug Store.

The Business Man

Who will spare a few minutes of his time to the photographer of today will please his entire family.

His portrait produced by present day methods of photography will be an agreeable surprise—it's done so quickly and cleverly.

Daisie B. Chapell,
Stockbridge, Mich.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Livingston, Probate Court For said County. Estate of JOEHN CADWALL, Deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate of said county, Commissioners on claim of said estate, in said county, on the 20th day of July, A. D. 1912, all persons having claims against said estate in all persons holding claims against said estate in said county to present their claims for examination and adjustment.

Notice is hereby given that we will meet on the 2nd day of September, A. D. 1912, at ten o'clock a.m. of each day, at the late residence of John Cadwall in the village of Pinckney in said county to receive and examine such claims.

Dated: Howell, July 28th, A. D. 1912.

Thomas Read, Commissioner on Claims 3118

Peculiar Table Customs.

In a book entitled "Domestic Manners of the Middle Ages" we are told that in those days dinner tables were covered by a "nappe," or tablecloth. Upon it were placed a large saltcellar, bread and cups for wine, but no knives or plates. The reason for the absence of the knives arose from the common practice in vogue of people carrying their own knives in a sheath attached to their girdle. In an early work, written by Lydgate—"Rules For Behavior at Table"—the guests are told to bring no knives unsecured to the table, which can only mean that each one was to keep his own knife—that is, the one he carried with him—clean.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State of aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this sixth day of December, A. D. 1886.

(Seal.) A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Helpless.

It was a dark morning, and Mr. Dorkins was groping around in the basement when somebody suddenly flashed a dark lantern on him.

Mechanically he threw up his hands "I'm the gas meter inspector," explained the intruder.

Whereupon Mr. Dorkins held his hands up still higher.—Chicago Tribune.

The Trials of a Traveler

"I am a traveling salesman," writes E. E. Young, E. Berkshire, Vt., "and was often troubled with constipation and indigestion till I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills, which I have found an excellent remedy." For all stomach, liver or kidney troubles they are unequalled. Only 25c at Brown's Drug Store.

The Most Extensive Language.

The Chinese is probably the language that is spoken by the greatest number of human beings—between 400,000,000 to 500,000,000. The English comes next with some 175,000,000 to 200,000,000 of patrons; then the Russian, with pretty nearly 150,000,000. French and German are nip and tuck, each being spoken by from 90,000,000 to 100,000,000 of people at home and in the colonial possessions. The chances are that English is destined to become the greatest of all languages. It is advancing more rapidly than any other, and it may yet be the language of the entire civilized world.—Exchange.

Heart Disease Almost Fatal to Young Girl

"My daughter, when thirteen years old, was stricken with heart trouble. She was so bad we had to place her bed near a window so she could get her breath. Our doctor said, 'Poor child, she is likely to fall dead any time.' A friend told me Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy had cured her father, so I tried it, and she began to improve. She took a great many bottles, but she is spared to me today, a fat, rosy checked girl. No one can imagine the confidence I have in Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy." A. R. CANON, Worth, Mo.

The unbounded confidence Mr. Canon has in Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is shared by thousands of others who know its value from experience. Many heart disorders yield to treatment, if the treatment is right. If you are bothered with short breath, fainting spells, swelling of feet or ankles, pain about the heart and shoulder blades, palpitation, weak and hungry spells, you should begin using Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy at once. Profit by the experience of others while you may.

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

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MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

50 YEARS EXPERIENCE

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IN EACH TOWN and district to ride and exhibit a sample Latest Model Hedgocottor Pneumatic-Proof bicycle furnished by us. Our agents everywhere are making money fast. Write for full particulars and special offer at once.

NO MONEY REQUIRED until you receive and approve of your bicycle. We ship to anyone anywhere in the U. S. in advance, prepaid freight, and allow NEW DAYS' FREE TRIP during which time you may ride the bicycle and put it to any test you wish. If you are then not perfectly satisfied or do not wish to keep the bicycle ship it back to us at our expense and we will let you see our FACTORY PRICES. We furnish the highest grade bicycles it is possible to make at one's small profit above actual factory cost. You save \$10 to \$25 middlemen's profits by buying direct of us and have the manufacturer's guarantee behind your bicycle. DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogue and learn our unbroken record of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

YOU WILL BE ASTONISHED when you receive our beautiful catalogue fully low prices we can make you this year. We sell the highest grade bicycles for \$10.00 per pair, and lowest quality bicycles for \$4.00 per pair. We have a complete line of accessories, including pumps, valves, tubes, and repair tools. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but really have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from \$2.00 to \$5.00. Describe between our catalogue and learn our unbroken record of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

