

Pinckney Dispatch

Vol. XXXIV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, July 6th 1916

No. 22

Pinckney Wins Game With Fowlerville 10-6

Pinckney won their first game last Friday by an easy victory over the Fowlerville team, who at no stage in the game were able to make it interesting for Pinckney. In the first inning a walk, a single and then a long drive by Paul Kuhn started the ball rolling and four scores were run before Pinckney was finally retired. The main features of the game were McClear's fine work in the box, Fowlerville getting only one score on him; Paul Kuhn's heavy hitting, and the all-round good playing of H. Swarthout. In the seventh inning the score stood 7 to 1 in Pinckney's favor and McClear was taken out of the box to save his arm for Tuesday's game at Gregory, Ward Swarthout taking his place and Harold Swarthout relieving Paul Kuhn as catcher.

In the next three innings Fowler managed to get in five scores bringing the score up to 10 and 6 in Pinckney's favor. The last inning Fowlerville was at bat was very interesting, all three outs being made at the home plate, some clever work being pulled off by Harold Swarthout.

Pinckney was defeated 5 to 0 in a very interesting game at Gregory the 4th with the Stockbridge team. The game was a pitcher's battle from start to finish. Guy Kuhn of Gregory throwing for Stockbridge and Louis Weurth of Munith for Pinckney. The five runs made by Stockbridge were gained on the numerous errors by Pinckney, who showed lack of practice and team work. The fine pitching on both sides was the main feature of the game.

David Roberts

David Roberts was born in Ashburton, Devonshire, England on November 16, 1838 and died June 19, 1916 at the age of 77 years, 7 months, and 3 days. He came to America at the age of 21, and work for a Mr. Wallington of Saline Washtenaw county, seven years, coming from there to Livingston county, where he spent the remainder of his life. He was married to Margaret Kuhn of Losbo, in the year of 1868, who departed this life May 12, 1915. To this union were born four children, Bert and Joe of Iosco and John and Mrs. Homer Wasson of Unadilla, and, eight grand children, also one sister Mrs. Mary Patterson of Detroit and one brother, George of Ann Arbor, three nephews and two nieces, and other relatives are left to mourn the loss of a father and grandfather. He was a kind father and good neighbor, always ready to help anyone in need.

The funeral services were held at the home of his youngest son Joe Roberts Thursday afternoon June 22, 1916. Rev. Camburn of Pinckney officiating. Burial in Mapes Cemetery.

McGuigan-Kennedy

A quiet wedding was solemnized at St. Bernard's church, Detroit, at 7 o'clock on the morning of June 28th, when Miss Gladys McGuigan of Detroit became the bride of Francis W. Kennedy, formerly of Pinckney, now a member of the Electrical Staff of the Detroit Police Department. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Fr. O'Rourke. Miss Winifred Harrison of Detroit, attended the bride as maid of honor, while Chas. Kennedy, a cousin of the groom was best man.

After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served to the bridal party at the home of Mrs. Robt. Fox, a sister of the groom. Among the guests who attended were Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Kennedy and Irvin Kennedy and family of Pinckney, and Mr. Chas. McGuigan of Chibuhua, Mexico, uncle of the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy left the same evening for Cleveland, Buffalo and other eastern points. They will be at home after July 15th, at 389 Answorth St., Detroit, where the groom has built and furnished a new home.

The Very Best.

The best trimming for a woman's hat is a good humored face.—Lippincott's.

The Glusckin Orchestra

At The Pinckney Opera House, July 31st, Afternoon and Evening



In announcing the Glusckin Orchestra, the Dunbar Chautauqua Bureau management feels it renders the chautauqua movement a specific and worthy service. No orchestra of equal rank, we are positive, has heretofore been available for chautauqua bookings. Its musical mission is to chautauquas, therefore it presents the class of music that chatauquas desire to hear. The addition of the harmonium, a reed organ of special construction, containing four full sets of double reeds including 16-foot pedal bass, affords the orchestral effects in both tone color and volume which are only obtainable by a very large orchestra. Particularly effective is the playing of the harmonium and the piano at the same time, by one player. In fact in musical worth, artistic excellence and novel features, the Glusckin Orchestra sets a new standard.

State Fair Premium List Sunday Schools to Camp Near Howell

We are in receipt of a number of premium lists from the Michigan State Fair Dept. at Detroit giving the prizes which are given in each department, also entrance blanks for any one desiring to exhibit stock, poultry or vegetables. Those desiring books can get same at the Dispatch office.

Exchange Clippings

Charles Whitmore of North Brighton delivered to Milford last week six of the best hogs received at that place this season. He pocketed \$11.65 for the lot. Mrs. Helen Tenny of this township also delivered eleven fine fine spring lambs there for which she received \$79.80, an average of over seven dollars apiece. — Brighton Argus.

The H. C. Hanson Co. of Chicago has been awarded the contract for furnishing the state of Michigan with automobile, motorcycle and chauffers' license plates for the year 1917. The bid of the Chicago firm was a matter of \$20 lower than that of the Abbott Stamping Co. of Detroit, which has the contract for the current year. On regular automobile plates the Hanson bid was fourteen cents per pair, on motorcycle plates five and one-half cents a pair, and for chauffers' badges five cents. The license plates for next year will be black with white letters and figures. — Chelsea Standard.

Two automobile owners were last Thursday given evidence at Ann Arbor that Sheriff Lindenschmidt was not bluffing when it was stated that a motorcycle cop had been employed to patrol country roads and land speeders. The country speed limit is 25 miles and the sheriff's force is determined to maintain the limit. One was taken in on the Whitmore Lake road and the other on the Packard street road to Ypsilanti. It is claimed both were exceeding 40 miles an hour.

On Friday evening a big car with J. M. Ward, of Indianapolis, at the wheel began to hit the high spots on the Ypsilanti-Ann Arbor road. Motor Cop Porter was notified and he soon picked up the speeding car. Ward paid a fine and costs totaling \$15. — Ypsilanti Record.

Card of Thanks

We wish to express our sincere thanks to our many kind friends and neighbors for their kindness and sympathy expressed during the illness and burial of our beloved father and grand-father, the choir for the music, also Rev. Camburn for the comforting words.

