

# Pinckney

Vol. XXXIV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Wednesday, March 22nd, 1916

## FELLOWSHIP RALLY

At the Pinckney Cong'l Church March 20th

Informal Conference. All church members and official Sunday School workers are in attendance present.

6 p. m. Fellowship Supper. Cordial welcome to all.

7:30 p. m. Platform meeting, when a team of effective speakers under the leadership of Rev. Lloyd of Ann Arbor will speak on subjects of timely interest.

Everybody Welcome.

### A Lively Runaway

A very lively runaway occurred here last Monday evening, when Lee Bennett, who was driving the bus back from the 7:27 train, got off to remove a few of the surplus kids from the back of the vehicle. The team started to run when he jumped off and he was unable to catch hold of the bus again. The team ran through town not doing any damage till they were off from Main St., when they knocked down several hitching posts, a telephone pole and an electric light pole, letting the wires down across the road and smashing the window glass and tongue out of the bus. The horses were only slightly injured.

### School Notes

Plan to send your boy or girl to High School next year. If you do not live in the district see that your school district pays his tuition. The child cannot afford to miss a good education.

Supt. Doyle has made application to the University of Michigan to be placed on the accredited list, this completed, puts the school on a par with the best in the state.

Improvements in the library and the laboratories are being discussed.

School closes Friday for a week's vacation.

Algebra 9 is rapidly mastering simultaneous equations.

Madeline Bowman returned to school last Monday.

Wayne Carr and Harry Murski visited school last week, both reporting a good time.

The review class is busy with "Reading Circle Work," preparatory to a county certificate.

Walter Clinton visited school last week.

Some of the boys are talking baseball.

### Dexter Couple Both Die the Same Day

J. M. Blanchard and wife of Dexter both died at their home in Dexter last Friday and the funeral services were held Monday. Nephritis was the cause of Mr. Blanchard's death, Cancer of Mrs. Blanchard's. Mr. Blanchard was the proprietor of the Dexter Flouring Mill.

A child takes Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets without thinking of medicine.

## EXCHANGE CLIPPINGS

Items of Interest from Neighboring Towns

Supt. McDougal who has been at the head of the Brighton schools for the past three years, has tendered his resignation, to take effect at the close of the school year.—Brighton Argus.

Flarenden & Bearley, proprietors of the pool room in the basement of the Wilkinson building, were before Justice Witherell last evening charged with allowing minors to frequent their place of business. They plead guilty and Mr. Bearley was fined \$25 and costs.—Chelsea Tribune

Chelsea is to have one of the best bands in the state. Such is the assurance given us by the Lewis Spring and Axile Co., and in view of the fact that the band is already a reality, this is no hollow promise.—Tribune.

The members of the 31st Mich. Infantry were called to Jackson, Wednesday to appear for governmental inspection before a regular army officer. There are rumors that the guards will be sent to the Mexican border and the company is being recruited to its full efficiency.—Stockbridge Brief-Sun.

### Home Talent A Success

The home talent play given by the Young people of the Cong'l Sunday school was declared a success in every way. The young people have put in several weeks of hard practising and carried out their parts in fine shape, receiving many compliments on their ability to do so. Specialties were introduced between acts consisting of piano duets and also vocal duets by Miss Florence Kice and Mrs. Fred Swarthout, which were very much enjoyed. About \$30 was cleared.

A good crowd and a very nice time was reported by all who attended the dance. The music was furnished by the Pinckney Orchestra assisted by Messrs. Culvert and Gleason, a Cornet player and trap drummer from Howell. About 26 numbers were sold.

### Card of Thanks

The Plus Ultra Class wish to thank all those who in any way helped to make the play "The Country Minister" a success.

H. C. V., President.

### North Hamburg

H. D. Brown has purchased a Ford Car.

Clyde Dunning's family have the whooping cough.

Mrs. Leaver is able to set up part of the time.

While at the farm, Mrs. M. A. Davis received word of the death of her brother, Warren Burgess.

Miss Bessie Ellis is entertaining her sister.

Mrs. E. W. Rounsifer is spending a few days with her parents.

## FOR SPRING 1916

We are Showing a Very Large Assortment of Ladies' Suits, Coats Skirts and Waists

All New and U-to-Date. Not an old garment to mar the beauty of the Ladies Department

Very Beautiful Tailored Suits

Fashioned from exceedingly beautiful material.

In New, Plain and Novelty Effect

Hansomely tailored and very attractive.



Novelties in Spring Coats

Our new Spring Styles show the effective use of new materials in

Hansome Plain Cloths and Unique Checks and Plaids

very becoming and very distinctive.

New and Elegant Spring Skirts and Waists

They are correct in style. They are becoming, finely made. Made from the most beautiful materials and they are not expensive.

New spring goods in every Department

**GOODNOW & GARTRELL, Howell, Mich.**

The Store To Please

### Notice.

Pure Bred Percheon Stallion, Edmonton, Black, wt. 1900. Will make the season of 1916 at \$15 to insure.

Geo. Roche.

### J. J. Church.

Will be at the Pinckney Hotel Friday and Saturday, Mar. 31 and April 1st. All eyes correctly fitted. Prices reasonable. Examination free. J. CHURCH.

### Whisky and Brandy Are Not Drugs

When it was decided to leave whisky and brandy out of the U. S. P., the brewers and distillers of the country raised a mighty wail and a cry of politics. So the government was importuned successfully to order a new committee to work on the matter.

The report of the second committee has just been made public. Instead of putting booze back into the U. S. P., it has dropped it even from the National Formulary.

In other words, the druggists of the United States have decided that whisky and brandy have not the slightest medicinal value.

May 17 is the date, the Opera House the place, and the Rittelman Orchestra, of Jackson, the occasion for our meeting to enjoy a great musical feast.



We Always Suggest

**SCHRAFT'S**

To Patrons Who

Demand High Quality

CHOCOLATES

C. G. METZ

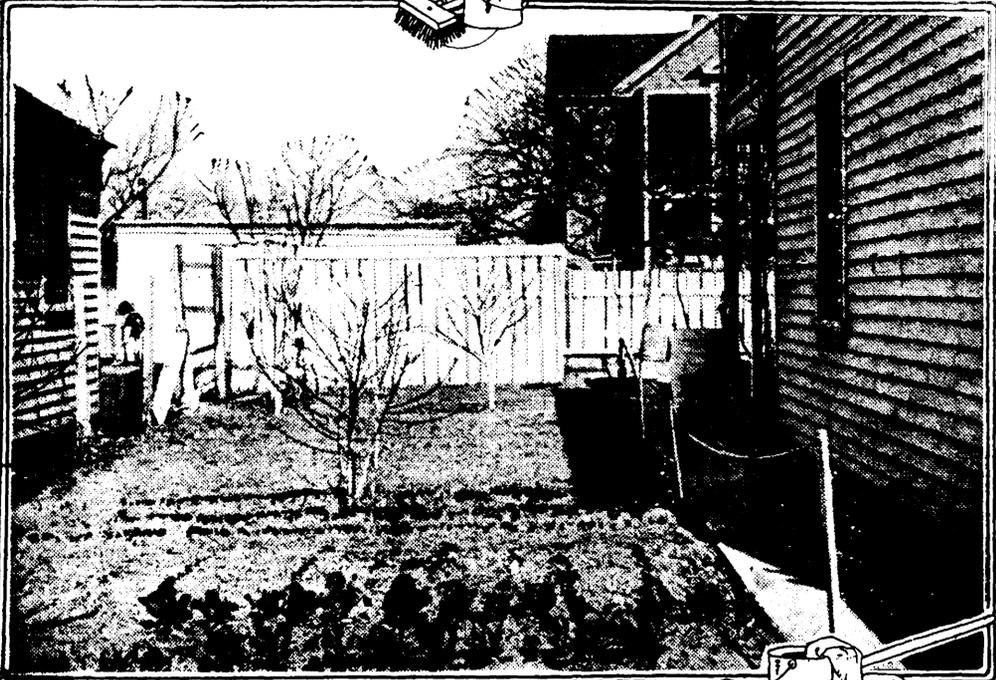
Best Quality

Pinckney.



# How "Clean Up and Paint Up" Started

**THREE** years have made the movement successful in hundreds of cities and towns. Every farmer should apply the idea to his premises. How it improves rental property.



The upper picture shows a vacant lot in a southern town before a Clean Up and Paint Up campaign. It was rid of all the trash by negro children in the neighborhood. Then they planted a vegetable and flower garden on the plot and had fine success with the enterprise. Can't we do something equally good with some of the vacant lot eyesores in this town? The lower picture shows what can be done with a ragged, good-for-nothing side yard. It took a great deal of persuasion to wake up the owners and tenants of the property, but once aroused they made up for lost time—as the neat garden indicates. This is a lesson for us.

**C**LEAN UP and Paint Up has become a nation-wide slogan in the interests of homes and towns beautiful since Allen W. Clark, a St. Louis publisher, organized the National "Clean Up and Paint Up" campaign bureau in May, 1912. Mr. Clark, for many years identified with the American paint trade, sought to arouse and organize into a single national movement the "clean up" spirit which strikes each spring in every normal man and woman and nearly every thriving community.

The first year something like 1,000 towns and cities conducted local clean up and paint up campaigns based on plans suggested by the national bureau. This number has increased each year until in 1915 approximately 5,000 local campaigns were organized. Each of these took the form of a real civic movement.

**Where Everybody Helps.**

City and town officials, woman's club leaders, boards of trade, health fire insurance and fire prevention societies, school children, boys and girls, all joined in the interests of a more beautiful, more sanitary and more healthful community.

Individual property owners, too, have taken pride in any town beautification movement. The appearance of the barn yard—often such as to suggest that various old vehicles and farm implements had taken fright and backed into the corners—might be changed for the better. Maybe there is a compost heap—rich in nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium and valuable as a fertilizer if spread over the fields, but in its present place an incubator for insects and dangerous as a possible source of fever.

**Flowers and New Paint.**

If mother is fond of flowers, and usually she is, the farm clean up day might mean a new flower bed or perhaps a fence fixed so as to protect an old one. There may be a gate that too

has been brought in and disease driven out.

The creator gave to the country a peculiar charm. Beauty—beauty of blade and blossom, of hill and hollow, of daydawn and sunset—comes as the birthright of every person who is country born. In the springtime nature writes in pink her orchard proclamation of plenty, and in late summer and fall time fills the fields with grains of gold. Sometimes civilization has cluttered, but never has nature. Whatever there is of ugliness in the great outdoors is man made.

**Means Better Health.**

Beauty is a part of the farmer's unearned increment. Health, too, should be for him and his—health and happiness, best of ancient blessings so often wished for friends. Because we "absorb environments," a farm clean up day may result in better living, higher thinking—yes, and better health. It may also play no small part in the solution of a big problem, that of keeping on the farms of the nation a large number of agriculturally trained and efficient men and women. Such as these will find in their work not only a living, but a life. They will share in the spirit of joy in the excellence of production.

There is much work for a farm clean up day. It may be that there are disease breeding places that need attention. The appearance of the barn yard—often such as to suggest that various old vehicles and farm implements had taken fright and backed into the corners—might be changed for the better. Maybe there is a compost heap—rich in nitrogen, phosphorus and potassium and valuable as a fertilizer if spread over the fields, but in its present place an incubator for insects and dangerous as a possible source of fever.

**Flowers and New Paint.**

If mother is fond of flowers, and usually she is, the farm clean up day might mean a new flower bed or perhaps a fence fixed so as to protect an old one. There may be a gate that too

long has sagged and creaked or that needs painting, and it so the R. F. D. mail box is sure to need brightening up. Whitewash on poultry or other buildings will work wonders. Before the day's work is done, prompted by a new pride in the place, it may be that the farmer will display the farm name near the main entrance to the place.

States, counties, communities, churches, schools or farmers' clubs may proclaim farm clean up days, but best of all each individual farmer may have his own.

**Don't Neglect to Paint.**

It is apparent to even the casual observer that many property owners let their rented houses, or houses for rent, go too long without painting. This neglect makes the houses look unsightly but also hastens the day of decay. A little paint is a good investment from every viewpoint. It preserves the wood and it keeps the houses rented. The writer visited an Illinois town last spring and after a careful observation found not a single house which was not well and fairly recently painted. There had just been a clean up and paint up campaign. The impression left was one of a thriving town where a man would like to live and bring up a family. The yards were well kept, with lawns, flower beds and shrubbery, and each householder seemed to vie with his neighbor in making his place look attractive.

