

Pinckney Dispatch.

Vol. XXXII

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, January 29, 1914

No. 5

Powers That Be

Here is an infallible recipe for keeping the boy on the farm: Prove to him that there is money in it. Any boy worth his salt wants to see substantial results follow his labors, and when they do not can he be blamed for wanting to change his business.

Folks who see that you have been painting up the wagons and sleighs and things will stop and think about it, and say: "That's fine! Just what I ought to do." And some of them will go and do it. So you have preached them a splendid sermon on thrift.

The man who pays as he goes will always have a friend in the storekeeper, and he can buy goods for less money than he could if he ran long bills.

Most party platforms need a building inspector to see that they are kept up to the specifications.

A word to the powers that be: It is much easier to begin a war than to stop one.

Weight your words and be sure to give good weight.

The world is always fair to the fair man.

South Isco

Mrs. L. T. Lamborne is spending some time with her daughters in Pinckney.

Rebah Blair, Iney and Merrell Buckley visited at John Robert's Tuesday.

Fred Montague and wife entertained the I. P. P. C. at their home Saturday evening.

Millie VanKeuren spent last week at the home of the Waters Brothers.

M. Waters of Jackson is at the present visiting at the Water's Brothers.

A number from here attended the Public Installation of Officers at Plainfield Thursday evening.

Albert Kellogg of Detroit was an over Sunday visitor at the home of the Water's Brothers.

Pickle Contracts

Contracts for giving pickles for the new pickle factory at Pinckney can be had at the store of Murphy & Jackson. Pickle seed furnished free.

The Knox-Harris Packing Co. Jackson, Mich. 413

Charity Supper

Under auspices of the O. E. S., an oyster supper will be held Saturday evening January 31, over Murphy & Jackson's store, from five o'clock until all are served, for the benefit of Henry Cobb. Supper 50c. Everybody cordially invited.

Card of Thanks

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors who so kindly gave their assistance in our sad bereavement of the death and burial of our infant son.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Swarthout and family.

Dr. C. L. Sigler left Tuesday morning for Sanderson, Texas, by the way of Cincinnati, Memphis and New Orleans. He will be gone a month or so.

Local News

Fred Read of Detroit spent Sunday here.

Charity supper, Saturday evening, January 31.

Mrs. Arvilla Placeway spent Tuesday in Chilson.

3 days more—Table Linens at 1-5 off at Dancer's. adv.

Jas. Roche and daughter Alice spent Tuesday in Howell.

S. S. Platt of Howell transacted business here Tuesday.

Mrs. Frank Mackinder spent a few days last week in Ann Arbor.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Lee Gartrell, Sunday, January 25, a son.

H. A. Fick and family were Stockbridge visitors last Thursday.

Miss Beatrice Hinckley spent Tuesday with Miss Florence Tupper.

The teachers of the P. H. S. attended the institute at Howell Tuesday.

Wallace Welsh of Dexter spent a few days the past week with his sister, Mrs. C. L. McIntyre.

The Charity supper Saturday evening over Murphy & Jackson's store, the proceeds for Henry Cobb.

3 days more—Of Dancer's Clearance Sale of winter merchandise. Get in on the savings now. adv.

Ella Murphy of Chilson and Bessie Murphy of Byron spent the week end with their mother, Mrs. Mary Murphy.

Mrs. B. W. Hoff and daughter of Lansing are visiting at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Gardner.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Dolan returned to their home Saturday night after spending some time with relatives in Pontiac.

Jas. Treadway and family, R. G. Webb and family and Fred Hemmingway and family ate dinner at the home of S. Gilchrist last Thursday.

The Mite society of the North Hamburg church will be held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George VanHorn, Thursday, February 5. Everyone invited.

The Valentine social which was to have been given by the "Plus Ultra" class has been postponed. In its place they will hold a social Friday evening, February 20th.

Don't forget the Masquerade dancing party at the Pinckney opera house Thursday evening, February 5. Good music will be furnished. Dance starts at eight o'clock sharp. Everybody mask and all come.

The Putnam and Hamburg Farmers Club will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Nash, Saturday January 31. Program as follows: Reading, Mrs. Geo. VanHorn; solo, Wm. Nash; paper, Ray Baker; solo, E. Bell and recitations by Marie Baker, Blanche Hendee and Ella Cady. Question box.

The Pinckney Hotel has nothing on the Brighton Laundry when it comes to changing new proprietors. With nearly every issue of the Brighton Argus we note that the laundry there had a new washer, or in other words, it appears that they are so dirty in that burg that one man never washes the same shirt twice.

No Substitutes

RETURN to the grocer all substitutes sent you for Royal Baking Powder. There is no substitute for ROYAL. Royal is a pure, cream of tartar baking powder, and healthful. Powders offered as substitutes are made from alum.

Roche-Blair

A quiet wedding took place at St. Agnes church, Fowlerville, January 26, 1914, when Ella Genevieve Blair became the wife of George G. Roche, Rev. Fr. Sharp officiating.

A beautiful wedding breakfast was served at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Malachy Roche in W. Howell with whom the bride has made her home for the past year.

The young couple are among Livingston county's best young people and their many friends join in wishing them a happy and prosperous journey through life.

Williamsville

A. J. Harker is painting the power-house.

Work on the ice began here Monday.

Mrs. Whitehead and Dessa called on Mrs. Williams Sunday.

L. R. Williams expects to go to Lansing this week to plan the furnishing of instruments for a brass band.

LAST NUMBER

Pinckney Lecture Course

The Barnard Orchestra

WEDNESDAY EVENING

February 5th

Best Number on the Course

COME

President McKinley
General Garcia
Admiral Sampson
General Miles

and many other notables who figured prominently in the Spanish-American war are among the characters you will find in our new serial to begin soon—

Holton of The Navy

By LAWRENCE FERRY

To a young lieutenant is intrusted the task of locating a certain spy—a lovely Cuban girl—an ardent patriot whom Holton learns to love. Naturally matters are complicated and the result is many dramatic situations.

Don't fail to read it!
You will enjoy every installment!

The first installment of the above story commences with this issue of the Dispatch. Be sure and read it.

Pay your subscription this month.

WANT COLUMN

Rents, Real Estate, Found Lost, Wanted, Etc.

FOR SALE—R. C. R. I. Reds. Reds that are red, both pullets and cockerels. 413 Mrs. Ella Catrell, Pinckney.

WANTED—A good hustling salesman to sell household goods. Big money. 412 Address box 274, Saginaw, Michigan.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Pinckney House Fully Furnished. Inquire at 1129 Ford Bldg. Detroit. 413*

WANTED—Girl or women for cook and general housework. Bell phone 362. Mrs. R. B. McPherson Howell, Mich. 413

WANTED—Farmers to take part of car-load of rock phosphate in 80 lb sacks at \$9.00 per ton. Phone 19 ring 14. 413 Wm. Schrotzberger, Pinckney

FOR SALE—Or will rent on shares to responsible party a farm of 210 acres in township of Brighton. 21f J. W. Hilton, Brighton, Mich.

NOTICE—We will have a saw mill on the premises of Wm. Kennedy Sr. and will be prepared to do all kinds of custom work. Bring in your logs. 213 Wm. Kennedy & Son, Pinckney

WANTED—Men to buy All Wool Made-to-Measure Suits at \$9.99. (The kind you pay \$20. for in all retail stores.) Our representative is now in your territory. Drop us a card and we will have him call. Carter Bros. Co., 422 Holden Ave. Detroit, Mich. 211

Advertise

IF YOU
Want a Cook
Want a Clerk
Want a Partner
Want a Situation
Want a Servant Girl
Want to Sell a Piano
Want to Sell a Carriage
Want to Sell Town Property
Want to Sell Your Groceries
Want to Sell Your Hardware
Want Customers for Anything
Advertise Weekly in This Paper.
Advertising is the Way to Success
Advertising Brings Customers
Advertising Keeps Customers
Advertising Insures Success
Advertising Shows Energy
Advertising Shows Pluck
Advertising is "Biz"
Advertise or Bust
Advertise Long
Advertise Well
ADVERTISE
At Once

In This Paper

For Groceries, Dry Goods, Shoes, Rubbers and Furnishings.

GO TO **Murphy & Jackson**
Largest Stock Lowest Prices

THIS WEEKS SPECIALS

Ladies \$1.00 Union Suits	79c
Ladies 50c Underwear	42c
Mens 50c Underwear	42c
Boys 25c Underwear	18c
25 lbs. H. & E. Granulated Sugar	\$1.10
8 Bars Lenox Soap for	25c
Michigan Sugar, bulk, 100 lbs. for	\$4.25

Training 120,000 Citizens To Be Soldiers

IT was that blazing hot first day of July, 1898. Shafter's little army was tearing its way through the tropic jungle and up the heights toward where lay the Spanish riflemen defending Santiago de Cuba. At what since came to be known as "Bloody Bend" in the path of the American advance there was a break in the foliage. Directly in the line of the Spanish fire it lay. And so thick was the jungle that the advancing troops had to cross this open space.



Brig. General A. L. Mills

Untrained in warfare, many untrained even in what is now regarded as primary principles of combat, brave but untaught and unprepared as Americans ever have been in the earlier stages of their wars, the new enlisted men from New York and Michigan and Oklahoma and Arizona and all the union met here the supreme test.

Scores fell before the enemy's fire. What was needed most was intelligent leadership, and skilled leaders were woefully few. The sacrifice of life went on, for lack of knowledge to cope with an unexpected military situation.

There came on the scene First Lieut. Albert L. Mills, First United States cavalry, holding rank as captain and assistant adjutant general of volunteers, and attached to the staff of General Shafter. Four years at West Point and 19 years as a subaltern officer of cavalry serving in the far west—hard, studious, working years—united with natural capacity and fitness, had made him a cool, resourceful, skillful, trained military leader. He knew the business of war.

At once he began to bring order out of chaos. He showed the men how to take cover. He directed a return fire. The advance, temporarily checked, was resumed.

Then a Spanish bullet crashed through his head. It tore away one eye and temporarily blinded the other. But he refused to leave the spot where he was so urgently needed. Sightless, a bloody bandage wound about his brow, he remained and continued his work of directing the troops as they came along.

The scene has been perpetuated in picture and in written description. It stands out as one of the most vivid and splendid incidents of the war of 1898.

"For distinguished gallantry in action near Santiago de Cuba, July 1, 1898, in encouraging those near him by his bravery and coolness after being shot through the head and entirely without sight." That is the notation on the record in the war department in explanation of the award of the congressional medal of honor to this officer.

Was he any more brave than scores and hundreds of others who participated in the operations at Santiago? Probably not, but he, better than so many others, knew how to do the job which the American forces had set out to accomplish on that day. It was his knowledge, his military skill, quite as much as his coolness and his disregard of his own sufferings, that brought him distinction.

The government at Washington, these lessons fresh in its mind, concluded that the man who had done what Mills had done at Bloody Bend was the sort of man needed to train future army officers. So, advancing him to the rank of colonel, the war department in the autumn of 1898, when his one remaining eye had healed, sent him to West Point as superintendent of the finest military academy in the world. There he remained for eight years.

In 1904 he was advanced to the grade of brigadier general. Now, after two years of departmental command in the Philippines and three years of like duty in the department of the gulf, general Mills is back at his old occupation of supervising the training of young Americans in the business of war.

But it is in a larger field. Instead of directing the intensive training of several hundred prospective officers of the regular army he is in charge of the federal activities that assist the National Guards of the various states in attaining military proficiency. Approximately 120,000 National Guardsmen are the material with which he is working. It is a larger force than the regular army.