Bert Roberts and family
John Roberts and family
Joe Roberts and family
Homer Wasson and family

Howell Mich., June 26. Thomson's lake, near here, has been chosen as a site for the new summer camp for the boys and girls of the Michigan Sunday School Association.

The date of the girls' camp is Aug. 1 to 9, and that of younger boys Aug. 9 to 18. The older boys will be in camp from Aug. 18 to 26. This arrangement gives the youngsters eight full days in camp, including one Sunday. The location of the camp is almost ideal from every standpoint and with the equipment which will be installed during the next two or three years those who are in charge of the enterprise predict that it will become one of the largest camps of its kind in the county.

The people of Howell are enthusiastic over the camp and a movement is on foot between the people of this city and the Michigan Sunday School Association to make the site the permanent property of the state association.

The boating and fishing which Thomson's lake affords will be a new feature at a state camp. Boat crew practice under experienced boatmen is being planned. The Howell Fair Association is co-operating by giving the use of the fair ground property with the baseball diamond and running track to the campers.

That the supervision of the camps will be of the best is evidenced by the fact that Dr. F. S. Goodrich, of Albion, general secretary of Michigan Sunday School Association, will be general superintendent of both boys' and girls' camps. Frederick Goodrich, jr., who is known throughout the state as "Big Brother," is to be the physical director of boys' camp. Floyd Starr, head of the Starr Commonwealth, Albion is the business manager.

The officers of the girls' camp are: Director, Mrs. Harriet Starr, Albion; physical director, Miss Marvel Edwards, Pontiac; educational director, Mrs. R. J. Hutton, Detroit. — Citizen Press.

Sure Enough.

"Another new hat? You should save your money, with the price of everything going up."
"But why? The longer I save the less I can buy with it."

One of Those Questions.

"It was his third attempt at suicide."
"And didn't he succeed at either of the others?"

Bad Enough.

Magistrate—Did you know that drink drives a man into bad company? Prisoner—Yes, your honor. It brought me before you.

There is not any benefit so glorious in itself that it may not be sweetened and improved by the manner of giving it.—Seneca.

SPECIAL...

The Entire Stock of Drygoods, Shoes and Furniture of

MURPHY & JACKSON

To be Closed Out

A chance of a lifetime to save money. NEARLY all lines advancing in price. All future orders canceled. Nothing Reserved.

This Week

All Curtain Serims at cost.

All Wool Dress Goods at cost

All 15c Ginghams, 12c

Dry Goods Flyers

Ladies' Hose, 2 pair, 15c

One Lot Ladies 25c Hose, 19c

18c Figured Crepes per yard, 13c

Grocery Specials

9 bars Lenox Soap 25c

Raisins 10c

Table Talk Coffee 22c

Can Peas 8c

25c Dried Beef 22c

Can Corn 8c

Get Our Cash Prices on Flour Saturday, July 8th
SAVE DOLLARS

Let Us Develop and Print

YOUR NEGATIVES

Making the exposure is one of the minor parts of amateur photography. The most important part is developing the negative and making the prints. That is our business, and we are especially equipped to do your work in the best possible manner.

Developing, 10c a Roll
Prints, 3c and up

C. G. MEYER

The Nyal Quality Drug

Pinckney, Mich.

DAMAGE BY MOLES

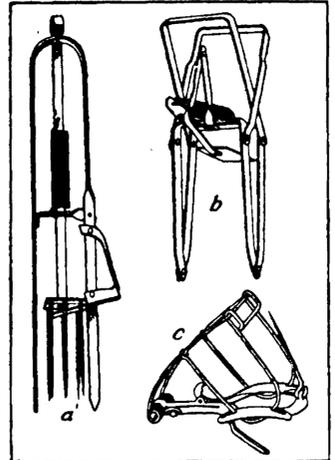
In Most Cases, However, Animal Is Most Beneficial.

Use of Specially Designed Trap Is Most Effective Method of Freeing Infested Ground—Three Devices Described.

(From the United States Department of Agriculture.)

The common garden mole, which, because of its insectivorous habits, is in most situations much more beneficial than harmful, is a decided nuisance when it invades a well-kept lawn or a newly planted seedbed. Many reports of its damage to lawns are received by the department, and also frequent complaints of destruction of potatoes, bulbs, and plants which is wrongly attributed to the mole. Damage to plants and tubers is generally the work of pine mice or meadow mice, usually the former. The burrowing habits of pine mice closely resemble those of the mole, and they frequently use mole tunnels to reach growing plants. Pine mice may easily be killed with poisoned grain, but as moles will seldom take poisoned baits of any kind, the main dependence for destroying them is traps, and considerable experience and judgment are required to use them effectively.

The ordinary traps intended for rats and other rodents are useless for taking moles. Special mole traps, of which there are on the market three general types, are required. These may be designated as the harpoon, the scissor-jaw, and the choker types.



Mole Traps—*a*, Harpoon; *b*, Scissor-Jaw; *c*, Choker.

marked *a*, *b*, and *c*, respectively, in the accompanying illustration. Harpoon traps are intended to impale the mole in the soil by spring-driven spikes. Scissor-jaw traps are to be set astride the runway to grasp the mole when it attempts to pass in either direction. The choker trap has a pair of wire loops that encircle the burrow when the trap is set. All these traps are sprung by the same sort of mechanism—a trigger pan resting on a depressed place in the mole ridge in such way as to be lifted when the animal passes beneath. No part of a set mole trap should ever be in the runway, as its presence makes the animal avoid the obstruction by burrowing around or below it.

Directions for Setting Traps.

Only general directions for setting mole traps can be given here, nor are detailed instructions necessary, since the makers of traps usually furnish specific directions for using them. A mole trap can be successfully operated only when set on that part of a mole runway which is near the surface and has the soil raised into a distinct ridge, newly worked. Freshly broken soil usually indicates that the tunnel is in use. When in doubt, the

operator may make a small break in the ridge and observe whether the mole repairs it within a few hours. In placing a trap, one of the stretches of the runway that leads in a definite direction should be chosen rather than one of the turns that may not be regularly traversed by the mole.