**New Sterilizing Agent.**

German scientists have found that glycerin is a valuable sterilizing agent. Various deadly germs, when heated in it to a temperature of 248 degrees Fahrenheit, were completely killed in one minute. This process is particularly valuable for sterilizing surgical instruments, for the reason that the metal is not attacked nor is the temper affected. Rubber tubes can be sterilized in it, and, instead of being injured, the elasticity of those which have become brittle is restored by the treatment.

## KIDNEYS CLOG UP FROM EATING TOO MUCH MEAT

Take Tablespoonful of Salts if Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers—Meat Forms Uric Acid.

We are a nation of meat eaters and our blood is filled with uric acid, says a well-known authority, who warns us to be constantly on guard against kidney trouble.

The kidneys do their utmost to free the blood of this irritating acid, but become weak from the overwork; they get sluggish; the eliminative tissues clog and thus the waste is retained in the blood to poison the entire system.

When your kidneys ache and feel like lumps of lead, and you have stinging pains in the back or the urine is cloudy, full of sediment, or the bladder is irritable, obliging you to seek relief during the night; when you have severe headaches, nervous and dizzy spells, sleeplessness, acid stomach or rheumatism in bad weather, get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast each morning and in a few days your kidneys will act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate clogged kidneys, to neutralize the acids in urine so it is no longer a source of irritation, thus ending urinary and bladder disorders.

Jad Salts is inexpensive and cannot injure; makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink, and nobody can make a mistake by taking a little occasionally to keep the kidneys clean and active.—Adv.

Stepping on a banana peel has enabled a lot of men to go their length.

## FIERY RED PIMPLES

Soothed and Healed by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

Smear the affected skin with Cuticura Ointment on end of finger. Let it remain five to ten minutes. Then wash off with plenty of Cuticura Soap and hot water. Dry without irritation. Nothing like Cuticura for all skin troubles from infancy to age.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The people who never make mistakes all reside in the cemetery.

## TO STOP TERRIBLE RHEUMATIC PAINS

Get a box of true Mustarine in the original yellow box for about 25 cents at Druggists. Rub it on the inflamed joints or muscles, and that almost unbearable agony will go at once.

No rheumatic sufferer can afford to be without true Mustarine, for it never fails to give blessed relief. Use it for aches or pains anywhere, and for sore throat, bronchitis and pleurisy. There's relief in every rub. It stops pain and congestion. True Mustarine is made by Berg Medicine Co., Rochester, N. Y.

Inconsistent.  
Jones—Is Brown a vegetarian?  
Smith—Brown? Well, hardly—why, Brown's an Elk!

## Get This FREE

Magnificent BUSH Motor Car

Get a Car Free and qualify to make \$3000 to \$5000 a year and up in the Automobile Business. A Postal brings full details of this great Free Auto Offer. Write quick—before your territory is taken. Address me like this—J. M. Bush, President, BUSH MOTOR COLLEGE, Inc., Dept. 401 - 8000 Broadway, North Clark Street and Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

## Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

## CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress After Eating.

SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

*Wheatwood*

## PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

Ladies, Beauty Is an Asset that belongs to every woman. Nature bestows it. We perfect it. Write for FREE booklet that tells you how. Home Post Distributing Co., Box 364, Lorain, Ohio

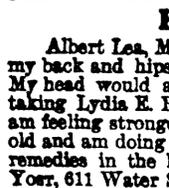
# Women Once Invalids

Now in Good Health Through Use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Say it is Household Necessity. Doctor Called it a Miracle.

All women ought to know the wonderful effects of taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound even on those who seem hopelessly ill. Here are three actual cases:

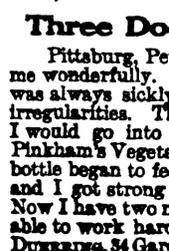


Harrisburg, Penn.—"When I was single I suffered a great deal from female weakness because my work compelled me to stand all day. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for that and was made stronger by its use. After I was married I took the Compound again for a female trouble and after three months I passed what the doctor called a growth. He said it was a miracle that it came away as one generally goes under the knife to have them removed. I never want to be without your Compound in the house."—Mrs. FRANK KNOWL, 1642 Fulton St., Harrisburg, Penn.



Hardly Able to Move.

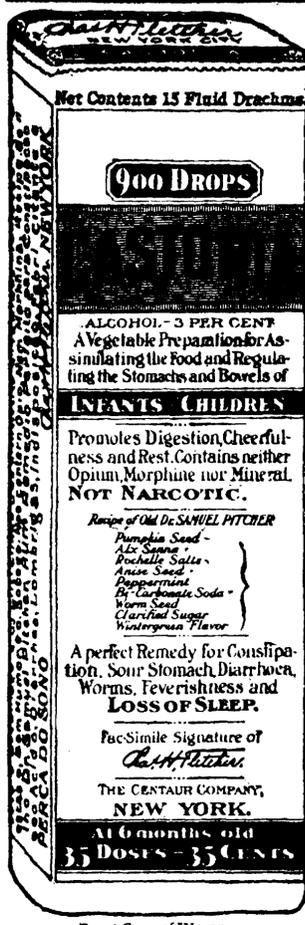
Albert Lea, Minn.—"For about a year I had sharp pains across my back and hips and was hardly able to move around the house. My head would ache and I was dizzy and had no appetite. After taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, I am feeling stronger than for years. I have a little boy eight months old and am doing my work all alone. I would not be without your remedies in the house as there are none like them."—Mrs. F. E. YORR, 611 Water St., Albert Lea, Minn.



Three Doctors Gave Her Up.

Pittsburg, Penn.—"Your medicine has helped me wonderfully. When I was a girl 18 years old I was always sickly and delicate and suffered from irregularities. Three doctors gave me up and said I would go into consumption. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and with the third bottle began to feel better. I soon became regular and I got strong and shortly after I was married. Now I have two nice stout healthy children and am able to work hard every day."—Mrs. CLEMENTINA DURRING, 34 Gardner St., Troy Hill, Pittsburg, Penn.

All women are invited to write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for special advice,—it will be confidential.



# CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

**Mothers Know That  
Genuine Castoria  
Always  
Bears the  
Signature**

of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*  
**In  
Use  
For Over  
Thirty Years  
CASTORIA**

ALCOHOL - 3 PER CENT  
A Vegetable Preparation for Assu-  
mulating the Food and Regula-  
ting the Stomachs and Bowels of

**INFANTS CHILDREN**  
Promotes Digestion, Cheerful-  
ness and Rest. Contains neither  
Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.  
**NOT NARCOTIC.**

Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHEE  
Pumpkin Seed -  
Aloes Sassa -  
Rochelle Salts -  
Anise Seed -  
Sage -  
Dill -  
Licorice -  
Cinnamon -  
Mint -  
Syrup -  
Water -  
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipa-  
tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea,  
Worms, Feverishness and  
**LOSS OF SLEEP.**

Fac-Simile Signature of  
*Chas. H. Fletcher*

THE CENTAUR COMPANY,  
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old  
**35 Doses - 35 CENTS**

Exact Copy of Wrapper

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

No Treating.  
"Flubdub is a jolly sort of a chap.  
Always asks you how the world is  
treating you."  
"But he never offers to buy."

Where the Money Goes.  
Teacher—If a farmer sold 1,479  
bushels of wheat for \$1.17 a bushel,  
what would he get?  
Boy—An automobile.



Efficiency built the Panama Canal, after inefficiency failed. The efficiency of the Panama Canal doubled the effectiveness of the U. S. Navy without adding a ship to it. It took over 8,000 miles out of the trip from New York to San Francisco and changed the highway between London and Australia from Suez to Panama. Efficiency insures against lost motion—it produces the utmost service out of equipment and yields the finest product, at the least cost.

## Certain-teed

**Roofing  
is an efficiency product**

Every advantage that men, money and machinery can offer is used to increase the production, maintain the quality and lower the cost. Each of the General's enormous mills is advantageously located to serve the ends of efficient manufacture and quick distribution. Each is equipped with the most up-to-date machinery. Raw materials are purchased in enormous quantities and far ahead of the needs of manufacturing, thus guarding against increased cost due to idle machinery. This also insures favorable buying, and the pick of the market.

Expert chemists at each mill are employed to select and blend the asphalts, and every roll of CERTAIN-TEED is made under their watchful care.

CERTAIN-TEED resists the drying-out process so destructive to ordinary roofing, because the felt is thoroughly saturated with a blend of soft asphalts, prepared under the formula of the General's board of expert chemists. It is then coated with a blend of harder asphalts, which keeps the inner saturation soft. This makes a roofing more pliable, and more impervious to the elements than the harder, drier kind.

CERTAIN-TEED is made in rolls; also in slate-surfaced shingles. There is a type of CERTAIN-TEED for every kind of building, with flat or pitched roofs, from the largest sky-scraper to the smallest residence or out-building.

CERTAIN-TEED is guaranteed for 5, 10 or 15 years, according to ply (1, 2 or 3). Experience proves that it lasts longer.



**General Roofing Manufacturing Company**

- World's Largest Manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers
- New York City
  - Pittsburgh
  - Los Angeles
  - Atlanta
  - Chicago
  - Detroit
  - Minneapolis
  - Richmond
  - Philadelphia
  - San Francisco
  - Kansas City
  - Houston
  - St. Louis
  - Cleveland
  - Seattle
  - London
  - Boston
  - New Orleans
  - Indianapolis
  - Sydney
  - Cairo

We are Certain-teed distributors, write us for information.  
**BEECHER, PECK & LEWIS, DETROIT**

## TEMPERANCE NOTES

(Conducted by the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union.)

**DECREASE IN LIQUOR OUTPUT.**  
Effective answer to the charge made by the liquor interests that "Prohibition does not prohibit," is furnished by the report of Commissioner Osborn of the internal revenue department for the fiscal year ending June 1, 1915. According to this report the manufacture of both distilled and fermented liquors has very materially decreased. The production of distilled liquors, exclusive of fruit brandies, was 42,477,492.8 gallons less than for the preceding year. The figures for 1914 were 174,611,645 gallons, and for 1915, 132,134,152.2. There has been a decrease of 6,358,744 in the number of barrels of beer manufactured, the number of barrels for 1914 being 66,105,445 and for 1915, 59,746,701.

For the first three months of this fiscal year, for which figures have been made public, there is also a satisfactory decrease in the output of distilled and fermented liquors as compared with the corresponding three months of the previous year. Of fermented liquors the output for the first three months of the new fiscal year was 17,458,565 barrels, as compared with 19,181,605 for the same months last year. Of distilled liquors there were withdrawn during the first three months of the current fiscal year 27,903,829 gallons, and for last year 38,456,420 gallons.

**ALCOHOL AFFECTS ARTERIES.**  
The statement that "a man is as old as his arteries" is as true as it is familiar. The normal healthy artery is endowed with a wonderful amount of elasticity, so that it is easily capable of accommodating varying quantities of blood according to the requirements of the occasion. When the heart pumps a new supply of blood into the arteries, they immediately expand to receive the additional blood, and then quickly contract again in order to pass it on through the circulatory system. Here again we witness the hardening effects of alcohol, which causes an ever increasing loss of elasticity. The arteries become hard and brittle, and in the case of strain are liable to break, and thus cause a hemorrhage, small or large. This condition of the arteries is known as arteriosclerosis; and if an artery bursts in the brain, the result is usually a stroke of apoplexy, causing more or less paralysis of one side of the body. The escaping blood forms a clot, which so presses upon the nerve cells as to put them out of action, at least, for a time, if not permanently. It is not necessary to say apoplexy is one of the serious diseases, and it is uncommon for a person to survive a third stroke.—Dr. A. B. Olsen.

