

# Pinckney Dispatch.

Vol. XXXII

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, April 30, 1914

No. 18

## Local News

Sada Swarouth spent Sunday in Howell.

Clair Reason was a Detroit visitor Tuesday.

Mable Smith was a Detroit visitor over Sunday.

Ed. Farnam was in Detroit the latter part of last week.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. R. Schafer Sunday, April 26, a boy.

Kathleen Roche of Adrian is visiting her parents here.

Mrs. Emma Moran spent Sunday with relatives in Howell.

Mrs. W. W. Barnard was a Howell visitor one day last week.

Mrs. Jas. Roche and Alice and Madeline spent Saturday in Jackson.

Mrs. A. H. Gilchrist and son spent last week with Lansing relatives.

Mrs. Chas. Hicks and children of Parma spent the past week with relatives at this place.

Geo. Roche and wife of Fowlerville spent Sunday at the home of Jas. Roche.

Rev. D. C. Littlejohn and family of Howell spent Monday with friends here.

Mrs. Addie Potterton spent a few days the first of the week with Jackson relatives.

Mrs. R. Kisby of Hamburg spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Nettie Vaughn.

Mrs. Nettie Vaughn spent the week end with her daughter Mrs. R. Merrill of Hamburg.

Miss Kate Brogan of Peoria, Ill. spent a few days the first of the week with friends here.

Mrs. Ida Clemo returned to her home in Ann Arbor Saturday after spending some time here.

Mrs. Lucy Hendee has returned to her home here after spending the winter with her daughter at Parma.

Mr. and Mrs. P. G. Teeple of Marquette are expected here Saturday for a brief visit. Commencing Tuesday, May 5th, they will offer for sale the household and personal effects of Mrs. Chas. Love, at her home on Unadilla street. Nearly everything is to be sold and some rare bargains are to be had. adv.

In about eight cases out of ten when an advertiser in our want and for sale column settles the bill he does so with the satisfied remark, "Well the advertisement did the business all right, and I am satisfied that is the way to sell anything," which is well pleasing, both to the advertiser and publisher.—Fowlerville Review. It works the same here, too.

The evening of May 1st will be a big one for Pinckney. First on the program comes a free band concert by the Dexter Band. This band is composed of twenty-four pieces, and if all reports are true will furnish us some first class music. Then comes the play, "The Bank Cashier," by the Seniors. During the play appropriate music will be rendered by Miss Lillian Given's Orchestra of Ann Arbor. The same orchestra will preside at the dance to be held after the play. Come one, come all, and enjoy this delightful evening of music and fun.

## Anderson

Harry Frost visited here Sunday.

Will Roche spent Sunday at the home of Jas. Roche of Pinckney.

Mrs. R. M. Ledwidge was a Jackson visitor Wednesday.

Carpenters are at work constructing an addition to the residence of Chas. Bullis.

G. M. Greiner, John Wylie and M. J. Roche attended the Holstein cattle sale at Howell last Wednesday.

Clare Ledwidge returned Saturday from a weeks visit with Lansing relatives.

The people here were nearly shut in after the severe rain storm Saturday. The bridges on the west and south were swept away and the road north of Gardner's corners flooded.

Mrs. Fruman Wainwright visited her daughter, Mrs. W. Caskey; the latter part of last week.

Mrs. John Dunbar and Mrs. Wm. Murphy were entertained at dinner by Mrs. Orlo Hanes one day last week.

Chas. Frost and family visited his parents Mr. and Mrs. A. Frost Sunday.

Max Ledwidge and family were entertained at the home of Wm. Ledwidge Sunday.

Muriel McClear and Catherine Driver were guests of Julia Greiner Sunday.

Will McClear and a party of men who were on their way to Eaton Rapids Sunday were forced to spend the night at the home of Mrs. Alice Hoff, the roads being in such a condition as to prevent further motoring.

Liam Ledwidge is training his horses on the track in Jackson.

## Gregory

Daisy Howlett who is attending school at Cleveland is home for a short visit.

Albert Force of Stockbridge was in town Monday.

Mr. Aseltine of Unadilla was delivering fruit trees here Saturday.

Listen for wedding bells soon.

Mrs. N. H. Bowen returned to her home in Detroit Monday.

Dr. Wright has a new Reo car for this season.

Miss Alma Hicks was assisting Mrs. S. A. Denton part of last week.

Mrs. W. Ostrander was a Gregory visitor Saturday.

Mrs. Anna Moore returned from Rolland last week where she has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. S. Ball.

## North Hamburg

Mrs. J. D. Van Fleet of Boonton New Jersey, but formerly of this place, has been very sick but is better at this writing.

Miss Lizzie Harris closed a successful term of school last week in this district. The children and visitors were treated to ice cream and cake.

Ralph Bennett, wife and son Clyde spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Bonstifer.

Farmers are very busy sowing oats and preparing the soil for other spring crops.

## ANNOUNCEMENT



At this time we wish to inform the people of this vicinity that we are to put a

## Grocery Wagon on the Road

Monday, May 4th, for the purpose of supplying our many patrons with fresh groceries at reasonable prices.

After our routes are established we will make each customer a call at least once a week and we will pay the highest prices for produce and endeavor to satisfy your wants.

## MONKS BROS.

## 'THE CENTRAL' BARGAINS

A bargain in soap; 4 bars best Castile soap for 5 cts. Your choice of 12 different kinds of toilet soap free with \$1. worth of trade in anything but sugar; these are large bars and extra good soap.

For Friday and Saturday we offer 10 lbs. sugar for 43c. Try our Talcum powder and perfumes; large bottle for 25 cts.

Bargains in Millinery, dry goods, ladies and children's shoes. Also laces, embroidery, etc. Plenty of 5c lace left.

We are offering the best \$1. shirts for men for 85 cts. while they last; we want to close them out as we need the room.

## The CENTRAL STORE

Mrs. A. M. Utley, Prop.

## MURPHY & JACKSON

HEADQUARTERS FOR

Groceries, Dry Goods, Shoes and Furnishings

Largest Stock

Lowest Prices

JUST RECEIVED

New Lines of Percales, Gingham, Crepes, Curtain Mulls and Underwear.

Boys Knee Pants, 16-17-18, Large Sizes

Latest Models in Kabo Corsets \$1.00 to \$3.00

Mens Work Shoes at \$2.25, 2.50, 3.00 and 3.50

Ladies Oxfords ranging from \$1.75 to \$3.00

OUR SATURDAY SPECIALS

Will consist of a few specials in Groceries at prices that will make it expensive for you to buy them elsewhere.

## WANT COLUMN

Rents, Real Estate, Found Lost, Wanted, Etc.

Pasture to Let for Cattle. 1813\* Bert Gardner, Pinckney.

Registered Holstein Bull for service. 1813\* V. G. Dinkel, Pinckney.

MONEY TO LOAN—On real estate security for outside parties. Inquire at Pinckney Exchange Bank. 1613\*

WOOL WANTED—T. Read. 161f

FOR SALE—Weaning pigs. Inquire of Jas. Roche, Pinckney. 1612

FOR SALE—2 sows with pigs by side Also 4 yr. old mare with foal. 1513\* Frank Mackinder, Pinckney

FOR SALE—A stack of good bright corn-stalks. 1513\* G. W. Clark, Pinckney

FOR SALE—Good team of 6 and 7 year old Geldings. Either cash or time. 1713 Claude Reason, Pinckney

WANTED—Early and late seed potatoes. 1713\* Wm. Schrotzberger, Pinckney

FOUND—Gold bowd spectacles. Finder can have same by calling at this office, proving property and paying for this ad.

FOR SALE—Crystal White Orpington Eggs for hatching purposes, from selected birds of finest quality. \$2.00 per setting of 15 eggs. 1514\* Orla Tyler, Pinckney, Mich. Route 1. Phone 20F22.

## SOMETHING

NEW

## In Hot Air Furnaces

A pipeless and popular priced furnace for 5 to 8 room houses, also a wonderful store heater. No pipe to waste heat in. Everyone can now have the luxury of a furnace. Price in reach of all.

L. E. Richards

Pinckney

# COMMISSION WILL INVESTIGATE P. M.

CONGRESSMAN CRAMPTON SUCCEEDS IN GETTING QUICK ACTION.

## FIRST RAILROAD ON THE LIST

Interstate Commerce Commission will Proceed at Once to Determine Physical Value of Property of Road.

Washington.—Immediate investigation of the Pere Marquette railway, in accordance with a resolution introduced in the house by Representative L. C. Crampton of Lapeer, Mich., is promised by an order issued Saturday by the interstate commerce commission.

With the assistance of Chairman Adamson, of the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce, Congressman Crampton had not only convinced the commission that there was need of haste, but also prevailed on it to place the Pere Marquette first on the list of railroads to have their physical valuation determined.

The supreme court decision that appraisal is the only basis on which rates may be fixed will now have its first actual demonstration in the case of the Pere Marquette.

## A REFORMATORY FOR WOMEN

Governor Ferris Will Ask Legislature for New Institution.

Lansing, Mich.—One of the things which will be recommended to the next legislature by Governor Ferris will be the establishment of a reformatory for women.

This announcement was made by the governor following a meeting of the state board of corrections and charities and the board of trustees of the Industrial School for Girls at Adrian.

"The need for such an institution in Michigan is great," said the governor, "and I wonder it has not been established before this."

It was also decided that a number of epileptics will be taken from the Lapeer home to the new institution at Wahjamega, and the room thus created used for some of the feeble-minded girls now at Adrian. The teaching force at the Adrian school will also be reorganized and scientifically trained teachers added.

### Will Hunt for Gold.

Ishpeming, Mich.—John A. Doelle, superintendent of the public schools of Portage township, including the village of Houghton, in the Michigan copper country, is going to search for gold in Marquette county. He has procured from the John M. Longyear interests of Marquette, an option on a section of land in the Dead River district, north of Ishpeming, and will shortly institute exploratory work. The tract includes the old Free Center property, from which several thousand dollars' worth of gold was obtained a quarter of a century ago.

### Discourage Illegal Frog Hunting.

Lapeer, Mich.—The Lapeer Game and Fish association has adopted a resolution discountenancing frog hunting during the hatching season. Lapeer county is known throughout the state for its frog-leg suppers and hundreds of people come here annually from other counties. Although the state law restricts frog killing to the summer months between July 1 and November 1, notice has come to the game association that many frogs are being killed now out of season, hence the resolution.

### Flyer Sideswipes Freight Train.

Grayling, Mich.—The Michigan Central flyer, northbound, sideswiped a freight train north of Frederic at 5 o'clock Saturday morning, derailing the engine and express car. A. W. Lamb, of Bay City, engineer on the flyer, has a broken arm and is internally injured, and Expressman George Hawkins, of Bay City, sustained several broken ribs. The passengers were badly shaken up. The injured trainmen were taken to Bay City on a special.

## TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Miss L. H. Christian, of Hutchinson, Minn., has been elected president of the Lake Union conference of the Seventh Day Adventists, at Seattle, Wash. He is secretary of the Scandinavian department of the North American conference.

## MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock, Grain and General Farm Produce.

### Live Stock.

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 780; cow stuff steady; others 10@15c lower; milch cows \$5 per head lower; Best steers and heifers, \$8; steers and heifers, 1,000 to 1,200 lbs., \$7.40@7.65; steers and heifers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$7.25@7.60; steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6.50@7.25; choice fat cows, \$6@6.50; good fat cows, \$5.50@5.75; common cows, \$5@5.25; canners, \$3@4.25; choice heavy bulls, \$6.75@7; fair to good bologna bulls, \$6@6.25; stock bulls, \$5.50@6.50; choice feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.85@7.10; fair feeding steers, 800 to 1,000 lbs., \$6.60@6.90; choice stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6.50@6.75; fair stockers, 500 to 700 lbs., \$6@6.25; stock heifers, \$5.50@6; milkers, large, young, medium age, \$65@75; common milkers, \$4@55.