Before setting the trap, it is well to ascertain the course of the burrow by thrusting down a lead pencil, or stick of similar size. The trap selected should then be lined up with the course as nearly as possible; the jaws of the scissor-jaw type should straddle it, the loops of the choker type should encircle it, and the spikes of the harpoon type should be directly above it. In the case of the harpoon type, it is best to force the impaling spikes into the ground once or twice to facilitate their penetrating into the burrows when the trap is sprung. It is desirable also, in setting any of the traps, to depress only that part of the ridge immediately under the trigger pan, using the hand instead of the foot for this purpose. A little earth or a small chip of wood may be placed under the pan if necessary. The trigger catch should be set as lightly as possible, and one should avoid stepping on any part of the runway near the trap. It will pay to visit traps at least twice a day.

Moles are persistent in repairing breaks in their tunnels and may often be surprised at their work. It is easy then to capture the animal by impaling it with a fork or throwing it out by a quick thrust of spade or shovel. A section of the runway may first be broken open or leveled and the place watched until the animal is observed moving the soil.

Moles are sometimes trapped in empty glass jars, gallon size. The jar should be set along a main mole runway that has been long in use. A narrow excavation, deep enough to receive the jar and allow its top to be somewhat below the bottom of the tunnel, should be made. The sod may then be replaced over the excavation so as to bridge without obstructing the entrance to the jar. The animal in coming along the tunnel falls into the jar and cannot climb out. Success depends much on the skill used in placing the trap.

Repeated leveling of mole ridges on a lawn by means of a roller not only tends to discourage the animals from making further incursions, but prevents the soil from drying out and thus injuring grass roots.

For further information about the mole, its habits, and methods of control, the reader is referred to Farmers' Bulletin 583, "The Common Mole of the Eastern United States."

ROOT CROPS FOR LIVE STOCK

Big Tonnage Secured From Beets and Mangels—Plants Draw Especially Heavy on Phosphorus.

Sugar beets and mangels grown for stock will produce big tonnages. Mangels like a rather cool climate and sugar beets are grown successfully in about the same general latitude that grapes are produced easily and somewhat north of that belt, says a writer in Farm and Home.

Put your root crops in a good fertile soil, plowed deep and well tilled, if you expect a heavy tonnage. Work up a good seedbed and if the land is not already very rich put on some well rotted manure after plowing. Root crops draw especially heavy on phosphorus.

Plant the beets in drills with the rows far enough apart that cultivation is not difficult. Put the rows 20 to 30 inches apart. Plant about corn-planting time. You will have to hoe and thin them by hand.

Curry Lightly.

In currying the horse don't dig too hard on the underside. This is a tender place, so curry lightly.

Bee Raising as Side Line.

Bee raising makes a good side line for a fruit or vegetable grower.

To the farm boy who wants to mix with big things: "Nothing is bigger than agriculture."

A hog-tight fence around your doorway is the first step toward beautifying the farm home.

Deep plowing increases the supply of water that the soil can carry without injuring the crop.

Live stock and soil fertility go hand in hand. Rich soils and big crops make another loving couple.

It takes as much fertility and moisture to raise weeds as for corn, and sometimes the corn is thus robbed of both.

See that the entrance to the farm is neat and clean. Appearances may be improved by a group of shrubs at either side.

Experiments have shown that the greatest gains in fattening are made by young stock when two to four months of

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Tankage makes pigs grow fast.

Drainage improves alkali soils.

Pure seed, like purebred stock, is one of the farmer's greatest assets.

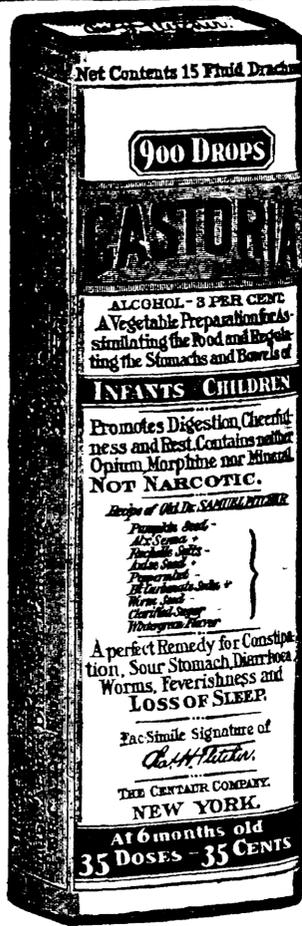
Standing in wet manure tends to make the feet of the horses tender.

Our fields will soon be overrun by an army of invaders—swat the weeds.

We need pasteurized swill barrels as well as pasteurized milk in the hog lot.

The ear test is the only reliable method for checking losses from bad seed.

Neither the scrub nor the poorly fed animal can pay a profit on high-priced land.



Exact Copy of Wrapper.

Children Cry For

Fletcher's

CASTORIA

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic, all Teething Troubles and Diarrhoea. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, assimilates the Food, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

The Only Way.

Trade was bad. At the end of another blank day the discouraged salesman called on another prospective customer and asked to show his samples. "No, there is nothing I want today," said the customer.

"But will you just examine my line of goods?" the salesman persisted. The customer would not.

"Then," said the salesman meekly, "will you let me use a part of your counter to look at them myself, as I have not had the opportunity for some time."

Strictly Regular.

"That nurse wanted an extortionate price to attend to the baby." "Well, isn't nursing babies naturally a hold-up business?"

Owing to its crookedness the letter S is frequently in distress.

That's Why.

"Why is it," we asked the great detective, "that no matter how intelligent a criminal may be, he invariably leaves some clue for the police to work on?"

"That used to puzzle me, too," admitted the sleuth, "but I finally doped it out this way: There ain't no money in crime, and them that goes in for it does it just for the excitement. Now, it stands to reason that if they wasn't running no risks, there wouldn't be no excitement. So they just leaves a clue or two around to put us on the track, and then they gets fun out of dodging us."

Tit for Tat.

He—For gracious sake, don't have any more pickled beets when I bring my friends for dinner.

She—Why not? That's the kind you bring home.

Worse Yet.

"Don't you get awful tired of running to catch that 7:59 train every morning?" asked the city man.

"No," replied the commuter. "I don't mind that so much. What gets me sore is when I bolt my breakfast in about ten flat seconds and break all records running to the station, only to find out that the 7:59 train is half an hour late."

IF YOU OR ANY FRIEND

Suffer with Rheumatism or Neuritis, acute or chronic, write for my FREE BOOK on Rheumatism—Its Cause and Cure. Most wonderful book ever written, it's absolutely FREE. Jesse A. Case, Dept. C. W., Brockton, Mass.—Adv.