COASTER-BRAKES
\$10.00 Hedgocottor Pneumatic-Proof
Self-healing Tires A SAMPLE PAIR 4.00 TO INTRODUCE ONLY

NO MORE TROUBLE FROM PUNCTURES
Pneumatic tires, or tubes will not let the air out. A hundred thousand pairs are sold each year. The reason is that they are made of a special fabric, made in all sizes. It is riding, very durable and light, and has a special quality of rubber, which never becomes porous and which closes up small punctures without allowing the air to escape. We have hundreds of letters from satisfied customers stating that their tires have only been pumped up once or twice in a whole season. They weigh no more than an ordinary tire, the puncture resisting qualities being given by several layers of this, specially prepared fabric on the tread. The regular price of these tires is \$5.00 per pair, but lowest quality bicycles for \$4.00 per pair. We do not regularly handle second hand bicycles, but really have a number on hand taken in trade by our Chicago retail stores. These we clear out promptly at prices ranging from \$2.00 to \$5.00. Describe between our catalogue and learn our unbroken record of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

DO NOT BUY a bicycle or a pair of tires from anyone at any price until you receive our catalogue and learn our unbroken record of factory prices and remarkable special offers to rider agents.

J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS

Quickly Relieved BY THE USE OF "5-DROPS"

The Great Remedy for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Gout, Neuralgia, La Grippe and Kidney Trouble.

Applied externally, it closes all pores, and acts as a powerful stimulant. Internally, it dissolves the poisonous substance and assists nature in the elimination of the poison to a healthy condition. Sold by Druggists.

One Dollar per bottle, or sent prepaid upon receipt of price not obtainable in your locality.

SWANSON INFAMOUS CURE COMPANY
108 Lake Street, Chicago

SKIN SORES

Easily and Quickly Healed

Those who suffer from Eczema, pimples, eruptions know the trouble. You can easily get relief by using the Five-Drop Salve. It is a carefully compounded ointment that has been proven in value for over twenty years. It is a remedy for eczema, pimples, running sores, wounds, burns, salt sores, ring worm, itching and sore throat. The burning, irritating inflammation quickly subsides and the sores dry and disappear.

The Five-Drop Salve is sold per up in 25 and 50 cent packages and sold by nearly all druggists. It is not obtainable in your locality you can order direct from Swanson Infamous Cure Co., 108 Lake St., Chicago, Ill., and it will be sent to you upon receipt of price. It is the best remedy for your skin and scalp troubles.

SWANSON'S PILLS

Best Remedy for Constipation, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Belching and Liver Troubles. 25c Per Box at Druggists.

Pinckney Dispatch

ROY W. CAVERTY, Pub.

PINCKNEY, MICHIGAN

PEONIES AND WILD ROSES.

The modest Quaker beauties, the wild roses, all the woods, and the gorgeous queens of Sheba, the peonies, the peonies. On old-fashioned lawns, when the cultivation of pinks and glories, hollyhocks and morning glories almost exhausted the horticultural knowledge and experience, the peony came as some Nell Gwynn, triumphant in satin, flush with beauty, and radiant in health, to startle the serenity of a proper and decorous community—as if she stepped suddenly into the quiet of the place, laughing, and did not know that wondering eyes were peering through the blinds from all the houses along the streets. She did not come as a Madame Pompadour, fascinating, but dangerous, nor wonderful, but sinister, like a princess of the Borgias, nor poppylike, a drugged beauty, but wholesome even if a king's favorite. And precise places drew back a bit as if this radiant thing were apt to overpower well schooled senses and send sedate old gentlemen into inconsiderate courses after blameless lives, says the Chicago Tribune. It was too gorgeous arising by the demure pansy and sweet-scented pink. To greater horticultural sophistication the peony now comes like a laughing, robust maid with arms akimbo, with a complexion of marvelous red and white. She would not languish in a drawing-room with perfumes and sweets, but must be out in the sunlight.

The other day a steamship from Glasgow arrived at New York with a passenger list of sixty people, one-half of whom were young women engaged to be married. Thirty young men—their prospective bridegrooms—were waiting at the pier to receive them. There are those who look upon the incident as a blow to native industry. American legislators have been busy protecting home products of many kinds. There are laws on the statute books forbidding the importation of contract labor. Home-grown potatoes are protected, but there is no law guarding the home-grown girl from foreign competition by forbidding the importation of contract brides. The marriage market in America is open to all the world. So far no voice has been raised in protest against this anomalous state of things. Perhaps it is because young marriageable American women are unorganized and without a vote. Perhaps it is because they do not fear competition.