Veal calves—Receipts, 424; market steady; best, \$8.50@9; others, \$6@8.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 1,615; market steady; best wool lambs, \$8@8.15; fair lambs, \$7.50@8; light to common lambs, \$6.50@7.25; yearlings, \$7.25; fair to good sheep, \$5.50@5.75; culls and common, \$4.50@5; clipped lambs, \$6.50@7; clipped sheep, \$4.50@5.

Hogs—Receipts, 2,537; all grades, \$8.60@8.65.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle, receipts 5,000; heavy and butcher grades, 25@35c lower; stockers and feeders steady; prime steers, \$8.75@9; shipping steers, \$8.40@8.60; best 1,100 to 1,200-lb steers, \$8@8.40; coarse and plain weighty steers, \$7.50@7.75; fancy yearlings, baby beef, \$8.25@8.60; medium to good, \$7.60@7.85; choice handy steers, \$7.90@8.40; fair to good, \$7.60@8.25; extra good cows, \$6.60@7; best cows, \$6@6.25; butcher cows, \$5@5.50; cutters, \$4.25@4.50; trimmers, \$4@4.25; best heifers, \$7.60@7.75; medium butcher heifers, \$6.25@6.75; light butcher heifers, \$6@6.25; stock heifers, \$6@6.25; best feeding steers, \$7.50@7.75; fair to good, \$6.50@7.25; best stock steers, \$7.25@7.50; common light steers, \$6.50@7; stock heifers, \$6.50@6.75; extra good bulls, \$7.25@7.50; bologna bulls, \$6.25@6.50; stock bulls, \$5@6; milkers and springers, \$45@90.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,400; market 5c higher; heavy and yorkers, \$9.25; pigs, \$8.75@9.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 18,000; lambs 15@20c lower; sheep steady; wool lambs, \$8.50@8.65; clipped, \$7.25@7.50; yearlings, \$6@6.50; wethers, \$5.60@5.85; ewes, \$@5.35.

Calves slow; tops, \$9.50@10; fair to good, \$8.50@9.50; grassers, \$5.50@7.25.

### Grains Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red, 98 1-2c; May opened with an advance of 1-2c at 98 1-4c and advanced to 98 3-4c; July opened at 88 1-2c and advanced to 89 1-4c; No. 1 white, 98c.

Corn—Cash No. 3, 67c; No. 3 yellow, 1 car at 69c; No. 4 yellow, 67c.

Oats—Standard, 41 1-2c; No. 3 white 1 car at 40 3-4c, closing at 41c bid; No. 4 white, 40@40 1-2c.

Rye—Cash No. 1 Michigan, 67c; No. 2 Michigan, 66c; No. 2 western, 65c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$1.98; May, \$2.02.

Cloversed—Prime spot, 50 bags at \$7.75; October, \$8; sample, 20 bags at \$7.40, 15 at \$7.20; prime alsike, \$10; sample alsike, 10 bags at \$9.

Timothy—Prime spot, 100 bags at \$2.30.

Alfalfa—Prime spot, 40 bags at \$7.75.

Hay—Carlots, track Detroit; No. 1 timothy, \$16@16.50; standard, \$15@15.50; No. 2 timothy, \$13.50@14.50; light mixed, \$15@15.50; No. 1 mixed, \$13.50@14; No. 1 clover, \$13@13.50; rye straw, \$8@8.50; wheat and oat straw, \$7@7.50 per ton.

Flour—In one-eighth paper sacks, per 196 pounds, jobbing lots: Best patent, \$5.30; second patent, \$5; straight, \$4.75; spring patent, \$5.10; rye, \$4.40 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$20; standard middlings, \$29; fine middlings, \$30; cracked corn, \$30; coarse cornmeal, \$29; corn and oat crop, \$26.50 per ton.

### General Markets.

Dressed Hogs—Light, 9@10c; heavy \$@8 1-2c per lb.

Cabbage—New, \$2.50 per crate; in bulk, 2 1-2@2c per lb.

Sweet Potatoes—Jersey kiln-dried, \$1@1.10 per hamper.

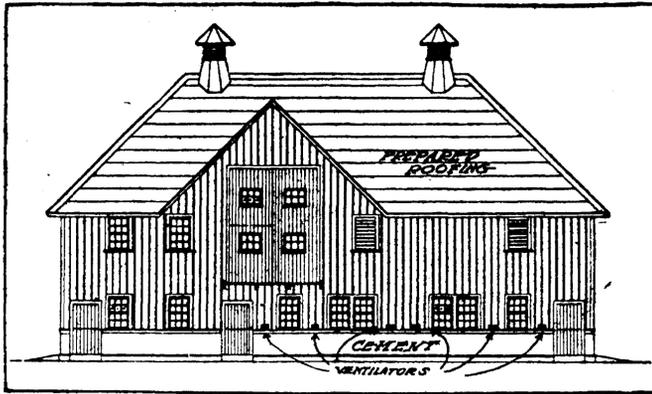
Dressed Calves—Fancy, 12@12 1-2c; common, 9@10c per lb.

Potatoes—In bulk, \$@65c per bu in sacks, \$@70c per bu for carlots.

Honey—Choice to fancy new white comb, 15@16c; amber, 10@11c; extracted, \$@7c per lb.

Nuts—Shellbark hickory, 2c; large hickory, 1@1 1-2c; Spanish chestnuts, \$@9c; walnuts and butternuts, 1@1 1-2c per lb.

## GOOD AND INEXPENSIVE DAIRY BUILDINGS



Side View of Inexpensive Dairy House.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The department of agriculture as the result of a great demand for information relating to the construction of dairy buildings started a line of investigation through its dairy specialists for the purpose of developing the basic principles of such construction. In order to make the work thoroughly practical, these studies were extended to the planning and actual supervision of construction of a number of dairy buildings in different sections of the country. Few localities will require or even permit of the same treatment so far as exposure, size, form, or building material are considered, but the problem of light, floors, ceilings, etc., are nearly alike in all cases.

Stable for 24 Cows. The plan shown is designed for 24 cows, and allows ample room for calf pen and box stalls for bull and cows, also space for feed room, hay chute, wash room and silo. The amount of space allowed for the various purposes will meet the usual requirements. The arrangement of the space can be adapted to the needs of the particular location.

### Special Features Common to All Well-Planned Barns.

The width of this barn is 31 feet 4 inches outside. This allows ample room for the stalls and passageways. While the length here shown is 73 feet 6 inches, this depends on the number of cows to be handled. The side walls are built of brick or concrete up to the window sills, the balance of the walls being frame. The end walls are constructed of brick or concrete up to the ceiling. A partition extends across the barn so that the cow stable can be entirely shut off from the rest of the barn.

Windows. One of the faulty points in ordinary barn construction is the small amount of window space usually allowed. This plan provides approximately 6 square feet for each cow. It will be noted from the elevation that the windows are sliding sash extending to the ceiling, making them nearly twice as high as they are wide. This arrangement will admit much more light than the same space if the windows were placed otherwise.

Manger. The manger is planned to be 2 feet wide and 6 inches deep, with slightly rounded corners, the front sloping at an angle of 45 degrees and the bottom being 2 inches higher than the floor of the stalls.

Stalls. The width of stalls is 3 feet 6 inches, which is as narrow as should be allowed. The depth is indicated as 4 feet 6 inches, but this may be varied according to the size of the cows in the herd. The manure gutter is 14 inches wide and 6 inches deep.

Floor. The entire floor is concrete, 6 inches in depth when finished, laid over at least 6 inches of cinders or

## RAPE PASTURE FOR THE HOGS

Very Rank Growth on One Acre May Supply Feed for Twenty-Five Head—Seed in Spring.

(By DEAN MUMFORD of the Missouri Experiment Station.)

A good growth of rape will supply pasture for 10 to 20 hogs to the acre. A very rank growth may supply feed for 25 head. Where the feeding is to extend from 10 to 14 weeks it is advisable to pasture rape at the rate of 10 to 12 head to the acre.

The favorable time for seeding rape is in the spring as soon as danger of hard freezing is past. It will furnish pasture from the middle of May until the third week in August. Rape will withstand light frosts, but not hard freezing. The best results are obtained when oats and clover are sown with it. Sow from five to seven pounds of rape seed of the drill and then drill in one-half bushel of oats and six to ten pounds of clover seed to the acre. The rape and oats will serve as a cover crop for the clover and usually a good stand of clover will be

broken rock. Concrete is considered the best material for several reasons: (1) it is sanitary; (2) it is economical because of its durability; (3) when a reasonable amount of bedding is used it is comfortable to the animals and no bad effects result. The floor is intended to be raised about one foot above the level of the ground to insure drainage.

### Alleys.

The alleys behind the cows are 4 feet wide. Manure should be taken away from the barn daily and deposited in a manure shed or on the field, and the alleys are designed with this in view. It is undesirable, from the standpoint of construction and sanitation, to have a manure pit under the stable.

### Calf Pen.

A comfortable calf pen should be provided, effectively separated from the milking herd. The one shown is 21 by 11 feet. Individual stanchions are provided for feeding calves grain and milk.

### Bull Pen and Box Stalls.

These are approximately 10 by 10 feet. There is a full window in each stall, providing an abundance of light.

### Feed Room.

This is centrally located; two grain chutes from the upper floor. A hay chute from the loft above deposits the hay conveniently to the feeding alley.

### Watering.

Watering devices may be put in the stable or provided for outside at the option of the builder.

### Storage of Feed.

There is no objection to storage above the cow stable proper so long as the floor is similar in construction to the one in the drawing, so as to be kept perfectly tight.

### Ceiling.

In colder climates it is deemed better to have a comparatively low ceiling on account of temperature, and this construction admits of changes in this respect.

### Ventilation.

The plan adapts itself to any system of ventilation. The openings shown give suggestions as to where the fresh air may be taken in and the impure air discharged.

### Rearing Calves.

The man who plans to rear his heifer calves should bear this point in mind: Vitality is one of the most important things to be developed, and it is obtained only through liberal feeding and proper care. And this is only partly true, for, unless the calf is well-born to start with, the best care and feeding will not produce a profitable cow.

### Soil for Fruit Trees.

As a rule it will be better to use land for some hoed crop the year previous to planting fruit trees, although a clover sod could be plowed under the previous fall to even better advantage.

### Rye Meal for Cows.

The Pennsylvania experiment station has found that rye meal as a part of properly balanced ration for dairy cows is sufficient in milk and butter production to an equal weight of corn meal.

### Plant Foods for Soils.

Potash, phosphoric acid and nitrogen are the plant foods that have to be supplied to most soils.

Throw away your washboard—it ruins your clothes—it gives you a backache to look at it. Use RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHA SOAP. No rubbing required. Clothes on the line quickly—fresh, sweet and clean.



RUB-NO-MORE CARBO NAPHA SOAP should be used freely for washing the finest fabric, it does no harm to it and needs no hot water.

Carbo Disinfects Rub-NO-MORE Carbo Napha Soap Napha Cleans Rub-NO-MORE Washing Powder Five Cents—All Grocers The Rub-No-More Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Advertisement for W.L. Douglas Shoes. It features a portrait of W.L. Douglas and a list of shoe prices for men's, women's, and children's shoes. The text emphasizes the quality and durability of the shoes, mentioning that they are made in the U.S.A. and are comfortable and long-lasting.

Advertisement for '1913 Magnificent Crops in all Western Canada'. It features a large illustration of a woman holding a bundle of wheat. The text describes the success of crop production in the region and provides information for farmers, including contact details for M.V. McInnes, Canadian Government Agent.