One Exception.

"There is no good in any lip service."

"Oh, yes, there is, in love-making."

Success comes to some people by the inch—and disappointment by the yard.

Typewriter Service in Rural Communities

The typewriter is coming into more extended use in rural communities because of the assistance it renders to all classes of people. Here are a few examples of the possibilities of service:

The Farmer: Think of the possibilities of selling produce by the means of typewritten letters sent out to customers? Typewritten letters give the sender a business standing with the people who receive them and also enable the keeping of carbon copies of the correspondence, which many times does away with misunderstandings and lawsuits.

The General Store Merchant: More prompt and courteous treatment is likely to be accorded his orders and correspondence with the City jobber and manufacturer if his letters are typewritten.

In The Home: The boy or girl who is intending to follow a business career can secure no better start than a knowledge of typewriter operating. Children who learn to use the typewriter learn spelling at the same time. The housewife finds it a great convenience in writing recipes and for general correspondence.

The Minister: No Clergyman should be without a typewriter. It is of great assistance in preparing sermons and writing the many letters that a pastor has to write.

Mail us the Coupon to-day

L. E. SMITH & BROS. TYPEWRITER CO. SYRACUSE, NEW YORK

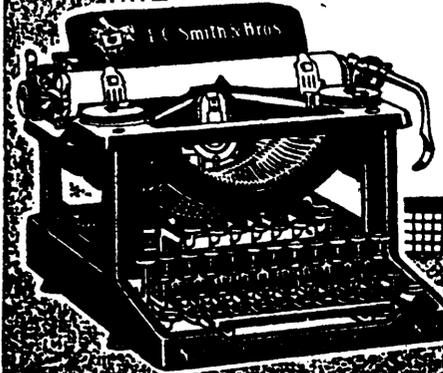
Please send me information as checked below:

- Send me free catalog.
- How can I get a Factory Rebate L. E. Smith & Bros. typewriter?
- What about trading in my old machine?

Name _____

Street or P. O. _____

City _____



WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untruthful letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



Wealth for University.

The University of New Mexico now owns 350,000 acres of land. At a uniform value of \$3 an acre this land is worth more than a million dollars. However, some of it is worth a great deal more, and so the university is classifying it. For example, 2,000 acres of salt land, in time, it is claimed, will grow into fabulous values.

CARE FOR YOUR HAIR

Frequent Shampoos With Cuticura Soap Will Help You. Trial Free.

Precede shampoo by touches of Cuticura Ointment if needed to spots of dandruff, itching and irritation of the scalp. Nothing better for the complexion, hair, hands or skin than these super-creamy emollients. Also as preparations for the toilet.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

Gone.

He—You used to say there was something about me you liked.
She—Yes; but you've spent it now.

Achy Joints Give Warning

A croaky joint often predicts rain. It may also mean that the kidneys are not filtering the poisonous uric acid from the blood. Bad backs, rheumatic pains, sore, aching joints, headaches, dizziness, and urinary disorders are all effects of weak kidneys and if nothing is done, there's danger of more serious trouble. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the best recommended kidney remedy.

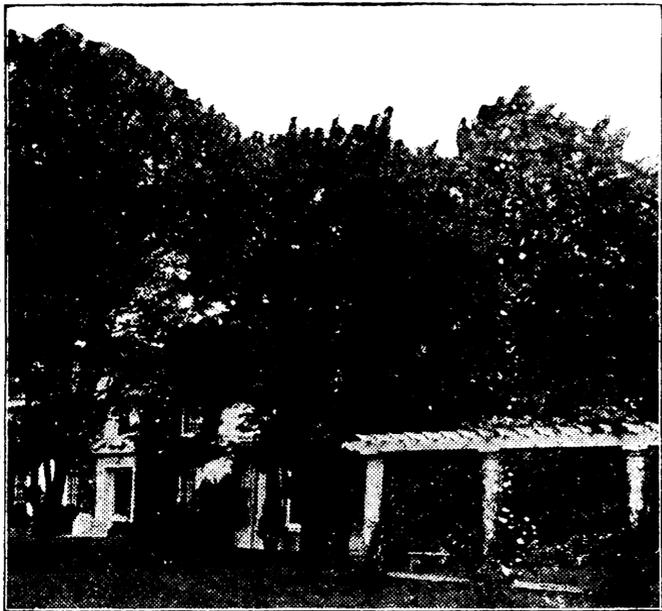
A Michigan Case

Wm. Schnoor, 333 Jefferson St., Marine City, Mich., says: "For years I had rheumatism, and the pains in my limbs were so bad I couldn't get around. The kidney secretions were retarded and I knew that I was gradually getting worse. Finally I was taken to my bed and was almost frantic with pain. Two doctors failed, and I was in a critical condition when I started taking Doan's Kidney Pills. They restored me to good health and I can't be too grateful."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The HOME BEAUTIFUL

Flowers and Shrubbery - Their Care and Cultivation



Fine Trees Which Add Beauty to the Home

HANDLE TREES WITH CARE

By W. R. GILBERT.

To my mind, there is not half enough attention paid to the way trees are put into the hole when planting. Some people think that because trees have roots they should grow nearly on top of every ditch in the country.

For ten years I planted trees yearly. Half the trees I planted the first year failed because I didn't know how to plant properly. I said to myself there was something wrong somewhere, either in the trees or in my want of knowing how to plant.

I experimented a couple of years and found out the secret of my failure. Half of the young trees are nearly useless for planting, on account of the way that they are pulled at the nurseries.

Some men, when they go pulling trees in the nurseries, pull away just as though they were pulling turnips in a hurry, slapping the roots together and throwing them away as if they were no more than rotten limbs.

Young trees, to my mind, should be handled as carefully as eggs. They should be dug out of the ground.

When the roots are strained in the pulling they grow the first year badly and then die away. I examined the roots of a dozen young trees; there were two strained, and I cut the roots short in two more, for experiment's sake.

The ones that were not strained grew healthy from the start and are growing well. The ones that were strained grew nearly right the first year, and died the second year, and the ones that I cut a little of the roots off lived in "decline."

