

Pinckney Dispatch.

Vol. XXXIV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, June 1st 1916

No. 17

Livingston Co. O. E. S. Meets Here June 9th.

The sixth annual meeting of Livingston County Association, Order of the Eastern Star, will be held at Pinckney, Friday June 9. Miss Minnie Kenyon, associate Grand Matron and Mrs. Eva Sprague Goodrich, Grand Secretary, will be present and talk on subjects of special interest.

The County Association Officers have prepared an excellent program and hope to welcome a fine representation from each chapter in the county.

Mrs. M. M. Bristol, secretary
Mrs. Emily Jackson, president.

New Garage Building Underway

A. H. Flintoft, our local garage man, whose business has grown to such an extent that not only the garage but all the neighboring buildings were too small to hold his machines, is putting up an up-to-date structure of cement blocks 130x36 ft. He has the new building well underway, the basement which will be under half of the building being about completed. When this building is completed, Pinckney will have a garage second to none in this part of the country.

J. Church, Optometrist

Will be at Pinckney, Friday and Saturday, June 3-10. Examination Free. Eyes properly fitted. Satisfaction guaranteed. J. J. CHURCH.

Stockbridge Business Man Claimed by Death.

Stockbridge, Mich., May 29. Charles Fox, resident of this village for the last ten years, is dead after an illness extending over a period of several years. He came to this place from Athens, Mich., and purchased the lumber business of W. G. Nichols, which he had conducted since, taking in a partner, Claude Whitney, about three years ago, who has since has charge of the business. Mr. Fox has been prominent in church and society circles since his coming here, being a member of the Methodist Episcopal church and of the Masonic order. He is survived by a wife, and two small children, Ruth and Mary, also a sister, Mrs. Claude Whitney of this place.

Stockbridge Boy Drowns.

Stockbridge, Mich., May 27. While swimming at Nichols lake with several schoolmates, Raymond Ives, aged 16 years, son of Luther Ives, was drowned Friday afternoon. The boys were diving from a boat, Raymond became exhausted and sank in twenty-five feet of water. He failed to rise. The body was recovered two hours later. The drowned boy is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Luke Ives and besides his father and mother is survived by two sisters, Mrs. B. P. Stiles of Leslie, and Helen of Stockbridge. Mrs. Stiles is in New York on her honeymoon.—Citizen Press.

The Best Test.
Bix—Can I trust you?
Dix—Actions speak louder than words.
Try me with \$10.—Boston Transcript.

Pinckney H. S. Plays Double Header

Decoration Day, the Pinckney H. S. were defeated in a very interesting game with the Alumni by a score of 6 to 3. The old H. S. boys showed surprisingly good from considering the that all were out of practice. The score stood one and nothing up to the fourth inning, when a home run by Hendee brought in two scores for the High School, tying things up till the seventh when the Alumni managed to bat in four scores. As the H. S. were only able to get in one run this inning, the game ended with the score 6 to 3. Batteries, Hendee and Shehan, and Swarthout and Swarthout.

Oak Grove H. S. were here with a bunch of Sluggers, that had things all their own way, shutting Pinckney H. S. out by 21 to 0. The Pinckney boys were played out with their exertions in the first game and failed to even make things interesting for Oak Grove.

Lyle Hewlee had the misfortune to be hit in the head, while dodging a pitched ball, knocking him down during the first game. He soon recovered from this, but during the second game he was again hit in the head with a pitched ball, cutting the scalp and knocking him senseless. He was taken to the sanatorium but did not come to for some time. No serious results are expected.

CHILSON POSTOFFICE

To Join the Retired List of Some 10 or 12 Yrs. Ago

Some 10 or 12 years ago the postoffice department at Washington wiped off the map the small country postoffices, the patrons being served from that time on by the rural routes. At that time Livingston county lost a number of country offices, Ruston in Green Oak, Petteysville in Hamburg, Anderson in Putnam, Plainfield and Wrights in Unadilla, Pingree in Marion, Fleming in West Howell, Cohoctah in Cohoctah township, Madison and Deerfield in Deerfield and Haller's and Parshallville in Hartland township. All patrons in the territory of those country postoffices for so many years have ever since their disbandment, been served by the rural carriers and are being served today.

The last small office in the country is Chilson. This office has hung on well, but of late there has been no great amount of business done at that place, as the rural routes from Howell and Brighton are serving the patrons. Neither does there seem to be any over anxious candidates for the office of late. So an order has been issued which will go into effect June 1, placing the Chilson office on the retired list with all the other country postoffices some 10 or 12 years ago, and all the patrons in that vicinity will receive their mail by rural delivery from Howell or Brighton.

Dr. Wiley Tells Why He Believes in Prohibition.

"Although my sympathies are usually with the under dog, I am with the majority who are 'knocking' alcohol," declares Harvey W. Wiley, M. D., in the May number of Good Housekeeping.

"I cannot refrain from joining in the growing protests against the use of alcoholic beverages. A short time ago a gentleman who stands very high in the financial and manufacturing world of distilled spirits came into my office, as I supposed, for a visit of courtesy. For a time he seemed embarrassed in beginning the conversation. Finally, mustering up his courage, he said to me, 'What do you think of my business?'"

"I could only answer truthfully from my point of view. 'My dear sir' I said 'I believe you are in league with the devil.'"

"He was not insulted or even startled by my answer, but replied: 'I have so often heard the same sentiment expressed, perhaps in a different way, that I begin to doubt the propriety of remaining in a business to which I have devoted practically all my business career. I hate to be in a business which friends like you believe to be wholly

(Continued on next Page)

Trade At

MURPHY & JACKSON'S

For Cash and Save Money

Saturday, June 3

Shoes

We are showing the largest line of Men's Work Shoes ever shown in Pinckney. Prices ranging from \$2.00 to \$3.50. All Odds and Ends go regardless of Cost.

Grocery Flyers

Table Talk Coffee, 22c.

Spring Hill Coffee, 23c.

Berdan's Empire Coffee 27c

Berdan's Blue Label 32c

Corn Flakes, pkg., 25c.

7 Bars Flake White Soap
25c, with 50c Order.

Get our prices on Flour, bbl. or cwt.

Highest Price For Cream Wednesdays

KEEP COOL!

by Wearing Summer Underwear and Straw Hats

We are showing a fine line of

Hats

Men's Work Shirts and Overalls at regular prices. No War Tax added.

New Line of Tennis Shoes Raincoats at COST

Fresh Groceries

LARGE SALES from a SMALL STOCK

Insures Fresh Eatables at all times

To each customer who trades \$1.00 at our store Saturday, June 3rd, we will sell 25 lbs Sugar for \$1.85.

Fruits, Vegetables, Long Horn Cheese, Bacon, Pork Sausage, etc. at Reasonable Prices.

Top Price for Cream, Tuesday or Fridays.

Yours

MONKS BROS.

TIME to 'KODAK'

Whether it be a "Chance of a Lifetime" or a familiar "Home Scene"

-KODAK-

makes the most of the opportunity.

Kodaks, \$6.00 and up.

Brownie Cameras, \$1.25 and up.

C. G. MEYER

The Quality Drug

Pinckney, Mich.

The HOME BEAUTIFUL

Flowers and Shrubbery
Their Care and Cultivation



The Daisy Should Have a Place in Every Garden.

DAISIES

By L. M. BENNINGTON.

No flower in all the garden series is more beloved than the star-eyed daisy, or marguerite. And perhaps no flower has undergone a more decided improvement than this same flower, which fills the meadow spaces with its nodding white and in better soil looks statelier from the garden path.

The daisy should have a place in the garden. They make delightful borders to beds of taller-growing annuals, and can be used very effectively in beds of spring-blooming bulbs.

Daisies may be sown at intervals for succession, in shallow boxes of light, rich soil. Cover the seed to about three times their own thickness, and press the soil firmly over them. Keep the box in a warm window, greenhouse or hotbed.

Transplant to new boxes and set out in the open ground when danger from frost is past. Daisies can be sown in beds outside in August or September. They must be protected with straw or litter through the winter and transplanted to their permanent position in the spring.

The orange daisy, South African orange daisy, has become a great favorite. It was introduced a few years ago and has been made much of at the flower shows and is used largely on big estates. It is excellent for borders and as a pot-plant.

THE WHITE CARNATION

By BETTY PAKE.

The search for the pure white carnation, one that will keep its pure color for a long period, has never been quite successful.

It is a fact that the average variety remains under cultivation but a few years, and they are constantly running out. They must, therefore, constantly be replaced by newer and more vigorous varieties grown from the seed. Often a carnation that produces beautiful white flowers for two

or three years falls entirely after that time.

The common garden soil will not do for the carnation. It should be composed of about three-fourths rich, dark loam and one-fourth well-rotted manure. This should be thoroughly mixed several times and by September the first cuttings should be placed in boxes about five inches deep. Set the plants about ten inches apart.

Syringe thoroughly with water until they have a good start. The plants should be staked in order to keep the flowers above the foliage.

If you want large flowers you must diebud the plants judiciously. Give them plenty of water and ventilation, and syringe with tobacco extract to discourage the red spider.

THE BEAUTY OF HYDRANGEAS

By LIMA R. ROSE.

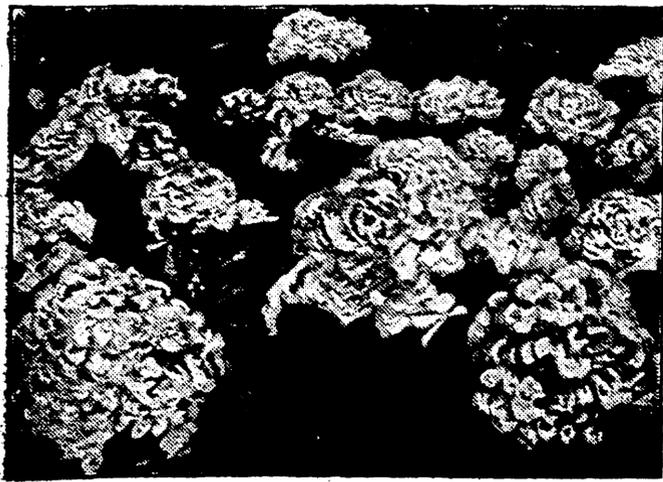
One of the best late flowering, hardy shrubs is the hydrangea.

While there are other shrubs that I like better, this one seems to be a favorite with the masses. It has the merit of extreme hardiness, easy culture, great floriferousness, late blooming and persistency.

Its flowers lose their early whiteness as the season advances, but in their pinky brown stage they are not without attractiveness, and even after snow comes they afford pleasing effects when seen against a background of pure white.

In planting the hydrangeas, I would never advise using them singly. They are vastly more effective when grouped. By this means we secure for it a strength and dignity which single specimens never have. Planted thickly this plant produces a grand effect.

Those who are in search of a plant that will grow in any soil and under almost any condition, and has hardiness enough to withstand the trying ordeal of the severest northern winter, will find the hydrangea the very thing they are looking for.



Roses and Hydrangeas Massed Give Great Beauty.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock

DETROIT—Cattle: Receipts, 1,554. Best handy steers, \$9@9.50; best handyweight butcher steers, \$8.50@8.75; mixed steers and heifers, \$7.75@8.50; handy light butchers, \$7.50@8; light butchers, \$7@7.50; best cows, \$7.50@8.50; butcher cows, \$6@7; common cows, \$5@5.75; canners, \$3.75@4.50; best heavy bulls, \$7@7.50; bologna bulls, \$6.25@6.75; stock bulls, \$5@6; feeders, \$7.50@8.25; stockers, \$6@8; milkers and springers, \$4@8.

Calves—Receipts, 1,478. Good ones brought \$11.25@11.50, and medium and common from \$7@10.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,390. Best lambs, \$10.50@10.75; fair lambs, \$9.75@10; light to common lambs, \$8@9; fair to good sheep, \$7@7.50; culls and common, \$5@6.

Hogs—Receipts, 11,052. Yorkers and heavy, \$9.50 to \$9.65 with bulk of sales at \$9.65. Pigs, \$8.75 to \$9.