Advertisement for Beecham's Pills. It features the text 'The World's Remedy' and 'BEECHAM'S PILLS'. The advertisement describes the benefits of the pills for various ailments, including stomach issues, liver problems, and general weakness. It claims to be a safe and reliable remedy that has been used for many years.



The Tripoli—Milk Depot and Milk Wagons Owned by 100 Farmers.

## Co-Operative Farm Products Marketing

How It Is Done in Europe and May Be Done in America to the Profit of Both Farmer and Consumer

By MATTHEW S. DUDGEON.

(Copyright, 1914, Western Newspaper Union.)

### GETTING GOOD MILK INTO THE CITY.

Copenhagen, Denmark.—Would it not be a relief to you if you knew where you could get absolutely good milk, and cream, and butter; if your milk and cream were guaranteed to be rich, and pure, and fresh; if you could buy a brand of butter which was always up to standard, always had the same flavor, and the same amount of moisture in it, was never over salted or under salted, and was always absolutely free from taint of age. Most of us in America get good butter and good milk at times. All of us get bad butter and milk at least occasionally. Over in Denmark there is an entire nation which is united in a common purpose of producing good milk and butter. Its success is due to team work; the cow does her part, the farmer does his part, the creamery does its part, the delivery man does his, and the government itself takes a hand in the process. Not very long ago there was a complaint from England that the quality of Danish butter was falling off. It was treated in Denmark as if the national honor had been attacked and every reasonable complaint was attended to at once by the united action of all concerned. It was not a local question, but a national one. Primarily Danish butter and milk is good because the Danish farmer is scientific in his methods. But the milk after it leaves the farm is dealt with by the distributive agencies in a way no less efficient, and scientific and businesslike. This is where the Danes surpass the Americans, and with the result both consumer and producer in Denmark have occasion to be satisfied.

Why American Milk is High to the Consumer and Low to the Farmer.  
Dr. Thomas Nixon Carver, now director of the government bureau of rural organization, who at one time made a thorough investigation of the prices of farm products, says in his book on the "Principles of Rural Economics" that the milk for which the dealer in Worcester receives 2½¢ per quart sold for eight cents in nearby Boston. Milkmen drove all over the way to deliver a few gallons of milk. He received and probably earned two cents per quart for doing this. If a street were arranged so that one man could deliver on one street consecutively from house to house making it unnecessary for any other delivery man to follow him up or duplicate his delivery route, the work could probably be done for one-half cent per quart, certainly for one cent per quart. Another reason for the high eight cent price was that the farmer sold the milk to a contractor, (the contractor seems to have been a speculator), who took out a profit of 2½¢ per quart raising the price at least two cents higher than it otherwise would have been. The account stands thus:

As It is Now	As It Should Be
Cents.	Cents.
Farmer's price is.....	8 to 10
Transportation cost.....	1 to 2
Contractor's profit is.....	2 to 3
Milkman's wages is.....	1 to 2
Total.....	12 to 17

Copenhagen's Milk Supply.  
Here in Copenhagen there is a better method employed. The farmer gets more money, the city man gets more money, the city man gets more milk and the milk is better. This is being accomplished through a co-operative arrangement which could be duplicated in Boston, Chicago or Kansas. It is no experiment. The company has been operating successfully for twelve years, and it has been clearly demonstrated that it is possible to do the business in this way.

There is nothing mysterious or secret about it. This co-operative association is a simple, business-like organization of dairy farmers, backed by good business men operating on sound, scientific and business principles. There is delivered every morning to local private consumers in Copenhagen 35,000 bottles of the best milk in the world at a price less than six and a half cents per quart; some of this milk comes forty miles, but it is handled so well that three cents pays all expenses and profits between the farmer and the consumer. For the same service performed in a less sanitary way taking a longer period of time, involving more waste and more contamination the Boston consumer pays five and one-half cents. Here is a saving in cost of distribution of two and one-fourth cents per quart. If this could be saved to the milk consumer in Boston it would amount to about \$10,000 pay day of \$3,650,000 in a year. How many lives would be saved by absolutely pure milk at the reduced price no one knows.

In order to see the Trifolium milk depot at its busiest we planned our trip to reach the establishment at 10 p. m., about the hour when they begin to fill their 35,000 bottles of milk for the morning delivery of the succeeding day. In the office we found Director I. G. Smith, a skilled, trained man who knows the scientific side of the operative as well as he understands the business methods necessary to make a big plant a success. With him was the association's bacteriologist, Dr. Carl Lind, a highly skilled specialist. Originally educated in Copenhagen he is a graduate of an English scientific school and has also studied dairy chemistry and dairy bacteriology in Switzerland, Germany and France. The most striking characteristic is the immaculate cleanliness that everywhere prevails. The entire establishment is absolutely free from dust and dirt. Not an odor can be detected. The association furnishes the employees with working clothes, and itself launders them and provides ample free bathing facilities. The employees coming in from the street, take a bath and assume a newly laundered garb.

Efficient Processes.  
Every process through which the milk moves from its receipt at the door until it goes out in the wagon in the early morning is an efficient process both from the standpoint of maintaining purity and excellence and from the standpoint of economy of handling. After the milk cans, for example, are fully emptied, they are placed upon a drain board. The drippings from this board produce 1,000 pounds of butter per year, which amply repays the slight trouble caused in placing the cans in this position. Every process is practically automatic. Their machines seem to have almost human intelligence. The milk which goes into each bottle is automatically measured and set a fraction of an ounce more or less than the specified amount is placed in the bottle. The filling of the bottles, the placing of the stoppers, the sealing of the stopper, the transportation of the bottles from the machines to the shelves, the cleansing of the empty bottles and cans—all these proceed automatically. Over Four Million Receipts.  
The concern gets out a variety of dairy products. The fresh sweet milk

is of the grade known generally as certified milk. In addition to this they sell a special high grade called "infant's milk." The milk that goes into the bottles so labeled must have been produced during a certain part of the ovine lactation period. The cows must have been excluded from foders which are inclined to give taint or unpleasant flavor to the milk. The milk must have certain high percentages of butter fat. The quality and purity of this grade of milk is most carefully guarded, and it goes out only in sealed bottles or cans to families and hospitals.

Skimmed milk and butter are also sold. Three different grades of cream are placed upon the market—the rich whipping cream, the medium cream and half cream. In addition to this the finest of cream cheese and the highest grades of butter are made and sold. A particular brand of butter milk which has proved popular and profitable is known as Bulgarian Yoghurt. This is similar to the product which is said to have made the Bulgarians a race of centenarians. Its valuable qualities are due to fermentation produced by the bacteria of the Bacillus Bulgaricus variety. It is said to be a digestive aid of great effectiveness. Altogether the company takes in annually for its products the considerable sum of \$4,150,000.

Profits to the Farmer.  
At the time when the milk is delivered to the concern the farmer is paid a little over two cents a quart. This is exactly the same price which others are paid for their milk by the distributing companies. In case of the man who delivers to one of the joint stock companies this is all that the farmer ever receives for his milk. The farmer who is a member of this co-operative concern, however, at the end of the half yearly period receives a dividend which amounts to about one cent per quart. At the end of the year there is generally a small additional surplus, so that the farmer has altogether received over three cents a quart for his milk, almost one cent more a quart than the person selling to the private distributors.

But this is not all. The farmer has invested absolutely no money in this co-operative concern. Yet at the end of the 20 years the 100 farmers are in possession of a plant which is probably worth \$200,000 and which has been accumulated out of the profits of the establishment. This is the property of those who have delivered the milk to the concern. It belongs to them in proportion to the amount of milk which they have delivered, taking into account, in every case of course, the quality of the milk as well as the quantity. The average farmer has then from his milk, in addition to the price which he has already received, made a profit of \$2,000 for the 20 years.

Cheap to the Consumer.  
On the other hand, the prices paid to the co-operative concern by the private taker is extremely moderate. For the ordinary quality of milk, which corresponds to our certified milk, he pays about six and one-third cents per quart. For the special milk, the infants' milk and the hospital milk, which is of a quality seldom found in American cities, the consumer pays seven cents per quart.

Quality First.  
It is to be noted that this co-operative milk company succeeds, not because it is co-operative, but it succeeds because it stands, as do other co-operative concerns, for the highest possible quality in its product. It strictly enforces rigid rules relative to quality and takes every precaution to insure cleanliness and purity. Some of the requirements which it enforces upon those who furnish milk to it are as follows:  
First, there must be a monthly inspection of the cows by the veterinary representing the distributing company; second, all unhealthy or defective cows must be instantly withdrawn; third, any slight sickness between monthly visits must be reported to the company and the milk kept separate; fourth, all sanitary directions as to ventilation, cleanliness, etc., must be followed; fifth, milk from cows other than those inspected and under control must not be mixed with the milk furnished to the company; sixth, milk intended for infants' use or hospital use must be produced from cows from which are excluded all feeds and foders injurious to the flavor or quality of the milk; seventh, there must be a periodical examination for tuberculosis; eighth, the milk must be cooled in some efficient way as soon as drawn from the cow, so that bacteriological growth may be stopped.

Naturally, the question that presented itself to us Americans as we looked over the plant, was whether or not the procedure could be duplicated under American conditions. We have canvassed the situation fully and can discover no reason why the entire plan or one parallel to it could not be adopted in any progressive American city. Everywhere co-operative societies succeed, but succeed because they produce a product that is recognized as of standard quality. Co-operation in Denmark spells quality.

And He Was a Lawyer Himself.  
The autobiography of Thomas Jefferson contains the following: "I served with General Washington in the legislature of Virginia before the Revolution," wrote Jefferson, "and, during it, with Dr. Franklin in congress. I never heard either of them speak ten minutes at a time, nor to any but the main point which was to decide the question. They laid their shoulders to the great points, knowing that the little ones would follow of themselves. If the present congress errs in too much talking, how can it be otherwise in a body to which the people send 150 lawyers, whose trade it is to question everything, yield nothing, talk by the hour?" That 150 lawyers should do business together ought not to be expected.

Last Resort.  
"Do you think women should propose?" asked the passe lady. "I don't know," mused the young thing. "Have you tried everything else?"

That Cynic Again.  
The cynic believes the bonds of matrimony would be more popular if they paid cash dividends.

### Housework Is a Burden

It's hard enough to keep house if in perfect health, but a woman who is weak, tired and suffering from an aching back has a heavy burden.

Any woman in this condition has good cause to suspect kidney trouble, especially if the kidney action seems disordered.

Doan's Kidney Pills have cured thousands of suffering women. It's the best recommended special kidney remedy.

**AN INDIANA CASE**

Mrs. Mary A. Elderkin, South Franklin St., Pendleton, Ind., says: "I believe Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life. I was in agony with gravel and was confined to bed. I became so bad that I wasn't expected to live through the night. On a friend's suggestion, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and in a short time they cured me. I have not had a symptom of kidney trouble during the past nine years."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box  
**DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**  
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

**900 DROPS**

**CASTORIA**

ALCOHOL-3 PER CENT  
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of  
**INFANTS & CHILDREN**

Promote Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral  
**NOT NARCOTIC**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER

Pumpkin Seed -  
Aloe Sassa -  
Rhubarb Sassa -  
Sassa Seed -  
Sassa -  
Sassa -  
Sassa -  
Sassa -  
Sassa -  
Sassa -

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP

Fac Simile Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,  
NEW YORK.

100 months old  
**35 DROPS 35 CENTS**

Guaranteed under the Food and Drug Act

Exact Copy of Wrapper.

## CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of

*Chas. H. Fletcher*

In Use For Over Thirty Years

## CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

## WORMS.

"Worms", that's what's the matter of 'em. Stomach and intestinal worms. Nearly as bad a distemper. Cost you too much to feed 'em. Look bad—'em bad. Don't physic 'em to death. Spohn's Cure will remove the worms, improve the appetite, and tone 'em up all round, and don't "physic." Acts on glands and blood. Full directions with each bottle, and sold by all druggists.

SPohn MEDICAL CO., Chemists. Goshen, Ind., U. S. A.

Will Be Heard From.  
Pennsylvania and California are two states whose chairmen of the civics department of the G. F. W. C. are to make special reports at the Chicago biennial in June, as they are said to have good laws governing civic activities.

Red Cross Ball Blue makes the laundress happy, makes clothes whiter than snow. All good greases. Adv.

"Well," remarked George at the breakfast table, "in eating this oatmeal and milk I shall go through thick and thin."

Putnam Fadeless Dyes color more goods than others. Adv.

Some people are not on speaking terms with their duty.

### Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

**CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS** will put you right in a few days.

They do their duty. Cure Constipation, Indigestion and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature

*W. N. U.*

W. N. U., DETROIT, MO. 12-1914.

## LINES IN THE FACE

### Make Women Look Old

and they show the effect of unnatural sufferings—of headaches, backaches, dizziness, hot flashes, pains in lower limbs, pains in groin, bearing-down sensations.

These symptoms indicate that Nature needs help. Overwork, wrong dressing, lack of exercise, and other causes have been too much for nature—and outside aid must be called upon to restore health and strength.

### Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

The Vegetable Remedy for Women's Ills that relieves nervous exhaustion and irritability and removes other distressing symptoms due to disordered condition of the delicate feminine organism.

For over forty years it has been used with more than satisfaction by the young, middle-aged and the elderly—by wives, mothers and daughters. You will find it of great benefit. Sold by Medicine Dealers in Liquid or Tablet Form, or send Dr. J. C. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 50 one-cent stamps for trial box by mail.

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

**Pinckney Dispatch**

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

R. W. CAVERLY, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Subscription, \$1. Per Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.

Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.  
Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.  
Local Notices, in Local columns five cent per line per each insertion.

All matter intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.

Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.

Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.

Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

**PEOPLE YOU KNOW**

Ed. Breuingstall was a Jackson visitor Saturday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ross Read, Friday, April 24, a ten pound boy.

Amos. Clinton sold his new Overland roadster to a Dexter man last week.

E. T. Winter of Fenton spent Sunday at the home of his sister, Mrs. E. G. Fish.

Howell is to have a five day's Chautauqua this summer lasting from August 15 to 19 inclusive.

Mrs. Harry Palmer and son, Mrs. Estella Graham and Mrs. Flora Snyder of Jackson have been spending several days at the home of A. B. Green and wife.

The Dexter Band gave a fair April 23d, 24th, and 25th including a home talent play, "The Only Girl," at the Opera House in Dexter, the proceeds of which are to be used for new uniforms.

I will be at Lakeland Postoffice Thursday and Friday of this week with a full line of Ladies, Misses and Children's hats at reasonable prices. Will be glad to see you.

Mrs. Mildred Whitlock, Lakeland, adv.

A. H. Flintoft has recently installed a welding machine at considerable expense. This new machine will weld cast iron, brass, steel, copper, aluminum, etc. The garage is one of the best equipped of its size in the county. The welding machine will be of great benefit to garage as well as to Mr. Flintoft, himself, in insuring proficiency in that line of work.

The case of the administrator of the estate of William R. Wood deceased, vs the Grand Trunk Railway Co., is on trail in Circuit Court this week. Elmer N. Braley is the administrator of the estate. L. E. Howlett of Howell and O'Dell Chapman of Owosso appear for the plaintiff and F. J. Shields and Mr. Williams of Detroit for the railway company. From the previous trials all facts of both sides are known to the four attorneys so that the case is an extremely difficult one to try.

Hog cholera is the most dreaded disease of swine. It may appear at any time in any neighborhood in the state. It is spread by sparrows, pigeons, flies, dogs, or by any object that may carry material from one hog lot to another. Stock cars crossing on railway bridges may contaminate streams, stock buyers may carry cholera from one farm to another, and there is always danger of infection being introduced into the herd when stock is purchased. A bulletin giving latest information on the control of this disease has just been issued and is being distributed free by the Michigan Experiment Station.

Frances Harris was in Jackson last Friday.

Mrs. Floyd Jackson was in Stockbridge last Friday.

Ed. Garland of Howell transacted business here last Saturday.

Mr. Rutka of the Schroeder & Rutha Bldg. Co., of Howell was in town on business Friday.

Mrs. Geo. Leoffler and children of Ann Arbor were over Sunday guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Bowers.

Norman Reason and family of Detroit visited his parents Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reason over Sunday.

Over \$3,000 has been subscribed for organizing a county Fair at Howell, so the Fair looks like an assured thing.

Fred Campbell and family of Ann Arbor spent the first of the week at the home of his parents Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Campbell.

Another Michigan man, Hon. W. S. Linton, of Saginaw, has thrown his hat into the ring and will run for the nomination for governor on the republican ticket.

All the cells in Jackson prison are filled and three inmates sleep on cots in the corridors. This is the first time the prison was ever filled. There are 915 inmates.

Don't forget the Senior's Play entitled the "Bank Cashier" to be given, Friday evening, May 1, at the Opera House. A dance will follow the play. Come and enjoy yourself.

Just sixteen years ago last Saturday, April 25, war was declared with Spain. Fifty million dollars was voted by congress to be used by the president in carrying on military operations against Spain.

The hard rains Friday night raised the water in the mill pond so high that several water gates at the dam had to be removed so that the rush of water over the dam looked like a miniature Niagara.

Married, in Chicago, April 18, Andrew Temple Brown and Miss Dorothea Thomas. Mr. Brown is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Brown who are well known in Pinckney and formerly were residents here.

According to a law passed at the last session of the legislature the open season on greenbacks, (frogs) will not begin until June 1st. We are glad to announce, however, that the open season for real greenbacks is and has been on at this office for a long time and will continue so as long as subscriptions are due.

The milch cow is such a valuable asset that farmers and dairymen are studying her scientific care today as never before. The department of agriculture at Washington has received so many requests for suggestions on the housing of the dairy cow that a bulletin has been issued giving specifications of a dairy building. The article prepared by the department appears on another page of this issue of the Dispatch. We are glad to be able to present it to our readers.

Kindly bear in mind that the Dispatch office is well equipped to do your job printing of all kinds. Our work is fully guaranteed and our prices will be made right to you. If you need letter heads, envelopes, statements, bill heads, announcements, invitations, etc., we can do them for you with neatness and dispatch. Let us hear from you. Look up your stationery and see if you do not need something in our line, don't wait until you have used the last leaf before placing your order. Call and see samples.

The Best Buy

PHOENIX DISPATCH

**COME TO Monks Bros. For Fresh Groceries**

**Mens Hats and Caps**  
The latest and nobbiest styles and designs

**Mens Trousers**  
A very good assortment to choose from

**Mens Shoes**  
Wear-U-Well, as the name implies are built for service and are guaranteed.

**Mens Tailored Suits**  
A fit guaranteed. Our prices range from \$15. to \$32 and we have exceptional values at \$20.

**Connor's World Best Ice Cream**  
tastes better than ever.

**Garden Seeds**  
Both D. M. Ferry and Northrup, King & Co's. new seeds are now in stock and ready for your selection.

□ The Square Deal Grocery □

**Try a Liner Advertisement in the Dispatch**

**Farm Tools**  
If you are in need of anything in this line come in and look over our stock as it is complete.

**Wagons and Carriages**  
Of all kinds and prices. We know we can please you if you give us a chance, both as to price and quality.

**Good Goods**  
We do not, and will not, carry inferior goods of any kind. Our motto is, "The best of everything at Right Prices". Call and see us.

**Teepie Hardware Company**  
Pinckney, Mich.

"My Mamma Says - Its Safe for Children!"



**FOLEY'S HONEY and TAR**  
FOR Coughs and Colds  
CONTAINS NO OPIATES

"The Children's Children" are now using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and it is today the same safe effective and curative medicine that their parents found it. For all coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, bronchitis, hoarseness and tickling in throat, use it. It gives satisfactory results.

For Sale By C. G. Meyer

**The Pinckney Exchange Bank**

Does a Conservative Banking Business. :: ::

**3 per cent**  
paid on all Time Deposits :

**Pinckney - Mich.**  
G. W. TEEPLE Prop



Your Portrait, as an Easter remembrance, will be most fitting to the occasion—will be appreciated by your friends as an evidence of your thoughtfulness.

Come in and look over the new line of folders.

**Daisie B. Chapell**  
Stockbridge, Michigan

**Woman Finally Recovers From Nervous Breakdown**

Impoverished nerves destroy many people before their time. Often before a sufferer realizes what the trouble is, he is on the verge of a complete nervous breakdown. It is of the utmost importance to keep your nervous system in good condition, as the nerves are the source of all bodily power. Mrs. Rosa Bonner, 825 N. 18th St., Birmingham, Ala., says:

"I have been suffering with nervous prostration for nine or ten years. Have tried many of the best doctors in Birmingham, but they all failed to reach my case. I would feel as if I was smothering; finally I went into convulsions. My little girl saw

**Dr. Miles' Nervine**  
advertised in the papers and I at once began to take it. I continued to take it for some time and now I am well."

If you are troubled with loss of appetite, poor digestion, weakness, inability to sleep; if you are in a general run down condition and unable to bear your part of the daily grind of life, you need something to strengthen your nerves. You may not realize what is the matter with you, but that is no reason why you should delay treatment.

**Dr. Miles' Nervine**  
has proven its value in nervous disorders for thirty years, and merits a trial, no matter how many other remedies have failed to help you. Sold by all druggists. If first bottle fails to benefit your money is returned.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

H. F. SIGLER M. D. C. L. SIGLER M. D.

**DRS. SIGLER & SIGLER,**  
Physicians and Surgeons.

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main Street.

**PINCKNEY, MICH**

# Beauty Lesson

No. 9

## Brushing the Hair

Many people brush and comb the hair too much. It should never be brushed or combed long enough to irritate the scalp; a good brushing once a day is sufficient.

The roots of the hair are very delicate, and too much brushing injures the roots of the hair and may cause it to fall out. It is also very injurious to use a fine comb; this is sometimes resorted to by the inexperienced to remove dandruff. We will later give direction for the removal of dandruff without injury.

Comb the hair with a comb having large, blunt teeth, no matter how fine the hair is; if a brush is used, select one with close, pliable bristles. Part the hair in the center from the forehead to the nape of the neck, take one side at a time and brush downward the entire length. This brushing will keep the hair soft and glossy as well as keeping it in a perfectly healthy condition. It is well at times to use some good hair tonic or use one of the formulas we give for the removal of dandruff.

## MEYER'S DRUG STORE

The Nyal Store

Drugs, Wall Paper, Crockery, Cigars, Candy, Magazines,  
School Supplies, Books

Pinckney, Mich.

## NATIONAL TASTES IN EGGS.

The Spaniard Boils His a Minute and Then Drinks Them Down.

How do you eat an egg?

To a stranger the manner in which you eat this part of your breakfast may indicate your nationality. Nearly every nationality has some especial way of cooking and serving eggs for breakfast, and, quite unconsciously, the average person's order of eggs will reveal his nationality.

Americans are said to prefer poached eggs. The foreigner when traveling who sees a man order a couple of eggs poached on toast almost immediately jumps to the conclusion that only an American could have given the order. Hard boiled eggs, served whole, are another American dish, and "deviled eggs," where the yolk is mixed with various condiments, is strictly American. Fried eggs, too, are more common in America than elsewhere.