Something ingrained in the fiber of English-speaking peoples makes them opposed to the maintenance of large standing armies. They ever have preferred to put their dependence in a militia soldiery. But modern condi-

tions, the invention of intricate and powerful new engines of war; the need, as revealed by studies and experience of military sanitation; the development of new and swift methods of transportation—all these have changed the character of the soldier's business. He must know more today than he ever knew before. The idea of the soldier as mere "food for powder" long ago became obsolete. A higher training is required.

Our little standing army, therefore, is today regarded more as a training school and a model for the larger military force that will be necessary in our next war than as the country's chief land defense dependence. From the citizens must come the big fighting force.

In our every war we have sent untrained citizens into the field at the beginning. The resulting loss of life, largely because of the ignorance of how to live under military field conditions, has been shocking. The financial loss in prolongation of the war, in temporary setbacks, in expense of improvising field armies from nothing, in pension rolls, has been stupendous. Lack of preparedness was the cause.

Preparedness, then, is the aim and purpose of the military authorities of the United States. They are trying, so far as congress and public opinion will permit, to profit by the awful lessons of the past. They are trying to make the regular army a perfect military force and to make the National Guard, otherwise the organized militia, just as well trained as any body of citizen soldiers can be trained. Results are being achieved.

There has been an organized militia of sorts ever since this became a constitutional republic. The organizing of it ever has been in the hands of the states, however, and the states have had varying ideas of what sort of a military force should be maintained in the guise of organized militia.

The war of 1898 showed up the defects of our military system in a glaring fashion. This resulted in the passage of the new militia law of 1903, known as the Dick bill, really organizing the militia force. By this act larger federal assistance was given to the militia of the states and a larger measure of military efficiency required of those forces in return for that aid.

In 1908 the law was amended and improved. A national militia board, consisting of militia officers appointed by the secretary of war, was authorized to advise with the war department on militia affairs. And also the division of militia affairs in the war department was created to handle the subject.

It is this division which Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills now heads.

Federal aid is now extended to the organized militia or National Guards of the various states to the extent of about \$5,000,000 a year. Of this about \$2,500,000 is expended for arms, equipment, camp purposes and maneuvers, about \$500,000 for the promotion of rifle practice, something like \$800,000 for ammunition and more than \$1,000,000 for supplies.

The result of the new laws has been to bring the National Guard force into closer and more intimate relation with the regular army, to make it more uniform in organization, discipline and equipment, and to establish standards of efficiency, to which all elements are working.

General Mills himself, in his erect carriage, grizzled hair, stiff, gray, military mustache, firm jaw and strongly lined mouth, is the ideal soldier. In speech he is careful and deliberate; in action sure, determined, rapid. "A strong character" is the estimate of the observer. It is a correct estimate. One known, without the study of his life and habit of thought that demonstrates the correctness of the theory, that he is a man of high ideals, spotless life and simple creed of right and wrong.

"Why do we have an organized militia?" was the question put to General Mills one afternoon in his office.

"As viewed from the standpoint of the national government, we have an organized militia to take part with the army as the first line of defense in case of any national emergency," replied the general.

"To maintain ourselves," he continued, "until the great mass of volunteers which is certain to be needed to carry on any war with a foreign power can be enlisted, organized, equipped and trained."

"The organized militia is to be distinguished from the unorganized militia. The latter embraces the manhood of the country. Since 1792 every male citizen of the United States between the ages of eighteen and forty-five, who is physically sound, has been a member of the unorganized militia."

"The organized militia includes the National Guards of the several states. Its reported strength is 120,000. The law of 1903 makes this a more formidable arm than its prototype ever was before. The war department recognizes it as a potent force which, with proper support by congress, can be made a real national military asset. Only those elements of the National Guard which participate in the federal appropriations and conform in organization, armament and equipment with what is prescribed for the regular army are recognized by the war department as part of the organized militia. This takes in, however, almost all the so-called National Guard organizations in the country."

"The policy of the war department is to make the organized militia an efficient force for national military purposes. The department is without authority to increase the strength of the organized militia, it being within the province of each state, under the constitution, to determine what sized force it shall have. The purpose of the department is to seek to make effective the intention of congress, as expressed in existing laws, and assist the states in so organizing, arming, equipping and training their National Guards that these independent forces, when needed, can pass, without reorganization, smoothly and easily into the federal service."

"The division of militia affairs is the machinery through which the war department exercises its supervision over and discharges its responsibilities to the organized militia. The division is one of the four co-ordinate branches of the office of the chief of staff of the army. Its duties are comprehensive. They fall naturally into two classes. One is administrative and the other instructional. "Administrative embraces all the details connected with the supervision of disbursements of federal funds, the organization of the National Guard in the various states, and their equipment with arms, ammunition, uniforms and camp equipage generally. "The aim of the instructional efforts is to assist the states in securing a trained and efficient field force. Under the constitution the authority for training the militia is in the hands of the states, but it must be of the kind that is prescribed by congress for the army."

"With this in view, there are assigned to each state specially qualified and selected officers to do duty as inspector-instructors, assisting the states in this practical way, and enabling them in the matter of training to keep in touch with the most modern methods pursued in the army."

"The result of federal assistance afforded the organized militia is that it has greatly increased the efficiency of the force. It is progressing so well along these lines that, with continued assistance by congress and a recognition of that assistance by the states, the nation will have a dependable field force, certainly one infinitely better than any new organization, filled up with untrained citizens, could be expected to be."

GASOLINE IN THE KITCHEN

As a Cleanser, Nothing is Better Than This Material, Though It Must Be Carefully Handled.

A can of gasoline in the kitchen for cleaning purposes will be found a great help if ordinary care is exercised against fire. To clean the gas stove, soak the jets in a little gasoline, and it will remove all dirt and do away with any odor from the gas range, or scrub the jets with a little brush dipped in gasoline.

To clean copper or aluminum cooking utensils, soak a cloth in gasoline and rub on the outside of the vessel. This will remove all black or discoloration from the metal.

For grease marks or dirty spots on woodwork a little gasoline applied with a cloth will remove them at once.

If the drain in the sink becomes stopped up, remove all water from the sink and pour in a pint or more of gasoline and let it stand. This will cut the cause of stoppage in a little while.

Before blacking a stove or range rub off the top with a cloth wet with gasoline, and it will remove all dirt and grease and make the blacking stay on longer.

Be careful to keep all gasoline away from the fire.

RECIPES FOR APPLE BUTTER

Two Different Methods of Preparing Delicacy That Have Equal Amount of Merit.

Cook these in the usual way as for apple sauce, but if you have any fresh apple juice boiled down to a syrup, cook them in it, as it improves the flavor. For six quarts of cooked apples, then take one pint of good cider vinegar and two and one-half pounds of brown sugar. Boil all down to one gallon, and when thick and nearly done season to taste with cinnamon or other spice desired and put up in jars like jam. It will keep well for any length of time.

Another way is this: Boil new cider down to one-half quantity. Pare, cut and core equal quantities of sweet and sour apples. Put the sweet apples into a large kettle to soften a little first, as they are the hardest. Add enough boiled cider to cook them in. After boiling half an hour, stirring often, put in the sour apples, and add more boiled cider, with molasses enough to sweeten moderately. Boil until tender, stirring to prevent burning.

Fruit Dainty.

Four tablespoonfuls gelatine, one lemon, one large, juicy orange and one pound granulated sugar.

Take two-thirds of cup cold water and soak gelatine five minutes. Mix sugar with two-thirds of cup of cold water, and at the boiling point add the soaked gelatine. Boil 20 minutes, slowly but steadily. Add grated rind and juice of the orange and the juice of the lemon—you should have one-half of a large cup of juice. Wet a tin with cold water and pour in the mixture to the depth of one inch. When firmly set immerse the mold in warm water and turn out. Cut in cubes and roll in confectioners' sugar, to which you have added a teaspoonful of cornstarch. Different fruit juice, coloring and flavor may be used.—Detroit Free Press.

French Meat Roll.

Chop finely two pounds of round steak, add the grated rind of half a lemon, one slightly beaten egg, two tablespoons of melted butter, a level teaspoon of salt, a little pepper, a little chopped parsley, if liked. Shape on a roll and dust it with flour. Place in the baking pan on a piece of thick buttered paper, and baste frequently with a cup of hot water in which two tablespoons of butter have been melted. This may be served with brown gravy or tomato sauce.

Seasoning a Fowl.

In seasoning a fowl, the flavor may be improved by rubbing well into the flesh, salt and pepper, to which ginger has been added. A spoonful of vinegar in the water in which fowl are boiled makes them tender.

String Dishcloth.

An excellent dishcloth is made of common string knitted on bone needles. Dishcloths made thus are strong, and their roughness makes them especially useful for cleaning pots and pans.

Dumplings for Stew.

Two cups flour, one-half teaspoon salt, two teaspoons baking powder (not heaping), milk enough to make soft dough. I mix with a silver knife and handle very little. Roll out and cut in shape and steam in a greased colander over boiling water 20 or 25 minutes. They are very light.

To Clean Statuettes.

Plaster statuary can be made to look like new by dipping it in liquid starch. When dry, brush the starch off and the dirt will come with it.

English Prudence.
Mrs. Briggs—So there's not going to be a postal strike, after all, Mrs. Johnson.
Mrs. Johnson (remembering the coal strike)—Well, you never can tell but what it may come at any moment; so I shall lay in a good stock of stamps now.—Punch.

THE RIGHT SOAP FOR BABY'S SKIN

In the care of baby's skin and hair, Cuticura Soap is the mother's favorite. Not only is it unrivaled in purity and refreshing fragrance, but its gentle emollient properties are usually sufficient to allay minor irritations, remove redness, roughness and chafing, soothe sensitive conditions, and promote skin and hair health generally. Assisted by Cuticura Ointment, it is most valuable in the treatment of eczemas, rashes and itching, burning infantile eruptions. Cuticura Soap wears to a wafer, often outlasting several cakes of ordinary soap and making its use most economical.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address postcard "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Almost an Egotist.

"Jimmy seems to like himself pretty well, doesn't he?"
"Yes. I fancy that he thinks his father and mother ought to get down on their knees every night and thank heaven for having permitted them to become his parents."

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* in Use For Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Thrilling Tribute.

A lady called up over the phone to inquire if we sing in the Methodist choir. The inquiry itself is a tribute to the piety and spirituality which have thrilled us inwardly, however poor an exterior manifestation we have been able to make of them.—Houston Post.

Constipation causes and aggravates many serious diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. The favorite family laxative. Adv.

Right.

"The cost of living is like a lady dressing for the theater."
"It is?"
"Yes. It seems as though neither of them will ever come down."

Be thrifty on little things like bluing. Don't accept water for bluing. Ask for Red Cross Ball Blue, the extra good value blue. Adv.

She Was Nearer the Truth.
"I love you for all I'm worth," protested the count.
"I rather think it's for all I'm worth," replied the helress.

Putnam Fadeless Dyes are the brightest and fastest. Adv.

The world is full of vain egrets. Many a chicken wishes it had been hard boiled before it had been born.

The only married man who ever lived up to his wife's ideal died the day after the wedding.

To Pipe Smokers

We Are Independent

and have no one to please but our customers. We have been making high-grade smoking tobacco for more than half a century and "Wild Fruit" is our best effort. It is Union Made. Packed in five cent foil packages, ten cent cloth pouches, eight and sixteen cent tins. Premium coupons in all packages. Should you fail to find the "Wild Fruit" in your dealer's stock, send us five cents in postage stamps and we will mail you an original package.

Joe. J. Bagley & Co., Detroit, Mich.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN

Relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Colic and all sorts of discomforts of the stomach and bowels. It is the most reliable and safe medicine for children. Address A. L. Gray, Boston, Mass.