The roots, when planting, should be spread out evenly in a broad hole, not deep, the roots just barely covered. Where some, or most people, perhaps, make the mistake is in sticking the roots in a bundle in a deep hole.

Trees planted in this fashion are bound to fail. At least it has been my experience.

Some people give the trees a pull up after planting. With this method I don't agree. There is no need of any more handling.

It is important to press the roots, secondly, say after a month, because if the air gets down alongside the stem the tree is liable to fail.

I have found always that the fall was the best time for planting. When they were put in later I had more failures.

Another thing I noticed in planting, if the young trees are any length of

time pulled, they are pretty sure to "go under."

I always steep the roots in a hole of soft water the day before planting and I have found them to grow and take root more quickly than if they had not been steeped.

FLOWER HINTS FOR BEGINNER

By E. VAN BENTHUYSEN.

Flowers should have a friable, very fertile soil in which to grow. Often they will make a fine showing in very poor soil, but like humans they appreciate good care.

Do not allow the flowers to form seeds. As soon as the flowers begin to fade, pinch them off; your flowers will keep in bloom much longer and the blooms will be larger if you pay attention to this little detail. Pansies and sweet peas particularly require looking after.

Use your flowers in borders and around the sides of your lawn. Never make flower beds in the center of your lawn. A bit of green turf well cared for is an asset to any home grounds.

If you want a soft, thick turf on your lawn mow it often and let the clippings lie where they fall. This keeps the soil from drying out too much and helps fertilize it as it decays.

Support sweet peas on a hedge of brush. This is better than poultry netting, as the sun does not heat it and burn the tender tendrils of the clinging sweet pea.

Plant your shade trees far enough away from the house to allow the air to circulate around the house. Sunshine in the home is a tonic and care should be exercised when planting that trees do not interfere or shade the windows too much.

Do not plant your flowers too close together. Give them all a chance for life. Pansies should be planted ten inches apart; Petunias and Verbenas at least 18 inches apart; Marigolds, two feet; Poppies, 10 inches; Zinnias, 18 inches; and Phlox, a foot. Flowers will not be plentiful or thrifty if grown too close together.

More Stirring.

"I understand the Gadder girls are bitterly disappointed because they couldn't go to Europe and become war nurses."

"Blighted ambition eh?"
"Yes. And when you come to think of it, doing settlement work at home must be rather tame for young women who have an idea that they would like to hear the big guns roar."

8,000 MEMBERS \$16,000 CASH IN BANKS

CITIZENS MUTUAL AUTO INS. CO.
FIRE - THEFT - LIABILITY

HOWELL, MICH.
COSTS \$1.00 FOR POLICY AND 25¢ PER H.P.

\$320,000 saved in the pockets of our 8,000 members in comparison with rates in stock insurance companies.

The only mutual company in Michigan on the second season of successful operation.

Many claims have been promptly paid for fire, theft, and liability.

With 2,000 accidents and about 1,500 automobiles stolen in Michigan last year, every prudent man should insure in the Big Mutual, which covers damage cases brought against you up to \$5,000 as well as for fire and theft.

Costs only \$6.50 on a Ford; others in proportion. That is the reason 500 farmers and business men are joining this Company each week. Send the name of your car to

W. E. ROBB, HOWELL, MICHIGAN

The Wheat Yield Tells the Story
of Western Canada's Rapid Progress

60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

The heavy crops in Western Canada have caused new records to be made in the handling of grains by railroads. For, while the movement of these heavy shipments has been wonderfully rapid, the resources of the different roads, despite enlarged equipments and increased facilities, have been strained as never before, and previous records have thus been broken in all directions.

The largest Canadian wheat shipments through New York ever known are reported for the period up to October 15th, upwards of four and a quarter million bushels being exported in less than six weeks, and this was but the overflow of shipments to Montreal, through which point shipments were much larger than to New York.

Yields as high as 60 bushels of wheat per acre are reported from all parts of the country; while yields of 45 bushels per acre are common.

Thousands of American farmers have taken part in this wonderful production. Land prices are still low and free homestead lands are easily secured in good localities, convenient to churches, schools, markets, railways, etc.

There is no war tax on land and no conscription.

Write for illustrated pamphlet, reduced railroad rates and other information to Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or

M. V. McKINIS
178 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Canadian Government Agent

Of Course. "They say that iron enters largely into the composition of the human system."

"I suppose that's why a man loses his temper when he gets hot."

Very Likely. "I wonder why they call them stag parties?" remarked the man who had just received an invitation to attend one.

"It's probably an allusion to that well-known quotation: 'The stag at eye had drunk his fill,'" replied his wife meaningly.

FRECKLES

Now is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots.

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription othine—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of othine—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning, and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is othine that more than one ounce is needed, to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength othine, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

The Remedy. "This prisoner is hot under the collar, captain."

"Then put him in the cooler."

KIDNEY TROUBLE is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. If you want good results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. At druggists in fifty cent and dollar sizes. Sample size bottle by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling you about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

Next to a kindly act is the appreciation thereof. **W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 28-1916.**

COLT DISTEMPER

You can prevent this loathsome disease from running through your stable and cure all the colts suffering with it when you begin the treatment. No matter how young SPOHN'S is safe to use on any colt. It is wonderful how it prevents all distempers, no matter how colts or horses at any age are "exposed." All good druggists and turf goods houses and manufacturers sell SPOHN'S at 50 cents and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 a dozen. SPOHN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind. U. S. A.

Public Opinion Indorses
this family remedy by making its sale larger than that of any other medicine in the world. The experience of generations has proved its great value in the treatment of indigestion, biliousness, headache and constipation.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

relieve these troubles and prevent them from becoming serious ills by promptly clearing wastes and poisons out of the digestive system. They strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Mild and harmless. A proven family remedy, unequalled

For Digestive Troubles

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

ABSORBINE STOPS LAMENESS
from a Bone Spavin, Ring Bone, Splint, Curb, Side Bone, or similar trouble and gets horse going sound. It acts mildly but quickly and good results are lasting. Does not blister or remove the hair and horse can be worked. Page 17 in pamphlet with each bottle tells how. \$2.00 a bottle delivered. Horse Book 9 M free.

ABSORBINE, JR., the antiseptic liniment for mankind, reduces Painful Swellings, Enlarged Glands, Wens, Bruises, Varicose Veins; heals Sores. Allays Pain. Will tell you more if you write. \$1 and \$2 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Liberal trial bottle for 10c stamps.