Surely the science of chemistry has made long strides since the days of Paracelsus, when men can analyze elements at a distance of ninety-five millions of miles and undertake to pronounce upon the characteristics of a form of matter which so far has not been encountered on earth, but has been discovered to exist in the sun. Prof. J. N. Nicholson of the British Royal Astronomical society, says there is reason to believe the spectrum is now revealing in the corona of the sun a more elementary form of matter than any yet discovered on the earth. It is proposed to call this elementary substance "nebulium." Professor Nicholson says the spectrum of the far-distant nebulae in the depths of space indicates that they are composed of this same "nebulium," which is coming to light in the solar radiations. "Nebulium" is considered as being a lighter gas than hydrogen.

An instance of the composition of the death lists from heat was afforded in a report from Chicago concerning the mortality. Some specifications were given concerning ten deaths. Of those three, were drowned, two had necks broken from falls, one man cut his throat, another fell from a building, an infant, four days old, died without medical attention and two dropped dead, both being inside of buildings when the fatal stroke came. This way of manufacturing heat mortality lists would be humorous if it were not so likely to be injurious.

Summer resort keeper in Maine reports hundreds of swordfish in the vicinity of his hotel. The sea-serpent will not arrive until his imagination is in midsummer form.

A slap on the cheek may improve the complexion, as a beauty expert tells us, but we have a vague suspicion that it will not improve the temper.

A Finn, taking part in the Olympic games at Stockholm, has succeeded in throwing the discus so far that the Greek who invented the discus would probably be unable to find it if he were there. Thus we see how the world has progressed.

A scientist says that only the female mosquitoes prey on human beings. However, show no mercy to the male on that account. And when in doubt, swat anyway.

ROOSEVELT HEADS NATIONAL TICKET OF PROGRESSIVES

Governor Johnson of California Named as the Colonel's Running Mate.

NEW PARTY IN FIELD

Platform Pledges It to Ameliorate the Conditions of Living For All the People.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE INCLUDED

Three Day Convention, Imbued With Enthusiasm and Deep Religious Feeling, Is Unlike Any Previous National Political Gathering—Fair Sex Plays a Prominent Part—Spirited Speeches of Acceptance by the Candidates Close the Meeting.

BY E. W. PICKARD.

For President:
THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
For Vice-President:
HIRAM W. JOHNSON.

Chicago.—In its first national convention, held in Chicago, the Progressive party placed the above ticket in the field, and then, after singing the Doxology, went out to battle, determined to carry the fight into every corner of the country.

It was like no other national convention ever held. Happy, hopeful, light-hearted, and none the less determined, the delegates gathered in the Coliseum displayed a continuous enthusiasm that was not dismissed by the almost utter lack of anything resembling a contest. Most of them were tyros at the political convention game, and often showed it, but they laughed at each other and at them-

the time spent in the Coliseum. First was the speech of Albert J. Beveridge as temporary chairman, delivered on Monday. Next day was the colonel's, and Mr. Roosevelt addressed an audience that filled the immense hall and told them plainly just where he stood on every important issue. For the third day were reserved the nominating and seconding speeches, and these were supplemented by short, snappy speeches of acceptance by the two candidates.

Between speeches and at every other available time the delegates sang and the bands and drum corps played. The songs were mostly the familiar patriotic songs, sometimes parodied to fit present conditions. The fife and drum corps, made up of Civil war veterans, was an enlivening feature, and when it grouped itself behind Colonel Roosevelt on the platform, where he stood grasping the hands of a Union and a Confederate veteran, and played "Dixie," the wild cheers from northern and southern delegations alike seemed to show that the new party knows no sectional line and no bitter memories.

Features of the Platform.

If it is admitted that the Progressive party is sincere in its declaration, it certainly has started out on a campaign for the amelioration of the condition of the people. The humanitarian features of the platform are easily the most numerous and the most striking. As Gifford Pinchot said, the battle to be waged is more economic than political, and more moral than economic. The resolutions include many projected measures designed to better the living conditions of the wage earner and the farmer, and the tariff plank, while declaring for a protective tariff, declared also that it must be so constructed that a fair share of its benefits would be received by the workman and the consumer. The initiative, referendum and recall, and the recall of judicial decisions, as explained formerly by Colonel Roosevelt, were indorsed.

In matters more purely political the platform declared for national presidential primaries, popular election of senators and publicity of campaign funds. As has been said, it pronounced flatly in favor of equal suffrage for both sexes.

Story of the Sessions.