WOMAN IN BAD CONDITION

Restored To Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Montpelier, Vt. — "We have great faith in your remedies. I was very irregular and was tired and sleepy all the time, would have cold chills, and my hands and feet would blot. My stomach bothered me, I had pain in my side and a bad headache most of the time. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done me lots of good and I now feel fine. I am regular, my stomach is better and my pains have all left me. You can use my name if you like. I am proud of what your remedies have done for me." — Mrs. MARY GAUTHIER, 21 Ridge St., Montpelier, Vt.

An Honest Dependable Medicine

It must be admitted by every fair-minded, intelligent person, that a medicine could not live and grow in popularity for nearly forty years, and to-day hold a record for thousands upon thousands of actual cures, as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, without possessing great virtue and actual worth. Such medicines must be looked upon and termed both standard and dependable by every thinking person.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

Act Quickly

Don't wait until you have some ailment caused by poor digestion, biliousness, or by inactive bowels which may lead to a serious sickness. Immediate relief is afforded by that best corrective and preventive

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

400,000 Settlers a Year

Immigration figures show that the population of Canada increased during 1913, by the addition of 400,000 new settlers from the United States and Europe. Most of these have gone on farms in provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Lord William Percy, an English Nobleman, says:

"The possibilities and opportunities offered by the Canadian West are so infinitely greater than those which exist in England, that it seems absurd to think that people should be impeded from coming to the country where they can most easily and certainly improve their position."

New districts are being opened up which will make accessible a great number of homesteads in districts especially adapted to mixed farming and grain raising.

For illustrated literature and reduced railway rates, apply to Supt. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

M. V. McInnes
176 Jefferson Ave.
Detroit, Mich.
Canadian Government Agent

Constipation Vanishes Forever

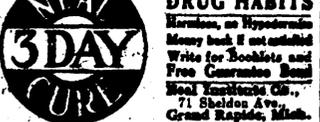
Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

W. Wood



3 DAY CURE

FOR DRINK and DRUG HABITS

PISO'S REMEDY

Best Cough Syrup, Tissue Good, Use in Time. Sold by Druggists.

TRAINS IN HEAD-ON COLLISION

WRECK NEAR JACKSON KILLS FIVE OUTRIGHT AND INJURES MANY.

BAGGAGE CAR AND DAY COACH ARE TELESCOPED.

Physicians and Volunteers Work All Night to Release Passengers Pinioned in the Wreckage.

Jackson, Mich.—Michigan Central passenger train No. 70, due from Bay City here at 10:05 Sunday night, met head-on three miles north of Jackson a freight train which left here at 8:30.

Five persons were killed outright and a score or more injured, some of them fatally.

The wreck occurred near the crossing of the M. C. with the Grand Trunk, known as the M. A. L. crossing.

Railroad officials state the wreck was probably due to a misunderstanding of train orders.

The first news of the wreck came over the phone from a farmer, who was too excited to tell his name to the police.

A special train with doctors was quickly made up and sent to the scene.

An interurban on the M. U. T. brought in the first load of injured. It was a special sent as relief from Lansing.

Many persons at 1 a. m. were still pinioned in the wreckage and on account of darkness, the work of rescue was very slow.

The impact of the collision telescoped the baggage car and a day coach, and all the passengers in the latter were either killed or injured.

Every available ambulance in the city was put in commission. One took five to the City hospital, another three and the police, after midnight, assisted in caring for several more.

New Postmaster for Michigan.

Washington — Twenty-six more Michigan postmaster nominations came to the senate Saturday from the White House.

The list follows:

- A. M. Miller, Bay City; Harvey J. Campbell, Benton Harbor; John A. Jackson, Clare; Michael Doherty, Escanaba; Otto L. Mertz, Gladstone; Charles B. Wilmut, Gladwin; A. W. Peterson, Ironwood; Thomas J. Dundon, Ishpeming; Edwin Shellhorn, Lake Odessa; Lloyd C. Feighner, Litchfield; Martin Crocker, Mt. Clemens; Herbert A. Sanford, Mt. Pleasant; D. D. Stewart, Munising; Peter Trudell, Jr., Negaunee; Geo. H. Ankam, Pigeon; Elmer E. Hymers, Pontiac; John Brogan, Stockbridge; Edward F. Riley, Mendon; Christopher Lowney, Calumet; Walter W. Simons, Coleman; Freeman Ware, White Pigeon; W. T. Menge, L'Anse; George Cutler, Luther; Martin M. Bies, Palatka; Henry C. Stevenson, South Lyon; Robert D. Jenkinson, Vicksburg.

P. O. Appropriation Bill Passed.

Washington.—The postoffice appropriation bill, carrying a record breaking total of \$305,000,000 was passed Saturday by the house. It includes an amendment, which extends to post-office clerks, lettercarriers, rural free delivery carriers, mounted letter carriers and postoffice messengers, for injuries received on duty, full salary for one year, after injury, with an additional half salary for another year of necessary and a \$2,000 lump sum payment in case of death.

Blessed Pardons More Convicts.

Columbia, S. C.—Governor Cole Blessie has commuted the sentences of 14 more convicts in the state penitentiary.

This is his answer to the suggestions of members of the legislature that he should be deprived of the power of executive clemency. Included in the number of convicts to receive favor are four murderers.

The governor's commutations are brought up to 40 for January.

Alaskan-Railroad Approved by Senate

Washington, D. C.—The senate passed the Alaska railroad bill Saturday afternoon, 76 to 16. The bill authorizes the president of the United States to locate, construct and operate railroads in Alaska. This bill has been described as the first big experiment in the construction and operation of a railroad.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle: Market steady; best steers and heifers, \$8@8.25; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200, \$7.50@7.75; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 \$6.75@7.25; steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 400, \$5.50@6.25; choice fat cows, \$5.50@5.75; good fat cows, \$5@5.25; common cows, \$4.50@4.85; canners, \$3@4.25; choice heavy bulls, \$6.50@6.75; fair to good bolognas, bulls, \$5.75@6; stock bulls, \$5@5.50; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$6.75@7.25; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000, \$6@6.50; choice stockers, 500 to 700, \$6@6.50; fair stockers, 500 to 700, \$5.75@6; stock heifers, \$5@5.75; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$75@90; common milkers, \$40@60.

Veal Calves—Market steady; best, \$11@11.50; few choice, \$12; others, \$8.10@10.50.

Sheep and lambs—Market strong; best lambs, \$7.25@7.85; fair to good lambs, \$7.25@7.65; light to common lambs, \$6.75@7.25; yearlings, \$6.75@7; fair to good sheep, \$4.50@5.35; culls and common, \$3.50@4.25.

Hogs—Market, 5c to 10c lower; all grades, \$8.35.

East Buffalo Markets.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle—Receipts 150 cars; heavy grades, 15@25c lower; butchers, 10@15c lower; prime steers, \$8.75@8.90; fair to good weighty steers, \$8.40@8.50; best shipping steers, \$8.40@8.75; fair to good, \$7.85@8.25; plain weighty steers, \$7.35@7.60; best handy butcher steers, \$7.75@8.25; fair to good, \$7.25@7.50; common to fair, \$6.75@7.00; heavy fancy fat cows, \$6.50@7; choice to prime fat cows, \$6@6.50; good butcher cows, \$5.50@6; fair to good \$5@5.50; cutters, \$4@4.50; canners, \$3.50@3.85; choice heifers, \$7@7.75; medium to good, \$6@6.50; common to fair, \$5.25@5.85; feeders, \$6.25@7; yearling stockers, \$6.35@6.75; fair to best stockers, \$5@6.25; common, \$4@4.50; heavy hulls, \$6.75@7.25; medium, \$6.25@6.50; bologna, \$5.75@6.25; milkers and springers, \$5@100.

Hogs—Receipts, 100 cars; market active; heavy and mixed, \$8.60@8.65; few, \$8.70; yorkers, \$8.60@8.65; pigs, \$8.50.

Sheep—Receipts, 125 cars; market 25c lower; top lambs, \$8@8.19; yearlings, \$6@7; wethers, \$5.85@6; ewes, \$5.25@5.50.

Calves—Receipts, 700 head; market slow; tops, \$12; fair to good, \$10@11; grassers, \$4.50@5.75.

Grains, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat: Cash No. 2 red, 97 3-4c. May opened without change at \$1.02 1-2, advanced to \$1.03 and closed at \$1.02 1-2. July opened at 90 1-2c, advanced to 90 3-4c and closed at 90 1-2, advanced to 90 3-4c and closed at 90 1-2c. No. 1 white, 97 1-4c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 63c; No. 3 yellow, 3 cars at 65 1-2c, closing at 65c. No. 4 yellow, 1 car at 63c, closing at 62 1-2c; sample, 1 car at 59c.

Oats—Standard, 42c; No. 3 white, 41 1-2c; No. 4 white, 41c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 66c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$1.83; January, \$1.15; February, \$1.90.

Cloverseed—Prime spot, \$8.85; March, \$8.90; sample red, 60 bags at \$8.40; 125 at \$8; prime alsike, \$10.75; sample alsike, 22 bags at \$9.

Timothy—Prime spot, \$2.55.

Alfalfa—Prime spot \$7.25.

Hay—Carlots, track Detroit: No. 1 timothy, \$15@16; standard, \$14@15; No. 2 timothy, \$12@14; light mixed, \$14@14.50; No. 1 mixed, \$12@13.50; No. 1 clover, \$12@13; rye straw, \$8@9; wheat straw, \$7@8; oat straw, \$7.50@8 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$5.30; second patent, \$4.80; straight, \$4.50; spring patent, \$5.10; rye, \$4.40 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$25; coarse middlings, \$27; fine middlings, \$29; cracked corn, \$29; coarse cornmeal, \$28; corn and oat chop, \$25.60 per ton.

General Markets.

Apples—Steele Red, \$5.50@6; Spy, \$4.50@5; Greening, \$4.50@5; No. 2 \$3@3.50 per bbl.

Rabbits—\$2.25 per dozen.

Cabbage—\$2.25@2.50 per bbl.

New Potatoes—Bermuda, \$2.50 per bu and \$7 per bbl.

Tomatoes—Hothouse, 20@25c per lb; Florida, \$4 per crate and 73c per basket.

Dressed Calves—Fancy, 15@16c; common, 12@13c per lb.

Onions—\$1.25 per bu, \$2.50 per sack of 100 lbs.; Spanish, \$1.50 per crate, 4 per large crate.

Potatoes—In bulk, 65@67c per bu in sacks, 68@70c per bu for car lots.

HIS FIRST YEAR AT FARMING IN SASKATCHEWAN

Win Premiums and Prizes in Competition With the World.

There are thousands of young men filling positions in stores and offices, and in professional occupations throughout the United States, who in their earlier life, worked on the farm. The allurements of city life were attractive, until they faced the stern reality. These people would have done better had they remained on the farm. Many of them, convinced of this, are now getting "back to the land," and in the experience, no better place offers nor better opportunity afforded, than that existing in Western Canada. Many of them have taken advantage of it, and there are to be found today, hundreds of such, farming in the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. The conditions that surround farming operations today are so much superior to those in existence during their early farming days, that there is an attraction about it. Improved machinery, level and open plains, no rocks to shun, no trees to cut down, but wide stretches with mile-long furrows, elevators to handle the grain, railways to carry it to market, and bring almost to their doors the things necessary to operate. Splendid grazing areas, excellent opportunities for raising cattle. These things are all so different from what they once were that there is reason to speak of the attractions. R. H. Crossman of Kindersey, Saskatchewan, the man who won such splendid prizes at the International Dry Farming Congress held at Tulsa, Oklahoma, last fall, grew the prize grains during his first year farming. Up to 1913 he was an engineer and the only knowledge he had of farming was that obtained when he was a boy. That was very useful; in fact it was valuable to him. He had not forgotten it. Thousands with as little experience as he had can do well by taking up one of the 160-acre grants offered by the Canadian government. — Advertisement.