Hard boiled eggs are eaten in Germany, too, but they are usually prepared in a glass, chopped with butter, salt and pepper. The German likes his soft boiled eggs very soft, indeed, and breaks the contents into a china cup, eating them from the cup. The "egg cup" is an invention of Germany, but the German cups are large enough to contain several eggs. "Sour eggs" are eaten in Germany too.

The average Englishman likes his egg boiled for three and a half minutes, no more and no less. He is particular about the time. He prefers a small egg cup that holds one egg, the shell of which is not removed. The Englishman then removes the top of the shell. Bread and butter, instead of the toast of the American, is eaten with the Englishman's eggs.

The Frenchman removes the top of his egg, too, but then he stirs the contents vigorously and adds bits of bread and butter to the egg. Sometimes squares of bread are dipped into the egg.

No Spaniard would dream of letting an egg boil three minutes—that is, if he prefers his eggs prepared strictly in the native fashion. The egg is allowed to boil only one minute and is then broken—open and the contents poured into a glass, the real Spanish epicure drinking it off as if it were water.

In Italy eggs, to be perfectly prepared are started on their boiling by being put into cold water. When the water comes to a boil the egg is done. It is eaten on a large plate with bread.—Chicago Tribune.

### Check Your April Cough

Thawing frost and April rains chill you to the very marrow, you catch cold—Head and lungs stuffed—You are feverish—Cough continually and feel miserable—You need Dr. King's New Discovery. It soothes inflamed and irritated throat and lungs, stops cough, your head clears, fever leaves and you feel fine. Mr. J. T. Davis of Stickney Corner, Me., was cured of a dreadful cough after doctor's treatment and all remedies failed. Relief or money back. Pleasant—Children like it. Get a bottle to-day. 50c and \$1.00. Recommended by U. G. Meyer's the druggist. adv

### Engagement Rings.

The custom of giving engagement rings ranks back to long before the Christian era. With the ancient Egyptians engagement rings were always of iron, to indicate the mutual sacrifice of liberty of the contracting parties. One of the very earliest adornments of betrothal rings was a loadstone, which symbolized the attractive force which drew a maiden from her own family circle into that of her husband. It is believed that the fourth finger has always been the bride's ring finger.

### \$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address: F. K. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

### Not Excise Stamps.

The gum on the backs of stamps and stamp waste was once the subject of a question in the House of Commons by the late Sir Wilfrid Lawson. "Did it contain alcohol?" anxiously asked the testotal baronet, and "was there any danger of it causing blood-poisoning if applied to a cut finger?" The reassuring answer came from the postmaster-general that the gum was absolutely free from spirit and that the stamp waste could be used as first-aid for a cut finger with impunity.—London Chronicle.

# SPECIALS

FOR

Saturday, May 2nd, 1914

15c Black Cotton Socks, per pair	9c
\$1.50 Gingham House Dresses	99c
2 cans Red Salmon	25c
10c can Pork and Beans	8c
15c can Pork and Beans	12c
1 pound Soda	5c
10 bars Acme Soap	25c
8 bars Lenox Soap	25c
1 can Best Peas	10c
25 pounds Sugar	\$1.05

ALL SALES CASH

## W. W. BARNARD

Headquarters For

## General Hardware and Farm Machinery

New Perfection Oil Stoves and Heaters

A Five Year Guaranteed House Paint

\$1.25 Per Gallon

Acme Quality Interior Paints in All Colors

## Dinkel & Dunbar

Pinckney

## Watch Our Space For

## Monarch Adv.

THE HOYT BROS.

## Do You Want Ice ?

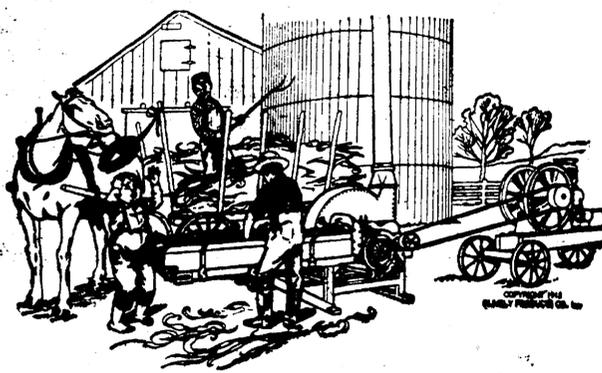
We are prepared to furnish everyone with ice the coming season at right prices. Will deliver the same to your ice box.

## Stoves Stored FOR THE SUMMER

Call on or phone No. 53r3

S. H. CARR, Pinckney, Mich.

Sale Bills Printed at the Dispatch Office at Right Prices.



## Within Easy Reach—

WHETHER you are cutting silage, sawing wood, grinding feed, or doing something else—a Rumely-Olds gasoline engine, mounted on steel wheels, is always within easy reach.

With this portable engine you can run around over the farm and do lots of work in a day that would take weeks to do by hand. The Rumely-Olds portable engines are 6, 8, 12 and 15 h. p.

Drop in soon and see our Rumely-Olds engines. Or let us know and we'll send a catalog to you.

We're here to serve you. Give us a chance.

## A. H. FLINTOFT,

## More Wholesome Food From Stott's Diamond Flour

It is not the amount of Bread you eat so much as the quality of the bread. Wheat contains more nutritive value than any other kind of food.

And Stott's Diamond Flour retains the nutrition that makes your bread so wholesome and good for the children. If you want light biscuits and delicious rolls, you'll get the greatest satisfaction out of Diamond Flour.

In order that you may be sure of the right kind, we suggest that you specify STOTT'S Diamond Flour.

If your grocer does not have Stott Flour, write us giving the name of the store you have tried and we'll see that you are supplied.

David Stott Flour Mills, Inc. Detroit, Mich.



W. W. Barnard, Pinckney

M. E. Kuhn, Gregory and Unadilla

Subscribe For The Dispatch

# CAPTURE OF THE PORT OF VERA CRUZ

Graphic Pen Picture of Stirring Scenes by a Special Correspondent.

By A. E. JAMIESON.

Vera Cruz, April 24.—The stars and stripes wave over Vera Cruz, but only after a heavy loss of life to the attacking force of American marines and bluejackets and to the Mexicans who defended the city.

A dozen Americans were killed and from 250 to 500 Mexicans were shot down while persistently resisting the advance of the United States forces.

More than two hundred Mexicans were taken prisoners and lodged on board the protected cruiser San Francisco.

Acting under orders from Rear Admiral Badger, American sailors and marines started early Thursday to clean up the city and to capture or drive out the "snipers," or Mexican sharpshooters, who have kept up an intermittent fire upon the invaders since landing forces first touched Mexican soil on Tuesday.

Detachments of Americans made an organized search through all houses flanking the streets. In some instances the hidden Mexican irregulars gave battle and hand-to-hand fighting in the dirty, dark rooms of the adobe buildings followed.

Throughout the night sentries drawn from the ranks of the sailors and marines paced through the streets, keeping a keen outlook for bands of prowlers. Most of the electric-lighting system had been destroyed by the bombardment of the Prairie and the Chester and bonfires were lighted in the parks and upon the water front. Sentries fire on Prowlers Moving Through Shadows.

At times the powerful searchlights of the American men of war swept the sand dunes north and south of the city or lighted a brilliant path along the harbor front. On shore the stillness was punctuated by the crack of rifle fire. Sentries who passed steadily to and fro at times fired upon forms which moved with suspicious stealth through the shadows. The fire occasionally was returned and from time to time the scattering shots seemed to resolve themselves into mild volleys.

Most of the 4,000 sailors and marines slept in the open, wrapped in thick service blankets, for the nights are chilly and a fog blew in from the harbor. The bivouac of the American army in the streets of the partially blasted city made a picturesque scene.

The moonlight flickered down upon the sleeping forms and the stacked arms.

Army Reorganizing Ten Miles From Vera Cruz.

Rear Admirals Badger and Fletcher received reports that General Gustavo Maas, federal commander at Vera Cruz, who fled at the approach of the Americans, is trying to reorganize a Mexican army near Terjeria, about ten miles northwest of the city on the railway line leading to Mexico City. It was said that Maas had called upon the federal garrisons at Orizaba and Puebla Cordoba to send reinforcements and field guns.

These reports did not cause the American naval authorities much anxiety, but they did have the effect of increasing the watchfulness of the invading forces.

Double lines of sentries were posted along the railway terminals in the western part of the city with orders to report at once to the military authorities at the United States consulate if they saw any large bodies of Mexicans.

Marines on Police Duty to Prevent More Disorder.

American Consul W. W. Canada and Rear-Admiral Badger Thursday prepared a proclamation of martial law and sailors and marines will be used for police duty throughout the city to prevent disorder.

The battleships Michigan, Louisiana and Minnesota, the latest to arrive, anchored in the inner harbor so as to make the landing of additional sailors and marines easy.

Sailors detailed to mortuary duty reported that the heaviest loss of life among the Mexicans occurred around the naval academy and arsenal, which were vigorously shelled by the Arkansas late Wednesday.

This bombardment was brought about by a fierce attack upon Americans by Mexicans who had taken refuge in those buildings. About 300 Mexicans barricaded themselves in the naval academy and opened a brisk rifle fire upon the American sailors and marines massed in the market place. Florida Drives Out Mexican Sharpshooters.

The Americans took shelter and returned the fire, but the academy building offered such formidable protection that the American bullets were ineffective.

Capt. William Rush of the Florida, commanding the land forces, decided that the Mexicans could only be dis-

lodged by bombardment and communicated with Rear Admiral Badger. The guns of the man-of-war were soon booming and heavy projectiles were crashing into the walls of the academy. The Mexicans fled, leaving a number of dead and wounded.

Eight of the Americans, however, had been shot down at this point before the irregulars were dislodged from their fortress.

The flag of Rear Admiral Badger now floats from the Minnesota, which he has taken for his flagship.

The stars and stripes wave over the Terminal hotel, where Rear Admiral Fletcher, now chief in command of land operations, has established his headquarters. Admiral Fletcher occupies an apartment adjacent to the rooms used by Special Envoy John Lind while he was living at the Terminal.

Temporary Hospitals Are Established in the City.

Temporary hospitals have been established throughout the city, the chief one being in the Plaza hotel, of which Dr. Elliott of the dreadnaught Florida is in charge.

Members of the American Medical corps have been installed in San Sebastian hospital, where there are a number of wounded Mexicans.

Early Thursday a number of machine guns were brought ashore from the newly arrived battleships, some of them being posted on the flat roofs of the adobe houses. Sunrise found the roof of the Parochial church, the tallest building in the city, swarming with bluejackets ready to pick off any Mexican "snipers" that might show themselves.

A machine gun was placed upon the roof of the Hotel Diligencia, which was in the line of fire, and was badly shot up. All the windows were broken by bullets.

Other machine guns have been planted around the railway terminals, the custom house, the United States consulate, the post office, the cable office and other structures.

British Tars Cheer U. S. Marines Hurrying to Attack.

One incident occurred during the landing of American reinforcements which shows the spirit of friendship among the armed forces on the big international fleet.

A Mexican sharpshooter had been taking pot shots at British sailors on the cruiser Essex, and Albert Kimber, paymaster, had been wounded. When several whaleboats, carrying United States marines, swept close to the English warship on their way to the customs house wharf, the British tars gathered at the rail and cheered with might and main.

The Americans have behaved with the utmost gallantry since operations began, and there has been no complaint of any kind. Rear Admiral Fletcher is proud of his "boys" and sent the following message addressed to the men of the fleet:

"The division commander desires to express his admiration at the splendid and efficient work of the naval brigade which captured Vera Cruz and efficient support of the cruisers, which reflects great credit upon the accuracy of the fire of the gunners.