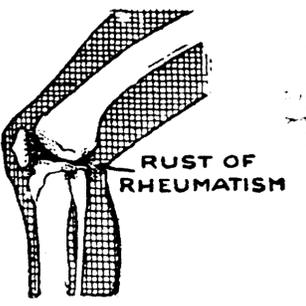
**PERIL IN MODERATE DRINKING.**  
Doctor Floetz, editor of the Archiv fur Rassen-und Gesellschaftsbiologie, declares that "it is just the average moderate use of alcohol which injures the race more than genuine drunkenness, since there is here relatively no elimination through sterility or infant mortality as is the case with the hard drinker. Many who imagine themselves in the category of the wholly moderate must actually be placed in a lower category. From the standpoint of race hygiene, an absolute end of the drinking of alcohol is the most desirable. The greatest need is that the average 'moderate use' should disappear—that is, drunkenness is secondary."

**WITHOUT SALOON REVENUE.**  
Cádiz, the county seat of Harrison county, Ohio, has been dry for nineteen years and is said to be the wealthiest town of its size in the country. If the wealth of Cádiz were divided equally to population, each man, woman and child would have \$2,500. The latest estimate of the wealth in the three banks and the three building and loan associations is \$2,300,000. Cádiz pays \$23,000 annually for church support and \$17,000 for schools, besides large sums for a library of 8,000 volumes, and a 40-acre park with pavilion, grandstand, lake, race track, etc.

**UP AGAINST MODERN BUSINESS.**  
It isn't the crank who is putting the liquor traffic out of business. It's the business man, the railroad man, the banker, the lawyer, the merchant, the men who have to depend upon someone else for efficiency in the various departments of the important works. The liquor traffic is up against the modern business age. It is up against an enemy that it cannot throttle or buy or browbeat or bluff, and it might as well save what it can and go out of business.—Wichita Beacon.

## DRINK HOT WATER AND RID JOINTS OF RHEUMATIC RUST

Why rheumatism and lumbago sufferers should drink phosphated hot water each morning before breakfast



Just as coal, when it burns, leaves behind a certain amount of incalculable material in the form of ashes, so the food and drink taken day after day leaves in the alimentary canal a certain amount of indigestible material, which if not completely eliminated each day, becomes food for the millions of bacteria which infest the bowels. From this mass of left-over waste material, toxins and ptomaine-like poisons, called uric acid, is formed and then sucked into the blood where it continues to circulate, collecting grain by grain in the joints of the body much like rust collects on the hinge as shown above.

Men and women who suffer from lumbago, rheumatism or sore, stiff, aching joints should begin drinking phosphated hot water, not as a means to magic relief from pain, but to prevent more uric acid forming in the system. Before eating breakfast each morning, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it. This will first neutralize and then wash out of the stom-

ach, liver, kidneys and bowels the previous day's accumulation of toxins and poisons; thus, cleansing, sweetening, and freshening the entire alimentary canal, each morning, before putting more food into the stomach.

A quarter pound of limestone phosphate costs very little at the drug store but is sufficient to make any rheumatic or lumbago sufferer an enthusiast on the morning inside bath.

Millions of people keep their joints free from these rheumatic acids by practicing this daily internal sanitation. A glass of hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate, drank before breakfast, is wonderfully invigorating; besides, it is an excellent health measure because it cleanses the alimentary organs of all the waste, gases and sour fermentations, making one look and feel clean, sweet and fresh all day.

Those who try this for one week may find themselves free from such headaches, constipation, bilious attacks, sallowiness, nasty breath and stomach acidity.

People who always say what they think have few friends.  
**Men and Women**

Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, is highly recommended by thousands.

Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that so many people say it has proved to be just the remedy needed in thousands of even the most distressing cases.

At druggists in 50c and \$1.00 sizes. You may receive a sample size bottle of Swamp-Root by Parcel Post, also a pamphlet telling you about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

There's nothing like an obstacle for getting in a man's way.

Use Murine after Exposure in Cold, Cutting Winds and Dust. It Restores, Refreshes and Promotes Eye Health. Good for all Eyes that Need Care. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago. Sends Eye Book on request.

All potatoes have eyes, and some have specs.

**Prompt Relief**  
from the all-too-common ills of the digestive organs—weak stomach, torpid liver and inactive bowels—is found in the always safe, sure, quick-acting

## BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

**Learn That Fascinating Art**  
High Printing, best trade on earth. Increase your income by teaching you in 3 months. Booklet from Dept. of Westinghouse School Lettering, Toledo, Ohio.

**WATER'S ALL WOOL SUITS** Direct from factory for men, and for women. Write to Dept. 4, 111 E. 17th Street, New York.

**PATENTS** Watson R. Skinner, Washington, D.C. See references.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 13-1916.

## To Build Up After Grippe, Colds Bad Blood

Take a blood cleanser and alterative that starts the liver and stomach into vigorous action, called Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery because of one of its principal ingredients—the Golden Seal plant. It assists the body to manufacture rich red blood which feeds the heart—nerves—brain and organs of the body. The organs work smoothly like machinery running in oil. You feel clean, strong and strenuous. Buy "Medical Discovery" today and in a few days you will know that the bad blood is passing out, and new, rich, pure blood is filling your veins and arteries.

## BACKACHE, LUMBAGO

Uric acid causes backache, pains here and there, rheumatism, gout, gravel, neuralgia and sciatica. It was Dr. Pierce who discovered a new agent, called "Anuric," which will throw out and completely eradicate this uric acid from the system. "Anuric" is 37 times more potent than lithia, and consequently you need no longer fear muscular or articular rheumatism or gout, or many other diseases which are dependent on uric acid within the body.

If you feel that tired, worn-out feeling, backache, neuralgia, or if your sleep is disturbed by too frequent urination, go to your best drug store and ask for Doctor Pierce's Anuric Tablets, full treatment 50c, or send 10 cents for a trial package of "Anuric" Tablets to Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

It is easier for some men to smile in a saloon than after reaching home.

Throw Off Colds and Prevent Grip. When you feel a cold coming on, take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. It restores energy, cures Colds and Grip. Only One - BROMO QUININE. W. W. GROVE'S signature on box.

About every ten years an old joke is given a new lease of life.

German soldiers whistles to blow their horns when they are wounded.

To keep clean, Pierce's Pleasant Liver, bowels & stomach.

Only a fool of his go-

**LADIES:** Get a complete wardrobe free by saving the Paul F. Skinner on each package.

## SKINNER'S

Nine kinds of Skinner's products that takes the place of...

## The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does your business require Banking Resources? We have them. We are ready to pay on all Time Deposits.

Pinckney - Mich.

G. W. TEPPLE Prop.

For Painless Dentistry, See



**Dr. W. T. Wright**  
In The Dolan Block  
PINCKNEY MICHIGAN



For Friends can buy anything you can give them—except your photograph.

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT TODAY

**Daisie B. Chapell**  
Stockbridge, Michigan

**Grand Trunk Time Table**  
For the convenience of passengers

Trains East  
No. 46—8:34 a. m. No. 47—9:52 a. m.  
No. 48—4:44 p. m. No. 49—7:27 p. m.

H. F. SIGLER, M. D., CL. & DENTIST, 240 N. W. 10th St., Jackson, Mich.

**Sigler & Sigler**

...the local... in the industry... more... and... led to... in St... to... to...

## Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

C. J. SIBLEY, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Subscription, \$1. Per Year in Advance

Advertisements made known on application.  
Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.  
Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.  
Local Notices, in Local columns five cents per line per each insertion.  
All notices intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.  
Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.  
Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.  
Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

## PEOPLE YOU KNOW

John Tiplady of Chilson spent Sunday here.

Mrs. W. C. Hendee is visiting relatives at Howell.

W. E. Murphy spent the first of the week in Detroit.

S. W. Guthrie is spending a few days in Jackson on business.

Mrs. Roy Merrills and daughter of Hamburg are visiting here.

F. Reason and wife of Detroit spent the first of the week here.

John Comiskey of Detroit visited relatives here over Sunday.

Gladys Poole is spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. A. H. Gilchrist.

Mrs. P. Kennedy visited her sister in Detroit a few days the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Meyer and Dr. C. L. Sigler and wife are in Detroit to-day.

Ean Tupper, who has been attending school at Big Rapids is home for a few weeks.

Mr. Felix Courtney of Pinebog, Mich. spent a few days the past week with relatives here.

Mrs. Chas. Doody and children spent one day the past week with her sister Mrs. E. Berry of Stockbridge.

Mrs. E. M. Greive and daughter of Stockbridge visited relatives here the past week.

John Teeple was drawn as juror from this township to serve at the April term of Circuit court.

Percy Mortenson left Tuesday morning for Ohio, Indiana and other parts in the interest of the Knox-Harris Packing Co.

Mrs. E. J. Hansen and son of Sparta, Mich. is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Guthrie, a few weeks.

Mrs. Chas. Vaukuren of Lansing is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Teeple.

Mrs. Ferris Fick and children have returned to Detroit after spending some time at the home of H. A. Fick.

Victor Johnson and Walter Clinton will leave for Big Rapids the last of the week, where they will attend Ferris Institute.

W. W. Barnard is moving into the rooms recently occupied by J. Elliott and W. E. Kennedy will move into the house occupied by Mr. Barnard.

Chas. H. Stickle, a former resident of this place died at his home at Clarkson, N. Y. at 11 A. M., March 17. Pneumonia being the cause of his death. Further account of his death will be given next week.

Mrs. L. E. Smith was a Howell visitor Saturday.

Will Miller transacted business in Howell Monday.

Mrs. John Fitzoimmons visited Ypsilanti relatives Monday.

Mrs. Ella Anderson spent Sunday with F. D. Johnson.

Mrs. Will Carlott visited Dexter friends the last of the week.

Thomas Coyle returned to his home at Whitmore Lake Monday.

Geo. Roche is moving into Mrs. Eagen's rooms, recently occupy by W. A. Havens.

F. G. Jackson and R. C. Clinton transacted business in Lansing the first of the week.

The Auction of Clarence Stackable will be postponed until Saturday the 25th.

Fr. Hankard of Detroit was the guest of Fr. Coyle last Thursday night.

Miss Fannie Swarhout of Flint spent the week end with her parents here.

Ray Brogan of Chilson spent Saturday and Sunday with friends here.

Victor Johnson of Detroit spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. D. Johnson.

A number from this place attended the telephone meeting at Howell Monday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Will Tiplady of Webster Sunday March 19, a son.

Mrs. F. N. Burgess and daughters were Jackson visitors last Saturday.

Mrs. G. A. Sigler returned home after spending several weeks with Lansing relatives.

Miss Gladys Chubb spent several days last week at the home of Mrs. Fred Swarhout.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Danforth of Flint visited her mother, Mrs. Emma Moran over Sunday.

The "U-Auto-Stop-Inn" has a new and very appropriate sign placed in front of the building.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Swarhout attended the funeral of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Blanchard of Dexter Monday.

Mrs. Sarah Nash returned home Thursday from a three months' visit with relatives in Detroit and Howell.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Gieves called at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Crofoot last Friday evening on their way back from Flint. They were traveling in a new Chevrolet car for which Mr. Gieves has the agency.

An entertainment will be given at the Pinckney Opera House, Monday evening, May 1st, under the auspices of the Pastor's class of the Cong'l. Sunday School.

Mr. John Moore of Gregory, aged 76, who has been ailing for some time passed away last Monday morning. The funeral services will be held Thursday at 10 o'clock. He leaves two sons to mourn his loss.

**Object Lesson.**  
Teacher--When both hands are up what time is it? Johnny--Time to up-perent, ma'am.—Philadelphia Ledger.

**Tiger Superstitions.**  
In India the people believe in very many old fairy tales. One of these is that the ghost of a man killed by a tiger rides on the head of the beast that slew him to warn him of danger and to guide him to new victims. It is declared that Providence provides for the tiger's daily wants to the amount of 1 rupee (2 shillings) a day—that is to say, if a tiger kills a calf worth 6 rupees he will not be allowed another victim for five days. Eating the flesh of a tiger is supposed to give one great courage and alertness, but the whisks must first be singed off the beast or his spirit will haunt the man who ate of him, and he is likely to be turned into a tiger in the next world.

## GLASGOW BROS.

Noted For Selling Good Goods Cheap

JACKSON, MICHIGAN

# Our 3rd Floor = Where Prices Are Low is

The Best Place to buy Carpets, Curtains, Stoves Furniture, etc.