TRIBUTE TO THE HUMBLE HEN

According to Wise Observation Biddy Has a Shade the Best of Any Other Creature.

"Alexander is a character in his way and is always surprising my household with his original opinions and homely philosophy," says Senator James E. Martine. "Not long ago he was hoeing and hilling some potatoes down on our Jersey farm, and I stood by while he was trying to drive the chickens away from the freshly turned earth. They kept him very busy and finally, instead of losing patience, he turned to me and said: 'Boss, do yo' know dat a chicken am re most accomodatinist thing what lives?' 'How is that, Alexander?' I asked him. 'Why, it's like dis, boss. Yo' eats 'em befo' dey's bawn and yo' eats 'em aftah dey's daid.'—Illustrated Sunday Magazine.

Low Comedy. Biffstick—I couldn't make them laugh tonight. Do you think my comedy is over their heads? Ravenyelp—No; under their feet.—Judge.

Red Cross Ball Blue gives double value for your money, goes twice as far as any other. Ask your grocer. Adv.

The Remedy. "My foot's asleep. What shall I do?" "Make a noise."

The Cough is what hurts, but the tickle is to blame. Dean's Mentholated Cough Drops stop the tickle—5c at good Druggists.

When a man is always telling how honest he is we begin to get suspicious.

The political candidate who "also ran" believes the country is short of asylums for hopeless idiots.

Better Biscuits Baked With

You never tasted daintier, lighter, fluffier biscuits than those baked with Calumet. They're always good—delicious. For Calumet insures perfect baking.

RECEIVED HIGHEST AWARDS

World's Pure Food Exposition, Chicago, Illinois. Paris Exposition, France, March, 1912.



NOT MADE BY THE TRUST CALUMET BAKING POWDER CO. CHICAGO

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask Your Druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE. NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., Ltd., BUFFALO, N.Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

RAW FURS

We pay highest market prices, give you an and remit the same day goods are received. If you so request we will hold your furs separate for your approval of our valuation. Write today for Price List, shipping tags, etc.

BEHR BROTHERS

Raw Fur Department, H. F. BLAKE, Mgr. 357 Gratiot Ave., Detroit, Mich. HIDES PELTS WOOL TALLOW

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 5-1914.

Weak Heart

Many people suffer from weak hearts. They may experience shortness of breath on exertion, pain over the heart, or dizzy feelings, oppressed breathing after meals or their eyes become blurred, the heart is not sufficiently strong to pump blood to the extremities, and they have cold hands and feet, or poor appetite because of weakened blood supply to the stomach. A heart tonic and alterative should be taken which has no bad after-effect. Such is

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery

which contains no dangerous narcotics or alcohol. It helps the human system in the constant manufacture of rich, red blood. It helps the stomach to assimilate or take up the proper elements from the food, thereby helping digestion and curing dyspepsia, heart-burn and many uncomfortable symptoms, stops excessive tissue waste in convalescence from fever, for the run-down, anemic, thin-blooded people, the "Discovery" is refreshing and vitalizing.

In liquid or tablet form at most drug stores or send 50 cent stamp for trial box to Dr. Pierce's Invalid Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Send for your 400-page illustrated Orange in the "Golden Medical Discovery" which contains full and complete directions for its use, and a list of 1000 druggists and dealers in all parts of the world.

Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

R. W. CAVERLY, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Subscription, \$1. Per Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.

Cards of Thanks, fifty cents. Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar. Local Notices, in Local columns five cent per line per each insertion.

All matter intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.

Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.

Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.

Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

Local News

Charity supper, Saturday evening, January 31.

The express companies reduce their rates after Feb. 1.

3 days more—All Ladies coats and suits at Slashed Prices. At Dancer's.

Wm. and Markie Bell spent a few days the past week with relatives in Williamston.

The "Este Fideles" class of the M. E. church will give a Valentine Social at the home of Fred Burgess, Friday evening, February 13. A good program will be furnished. Come and enjoy yourself.

Chas. G. Smith returned to his home at Lakeland Friday, after spending several weeks in various cities of the East. He expects to soon leave for Florida to spend the remainder of the winter.

F. B. Fick of Detroit, a son of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Fick of this place, was elected second Vice-President, Treasurer and Assistant Secretary of the Abbott Motor Car Co., of Detroit one day last week. His many friends here wish him success.

The common roller towel in the schoolroom is the source of practically every skin disease epidemic among children and sometimes of blindness. In only 151 rural schools in the state are the children safeguarded by the use of paper towels, and in 140 by individual towels.

At the annual meeting of the Livingston Mutual Telephone Co. at Howell last Monday, all the officers were re-elected as follows: President, J. B. Fuller; Vice Pres., W. O. Richards; Secretary, F. H. Lare; Treasurer, G. A. Newman; Directors, J. E. Dibble, Fred Kuhn, S. Swarthout W. S. Earl and H. W. Norton.

A farmer rushed up to the home of one of our local doctors late one night and besought him to come at once to a distant farm house. The medicine man hitched up his horse and they drove furiously to the farmer's home. Upon their arrival the farmer said: "How much is your fee doc?" "Three dollars," Here y're," said the farmer, handing over the money, "the blamed liveryman wanted five dollars to drive me home."—Sharidan Advertiser.

Hugh Calmers of Detroit spoke to 200 members of the board of trade at Saginaw last week on "Principles of Business Success." He emphasized the value of newspaper advertising. "There are two reasons that serve all non-advertisers; 'I have so much business I don't have to advertise'; 'I do so little business I can't afford to advertise'," said Mr. Calmers. "The newspaper is the best means of advertising. It reaches all the people, is read day after day, and is a medium for getting effective results. It is ahead of the magazine or any other agency."

Ross Read was in Detroit last Thursday.

LaRue Moran of Howell was home over Sunday.

Paul Miller was a Fowlerville visitor last Friday.

Viola Peters of Jackson spent Sunday with friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Roger Carr are visiting relatives in Detroit.

Chas. Ashley of Detroit spent the first of the week at M. Dolan's.

Mrs. H. D. Grives visited Gregory relatives several days last week.

Miss Nida Lasher of Howell was an over Sunday visitor with friends here.

Mrs. John Rane and daughter Virginia of Whitmore Lake spent the past week here.

Miss Esther Barton was an over Sunday visitor with friends and relatives in Detroit.

Mrs. M. Backus and daughter Corrine of Lansing are visiting at the home of H. B. Gardner.

Mildred Ostrander of Albion College spent Saturday and Sunday with her father here.

Gen. Miles says married men make the best fighters; but look at the experience they have had.

The last number on the Pinckney lecture course, the Barnard Orchestra, at the opera house, Wednesday evening February 4th.

Henry Spencer and wife, Roy Newcomb and wife, Miss Fae Brockway and Bruce Newcomb of Howell were Pinckney visitors last Friday evening.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Earl McLachlan of Crosswell, Wednesday January 24, a son. Mrs. McLachlan was formerly Cora Frost of this place.

Henry Cobb has resided in this locality about 75 years, will you remember him Saturday evening January 31, at the oyster supper given in his behalf.

Parcel post packages weighing 100 pounds will be a feature of the postal service, if plans being considered favorably by the postmaster-general go through.

An Exchange in an ad, says, "don't borrow your neighbors." That is often the way to find out the news. Some neighbors know more news than is ever published in the papers.

How many of your letters went astray last year? There were 13,816,346 letters which ended up in the dead letter office and out of this number 6,440,994 were restored to the senders. Always use a return-card envelope.

Mr. and Mrs. Hinchey and daughter Velma, Misses Enda Webb, Florence Tupper and Mary Hemingway, and Alger Hall and George Webb were very pleasantly entertained at the home of Mr. and Guy Hinchey last Friday evening.

The Dispatch this week received its new sample calendars for 1915 and we would advise our merchants not to buy of agents till they have seen this line and secured our prices. We have saved money for our customers in the future and give you just as good goods.

The mid-winter meeting of the Michigan State Horticultural society will be held in Benton Harbor, Mich., Thursday and Friday, February 5 and 6 in the auditorium of the First Baptist church. Benton Harbor, situated as it is in the heart of one of the largest fruit growing districts in the state and the home of many expert growers who are able to impart much valuable information regarding the fruit growing industry, is an ideal place for this meeting.

WE ARE AT YOUR SERVICE

Monks Bros.

are still on the job with a complete line of High Quality Merchandise at Right Prices

We would advise our customers to begin the day right by using Pinckney, Parshall's Thomans, or Henkel's Buckwheat Flours and Blue Ribbon, Light House, Karo, or Old Tavern Syrups, for those delightful pancakes.

Table Talk Coffee at 25c; Spring Hill 27c; Old Tavern, Empire or Old Reliable at 30c; Breakfast Delight or Berdan's Blue Label at 35c; White House or Chase & Sanborns Seal at 40c, should satisfy your desire for a fine breakfast drink.

You may select anything from our line for the remainder of the day and be assured of satisfaction.

Sealshipt Oysters, Addison Chesse, Butter Krust Bread, Bermuda and Home Grown Onions, Oranges and Lemons always on hand. Red Star Oil

Remember we also have a full line of Gents Furnishings including the famous Ideal and Peninsular Work Shirts and Overalls.

We Appreciate Your Trade

Prompt Delivery Phone No. 38

Try a Liner Advertisement in the Dispatch

Farm Tools

If you are in need of anything in this line come in and look over our stock as it is complete.

Wagons and Carriages

Of all kinds and prices. We know we can please you if you give us a chance, both as to price and quality.

Good Goods

We do not, and will not, carry inferior goods of any kind. Our motto is, "The best of everything at Right Prices". Call and see us.

Teepie Hardware Company

Pinckney, Mich.

After January 1st, 1914

We are going to do a

Strictly Cash Business

Everything must be paid for at the time you get it. No one will be allowed to run an account with us. We have to pay cash for every thing we buy and will ask you to do the same.

THE HOYT BROS.

Sale Bills Printed at the Dispatch Office at Right Prices.

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent
paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney Mich.

G. W. TEEPLE Prop



A gift to please those you would favor with a mark of your personal esteem—your portrait. Nothing could be more appropriate, at any time.

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO

Daisie B. Chapell

Stockbridge, Michigan

Heart Disease Almost Fatal to Young Girl

"My daughter, when thirteen years old, was stricken with heart trouble. She was so bad we had to place her bed near a window so she could get her breath. Our doctor said, 'Poor child, she is likely to fall dead any time.' A friend told me Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy had cured her father, so I tried it, and she began to improve. She took a great many bottles, but she is now as well as ever, a fat, happy, cheerful girl. No one can imagine the confidence I have in Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy." A. R. CANON, Worth, Pa.

The unbounded confidence Mr. Canon has in Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is shared by thousands of others who know its value from experience. Many heart diseases yield to treatment, if the treatment is right. If you are bothered with short breath, fainting spells, swelling of feet or ankles, pains about the heart and shoulder blades, palpitation, weak and hungry spells, you should begin using Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy at once. Profit by the experience of others while you may.

Dr. Miles' Heart Remedy is sold and guaranteed by all druggists.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

DRS. SIGLER & SIGLER,

Physicians and Surgeons

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main Street.

PINCKNEY MICH.