To Senator Dixon of Montana, as provisional chairman, fell the duty of starting things off Monday noon. He spoke briefly and forcibly and then introduced former Senator Beveridge of Indiana as the temporary chairman. Mr. Beveridge, who had just been nominated for governor by the Pro-

gressives of Indiana, was given a hearty, noisy greeting, and he delivered a "keynote" address that was all his friends expected. He set forth eloquently, from the Progressive point of view, the need of the new party and its aims and ambitions, and his strong climaxes never failed to meet with the responsive enthusiasm of his hearers. He attacked the doings of the professional politicians, and a man in the gallery cried "To hell with the politicians," which sentiment was loudly applauded. He scored the attempts to dissolve the Standard Oil and Tobacco trusts, and was cheered. In stating the position of the new party in regard to business he caught the fancy of the audience by shouting: "We want to pass prosperity around!" Next day great banners bearing the words "Pass Prosperity Around" were hung from the galleries.

When Mr. Beveridge concluded the delegates sang "The Battle Hymn of the Republic," and then the other temporary officers were announced. These included the following: General secretary, O. K. Davis; chief assistant secretary, Wilson Brooks; sergeant-at-arms, Col. Chauncey Dewey.

After adopting a rule barring contested delegates from voting on any question before the convention, the

delegates sent a committee to invite Colonel Roosevelt to address the convention Tuesday, and adjourned for the day. The colonel had arrived during the morning and had been given a great ovation by the people.

Colonel Roosevelt's speech. When the time for opening the proceedings came Tuesday Chairman Beveridge with difficulty stopped the gay singing of the delegates and read to them the following telegram from Col. William E. Nelson, publisher of the Kansas City Star:

"Lord, how I wish I were with you. What a great day, the launching of a party of imagination, hope and prospects. We can afford to give the other fellows their memories and disappointments. The past has no interests for us. The future is our fruit. Give Colonel Roosevelt my love. I never have missed a chance to place a bet



Gov. Hiram W. Johnson.

on him and never have lost when there was a square deal. The Lord is surely with us. He has given us the men as well as the opportunity. I cannot help but feel that a narrow escape we had in the June convention. Roosevelt might have been nominated. My congratulations to everybody."

More songs, and then came the colonel. As he stepped briskly to the front of the platform the din was deafening. Every man and woman in the hall was standing on a chair, and the air was full of waving bandannas and flags. The band blared; the drum corps, standing back of Mr. Roosevelt, played as hard as it could; the delegations soon started marching about the hall, carrying their state standards and many emblems. Through the tumult could be heard the bull moose call. Miss Jane Addams, one of the Illinois delegates, was boosted upon the platform, and after her came other women delegates, who were seated on the stage.

When the demonstration had lasted about forty-five minutes the audience recognized Mrs. Roosevelt in the balcony over the main entrance and directed the cheering toward her until she rose and waved a bandanna in response. She and the colonel exchanged greetings across the throng. Finally, after nearly one hour, the tumult died down gradually and Colonel Roosevelt was permitted to deliver his address. It was a frank and full statement of his political and economic creed and was well received. Near its close he was interrogated as to his position on the question of negro representation in southern delegations, and he made a lengthy explanation which seemed to suit the convention and which afterward was approved by assembled negroes.

Colonel Roosevelt having concluded, W. Frank Knox of Michigan took the platform and, as chairman, presented the report of the credentials committee. The report barred every negro delegate who had contested a seat in the convention.

Doings of the Closing Day.

It was nearly noon on Wednesday when the convention came to order, and there was a lot of work to accomplish. First the temporary organization was made permanent, and then Medill McCormick presented the report of the committee on rules. This gave the name of Progressive party to the new party, with the provision, added later, that in states where it was necessary to operate under another name, the party there should be recognized as an integral part of the national party. Various clauses designed to do away with conditions that had been causes of complaint in the old parties were adopted with cheers.

William H. Hotchkiss, chairman of the New York organization, told the convention of the work being done by the Progressives in his state and of their prospects, and then a recess was taken. An hour and a half later the delegates returned from the lunch counters and more rules were adopted. Chief of these was one empowering the national executive committee to appoint four women as members at large of the national committee.

Predecessor Names Roosevelt.

"The secretary will now call the roll of states for nominations for president," said the chairman. "Alabama," called the secretary, but he got no further. Alabama yielded to New York, and after a long delay William A. Prendergast was brought from the lunch room and introduced to make the speech putting Theodore Roosevelt in nomination. The comptroller of New York spoke with great eloquence and his eulogistic description of the candidate was the signal for prolonged applause.