### Dining Room Furniture

Plain, solid oak Tables, size top 42 inches x 6 feet long. Sale Price \$12.00

Quartered oak top, size 45 inches x 6 feet long. Sale price \$18.00

Plain top, 45 inches x 6 feet. Sale price \$13.50

48-inch top x 8 feet, quartered oak, and all styles of pedestal. Prices from \$20 to \$84

### Brass Beds

A new lot of Brass Beds in the newest styles. Prices from \$15.00 to \$28.00

Iron Beds in all styles and finishes. Prices from \$4.50 to \$15.

### Rockers

Large Leather Rockers in all styles, brown or black leather. Prices from \$18.00 to \$30.

Small Rockers with leather seats and without. Prices from \$3.00 to \$18.

### China Closets and Buffets

China Closets. Prices from \$18.00 to \$31.00

Buffets. Prices from \$22.50 to \$50.00

The Buffets are all quartered oak and have a fine finish.

### Dining Room Chairs

We have a fine lot of Chairs to choose from. Plain oak or quartered, with leather seats or without. Prices range from \$7.50 set to \$28.00 a set

### Library Tables

Quartered Sawn Library Tables with magazine racks and all other styles and finishes. Prices from \$9.00 to \$25.00

### Stoves

Round Oak stoves and ranges—a complete line at lowest prices.

### Reed Baby Carriage

And Reed Sulky Carts and Other Styles

Reed Baby Carriages, brown or gray. Prices from \$10. to \$20

Sulky Carts from \$1.50 to \$5.00

### Large Rugs for the Floor

In All Sizes and Prices

Axminster Rugs, 9 ft. x 12 ft. Prices from \$18 to \$30.

Wilton Velvet, 9 ft. x 12 ft. \$36.00

Wilton Velvet, 8 ft. x 10 ft. \$32.00

Tapestry Rugs, 9 ft. x 12 ft. \$15.00 and \$18.00

Tapestry Rugs, 8 ft. x 10 ft. \$12.00

## Putting Water in the Gas Tank Won't Fool an Automobile

The thin surface of gasoline on the top side might make the owner think the rest underneath was the real article. But he'd not go very far before "Running Out."

So it is with certain kinds of clothes. Some men buy solely from the exterior. They see a suit that looks the part of perfection, and without investigating what's underneath, spend their money only to find the garments soon "Running Out" of style shapeliness and durability.

## Satisfaction Depends Upon Genuineness

and when ordering your new spring and summer clothes, be on the safe side by having them made expressly for you by

Ed V. Price

S. W. GUTHRIE, Agt.

Real Estate

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
150 acres 3/4 Pinckney
100 acres 1/4
50 acres 3/4
25 acres 1/2

DR. G. J. PEARSON, Pinckney

Classified Advertising

FOR SALE 30 acres, good soil, plenty of fruit, good buildings and plenty of them. Will raise all kinds of crops only 20 per acre, down and balance long time. F. A. Howlett, Gregory.

TO RENT Work on shares, or let by field, an 80 acre farm. J. C. Mortenson 307 Hill, Ann Arbor

FOR SALE Some choice hay in barn. J. R. Martin.

TO RENT House, inquire of Mrs. D. Richards.

FOR SALE A few cords of dry Oak wood. G. W. Clark

FOR SALE Tame boy, also Young Jersey Jersey Bull, eligible to register. Phone Gregory Exchange 616 F. A. Barton.

FOR SALE—Two Holstein Heifers. Wm. Caskey.

FOR SALE House and two lots. Would take good young team of horses, harness and wagon in part payment, if taken soon. G. G. Hoyt, Pinckney

FOR SALE—Good Work Team, Harness and wagon. Enquire of Mrs. Alice Hoff, Pinckney Phone 56 F 20.

FOR SALE—Good house and barn and 12 acres of land, in the village of Pinckney. Mrs. H. D. Grieves

WANTED—Man past 30 with horse and buggy to sell stock Condition Powder in Livingston County. Salary \$70 per month. Address Industrial Bldg., Indianapolis, Indiana.

All Kinds Of Furniture Repairing L.E. Richards

Shop 1st door west Dinkel & Dunbar's

If You Are Deaf Read This

It is reading to the eye. The eye is the window of the soul. This is why it is so easily injured. By learning to read the lips, you can read the mind. This is why it is so easily injured. By learning to read the lips, you can read the mind.

A GOOD LIP READER SELDOM BETRAYS HIS DEAFNESS TO STRANGER. THE FREE BIBLE SCHOOL OF LIP LANGUAGE, KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

Good Furniture For Sale Cheap

One 8-ft Dining Table (Walnut) Side-board, Walnut Book-case with Writing Desk, Light Wood Bed-room Suit (Dresser has long Cheval Mirror.) Silk Covered Sofa Walnut frame. Silk covered Chair. Walnut frame. Pantosota Rocker Walnut frame. The above 3 pieces all match. Oak Rocker with Coblender seat. Oak Rocker with upholstered seat, large Cherry Rocker, all in Good Condition. One good Eight-day Clock, half-hour strike.

W. W. Barnard

Keep Your Skin Clear and Healthy. There is only one way to have a clear, healthy complexion and that is to keep the bowels active and regular. Dr. King's New Life Pills will make your complexion healthy and clear, move the bowels gently, stimulate the liver, cleanse the system and purify the blood. A splendid spring medicine. 25c. at your druggist.

FARM CO-OPERATION.

In Ohio in some of the wide awake counties farmers have united to retain, by law, officers whose business it is to spray all orchards every spring. This is wholly preventive. They spray when the trees are driest, and they never spray on a sunny, hot day with a liquid spray since it burns the plant to do so. This officer knows how and when to spray and which sprays are effective for each kind of insect. For instance, poisons which are effective for one sort of pest do not hurt stinging or boring or sucking insects. In this way a competent or expert man earns his salary and the farmer need not trouble his head with these details.

South Isco

Mr. and Mrs. Martin Anderson called on Mrs. Nick Burley Thursday.

Mrs. L. T. Miller and little daughter visited at L. T. Lamborne's Thursday.

A large crowd attended the L. A. S. at John Robert's last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Miller and daughter were Fowlerville callers Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Homer Wasson and children of Plainfield spent Sunday at Bert Robert's.

Wm. Blair and Frank Watters are still under the doctor's care.

A number from here attended the musical entertainment at Plainfield Friday evening.

Arthur and Ward Mitchell spent Sunday at A. F. Ward's.

LOST CHANCES.

Oh, the unused foundations of character which line our human street and make the city of life so tragical! Oh, the bodily vigor which has never done any strong work for God or man!—Phillips Brooks.

TO RID CHILD OF WORMS

Don't scold the nervous, fretful child. Often its due to worms. Get rid of these by giving one-half to one lozenge Kickapoo Worm Killer, a laxative worm candy. Give only plain, nourishing food, lots of outdoor exercise and put to bed early. Watch stools and continue giving Kickapoo Worm Lozenges, they will positively remove the worms. 25c. at druggists.

South Marion

Henry Hudson transacted business in Howell Friday.

Henry Reason and wife of N. Marion visited, V. G. Dinkel and family Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Guy Blair were guests of relatives at Fowlerville Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Hazel Bruff of Cohoctah spent a few days last week with W. H. Blain and wife.

N. Pacey and family, Mrs. L. J. Abbott, Mr. and Mrs. John Gardner, Mr. Mrs. Chris Brogan and Mr. and Mrs. Guy Blair were pleasantly entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Chambers Saturday.

Mrs. Nora Galloway visited Irving Abbott and family one day last week.

Ray Brogan of Chilson is spending the week with C. Brogan and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvs Howell of Stockbridge spent the week end at the home of Elmer Van Buren.

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Docking entertained a few friends at dinner Thursday in honor of their 24th wedding anniversary.

Mr. Hubbard has moved his family into the tenant house on Will Chamber's farm.

FUNNY MONEY IN CHINA.

Getting or Making Change is a Sore Trial to a Foreigner.

A dollar of our money in Chinese cash weighs eighteen pounds. In Chientien, which is a small village when white people seldom go, I was going home with my guide when I saw a small peddler beside the street with some fine Peking beads. I bought some of them for 20 cents and in payment gave the street peddler a twenty-cent piece. He turned it over and over and tested it with his thumb, and finally was surely made for the purpose. The peddler gave me the beads and said that he would not take it. This I asked him why, and he explained that he had never seen any such money, that it might be bad. So I had to give up some copper.

In all his life the peddler had never seen a piece of silver money. There are thousands and thousands of people in China whose financial dealings never amount to enough to have it put into silver, who are born, grow, and pass to their rest without ever having seen a piece of silver.

All China is suspicious about money. Every time you put down a dime or a piece of silver the other person tests it before he will take it, ringing it on the counter or on the pavement. You can't give a merchant the right amount of change and walk off. He won't let you leave until he has tested every piece, and he always gives back one or two pieces. He wouldn't think very much of himself as a merchant if he didn't refuse some of your money.

If you buy something in one part of a store, get your change and walk to another counter and buy something else and give the change that has just been given you the second clerk on general principles will refuse part of it.

Before you buy anything your money has to have the once over. Sometimes it is maddening to have to wait while your money is tested. One day I rushed up to catch a train with just a minute to spare. One of my dollars was bad, and before change could be made the train had rumbled off into the silent night without me. But in a few minutes the silence was broken—broken beyond repair—by an impulsive young man 6,000 miles from home who put his whole soul into one mighty Missouri effort—Home! Coy in Lee's.

April Fool

In France the April fool is called "poisson d'Avril"—a silly fish and in Scotland a "gawky."

AVOID SPRING COLDS

Sudden changes, high winds, shifting seasons cause colds and grippe, and these spring colds are annoying and dangerous, and likely to turn into a chronic summer cough. In such cases take a treatment of Dr. King's New Discovery, a pleasant laxative tar syrup. It soothes the cough, checks the cold and helps break up an attack of grippe. Its already prepared, no mixing or fussing. Just ask your druggist for a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery. Tested and tried for over 40 years.

Unadilla

Mr. A. J. Holmes has been confined to his home several weeks with a bad neuralgia.

Stephen Hadley and family spent Sunday at Wm. Barnard's.

Mrs. W. T. Barnum spent Friday in Chilson.

Mrs. R. B. Corton and children attended the Ladies Aid at John Lee's Saturday.

Rev. Camburn of Pinckney attended the quarterly meeting Thursday and conducted the afternoon session with a very interesting sermon. Dr. Baldwin had charge of the morning and evening sessions.

Mrs. Chas. Hartsuff entertained the Missionary society for dinner last Wednesday. A large crowd was present.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Marshall entertained a company of friends at a six o'clock dinner Saturday.

Lee Hadley will work the Van Horn place near North Lake this year.

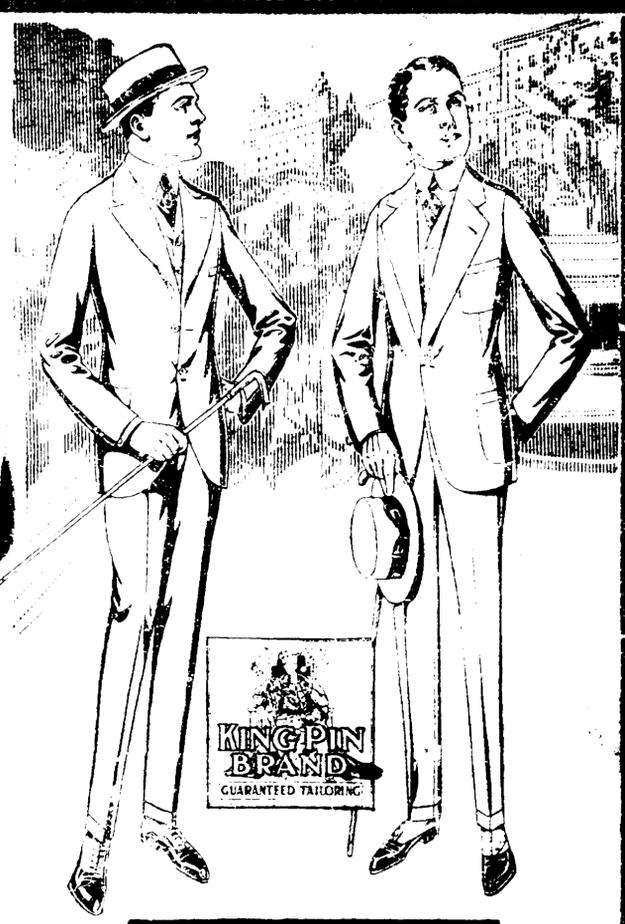
Oris Corbett began work for Stephen Hadley Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Parlmer spent a few days at W. Pickell's last week.