All Out Doors INVITES YOUR KODAK

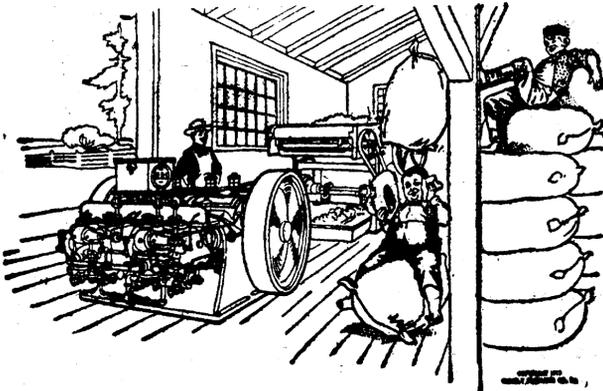
At this season of the year, when your favorite rook or trying place, has been decorated by that celebrated artist, "Jack Frost," wouldn't it look well on paper? Buy a camera or kodak and try it. The result will please you.

**Cameras from \$1 to \$12
Kodaks from \$6 up**
MEYER'S DRUG STORE

The Nyal Store

Pinckney, Mich.
Drugs, Wall Paper, Crockery, Cigars, Candy, Magazines,
School Supplies, Books

**Read the Advertisements.
They Save You Money**



Big Power Brings Big Profits

THIS 65 h. p. Rumely-Olds gasoline engine gives a steady, reliable power for the cotton gin or any other big belt-job. It has four cylinders, and is compact and built to stand hard, continuous service for many years. This is the biggest of the Rumely-Olds engines; the many other sizes range down to 1 1/2 h. p. We have one to fit your farm.

Drop in soon and see our Rumely-Olds engines. Or let us know and we'll send a catalog to you.

*We're here to serve you.
Give us a chance.*

**A. H. FLINTOFT,
PINCKNEY MICH.**



*It's a Pleasure and
a Satisfaction
to Bake with
Columbus
Flour*

Never was it so easy to have good baking as in this day of improved stoves, gas, electricity and

Columbus Flour

Don't deprive yourself of the pleasure of baking—don't deny your family the real enjoyment of home-made food when to bake is so easy.

Let the girls help with the baking, too. By letting them attempt the small, easy things first, they will soon become expert bakers, being equipped for the home over which they will some time preside.

Order Columbus Flour of
Your Grocer Today

DAVID STOTT, Miller - Dealer, 1914



POPPY FIELDS OF PERSIA.

Tapping the Plants to Gather the Pearl Like Drops of Juice.

Round about Shiraz, as far as Ispahan, southward to the country of the date palm, a great deal of opium is grown, and several thousand chests are shipped from Shiraz to China and various other large centers of the trade every season. The collecting of the opium juice begins in June, when the flowers having faded and the leaves fallen, the poppy heads are ready to be bled. When the sun stands low on the western horizon the men with the tools start their work, making one or two incisions in the fleshy green skin of the heads on the side toward the setting sun. During the cool night hours the brown, strong smelling viscid juice oozes out and collects in pearl-like drops on the surface of the seed vessel.

Before the rising sun gains sufficient power to dry or crystallize the sticky substance the gathering is in full swing. Stepping carefully from plant to plant, the men gather the opium on the broad blades of their crescent shaped collecting knives, which have an upturned back about an inch high to prevent the juice from dropping off. As soon as a knife is full it is handed to the owner of the field or his foreman, who stands among the collectors to see that none of the precious drops are hidden away by the workers to increase their daily wages. As soon as the morning work is over the fields are deserted until the afternoon, when new incisions have to be made. Each plant is tapped twice, and a large poppy head gives from twenty to thirty grains of opium.—Christian Herald.

LOOKS LIKE A SEA OF ICE.

Curious Lake of Soda in the Wilds of East Africa.

Lake Magadi, in British East Africa, is famous for its vast deposits of soda. Until recently few people have seen its shores, for it lies in the midst of a barren and waterless district, but the railway that was started a few years ago by an English company opens the way for travelers to this curious natural phenomenon. A recent visitor describes it in the London Field:

Ordinarily it looks as if it had frozen and as if snow had then fallen upon it, partially thawed and frozen again. The temperature gives the lie to this appearance of roughened ice, for the heat is extreme and at midday almost unbearable. The soda burns the feet even through a boot, and the sharp, projecting spikes, which resemble hoar frost, will pierce any except the thickest sole. After the rains there is a layer of water over the greater part of the lake, which turns a lovely pink color. By moonlight the scene is weirdly beautiful.

The lake contains at least 200,000,000 tons of crystalline substance, composed almost equally of carbonate and bicarbonate of soda. Surface and underground streams of saturated soda liquor continually feed it. The present supply of soda is enormous, and as fast as it is removed a new surface, formed from the "mother liquid" beneath, replaces it. Natives have collected soda from the same spot year after year without making the slightest difference in the abundance of the supply.

An Ideal Women's Laxative

Who wants to take salts, or castor oil, when there is nothing better than Dr. King's New Life Pills for all bowel troubles. They act gently and naturally on the stomach and liver, stimulate and regulate your bowels and tone up the entire system. Price, 25c. At all Druggists. H. F. Bucklen & Co. Philadelphia or St. Louis

Irish Women.

A cosmopolitan critic, lately deceased, after surveying womankind from China to Peru, gave the palm for attractiveness to the women of Ireland. He dwelt rapturously on their beauty and their naivete, averring as a final compliment that they are pre-eminently the femmes dangereuses. That they have infinite charm none can deny, even the cockney whose profound knowledge comes of a galloping holiday trip to Killybegs, Wicklow or the Giant's causeway.—London Chronicle.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and restoring nature to its normal state. The proprietors have a small stock in its curative power that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case but it fails to cure. Send for list of Dealers. Address: F. K. Chance & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

SPECIALS

FOR

Saturday, January 31, '14

25 lbs. Granulated Sugar 1.12
1-2 lb. Royal Baking Powder 21c
1 lb. Rumford Baking Powder 20c
1-2 lb. 50c Tea 20c
1 lb. best 25c Coffee 21c
10 bars of Acme Soap 25c

ALL SALES CASH

W. W. BARNARD

Wonderful Cough Remedy

Dr. King's New Discovery is known everywhere as the remedy which will surely stop a cough or cold. D. P. Kawsow of Eldon, Tenn., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the most wonderful cough, cold and throat and lung medicine I ever sold in my store. It can't be beat. It sells without any trouble at all. It needs no guarantee." This is true, because Dr. King's New Discovery will relieve the most obstinate of coughs and colds. Lung troubles quickly helped by its use. You should keep a bottle in the house at all times for all the members of the family. 50c. and \$1.00. Recommended by C. G. Meyer the druggist

In the Wrong Shop.

An old gentleman walked up to the pretty girl attendant at the counting room of a daily newspaper office and said, "Miss, I would like to get copies of your paper for a week back."

"You had better get a porous plaster," she abstractedly replied. "You get them just across the street."—Philadelphia Ledger.

The Man He Owed.

Short—I got behind with my rent this month. Could you lend me \$10?

Long—Got behind with your rent, eh? What is it owing to?

Short—Why, my landlord, of course. —Chicago News.

For Frost Bites and Chapped Skin

For frost bitten ears, fingers and toes; chapped hands and lips, chilblains, cold sores, red and rough skins, there is nothing to equal Bucklen's Arnica Salve. Stops the pain at once and heals quickly. In every home there should be a box handy all the time. Best remedy for all skin diseases, itching eczema, tetter, piles, etc. 25c. Recommended by C. G. Meyer.

Legal Advertising

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the probate court for the county of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1914. Present: Hon. Eugene A. Stowe, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

BANGS RICHMOND, ET AL, Minors
Eva Richmond having filed in said court her final account as guardian of said estate, and her petition praying for the allowance thereof, and that she be discharged.

It is ordered that the 31st day of January, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account; and discharging said Guardian.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of bearing in the Pinckney Dispatch a newspaper printed and circulating in said county. 218

EUGENE A. STOWE,
Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, The Probate Court for the County of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 14th day of January A. D. 1914. Present, Hon. Eugene A. Stowe, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

MARY L. SPROUT, deceased
Julia E. Powell having filed in said court her petition praying that a certain instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, now on file in said court be admitted to probate, and that the administration of said estate be granted to some other suitable person.

It is ordered that the 14th day of February A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition.

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Pinckney Dispatch, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county.

EUGENE A. STOWE,
Judge of Probate.

Remember

That every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody

After Inventory

BARGAINS

Having closed our inventory we find that we are over stocked in some lines which we will make greatly reduced prices to close out.

All Base Burners and Heating Stoves at 10 per cent above cost

This is an opportunity to buy a stove for next year at a great reduction.

1 11-7 Plain Drill
1 11-7 Disc-Fertilizer Drill

CHEAP FOR CASH

Samples of Team and Single Harness now on hand. Come in and look them over.

We have a bargain table of

GRANITE WARE AT 10 CENTS

Come in and get first choice

Dinkel & Dunbar

Subscribe For The Dispatch

ANTI-TRUST MEASURES WILSON FAVORS ARE GIVEN TO CONGRESS

Interstate Trade Commission Created With the Greatest Powers
—Corporations Must Show Books Under Penalty—Includes Other Features to Crush Monopoly.

Washington, Jan. 23.—The program laid down by the president in his recent message to congress was embodied in the administration's trust bills presented to congress.

The bills have received the approval of Mr. Wilson and the Democratic leaders of both houses of congress. With little modification they will be enacted into law. Their purposes are:

1. Definition of unlawful monopoly or restraints of trade.
2. Prohibition of unfair trade practice.
3. Creation of an interstate trade commission.
4. Regulation of corporation directorates and prohibition of interlocking directorates.

Unlawful Monopoly Defined.
Unlawful monopoly is defined as any combination or agreement between corporations, firms, or persons designed for the following purposes:

1. To create or carry out restrictions in trade or to acquire a monopoly in any interstate trade, business, or commerce.
2. To limit or reduce the production or increase the price of merchandise or of any commodity.
3. To prevent competition in manufacturing, making, transporting, selling, or purchasing of merchandise, produce, or any commodity.
4. To make any agreement, enter into any arrangement, or arrive at any understanding by which they, directly or indirectly, undertake to prevent a free and unrestricted competition among themselves or among any purchasers or consumers in the sale, production, or transportation of any product, article, or commodity.

The penalty for violation of the law is fixed at not more than \$5,000 or imprisonment for one year or both. Guilt is made personal through a section that whenever a corporation shall be guilty of the violation of the law the offense shall be deemed to cover the individual directors, officers, and agents of such corporation, as authorizing, ordering, or doing the prohibited acts, and they shall be punished as prescribed above.

A paragraph prohibiting holding companies is to be added to this measure.

Covers Unfair Trade Practices.
The bill forbidding unfair trade practices declares that to discriminate in price, between different purchasers of commodities, with the purpose or intent to injure or destroy a competitor, either of the purchaser or of the seller, shall be deemed an attempt to monopolize interstate commerce.

It is specifically declared that the law is not intended to prevent discrimination in price between purchasers of commodities "on account of difference in the grade, quality, or quantity of the commodity sold, or that makes only due allowance for difference in the cost of transportation."

Further, it is prescribed that nothing contained in the act shall prevent persons from selecting their own customers, "but this provision shall not authorize the owner or operator of any mine engaged in selling its product in interstate or foreign commerce to refuse arbitrarily to sell the same to a responsible person, firm, or corporation, who applies to purchase."

An attempt at monopoly also is declared to exist for any person to make a sale of goods, wares, or merchandise or fix a price charged therefor, or discount from or rebate upon such price, on the condition or understanding that the purchaser thereof shall not deal in the goods, wares, or merchandise of a competitor or competitors of the seller.