EAST BUFFALO—Receipts of cattle, 140 cars; market 15@25c higher; choice to prime native steers, \$9.75@10.50; good to choice, \$9.25@9.75; fair to good, \$8.75@9; plums and coarse, \$8.25@8.50; Canadian steers, 1,300 to 1,400 lbs., \$9.50@9.75; do 1,250 to 1,250 lbs., \$9.25@9.50; yearlings, dried, \$9.50@10; best handy steers, \$8.75@9.15; light butcher steers, \$8.50@8.75; good butcher steers and heifers, \$8.50@9; steers and heifers, fair to good, \$7.50@8; western light common heifers, \$7@7.50; best heavy fat cows, \$7.75@8; fancy, \$8.25; butcher cows, \$6.50@7.25; cutters, \$5@5.50; canners, \$4@4.25; fancy bulls, \$7.50@8.25; butcher bulls, \$7.25@7.75; common bulls \$6@6.50; good stockers, \$8@8.25; light common stockers, \$6.50@7; feeders, \$8.25@8.50; milkers and springers, \$75@90.

Hogs: Receipts, 90 cars; market 10c lower; heavy, \$10.30@10.35; yorkers, \$10.25; pigs and lights, \$9.50@9.75.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 50 cars; market 15c higher; top lambs, \$11.25@11.40; yearlings, \$9.75@10.25; wethers, \$9@9.25; ewes, \$8.25@8.75.

Calves: Receipts, 1,500; market strong; tops, \$12; fair to good, \$10.50@11.50; fed calves, \$4.75@5.50.

Grains, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat: Cash No 2 red, \$1.16; July opened with an advance of 1-4c at \$1.16 1-2, advanced to \$1.17 1-4 and closed at \$1.17; September opened at \$1.17 1-4 and advanced to \$1.18; No 1 white, \$1.11.

Corn—Cash No 3, 71c; No 3 yellow, 73c; No 4 yellow, 71@72c.

Oats—Standard, 44c; No 3 white, 43c asked; No 4 white 41@42c.

Rye—Cash No 2, 97c.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$4; June, \$4.05.

Seeds—Prime red clover, \$8.85; prime alsike, \$9.25; prime timothy, \$3.70.

Hay—No 1 timothy, \$22.50@23; standard timothy, \$21.50@22; light mixed, \$21.50@22; No 2 timothy, \$19@20; No 1 mixed, \$16@16.50; No 2 mixed, \$11@13; No 1 clover, \$13@14; rye straw, \$7.50@8; wheat and oat straw, \$6.50@7 per ton in carlots, Detroit.

Flour—In one-eight paper sacks, per 196 lbs. jobbing lots: First patent, \$6.30; second patent, \$6.20; straight, \$5.80; spring patent, \$6.80; rye flour, \$6 per bbl.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$24; standard middlings, \$25; fine middlings, \$30; cracked corn, \$33; coarse cornmeal, \$32; corn and oat chop, \$29 per ton.

General Markets

Lemons—California, \$3.75@4.25 per box.

Cocoanuts—\$7.50 per sack and 90c @ \$1 per doz.

Strawberries—\$2.50@3 per 24-quart case.

Pineapples—Florida, \$2.75@3 per case and \$1.25@1.75 per doz.

Oranges—California navels, \$3@3.75 per box; Valencias, \$3.50@4 per box.

Apples—Baldwins, \$3@3.50; Steele Reds, \$4@4.50 per bbl; western, \$1.75@2 per box.

Nuts—Spanish chestnuts, 10c per lb; shesbark hickory, \$1.50; large hickory, \$1.25 per bu; walnuts, \$1.25 per bu.

Mushrooms—30@35c per lb.

Cabbage—New, \$4@4.25 per crate.

Asparagus—Illinois section, \$1.25@1.25 per box.

Celery—Florida, \$2.85@3 per crate and 90c@1 per doz.

Potatoes—Carlots on track, \$1.20@1.25 for white per bu.

Maple Sugar—New, 15@16c per lb; syrup, \$1.25@1.50 per gal.

Tomatoes—Hothouse, 20@25c per lb; Florida, \$4.25@4.50 per crate.

Dressed Calves—Best, 15c; good, 13 1/2@14c; ordinary, 12@13c per lb.

UNPROFITABLE ACRES FATAL TO SUCCESS



Fir and Cedar Stump Land—Good Soil, But Very Expensive to Clear.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

"Low-yielding acres, like boarder cows, are often fatal to successful farming," according to J. C. McDowell of the office of farm management, United States department of agriculture, in the new year book. "Our farm survey records show that areas of poorly drained, compact and sour soils, or soils low in humus, greatly reduce net profits. Sometimes these records show that as much as 30 percent of the entire farm acreage does not produce enough to pay its way.

"One farm in Wisconsin, on which records were recently taken, has 40 acres of poorly drained land that in its present condition is practically worthless. Twenty-five dollars per acre spent in drainage will make this 40-acre tract the equal of any in that district, and good land is selling there at \$150 per acre.

"The successful business man always tries to weed out all unprofitable enterprises and to expand those that pay a profit. Unprofitable acres cannot always be disposed of as readily as boarder cows, but usually they can be improved until they become profit bearing. If the income from such land cannot be increased it is quite possible that the labor spent upon it can be reduced until the income at least pays a little more than the cost of labor.

Itemize Before Purchasing. "In buying a farm, unprofitable acres that cannot easily be made profitable should ordinarily be considered as having little or no agricultural value. They may even be a burden to their owner, in which case they have a negative value. A farmer was about to buy a quarter-section farm in the corn belt at \$100 per acre. This appeared to him to be a very reasonable price for a farm in that region, until a careful analysis of the proposition called his attention to the large amount of waste land on the farm. Actual measurements and careful estimates furnished the following data:

80 acres rich, sandy loam, not stony, not rough, gently sloping, well drained, actual value \$125 per acre: \$125x80	\$10,000
45 acres poor land, sandy, stony, rough, hilly, probably of little or no agricultural value: actual value	0
35 acres poor pasture land, wet land that can be drained, but that cannot be drained at a profit: actual value \$10 per acre: \$10x35	350
Buildings	2,450
Total	\$12,800
\$12,800÷100=	\$80

"These figures gave the farm, including buildings, a value of \$80 per acre, though a part of it was worth consid-

erably more than the average price per acre asked for the farm. An itemized study of the farm, acre by acre, and a detailed study of fences, buildings and other improvements, should always be made before purchasing. Such investigation often calls attention to enough unprofitable acres to stop the sale.

Utilization of Unprofitable Acres. "To what extent and at what rate we should attempt to decrease the number of unprofitable acres depends largely on the increased demand for agricultural products. The law of diminishing returns prevents the reclamation of waste land until the rising prices or cheaper methods of production make such action practicable. Frequently it pays better to spend time and money in the further improvement of acres that are now profitable rather than in the reclamation of less desirable land.

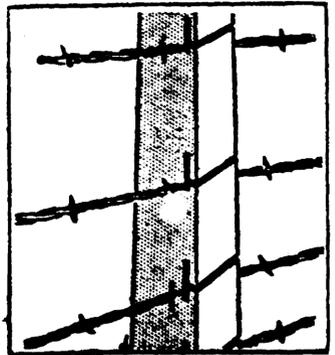
"Much money and valuable time is lost each year in almost every locality in the attempt to put unprofitable acres on a paying basis. Lack of satisfactory agricultural credit forces many a deserving family to waste time in trying to get a start on acres that moneyed men pass by. Misleading advertisements and inflated magazine articles have lured many a family to give up a comfortable living in the city to drag out a miserable existence in toil and worry on worthless land. Lack of knowledge of the business side of farming is largely responsible for loss in the management of unprofitable acres. The problem of how to prevent a waste of money, time and energy in the attempt to develop worthless land is worthy of careful study. At best such waste can only partially be prevented. The pity of it is that so much of this loss falls on those who can least afford to lose.

"Every farmer who owns unprofitable land should make a detailed examination of his farm, acre by acre, to detect all unprofitable areas. Next, he should determine the approximate cost of making each acre pay its way. Such study will disclose what and how much is needed in the way of manure, commercial fertilizer, drainage or other preparation, to produce satisfactory crop yields. This analytical study of each portion of the farm will sometimes call attention to many acres that cannot be cultivated profitably. It is better to leave such land in permanent pasture, or even to let it lie idle, than to work it at a loss. The farm not only furnishes a home, but it is a place of business. As such, each enterprise and acre should receive individual attention, and, so far as practicable, the entire farm should be placed on a paying basis."

FASTENING WIRES TO POST

Difficult Problem Said to Have Been Successfully Worked Out—Idea Looks Sensible.

A new way to fasten the wires to concrete posts is being tried out suc-



Wires Fastened to Post. constantly, it is claimed. If it works well a real triumph will have been

won, for the question of how to fasten wire to concrete posts has been a difficult one.

The new device consists of a slot made at an angle in the post, while a vertical slit is made to connect with the outside cut. The wire is placed in the slot while loose, and when tightened cannot get out of the groove. The idea looks sensible.

Scours and indigestion. The common trouble in calf raising is scours or indigestion. This is brought on by overfeeding, by feeding sour or cold milk, and by feeding in dirty pails or troughs.

Cause of Lodged Grain. The Hessian fly is the cause of much lodged grain because the attack of the insect maggot weakens the base of the stalk to such an extent that it is easily broken over.

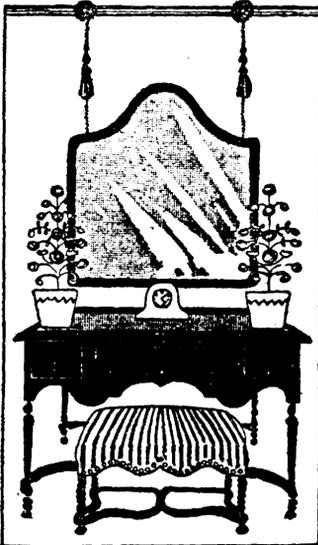
Use the Fanning Mill. Grade up the seed oats, wheat, barley and fax. Mince at the fanning mill is worth \$10 an hour in bigger crops from big, fat barns.

FOR A SMALL HALL

ARTICLE TO TAKE PLACE OF DIS-CARDED HAT RACK.

Mirror, With Small Table and Chairs, Clock and Writing Materials is the Proper Thing for the Modern Residence.

Sometimes the little problems about some furnishing are as difficult to solve as the large ones, and like most petty annoyances they are more vexatious. "How shall we furnish the front hall?" is as frequently asked, as "how shall we furnish the living room?"



Narrow Table With Bench Beneath, Mirror Above, Sole Furnishing of a Small Hall.

and the question is often harder to answer because of the limitations of space, light, etc.

Once in a while a thoroughly convenient article of furniture passes into disuse. Everyone rails against it. It is jeered at and derided and utterly condemned with the exclamation: "Why, I didn't know anyone ever used that nowadays." Presto! Vanishes the offending object, only perhaps to reappear with gusto fifty years hence.

DAINTY HOME-MADE BLOUSE

Of Filipino Embroidery and Lace, It May Easily Be Fashioned in Half a Day.

Everybody admires a dainty blouse and nearly every woman is able to make one for herself if she can get just the right sort of material. But for the busy woman, at any rate, there must be some inducement to warrant the time and work that go to the making of even the simplest waist.

Filipino hand embroidered blouse patterns can now be got for \$3.50, or with elaborately embroidered collars, for \$5.50. With the addition of 1 1/2 yards of mercerized batiste at 75 cents a yard, 4 yards of insertion at 18 cents, and 1 1/2 yards of lace edging at 25 cents a yard, materials for a lovely blouse can be got together.

A little blouse of this sort, made by a girl who is in an office all day, was edged up and down the front and around the square turnover collar with inch and a half calais val lace. The back was made in batiste panels alternating with lace insertion. The narrow embroidered strip which came with the pattern intended for a collar was used as the central panel of the back and the cuff pieces were let into the sleeves lengthwise and bordered by insertion to make deep cuffs. This blouse was finished by hemstitching around the tops of the sleeves, to outline the collar and cuffs and down the front. This added a dollar to the cost, but was just the necessary touch needed to make it complete. The girl spent about five hours of her evening time at cutting out, whipping on the lace and sewing up, and the entire cost was \$6.75.

MADE DRESS FROM OLD COAT

Economical Woman Tells How She Constructed Pretty Garment for Her Small Daughter.

How I made a dress for my little girl from a suit coat of my own: I first ripped, washed and pressed the goods carefully. Using the least worn parts of an old flannel night gown, I cut a fitted lining. The coat from which the dress was made was one made with a seam from the center of the shoulder seam at front and back; thus the back was made of three sections and each front of two.