Mrs. Avis Kennedy is spending a few days at Fred Marshall's.

Mrs. Dessie Whitehead visited Mrs. Will Marshall Thursday.

Erma Pyper of Jackson was an over Sunday visitor here.



GUARANTEED TAILORING

Spring Suits and Overcoats Best Ever, at

MONKS BRO'S

Beaver Tails

The beaver tail is a very valuable article. It is used for many purposes. It is a very good food for the poor. It is also used for many other purposes.

Chamber Pickle Contracts

Contracts for growing cucumbers and pickles for this season of 1916 may now be had from our representative N. P. Mortenson at greatly increased prices. We are paying from twenty-five cents to one dollar and a half per bushel for small pickles according to size and quality. Five cents for large size and twenty-five cents for large size. The Ketchum Packing Co., Jackson, Mich.

OUR PUBLIC FORUM

Senator Morris Sheppard ON PROHIBITION.



It is the mission of a newspaper to give the news. The reader is entitled to information on both sides of all economic issues and especially on those questions which are before the public for solution. For it is the duty of every citizen to carefully study the problems of government. We shall present from time to time the views of men who are recognized authority on important questions and who are responsible for their utterances. The views of this paper will be expressed through the editorial column. United States Senator Morris Sheppard, the chosen leader of the prohibition forces in presenting the affirmative side of National prohibition to the Senate, said in part:

The disposition of this prohibition amendment is the most solemn duty that has confronted Congress since the death of slavery. It will determine whether this nation is capable of invading its own territory to eradicate an evil which at least half the population believe to be a necessary and to make what Constitutional changes they may deem necessary for extermination. It will determine whether the moral principles of the dominant ones. It will determine whether they will tolerate the liquor traffic.

Not only will he who votes against the submission of this amendment keep the people of the states, acting through legislatures, or convention from exercising their fundamental prerogative of deciding what is national and what local, but he will also deny the right of petition to millions of fellow citizens. Seventy per cent of the territory of this country is draped under prohibitory law and over 60 per cent of the American people live in this prohibition territory. A committee of more than two thousand men and women from every section of the Republic, representing through their various organizations probably twenty million people, marched to the steps of the Capitol on a freezing day last December and presented to Representative Hobson for the House and myself for the Senate their request that Congress give the American people a chance to expunge liquor traffic from the country. In the face of a biting December gale, despite sunless skies and penetrating cold, they came, the joy of a righteous movement in the cry for a clean United States upon their faces, and their eyes were shining and inspiring sight my eyes have ever seen. There were hundreds and thousands of miles they had traveled, and at great personal sacrifice to demonstrate their devotion to the cause. And I tell you that I would rather have been surrounded by a throng of excited men and women to present this petition than to hold any office in this Republic. It is the duty of every citizen to carefully study the problems of government. We shall present from time to time the views of men who are recognized authority on important questions and who are responsible for their utterances. The views of this paper will be expressed through the editorial column. United States Senator Morris Sheppard, the chosen leader of the prohibition forces in presenting the affirmative side of National prohibition to the Senate, said in part: The disposition of this prohibition amendment is the most solemn duty that has confronted Congress since the death of slavery. It will determine whether this nation is capable of invading its own territory to eradicate an evil which at least half the population believe to be a necessary and to make what Constitutional changes they may deem necessary for extermination. It will determine whether the moral principles of the dominant ones. It will determine whether they will tolerate the liquor traffic. Not only will he who votes against the submission of this amendment keep the people of the states, acting through legislatures, or convention from exercising their fundamental prerogative of deciding what is national and what local, but he will also deny the right of petition to millions of fellow citizens. Seventy per cent of the territory of this country is draped under prohibitory law and over 60 per cent of the American people live in this prohibition territory. A committee of more than two thousand men and women from every section of the Republic, representing through their various organizations probably twenty million people, marched to the steps of the Capitol on a freezing day last December and presented to Representative Hobson for the House and myself for the Senate their request that Congress give the American people a chance to expunge liquor traffic from the country. In the face of a biting December gale, despite sunless skies and penetrating cold, they came, the joy of a righteous movement in the cry for a clean United States upon their faces, and their eyes were shining and inspiring sight my eyes have ever seen. There were hundreds and thousands of miles they had traveled, and at great personal sacrifice to demonstrate their devotion to the cause. And I tell you that I would rather have been surrounded by a throng of excited men and women to present this petition than to hold any office in this Republic. It is the duty of every citizen to carefully study the problems of government. We shall present from time to time the views of men who are recognized authority on important questions and who are responsible for their utterances. The views of this paper will be expressed through the editorial column. United States Senator Morris Sheppard, the chosen leader of the prohibition forces in presenting the affirmative side of National prohibition to the Senate, said in part: The disposition of this prohibition amendment is the most solemn duty that has confronted Congress since the death of slavery. It will determine whether this nation is capable of invading its own territory to eradicate an evil which at least half the population believe to be a necessary and to make what Constitutional changes they may deem necessary for extermination. It will determine whether the moral principles of the dominant ones. It will determine whether they will tolerate the liquor traffic.

## NATIONAL PRIDE OF MEXICO NOT HURT

United States Troops Never Intended To Occupy Any City.

### CARTRIDGES STORED IN MOUNTAINS FOR VILLA

Villa Intends to Make The American Expeditionary Force A "Joke"

El Paso, Texas.—The first phase of the American expedition into Mexico—the rush along Villa's dim trail to the endangered Mormon colonies, was an accomplished fact—completed, according to reports reaching the Columbus base, without the firing of a hostile shot by the Americans.

The second phase already was beginning, it was indicated as the Americans turned somewhere from Casas Grandes to resume their night marches toward the rough mountain slopes, where it is known Francisco Villa already has preceded them with more than 100 miles' start. Warning that this second act in the chase might not pass without fighting against bandits was implied in a new and more stringent censorship imposed at Columbus. Further leakage of military news, the censor said frankly to the American press, would be likely to cost soldiers' lives.

#### Pride Not Hurt.

When Washington announced that the American columns did not intend to occupy cities, a menace to Mexican national pride was removed. The Carranza garrisons, which have been passed by the marching Americans and which therefore are now in the Americans' rear on their flanks, continued tranquil, so reports to El Paso indicated.

General Gabriel Gavira, at Juarez, commanding the territory through which for three days the Americans have been penetrating, himself announced that for a time the situation reported to him had been serious and even serious. With evident relief he said the crisis had passed. This crisis it is believed had reached its height last night, when couriers dashing into Casas Grandes announced with careless enthusiasm that the American troops would enter that city by midnight. General Gavira wired immediate orders to his troops not to permit this.

Dawn showed the long lines of cavalry horses just outside Colonia, Dubuque, their troopers dismounted and in a state of rest.

#### Villa in Western Chihuahua.

Villa was located with some degree of definiteness, if weight of evidence counts in pinning down his rapid shifts. From several sources constitutionalists received messages, all of which placed him in approximately the same portion of western Chihuahua. These dispatches had him nearly due south of the American columns' present known positions, and close to the Sierra-Tarahumare mountains, so close to them in fact, that if his reputation as a fox holds good during the American chase he should be able to make a puzzling disappearance in these ranges with a few hours' hard riding. By all accounts he is more than 100 miles ahead of the Americans, about the same distance he has been out of their reach for a week, but with one possibly important difference, that while heretofore the Americans have been riding on a somewhat cold trail, they are now nearing ground which Villa recently passed over and where they may have practical opportunity to show the temper of the raw Mexicans, whom they might receive valuable information.

The story that Villa is gathering men and preparing to resist the American advance was received in constitutionalist circles and was even said to have 100,000 rounds of cartridges and about many of home manufacture secreted in the mountains where he was expected to make a stand. Doubt that Villa would do any such thing was expressed, however, by Andres Garcia, the Mexican consul here, who claimed that Villa intends to make the American expeditionary force a "joke."

Mr. Garcia declared that the bandit had said, "who knows every foot of the ground." The rewards which have been offered for Villa, alive or dead, in Mr. Garcia's opinion are the best hope of ending the bandits' career.

## LEADING TROOPS TO DOWN MEXICAN BANDITRY



BRIGADIER GENERAL PERSHING.

who knows every foot of the ground." The rewards which have been offered for Villa, alive or dead, in Mr. Garcia's opinion are the best hope of ending the bandits' career.

"The news of these rewards will flash through the region," he said, "and I should be very much surprised if they do not bring some result."

The Carranza consul has a plan of his own which he believes is the best way to capture Villa. "General Gutierrez," he said, "told me that he expected to have 15,000 men on Villa's trail within a week. Then there are 4,000 to 5,000 American troops. I do not believe that all these thousands of men with all their equipment is needed. What is needed is about five columns of 500 picked men apiece, all well mounted and carrying the least possible amount of equipment. These columns should be in sufficiently close touch to be able to render assistance to any one of them that Villa attacked. If they moved fast and were the right men they would have a good chance to nab Villa by the heels."

#### Rush Capture of Villa.

Washington.—Every effort is being made by the administration to bring to a speedy conclusion the chase into Mexico after Villa. Orders have been sent to Brigadier General Pershing to lose no time in rounding up the bandit chief. Reports of a disturbing character which have been received from the border have convinced officials that the longer the American forces are in Mexico the graver is the danger of serious trouble with the entire nation below the border.

From authoritative sources the information is obtained that the situation is more delicate at present than it has been at any time since the troops crossed the border. Anti-Carranza agitators along the border, deliberately misconstruing the purposes of the expedition, have sent reports throughout northern Mexico to the effect that the action taken by the United States is the forerunner of intervention.

Advantage is being taken by these agitators of the fact that Carranza has acquiesced in the expedition to make it appear that he is being made the tool of the American government. How long he will be able in face of these reports to hold his forces in line is a question which grows more serious daily. Strenuous efforts are being made by the state department to counteract these reports. It was at the suggestion of the department that the president had Senator La Follette introduce in the senate the concurrent resolution assuring the Mexican people on behalf of congress that under no circumstances does the American government contemplate intervention or interference with the internal affairs of Mexico. As soon as this resolution has been acted on by the house, copies of it will be sent to American consuls in Mexico for distribution.

The administration appears extremely anxious that every possible avenue of publicity should be used by the American consuls in Mexico to circulate in Mexico the true purposes of the expedition.

Owing to the fact that 90 per cent of the Mexican people are unable to read English or write, these efforts will meet with doubtful success. Reports were received at the state department are understood to have been far from reassuring.

Meantime all means possible are being taken from a military standpoint to hasten the work of the Pershing expedition. Villa is believed to be in the vicinity of mountains to the south and west of Casas Grandes. Reports to the war department are understood to state that Colonel Doid has established some sort of contact with outposts of the Villa forces and the main column which entered from Columbus and based at La Guna de Gusman is rushing southward to establish a junction with Colonel Doid.

## WRITER GETS HONOR

AMERICAN NEWSPAPER CORRESPONDENT DECORATED FOR BRAVERY ON BATTLEFIELD

MEDALS ARE NOT FAVORED

Special Permission of Congress Necessary for American to Accept Decoration From Foreign State—Many Offered but Few Are Permitted.

By GEORGE CLINTON.

Washington.—Since the war in Europe started thousands upon thousands of decorations of various kinds have been given to the soldiers of kaiser, king, president or sultan. A few Americans, there are only a few in the service of foreign potentates, also have been decorated, some of them for conspicuous personal gallantry. One non-combatant American newspaper man has been given a decoration in recognition of bravery on the field.

No American who is in the employ of the government of the United States is allowed to receive any decoration from a foreign state without special permission of congress. It happened that the newspaper man who was given the decoration for bravery on the battlefield is connected with a news gathering association which has a rule of its own that none of its employees shall accept a decoration from a foreign government. Because of the special circumstances in the case, this rule was foregone in the case in hand and the correspondent, who had shown courage on a battlefield in Poland, was allowed to receive and to wear the ribbon and medal given in recognition of his high conduct in the face of danger.

#### For All Kinds of Services.

In the state department there is a case which virtually is filled with all kinds of decorations, watches, fobs and other things which it was the intention of foreign governments to present to American officials.