Deals With Damage Suits.
A judgment against any defendant in a suit brought under the anti-trust law the bill provides shall constitute as against such defendant conclusive evidence of the same facts and be conclusive as to the same issues of law in favor of any other party in any other proceeding brought under and involving the provisions of the law.

For the benefit of parties injured in their business or property, by any person or corporation found guilty of violating the law the statute of limitations, applicable to such cases shall be suspended.

Injunctive relief is accorded against threatened loss or damage by a violation of the act under the same conditions and principles that injunctive relief against threatened conduct which will cause loss or damage is granted by courts of equity.

It is required that a proper bond shall be executed against damages for an injunction improvidently granted, and it must be shown that the danger

of irreparable loss or damage is immediate.

Hits Interlocking Directorates.
Concerning directorates, the bill on that subject, which is to become effective two years from date of approval of the act, provides:

"No person engaged as an individual or as a member of a partnership, or as a director or other officer of a corporation in the business of selling railroad cars or locomotives, or railroad rails or structural steel, or mining or selling coal, or conducting a bank or trust company, shall act as a director or other officer or employee of any railroad or other public service corporation which conducts an interstate business.

"No person shall at the same time be a director or other officer or employee in two or more federal reserve banks, national banks, or banking associations, or other banks or trust companies which are members of any reserve bank; and a private banker and a person who is a director in any state bank or trust company not operating under the provisions of the recent currency law shall not be eligible to serve as a director in any bank or banking association or trust company operating under the provisions of the law."

Violation of these sections is made punishable by a fine of \$100 a day, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

If any two or more corporations have common director or directors, the fact shall be conclusive evidence that there exists a real competition between such corporation and such elimination of competition shall be construed as a restraint of interstate trade and be treated accordingly.

The trade commission bill provides for commission of five members, with the commissioner of corporations as chairman, and transfers all the existing powers of the bureau of corporations to the commission.

The principal and most important duty the commission besides conducting investigations will be to aid the courts when requested in the formation of decrees of dissolution.

With this in view, the bill empowers the court to refer any part of pending litigation to the commission, including the proposed decree, for information and advice.

Much Criticism for Bills.

The trust bills as framed will be the subject of sharp criticism on the part of progressives of all parties who claim they do not go far enough. It will be declared that the definition of monopoly remains inadequate that the prohibition of unfair trade practice does not cover this evil in our economic life that interlocking stock control is not covered and that the powers of the proposed trade commission are insufficient.

It is interesting to note that the proposal to place the burden of proof upon a combination believed to be violating the law has been omitted. No attempt is made to prevent or destroy monopoly based on patents. The greatest difficulty experienced in the effective enforcement of the law has been found to be in the unwillingness of the courts to impose jail penalty. It remains optional under the proposed measures with the courts to fine or imprison.

Trade Board May Disappoint.

In connection with the trade commission President Wilson declared in his message that the country "demands such a commission only as an indispensable instrument of information and publicity as a clearing house for the facts by which both the public mind and the managers of great business undertakings should be guided."

The bill prescribes that the commission acts are to constitute a "public record" but the body is authorized to make public the information "in such form and to such extent as may be necessary" or "by direction of the attorney general."

Settlement of Differences.

The most important feature of the bill is that which legalizes the policy of the administration of terminating an unlawful condition by agreement between the combination attacked and the attorney general.

This feature is comprehended under a section which requires the commission, upon the request of the attorney general or any corporation affected, to investigate whether a combination is violating the law. In case the commission should find the violation to exist it must report to the attorney general a statement of the objectionable acts and transactions and the readjustments necessary for the offending combination to conform to the law.

M. C. TRAIN HELD UP BY LONE BANDIT

ENTERS COACH NEAR JACKSON
AND COVERS PORTER
WITH GUN.

ESCAPES WITH SEVEN HUNDRED
DOLLARS.

Second Porter Pulls Bell Cord and
Sets Emergency Brakes After
Few Have Been
Robbed.

Jackson—Passengers on a Michigan Central train bound for Chicago told thrilling stories and congratulated themselves on the small amount of money and jewels obtained by a lone bandit who held up the train four miles out of Jackson.

The train, crowded with wealthy business men, was at the mercy of the highwaymen for 15 minutes between 1:30 and 1:45 a. m.

The porter, Thomas Merritt, was forced at the point of a pistol to waken the passengers and ask them for their valuables, while the bandit supported his requests with the revolver.

The bandit had robbed half a dozen men, getting about \$700, when Lloyd Tombs, another porter who had been imprisoned, escaped and saved the remainder of the passengers from being held up by pulling the bell cord and setting the emergency brakes. The train was stopped and the robber fled.

Forest Fire Loss Decreasing.

Lansing, Mich.—The annual report of State Game and Forestry Warden William R. Oates, sent to Gov. Ferris recently, shows the annual loss in the state occasioned by forest fires has dropped from \$3,400,000 in 1911 to less than \$23,000 in 1913, which is less than half what it was in 1912, when a reduction had been made to \$67,000.

For years the annual fire loss in Michigan forests had averaged more than a million dollars each year.

The report shows that the past year was one of unprecedented drouth and Oates says that the cause of the remarkable reduction in fire loss must be assigned to working agencies rather than conditions. He says the department cannot allege more than nominal credit in all fairness in the decrease of forest fires, but submits that the curbing, suppression and prevention of forest fires and the reduced loss is due to a systematic and thorough organization of the township supervisors of the forest district, who act as local fire wardens and the aid of the educational posters and literature on the suppression of forest fires, which are placed through the various forest districts by the township committees.

Great Michigan Athlete Dead.

Detroit, Mich.—Neil W. Snow, the greatest all-around athlete who ever represented the University of Michigan on diamond, on track or on gridiron, died Thursday in the office of Dr. C. G. Jennings. He was taken in the twinkling of an eye, just as he had turned to the desk telephone in the physician's office to notify his wife that he would be a little late for dinner. It is generally believed that Mr. Snow died from what is known as an athletic heart, that he was the victim of too fine training in his earlier day. He graduated from Ann Arbor in 1899 and was in his thirty-fourth year.

Bankers to Assist Farmers.

Durand, Mich.—The Shiawassee County Bankers' association will meet at Durand on February 12 to discuss plans for the hiring of an agricultural expert for the county and to also hire an alfalfa expert.

At the meeting plans will be made for an association of bankers, business men and farmers of Shiawassee county, the object of the association to be the promotion of better crops, better farms and better business.

Aggies to Take Southern Trip.

East Lansing, Mich.—A southern trip, the first in Aggie baseball history, is promised for the M. A. C. baseball team this spring. Just what teams will be met is not yet settled, but work in the cage will begin in a few weeks with the idea of having at least the pitchers in shape for the jaunt. Macklin has five twirlers in Didge, Peterson, Black, Miller, LeFever and Crisp.

The \$50,000 needed to begin work on the third residential hall for women students at Ann Arbor has been obtained.

IN CHARGE OF ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION IN SENATE



FRANCIS G. NEWLANDS.

Washington—The senator from Nevada is chairman of the committee on interstate commerce and will be the leader of the administration's program of anti-trust legislation in the upper house of congress.

VERDIER LAW IS UPHELD

Supreme Court Approves Measure
which Makes Municipal Ownership
of Utilities Possible.

Lansing, Mich.—The Verdier home rule bill was sustained in every particular by the supreme court Friday.

The judges differ in some minor details of reasoning. Some give a broader construction to the law than others, but at least five of the judges go farther in declaring the bill valid than did the Wayne circuit court.

The majority opinion of the supreme court, written by Justice Moore and concurred in on this point by Justices Steere, Stone, Ostrander and Bird, declares that the city has 2 per cent of its assessed valuation clear of all other debts for purchase of a public utility. The statutory limitation on the debt of cities is 8 per cent. Judge Moore declares that, under the Verdier law, if a city's bonding limit is already 8 per cent for general purchases, it can go to 10 per cent for purchase of a specific utility. These five judges sustain the bill in every other particular also.

The practical result of this decision is to give Detroit an unquestioned total of nearly \$10,000,000 money to be raised by general bond issue, to make the initial payment in purchase of a street railway.

Among other things the law provides that amendments to a city charter may be voted on one at a time.

Michigan Postoffices Go Egging.

Washington.—"Wanted—Two democrats to accept postoffices in Michigan, paying \$1,500 and \$1,400."

The foregoing is an advertisement which National Committeeman Wood says he may have to run in the Michigan papers because two postoffices are going begging. The state organization has not been able to find any democrats to take them. One is at Gwinn, Marquette county, and the other is at Stambaugh, Iron county.

New Superintendent at Annapolis.

Washington.—Capt. William F. Fullam, secretary Daniels' aide for personnel, will become superintendent of the naval academy at Annapolis, relieving Capt. John H. Bibbons, who on Feb. 7 assumes command of the battleship Louisiana. Capt. Gibbons, who has been at Annapolis since May, 1911, asked for sea duty.

New Supervisor of Prisons.

Washington.—Attorney General McReynolds announced that he has decided to remove Robert V. Ledow, as superintendent of prisons, for the department of justice, and to appoint Francis H. Deuhay to the post.

Fire did \$5,000 damage to the East Main street school building in Jackson, and it will be several weeks before school can be held in the primary grades there. The cause is believed to have been an overheated furnace.

The ruling of the industrial accident board that it had no right to go back of the report of the physician as to the primary cause of death was objected to by Michigan Workingmen's Compensation Mutual Insurance Co. before the supreme court through its attorney, Hal Smith.

Practical Fashions

LADY'S DRESS.



6509

A charming evening dress which can be worn with a guttpe by those who do not like the low neck. It has the closing in the back and body are sleeves are cut in one. There is a graceful overblouse draped in modified fichu effect. The skirt is a one piece model with over drapery and train or without train. The silk materials both plain and figured, crepe meteor and crepe de chine, messaline, net, lace and the like, can be used in making.

The pattern (6509) is cut in sizes 34 to 42 inches bust measure. Medium size requires 3 3/4 yards of plain goods for drapery and 2 3/4 yards of 44 inch figured material for the rest.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 6509.	SIZE.....
NAME.....	
TOWN.....	
STREET AND NO.....	
STATE.....	

LADY'S CORSET COVER.



6496

A corset cover which is slipped over the head is quite a novelty. This design offers one. The neck outline is round, there are no sleeves of any kind, and the garment ends at the waist line. A ribbon run through beading draws in the material around the neck. Cambric, muslin, allover embroidery, wash silk, crepe de chine, etc., are used for these articles.

The pattern (6496) is cut in sizes 34 to 42 inches bust measure. Medium size requires 3/4 yard of 36 inch material.

To procure this pattern send 10 cents to "Pattern Department" of this paper. Write name and address plainly, and be sure to give size and number of pattern.

NO. 6496.	SIZE.....
NAME.....	
TOWN.....	
STREET AND NO.....	
STATE.....	

Serve a Purpose.
Patience—I don't see what good those lapels on a man's coat are.
Patrice—When you are married you'll know.
"Why?"
"Well, I've known married women who have discovered what kind of husbands they had by finding blonde hair or face powder on the lapel of their coats."

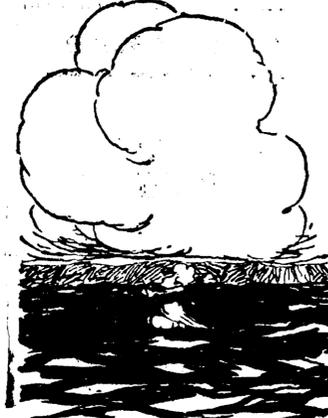
HOLTON OF THE NAVY

A STORY OF THE FREEING OF CUBA

By Lawrence Perry
Author of "Dan Merritt," "Prince of Chauffeurs," etc.