W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

For Piles Use Abell's Peruvian Balm.
Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded.
For sale by all Druggists, or sent upon receipt of 25c postpaid. Send for free sample.

BONE REMEDY CO., South Haven, Mich.

GALLSTONES FREE
A new operation. Positive remedy. No pain. No danger. Write for our new book of facts and facts. 25c. Dr. J. C. Smith, 1111 N. Dearborn St., Chicago.

The New "Burrage's Orchid."

Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

C. J. SIBLEY, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Subscription, \$1. Per Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.
 Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.
 Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.
 Local Notices, in Local columns, five cent per line per each insertion.
 All matter intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.
 Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.
 Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.
 Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

Mrs. G. W. Teeple was a Stockbridge visitor Monday.

Ram Geer and wife of Freesoil are visiting friends here.

Dr. and Mrs. Geo. Pearson were Ann Arbor visitors Friday.

The A. H. Vedder property has been sold to Frank Newman.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Pat Murphy, Tuesday, July 4, a son.

Mr. Skinner and wife of Detroit are visiting at H. D. Brown's.

E. J. Briggs and family of Howell spent the 4th with relatives here.

Thos. Moran of Detroit spent Thursday evening with his parents here.

Will Jones of Detroit spent a few days last week with his aunt, Mrs. Sophia Blant.

Paul Curlett of Detroit spent several days this week at the home of Wm. Curlett.

Fr. Courtney of Pinnebog spent last Saturday and Sunday at the home of Fr. J. Coyle.

Measdames G. W. Dinkel, H. Fick and Jennie Barton spent Friday in Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Addie Granger of Webberville visited Mrs. H. F. Sigler one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Read and daughter of Detroit are visiting at the home of Thos. Read.

Mr. and Mrs. Erad Teeple and Mr. and Mrs. Will Dunning motored to Detroit Sunday.

Julius Weirman of Lakeland died Sunday evening after a short illness of tuberculosis.

Mrs. Fred Carpenter and son of Pontiac visited at the home of E. G. Carpenter the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Abe and grand-daughter of Petersburg are guests at the home of Ed. Brenningstall.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hause and daughters of Ann Arbor visited at the home of Mrs. Sarah Brown over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stannard and daughter Millicent of Lansing were guests at the home of Dr. H. F. Sigler several days last week.

Frederick, the four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bremingstall of Pettysville died Thursday after a week's illness of blood poison. The funeral was held at the home Saturday afternoon.

On Thursday, June 29th at the pleasant home of Miss Florence Kice the B. Sharp Club held its Third meeting. Mrs. Myron Dunning had charge of the programme and chose Beethoven for the afternoon study. A dainty Buffett luncheon was served after which the club adjourned to meet the last Thursday of July.

Duane Lavey spent Sunday at Ypsilanti.

Born to Rev. and Mrs. T. Jones Saturday, July 1, a daughter.

Leo Monks of Ypsilanti spent Saturday and Sunday here.

S. H. Carr and family spent Sunday with Redford relatives.

Mrs. Villa Richards and Blanche Martin were in Jackson Saturday.

Miss Gladys Carr visited friends in Lansing the first of the week.

Alden Carpenter spent the week end with relatives at Ionia.

Mrs. Fred Bowman spent a couple of days last week in Detroit.

Fred Swarthout and wife and S. E. Swarthout and motored to Grand Rapids the first of the week.

Mrs. C. L. Bowman of Detroit is visiting her son Fred Bowman here.

Fr. Gaffney of Bonasie was the guest of Fr. Coyle last Thursday night.

Claire Reason of Ann Arbor spent the first of the week with relatives here.

Mrs. Sarah Brown is visiting her daughter, Mrs. D. M. Hodgeman at Oak Grove.

Dr. C. L. Sigler and wife and C. G. Meyer and wife were in Lansing Sunday.

Maurice Darrow and wife of Flint are visiting relatives here for a few weeks.

A large number from here attended the Ringling Bros. Circus at Jackson Wednesday.

Dr. R. G. Sigler and family of Lansing spent Tuesday at the home of G. A. Sigler.

Claude Monks, Francis Harris and Fred Reel of Detroit visited relatives here over Sunday.

Mr. Chas. Kennedy and Raymond Kennedy and wife of Detroit were recent visitors here.

Mr. Ralph Elliot and family of Ypsilanti were guests at the home of Dr. C. L. Sigler Sunday.

Roy Moran left for Detroit yesterday where he will take up his practice with Dr. Clinton of that city.

Chas. Van Kueren and wife of Lansing are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Teeple.

Leo Monks, Mrs. A. Monks, Miss Nellie Gardner, Mrs. Minnie Dooly and children were Brighton visitors Tuesday.

B. H. Isham and family of Chelsea were over Sunday guests at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Isham.

A large delegation from here attended the celebration at Gregory. A fine time was reported by all.

Alger Hall and Buelab Morton Dell Hall and Mrs. Wm. Mercer and daughter were in Lansing Sunday.

Miss Grace Gardner of the Michigan State Blind School at Lansing is spending some time with her parents H. B. Gardner and wife, here.

Supervisor W. C. Miller attended a meeting of the board of Supervisors at Howell last week, at which session the job of printing the Supervisor's reports for the coming year, was given to the Pinckney Dispatch.

Dr. H. F. Sigler and party consisting of Hollis and Donald Sigler, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stannard and daughter Millicent, Miss Martha Nichols, and Mrs. Villa Richards left Wednesday on a motor trip to Washington D. C. They will be joined in Dexter by Dr. and Mrs. Wiley and Julia Julia Wiley and Mrs. Geo. Read.

GLASGOW BROS.
 Noted For Selling Good Goods Cheap

JACKSON, MICHIGAN

Mid-Summer Clearance Sale
 Is Now On In Full Swing

This year we are facing an unusual condition. Due to shortage of materials and dyes, merchandise is steadily advancing. We are selling today many lines of staple goods cheaper than we could buy them for in the market. On such staple merchandise it will be impossible to make reductions. The present prices will last this July only. But in our store we have found many lines of seasonable merchandise, many short lines, many odds and ends, that we will greatly reduce. Our Mid-Summer Clearance Sale will offer many very unusual bargains.