Placing the center back on the center back of lining and each back side gave at each side so as to cover lining at arm's eye, and glancing fronts on each front lining in like manner, I

The hall piece that is now banished by fashion is the hat rack—the poor old thing! Think of being banished after years of such faithful service! And by some sort of reactionary principle the piece that is reclaimed from iniquitous desuetude is the wardrobe. Not only movable hat racks but the built-in type of thing, the looking glass with hooks at each side and arms extended in embracing curves to support wily wet umbrellas—old familiar, that seemed downright essential to all well regulated halls a year or so ago—are irrevocably doomed. The sad fact must be faced: "They have gone out of style!"

In conformity with the general trend toward better taste in home furnishing, nothing is allowable that has an untidy air, and certainly nothing was ever more untidy in appearance than the hat rack burdened with a miscellaneous lot of hats and wraps hanging in dejected folds, and not only exposed to view but, what was ever more lamentable, exposed to dust. Unsanitary and unhygienic was the verdict at the post-mortem.

If furnishings are elaborate throughout, the hall pieces are, of course, correspondingly so. Simple taste often calls for the most expensive materials. A hall may boast nothing more than a good piece of tapestry, a fine gothic chest, and a pair of torchieres, a paneled wall and mosaic floor, with a fine pelt thrown down on it—all this is simple enough—only one piece of furniture really—yet its cost would completely furnish the average home.

We can always strike a happy medium. Instead of a genuine tapestry we can use an attractive little mirror, one that will conform to the style in which our furnishing is done. Below this may be a table, with a chair at either side, or, if space forbids, a chair on one side only. It is a great convenience to have a small clock, preferably an inexpensive little eight-day clock, on the hall table. Here must also rest the maid's little silver card receiver, and it is quite necessary that the table should have a drawer and that pen and ink, pencil and pad should be kept in this drawer, so that signing of receipts at the door for parcels and notes, etc., can be attended to without the confusion of having to run around and look for writing materials while a messenger waits.

CREPE DE CHINE NEGLIGEE

left a small portion of lining exposed between the gores. Over these I fitted a box plait of material, allowing to lap enough to stitch a half-inch from edge all around and ending just below the top of the belt three inches wide, cut from one of the front facings. The coat was long enough to make the whole dress, and was gathered into the belt at the hips, one end of belt lapping over the other at the front, where the dress opened. The belt was placed over material, not cutting it away. The sleeves furnished sleeves again. The neck was finished with a sailor collar which, with the box plaits, were cut from small pieces which I had remaining when the suit was made. The dress buttoned down the front to the belt, which was made loose enough to slip over the head. I finished with new smoked pearl buttons, these being all the expense of a stylish-looking little dress.—Mrs. A. M. in Baltimore American.



Negligee of pale pink crepe de chine with plaited skirt. The entire negligee is trimmed with silver beading fringe.

CONFERENCE FOR RURAL LEADERS

ANOTHER LINE OF THE STATE COLLEGE'S WORK FOR THE BENEFIT OF FARMERS.

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS NOW

The Opportunity to Acquire Valuable and Important Information is Open to All Who Desire It.

East Lansing — Acting upon the unanimous request of those who attended the rural conference at M. A. C. a year ago the College has scheduled another conference for rural leaders this coming summer. The dates are from July 11th to 22d.

During this time the College will offer a well-rounded course of lectures dealing with all phases of rural leadership. Supt. Warren H. Wilson, of New York City, undoubtedly the greatest authority on the Rural Church today, will give ten lectures dealing with this subject. Prof. T. J. Meek, of James Milliken University, will give ten lectures on "Old Testament Prophets," as interpreted from the historical, economic and sociological points of view. A course of talks on the educational activities of the church will be in charge of Rev. A. R. Atwood of Lansing.

In addition to these the College will also offer a series of popular lectures on agricultural topics dealing with agricultural resources of Michigan, extension activities, horticulture, dairying, poultry raising, soils, etc. It will be the aim in these to provide a background for the right view of rural problems.

The Michigan Agricultural College is coming to believe that it has a responsibility in developing the right kind of social success in country communities as well as economic success. In fact, Kenyon L. Butterfield, president of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, just about epitomizes the situation when he says in his book, "The Country Church and the Rural Problem," "I hold that the problem of the Country Church is the most important aspect of the rural problem. It touches the highest point in the direction of rural life. It sounds the deepest note in the harmonizing of the factors of a permanent rural civilization. It speaks the most eloquent word in the struggle to maintain the status of the farming class."

Home Economics Conference.

The M. A. C. has also scheduled, for the coming summer, a conference in Home Economics, designed for teachers of this subject in schools, club women, and all others interested. This will take place July 10 to 14th. The sessions will be addressed by women of state and national reputation. Any one interested further in these conferences should address Director Summer Session, East Lansing, Michigan.

Cattle Feeding Proves Profitable.

A steer feeding experiment, recently concluded at the Michigan Agricultural College, shows that steers can be fed in Michigan at a profit.

Eighteen steers were sold on the Chicago market for \$1,978.47. Their total cost was \$1,842.79, giving a profit of \$135.68 or 7 per cent on the investment for five months. In figuring cost, the cost of feeds and marketing was added to the initial cost of 7c per pound. Feed was figured as follows: Cottonseed meal, \$38.00 per ton; alfalfa hay, \$12.00; corn, 70c per bushel, corn silage, \$4.40 per ton; cull beans \$15.00 per ton. For the part of this feed which a farmer could produce himself the price allowed is high enough to guarantee a very good profit on its production, as well as getting a profit from the steers fed. For the purposes of experiment the steers were divided into three lots of six steers each. Each lot was given the same feed except grain which was cottonseed meal for one, bean meal for one and cooked beans for the third. It is interesting to note that the profits on the three lots were \$58.90, \$41.58 and \$35.20 respectively.

That the experiment showed such a good profit is due in part to the spread of two cents between the buying and selling price. Had this difference been but one and one-half cents the profit would have been about 3 per cent. This bears out the general belief that in order to make money feeding cattle a difference of one and one-half cents between cost and sale price should be obtained.

Paris.—Bert Hall, one of the members of the American aviation corps, attacked a German aeroplane at a height of 13,000 feet, bringing it down. Hall followed downward to a height of 2,000 feet and saw his opponent smashed to fragments just within the German lines.

A Brooklyn Druggist Praises the Great Kidney Remedy

I have handled Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, kidney, liver and bladder remedy for twenty years and have heard plenty of favorable reports concerning it from my customers. They are satisfied with the results obtained from its use. I know of many cases where Swamp-Root has cured Stone in the Bladder, Gall Stones, Gravel, Catarrh or Inflammation of Bladder, Liver trouble and Rheumatism. I have used it in my own family with good results, and I heartily endorse Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and believe it has good curative value.

Very truly yours,
ALEX. LIPSCHITZ, Druggist,
84 North 6th Street,
Brooklyn, N. Y.
November 12th, 1915.
Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.—Adv.

RED, ROUGH, PIMPLY SKIN

Quickly Cleared by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

You may rely on these fragrant, super-creamy emollients to care for your skin, scalp, hair and hands. Nothing better to clear the skin of pimples, blotches, redness and roughness, the scalp of dandruff and itching and the hands of chapping and soreness.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Love Finds a Way.

"But your fiance has such a small salary; how are you going to live?" "Oh, we're going to economize. We're going to do without such a lot of things that Jack needs."

Important to Mothers

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use for Over 30 Years.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria
Schoharie, N. Y., is to open a free public library.

Makes Hard Work Harder

A bad back makes a day's work twice as hard. Backache usually comes from weak kidneys, and if headaches, dizziness or urinary disorders are added, don't wait—get help before the kidney disease takes a grip—before dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease sets in. Doan's Kidney Pills have brought new life and new strength to thousands of working men and women. Used and recommended the world over.

A Michigan Case

James Greenman, 142 E. Adam St., Ionia, Mich., says: "I was laid up for three months with terrible pains in my back. I had headaches and dizzy spells, was nervous and lost forty-five pounds in weight. Instead of an operation, as the specialist suggested, I used Doan's Kidney Pills and they permanently cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

WE PAY CASH FOR

MEDICINAL ROOTS, HERBS, LEAVES, BARKS, ETC.

We buy over two hundred different kinds of Medicinal Roots, Herbs, Leaves, Barks, Seeds, Flowers, Etc., for which we pay net cash on arrival.

We make a specialty of Ginseng, Golden Seal Root, Snake Snake Root, Star Root, Star GRASS Root, Boerhaave, Etc. We pay top cash prices.

If you want to line up with a progressive, growing, honest, up-to-date concern who will handle your goods right, who will keep you well posted on market conditions, write us for our price list, shipping tags, and full information.

H. R. LATHROP & CO., Inc.
110-112-114-116 Beakman Street Established 1910
194 Water Street New York City, N. Y.

SALLOW SKIN

is one of the greatest foes of womanly beauty. It is quickly cleared by correcting the cause—sluggish liver—with the aid of the gently stimulating, safe and dependable remedy—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 25c, 50c.

GALLSTONES

FREE

WIFE TOO ILL TO WORK

IN BED MOST OF TIME

Her Health Restored by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Indianapolis, Indiana. — "My health was so poor and my constitution so run down that I could not work. I was thin, pale and weak, weighed but 109 pounds and was in bed most of the time. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and five months later I weighed 133 pounds. I do all the house-



work and washing for eleven and I can truthfully say Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been a godsend to me for I would have been in my grave today but for it. I would tell all women suffering as I was to try your valuable remedy."—Mrs. WM. GREEN, 332 S. Addison Street, Indianapolis, Indiana.

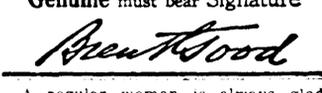
There is hardly a neighborhood in this country, wherein some woman has not found health by using this good old-fashioned root and herb remedy.

If there is anything about which you would like special advice, write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Bilioussness, Head-ache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature



A regular woman is always glad when her husband has a holiday, so that he can put in about eighteen hours doing odd jobs at home.

FITS, EPILEPSY, FALLING SICKNESS Stopped Quickly. Fifty years of uninterrupted success of Dr. Kilmer's Epilepsy Medicine insure lasting results. LAYTON BROTHERS, 172 E. W. KLINE COMPANY, Red Bank, N. J.—Adv.

Matrimony has destroyed many a sweet delusion.

Kill All Flies! They Spread Disease

Placed anywhere, Daisey Fly Killer attracts and kills all flies. Nest, clean, ornamental, convenient, and cheap. Lasts all season. No odor. One fly killed will not harm. Kill all house flies, stable flies, and other annoying pests. Ask for Daisey Fly Killer.

HAROLD SOMERS, 150 DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists.

For Piles Use Abell's Formalin Balm. Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded. For sale by all Druggists, or sent upon receipt of 25c postpaid. Send for free sample. HOME REMEDY CO. South Haven, Mich.

Every Woman Wants

Paxtine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE. Dissolved in water for douches, vaginal, pelvic, ovarian, uterine and hemorrhoidal use. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for its purity. A healing powder for sore, chafed, raw, cracked and sore eyes, nose, throat, and mouth. Cleanses and soothes. Sold by all Druggists. Price, 25c per box.

W. N. U., DETROIT, MICH.

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney - Mich.

G. W. TEEPLE Prop

For Painless Dentistry, See —
Dr. W. J. Wright
In The Dolan Block
PINCKNEY - MICHIGAN



OUR Friends can buy anything you can give them—except your photograph.

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT TODAY

Daisie B. Chapell
Stockbridge, Michigan

Grand Trunk Time Table

For the season ending Oct. 31, 1914

Trains East	Trains West
No. 46—8:34 a. m.	No. 47—7:52 a. m.
No. 48—4:44 p. m.	No. 47—7:27 p. m.

H. F. SIGLER, M. D., C. L. SIGLER, M. D.

Drs. Sigler & Sigler

Physicians and Surgeons

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main St.

PINCKNEY - MICHIGAN

DRY-CLEANING AND PRESSING

Having procured the equipment for the Dry-Cleaning Process, we are ready to do such work in first-class order

W. B. DARROW

The Industrial Fair and Automobile show at Jackson the week of June 6, will be the biggest event ever pulled off in Jackson County. It will be staged at the Fair Grounds in the Auditorium and Tabernacle

Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

C. J. SIBLEY, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Subscription, \$1. Per Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.
Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.
Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.
Local Notices, in Local columns five cent per line per each insertion.
All matter intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.
Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.
Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.
Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

Only four more weeks left of school.

Rosa Read was a Detroit visitor Friday.

Miss Florence Byer spent Saturday in Jackson.

Louis Weurth was a Jackson visitor over Sunday.