Illustrations by
Ellsworth Young

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CHAPTER I.

Hope and Disappointment.

Lieutenant Thomas Holton, commander of the Scorpion, made as though to place the dispatch in his pocket, then, taking pity upon his "second," who was all eyes, he turned the paper over to his junior lieutenant, known throughout the flotilla as "Bobby" Frost.

"You will leave Newport News at ten o'clock tonight with the destroyer Scorpion and proceed south to the parent ship of the First Torpedo Boat Flotilla off Key West, prepared for action."

This order was warmly welcomed by Holton and by his second in command of the grim, lead-colored Scorpion.

"It looks like business, doesn't it?" observed Frost, with tentative infection in his voice.

"It does, sure," chuckled Holton. "I'm glad we had those baffle-plates fixed in the boiler. I suppose we might as well have the war-heads fixed on the torpedoes, too. The orders say 'prepare for action.' Attend to it, will you, Frost?"

"Aye, aye, sir," and Frost hurried along the grimy, oily deck to the after companionway.

The somewhat informal nature of the dialogue between the two will be forgiven by the fastidious when it is pointed out that for a month the Scorpion had been lying at Newport News on detached duty of a confidential nature under direct orders from Washington, and that Holton's sole companion aboard ship in that time had been his young second. But the period of loneliness was evidently to end in a burst of glory and Lieutenant Holton was truly thankful.

In the preceding month the mighty battleship Maine had wallowed down into the slimy ooze of Havana Harbor, a great hole torn in her forward compartments. In her lay one of Holton's best friends, a shipmate of pleasant days following graduation at the Naval Academy. The cry, "Remember the Maine," was sounding from Maine itself to California. The entire country was on the qui vive. Osgood, the hero of many an American football gridiron, had, as a Cuban volunteer, given up his life at the side of a machine gun; Frederick Funston had served valiantly against the tyrants of Castile and Aragon, and other Americans had given evidence that the fighting spirit was by no means dormant in the heart of a nation of "pigs and tradesmen."

With the situation thus there was little cause for wonder at Lieutenant Holton's emotions of mental exaltation. Whatever the future might hold for him, at least this seemed certain: there would be action, and that is something for which your true gentleman of the service is ever on the watch.

Something of the mood of the two young officers was communicated to the crew. There were broad grins on all the men's faces as they hurried about the performance of the various tasks, and many of them did not forbear to turn inquiring faces toward their officers whenever occasion offered—which expressions, naturally their officers "fished" to see.

At sunset everything was in readiness, and with a sigh of relief Holton stretched himself on the narrow seat running along the mess-room and lovingly filled his pipe. Frost did likewise and then looked over at his superior.

"By George!" he cried, "think of having the opportunity of putting into practice all the things we've learned!" "It won't be had, fun at all," replied Holton.

Frost was about to utter another thought when the doorway was darkened by the figure of a messenger.

"A telegram for Lieutenant Holton," he said, saluting.

Holton took it hastily and ran over the contents. His face clouded and he read it again. A good strong word was trembling on his lips, and he was about to crumple the dispatch in his hand when his eye fell on the messenger standing at attention.

"Oh, thank you," he said; "there is no answer."

As the messenger departed Holton handed the telegram to his second without a word.

"You will proceed at once to Washington and report to me at the earliest

possible moment. Lieutenant Frost will assume command of Scorpion in your absence.

ROOSEVELT.

As Frost read the message aloud his voice quivered with excitement. "What does that mean?" he exclaimed. "Hanged if I know," growled Holton. "Isn't that just my luck! I've been working on this old pot trying to get her into shape and hoping and praying for a chance to make good, and then when there appears to be something doing, why I get skinned this way."

Frost knew exactly how the commander felt, and his natural exultation at being placed in command of the destroyer was quite swallowed up in his sympathy for a man who was his good friend as well as his superior officer.

Holton sat for a while blowing blue clouds of smoke to the ceiling, outwardly calm, but inwardly seething. He went over every act in the past month or so, but could think of nothing he had done that would warrant his recall in disgrace.

"Well, Bobby," he said at length, "you're a real live captain now. And I congratulate you."

"I feel like a man who is going to put on a pair of boots that are too big for him," remarked Frost.

"Oh, nonsense!" smiled Holton. "You're in every way qualified. I'll vouch for you, Bobby."

Frost smiled. "Thanks," he said; "I'd rather have that from you than from almost anyone I know."

"Well," laughed Holton, "take it then; it's sincere. He arose and called to the steward.

"Oh, you, Koko," he said, "come in here and help me pack. I'm going to leave you for a while."

Dinner that evening was rather a mournful affair, neither Holton nor Frost trying to make light of the mysterious situation.

He shook hands with Frost at eight o'clock, and with Koko carrying his bag, started for the station. He had delayed rather longer than he should have done in writing supplementary letters to his parents, and now he found it was necessary to make haste if he was to catch the train for Washington. Eventually, indeed, he and Koko had to run, and as he reached the station the cars were pulling out.

The Jap threw the bag into the open doors of the rear one and Holton made the steps with a flying leap. As he did so a man who had been following the two essayed a similar flight, but his feet missed the steps and he clung to the gilded rail with his left hand.

As Holton reached down to assist him the man lost his grip and went plunging head over heels into the gravel. Evidently his fall did not injure him, for as Holton peered back along the rails he saw the fellow rise slowly and shake his fist at the departing train.

If he had known the circumstances under which he was to meet this stranger at a time not far distant, his feeling of relief when he saw that the man was not seriously injured might have been tinged by emotions of various sorts.

Having put up at the Metropolitan club, Holton passed such time as had to elapse before the assistant secretary would be at his desk in the Navy Department building in a fever of impatience.

Having at length finished his cigar and his morning paper—which bristled with bellicose matter—Holton put on his hat and overcoat and sauntered slowly toward the Capitol. At ten o'clock he went over to the Navy Department and sent his card in to the assistant secretary.

Presently his summons came while yet another man was engaged in the inner office. This man, however, brushed out past Holton as the young officer, with mingled emotion, walked into the presence of Secretary Long's assistant.

"Good morning, Mr. Holton." Certainly no evil augury was to be detected in the hearty cadence of the greeting. "Sit down, sir. I'm glad you were so prompt. That's what we need in these days."

"Thank you, sir," said Holton dubiously.

The assistant secretary observed him keenly for a moment, and then apparently satisfied with his scrutiny, he

arose and paced up and down the length of his office.

"By George, Mr. Holton!" he said, "when you realize that war is coming—coming as sure as guns, and then consider our unpreparedness for it—it makes you glad it's Spain and not someone else."

"I think the navy's pretty fit, sir," ventured Holton.

"Ah, the navy! And the army!" The words came out like bullets. "The navy is all right, and the army, too, what there is of it. The fighting men of both arms of the service are the best this world ever saw: getting things started, that is the trouble. Well, thank Heaven, Dewey's—the assistant secretary stopped short, and craning his neck forward, characteristically thrust his square jaw close to the officer's face. We've all got to do the best we can and be sure that when the blow comes it will come from, and not toward us."

Holton nodded slightly.

"I liked your action in diving overboard and rescuing two of your men last summer," resumed Mr. Roosevelt. "And I may say that a study of your record has convinced me that just at present a little respite from duties aboard the Scorpion will accrue to our mutual advantage."

The assistant secretary paused, and then as Holton made no reply, he continued:

"We are not yet at war with Spain—not yet, and in the meantime I think it will be just as well for you to remain in fairly close touch with my office—personal touch. By the way, there's a ball at the Willard tonight—"

"A ball!" exclaimed Holton. Then he caught himself. "Yes, sir," he added.

"Yes, a ball at the Willard. Here is a card—you'll note it is a personal invitation to you."

Holton glanced at it.

"I see it, sir." He hesitated. "I am—merely, merely to go there and dance? I mean—mean, sir, are there any instructions?"

"I should keep my eyes and ears open if I were you."

"Yes, sir, I'll do that, and I hope I'll be able to be of some service," he was rising to go. "Although—although I'm afraid I lack—that is, and—"

Holton paused and glanced irresolutely at his chief.

"That you lack definite information," said the assistant secretary, who seemed



"That Man Especially is Worth Watching."

ed to have the faculty of reading his thoughts and expressing them before Holton himself could frame them in suitable, or, we'll say, diplomatic terms.

"Why, yes, sir—I have a feeling that the situation is indefinite."

"Yes. Sit down, Mr. Holton." Holton resumed his chair and his chief leaned forward, talking rapidly in a low tone.

"Here is the nub of the situation," he began. "In the first place we have reason, excellent reasons, for suspecting that there are certain elements among the Cubans, both in the United States and in Havana, that are strongly inclined to doubt the good faith of the United States in this brewing trouble with Spain."

Holton, thrilled by the promise of revelations which these opening words

conveyed, thrilled, also, by his induction into the inner affairs of the government mill, flushed and regarded the eyeglasses turned toward him, with unblinking eyes, impatient for the next word.

"Naturally," continued Mr. Roosevelt, "the Cubans are eager to avail themselves of our armed forces afloat and ashore, but after the work is all done they want us to clear out. Which, of course, we shall do, having first established some decent and stable system of government down there."

"I had not any idea our good faith was in question," observed Holton.

"It is," was the reply, "and it is taking the form of preparations for an attack upon our troops by Cuban forces after we have cleaned the Spaniards out of the island."

"What a chance!" exclaimed Holton, with patriotic fervor.

The assistant secretary smiled.

"I myself regard the project as crack-brained in its conception, but nevertheless it exists and must be met. We must learn their plans at all hazards, and I can tell you now that while we have a general idea as to the situation, it is little more than general, and details of a specific nature would be very welcome. I want you to see what you can do. Your record is that of a clear-headed man of initiative and common sense. You speak Spanish, you are equally at home in a ballroom or in roughing it. You're the man we want."

"Thank you, sir."

"I have been extremely confidential," resumed the assistant secretary, "as naturally it was necessary I should be. Any further information I receive from the Secret Service will be transmitted to you, and in turn I shall expect you to keep us in touch with matters as you develop them. Now then, at the ball tonight you are to become acquainted with the following if you can locate them."

He handed Holton several sheets of typewritten matter, headed by half-tone photographs.

"That man especially is worth watching," continued Holton's chief, pointing to the portrait of a well-appearing Cuban, apparently about fifty years old, "and this girl also."

"I understand," said Holton. I have a good idea of what you want, I think, Mr. Secretary, and I hope I don't have to tell you that I shall leave nothing undone to carry out your wishes."

"You don't," was the smiling reply. "It is rather new ground, but it will be interesting work, and will give me a chance to see action, perhaps, before the rest of the crowd."

The assistant secretary smiled.

"Thinking of the Scorpion, eh," he laughed. "Well, I'll wager a new suit of clothes against an apple that you'll soon have so much to occupy your mind that your destroyer will be nothing but a hazy memory."

"I'll try to make it so, at all events," laughed Holton. "Good morning, sir."

"Good morning. You may report here until further orders every day at this hour."

"Yes, sir," Holton turned and left the office.

The assistant secretary wheeled around in his swivel-chair and thought deeply for a moment. Then he picked up a paper.

"By George!" he murmured, "that young chap is in for a bully time."

Meantime Holton walked cheerily to his club, and there met several brother officers who were keen for billiards. So the remainder of the day was spent at this diversion.

He had a table at the Willard for dinner, whence he intended to proceed to the dance. He dressed with great care, and at the last thrust into his hip pocket an article not usually regarded in polite society as a complement of evening attire—a short, thick, very serviceable-appearing revolver.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Explanation of Potlatch.