Seconding speeches came thick and fast, the best being made by Miss Addams, Judge Ben Lindsey of Denver and Henry Allen of Kansas. Miss Addams was accorded a genuine ovation and at the conclusion of her talk was given a banner for the party, with the words "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" around the hall. The nomination of Colonel Roosevelt was then made unanimous by acclamation.

Johnson for Second Place.

There had been a good natured contest for second place on the ticket between the friends of Governor Johnson of California and those of Judge Lindsey of Denver. Mr. Roosevelt had declared his preference for Johnson and so the Colorado delegates withdrew their man. Judge Parker of Louisiana, who himself had been prominently mentioned for the place, placed the Californian in nomination and he and every seconder were lavish in their praise of him as a tried and triumphant champion of the people. The nomination was made by acclamation.

Now came the grand climax of the convention. The chair had announced that the nominees would appear on the platform and accept the honor conferred on them. The notification committees retired and soon returned, escorting Messrs. Roosevelt and Johnson, and the entire body of delegations and guests rose with a mighty roar. As the leaders stood side by side a big flag was unfurled from the rafters, and when he could make himself heard, Senator Beveridge announced that then was unfurled for the first time the flag bearing the 48 stars in the new and authorized arrangement.

"Of course I will accept the nomination," said the colonel, when he was given a chance to speak, and after giving assurance of his heartfelt devotion to the cause he said some mighty nice things about Governor Johnson. The governor responded in kind, declaring that he would rather go down to defeat with Roosevelt than to win a victory with any other man in the world. While he spoke the Californians distributed dodgers bearing these words:

Roosevelt and Johnson.
New York and California.
Hands across the Continent.
"But there is neither east nor west, border nor breed nor birth."
When two strong men stand face to face, though they come from the ends of the earth.—Kipling.

With difficulty Chairman Beveridge restrained the crowd, begging it to wait quietly until he declared the convention adjourned. At his request, after the benediction had been pronounced, all joined in singing the Doxology, and they sang it with the so-



Frank H. Funk.

lemnity that marked their attitude during all the more serious moments of the three days the convention had lasted. Bang went the gavel for the last time, and the first national convention of the Progressive party was a part of the political history of the United States.

Some Amusing Incidents.

The convention was not without its funny features. The band provided the crowd with several good laughs. Once Chairman Beveridge megaphoned the leader to play "The Battle Hymn of the Republic" and the musicians played the "Battle Cry of Freedom" all through. Again, on the last day the delegates were cheering Mrs. Roosevelt and the band rendered "Oh, You Great Big Beautiful Doll" with great eclat.

The Illinois delegation marched in once carrying on a long pole the hat of Frank Funk, the Progressive candidate for governor, used to wear, and it remained as a feature of the Illinois section.

Mrs. W. A. Davis, the handsome young Chicago woman who led the great Hadley-Roosevelt demonstration in the Republican convention, was in the audience Tuesday when the colonel was being cheered. Some one found her and led her to the front, but she "couldn't come back," the furors was waning, and after shaking Mr. Roosevelt's hand, she retired gracefully.

The bull moose and the bandanna were close rivals in the convention, and indeed most of those present were both. The red bandannas added brilliancy to the scene. The colonel himself carried one and used it to wipe his dripping brow and his mist-covered eyeglasses. Both the bandanna and the moose are now accepted emblems of the new party.

BIG CROPS ASSURED BY AUGUST REPORT

PRELIMINARY ESTIMATE FROM WASHINGTON SHOWS BUMPER YIELD OF SPRING WHEAT.

CORN IS CONSIDERABLY ABOVE THE AVERAGE.

Increase Made in Production of Oats, Rye, Barley, White Potatoes and Hay—Michigan Oats Encouraging.

This year's grain crops in the United States will be far in excess of last year's yield, it was estimated Saturday by the department of agriculture.

It will be better than the average crop for the past ten years, and in the case of a number of products will make a new record, if present estimates are not overthrown by unforeseen conditions.

The country's corn crop, estimated at 2,811,000,000 bushels, will be the largest in the nation's history, with the exception of the years 1906 and 1910, the former being the banner year with 2,927,000,000 bushels. As for the wheat crop, estimated at 680,000,000 bushels, that will rank fifth in size during the past 20 years.

The oats crop will be the largest the country has gathered, surpassing by 21,000,000 bushels that of 1910, the previous record. In barley, too, this year will establish a new record, the estimated yield of 202,000,000 bushels being 24,000,000 bushels greater than that of 1906, the previous best year. The yield of rye, 35,000,000 bushels, will equal that of 1910, the former record year.