Mrs. Thos. Read spent the past week with Detroit relatives.

Mesdames Sigler and Meyer were Detroit visitors Thursday.

Carl Sykes and wife of Detroit spent Sunday with his parents of this place.

Mrs. N. P. Mortenson and son Percy visited Chelsea relatives Sunday.

Mesdames Wilcox, Barton, and Campbell were Howell visitors Thursday.

Mark Ayers of Detroit visited his grandmother Mrs. Sarah Nash over Sunday.

Tom Moran of Detroit spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Moran.

Robt. Entwisle and wife spent Sunday with her parents Mr. and Mrs. Ed Cook.

Miss Florence Tupper spent several days with relatives in Flint last week.

Mrs. C. P. Sykes and Mrs. C. L. Sigler were Detroit visitors the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Vail of St. Louis were week end guests of Miss Jessie Green.

Mrs. Avis Kennedy of Gregory was a guest at the home of Wm. Kennedy Sr. Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Swarthout and son Don, visited friends at Dexter and Chelsea Sunday.

Mrs. Fred Hemmingway visited her son Pearl Smith near Howell the latter part of last week.

A. L. Marvin of Grand Rapids was here in the interest of State wide prohibition last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Malachy Roche of Fowlerville spent a few days last week with Pinckney friends.

A number from here attended the dance at Dexter Tuesday evening. 120 numbers were out.

Mrs. Geo. Roche and Miss Gladys Fisk were guests of Mrs. Eugene Dinkel one day last week.

George Doody and family of near Gregory were guests of Mrs. Minnie Doody and children Tuesday.

Mrs. J. T. Eaman of Detroit was the guest at the home of H. A. Fick several days the past week.

There will be a Box Social at the home of Miss Hilda Hudson Friday evening, June 2nd, given by the H. S. Juniors.

Dr. Will Wylie of Dexter was in town Sunday.

Lyle Hender spent last Friday in Ann Arbor.

Frank Bowers of Detroit spent Tuesday here.

Arla Gardner spent Wednesday in Stockbridge.

H. B. Gardner spent Tuesday in Stockbridge.

E. Farnum transacted business in Howell Monday.

Chas. Reason and family spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Dinkel of Howell spent Tuesday here.

Mrs. W. C. Dunning was in Detroit several days last week.

Dr. Will Monks of Howell was a Pinckney visitor Sunday.

Agnes Carr spent the week end with her sister at Ann Arbor.

Mike Fitzsimmons of Jackson was in town one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Dwight Butler of Hamburg were in town Sunday.

S. E. Swarthout and family were in Howell one day last week.

Mrs. H. G. Briggs of Howell was an over Sunday guest of this place.

Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Smith spent Sunday with Eugene Dinkel of Howell.

Mrs. R. Finch of Detroit is visiting at the home of F. D. Johnson.

Helen McClear of Gregory spent the first of the week at the home of M. Dolan.

Ernest Kies of Flint spent the week end at the home of Bert VanBlaricum.

Francis Harris of Detroit spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. H. Harris.

Dr. C. M. Sigler and family of Lansing spent Sunday with his parents here.

Claude Monks of Detroit spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. John Monks.

C. G. Stackable and family of Chilson spent Sunday at the home of James Tiplady.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Rose of Ann Arbor spent Sunday with Pinckney relatives.

Wm. Collier underwent a serious operation at the Pinckney Sanitarium Sunday.

A number from this place attended the Masonic banquet at Dexter Friday evening.

Wirt Headee and family of Howell were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Headee Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Alden Carpenter spent Sunday at the home of their daughter Mrs. Fred Lake.

Dr. C. B. Gardner and family of Alma spent Sunday with his parents Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Gardner.

Mrs. Edward Fox and daughter Eleanor returned to their home in Appleton, Wisconsin last Wednesday.

Mrs. Walter Chapman and daughter Evelyn of Pontiac are visiting at the home of Michael Dolan.

E. G. Carpenter, who has been seriously ill in Ann Arbor, was able to return to his home in Pettysville Sunday.

Mrs. R. H. Teeple returned to her home in Manistique Sunday after spending several weeks at the home of her mother.

Helen and Clair Reason of Detroit and Walter Reason and friend of Ann Arbor spent the week end at the home of Floyd Reason.

Everybody is going to the Industrial Fair and Automobile Show at Jackson the week of June 6. It is to be held in the Auditorium and Tabernacle on the Fair Grounds.

GLASGOW BROS.

Noted For Selling Good Goods Cheap
JACKSON, MICHIGAN

It's None To Early to Plan Commencement Dresses!

The young ladies who will graduate this June are already beginning to plan their dresses for Commencement, and for Class Day and other festivities attendant upon graduation. And so at this time we would like to call your attention to our exceptionally fine showing of dainty goods for graduation gowns in the sheerest of dainty White Cotton Fabrics, in lustrous white silks, and in White Woolen Fabrics of fine quality. Look over our splendid assortment before making a final choice.

Graduation Ribbons

Fashion this season demands Ribbon for the sheer class day and graduation frocks. For the dainty colored class day dress we have all desirable shades in a 6-inch satin Taffeta Ribbon at only 35c a yard; 16-inch Moire at 25c and 35c a yard; 4 1/2 and 6-inch Floral Ribbon at 25c and 50c.

For the white graduation gown we are showing Taffeta at from 25c to broad sash widths at 50c a yard; Satin Taffeta at 35c, 50c and 85c a yard, and Moire at 25c, 35c and 50c a yard.

Our stock of narrower Ribbons for class colors is complete at lowest prices for best quality.

Dainty White Materials for Graduation and Class Day Gowns

Fine Organdies in plain, stripes, shadow Stripes and checks 40 and 45 inches wide, 25c and 35c.

Marquisettes, 36 to 40 inches wide, 50c.

Plain Voiles 25c, 35c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00 a yard.

Fine Mercerized Batiste, 25c, 35c.

Shadow and Lace Voiles, 40 inches wide, 25c to 75c a yd.

Persian Lawns, 25c and 35c.

Flaxons, Voiles and Dimities, 36 inches wide, 25c, 35c.

We have all the newest weaves in White Skirting, Plain Gabardines, Piques and Honey Combs, 2 1/2 to 85c per yard.

SPECIAL!

For Saturday, May 27th.

Sale on Shoes

Sale on Corsets

Two pkgs. Armour Washing Powder, 5c.

Sale on Blue Ribbon, Gold Medal and Crown

Baking Powder, 4 pkgs. Corn Flakes, 25c.

Farina Breakfast Food at 7c per pkg.

Sale on Insertion.

Sale on Pettijohn's Breakfast Food

Get our prices on Suit Cases and Traveling Bags.

C. E. BOOTH, PROP.

Classified Advertising

FOR SALE OR SERVICE A large boned, Eligible O. I. C. Boar. Also cows and heifers. Fred J. Teeple.

FOR SALE—House, Barn and two Lots. Steam heat, and electric lights. Every thing in best class condition, good garden, and well water. Terms suitable to purchaser. Price assessed valuation. J. C. Dunn.

Legal Advertising

STATE OF MICHIGAN. The Probate Court for the County of Lapeer, in and for the said County, held at the Probate Court in the Village of Howell, in said County, on the 21st day of May A. D. 1918.

In the matter of the estate of HARRY G. JACKSON, minor.

Emily M. Jackson, having filed in said court her petition, praying for leave to sell the interest of said estate in certain real estate therein described.

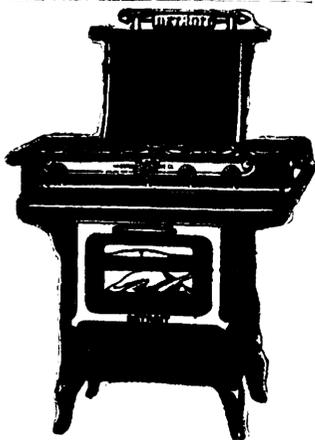
It is Ordered, That the 1st day of July A. D. 1918, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court, at said time and place, to show cause why she should not be allowed to sell the interest of said estate in the real estate therein described.

It is further ordered, That the said petition be given to publication in a newspaper for three successive weeks, commencing on said day of hearing in the Probate Court, in said County, printed and published in accordance with the provisions of the act in that behalf made.

Judge of Probate.

Cucumber Pickle Contracts

Contracts for growing cucumber pickle for the season of 1918 may now be had from our representative N. P. Montenson at greatly increased prices. We are paying from seventy-five cents to one dollar and a half per bushel for small pickles according to size and thirty-five cents for large. The Kucz-Harris Packing Co. Jackson, Mich.



Detroit Vapor Stoves

Oil and Gasoline

Works like city gas

Your husband will like this stove as well as you will because it will mean a saving in household expenses. It costs less to cook with than wood or coal. Simply light the burners and put the cooking on at once—that's all. Come to them at our store. Ten different styles to select from. Prices are very reasonable.

Dinkel & Dunbar.



THE CANDY CORNER.

SUMMER FONDANT.—Break the white of an egg into a glass so you can see its exact amount; then add to it an equal amount of liquid. The liquid may be fruit juice or sirup, water flavored with extract or good strong coffee, strained. Pour into a bowl, beat slightly and gradually stir in at least a pound of confectioner's sugar until it is of right consistency to be molded into creams. This is a foundation cream that can be used with nuts and candied fruits to make many favorite sweets.

Crystallized Peanuts.—Shell the peanuts, brown them slowly and remove the skins. Place in porcelain lined or granite kettle two cupfuls of gran-

North Lake

Miss Mary Whittan of Detroit was a week end visitor at the home of her parents of this place.

Miss Jennie Fuller is assisting Mrs. Richards of Chelsea with her household duties for a few weeks.

L. A. Schultz of Ann Arbor was a North Lake visitor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Russel Briggs of Glenn Brook Stock Farm spent Sunday with relatives in Luau.

Mrs. Chas. Karcher of Chelsea visited at the home of her sister Mrs. Chester Scouten here Sunday.

Several from here attended the exercises at Dexter Decoration Day.

Mrs. Robert Glenn is spending some time with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gilbert, H. A. Hudson and daughter spent Sunday with friends at White Oak.

The Golden Rule class gave a reception in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gilbert at their home Friday night. Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert were the recipients of a beautiful rug.

People You Know

Mr. Higgins of Ann Arbor spent Sunday here.

Mrs. Lynn Hendee spent last Wednesday with relatives in Howell.

Matt Brady and family of Howell spent Sunday with relatives of this place.

Mrs. Fred Swarthout spent a few days last week with her parents near Howell.

Mrs. Geo. R. Coe and Gladys Fiske spent Thursday with Mrs. Eugene Dinkel of Howell.

Miss Gladys Poole of near Gregory spent a few days of last week with her sister Mrs. A. H. Gilchrist.

Louis Mook and family of Howell and W. E. Murphy and family spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Peter Harris.

The North Hamburg Mite society will meet with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Macaulder Thursday June 8 for supper.

Wanted!

Fifty bushels of Potatoes at once. Mook's Bros.

A child takes Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets without thinking of medicine.

ulated sugar, one cupful of water and half a teaspoonful of cream of tartar. Bring this to a boil and stir until the sugar is dissolved. Then boil without stirring until a little dropped into cold water becomes hard and brittle; then remove immediately from the fire, dip the nuts snugly into the mixture and lay them on paraffin paper to dry. Sections of fruit and other kind of nuts may be treated in the same way.

Coffee Fudge.—Two cupfuls of light brown sugar, one cupful of granulated sugar, three-quarters of a cupful of strong boiled coffee, a piece of butter the size of a small egg and a pinch of salt if the butter isn't very salty. Boil until it forms a soft ball when dropped in cold water. Take it off the stove and stir in nut meats if liked. Now let it stand a few minutes, then stir until it begins to cool. Pour into a buttered pan, let cool, then mark it squares.

Chocolate Creams.—Beat the whites of two eggs to a stiff froth, adding gradually two cupfuls of confectioner's sugar. If the eggs are very large it may take a little more sugar. Flavor with a half teaspoonful of cinnamon or vanilla and stir well. Roll into little balls, drop on a lightly buttered plate and set away in a cool place for an hour to harden. Shave fine five ounces of chocolate and melt it over the teakettle or by setting the bowl containing it in a pan of hot water. When melted drop the creams into the chocolate one at a time, using a candy slipper or fork for this purpose; then lay on buttered paper to harden.

Anna Thompson.

Dr. Wiley Tells Why He Believes in Prohibition.