The word potlatch is a corruption of an Indian word common among the Pacific coast tribes, meaning festival of gifts. At a potlatch (potlatch) celebration the more personal property an Indian gives away, blankets, ornaments, etc., the higher he stands in the estimation of his neighbors, and the more he expects to receive in return at the next potlatch. The festival is also accompanied by music, dancing and feasting.

Many a woman has taken steps for a divorce at a public dance.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
That is LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the signature of H. W. GROSS. Cures a Cold in One Day, Cures Grip in Two Days. 25c.

The punishment of pride and cruelty will be heavy though it may be long in coming.

The Ruling Passion.
American Helress—What is your favorite flower, Count Butinski?
Count Butinski—Marigold.

Astonishing Tobacco Remedy—Guaranteed to instantly remove taste for cigarettes or tobacco in any form, or money cheerfully refunded. Send 50c and receive wonderful remedy by return mail. Address West B. Tobacco Disease Co., Wichita, Kansas—14c.

Heard at a Concert.
"The screeching of that soprano makes me weary."
"I thought you liked high bawls."

Safety First.
"I'll bet that in days gone by men did not talk back to their wives in the fashion that they do now-a-days!"
"The telephone is certainly a great invention."

Noble Young Man.
"I trust, sir, that you have not been indiscreet enough to speak to my daughter about marriage?" said the stern parent to the youth who had just asked for his daughter's hand.
"I have not, sir," replied the youth; "but I was strongly tempted to do so last evening when she kissed me good night on the steps."

Training Young Fishermen.
At Hull, England, a school is being built under a scheme of the Hull Corporation, and its purpose is the training of men for the fishing industry.

The roof will be similar to the dock of a North sea trawler, fitted with wheelhouse and compass, two masts, semaphore posts for signaling and all the necessary lights, so that the students may be taught the principles of navigation in as nearly as possible the same conditions as on the high seas. Among other departments, the school will possess a net-repairing room and a net-making room, and each classroom will be fitted with all appliances necessary to the instruction of navigation and seamanship.

Laugh Away the Clouds.

Mistakes are to be laughed at. If one were to take seriously every little mistake he made life would become a burden to him. Laugh at your own little mistakes, and do not feel grieved if others laugh at them. Laughing will help you remember to avoid them another time quite as well as giving away to serious regrets. Some people are forever taking themselves to task for some shortcoming. They are the over-conscientious ones. If we act foolishly on the impulse of a moment, it is no more fair to punish ourselves than to punish a child for a little mistake. It is right to look for the error and acknowledge it. If one has wronged another, he ought to confess it and be more careful; then put it out of mind. To grow morose and solemn is to commit a second fault. No one is doing any good to himself or others by constantly eating the bread of penitence. The only time to remember a mistake is when one is tempted again to the same fault. Daily and hourly keeping up self-reproach, one is worn out. This does not mean never to listen to the warnings of conscience, but to see the fault, start afresh and keep cheerful and hopeful.

FRIENDLY TIP.
Restored Hope and Confidence.

After several years of indigestion and its attendant evil influence on the mind, it is not very surprising that one finally loses faith in things generally.

A N. Y. woman writes an interesting letter. She says:

"Three years ago I suffered from an attack of peritonitis which left me in a most miserable condition. For over two years I suffered from nervousness, weak heart, shortness of breath, could not sleep, etc.

"My appetite was ravenous but I felt starved all the time. I had plenty of food but it did not nourish me because of intestinal indigestion. Medical treatment did not seem to help. I got discouraged, stopped medicine and did not care much whether I lived or died.

"One day a friend asked me why I didn't try Grape-Nuts food, stop drinking coffee and use Postum. I had lost faith in everything, but to please my friend I began to use both and soon became very fond of them.

"It wasn't long before I got some strength, felt a decided change in my system, hope sprang up in my heart and slowly but surely I got better. I could sleep very well, the constant craving for food ceased and I have better health now than before the attack of peritonitis.

"My husband and I are still using Grape-Nuts and Postum."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville" in pigs. "There's a Rascal."

Ever read the above letter? A new and better way to keep your system in good health and of human interest.

'THE CENTRAL'

We are offering you a bargain this week in a basket of groceries at less than cost. It includes the following:

5 lbs. H. & E. Sugar,	regular price 25 cents
1 lb. Coffee	" " 30 "
1/2 lb. Tea	" " 20 "
1 can Lighthouse Cleanser	" " 5 "
8 Bars Soap	" " 40 "
Tobacco	" " 10 "
Baking Powder	" " 10 "

Regular price \$1.40

All for \$1.00; this makes your sugar about 1 ct. a pound and the other goods at cost.

We are also offering the remnants of our yarn at 9 cts. a skein and some Eiderdown yarn at 13 cts. per skein. Plenty of 5 ct. calico left.

Store Open Evenings

The CENTRAL STORE
Mrs. A. M. Utley, Prop.

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Grand Trunk Time Table

For the convenience of our readers

Trains East	Trains West
No. 28—8:39 a. m.	No. 27—10:23 a. m.
No. 30—4:49 p. m.	No. 29—7:12 p. m.

Don't Overlook

that subscription. If you are in arrears remember that we can always find good use for

the MONEY

"LOOK OUT FOR THE CARS"

DO YOU know of anyone who is old enough to read, who has not seen that sign at a railroad crossing?

If everyone has seen it at some time or other, then why doesn't the railroad let the sign rot away? Why does the railroad company continue to keep those signs at every crossing?

Maybe you think, Mr. Merchant, "Most everybody knows my store, I don't have to advertise."

Your store and your goods need more advertising than the railroads need to warn people to "Look Out for the Cars."

Nothing is ever completed in the advertising world.

The Department Stores are a very good example—they are continually advertising—and they are continually doing a good business.

If it pays to run a few ads round about Christmas time, it certainly will pay you to run advertisements about all the time.

It's just business, that's all, to **ADVERTISE in THIS PAPER**

Birds and Cyclones.

It has been suggested that birds habitually make use of storms in traveling from one part of their range to another. It is pointed out that if a bird cannot find a shelter it must be more comfortable on the wing than on the ground during a storm, because in the fiercest gale it flies in a moving medium, like a swimmer in a strongly flowing river.—Harper's Weekly.

No Use For One.

"What itinerary did you take on your European trip?"

"John wouldn't let me take one at all. You see, he's crossed the ocean before, and he said it was foolish to fill our trunk with a lot of things we'd never use."—Detroit Free Press.

Parental Effort.

"What are you working so hard for?"

"I want to provide for my boy's future," replied Farmer Cornstossel. "I want to lay by enough wealth so that I can leave Josh this farm for a golf course."—Washington Star.

Education is all paint. It does not alter the nature of the wood that is under it. It only improves its appearance a little.—Stanhope.

Refining it.

Hewitt—He is a beat. Jewett—Don't say that. Call him an article of vegetable diet.—Town Topics.

THE BARNARD ORCHESTRA.

The Barnard Orchestra is composed of Anna Barnard, violinist and director; Helen Barnard, cornetist, and reader; E. Russell Banks, clarinet; Ethel Barnard, pianist; Edwin R. Whelan, trombone; Robert G. Barnard, xylophone, drums and manager.

The return of the Barnard Orchestra to the Lyceum under Redpath management has been greeted far and wide not only with approval but enthusiasm. For two years past several of the members have been appearing prominently



MISS HELEN BARNARD.

in different companies instead of one organization, but will once more travel together.

Nearly all the Barnards have had practically nine years' experience on the Lyceum platform—in fact, have grown up in Lyceum atmosphere. Their father and mother were both musicians, who for seven years traveled with them. The Barnard young people began their appearances in concert very young and appeared in nearly all parts of the country. The company of two years ago appeared in twenty-nine states and the present personnel, either individually or in groups, has appeared in thirty-nine states.

Miss Helen Barnard, the cornetist and reader of this company, after sev-



THE BARNARD ORCHESTRA.

en years in the old Barnard Orchestra next appeared with the Oriole Concert Company, then with the Spanish Orchestra and the past year with the Anita Ladies' Orchestra.

The leader of the orchestra is Miss Anna Barnard, violinist.

The Barnard Orchestra will present a program one hour and forty-five minutes in length, comprising fourteen numbers, five of which will be orchestral, and there will be no waits. Other numbers on this program will be a trio of horns comprising two trombones and a cornet, and the duet of violin and clarinet heretofore mentioned. There will be solos on the violin, clarinet, cornet, trombone and xylophone. The program will open with a march and close with an orchestral number. There will be two readings during the evening.

The last number on the Pinckney lecture course, the Barnard Orchestra, at the opera house, Wednesday evening February 4th.

8 days more—All Ladies costs and suits at Slashed Prices. At Dancer's. adv.

Henry Cook has resided in this locality about 75 years, will you remember his Saturday evening speech, Feb. 21, at the opera house, on his behalf.

Our Meat Prices

We are now nicely located in our new meat market and of course have no rent to pay or other heavy expenses and are going to give our customers the benefit. We submit the following prices:

Good Roasts	12 and 14c
Stews	10c
Round Steak	16c
Sirloin and Porterhouse	18c
Fresh Ham	17c
Smoked Ham	20c
Salt Pork	15c
Sausage	14c
Home Rendered Lard	15c

We are Here to Stay

and respectfully solicit a share of your patronage

D. D. SMITH

WOMEN ARE BAD LOSERS.

That is Why, It is Said, Stock Brokers Fight Shy of Them.

Nobody loves a stock broker, least of all his customers. This affords a touching, if somewhat subtle, reason why he does not want any women speculators on his books.

There is another reason. I hate to mention it, but you wring it from me. Women are not good losers. At times, under stress of great speculative losses, I am told they become lachrymose. The one stock broker of my acquaintance who catered to women speculators is now in a madhouse. They were all long of Steel at 50 the time it broke to 8, and all the water squeezed out of it in that decline was wept back into it by these women. It was an economic disaster.

Stock brokers carry home with them all the troubles of their customers, and this poor fellow was no exception. He used to lie awake all night picking at the counterpane and grieving over beauty in distress. Finally he went crazy. They have given him a set of stock broker's books up there in the asylum, and it would break your heart to see him. Jeanne d'Arc and Harriet Beecher Stowe are long of Copper; Catherine de Medici and Mrs. Browning are short of Rubber; Maria Theresa and George Elliot are pyramiding in Steel. Every now and then somebody is stopped out, and then there are dreadful times. Charlotte Corday's Cleopatra's, Mme. de Stael's and the mother of the Gracchi's margins are exhausted. He calls to them for more. They weep. I cannot go on. Women have much to answer for.—William Van Antwerp in New York Post.

Gibbon's History.

It is said that when Gibbon sat down to write his great work, "Decline and Fall of the Roman Empire," he proposed writing it in French. But David Hume, a close friend, on hearing this wrote him a letter of remonstrance in such strong and stirring language that he was only too glad to relinquish his fancy. There is an excellent foundation for the story of Hume's letter to Gibbon, and beyond doubt we owe it to this old Scotchman that the immortal history was written in our own language.—New York American.

Evolution of Wealth.

Originally the process of accumulation comes by the toiler who spends less than he receives. Eventually he is what is called a capitalist. If all were either improvident, vicious or incompetent civilization would speedily decline; therefore the real benefactors of the rest are those who accumulate. Some of us have the capacity others have not. That is an inexorable law of nature which cannot be altered.—Charles C. Crockett in London.

Where the Time is Lost.

"Do you think we'd save much time by leaving the 'dear sir' off our letters?"

"Not much. Where time is lost is in the hesitation you feel about writing names respectfully to some people."—Washington Star.

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