"During the night the Americans on the western side of the city captured a number of straggling Mexicans, most of whom were armed with rusty, old muskets. The freight sheds were turned into detention pens and the prisoners were locked up until they could be transferred to the warships.

"Many of the Mexican dead were also buried during the night without any attempt at identification. Practically all were men of low caste, whose fighting had been without a single spark of patriotic animation."

Work preliminary to the seizure of the railroad from Mexico City to the eastern seacoast already has been done.

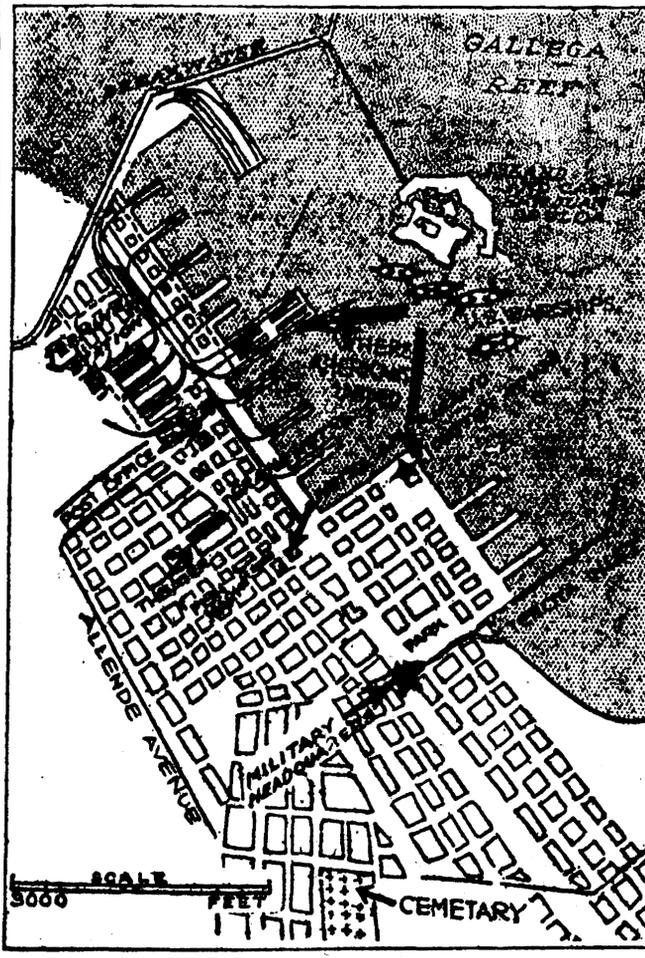
Soldiers Ordered Not to Drink Vera Cruz Water.

The American on the firing line suffered greatly from lack of water. They were under orders not to drink the city water for fear it might contain poison, and most of them had exhausted the contents of their canteens.

A number of Mexicans, mostly women with babies in their arms, appealed to American sailors and marines for food. Most of the appeals were heeded, notwithstanding the fact that the hard work ashore had made Jack a hungry man himself.

The details which searched the houses for hidden men and secret stowaways worked quickly and with precision. Little resistance was offered and in cases where doors were locked they were battered down. Armed men were disarmed and thousands of guns, ancient swords and cartridges were seized.

## Map of Vera Cruz City and Harbor



## HUERTA ACCEPTS MEDIATION OFFER

SPANISH AMBASSADOR COMMUNICATES WITH DICTATOR SUNDAY.

### MARTIAL LAW IN VERA CRUZ

Federals Tearing Up Railroad Track Leading Into Mexico City—Non-Combatants Ordered Out of Sea Port.

Washington—Spanish Ambassador Riano announced late Sunday night that he had received advices from Mexico City, stating that Gen. Huerta had accepted the offer of Argentina, Brazil and Chile to use their good offices to bring about an amicable settlement of the difficulty between the United States and Mexico.

The interests of the Huerta government in the United States were taken over by the Spanish embassy when Charge Algara asked for his passports and left Washington for Canada. Ambassador Riano received the offer of good offices from the three peace envoys Saturday night, after the offer had been accepted on the part of the United States by President Wilson. It was cabled at once to the Spanish minister at Mexico City and by him presented to President Huerta.

The South American diplomats are ready to proceed with their plan, notwithstanding the nature of which as yet has been given. It has been generally understood here, however, that the peace envoys expect to deal directly with the situation created by the resentment of the United States government against the Tampico incident and other offenses against its honor and dignity, hoping to bring about a peaceful settlement.

Wilson Hopes for Peace.

Administration officials here appeared to be much gratified at the prospect of having the proposals of the great South American republics listened to by Gen. Huerta.

President Wilson, hopeful, though not confident that war may be averted through the efforts of Argentina, Brazil and Chile, conferred with Secretary Garrison, approving orders for the joint jurisdiction of the army and navy over Vera Cruz and vicinity.

Vera Cruz Under Martial Law.

Vera Cruz—Rear-Admiral Frank F. Fletcher Sunday placed the city of Vera Cruz under martial law, ending the quibbling with Mexican officials over the form of government.

Under this proclamation it is expected that more Mexican officials will agree to return to work. Robert Diaz, the mayor, has opened his office, and schools have been reopened.

The hope that General Huerta will permit the Americans now remaining in Mexico City and other interior places to leave Mexico has been given up. The train which was sent out at 6:30 o'clock Sunday night to meet a train expected from Mexico City carrying refugees, returned late at night and Ensign Lowry, in command, reported that there was no train from Mexico City at the break in the railroad.

Lowry also reported that the federals, who have been operating the railroad, had more than 1,000 peons at work, tearing up the rails and throwing them into the water and burning the ties. The peons and Mexican federals are apparently working in the direction of Mexico City, destroying the railroad.

Bulletins were posted at the consulate and in other conspicuous places Sunday, by orders of Rear-Admiral Badger, instructing all American non-combatants to leave Vera Cruz on the steamer Mexico.

### BRIEFS FROM WAR ZONE

Washington—Detailed information as to the condition of the marines and bluejackets injured in action at Vera Cruz has been received at the navy department. While none of the four Michigan men shot is believed to have been fatally wounded, the report from Admiral Badger shows it was necessary to operate on William O. Keag, of Hillsdale. The left humerus was shattered, so his arm was amputated.

Laredo, Tex.—El Guardia del Brave, a Mexican paper, published here in the interests of the Huerta government, was suspended Saturday by order of District Judge Mulhally and Mayor McComb.

Leavenworth, Kas.—A flurry was caused at Fort Leavenworth Saturday night when orders were received by Lieut.-Col. W. P. Buraham, commanding, from the war department, directing that the army service schools be closed and that the student officers be graduated Tuesday.

## WILL ATTEMPT TO SETTLE TROUBLE

SOUTH AMERICAN REPUBLICS OFFER GOOD OFFICES FOR MEDIATION.

### UNITED STATES ACCEPTS

Conditions Imposed By President Wilson Include Elimination of Huerta in Mexican Affairs.

Washington—Pan-American diplomacy Saturday night made its first attempt to solve the Mexican crisis by peaceful negotiation.

The United States government accepted from Argentina, Brazil and Chile a formal offer to act as intermediaries in the present situation, but reservedly pointed out that an act of aggression by the military forces or hostile demonstrations toward Americans might upset hopes of immediate peace.

Coincidentally with the acceptance of the offer of mediation, administration officials announced there would be no cessation of preparations by the army and navy for future emergencies and no orders would be issued to the naval forces now at Vera Cruz or the ships at sea changing original plans. No further steps, however, to obtain reparation for the indignities which gave rise to the present situation will be attempted, while the effort is being made to bring about a settlement through diplomacy.

Although the offer made by the three South American countries did not reveal their plans, it was learned that they contemplate a broad settlement of the Mexican problem through the elimination of Huerta on which the United States has insisted from the beginning. Notification of the offer of intermediation was sent not only to the diplomatic representatives of Argentina, Brazil and Chile in Mexico City, but to Gen. Carranza and the constitutionalists in northern Mexico.

The acceptance of the offer followed a conference of President Wilson and Senators Stone, Shively and Lodge of the senate foreign relations committee and Chairman Flood and Rep. Cooper, of the house committee on foreign affairs.

Mobs in Mexico City.

Vera Cruz—Two aeroplanes from the American fleet made the first flights over Vera Cruz Saturday.

On attaining an altitude of several hundred feet the naval aviators, Lieuts. Ellison and Mowbray, circled the city and then passed over the outskirts and observed the position of the Mexican federal forces.

Refugees arriving Saturday from Mexico City on the train leaving the

capital at 3 p. m. Friday say two Americans were killed by mobs in the streets before the train left. Rioting was going on at that hour.

The American club had been set on fire three times and the windows in every American-owned store in the city had been broken. The American grocery store had been burned and looted.

The German ambassador, Admiral Von Hintze, at Mexico City, has refused point-blank to comply with a demand made on him by federal soldiers to surrender 200 rifles with which the embassy had been provided for its own protection. Von Hintze informed Huerta personally that "if you get the arms you will have to fight for them."

Villa and Carranza Differ.

El Paso, Tex.—Surface indications Saturday were that Carranza and Villa are in disagreement over the attitude the constitutionalists should assume toward the United States.

Carranza sent out a message saying he protests against the American invasion and declaring the Mexican people will fight against the invaders to the last breath.

Over in Juarez Pancho Villa said: "My personal wishes are that the United States continue to blockade Vera Cruz and all the Huerta ports."

That indicates a break between Carranza and Villa and raises the question which is the stronger.

"I shall not be surprised if Villa places Carranza under arrest," said one man who had been campaigning with Don Pancho.

"Villa has Carranza where he can play with him as a cat does with a mouse," declares another intimate. "The cat sometimes seems to sleep, but let the mouse try to get away and how quickly the cat's paw crushes it."

"Will the other constitutionalist generals stay with Villa?" a friend of the brigand-general was asked.

"They will."

"How does Villa know?"

"He has been in telegraphic communication with all of them."

The United States federal officers here hold this same view. They regard Villa as the dominating figure and are negotiating with him as such to the exclusion of Carranza.

Villa's exact words, as reported by the friend to whom he made the statement, were:

"My personal wishes are that the United States continue to blockade Vera Cruz and all the Huerta ports. If the United States will do this, we are sure to have the constitutionalist army in Mexico City in a short time. I solemnly promise the United States that I will see to it that the drunkard Huerta offers a full and satisfactory apology for his various insults to the good friends of the masses of the Mexican people—the United States."

Washington—Secretary Daniels late Saturday instructed Rear Admiral Howard to head every effort for the protection of the American consuls and their families and all foreigners on the Pacific coast of Mexico.

# HOLTON OF THE NAVY

A STORY OF THE  
FREEING OF CUBA

By Lawrence Perry  
Author of "Dan Merritt," "Prince of Chastity," etc.

Illustrations by  
Ellsworth Young



SYNOPSIS.