A Place Where All Pinckney Women Will Find Stylish and Seasonable Merchandise at Very Economical Prices

Ladies' and Misses Suits

Lot 1—Suits that sold up to \$15
\$7.50

Lot 2—Suits that sold up to \$20
\$10.00

Lot 3—Suits. In this lot are included all our best silk and Wool Suits that sold up to \$40.00
\$15.00

Coat Sale

The sale hundreds of women have been waiting for, the greatest coat bargain ever offered in Jackson.

Women's and Misses' Coats—Serges, Corduroys, Silk Poplins and Novelties, etc., \$15.00

\$7.50

Women's and Misses' Coats—dozens of styles—Serge, Poplin, Plaid, Checks—values to \$18.00

\$10.00

Women's Wool and Silk Coats—many fine samples in this lot—Navy and Black Taffeta—\$20.00 and \$25.00

\$15.00

New Line of Jennis Shoes

Come in and look over our **Nu-Way Stretch**

Suspenders

guaranteed for one year
 5 lbs. Coffee \$1.00.

New line of Dress Skirts

Come in and look over our line of **Summer Middies**

Ladies' Waists at Reduced Prices.

C. E. BOOTH, PROP

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney - Mich.

G. W. TEEPLE Prop

For Painless Dentistry, See

Dr. W. J. Wright

In The Dolan Block

PINCKNEY - MICHIGAN



OUR Friends can buy anything you can give them—except your photograph. MAKE AN APPOINTMENT TODAY

Daisie B. Chapell

Stockbridge, Michigan

Grand Trunk Time Table

For the convenience of our readers

Trains East No. 46—8:34 a. m. No. 47—9:52 a. m. No. 48—4:41 p. m. No. 47—7:27 p. m.

H. F. SIGLER, M. D., C. L. SIGLER, M. D.

Drs. Sigler & Sigler

Physicians and Surgeons

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main St.

PINCKNEY - MICHIGAN

If You Have a Printing Want

WE WANT TO KNOW WHAT IT IS

Putting out good printing is our business, and when we say good printing we don't mean fair, but the best obtainable. If you are "Iron Mincour" give us a trial and we will

Show You

LATEST in Neckwear

Hats, Caps, Etc.

Fresh Groceries

Men's Work Shirts and
Overalls at Regular Prices
No War Tax added.

Top Price for Cream,
Tuesdays or Fridays.

Fruits and Vegetables
Bacon and Pork Sausage

Yours

MONKS BROS.

West Marion

The Ice Cream Social at Chas Hudson's last Wednesday evening was a success, collection, \$34

Roy and Mrs. Gilbert of Plainfield entertained the Live Wires last Friday evening.

Leon Landerbach and wife are visiting Mrs. Walter Gorton.

Ruben Sams is spending a few days in Tann-see.

Miss Gertrude Calpurn of Gregory spent one day last week at Will Miller's.

Mrs. Sophia is visiting relatives in Detroit.

South Marion

V. G. Dunkel and wife spent Sunday with Albert Dunkel and wife at Cumber's Corners.

Ben Hoff and wife of Lansing spent the week end with Clyde Galloway and wife.

Frank Hubbard and family spent Sunday at the home of John Locking.

N. P. Perry, wife and mother spent Sunday with relatives in Jackson.

Ernest Key and wife of Detroit is visiting V. G. Dunkel's.

Walter Gallup spent Sunday in Gregory.

Quite a number from this vicinity spent the 4th in Gregory.

South Isco

Mrs. Anderson and daughters from Gowen spent the week at Martin Anderson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Roberts entertained friends from Detroit last week.

Miss Edna Kuhn is slowly recovering from her recent illness.

Beatrice and Kathryn Lamborn and Lucy Mowers were Fowerville callers Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Roberts were Howell callers Sunday.

North Lake

Miss Grace Fuller of Napoleon is spending some time at the home of her parents here.

Wm. Wright and wife of Chelsea spent several days of last week at the home of Wm. Hudson and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gilbert were Webster visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Olonza Crane of Detroit spent the first of the week at the home of O. P. Noah.

John Hinchey and wife spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hinchey of Silver Lake.

Miss Doris Saultz of Ann Arbor is spending some time at the home of P. E. Noah.

Arthur VanHorn and family of Chelsea were North Lake visitors Sunday.

A number of people from this vicinity attended the celebration at Gregory Tuesday.

Miss Iva Mobilox of the week with her sister, Mrs. Henry Gilbert.

If you have something to sell, or want to buy something, how many people could you tell about it in one day? When you think that a quarter spent for a "LinerAd" in the Dispatch would have told the same thing to several times the same number of people, how much is it worth?

He Paid It.

Everbroke—I want to pay you something on account. Tailor (rubbing his hands)—Ah, I'm glad to see you. Everbroke—Yes; I want to pay you a compliment on your artistic way of dunning. Sh—not a word! You deserve it. Good morning.

Legal Notices

STATE OF MICHIGAN, IN SENATE, January 14, 1918. At a session of said Senate, held at the capitol building at Lansing, Michigan, on the 14th day of January, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M. 1918.

Present: Hon. Eugene A. Stone, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of:

ALEXANDER MCINTIRE, Deceased.

It is ordered, that the 20th day of July, A. D. 1918 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court at said time and place, to show cause why a license to sell and convey the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted.

It is further ordered, that the 10th day of Aug. A. D. 1918 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for the examination and adjournment of all claims and demands against said deceased.

EDMUND A. STONE, Judge of Probate.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, IN SENATE, January 14, 1918. At a session of said Senate, held at the capitol building at Lansing, Michigan, on the 14th day of January, 1918, at 10 o'clock A. M. 1918.

Present: Hon. Eugene A. Stone, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of:

SARAH ANNE WEBB, Deceased.

It is ordered, that the 20th day of July, A. D. 1918 at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition and that all persons interested in said estate appear before said court at said time and place, to show cause why a license to sell and convey the interest of said estate in said real estate should not be granted.

It is further ordered, that the 10th day of Aug. A. D. 1918 at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for the examination and adjournment of all claims and demands against said deceased.

EDMUND A. STONE, Judge of Probate.