The presents of kingdoms, empires or republics which are now in the care of the state department were given for all kinds of services. Most of those for whom they were intended were ambassadors, ministers, consuls, consular agents, or military and naval attaches stationed in foreign parts. Congress once in a while has granted permission to individuals who are in the state service to receive decorations and on one or two occasions it has disposed of a hundred or so of the decorations at once by giving general permission to take them and wear them. The gifts now in the possession of the state department represent the accumulation of a year or two and there they will stay until congress acts.

#### A Little Shop Talk.

Once every four years in Washington it is perhaps permissible for the newspaper men to talk shop. There are five Washington chroniclers now who are having their troubles. They are the members of the standing committee of correspondents. Their names and those of the papers which they represent are Richard V. Oluehan, New York Times; Leroy T. Vernon, Chicago News; H. E. C. Bryant, Raleigh News and Observer; Earl Godwin, Washington Star; and William E. Brigham, Boston Transcript.

There are to be held this year three political national conventions—Democratic, Republican and Progressive. While the managers, if they may so be called, of the conventions have final power in the matter they act in the matter of assignment of seats in the press stand largely on the recommendations of the standing committee of Washington correspondents. Of course this committee does not attempt to do anything more than to see to it if it can that the newspapers and the press associations get what they are entitled to in the matter of seats at the press tables.

The standing committee of correspondents has other duties to perform. The convention seat duty is only a matter of concern once in four years. The committee has constant work through the years. A new committee is elected just prior to the convening of each incoming congress. The chief duty of the members is to pass on the applications of the persons who desire admission to the press galleries during the sessions of congress.

#### Only for the Workers.

It might be said here that no one is allowed in the gallery either in house or senate who is not a bona fide newspaper correspondent engaged in his work of collecting and sending out news from the capitol. No senator or representative ever tries to get admission to the gallery for the purpose of hearing the debate, either for himself or for his friends. If he should attempt to get a seat in the gallery or to get a friend a seat there, his desire would be thwarted, and the proper committees of congress would uphold the newspaper correspondents in their

action in shutting out from the gallery even so high a personage as a member of congress of the United States.

In the city of Washington there are about 220 newspaper correspondents who are entitled to admission to the press galleries. They represent newspapers located in towns from California to Maine and from Washington to Florida. In addition to these correspondents there are hundreds of others who are engaged simply in writing magazine stories, impressions of legislation and books. Correspondents whose work is along these lines are not admitted to the press gallery.

The press galleries, under the rules of congress, are under the control of the standing committee of correspondents, subject to the approval of the speaker of the house of representatives and the supervision and control of the senate committee on rules. It is not once in a decade that either house or senate tries to effect any change in the system of government of the press galleries which has been established by the standing committee of newspaper men.

#### Getting the News.

Thus far this year President Wilson has not resumed his former semiweekly conferences, or better, perhaps, conversations with Washington newspaper correspondents. It was the custom of the correspondents to call on the president on Tuesday morning and again on Thursday afternoon to get from him such impressions as they could concerning matters of national moment. The war problem is responsible for the fact that these meetings between the writers and the chief executive have not been renewed.

In times of diplomatic anxiety when the task of a great nation is to maintain its neutrality, it is almost inevitable that questions should concern themselves with the matters most in the minds of the people. Diplomacy is a delicate subject, and it is probable that Mr. Wilson came to the conclusion that it was better to call the conference off rather than to make it possible that some misunderstanding of the government's position might be made possible through an internationalist's misconstruction of what was said.

When Mr. Wilson first came into office he was guarded and apparently fearful lest he be misquoted. He gained confidence after a while and talked more freely to newspaper men, giving them an insight into the workings of his mind and a certain intimacy with his plans for forwarding legislation to which his party was pledged. He always was careful, however, not to say anything in a proposal form which, as coming from him would, in newspaper parlance, "make the first page."

One morning at a White House conference at which some thirty correspondents were present things were drifting along rather aimlessly when the president suddenly said that a pernicious lobby was at work in Washington. Then he added that he had daily evidence of the existence of such a lobby, and he also said in effect that it was useless for interested ones to say that evil influences were not being exerted to defeat perfectly proper legislation.

Virtually this was the first time that Mr. Wilson had given the correspondents a real story. It was early in his administration. When the president had said what he did, it was instantly suggested to him that if he would allow himself to be quoted it would help things much. Then Mr. Wilson turned to a stenographer and dictated a statement on the lobby matter and gave it to the press.

#### Started Big Investigation.

When the charge that a lobby had been at work and was at work was published, many of the senators and representatives made light of the accusation and said that Mr. Wilson would have to work to prove what he had said. Within a few hours the president undertook to prove his charge and the lobby investigation of comparatively recent history was on. It is not too much to say that the old-time lobbyist, the pernicious type, has been absent from Washington for some time, although he keeps up his work from a distance.

A good deal has been written from time to time about lobbies. It has come to be recognized and proof has been adduced this winter of the fact that the letter lobby is more efficacious than a personal lobby, and ordinarily it has little that is pernicious about it.

The letter lobby consists in the receipt of letters and telegrams by senators and representatives from their constituents urging them to support this bill or that bill or to oppose this bill or that bill. When the letters and telegrams come in in huge numbers, as frequently they do, they have a marked effect.

The canteen was "letter written" out of the army; the pure-food law was passed largely by aid of letters written to senators and representatives, and a good many other acts have found a place on the statute books that would have failed if the people had not "taken their pens in hand."

## HIGH PRICES—GOOD CROPS

And Good Demand for All Farm Products.

It is no new experience for settlers located in a fertile country such as Western Canada, where lands may be bought at very reasonable prices, to harvest a crop that in one season pays the entire cost of their farm. Undoubtedly this was the experience of many farmers during 1915, but one instance may be quoted. A settler who came to Canada from the United States some years ago decided to add to his holdings by buying an adjoining quarter section near his home at Warner, at \$20.00 an acre, with terms spread over a period of years. He got the land into a good state of cultivation and last spring put the whole quarter section in wheat. When the crop was threshed he found that it only took half the wheat on the farm to pay the whole purchase price of it; in short a single year's crop paid the cost of the land, paid all the expenses of operation and left him a handsome surplus as profit. This settler had some adjoining land, and his whole wheat crop for the season amounted to over 18,000 bushels. He is now planning to obtain some sheep and invest his profits in live stock which will assure him a good living irrespective of what the season may happen to be.

Canada's financial position is excellent. All speculation has been eliminated, and trading is done on a cash basis, with restricted credit.

Detailed figures of Canada's trade for twelve months ending October 31 show how the war is forcing Canadian trade into new channels. One of the most extraordinary changes is in commerce with the United States. A couple of years ago Canada imported from the United States two or three hundred million dollars' worth of goods more than she exported. The balance of trade was all with the United States. The balance is rapidly disappearing, and the present outlook is that by the end of this year Canada will have exported to the United States more than she has imported.

The figures for the past four years are illuminating. They are as follows:

	Exports.	Imports.
1912	\$145,721,650	\$412,657,022
1913	179,050,796	442,341,840
1914	213,493,406	421,074,524
1915	314,118,774	346,569,924

Four years ago, in 1912, the balance of trade in favor of the United States was no less than two hundred and sixty-seven millions, and this year, the balance is reduced to only thirty-two millions. The figures are extraordinary and reflect the changed and new conditions in Canada. It looks as if for the first time in nearly half a century this year Canada will sell more to the United States than she will buy from the Americans.—Advertisement.

#### Queries.

Why isn't the dog star a sky-terrier?  
Why isn't a man weighed down with years under age?  
Why can't we hear the bed tick in the silent watches of the night?

## MOTHER! LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE

If cross, feverish, constipated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

A laxative today saves a sick child tomorrow. Children simply will not take the time from play to empty their bowels, which become clogged up with waste, liver gets sluggish; stomach sour.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, or your child is listless, cross, feverish, breath bad, restless, doesn't eat heartily, full of cold or has sore throat or any other children's ailment, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," then don't worry, because it is perfectly harmless, and in a few hours all this constipation poison, sour bile and fermenting waste will gently move out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again. A thorough "inside cleansing" is oftentimes all that is necessary. It should be the first treatment given in any sickness.

Beware of counterfeit fig syrups. Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

A shanty on earth is worth more than a castle in the air.

# The City of Numbered Days

By FRANCIS LYNDE

Illustrations by C. D. Rhodes

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## SYNOPSIS.

Brouillard, chief engineer of the Niquota Irrigation dam, meets J. Wesley Cortwright and his daughter, Genevieve, and explains the reclamation work to them. Cortwright sees in the project a big chance to make money. The financier tells Genevieve that the engineer "will come down and hook himself if the bait is well covered." Cortwright organizes a company and obtains government contracts to furnish power and material for the dam construction. A busy city springs up about the site. Steve Massingale threatens to start a gold rush if Brouillard does not influence President Ford to build a railroad branch to the place, thus opening an easy market for the ore from the "Little Susan" mine. On a visit to the "Little Susan" mine, Brouillard finds she understands him better than he had thought. He tells her of his need for money to pay off his dead father's debts and that to be free he would sacrifice anything save his love for one woman. Cortwright's influence is vital to the building of the railroad extension she tells him to be true to himself. He decides for it. Mirapolis, the city of numbered days, booms. Cortwright persuades Brouillard to become consulting engineer of the consolidated electric power company in return for \$100,000 stock.

What do you think of a high-salaried government employee who would "sell out" his public trust for private gain—even if he did so in order to win happiness for the girl he loved? Isn't this country suffering right now from too much of just that sort of thing?

## CHAPTER IX The Speedway

It was in the days after he had found on his desk a long envelope inclosing a certificate for a thousand shares of stock in the Niquota Electric Power, Lighting and Traction company that Brouillard began to lose his nickname of "Hell's-Fire" among his workmen, with the promise of attaining, in due time, to the more affectionate title of "the Little Big Boss."

At the envelope-opening moment, however, he was threatened with an attack of heart failure. It was scarcely believable. But a hastily sought interview with the company's president cleared the air of all the incredibleities.

"Why, my dear Brouillard! what in Sam Hill do you take us for?" was the genial retort when the young engineer had made his deprecatory protest. "Did you think we were going to cut the melon and hand you out a piece of the rind? Not so, my dear boy; we are not built on any such narrow-gauge lines. That's what we are willing to pay for a good, reliable government brake. It's going to be your business to see to it that the reclamation service gets exactly what its contract calls for, kilowatt for kilowatt."

"I'd do that, anyhow, as chief of construction on the dam."

"You mean you would try to do it. As an officer of the power company, you can do it; as an official kicker on the outside, you couldn't fease us a particle. What? You'd put us out of business? Not much, you wouldn't; we'd play politics with you and get a man for your job who wouldn't kick."

"Well," said the inheritor of sudden wealth, still matching the promoter's mood, "you won't get me fired now, that's one comfort. When will you want my expert opinion on your auxiliary dam?"

"On our dam, you mean. Oh, any time soon; say tomorrow or Friday—or Saturday, if that hurries you too much. We shan't want to go to work on it before Monday."

Being himself an exponent of the modern theory that the way to do things is to do them now, Brouillard accepted the hurry order without comment. Celerity, swiftness of accomplishment that was almost magical, had become the Mirapolitan order of the day. Plans conceived overnight leaped to their expositions in things done as if the determination to do them had been all that was necessary to their realization.

"You shall have the report tomorrow," said the newly created consulting engineer, "but you can't go to work Monday. The labor market is empty, and I'm taking it for granted that you're not going to stampede my shovellers and concrete men."

"Oh, no," concluded the city builder, "we shan't do that. You'll admit—in your capacity of government watchdog—that we have played fair in that game. We have imported every workman we've needed, and we shall im-

port more. That's one thing we can afford to do—bait the labor market. And it won't be necessary; we have a trainload of Italians and Bulgarians on the way to Quesado today, and they ought to be here by Monday."

"You are a wonder, Mr. Cortwright," was Brouillard's tribute to the worker of modern miracles, and he went his way to ride to the upper end of the valley for the exploring purpose.

On the Monday, as President Cortwright had so confidently predicted, the trainload of laborers had marched in over the War Arrow trail and the work on the auxiliary power dam was begun. On the Tuesday a small army of linemen arrived to set the poles and to string the wires for the lighting of the town. On the Wednesday there were fresh accessions to the army of builders, and the freighters on the Quesado trail reported a steady stream of artisans pouring in to rush the city-making.