Lieutenant Holton is detached from his command in the navy at the outset of the Spanish-American war and assigned to important secret service duty. While dining at a Washington hotel he detects a waiter in the act of robbing a beautiful young lady. She thanks him for his service and gives her name as Miss La Tossa, a Cuban patriot. Later he meets her at a ball. A secret service man warns Holton that the girl is a spy. Miss La Tossa leaves for her home in Cuba. Holton is ordered to follow her. They meet on the Tampa coast. Miss La Tossa tells Holton she is a Cuban spy and expresses doubt regarding the sincerity of the United States. Holton is ordered to remain at Tampa to guard the troop transports. He saves the transports from destruction at the hands of dynamiters and reports to Admiral Sampson for further duty. Holton is sent to General Garcia's command in the guise of a newspaper correspondent to investigate Cuban plots against the American troops and to learn the plans of the Spanish navy. He detests a trusted Cuban leader in the work of fomenting trouble among the Cubans and the interests of the Spanish navy. Holton is seized by friends of the spy and later ordered executed as a spy. He escapes and saves the American troops from falling into a Spanish ambush. He learns from General Garcia that the spy is Jose Cesnola, one of the most trusted leaders. Holton takes part in the battle at San Juan. Disguised as a Spanish soldier he enters Santiago, goes at night to the home of Miss La Tossa, where he overhears a discussion of the Spanish plans by leading army and navy commanders. He learns that the Spanish fleet will leave the harbor at Santiago on July 1. Holton escapes and arrives in the city of the American fleet in time to see the admiral's flagship sail away. After frantic signaling he is answered by the Brooklyn. He warns Schley of the intentions of the Spanish fleet and witnesses the destruction and capture of the enemy's vessels. Holton learns that Shafter has received a message from President McKinley declaring that the war is instituted for the sole purpose of freeing Cuba. He learns that a meeting of dissatisfied Cubans is to be held that night to plot against the American army. He gives Miss La Tossa the president's message. He spies on the meeting and hears Cesnola attempt to inflame the Cubans against the Americans. Miss La Tossa denounces Cesnola and reads McKinley's message.

CHAPTER XIV.—Continued.

"I am an American who was set to watch you, a Spanish spy, who, in disguise of a loyal Cuban leader, has been leading your country to the edge of destruction.

"Wait, gentlemen, allow me to finish!" Holton cried, as the Cubans, pressing closer, began to mutter. "I can prove to you, and I can do it right now, that this man, Cesnola, was the man who led General Castillo into that ambush at Matamoras, a month ago. I can prove to you that it was this man who conducted Garcia into a trap at Mariel last year. Only be quiet and be patient. I received all you should wish to know concerning him from Washington by the last dispatch-boat. His dossier is very complete. He is a spy! I will prove it.

The mercurial men in front of Holton turned from him to Cesnola with frowning faces. The rapid shutting of events had bewildered them. They knew not what to do.

Miss La Tossa, who had stood by Holton throughout, clinging to his sleeve as though to protect him from her countrymen, now raised her head to speak when, suddenly, Cesnola lifted something to his lips, and a whistle resounded above the confusion.

Silently more than one-half of those present disengaged themselves from the crowd of officers, and the next instant Holton, Miss La Tossa, and perhaps thirty of the Cubans, were surrounded by a ring of scowling men with revolvers leveled ominously.

Not a word was spoken.

Then from Cesnola there came laughter.

"Men," he cried, "it was understood that a fusillade of shots here would be the signal for the attack on the Americans. In thirty seconds that fusillade will be heard, and the bullets will go where you are standing. Those who wish to engage in the attack upon the Americans will step out of that group, join our circle, and present their revolvers as we now present them."

For a moment there was silence. Cesnola took out his watch. One Cuban left Holton's side and joined the circle, two followed him, then three, then six. Finally Holton and the girl stood alone.

Cesnola put his watch in his pocket and advanced to the couple. He beckoned to two men.

"Take her away from this man. He must stand alone," he said.

CHAPTER XV.

A Sweet Parting.

The girl screamed and threw her arms about Holton's neck. There was no mistaking the intentions of Ces-

nola, and neither was there any possibility of misunderstanding the hold which the spy had gained over these men.

Holton, pale but determined, sought to disengage the girl's hands, while the men dragged gently at her arms.

At this juncture a stern voice arose above the confusion.

"Men, put up your weapons. What is this?"

General Garcia, accompanied by several of his staff, broke through the group of Cubans and stopped near the little knot about Holton and the girl.

"Garcia!" A cheer arose, but the general stifled it with his hand.

"Men," he said, "I have been a witness of your deliberations. I can assure you that your fusillade will be unnecessary, because it will not be heeded. Your plot, I beg to assure you, has failed, Senor Cesnola."

He beckoned two of his staff, who advanced and placed their hands upon the spy's shoulders. He was trembling now, and words failed his parched tongue.

The general waved his hand imperiously.

"You gentlemen will return to your commands. Every one of you. Mr. Holton, you will go back to your camp—I am glad to have been of service to you. Miss La Tossa will return to her estate and remain there. As for you"—he faced Cesnola—"I shall deal with you tomorrow. Take him to my headquarters and let him be closely confined."

Several soldiers stepped forward and hastily bound the spy's arms. Miss La Tossa ran up and kissed the general on the cheek. He patted her shoulder with paternal affection. Then, calling two of his men, he directed them to escort the girl through the secret trail to her father's estate.

When Holton awoke Garcia had left the tent, but he soon returned, and with a smile asked his guest how he had slept. Holton thanked him, and assured him his slumber had been sound.

As they talked thus an officer appeared, and, saluting, addressed Garcia formally.

"The prisoner has no complaint to make of your decision, but asks your leniency in one respect."

"In what respect?" asked the general.

"He asks that he may be shot instead of hanged."

Garcia reflected a moment. Then he made a little gesture.

"Very well," he decided at length. The officer saluted and walked hastily away.

"Who was the prisoner?" asked Holton.

"Jose Cesnola," was the reply. Hardly had he spoken when the whiplike report of several rifles broke the silence of this beautiful sunlit morning. Garcia lowered his head. Holton looked vacantly into space.

And so, he thought, has passed the water of the New Willard.

Holton's return to the American trenches was signalized by an honor that brought adequate reward, with interest, for all that he had gone through. This was a dispatch for him from the secretary of the navy announcing his advancement ten numbers for meritorious service at Tampa, and containing also information that congress had voted him the congressional medal of honor for gallantry in notifying the North Atlantic squadron of the intentions of Cervera's squadron.

An event of the next day was the return of Hobson from Santiago, in company with six sailors who had been captured with him. Holton pressed forward and joined in the cheers of the regulars as this quiet-faced young man rode through their ranks on the way to Siboney after an imprisonment of more than five weeks.

He had performed a deed of signal gallantry, a deed which will live as long as the annals of the American navy live, and as the years go will grow only the brighter.

The days went on. It now seemed assured that the surrender was but a matter of short time, and Holton spent the period in enjoying a well-earned rest.

At length, on July 15, General Toral and his staff rode out to San Juan to where General Shafter and General Miles and their staffs awaited him under the famous tree. The meeting was very picturesque, and

marked the demeanor of all concerned. After a long discussion General Toral and his officers turned and rode toward the city, and the American generals returned to their lines. The surrender of Santiago was assured.

The men were jubilant, but many were beginning to succumb to the physical effects of their life in the wet trenches.

On the 17th of July, General Shafter, his staff, brigade commander, and a goodly body of troops left the trenches and, with hands playing and flags flying, marched up the trail leading into Santiago, where the surrender took place before the two armies. Then the march continued into the city.

The Spanish soldiers, some twenty-two thousand men (Holton had underestimated their number), were to be shipped to Spain, and nothing remained to be done but to assume the reins of military government and set things in order. One of the first acts of the Americans was to release political prisoners from confinement, and then as evening fell the lights were lighted, the bands played in the patio of the palace, the Venus restaurant overflowed with American officers, the streets were crowded with men, women and children.

Meanwhile what were the Cubans doing? Many of them had their homes in Santiago and naturally they were anxious to return to them, and had fully expected to do so. Now by official mandate of the Americans they were barred from the gates.

Holton knew enough of the fiery temper of these men to realize that Garcia and the other commanding officers must sway great authority over their soldiers if they were to hold them in leash under such a situation as this.

He, of course, had no fears that Shafter would be unable to quell an outbreak, but at the same time if one occurred it would involve a complication not to be desired.

That the Cubans in the camps of Garcia and Castillo were openly talking of an uprising was known to every one, and not even Garcia's assurances that he could keep them in hand quieted the fears of the more thoughtful among the officers. Yet there was no inclination to allow them to enter the city, the fear that they would turn loose upon the unarmed Spaniards still being potent.

In the absence of direct orders, Holton hardly knew what to do. His anxiety as to the outcome of the present predicament he kept to himself, not wishing to fill Washington with vague and perhaps causeless alarms.

Late on the morning of the day following the surrender he mounted a horse loaned him by a cavalry officer and set out once more along the Santa Ines highway for the La Tossa estate.

Soon he reached the lodge and gate which he had entered some nights before. Up the road he cantered, and at length turned into the driveway leading to the La Tossa demesne. Two horses were tied to posts in front of



Placed Their Hands Upon the Spy's Shoulders.

the veranda, but the house itself was not thrown open to the morning air, the shutters being closed.

Something about the atmosphere of the building caused Holton to alight from his horse at a bend in the drive. Throwing the reins about the branch of a tree, he made his way through the underbrush, until looking through the foliage he could see the front of the house.

Here he waited. Why he knew not. What had come over him? Something inside was dampening the ardor with which he had set out on this important journey, and placing his spirits under a pall of utterly unreasonable foreboding. An incubus of doubt, almost of dread, settled upon him, and try as he would he could not shake it off.

And yet what nonsense! Here in the broad light of this beautiful, scintillating day to feel emotions which might be natural to a schoolgirl when alone in the dark! He could not understand it at all. But neither could he dissipate the spell.

At length, with sudden resolution, he came out of his hiding-place, mount-

ed his horse and rode boldly up the driveway. He alighted at the doorstep, tethered his steed alongside the two other ponies, and mounting the steps, rang the bell, the sound of which he could hear jangling and clattering throughout the house.

Awaiting a reply to his summons for some time, and receiving none, he pulled the bell again, now with irritable energy. Almost on the instant the door was flung open and Miss La Tossa, still in her hunting suit, and accompanied by Pierre, stood before him.

She looked at him with cold, inquiring eyes, and Holton with a gasp stopped short.

"Why—why—" His voice failed him.

As the girl still regarded him with cold, vacuous eyes, Holton flushed angrily.

He drew himself up very stiffly. "I—I beg pardon," he said. "I fear I—I came here under some sort of a misunderstanding."

A gleam of an expression crossed the girl's face. "Pierre," she remarked to her attendant, who stood rigidly at her side, "this is the gentleman we met near Sevilla, is it not?"

Pierre glanced at Holton, his face filled with an expression of savage hatred.

"It is, senorita," he replied.

"Yes, we met this gentleman at Sevilla, Pierre, and he said several things. Did he not, Pierre?"

"Yes, senorita."

"And, Pierre, what did he say?"

"He said that the Americans were to remain faithful to their promise, and that Cuba, after Santiago was captured, was to be placed in the control of the Cuban army."

"Yes." The Cuban girl had not glanced at Holton, who stood listening, rigid and angry.

"Yes, Pierre," she repeated; "and so Santiago was captured by the Americans—and the Cubans. And did the Americans keep their promise, that sacred promise?"

"No, they did not, senorita. They refused to permit the Cubans to enter the city, their own city, to attend the surrender."

"Yes, and so, Pierre, when this American officer told us our rights would be observed, he did not say what was true. Did he?"

"No, senorita. He lied."

As Holton leaped forward with an exclamation, the girl raised her hand. "One moment, please. I am now going to speak to you direct. You are beneath my contempt. As a spy, I respect all that you did, save one thing. As a spy you did your duty. You violated the Spanish lines, you pried into the affairs of our army, and you won the love and the friendship of General Garcia. All these things were your duty. But all this did not satisfy you. No. In addition, you set out to win my love."

She buried her face in her hands and a dry sob escaped her.

"You tried to win my love—" She glanced up at him with fearless eyes. "And you did win my love. You won it unreservedly. It was yours to take. But now I know that it was all the part of mockery; that the love you pretended to offer was unreal; that it was but part and parcel of the game you were playing."