Of potatoes, which will amount this year to 371,000,000 bushels, only 1909 with its 358,000,000 bushels, produced a larger yield.

Michigan is expected to produce 7,352,000 bushels of winter wheat of a quality rated at 75. The unusual weather in the state has reduced the corn crop to a condition rated at 72, as against 81 for 1911, and 79, the average for the last ten years.

Michigan oats, however, show encouraging reports, this year's crop standing at 87, compared with 81 for 1911 and 85 for the ten-year average.

PASSES CANAL BILL.

Warm Debate and Several Amendments Enliven the Session.

The Panama canal administration bill providing free passage to American ships, prohibiting railroad owned vessels from using the waterway and authorizing the establishment of a one-man government, when the canal is completed, was passed by the senate 47 to 15.

The provisions for free tolls which was fought out in the senate was indorsed again just before the passage of the measure.

State Political Program.

Sept. 21—Socialists' state convention booked for one-day session in Flint.

Sept. 23—Prohibition state convention scheduled to be held in Lansing.

Sept. 24—Republican state convention will be held in Detroit.

Sept. 26—Democratic state convention will be held in Grand Rapids.

Oct. 1—Bull Moose (National party) convention will be held in Lansing.

Democratic county conventions will be held in all counties Sept. 6.

Republican county conventions in all counties Sept. 10.

Dates have not been announced for the county conventions of the Prohibitionists, Socialists or Bull Moose.

Town Gives in to Telephone Company

The town of Montague is enraged, because the United Home Telephone Co. removed its central office to Whitehall, a village nearby, to cut expenses. Montague was without telephone service of any kind for an entire week, but gave in to the company and ordered telephones reinstalled as the result of appeals from Chicago reporters, who, minus telephones, had no way to order supplies for cottages and tents from town, in the White-lake district.

Dominica Wants \$1,000,000 War Fund

The Dominican minister in Washington has been instructed by his government to arrange for a loan of \$1,000,000 to enable the Dominican republic to "war upon Hayti." The state department will try to dissuade the two republics from their present warlike intentions.

The 40 varieties of apples exhibited by Secretary Joan I. Gibson, of the western Michigan development bureau, received four prizes at the Chicago apple show.

Former mayor of Chicago, Frank W. Gilchrist, is seriously ill with pneumonia and acute indigestion. Gilchrist is one of Alpena's most prominent and influential business men.

A contract was made whereby the Grand Rapids-Muskegon Power Co. will furnish power for the Michigan Tractors Co. The local company will discontinue the operation of its plant.

The Grand Rapids board of commerce has handed the Indiana Indestructible Paint Co., a \$100,000 concern. The plant is now located in Chicago.

A macadamized roadway, eight feet wide, from Chicago to the state of Mackinac, will be the project of a special committee of the board of supervisors and the board of county commissioners will advocate at a meeting of special supervisors and road commissioners' boards of every county on the east shore of Lake Michigan to be held in Muskegon the latter part of October.

Announcement



SUPT. E. J. ENGLE

of the Brighton Public Schools

Announces his candidacy for the nomination for the office of County School Commissioner on the democratic ticket, and solicits the support of the voters of his party at the primary election. 33t1



Miss Maude Benjamin

The present commissioner, will greatly appreciate your vote at the primaries August 27th. 33t1

Take Foley Kidney Pills

TONIC IN ACTION - QUICK IN RESULTS
Get rid of your **Deadly Kidney Ailments**, that cost you a high price in endurance of pain, loss of time and money. Others have cured themselves of **KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES** by the prompt and timely use of **FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS**. Stops **BACKACHE, HEADACHE, and ALL** the many other troubles that follow **DISEASED KIDNEYS and URINARY IRREGULARITIES**. **FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS** will **CURE** any case of **KIDNEY and BLADDER TROUBLE** not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more.

Mrs. John Thomas, Escanaba, says: "My little boy had a severe pain across his back and could not sleep. By using Foley Kidney Pills he was cured in a short time." For sale by W. E. Brown.

IOSCO.

Fred Montague and wife spent the week end at Webberville.

Hugh Ward and family spent Sunday at Gen. Arnold's.

J. B. Buckley and family and Will Blair and family spent the week end at Patterson Lake.

Mrs. Jane Wilson assisted Mrs. Chas. Miller with her housework Monday.

Miss Edna Ward attended the celebration at Fowlerville last Wednesday.

O. A. Calkins and wife are spending some time at Tekonsha.

Mrs. Elmer VanBuren is entertaining her niece, Miss Edna Lilly, from Stockbridge.