[Continued from 1st Page]

bad." "And yet," he continued, "I went into this business in good faith, have continued in it in good faith, have made an honest, straight whisky from the start to the finish; my standing in financial world is unchallenged; I am liked by my personal friends, whether they like my business or not. But I love my family and hate to be doing anything which casts a stigma upon my wife and children; therefore I am considering the advisability of quitting the business."

"The cause of total abstinence is marching slowly but surely to triumph. For years it has had periods of progress followed by longer periods of retrogression. The cause has found itself; now when it makes an advance it has learned to dig itself in. The enemy at most may spring a few mines and capture a few rods of trenches; he never will break the line. The legions of those working in the cause of humanity are gathering strength as they gather skill. They are becoming more and more effective as they become more united. They are becoming more and more effective as they become more united. They are taking new courage, inspired by the triumphs which have already been won. They are pressing on to a new era of humanity; not one of inanity, supineness, and inactivity, but an era of struggle of progress and achievement. Having shaken of the shackles of inebriety, man steps forth as a giant armed with new strength and eager for new triumphs. The mother may feel a sense of security in the thought that the greatest dangers that have beset the paths of boys in the past will no longer threaten to rob her of her treasures. Hear again the wisdom of Solomon: 'Look not thou upon the wine when it is red, when it giveth his color in the cup, when it moveth itself aright at the last it biteth like a serpent, and stingeth like an adder.'

PILLS BEST FOR LIVER

Because they contain the best liver medicines, no matter how bitter or nauseating for the sweet sugar coating hides the taste. Dr. King's New Life Pills contain ingredients that put the liver working, move the bowels freely. No gripe, no nausea, aid digestion. Just try a bottle of Dr. King's New Life Pills and notice how much better you feel. 25c. at your Druggist.

Meeting of Beef-Growers Association

The Tri-State Beef Grower's Assn. invites the dairymen of Michigan, Ohio and Indiana to see a bunch of steers out of grade Holstein and Jersey cows bred to a pure blood Aberdeen Angus bull closely related to five International Grand Champions, at the fair grounds at Jackson Mich., Tuesday June 6th. These steers were sold to a Jackson butcher at 90¢ in the country. A meeting of the Association will be held.

Exchange Clippings

The marriage of Miss Dora E. Dancer to Sumner L. Hall was solemnized Thursday evening, May 25th, at the home of the bride's father, W. J. Dancer, Rev. A. J. Adair of the Presbyterian church performing the ceremony. The happy couple left for a short wedding trip, and will be at home to their many friends after July 1st, corner D and Oak Sts., Mason, Mich.—Stockbridge Brief Sun.

Little Maxine Boyd, the eleven-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Boyd of Howell, met her death last Saturday afternoon by being killed from a bolt of lightning in front of the family residence. Some of the neighbors saw the child as she fell and rushed to her assistance and took the limp body to the house. Except for a tear in one shoe there was no other mark or burn about the child. The neighbors who saw the lightning bolt described it as resembling a ball of fire, exploding directly over the child's head.—Democrat.

Another Good Cash Store Here

The Teeple Hardware Store hereafter will sell goods for cash.

A Cash Discount of 10 per cent

will be deducted from all goods except Gasoline and Oils of all kinds, Coal, Salt, Calf Meal and Stock Food.

We expect every one to settle accounts and notes in the next 30 days.

Respy, yours

Teeple Hardware Company

Poultry and Eggs Wanted

Paying Cash for Poultry and Eggs delivered at my poultry house six days of the week and will pay all the market affords at all times.

E. FARNUM

DANGERS OF DRAFT

Drafts feel best when we are hot and perspiring, just when they are most dangerous and the result is Neuralgia, Stiff Neck, Sore Muscles or sometimes an attack of rheumatism. In such cases apply Sloan's Liniment. It stimulates circulation to the sore and painful part. The blood flows freely and in a short time the stiffness and pain leaves. Those suffering from Neuralgia or Neuralgic Headache will find one or two applications of Sloan's Liniment will give grateful relief. The agonizing pain gives way to a tingling sensation of comfort and warmth and quiet rest and sleep is possible. Good for Neuritis too. Price 25c. at your Druggist.

Examiner Who Encouraged Faking.

Bank clerks in England nowadays have to pass stiffer tests than their predecessors of a century ago. A candidate for a clerkship at the Bank of England in 1818 records that the only test set him was to sort up £100 of silver into £1 stacks, and the kindly examiner whispered, "Never mind, my lad, so long as you get 20 shillings in the last pound."—London Standard.

Pay your subscription this month

Idleness wastes a fortune in half the time that industry makes it.—Samuel Smiles.

We're Shouting

about the excellent quality of our printing. We don't care what the job may be, we are equipped to turn it out to your satisfaction. If we can't, we'll tell you so frankly.

Let Us Convince You

If you are constipated begin to take Dr. Miles' Laxative Tablets.

U. S. CITIZENS IN MEXICO HEARD FROM

EIGHTY-FOUR AMERICANS RESIDING AT TAMPICO SEND PROTEST.

MEXICANS HAMPER BUSINESS

The Signers of the Message Asserted Their Right to Protection By U. S. Government.

Washington—On the eve of the receipt of General Carranza's new note, which officials believe will renew the demand for withdrawal of American troops from Mexico, and with another conference between American and Mexican military commanders about to begin, a protest was received at the White House reporting serious difficulties between American oil operators at Tampico and the Mexican authorities. The protest came in the form of a telegram addressed to President Wilson by 84 American citizens residing at Tampico, who had held a mass meeting and determined to lay their case before the government. They declared the Mexican military officials were promulgating decrees designed to make it impossible for Americans to do business in the country and told him one of their number had been arrested and imprisoned for three hours because he refused to pay his employees wages fixed by the authorities in excess of terms previously agreed upon with the men.

The signers of the message asserted their right to protection from the American government, and announced their determination not to comply with the arbitrary and confiscatory orders and decrees by the Mexicans.

White House officials sent the protest to the state department for investigation. Other complaints already have been received regarding recent decrees by the Carranza government and it is probable there will be representations on the subject as soon as the controversy over the presence of American troops in Mexico is adjusted.

"It has become practically impossible for an American to do business of any nature in this section of the country," the Tampico message said, "because of restrictions placed by the authorities that we believe to be directed primarily against American citizens. For a year a series of decrees have made their appearance, which have been progressive in that they are consistently becoming more anti-American."

CHAIRMAN OUTLINES G. O. P. PLATFORM



CHARLES D. HILLES.

Chicago—Chairman Charles D. Hillis, of the Republican national committee, expressed the opinion that the platform which will be adopted by the national convention next month would be unusually brief and deal only with the most vital public questions. From information obtained in talking with party leaders on the subject he believes the principal planks in the platform will include the following:

A statement on Americanism.

A statement on preparedness for adequate military and naval defense.

A declaration in favor of a protective tariff to be prepared by a non-partisan tariff commission created by congress, with special attention to the needs of the industries of this country after the close of the European war.

A declaration in favor of a merchant marine.

A statement dealing with the shortcomings of the Democratic national administration.

On the question of national woman suffrage, Chairman Hillis said there was a difference of opinion among the party leaders and he did not know what action the convention would take on the subject.

The National Congressional union is the first organization to make formal application to appear before the committee on resolutions of the convention. It will urge the Republicans to insert a plank in favor of a suffrage amendment to the constitution and Chairman Hillis has promised the women a hearing before the committee.

The only other organization thus far to ask for a hearing is the Navy League of the United States, which will send a committee of 25, headed by its president, Captain Robert M. Thompson, to plead for a plank for the enlargement of the navy.

REBELS HOLD UP TRAIN

Only One Man Out of Over 200 Passengers Was Left Alive.

San Antonio, Tex.—More than 200 civilians were murdered between Mexico City and Cuernavaca three weeks ago, according to private advices received here. Rebels operating between Cuernavaca and Mexico City, attacked a train on which government employees were being sent to Cuernavaca to assume the governmental work in Cuernavaca. On the train were many women, wives and daughters of employees. Almost all of them were reported to have been subjected to indignities, after which a few of them were killed.

The rebels attacked the train south of Tres Marias on a heavy grade, overwhelming the little guard and poured into the cars a heavy fire. Those who leaped from the doors and windows were shot down as they attempted to escape. Only one man—the express messenger—was left alive according to the reports received here.

The rebels obtained a consignment of ammunition said to be 2,000,000 cartridges and 3,000,000 pesos of the new issue of currency.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

The Bay City council has set aside June 3 as Preparedness day, when a mammoth civic parade will be held. A similar demonstration will be held June 22, the last day of the G. A. R. encampment.

London.—David Lloyd-George minister of munitions, has been given full charge of the Irish situation, Premier Asquith announced in commons and has undertaken negotiations with the Irish leaders.

SERBIAN ARMY ARRIVES SALONKI

RE-EQUIPPED AND RE-ORGANIZED AT CORFU; SAFELY CROSSED AEGEAN SEA.

BULGARIANS ENTER GREECE

New Army of Serbians Reported to Be 100,000 Officers and Men.

London—The new Serbian army has arrived at Saloniki from the island of Corfu after safely crossing the Aegean sea, despite the menace of Austro-German submarines, to join with the Anglo-French forces in the long-expected campaign to drive the Austro-German-Bulgarian hosts out of Serbia. At the same time the Bulgarian army has invaded Grecian Macedonia and despite the protests of Greece has occupied strong strategic positions along the Strugma river, apparently the better to prepare to resist the offensive of the Allies, which begin at almost any hour. Information regarding these movements came to London in various dispatches and for the first time since the Austro-Germans began their drive into Serbia focussed military and political attention in the Balkans.

The arrival of the Serbian army at Saloniki was reported in a wireless dispatch received in Paris and transmitted to London. The dispatch said the Serbian army, in full strength, had landed after crossing the sea from the island of Corfu without loss. The Serbian army is variously estimated to number between 80,000 and 100,000 officers and men. It was re-equipped and re-organized at Corfu, 700 miles by water from Saloniki.

The first news of the Bulgarian invasion of Grecian Macedonia was contained in a dispatch from Athens to the Exchange Telegraph company here, stating that the French headquarters in the Balkans announced that the Bulgarians had occupied the Greek forts of Rupel, Dragotin and Spatovo, and were advancing from Demir-Hissar, southeast of Strumitza, toward Kavalla.

The Greek forts Rupel and Dragotin are, respectively, six and nine miles north of the town of Demir-Hissar, while Spatovo fort lies four miles east of that town. Kavalla, on which the Bulgarians are said to be marching, is a seaport on the Aegean sea, 55 miles in an air line southeast of Demir-Hissar.

POST INHERITANCE TAX

Court to Determine Legal Residence of the Deceased Millionaire.

Battle Creek—A jury has been obtained and the taking of testimony started before Judge North in circuit court in the appeal of the state of Michigan from the decision in the probate court in the inheritance tax case of the C. W. Post estate. The issue turns upon the question of the legal residence of the late Mr. Post, who for a number of years claimed Washington, D. C., as his residence. His estate paid the inheritance tax to the state of Michigan upon the showing of Washington residence. The state, through the attorney general, has sought to have declaration made that he was a resident of Michigan. Upon hearing of the issue in probate court some months ago Probate Judge Porter upheld the claim that Mr. Post was a resident of Washington.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Senator Charles A. Townsend, of Michigan, opposed an unsuccessful attempt by Senator Shafroth, of Colorado, to incorporate in the rivers and harbors appropriation bill an amendment compelling "local interests" benefited by improvements to pay at least 20 per cent of the cost.

Washington.—Pensions will cost the American people \$4,000,000 less this year than last under the annual pension bill, as reported by the appropriations committee. The total is \$158,065,000, two and one-half millions less than the estimates submitted.

John Anhut, who in the 22 years he has lived has seen many sides of life, rising from the position of bell-boy to the presidency of an automobile company, sitting in the senate at Lansing when only 26 years old, and for the past two years serving a term in Sing Sing prison, growing out of a charge that he tried to bribe the superintendent of Mattawan asylum to allow Harry Thaw to escape, is coming back to his old home town, Detroit.

WOLVERINE News Brevities

Grand Rapids.—William Akers, sixty years old, of Alpine fell dead from his wagon. Heart trouble was the cause.

Vassar.—Mrs. Laura Vought, thirty-eight, wife of Emory Vought, a Michigan Central railroad conductor, formerly of Detroit, is dead.

The action of the university senate in naming June 28 as the day for the Angell memorial service was ratified.