Holton, who had been silent, thinking it better that he should hear all before replying, could stand no more. He raised his hand.

"Stop!" he cried with a voice of thunder. "Do you know what you are saying?"

"Yes, I do." She leaned on Pierre's arm. "Take me away, Pierre."

"One minute, Pierre." Holton's voice was low and tense. "Before you go, Miss La Tossa, I wish to tell you something. Anything I have said to you in the past I stand by. The Americans are going to relinquish this country to the Cubans—but that is a matter neither here nor there. Your manner is insulting and unfair, Miss La Tossa. I came here today with gladness in my heart—"

"With deceit—with more lies!" she interrupted dramatically. "As a spy, I bow to you. You are very clever."

Holton straightened, his face white and drawn. He looked at her for a moment, searching her every feature. Something in his expression quieted her, and she pointed her hand at him.

"Listen," she said. "Last night my brother went into Santiago with a letter to you from me. He arrived at your quarters. Then he was seized and thrown out of the city for violating the order of your general that Cubans remain at a distance. Perhaps you can explain why."

"I cannot. I never received the letter."

She shook her head. "All that is very little matter," she continued. "That letter contained what I have now said to you. And it said this besides: That the enemies of my country are my enemies, and that it is clear that no greater enemy to Cuba than the United States ever existed."

She bowed and turned away.

Holton stood for a moment watching her, and then, without a word, faced abruptly about and walked toward his horse.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

# WOMAN COULD NOT SIT UP

Now Does Her Own Work.  
Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Helped Her.

Ironton, Ohio.—"I am enjoying better health now than I have for twelve years. When I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I could not sit up. I had female troubles and was very nervous. I used the remedies a year and I can do my work and for the last eight months I have worked for other women, too. I cannot praise Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound enough for I know I never would have been as well if I had not taken it and I recommend it to suffering women."



Daughter Helped Also.

"I gave it to my daughter when she was thirteen years old. She was in school and was a nervous wreck, and could not sleep nights. Now she looks so healthy that even the doctor speaks of it. You can publish this letter if you like."—Mrs. RENA BOWMAN, 161 S. 10th Street, Ironton, Ohio.

Why will women continue to suffer day in and day out and drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence.

Daily Thought.

By taking revenge a man is but even with his enemy, but in passing it over he is superior.—Bacon.

ECZEMA ON BACK AND CHEST

Pierson, N. Dakota.—"The eczema started on my scalp. It finally went on to the back of my neck, then on to my back, arms and chest. It broke out in pimples first and then seemed to run together in some places, making a sore about the size of a dime. At times the itching and burning were so intense that it seemed unbearable. The more I scratched the worse it became, and there would be a slight discharge from it, especially on my scalp, so as to make my hair matted and sticky close to the scalp. The hair was dry, lifeless and thin. My hair was falling so terribly that I had begun to despair of ever finding relief. My clothing irritated the eruption on my back. The affected parts were almost a solid scab.

"I had been bothered with eczema for about a year and a half. Then I began using the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. I used them daily for two months and I was cured." (Signed) Miss Mildred Dennis, Apr. 30, 1913.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston."—Adv.

Love is blind; or at any rate the little rascal doesn't always succeed in shooting straight.

Constipation causes and seriously aggravates many diseases. It is thoroughly cured by Dr. Pierce's Peppermint. Tiny sugar-coated granules. Adv.

A little learning is all right when properly added to.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes, use Red Cross Ball Blue. All good grocers. Adv.

On the road to second childhood some men seem prematurely young.

# Don't Cut Out A SHOE BOIL, CAPPED HOCK OR BURSITIS



FOR ABSORBINE

will remove them and leave no blemishes. Reduces any puff or swelling. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2 a bottle delivered. Book 6K free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic treatment for mania. For Boils, Bruises, Old Sores, Swellings, Various Venous, Varicellous, Always Pain. Price \$1 and \$2 a bottle or druggists or delivered. Will tell more if you write.

# DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask Your druggist for it. With the FREE SAMPLE. WESTROP & LYMAN CO., LIA, BUFFALO, N.Y.

6% AND 7% NET TO THE LEADER

**RHEUMATISM SUFFERERS SHOULD USE**

**5 DROPS**

*The Best Remedy For all forms of*

**Rheumatism**

**LUMBAGO, SCIATICA, GOUT, NEURALGIA, AND KIDNEY TROUBLES.**

**DROPS**

**STOP THE PAIN**

*Gives Quick Relief No Other Remedy Like It*

**SOLD AT ALL DRUGGISTS**

SAMPLE "5-DROPS" FREE ON REQUEST Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., 164-166 W. Lake St., CHICAGO

**To Newspaper Publishers and Printers**

We manufacture the very highest grade of

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| Brass Leads & Slugs   | Type                    |
| Brass Galleys         | Brass Rule in Strips    |
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| L. S. Metal Furniture | Metal Quoins, etc.      |
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| Metal Leaders         | Brass Circles           |
| Spaces and Quads      | Brass Leaders           |
| 6 to 48 point         | Brass Round Corners     |

Old Column Rules refaced and made good as new at a small cost.

Please remember that we are not in any Trust or Combination and are sure we can make it greatly to your advantage to deal with us.

A copy of our catalogue will be cheerfully furnished on application.

We frequently have good bargains in second-hand job Presses, Paper Cutters and other printing machinery and material.

**Philadelphia Printers Supply Co.**

Manufacturers of

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**Monuments**

If you are contemplating getting a monument, marker, or anything for the cemetery, see or write

**S. S. PLATT**

HOWELL, MICH.

No Agents. Save Their Commission

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**GOING TO BUY A PIANO OR SEWING MACHINE**

**YES?**

**SEE L. R. WILLIAMS.**

GREGORY

He saves you money on high grade pianos.

**Legal Advertising**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the probate court for the county of Livingston. At a session of said court, held at the probate office in the village of Howell in said county on the 8th day of April, A. D. 1914. Present: Hon. Eugene A. Stowe, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

MARY C. WESTON Deceased

Frances Palmer having filed in said court her petition as Administrator of said estate, and in petition praying for the allowance thereof, it is ordered that the 8th day of May, A. D. 1914, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for examining and allowing said account.

It is further ordered that public notice thereof be given by publication of a copy of this order for three consecutive weeks previous to said day of hearing in the Pinckney Dispatch a newspaper printed and circulating in said county.

EUGENE A. STOWE,  
Judge of Probate.

**Grand Trunk Time Table**

For the convenience of our readers

Trains East      Trains West

No. 46—6:29 a. m.      No. 45—10:23 a. m.

No. 44—4:49 p. m.      No. 47—7:12 p. m.

**South Isoco**

L. T. Lamborne and family, Joe Roberts and family, Bert Roberts and family attended the 25th wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Kuhn in Gregory Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Secor spent Sunday at W. S. Caskey's.

Arthur Mitchell and family visited [at] the home of John Roberts [Sunday].

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Smock of Fowlerville were Saturday visitors at A. F. Ward's.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Watters attended the funeral of their cousin in Leslie Thursday last.

Geo. Watters and wife spent Sunday at the home of the Watters Brothers.

**Clears Complexion Removes Blemishes**

Why go through life embarrassed and disfigured with pimples, eruptions, blackheads, red rough skin, or suffering the tortures of eczema, itch, tetter, salt rheum? Just ask your druggist for Dr. Hobson's Eczema Ointment. Follow the simple suggestions and your skin worries are over. Mild, soothing, effective. Excellent for babies and delicate, effective skin. Stops chapping. Always helps. Relief or money back. 50c Recommended by C. G. Meyers, the druggist. adv.

**J. Church**

Graduate Optometrist, of Howell, Mich., will be in Pinckney, Thursday, May 7 at the Smith Restaurant. Mr. Church guarantees a perfect fit. All headache caused by eye strain absolutely corrected. Consultation and examination free of charge.

**Strengthens Weak and Tired Women**

"I was under a great strain nursing a relative through three month's sickness," writes Mrs. J. C. Van De Sande of Kirkland, Ill., and Electric Bitters kept me from breaking down. I will never be without it." Do you feel tired and worn out? No appetite and food won't digest? It isn't the spring weather. You need Electric Bitters. Start a month's treatment to-day; nothing better for stomach, liver and kidneys. The great spring tonic. Relief or money back. 50c and \$1.00. Recommended by C. G. Meyers, the druggist. adv.

Mrs. H. W. Crofoot is visiting in Pontiac this week.

The ball game between the Pinckney H. S. and the Howell High last Wednesday afternoon resulted in a victory for the visitors by a score of 9 to 6. As this was our boys first game and with but little practice, Howell secured their runs on errors. Ten innings were required to decide the victors. Pinckney plays Stockbridge here next Wednesday and Brighton here next Friday.

**Human Skin as a Polisher.**

I had always supposed that the chamouis possessed the skin best adapted for polishing purposes, but recently in a leading jeweler's shop I learned otherwise. Nothing, it seems, can impart such a luster to plate as the human skin, and all the best articles are polished, quite literally, by hand—rubbed gently by the lower arch of the hand at the base of the thumb. "We keep a girl to do nothing else," said my informant, and I reflected that I had discovered a new industry and a new definition of "palm oil."—London Opinion.

**Who Gets the Medals?**

"I understand that you have a fine track team here," said the visitor to the guide who was showing him through the college. "What individual holds most of the medals?"

The guide pondered. "Well, sir," he said, "I guess it is the pawnbroker downtown."—Exchange.

**No Wonder.**

"You are always talking about the high cost of living."

"Well, that's about all I hear at home."

"From your wife?"

"No, from my wife's father. We are living with him, you know."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

**Strong on Bills.**

Winkle—My wife would make a good congressman. Hinkle—Why? Winkle—She's always introducing bills into the house.—Judge.

Repentance is a goddess and the preserver of those who have erred.—Juvenal.

**This Week**

We're offering some fine all wool suits nicely tailored and fully guaranteed - at -

**\$10.00**

If you want a good suit, at a low price come up this week. We have your size [34 to 46] and they come in blues, browns and grays.

**W. J. DANCER & COMPANY**

STOCKBRIDGE

Our windows are showing the \$10.00 suits this week

They are not common \$10. values. They're uncommon




**The Bank Cashier**

A Sensational Melodrama in Four Acts

Presented Under Auspices of the Seniors of the Pinckney High School

**OPERA HOUSE**

**PINCKNEY**

**Friday Evening, MAY 1st, '14**

Specialties Between Acts

**CAST OF CHARACTERS:**

Philip Templeton, alias Philip Brandon, The Bank Cashier.....	WALTER REASON
Paul Kingston, A Paying Teller.....	ALGER HALL
Ichabod Slick	} Lawyers, Detectives, Collectors, Etc. } B. W. CAVERLY
Jacob Sharp	
Blinkey Baker, Poor but Romantic.....	ED. VAN HORN
Robert Sinclair, A Wealthy Farmer.....	J. P. DOYLE
Dennis O'Hara, One of the Finest.....	ONA CAMPBELL
Detective Lambert, Central Office.....	BERNARD McCLUSKY
Edith Sinclair, Daughter of Robert.....	MISS HELEN MONKS
Lucy, Her Maid.....	MISS MAY KENNEDY
Susan Goodwill, Who Means Well.....	MISS JOIE DEVEREAUX
Biddy McGuire, Who Scrubs Well.....	MISS ALTA BULLIS

Admission, 25c      Children under twelve, 15c

Reserved Seats 10c extra, On Sale at Meyer's Drug Store

**Dance Following the Play**

Music by Lillian Given's Six-Piece Orchestra of Ann Arbor

**Pinckney Old Boys and Girls Home-Coming, Wednesday and Thursday, August 5-6, 1914**