On the Thursday the grading and paving of Chigringo avenue was begun, and, true to his promise, Mr. Cortwright was leaving a right of way in the street for the future trolley tracks. And it was during this eventful week that the distant thunder of the dynamite brought the welcome tidings of the pushing of the railroad grade over the mountain barrier. Also—but this was an item of minor importance—it was on the Saturday of this week that the second tier of forms was erected on the great dam and the stripped first section of the massive gray foot-wall of concrete raised in mute but eloquent protest against the feverish activities of the muck-makers. If the protest were a threat, it was far removed. Many things might happen before the gray wall should rise high enough to cast its shadow, and the shadow of the coming end, over the miraculous city of the plain.

It was Brouillard himself who put this thought into words on the Sunday when he and Grislow were looking over the work of form raising and finding it good.

"Catching you, too, is it, Victor?" queried the hydrographer, dropping easily into his attitude of affable cynicism. "I thought it would. But tell me, what are some of the things that may happen?"

"It's easy to predict two of them: Some people will make a pot of money and some will lose out."

Grislow nodded. "Of course you don't take any stock in the rumor that the government will call a halt?"

Brouillard was shaking his head slowly.

"I don't pretend to have opinions any more, Grizzly. I'm living from day to day. If the tail should get big enough to wag the dog—"

They were in the middle of the high staging upon which the puddlers worked while filling the forms and Grislow stopped short.

"What's come over you, lately, Victor? I won't say you're half-hearted, but you're certainly not the same driver you were a few weeks ago, before the men quit calling you 'Hell's Fire.'"

Brouillard smiled grimly. "It's going to be a long job, Grizzly. Perhaps I saw that I couldn't hope to keep keyed up to concert pitch all the way through. Call it that, anyway. I've promised to motor Miss Cortwright to the upper dam this afternoon, and it's time to go and do it."

It was not until they were climbing down from the staging at the Jack's Mountain approach that Grislow acquired the ultimate courage of his convictions.

"Going motoring, you said—with Miss Genevieve. That's another change. I'm beginning to believe in your seven-year hypothesis. You are no longer a woman-hater."

"Oh, bally! There are times when you make me feel as if I had eaten too much dinner, Grizzly! This is one of them. Put it in words; get it out of your system."

"It needs only three words: You are hypnotized. A month ago this city-building fake looked as crazy to you as it still does to those of us who haven't been invited to sit down and take a hand in Mr. Cortwright's little game. Now you seem to have gone over to the other side. You hobnob with Cortwright and do office work for him. You know his fake is a fake; and yet I overheard you boasting it the other night in Poodles' dining room to a tableful of money maniacs as if Cortwright were giving you a rake-off."

Brouillard stiffened himself with a jerk as he paced beside his accuser, but he kept his temper.

"You're an old friend, Grizzly, and a mighty good one—as I have had occasion to prove. It is your privilege to ease your mind. Is that all?"

"No. You are letting Genevieve Cortwright make a fool of you. If you were only half sane you'd see that she is a confirmed trophy hunter. Why, she even gets down to young Griffith—and uses him to dig out information about you. She—"

"Hold on, Murray; there's a limit, and you'll bear with me if I say that you are working up to it now." Brouillard's jaw was set and the lines between his eyes were deepening. "I

don't know what you are driving at, but you'd better call it off. I can take care of myself."

"If I thought you could—if I only thought you could," said Grislow musingly. "But the indications all lean the other way. It would be all right if you wanted to marry her and she doesn't. And, besides, there's Amy; you owe her something, don't you—or don't you? You needn't grit your teeth that way. You are only getting a part of what is coming to you. Faithful are the wounds of a friend, you know."

"Yes. And when the psalmist had admitted that, he immediately asked the Lord not to let their precious balms break his head. You're all right, Grizzly, but I'll pull through." Then, with a determined wrenching aside of the subject: "Are you going up on Chigringo this afternoon?"

"I thought I would—yes. What shall I tell Miss Massingale when she asks about you?"

"You will probably tell her the first idiotic thing that comes into the back part of your head. And if you tell her anything pifflous about me I'll lay for you some dark night with a pick handle."

Grislow laughed reminiscently. "She won't ask," he said.

"Why not?"

"Because the last time she did it I told her your scalp was dangling at Miss Genevieve's belt."

They had reached the door of the log-bait quarters and Brouillard spun the handle around with a shoulder grip that was only half playful.

"If I believed you said any such thing as that I'd murder you!" he exploded. "Perhaps you'll go and tell her that—you red-headed blastoderm!"

"Sure," said the blastoderm, and they went apart, each to his dunnage kit.

## CHAPTER X Table Stakes

There were a dozen business blocks under construction in Mirapolis, with a proportional number of dwellings and suburban villas at various stages in the race toward completion, when it began to dawn upon the collective consciousness of a daily increasing citizenry that something was missing. Garner, the real estate plunger from Kansas City, first gave the missing quantity its name. The distant thunder of the blasts heralding the approach of the railroad had ceased between two days.

Up to the period of the silenced dynamite thunderings new industries were projected daily, and investors, tolled in over the high mountain trails or across the Buckskin in dust-encrusted automobiles by methods best known to a gray-mustached adept in the art of promotion, thronged the lobby of the Hotel Metropole and bought and sold Mirapolis "corners" or "insides" on a steadily-ascending scale of prices.

A strange mania for holding on, for permanency, seemed to have become epidemic. Many of the working men were securing homes on the installment plan. A good few of the villas could boast parquet floors and tiled bathrooms. One coterie of Chicagoans decided to build a six-storied office building, with a ground floor corner for the Niquota National bank with modern conveniences and that the chosen building material should be of nothing less permanent than monolithic concrete.

In harmony with the same spirit the newly incorporated Buckskin Gold Mining and Milling company plowed deep furrows to bed-rock across and back until the face of Jack's mountain was zigzagged and scarred like a veteran of many battles.

In keeping with the energy with which Mr. Cortwright and his municipal colleagues laid water mains, strung electric wires, drove the paving contractors, and pushed the trolley line to the stage at which it lacked only the rails and the cars awaiting shipment by the railroad.

This was the situation on the day when Garner, sharp-eared listener at the keyhole of opportunity, missing the dynamite rumblings, sent a cipher wire of inquiry to the East, got a "rush" reply, and began warily to unload his Mirapolitan holdings. Being a man of business, he ducked to cover first and talked afterward; but by the time his hint had grown to rumor size Mr. Cortwright had sent for Brouillard.

"Pull up a chair and have a cigar," said the great man when Brouillard had penetrated to the nerve-center of the Mirapolitan activities in the Metropole suite and the two stenographers had been curdly dismissed. "Have you heard the talk of the street? There is a rumor that the railroad grading has been stopped."

Brouillard, busy with the work of setting the third series of forms on his great wall, had heard nothing.

"I've noticed that they haven't been basing for two or three days. But that may mean nothing more than a delayed shipment of dynamite," was his rejoinder.

"It looks bad—devilish bad." The

promoter was panted heavily in his pivot chair, and the sandy-gray eyes dwindled to pin points. "We are up against it, that's all. Read that," and the promoter handed a telegram across the desk.

The wire was from Chicago, was signed "Ackerman," and was still damp from the receiving operator's copying press. It read:

"Work on P. S-W's Buckskin extension has been suspended for the present. Reason assigned, shrinkage in securities and uncertainty of business outlook in Niquota."

Mr. Cortwright's frown figured as a fleshy mask of irritability. "Let it once get out that the railroad people don't believe in the future of Mirapolis and we're done."

Brouillard's retort was the expression of an upflash of sanity.

"Mirapolis has no future; it has only an exceedingly precarious present."

For a moment the sandy-gray eyes became inscrutable. Then the mass of irritation slid aside, revealing the face which Mr. J. Wesley Cortwright ordinarily presented to his world—the face of imperturbable good nature.

"You're right, Brouillard; Mirapolis is only a good joke, after all. Sometimes I get bamboozled into the idea that it isn't—that it's the real thing. That's bad for the nerves. But about this railroad fizzle; I don't relish the notion of having our little joke sprung on us before we're ready to laugh, do you? What do you think?"

"It is not my turn to think, Mr. Cortwright."

"Oh, yes, it is; very pointedly. You're one of us, to a certain extent; and if you were not you would still be interested. A smash just now would hamper the reclamation service like the mischief; the entire works shut down; no cement, no lumber, no power; everything tied up in the courts until the last creditor quits taking appeals. Oh, no, Brouillard; you don't want to see the end of the world come before it's due."

It was the consulting engineer of the power company rather than the reclamation service chief who rose and went to the window to look down upon the morning briskness of Chigringo avenue. And it was the man who saw one hundred thousand dollars, the price of freedom, slipping away from him who turned after a minute or two of the absent street gazing and said: "What do you want me to do, Mr. Cortwright? I did put my shoulder to the wheel when Ford was here. I told him if I were in his place I'd take the long chance and build the extension."

"Did you—and before you had a stake in the game? That was a white man's boost, right? Think you could manage to get Ford on the wire and encourage him a little more?"

"It isn't Ford; it is the New York bankers. You can read that between the lines in your man Ackerman's telegram."

The stock gentleman in the pivot chair thrust out his jaw and tilted his freshly-lighted cigar to the aggressive angle.

"Say, Brouillard, we've got to throw a fresh piece of bait into the cage, something that will make the railroad crowd sit up and take notice. By George, if those gold hunters up on Jack's mountain would only stumble across something big enough to advertise—"

Brouillard started as if the wishful magic had been a blow. Like a hot wave from a furnace mouth it swept over him—the sudden realization that the means, the one all-powerful, earth-moving lever the promoter was so anxiously seeking, lay in his hands.

"The Buckskin people, yes," he said, making talk as the rifleman digs a pit to hold his own on the firing line. "If they should happen to uncover a gold reef just now it would simplify matters immensely for Mirapolis, wouldn't it? The railroad would come on, then, without a shadow of doubt. All the bankers in New York couldn't hold it back."

Now came Mr. Cortwright's turn to get up and walk to one of the windows.

"Come here," he called curtly, with a quick finger crook for the engineer, and when Brouillard joined him: "Can you size up that little caucus over yonder?"

The "caucus" was a knot of excited men blocking the sidewalk in front of Garner's real estate office on the opposite side of the street. The purpose of the excited ones was not difficult to divine. They were all trying to crowd into the Kansas City man's place of business at once.

What steps will Brouillard and Cortwright take to stop the threatened panic and save themselves—or do you think they will be able to get out of the mess without losing their investments?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Suspicious Man.  
"Unless my plans are frustrated," says Ike Van Quentin, "I shall marry a small, slender girl, who has a big fat sister. Then I will have reasonable assurance that the clothes I see my fiancée in are her own."

# "CASCARETS" FOR LIVER, BOWELS

For sick headache, bad breath, Sour Stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now. No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets.

Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets tonight; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery.

A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All stores sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a cleansing, too. Adv.

## Its Meaning.

"Is there anything in that cipher?" "Well, it probably was not devised merely for naught."

## Many Children are Sickly.

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, more and regulate the bowels, and Destroy Worms. They are so pleasant to take children like them. Used by mothers for 28 years. All druggists, etc. Sample FREE. Address, Mother Gray Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

## American Sea Poet.

Now that John Masefield has come to be the poetic interpreter of life at sea to his generation of Britons, it is interesting to see an American poet, Lincoln Colcord, rising to be the same for his countrymen. Beginning his career on a vessel navigating Cape Horn, he comes of five generations of seagoing Maine folk. His boyhood was spent on a ship, sailing the seven seas, so that now, when he comes to write a poem on "The Vision of War," or when he discusses, before clubs of literary and civic, irited men, "Some of the Fallacies of American Democracy," it is not a product of the urban graded school which never has been out of sight of land who is speaking. Rather is it a man who has "seen the world," as that phrase is most accurately though not popularly used—Christian Science Monitor.