Sand Lake.—Burglars robbed the safe in the store of M. P. Nerien here of two certificates of deposit for \$500 each, and other papers.

Sturgis.—The largest class to be graduated from Sturgis high school will be the class of 1916. Forty-five will receive diplomas June 14.

Eaton Rapids.—A farmer's co-operative elevator for Bellevue is assured. The Cargo-Owen buildings at Bellevue have been bought for the purpose.

Muskegon.—Joe Cabayauska of Hart, full-blood Indian, enlisted here. "I want to see service in Mexico," he declared when asked why he joined.

Grand Rapids.—Claude R. D. Amsden, president of the Grand Rapids Screen company, died from an illness caused by a carbuncle.

Jackson.—The fifth annual Y. M. C. A. camp for boys will be held this year at Coler's Landing, Lee's lake, in Newton township, June 22 to July 1.

Lansing.—Governor Ferris honored requisition papers from Illinois for the return of Theodore Reynolds, under arrest in Detroit, wanted in Chicago on a charge of grand larceny.

Mason.—A breach of promise case brought against C. C. Woods of Dansville, by Ida VanVorse of Ingham township, resulted in a verdict of no cause of action.

Monroe.—Mrs. Adeline M. Choate, seventy-four, wife of Frank Choate of Monroetown, south of here, died here from pneumonia, after two weeks illness. She is survived by her husband.

Muskegon.—John W. Wilson, cashier of the Union National bank, and the bank directors have purchased the Mason block. The Hackley bank block will soon be enlarged to ten stories.

Benton Harbor.—Figures just made public show that last month the factory pay roll was upward of \$30,000 above April of last year. Nearly 500 more laborers were given employment.

Moscow.—Because of an epidemic of scarlet fever, it has been necessary to transfer the annual meeting of the Hillsdale county association of Eastern Star lodges to North Adams, June 2.

Saginaw.—New horses are arriving regularly at the local track, and by June 1 there will be about 35 head. New arrivals this week will be the Parish stables of Grand Rapids and Steve Brown's horses of Owosso.

Grand Rapids.—Mrs. Lena Dedreu, sixty-five years old, is dead after a lingering illness. Three years ago she was attacked by a highwayman, and never fully recovered from the shock.

Saginaw.—Frank Roderick, aged forty, a resident of Gladstone, left his home May 17 with a through ticket for Saginaw, but he has never arrived and his family is making inquiries. He has been traced as far as Mackinaw City.

Kalamazoo.—No cause for action was the verdict returned in the damage suit brought by Levix Cox against the M. U. T. and Dr. O. H. Clark. Cox alleged that he was injured when an automobile, driven by Doctor Clark, knocked him against a street car.

Ypsilanti.—Richard E. Nothard, aged sixty-three years, died at his home in this city of apoplexy. He leaves a widow and a brother and sister at Dexter. For several years Mr. Nothard was in the milling business in Ypsilanti.

Adrian.—A member of labor organizations from Detroit was in the city getting signers to a petition to be presented to the next legislature for a constitutional amendment to abolish the power of the judiciary to grant injunctions in cases involving disputes concerning labor.

Port Huron.—A woman, giving her name as Mrs. Folker of Campau avenue, this city, was struck here by the Grand Trunk train which leaves for Detroit at 10:30, and is in the hospital in a critical condition. The woman's relatives cannot be found at the address given.

Zeeland.—John Schipper, foreman in the Zeeland furniture factory, received serious internal injuries when he was caught between a belt and pulley. He was shifting the belt when he lost his footing and fell. Several ribs were broken and the flesh was torn from his body.

Frankfort.—Funeral services were held here for Rev. N. L. Otis, well-known preacher of Bloomer township, Montcalm county. Rev. Mr. Otis died Saturday, after an active career. He was chaplain of the Eighth Michigan cavalry during the Civil war and for many years a justice of the peace.

SOME SUMMER SALADS

ESPECIALLY DELICIOUS DISHES FOR THE HOT DAYS.

Three Made With Eggs and Different Varieties of Vegetables—Of Water-cress or Asparagus—Mixture is Liked by Many.

Salads, delicious throughout the year, are especially valuable as a part of the summer diet. Here are some interesting receipts for them:

Egg Salad.—A delicious egg salad—now that eggs are cheap again they can be used plentifully in luncheon salads—is made in this way: Boil the eggs hard for 20 minutes and cool. Remove shells and separate whites and yolks. Cream the yolk with a little melted butter and mix with mashed sardine. Form into balls about the size of egg yolks. Place a couple on each plate of crisp lettuce leaves. Press the whites through a ricer and sprinkle over the yolks. Serve with mayonnaise.

Another egg salad is made in this way: Boil the eggs hard and devil them and serve two halves on a slice of tomato on each plate, with a leaf of crisp lettuce in which a big spoonful of mayonnaise is placed.

Still another good egg salad is made by cutting hard-boiled eggs in half and removing the yolks. Fill the whites with diced beets and peas, mixed with mayonnaise, and put on lettuce leaves. Sprinkle with the crumbled yolks and add a spoonful of mayonnaise to each plate.

Watercress Salad.—Wash the watercress thoroughly and then dip it in salted water to which lemon juice has been added. Shake well and serve with French dressing or mayonnaise.

Asparagus Salad.—Asparagus salad is reasonable. Boil asparagus stalks carefully, drain and chill. Serve three or four on a lettuce leaf for each person and dress with French dressing. Or else on each group of asparagus stalks place a spoonful of mayonnaise and sprinkle generously with red pepper.

Spinach Salad.—Chop cold boiled spinach thoroughly. Dress with French dressing and form into a small mound or a nest on each plate. If made in nest form, add three or four eggs made from the mashed yolks of hard-boiled eggs and sprinkle the chopped white over all. If in the mound, garnish with lengthwise eighths of the hard-boiled eggs.

Cauliflower Salad.—Boil cauliflower and drain it thoroughly. Break it into sections and serve on lettuce with mayonnaise. Garnish with diced tomato.

Mixed Salads.—All sorts of mixed vegetable salads are palatable at this time of year. There are as many combinations as the ingenuity of the cook may devise. For instance, diced cucumbers, diced sweet, red and green peppers and diced celery, mixed with French dressing, are good. Then there are diced tomatoes, peppers and cucumbers. There are string beans, with diced beets, and there are tomato and celery together. All can be served with mayonnaise, but French dressing is better with such celebrated mixtures.

Mutual Gingerbread Pie. Line a deep plate with rich pie crust. Stir together half a cupful of molasses, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of lard and one teaspoonful of ginger, then add a cupful of boiling water with one teaspoonful of soda dissolved in it. Stir in one and one-quarter cupfuls of flour and beat well with eggbeater; then break into the mixture one egg and beat thoroughly. Pour into crust and bake until a toothpick thrust into the center of cake comes out clean. When cold, spread top thickly with whipped cream, sweetened and flavored if desired.

Jelly Wafers. When I have a little pie crust left over I roll it out as thin as for a pie, then cut it into squares or any odd shape, so there will not be any pieces left, and bake quickly on the bottom of an inverted pie pan. When cold, put away in tight tin pail, and when I have enough to serve the family I lay a thin slice of firm crabapple jelly on each wafer and my family like them. I call them jelly wafers. I use a little baking powder in my pie crust and the wafers puff up in all sorts of shapes.—Exchange.

Cucumber Stew. Pare and slice one pint of fresh cucumbers, put in kettle with just water to cover them. Cook till tender. Pepper, salt and piece of butter. Add milk for as much as you want. Eat with crackers like oyster stew.

Sweet Pepper Salad. Take a lettuce heart, cut a green sweet pepper into straw-shaped lengths, arrange on the lettuce, sprinkle with walnuts broken in small pieces and mask with mayonnaise dressing.

WARIS WHATSHERMANS SAID

Scenes Around Verdun.

Every man in a French force penetrating Fort Douaumont was killed in a German charge.

Men are fighting in dark, underground tunnels, using hand search-lights and knives and bombs.

Hundreds of French and Germans have been buried alive in the wrecking of underground works by shell-fire.

Scores have gone insane from the lust of the horrible butchery.

Surgeons, amputating arms and legs without anaesthetics, report wounded French and Germans continuing the struggle with knives though unable to stand.

A French captain reported 7,000 dead heaped along a 700-yard front.

MICHIGAN NEWS ITEMS

Burglars robbed the safe in the store of M. P. Nerien of Sand Lake of two certificates of deposit for \$500 each and valuable papers, taken from the cash register.

During an electrical storm Eleanor, 5-year-old daughter of Charles Bedard of Calumet was killed. A bolt struck the house, Mrs. Bedard was knocked down, but the five other children in the same room were not hurt. Three barns were struck and burned.

The mystery of the skeleton found in the attic of a Breedsville house has been solved. A brother of Harry MacNiven, the builder of the house, who was a contractor in Mexico, brought the skeleton, which he found in excavating for a building in Mexico.

J. S. Kovern, superintendent of the Electric Railway & Light Co., in Benoni, dropped dead of heart failure while eating supper. Worry over his only daughter, who is in a hospital awaiting a surgical operation, is believed to have caused the fatal attack.

The City of Numbered Days

By Francis Lynde

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CHAPTER XXIII—Continued.

"Great heavens!" he exclaimed. "Today's the day! In the hustle I had forgotten it, and I'll bet old David has—if he hasn't simply ignored it. That accounts for the reunion at the Metropole!"

"Don't worry," said Harlan easily. "The bank has gone, vanished, shut up shop. At the end of the ends, I suppose, they can make David pay; but they can't very well cinch him for not meeting his notes on the dot."

"Massingale doesn't really owe them anything that he can't pay," Brouillard asserted. "By wiring and writing and digging up figures, we found that the capitalizing stockholders, otherwise J. Wesley Cortwright, and possibly Schermerhorn, have actually invested fifty-two thousand dollars, or, rather, that amount of Massingale's loan has been expended in equipment and pay rolls. Three weeks ago the old man got the smelter superintendent over here from Red Butte and arranged for an advance of fifty-two thousand dollars on the ore in stock, the money to be paid when the first train of ore cars should be on the way in. It was paid promptly in New York exchange, and Massingale indorsed the draft over to me to be used in the directors' meeting, which was never held."

"Go over and flash Massingale's fifty-two thousand dollars at 'em. They'll turn loose. I'll bet a yellow cur worth fifteen cents that they're wishing there was a train out of this little section of Sheol right now. Hear that!"

The crash of an explosion rattled the windows, and the red loom on the Jack's mountain side of the town leaped up and became a momentary glare. The fell spirit of destruction, of objectless wreck and ruin, was abroad, and Brouillard turned to the stairway door.

"I'll have to be making the rounds again," he said. "The Greeks and Italians are too excited to stand much of this. Take care of yourself; I'll leave Grif and a dozen of the trustees to look after the shop."

CHAPTER XXIV The Terror

When Brouillard reached the sidewalk the upper avenue was practically deserted. But in the eastern residence district, and well around to the north, new storm-centers were marked by the increasing number of fires. Brouillard stopped and faced toward the distant and invisible Timanyonia. A chill autumn breeze was sweeping down from the heights and the blocking wall of the great dam turned it into eddies and dust-pillared whirls dancing in the empty street.

Young Griffith sauntered up with his Winchester in the hollow of his arm.

"Anything new?" he asked.

"No," said Brouillard. "I was just thinking that a little wind would go a long way tonight, with these crazy house-burners loose on the town." Then he turned and walked rapidly to the government headquarters, passed the sentry at the door of the mapping room; and out of the fireproof vault where the drawings and blue-print duplicates were kept took a small tin dispatch box.

He had opened the box and had transferred a slip of paper from it to the leather-covered pocket field book which served him for a wallet, when there was a stir at the door and Castner hurried in, looking less the clergyman than the hard-working peace officer.

"More bedlam," he announced. "I want Gassman or Handley and twenty or thirty good men. The mob has gone from wrecking and burning to murdering. Pegleg John was beaten to death in front of his saloon a few minutes ago. It is working this way. There were three fires in the plaza as I came through."

"See Grislow at the commissary and tell him I sent you," said the chief. "I'd go with you, but I'm due at the Metropole."

"Good. Then Miss Amy got word to you? I was just about to deliver her message."

"Miss Massingale? Where is she, and what was the message?" demanded Brouillard.

"Then you haven't heard? The 'Little Susan' is in the hands of a sheriff's posse, and David Massingale is under arrest on some trumped-up charge—selling ore for his individual account, or something of that sort. Miss Amy didn't go into particulars, but she told me that she had heard the sheriff say it was a penitentiary offense."