Frank Bell

Frank Bell was born May 31, 1888 in Dexter township, Washtenaw Co. and died August 6, 1912. Until the past few months he was looked upon as a model of physical fitness and there were few who could outdo him in a hard day's work. A short time ago his health began to fail and in hope of relief he went to the U. of M. hospital at Ann Arbor, where the specialists diagnosed his case as valvular heart trouble. Although everything possible was done to help him, a special nurse being in attendance constantly, and having the best attention that a private patient could have in that great institution, he did not survive long after going there.

Frank was well known to all in this community and his loss will be felt by all his friends, and especially by his former employers who considered him one of the best workmen in this section. He was strictly honest and trust worthy, faithful and thoroughly competent in every branch of farm work, always deeply appreciative of any kindness shown him and never forgetting to repay any favor, no matter how small. This fine characteristic was especially noticeable in his kind and sympathetic attentions to his mother in her recent severe illness.

That the funeral was the largest held in Pinckney for some years shows the appreciation of his loss and sympathy with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Mark Bell, and the eight brothers and three sisters in this their first great bereavement. Relatives and friends from Webberville, Jackson, Ann Arbor, Munith, Bunker Hill and Dexter, besides an unusually large number from Pinckney were in attendance at the funeral.

Card of Thanks

We desire in this manner to express our sincere thanks to the neighbors and friends for the many acts of kindness and sympathy extended to us in our bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Bell and family

NORTH HAMBURG.

Clyde Bennett transacted business in Howell Monday.

The Aid at Mrs. Geo. Coles was largely attended and all had a very enjoyable time.

Mrs. Frank Brown and son spent a few days with her sister Mrs. M. A. Davis last week.

Miss Clara Carpenter is visiting relatives in Dexter.

Mrs. Sarah Nash and Mrs. LaCount Myers spent the week end at the home of Bert Nash.

Miss Addie Kice of Howell visited at the home of Mrs. Bert Appleton a few days last week.

Miss Elva Black of Chicago is visiting her sister Mrs. W. J. Nash.

Bert Nash and sons transacted business in Howell last Friday.

Women who have headaches should use Dr. Miller's Anti-Pain Pills.

Local News

Terry Brown was in Dexter on business Saturday.

Reuben Wright of Owosso is the guest of friends here.

Rev. J. O. White of Cincinnati will preach at the M. E. church next Sunday.

J. McMannus and wife of Jackson are visiting at the home of E. Birmingham.

Mrs. D. R., Rycker of Pontiac was a guest of Mrs. Fred Bowman Saturday.

Clyde and Morris Darrow are attending the State Encampment at Ludington.

G. P. Lambertson and wife were guests of their son E. Lambertson of Howell Sunday.

Will Sopp and family of Genoa were guests at the home of J. W. Placeway the first of the week.

Mrs. Irving W. Hart of Howell was a guest at the home of Chas. Love last week.

Miss Bernardine Hankerd of Munith was the guest of Laura Lavey Tuesday.

John Rane and family and Walter Reason of Whitmore Lake spent Tuesday here.

Lane and Edward Rehm of Chicago and Howard Rehm of Detroit were in town Tuesday.

Miss Ellen Fitzsimmons of the State Sanatorium near Howell spent Sunday with her parents here.

Miss Erma O'Brien of Jackson and Donald Kelly of Ann Arbor are visiting at the home of R. E. Kelly.

Mrs. C. Byer and daughter, Florence who have been visiting relatives in Detroit and Ypsilanti have returned home.

The following people from this vicinity took the teachers examination at Howell last Thursday and Friday: Mary Fitzsimmons, Eva Docking, Veronica Fobey, Richard Greiner, Lucy Cook, Veronica Brogan, Edna Webb, Hazel Hinchey, Bernardine Lynch and Thomas Moran.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hanes of Anderson entertained the following people last Saturday in honor of the ninetieth birthday of their father, Enoch Hanes: Mr. and Mrs. Will Phillips and son, Mr. Mrs. Dan Hanes, Bertha and Clare Hanes of Leslie; Mr. and Mrs. Walter Miller, Mr. Jimmie Hanes and sons and Grace Smith of Mason; Mr. and Mrs. Ora Hanes of Marion and Mr. and Mrs. Orla Hanes of Anderson.

Council Proceedings

Regular Council convened Aug. 5, 1912 and was called to order by Pres. Reason.

Trustees present—Teepie Clinton, Flintoft and Dunbar. Trustee absent—Roche.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The following bills were read and upon motion ordered paid.