## Nearly 150,000 Crop Reporters.

Nearly 150,000 volunteer crop reporters and special correspondents are now aiding the bureau of crop estimates of the United States department of agriculture in the preparation of its estimates of crops and live stock production of the country, according to the annual report of the bureau which has just been issued. The actual number of these volunteer assistants is 147,327. In addition there are 151 paid employees in the service of the bureau. The total appropriation for the work for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1915, was \$275,380.—Dun's Review.

## MORE THAN EVER Increased Capacity for Work Since Leaving Off Coffee.

Many former coffee drinkers who have mental work to perform day after day, have found a better capacity and greater endurance by using Postum instead of coffee. An Illinois woman writes: "I had drank coffee for about twenty years, and finally had what the doctor called 'coffee heart.' I was nervous, extremely despondent; had little mental or physical strength left; had kidney trouble and constipation. The first noticeable benefit which followed the change from coffee to Postum was the improved action of the kidneys and bowels. In two weeks my heart ceased to palpitate, and my nerves steadied. Then I began to feel better, and the doctor's test showed proof of renewed physical and mental strength. I formerly did mental work and had to give it up on account of coffee, but since using Postum I am doing the same mental labor with less fatigue."—Given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Postum comes in two kinds: Postum Cereal—the original Postum—must be well boiled, 15 to 20 minutes. Instant Postum—dissolves in water, and is a delicious 50c tin.

Both kinds are sold in 50c tins.

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# New Goods

## Arriving Daily

Agency for Superior Grain Drills, Oliver Plows and Cultivators.

Some Bargains in Second Hand Farm Tools.

Special Prices on Furniture.

Call and see us.

### DINKEL & DUNBAR

## Another Good Cash Store Here

The People Hardware Store hereafter will sell goods for cash.

### A Cash Discount of 10 per cent

will be deducted from all goods except Gasoline and Oils of all kinds, Coal, Salt, Calf Meal and Stock Food.

We expect every one to settle accounts and notes in the next 30 days.

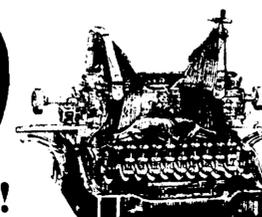
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### Teple Hardware Company

## A New Model Typewriter!

# OLIVER

### BUY IT NOW!



The new day advances that come along on this machine are all controlled by Oliver. Even our own previous model—famous in their day—never had the Optional Duplex Shift. It puts the whole control of 34 letters and characters in the little fingers of the right and left hands. And it lets you write them all with only 28 keys, the least to operate of any standard typewriter made.

Thus operators of a...  
 Yes, the crowning typewriter triumph IS HERE!

It's just out—and comes years before expert expect it. For writers have striven a life time to attain this ideal machine. And Oliver has won again, by...  
 There is truly no other...  
 Oliver. Think of...  
 You will run the boys.

## CAUTION!

Remember this brand new Oliver...  
 is the greatest value ever given...  
 writer. It has all our previous special inventions—vis...  
 writing, automatic spacer, 32-ounce font...  
 Duplex Shift, 28 keys, and all the...  
 other new-day features.

You've decided to sell it to everyone, everywhere...  
 on our famous payment plan—1 cent a day. Now every...  
 can easily afford to have the world's crack visible...  
 with the famous PRINTYPE, that writes like print...  
 and FREE if desired.

Do you write for full Details, and be among the first to know about...  
 of writing machines, and individuals everywhere...  
 mail a postal at once. See why typists...  
 for us to tell you about it. No obligation. It's...  
 the HATCH OFFICE. Seeing is believing—...  
 and see for yourself...  
 Oliver '9.

OLIVER CO. OLIVER BUILDING CHICAGO, ILL.

## 'DARK HORSE' MAY WIN G. O. P. RACE

REPUBLICAN LEADERS LOOK FOR PRACTICAL BUSINESS MAN TO HEAD TICKET.

### COLEMAN DU PONT NAMED AS LIKELY CANDIDATE

Delaware Man Has Splendid Reputation as a Self-Made Leader in Constructive Business.

With the Republican convention only a scant twelve weeks away, the most popular topic of conversation in political circles these days concerns the G. O. P.'s choice of a candidate to run against Wilson.

The Republicans will probably go back to old principles and look for a candidate who will command the support of the same army of voters who elected McKinley, when a wave of patriotic common sense swept the country and business men by the hundreds of thousands marched the streets demanding a practical government. It is interesting to note that the name of General Coleman du Pont, of Delaware, has been repeatedly mentioned recently as the man eminently qualified for the nomination. To those who look upon the government as a big business concern demanding the supervision of a trained business man, the name of General du Pont carries a strong appeal, for there is no man more qualified to handle the big problems of today than this same self-made leader in constructive business. Moreover, both the public and private record of General du Pont will stand up well under the searchlight of political opposition.



GENERAL COLEMAN DU PONT.

Coleman du Pont was born in Kentucky and started his working life in the mines of the Blue Grass State. He stands today as one of the few successful men who have acquired their positions by methods that will stand scrutiny. He has been a producer—not a stock jobber. He has never antagonized any class of people. Capital and Labor alike admire him.

Without self-advertisement he does more charity than do most men. He is an ardent advocate of good roads and believes that a really perfect system of highways will enhance the farmer's income and reduce the cost of living to the cities. He has built roads and given them to his state, always with a sound business scheme to perpetuate them and save them from being a burden to the taxpayers.

He comes from a family more American than most—a family identified with the building of the nation since the Revolution. His grandfather was Thomas du Pont, one of the first iron and steel makers in the United States.

The great success of his family, which he was formerly denied, has supplied our government with all its powder at a price also supplied by the government officials themselves and never by the company.

Because of his great executive ability and high standing in the business world, some of the shrewdest political minds in the country consider him as being one of the most likely 'dark horses' for the Republican nomination. They point to the fact that his success in life would eliminate any need for a friendly Colonel House, or any other financial influence standing ever behind the presidential chair. Nor would he be compelled to take orders from any man or group of men.

Another factor that the supporters of General du Pont are pointing to is his knowledge of military affairs. For sixteen years he has been identified with the soldiery of his state and is thoroughly alive to the necessity for preparedness. He has also had practical training in politics, having been a delegate to a number of State and National conventions, and

## THE KITCHEN CUPBOARD

WEEK END MENU.

**SATURDAY—BREAKFAST:**  
 Sliced Peaches.  
 Frieded Beef (Smoked).  
 Whole Wheat Gemma Jam.  
 Coffee, Milk or Cocoa.

**LUNCHEON.**  
 Beet and Egg Salad.  
 Cream Cheese and Bran Bread Sandwiches.  
 Chilled Cantaloupe. Cocoa Sponge Cake.  
 Buttermilk, Milk or Iced Tea.

**DINNER.**  
 Roast Breast or Shoulder of Veal Stuffed.  
 Browned Sweet or White Potatoes.  
 Lima Beans, Sliced Tomatoes.  
 Lettuce and French Dressing.  
 Chilled Watermelon.

True and Tried.

**COCOA Sponge Cake.**—Beat four eggs to a froth, sift two cupfuls of sugar and two heaping table-spoonfuls of cocoa together, then add to eggs; beat; add a teaspoonful of vanilla; sift four times two cupfuls of flour with two teaspoonfuls of baking powder and a pinch of salt; mix well; beat to boiling one cupful of milk and add to it butter the size of a walnut; let melt, then add to the mixture and beat. This is enough for two loaves.

**Butter Frosting For This Cake.**—Sift two cupfuls of powdered sugar and one cupful of butter the size of an egg; beat; add to the mixture and beat. This is enough for two loaves.

**Silver Cake.**—Four cupfuls butter, one cupful sugar, one-half cupful milk, two cupfuls flour, sifted with three teaspoonfuls of baking powder. Pinch of salt, whites of four eggs beaten stiff. Mix same as gold cake, folding whites in at the last. One-fourth teaspoonful of almond extract may be added if desired. Bake in a moderate oven about forty-five minutes.

**Eggless Sour Cream Cake.**—One cupful sugar (either granulated or brown), one cupful sour cream (if separated cream use one-half cupful filling, other half with water), one teaspoonful soda stirred in cream, flavoring; one table-spoonful cocoa sifted with enough flour to make cake consistency. This is inexpensive but delicious.

**Coconut Cake.**—Mix together one half pound of flour, one-fourth pound each of butter and sugar and two eggs and a small cupful of milk and one table-spoonful of baking powder. When well mixed put in a cupful or more of grated coconut. Bake in small buttered tins in a moderately quick oven.

### His Golf Prize.

When the Duke of York was living in Edinburgh in 1681 he was told that a certain shoemaker named Paterson was the best golfer in Scotland and him, the Duke, after James II, chose as partner in a foursome, winning a huge stake. He promptly turned over the money to Paterson, who forthwith built a house in which the duke placed a stone with a Paterson crest bearing the motto, "Far and Sure."

### The Jaw of an Otter.

You can find an example of nature's adaptation of the jaw to use in the case of certain carnivora, like the otter—a big weasel that has acquired aquatic habits. The jaws of such beasts are so fixed in the sockets that dislocation is impossible. In some instances you cannot, even after the animal is dead, separate the jaw from the head. This arrangement is evidently designed to enable the beast to bite to the greatest advantage without danger that the jawing animals will be loose.

### RHEUMATIC PAIN STOPPED

The drawing of muscles, the soreness, stiffness and agonizing pain of rheumatism quickly yield to Sloan's Liniment. It stimulates circulation to the painful part. Just apply as directed to the sore spots. In a short time the pain gives way to a tingling sensation of comfort and warmth. Here's proof—"I have had wonderful relief since I used your liniment on my knee. To think, one application gave me relief. Sorry I haven't space to tell you the history. Thanking you for what your remedy has done for me."—James S. Ferguson, Philada., Pa. Sloan's Liniment kills pain. 25c. at druggists.

serving as a member of the Republican National committee for many years.

It is the splendid business training of General du Pont that is pointing the way for him to the nomination. For it is conceded on all sides that the biggest problems of this country at the close of the European war will be business problems, and there are few men among those mentioned, who have had his experience in coping with such huge problems. As a manager of constructive business and as a leader of men, General du Pont stands in a class by himself.

## How Two Men Cured LaGrippe

"Last winter I suffered with a terrible cold and a case of la grippe," writes E. C. Rhodes of Middleton, Ga. "When getting well of la grippe I still had a hacking cough and for several months could get no relief. Finally I began taking Foley's Honey and Tar and soon I was well of both cough and cold and it never returned."

F. G. Pravo, Bedford, Ind., writes: "After having an attack of la grippe it left me with a severe cough and I tried everything. I lost in weight and got so thin it looked as though I would never get well. I tried Foley's Honey and Tar Compound and two bottles cured me. I am now well and back to normal weight."

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is a healing family remedy and seldom fails to relieve coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, raw and inflamed throat, tight and sore chest, irritated tickling throat and bronchial coughs.

"For Sale Everywhere"



Take One Pain Pill, then— Take it Easy.

## Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

Used by thousands for a generation

Those who have suffered from neuralgic pains need not be told how necessary it is to secure relief. The easiest way out of neuralgia is to use Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills. They have relieved sufferers for many years that they have become a household necessity.

"I have taken Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills for five years and they are the only thing that does me any good. They have relieved neuralgia in my head in fifteen minutes. I have also taken them for rheumatism, headache, pains in the breast, toothache, earache and pain in the bowels and limbs. I have found nothing to equal them and they are all that is claimed for them."

J. W. SMITH, Blue Springs, Mo.  
 At all druggists—25 doses 25 cents.  
 Never sold in bulk.  
 MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

## LOOK OUT FOR THE CARS

DO YOU know of anyone who is old enough to read, who has not seen that sign at a railroad crossing?

If everyone has seen it at some time or other, then why doesn't the railroad let the sign rot away? Why does the railroad company continue to keep those signs at every crossing?

Maybe you think, Mr. Merchant, "Most everybody knows my store, I don't have to advertise."

Your store and your goods need more advertising than the railroads need to warn people to "Look Out for the Cars."

Nothing is ever completed in the advertising world.

The Department Stores are a very good example—they are continually advertising—and they are continually doing a good business.

It pays to run a business around about Christmas time, it certainly will pay you to run advertisements about all the time.

It's just business, that's all, to ADVERTISE in THIS PAPER

## OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

# PATENTS

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A person seeking a patent should first quickly ascertain his opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. No Patent sent free. (Best agency for securing patents.)

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