"But where is she now?" stormed Brouillard.

"Over at the hotel. I supposed you knew; you said you were going there." Brouillard snatched up the dispatch box and flung it into the fireproof. While he was locking the door Castner went in search of Grislow, and when Brouillard faced about, another man stood in the missionary's place by the mapping table. It was Mr. J. Wesley Cortwright.

"I didn't think I'd have to ask a favor of you again, Brouillard, but needs must when the devil drives," he began, with an attempted assumption of his former manner. "We didn't know—the newspapers didn't tell us anything about this frightful state of affairs, and—"

Brouillard had suddenly lost his desire to hurry.

"Sit down, Mr. Cortwright," he said. "I was just coming over to see you—to congratulate you and Mr. Schermerhorn on your return to Mirapolis. We have certainly missed the mayor, not to mention the president of the common council."

"Of course—yes," was the hurried rejoinder. "But that's all over. You said you'd get us, and you did. I don't bear malice. If you had given me one more day I'd have got you; the stuff that would have broken your neck with the Washington people was all written and ready to put on the wires. But that's past and gone, and the next thing is something else. There is a lot of money and securities locked up in the Niquola bank vault. We've come to clean up, and we brought a few peace officers along from Red Butte for a guard. The miserable scoundrels are scared stiff; they won't stir out of the hotel. Bongras tells me you've got your force organized and armed—can't you lend us fifty or a hundred huskies to keep the mob off while we open that bank vault?"

Brouillard's black eyes snapped, and the blood danced in his veins. The opportunity for which he would have bartered Ormuz' treasure had come to him—was begging him to use it.

"I certainly can," he admitted, answering the eager question and emphasizing the potentiality.

"But will you? that's the point. We'll make it worth your while. For God's sake, don't say no, Brouillard! There's pretty well up to a million in that vault, counting odds and ends and left-overs. Schermerhorn oughtn't to have left it. I thought he had sense enough to stay and see it taken care of. But now—"

"Of. But now the mob is very likely to wreck the building and dynamite the vault, you were going to say. I think it is more than likely, Mr. Cortwright, and I wonder that it hasn't been done before this. It would have been done if the rioters had had any idea that you'd left anything worth taking. And it would probably wreck you and Mr. Schermerhorn if it should get hold of you; you've both been burned in effigy half a dozen times since you ran away."

"Oh, good Lord!" shuddered the magnate. "Make it two hundred of your men, and let's hurry. You won't turn us down on this, Brouillard?"

"No. It is no part of our duty to go and keep the mob off while you save your stealings, but we'll do it. And from the noise they are making down that way, I think you are wise in suggesting haste. But first there is a question of common justice to be settled. An hour ago, or such a matter, you sent a part of your sheriff's posse up to seize the 'Little Susan' and to arrest David Massingale—"

"It's—it's a lie!" stammered Cortwright. "Somebody has been trying to backcap me to you!"

Brouillard looked up, frowning.

"You are a good bit older man than I am, Mr. Cortwright, and I sha'n't punch your head. But you'll know why I ought to when I tell you that my informant is Miss Amy Massingale. What have you done with old David?"

The man who had lost his knack of bluffing came down and stayed down.

"He's—he's over at the hotel," he stammered.

"Under guard?"

"Well—yes."

Brouillard pointed to the telephone on the wall.

"Go and call up your crowd and get it here. Tell Judge Williams to bring the stock he is holding, and Schermerhorn to bring the Massingale notes, and your man Jackson to bring the stock-book. We'll have a directors' meeting that was called, and wasn't held, three weeks ago."

It was a crude little expedient, but it sufficed. Cortwright strapped to the phone and cursed and swore at it until he had his man at the other end of

the wire. The man was the lawyer, as it appeared, and Cortwright abused him spitefully.

"You've bailed it—balled it beautifully!" he shouted. "Come over here to Brouillard's office and bring Schermerhorn and the stock and the notes and Jackson and the secretary's books and Massingale and your infernal self! Get a move, and get it quick! We stand to lose the whole loaf because you had to butt in and sweep up the crumbs first!"

When the procession arrived, as it did in an incredibly short time, Brouillard laid down the law.

"We don't need these," he said curtly, indicating the two deputies who came to bring David Massingale. And when they were gone. "Now, gentlemen, get to work and do business, and the less time you waste the better chance there will be for your bank salvage. Three requirements I make: you will turn over the stock, putting Mr. Massingale in possession of his mine, without incumbrance; you will cancel and surrender his notes to the bank; and you will give him a document, signed by all of you, acknowledging the payment in full of all claims, past or pending. While you are straightening things out, I'll ring up the yards and rally your guard."

Cortwright turned on the lawyer. "You hear what Brouillard says; fix it, and do it suddenly."

It was done almost before Brouillard had made Leshington, in charge of the yards, understand what was wanted.

"Now a note to your man at the mine to make him let go without putting us to the trouble of throwing him over the dump," said the engineer, when he had looked over the stock transfers, examined the canceled notes, and read and witnessed the signatures on the receipt in full.

Cortwright nodded to the lawyer, and when Williams began to write again the king of the promoters turned upon Brouillard with a savage sneer.

"Once more you've had your price," he snarled bitterly. "You and the old man have bilked us out of what we spent on the mine. But we'll call it an even break if you'll hurry that gang of huskies."

"We'll call it an even break when it is one," retorted Brouillard; and after he had gathered up the papers he took the New York check from his pocket-book, indorsed it, and handed it to Cortwright. "That is what was spent out of the hundred thousand dollars you had Mr. Massingale charged with, as nearly as we can ascertain. Take it and take care of it; it's real money."

He had turned again to the telephone to hurry Leshington, had rung the call, and was chuckling grimly over the collapse of the four men at the end of the mapping table as they fingered the slip of money paper. Suddenly it was borne in upon him that there was trouble of some sort at the door—there were curses, a blow, a mad rush; then . . . It was Stephen Massingale who had fought his way past the door-guarding sentry and stood blinking at the group at the far end of the mapping board.

"You're the houn' dog I'm lookin' for!" he raged, singling out Cortwright under the dazzle of the electric permitted him to see. "You'll rob an old man first, and then call him a thief and set the sheriff on him, will you—?"

Massingale's pistol was dropping to the firing level when Brouillard flung away the telephone earpiece and got between. Afterward there was a crash like a collision of worlds, a whirling, dancing medley of colored lights fading away to gray and then to darkness, and the engineer went down with the avenger of wrongs tightly locked in his arms.

After the period of darkness had passed and Brouillard opened his eyes again upon the world of things as they are, he had a confused idea that he had overslept shamefully and that the indulgence had given him a bad headache.

The next thought was that the headache was responsible for a set of singular hallucinations. His blanket bunk in the sleeping shack seemed to have transformed itself into a white bed with pillows and snowy sheets, and the bed was drawn up beside an open window through which he could look out, or seem to look out, upon a vast sea dimpling in the breeze and reflecting the sunshine so brightly that it made his headache a darting agony.

When he turned his face to escape the blinding glare of the sun on the sea the hallucinations became soothingly comforting, not to say ecstatic. Someone was sitting on the edge of the bed; a cool hand was laid on his forehead; and when he could again see straight he found himself looking up into a pair of violet eyes in which the tears were trembling.

"You are Amy—and this is that other world you used to talk about, isn't it?" he asked feebly.

The cool hand slipped from his forehead to his lips, as if to warn him that he must not talk, and he went through the motions of kissing it. When it was withdrawn he broke the silent prohibition promptly.

"The way to keep me from talking is to do it all yourself; what happened to me last night?"

She shook her head sorrowfully.

"The last night you mean was three weeks ago. Stevie was trying to shoot Mr. Cortwright in your office and you got between them. Do you remember that?"

"Perfectly," he said. "But it still seems as if it were only last night. Where am I now?—not that it makes any difference, so long as I'm with you."

"You are at home—our home; at the 'Little Susan.' Mr. Leshington had the men carry you up here, and Mr. Ford ran a special train all the way from Denver with the doctors. Stevie's bullet struck you in the head, and—and we all thought you were going to die."

"I'm not," he asserted, in feebly desperate determination. "I'm going to live and get to work and earn a hundred thousand dollars, so I can say, 'Come, little girl—'"

Again the restraining hand was laid upon his lips, and again he went through the motions of kissing it.

"You mustn't talk!" she insisted. "You said you'd let me." And when he made the sign of acquiescence, she went on: "At first the doctors wouldn't give us any hope at all; they said you might live, but you'd—you'd never—never remember—never have your reason again. But yesterday—"

"Please!" he pleaded. "That's more than enough about me. I want to know what happened."

"That night, you mean? All the things that you had planned for. Father got the mine back, and Mr. Leshington and the others got the riot quelled after about half of the city was burned."

"But Cortwright and Schermerhorn—I promised them—"

"Mr. Leshington carried out your promise and helped them get the money out of the bank vault before the mob sacked the Niquola building and dynamited it. But at the hotel they were arrested on the order of the bank examiner, and everything was taken away from them. We haven't heard yet what is going to be done with them."

"And Gomorrah?" he asked.

She slipped an arm under his shoulders and raised him so he could look out upon the mountain-girt sea dimpling under the morning breeze.

"There is where it was," she said soberly, "where it was, and is not, and never will be again, thank God! Mr. Leshington waited until everybody had escaped, and then he shut the wasteway gates."

Brouillard sank back upon the pillows of comfort and closed his eyes.

"Then it's all up to me and the hundred thousand," he whispered. "And I'll get it . . . honestly this time."

The violet eyes were smiling when he looked into them again.

"Is she—the one incomparable she—worth it, Victor?"

"Her price is above rubies, as I told you once a long time ago."

"You wouldn't let pride—a false pride—stand in the way of her happiness?"

"I haven't any; her love has made me very humble and—and good, Amy, dear. Don't laugh; it's the only word; I'm just hungering and thirsting after righteousness enough to be half-way worthy of her."

"Then I'll tell you something else that has happened. Father and Stevie have reorganized the 'Little Susan' Mining company, dividing the stock into four equal parts—one for each of us. You must take your share, Victor. It will break father's heart if you don't. He says you got it back for him after it was hopelessly lost, and that is true."

"Kiss me, Amy, girl, and then go and tell your father that he is a simple-hearted old spendthrift, and I love him. And if you could wire Castner, and tell him to bring a license along—"

"Oh boy—foolish boy!" she said. "Wait; when you are well and strong again."

But she did not make him wait for the first of the askings; and after a healing silence had fallen to show the needlessness of speech between those who have come through darkness into light, he fell asleep again, perhaps to dream that the quieting hand upon his forehead was the touch of Love, angel of the bright and shining way, summoning him to rise up and go forward as a soul set free to meet the dawning day of fruition.

THE END.

Velocity of Wind.

In meteorological terms a strong wind is anything from 24 to 37 miles an hour; a gale from 38 to 55 miles, and a storm from 56 to 75 miles. Beyond that it may be described as a hurricane. In the convulsion which destroyed the Tay bridge in December, 1879, the anemometer registered gusts of wind which exceeded 100 miles an hour. The connection between the velocity and the pressure of the wind is not yet known with absolute certainty, but roughly speaking (wind of 40 miles) produces a pressure of eight pounds to the square foot and 51 miles a pressure of 13 pounds. The British Association Committee on Wind Pressure has recorded cases of eight to ninety pounds to the square foot.—London Chronicle.

DAIRYING IN WESTERN CANADA

Accompanying Industries Also Prove Highly Profitable.

The cheese industry throughout western Canada today is in a highly flourishing condition and is bound in a very short time to become much more important. The war has created a great demand for that article, and its use abroad has given it a lot of useful advertising. The article known as Canadian cheese is now sought not only by the soldier in the trenches, but by the ordinary civilian consumer, who, having used it, is quick to appreciate its value. This means that after the war there will be a demand created for it that would not otherwise have been. Up to the present the war needs have limited the local supply, but with the increased effort that is now being put forth it is hoped that this will be met. As a matter of course the prices are high, and the farmers who contribute to the cheese factories are making money.

The cheese season is now fully open and there is every prospect of an excellent year because the high price which obtained last year will undoubtedly be maintained this season. Western Canada has all the natural resources for the making of cheese, the feed and the cool nights, two things essential, and in time it is bound to become one of the finest cheese countries of the continent.