F. G. Jackson (June and July lights) \$97.75
M. Dolan (cutting weeds) \$2.62
H. Cobb " " \$6.12
F. D. Johnson (note with interest) \$475.12

Motion made by Clinton and supported by Monks that the note held by F. D. Johnson against the village for \$450.00 be paid, also interest now due on the same which amounts to \$25.18.

Ayes—Teepie, Flintoft, Dunbar, Clinton and Monks.

The tax roll was brought before the council and upon motion the time set for collection was extended to September 15.

Upon motion council adjourned.
W. A. Clinton
Village Clerk.

SOUTH IOSCO.

The social held at the home of the Watters Bros. last Thursday evening was well attended and a fine time was reported by all. Proceeds \$17.10.

Francis Seor of Marion visited at W. S. Caskey's last week.

Miss F. Beatrice Lamborne returned Thursday after visiting friends and relatives in Hamburg, Pontiac and Pinckney.

Geo. Mowers and wife of Pinckney visited at L. T. Lamborne's Sunday and their daughter Lucy returned home with them.

Miss Edna Lillie of Stockbridge visited at the home of John Wright last week.

Miss Mable Caskey of Plainfield visited her cousin Elva Caskey last week.

Ed. Baker, wife and sons are visiting at the home of Joe Roberts at present.

Quint, the man of magic, mirth and mystery at the Pinckney opera house Saturday evening August 17. Admission 10 and 15c. Read bills for particulars.

CLOSING OUT SALE

For the purpose of making room for a larger and more complete line of Shoes and Rubbers

We will discontinue the entire line of Dry Goods and Ladies Furnishings, and will close out the same for cost & less

All low shoes now in stock will be closed out for cost

R. CLINTON

HUGH G. ALDRICH

The Man For The Place

The friends of Hugh G. Aldrich of the township of Conway have insisted on that gentleman entering the lists for the nomination of school commissioner on the Republican ticket and no better selection could be made. Hugh, as he is commonly called by his friends and acquaintances, is essentially a Livingston County product. He was born in Livingston County thirty two years ago and has spent his entire life within its boundaries excepting when attending or teaching school. After graduating at Howell High School, he taught successfully in the district schools of the county for two years giving excellent satisfaction in every instance. With the money he saved from teaching, he was enabled to attend the State Normal at Ypsilanti from which institution he graduated five years ago. He has also had one year at the University of Michigan. After finishing school, he taught successfully at Alton and Galesburg, Illinois, at which last named place, he was offered a substantial increase of salary if he would remain. Home duties and business reasons combined induced him to return to Livingston County. As will be seen by the above Mr. Aldrich is thoroughly equipped from an educational standpoint and has had the experience teaching both in district and graded schools to pre-eminently qualify him for the duties of school commissioner. His kindly manner, geniality and example coupled with his excellent moral character makes Mr. Aldrich an inspiration to every young person with whom he comes in contact. To know him is to appreciate him.

Should he receive the nomination at the primaries, he will be a tower of strength to the ticket during the campaign and it will indicate that the Republican party has use for young men of character and ability who have made their way to success by their own efforts. Vote for Aldrich in the primaries and give us an opportunity to vote for him at the election. 33t1

A. K. Pierce and wife of South Lyon spent Tuesday here.

Ernest Carr of Detroit is visiting friends and relatives here.

Robert Eek of Dexter was a Pinckney visitor last Friday.

Henry Connors of Battle Creek, has been visiting friends here.

Dr. Walsh of Detroit spent the fore part of the week with friends here.



You are Cordially Invited to Attend

The Third Annual
HOME COMING

— AT —
BRIGHTON

Wednesday and Thursday
AUGUST 21 and 22

4 Ball Games **4**
Amusements Galore

3 BANDS **3**
Lots of Music

Grand Street Parade Thursday Morning
Brighton is Strong on Parades

Big Picnic Dinner Thursday Noon
Always Lot to Eat and Drink

Dance in Opera House Both Nights

Majestic Display of Fireworks
Rivalling Cadillaqua

You'll miss it if you miss it



For Fire Insurance

Try R. W. Caverly, Agent.



In lumber wagons you can't find riding comfort—because they are heavy. The light carriage of yesterday was devised for ease. And the automobile of to-day—and to-morrow—is the light, strong, economical and perfectly balanced Ford.

More than 75,000 new Fords into service this season—proof that they must be right. Three passenger Roadster \$590—five passenger touring car \$690—delivery car \$700—f. o. b. Detroit, with all equipment.

W. G. REEVES
IS YOUR DEALER

Come in and look over our line and let us give you a demonstration

STOCKBRIDGE CITY GARAGE