The lower foothills of Alberta, used only at the present time as ranges or for no purpose, will in time produce cheese in great quantities, and doubtless will soon equal the famous uplands of Denmark.

The cool nights mean the better keeping of milk and cream and cheese, and that is a great thing for the industry, especially when combined with possibilities of cattle feed such as exist on the long slopes from the Rockies eastward.

The hog market, which may be classed as an adjunct of farming, is an exceedingly good one, and the low cost at which the feed can be produced, coupled with the high prices realized, make this industry very profitable.

One of the first thoughts that occur to the mind of the average prospective settler is the likelihood of suitable markets. In this connection the following table will be illuminating. It is supplied by the P. Burns company, packers and exporters, of Calgary, and shows the average monthly price paid for hogs for the six years 1910 to 1915 inclusive. When one considers the low initial cost of the land and the small overhead cost of maintenance and feed, these prices challenge comparison.

	1910	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915
January	7 1/2	8	8	7 3/4	8 1/2	\$6.71
Feb.	7 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	8	7 1/2	6.96
March	7 1/2	8	8 1/2	7 1/2	7 1/2	7.16
April	7 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	7 1/2	8.06
May	7 1/2	9	8 1/2	7	7 1/2	8.28
June	7 1/2	8 1/2	8	8	8 1/2	8.30
July	7 1/2	8 1/2	8	8	8 1/2	8.12
August	8	8	8 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	7.93
Sept.	8	8 1/2	9	8 1/2	7 1/2	8.86
Oct.	8	8 1/2	8 1/2	7 1/2	8	9.02
Nov.	7 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	7 1/2	6 1/2	8.36
Dec.	7 1/2	8 1/2	8 1/2	7 1/2	6 1/2	8.70 1/2

A farmer of Monarch, Alberta, claims the distinction of being the first in the province to sell a carload of hogs at the high price of eleven cents a pound, live weight. The sale was made a short time ago at Calgary, and at that time was a record, although prices have since gone as high as \$11.12 1/2 per hundredweight. With such prices available for hogs the farmer has a market for everything his farm produces, as there is practically no farm product which cannot be converted into good hog flesh. The uncertainty of results which attends grain farming even under most favorable conditions is removed when the settler goes in for raising hogs, beef and dairy products. With Western Canada's cheap lands, heavy crops, and climate free from diseases of stock, the stock farmer is as sure of success as anyone can be.—Advertisement.

No Lack of Rations.

Returned soldier (relating experiences)—We were just making up our mouths for a feed, miss, when a big shell blew up the grub wagon.

Sympathetic young woman—You poor fellows! So you fought all day without rations.

Soldier—Not exactly, miss. Other shells from the enemy supplied us with perforations and lacerations in abundance.

Every time anything disagreeable happens to the average married man his wife gets busy and reminds him that she warned him in advance.

It pays to be honest—but the pay usually goes to the other fellow.

The Biggest Thing in 1916

The Industrial Fair and Automobile Show

In the Auditorium and Tabernacle on the Fair Grounds, Jackson, Mich.

Opens on June 6, 1916

AND RUNS ALL THE WEEK

All the latest in Automobiles
Everything from an Electric to
a Motar Truck

Nearly Everything Manufactured
in Jackson Will Be On
Exhibition

Automobiles to be assembled
Every Night Right Before
Your Eyes

The Greatest Electrical Display
Ever Seen in Michigan
Will Be Here

Two Big Shows for 10c

It is well said that "The World Takes What Jackson Makes." We want to show you what Jackson makes.

Don't fail to attend this stupendous exhibition of Automobiles and things produced in Jackson. If you haven't the price to come, borrow it. It will be money well spent. Admission will be 10c. Two big shows under one cover.

The Show Opens at 1 p. m. June 6, '16

Finds Cure for Epilepsy After Years of Suffering

"My daughter was afflicted with epileptic fits for three years, the attacks coming every few weeks. We employed several doctors but they did her no good. About a year ago we heard of Dr. Miles' Nervine, and it certainly has proved a blessing to our little girl. She is now apparently cured and is enjoying the best of health. It is over a year since she has had a fit. We cannot speak too highly of Dr. Miles' Nervine."



MRS. FRANK ANDERSON, Cadillac, Mich.

Thousands of children in the United States who are suffering from attacks of epilepsy are a burden and sorrow to their parents, who would give anything to restore health to the sufferers.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is one of the best remedies known for this affliction. It has proven beneficial in thousands of cases and those who have used it have the greatest faith in it. It is not a "cure-all," but a reliable remedy for nervous diseases. You need not hesitate to give it a trial.

Sold by all Druggists. If the first bottle fails to benefit your money is returned.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Self Reliance. "Never complain about what you can't help," said Mr. Optim. "And yet," replied Mr. Pessim, "there's no excuse for complaining about anything else." — Washington Post. Buy your subscription this month.

Dogs That Froth at the Mouth.

There is a prevalent impression that "frothing at the mouth" is proof that a dog is "mad." The rabid dog does not "froth." The dog that does usually has some stomach trouble or has been running hard and shows it, just as a hard driven horse does. Remembrance of this fact should prevent a lot of cruelty to sick, lost, tired and frightened dogs. When you see a dog "frothing at the mouth" don't yell for policemen and guns. Just let the poor beast alone, or try to get it into a quiet corner where it can lie down and rest. Then give it a dish of cold water and keep on letting it alone, and insist that your neighbors do likewise.—Chicago Herald.

COLDS QUICKLY RELIEVED

Many people cough and cough—from the beginning of fall right through to spring. Others get cold after cold. Take Dr. King's New Discovery and you will get almost immediate relief. It checks your cold, stops the racking, rasping, tissue-tearing cough, heals the inflammation, soothes the raw tubes. Easy to take, Antiseptic and Healing Get a 50c bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery to-day. "It is certainly a good medicine and I keep a bottle of it continually on hand" writes W. C. Jessemann, Franconia, N. H. Money back if not satisfied.

Notice!

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Review of the township of Putnam, will be in session at the Town Hall in the village of Pinckney, on Monday and Tuesday, June 12th and 13th, from nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon of each of said days, for the purpose of reviewing the assessment roll of the Township of Putnam for the year 1916, and for the adjustment of any grievances that may come before said board. Dated May 24, 1916. W. C. Miller, Supervisor.

Later cultivation for the purpose of retaining moisture and killing weeds should be shallow. If the soil has been properly worked before planting time or deep cultivation has been given while the corn is small, later cultivation need not be more than two or three inches deep.

After corn is from eight to twelve inches high, deep or close cultivation becomes increasingly harmful, cutting the roots near the surface and reducing the amount of water supplied to the plants.

Sufficient cultivation should be given to keep the surface of the soil mellow and free from weeds. Cultivation beyond this is unnecessary and only increases the cost of production.

CORN CULTIVATION.

The Condition and Character of the Soil the Determining Factors. The amount and kind of cultivation for best results with corn depend upon the character and condition of the soil.

If the seed bed is firm below, mellow at the surface, and free from weeds, shallow early cultivation is all that is necessary, says A. C. Arny of the Minnesota experiment station. This kills weeds as they start and prevents the formation of a crust, thus keeping the moisture in the soil. Shallow, early cultivation may be given with a narrow shoveled cultivator or a light harrow, the teeth of which slant backward. If there are small loose sods or other material that may cover some of the hills, preventing the young corn plants from reaching the surface, the cultivator should be used instead of the harrow.

If the seed bed has not been thoroughly prepared, or if heavy rainfall has packed the well prepared seed bed after the corn has been planted, early cultivation is needed to loosen up the seed bed, giving the young plants a chance to grow, and to kill the weeds. Medium depth cultivation, either before the corn is up, following the planter marks, or as soon as the corn can be seen, followed by deep and close cultivation each way at the time the corn is from four to six inches high, is also good practice under such conditions.

INJURY BY PEA APHIS.

Plant Louse That Attacks Legumes of Field and Garden.
(Prepared by United States Department of Agriculture.)

The pea aphis, a small green plant louse, is rated among the important injurious insects of the world because of the damage it does to the leguminous crops, especially the red and crimson clovers and vetches, in which it winters and from which it spreads to field and garden peas and sweet peas. The pea aphis prefers the young, tender clover leaves and stems, but eventually covers the entire plant. Garden and sweet peas readily succumb; clover, particularly red clover, is able to withstand considerable injury, but at times entire fields are destroyed. Not infrequently this plant louse attacks alfalfa. In addition to the weakening of the plant, the louse deposits honeydew to such an extent that the plants in a badly infested field will be discolored on account of being covered with this sweetish fluid. The infested fields are not always killed outright, but heavily infestations apparently have a weakening effect, and probably much of the winter killing of clover can be traced back to the pea aphis.

In the clover field the pea aphis is ordinarily held in check by its natural enemies. If it is apparent that this aphid is becoming unduly abundant the clover should be cut as soon thereafter as possible, since the cutting and drying of the clover will kill most of the insects. Clover which becomes coated with the honeydew of the aphides will not cure properly. Spring pasturing or early cutting back of the clover will check the multiplication of this plant louse.

Fortunately, this species of plant louse has a number of natural enemies. One of the most important of these is a fungus which thrives under moist conditions and may appear after a few days of rainy weather in the summer. This fungus spreads with remarkable rapidity among the lice and frequently eradicates them. Pea aphides when attacked by this fungus first turn brownish and later become covered with the fungus threads.

OTHERS' FAULTS.

If by silence we hide the faults of others God also will hide ours, but if we divulge them God will also make known our own.—S. Paemen.

Job Don't Fit You?

Neither did this man's. So he quit it and swiftly changed himself into the owner of an old New England farm. He was

A Back-to-the-Lander

and his adventures with the brook, the worn-out orchard and the old Colonial house are more interesting than you can imagine, in this his story of



The places and people are homely and human, the birds sing, the good clean smell of moist earth fills your nostrils as you read. Stella is as lovely as the daffodils in which she delights. It is a friendly story. You will enjoy it as

Our Next Serial
It is coming soon and if you miss it you will miss a unique and charming tale.

THE VALUE
of well-printed
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stationery as a
means of getting and
holding desirable business
has been amply
demonstrated. Consult
us before going
elsewhere

WATCH CHILD FOR WORMS

Worms sap child's strength, rob child of food and make child fretful, irritated, nervous. Watch stool and at first sign of suspicion of worms give one-half to one lozenge Kickapoo Worm Killer, a candy worm remover. Gives immediate results, is laxative. Paralyzes and removes the worms, improves digestion and general health of child. Continue giving Kickapoo Worm Killer until all signs of worms are gone. 25c. at your Druggist.

Hello! You with Coughs Here's Speedy Relief

Stop the racking and hacking, raise the phlegm, heal the soreness with Foley's Honey and Tar Compound.

"Just like oil on troubled waters," is the way one grateful woman describes the benefit of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound.

It spreads a soothing, healing coating over the raw inflamed throat—it loosens the hack—raises the phlegm—and really works wonders.

Why hack, hack, hack—driving everybody almost crazy, using up your strength, weakening your vitality and inviting serious sickness when there's speedy, soothing, sure relief in Foley's Honey and Tar Compound.

"After using medicine from the doctor, without results, for my grandchildren, who were visiting me," says Mr. J. A. Shanks, of Lewisburg, Ind. "I had to get up and get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound out of my store and give them. After a few doses were given they went to sleep and slept throughout the night without coughing. I have handled Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for more than eight years and always recommend it."

You'll find Foley's Honey and Tar at your druggists. Be sure to ask for Foley's and see that you get the yellow package. Nothing else will do the work that Foley's Honey and Tar will do. 25c, 50c and \$1.00 sizes.

"For Sale Everywhere"

TO RID CHILD OF WORMS

Don't scold the nervous, fretful child. Often its due to worms. Get rid of these by giving one-half to one lozenge Kickapoo Worm Killer, a laxative worm candy. Give only plain, nourishing food, lots of out door exercise and put to bed early. Watch stools and continue giving Kickapoo Worm Lozenges, they will positively remove the worms. 25c. at druggists.

Notice!

Notice is hereby given that the board of review of the Village of Pinckney will be in session at the town hall in said village on Monday and Tuesday, the 12th and 13th days of June from 9 o'clock in the forenoon until 5 o'clock in the afternoon of said days for the purpose of reviewing the assessment roll of said Village for the year 1916, and for the adjustment of any and all grievances that may come before said board. Dated May 24, 1916. W. A. Carr, Village Assessor.

After taking a course of laxative Tablets children get those candy. Yours will too. (Advertisement)

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