SAFEGUARD YOUR CHILD

If your child is pale, dull at times flushed, irritable and fretful you should attend to this condition at once as the chances are your little one is suffering from worms. Kickapoo Worm Killer is what you should get. This well known remedy in lozenge form is pleasant to take and expels the worms at once, the cause of your child's suffering. Only 25c. at all druggists.

Just to Help Out.

"Well, well," exclaimed Mr. Dubson to a flustered acquaintance who rushed into a railroad station carrying two large suit cases. "Going away on the choo-choo?"

"Oh, no," answered the acquaintance in a sarcastic tone. "My sole idea in buying a railway ticket and hastening hither with all the baggage I could stagger under was merely to increase the stir and bustle of this great city."—Exchange.

Classified Advertising

FOR RENT—Good house, 2 miles from Pinckney. Inquire of Dr. G. Pearson.

FOUND—Two small keys on a ring. Owner can have the same by paying for this Ad.

FOR SALE—Bay horse and top carriage. Inquire of Ernest Moyer, at the John Chamber place. Tel. 354 of 13.

TO RENT—House, good garden and fruit. Inquire of W. H. Crofoot.

FOR SALE—Sawmill Engines, 2 hydraulic Cider Presses, 24-inch Planer Mather, Bench Planer Mather and Molder, full set Cutters, 6-inch Molder, Feed Mill Stone, Jelly Fixtures, 7-horse Gasolene engine, Turning Lath, Sheeting and numerous other things.

E. T. Bush, Plainfield.

FOR SALE CHEAP—One New Power Pump. W. B. Darrow.

FOR RENT—The Alex McIntyre residence. Inquire of G. W. Teeple, E. E.

FOR SALE—House, Barn and two Lots. Steam heat, and electric lights. Every thing in first class condition, good garden, and well water. Terms suitable to purchaser. Price, assessed valuation. J. C. Dunn.

DRY-CLEANING AND PRESSING

Having procured the equipment for the Dry-Cleaning Process, we are ready to do such work in first-class order

W. B. DARROW

A child takes Dr. Mose's laxative without thinking of medicine.

WELL CHILDREN ARE ACTIVE

If your child is dull, pale, fretful and wants to lie around, the chances are it is suffering from worms. Kickapoo Worm Killer, a pleasant candy confection, liked by all children is what your child needs. You only give one-half to one lozenge at a time and you get immediate results. Every mother should have a box on hand. 25c. at all druggists.

Pay your subscription this month

Make Every Day A May Day!

With an American Idea Boiler or American Bell Furnace.

We will unload a car of these Heaters in August. 42 now in successful operation in Pinckney and vicinity.

One second-hand Marshall Furnace for sale cheap.

If you need anything in the line of Furniture see me.

L. E. Richards

Another Good Cash Store Here

The Teeple Hardware Store hereafter will sell goods for cash.

A Cash Discount of 10 per cent

will be deducted from all goods except Gasoline and Oils of all kinds, Coal, Salt, Calf Meal and Stock Food.

We expect every one to settle accounts and notes in the next 30 days.

Respy, yours

Teeple Hardware Company

Poultry and Eggs Wanted

Paying Cash for Poultry and Eggs delivered at my poultry house six days of the week and will pay all the market affords at all times.

E. FARNUM

Call and See Us

If In Need of

Hammocks, Porch Swings, Fishing Tackle, Mowers, Grain Binders, Side Delivery Rakes and Hay Loaders, New Hay Cars and Track.

DINKEL & DUNBAR.

Queen Elizabeth's Coal.

Queen Elizabeth was the first English monarch to realize the value of the coal mines as a state owned monopoly. She obtained a lease of all the Durham fields for £50 a year, and then proceeded to manipulate a corner in coals with much success. She annexed the private pits of the Percys when they were profitably developing themselves and only consented after a time to allow them a small percentage on their own stuff. She chartered a company in Newcastle as virtual monopolists in the sale of Northumbrian coal to shippers and so engineered matters that the lord mayor of London formally complained that Newcastle freemen's rights had been bartered away to a monopoly and begged for some limitation to the price, which had now been forced up to a pound a chaldron. Coal had previously been sold in London at 4 shillings a chaldron.—Pearson's Weekly.

Poets and Dogs.

Poets have always loved dogs. In this poets and boys resemble each other. Walter Savage Landor was devoted to his dog Giallo, and Byron's epitaph upon his dog Boatswain we all remember:

To mark a friend's remains these stones arise.

I never had but one, and there he lies.

Cowper was very fond of his dog, and we know how Charles Lamb, who was a prose poet, loved his Dash and how Mrs. Browning appreciated the little Flush to whom she indited a poem. The Earl of Shaftesbury kept his noble collie in his library with him at all times, and Samuel Rogers always walked out with his dog. Scott declined an invitation to dinner when his dog died, saying that he could not accept on account of the "loss of an old friend."—St. James' Gazette.

MEXICANS ESCAPE WITH U. S. HORSES

AMERICAN TROOPS PURSUIT BANDITS BUT RETURN TO THIS SIDE OF THE BORDER.

EXCHANGE SHOTS AT NOGALES

More Than Ten Thousand National Guardsmen Are Now Stationed Near the Border Line.

Fabens, Tex.—American troops which crossed the Rio Grande into Mexico near Fort Hancock in pursuit of Mexican raiders, recrossed the river, the trail having been lost, according to a report received here. The three troops of cavalry under Captain Leroy Eltinge pursued eight Mexicans, who raided the old post at Fort Hancock and escaped with several head of government horses.

Ten Thousand Guardsmen at Border.

San Antonio, Tex.—All reports received at General Funston's headquarters indicated nothing more exciting along the international line than the exchanging of shots between sentries at Nogales. Apparently no early offensive by the concentrated forces of the Mexicans in front of General Pershing's positions were contemplated.

All officers commanding the troops along the 1,700 miles of border are cautioned to avoid clashes with the Mexican troops that face them, but the recurrence of such incidents as that at Nogales has caused staff officers to fear that something may happen at any time that may serve as the basis for further complicating the situation.

Unofficial reports that a fire at Pharr, Tex., was of incendiary origin found credence at army headquarters. Army men admitted that it would be no surprise to them if dynamite and fire were used more or less extensively at different points along the border, to hamper the movements of the guardsmen.

The First brigade of the Illinois guard now is camped here and the Second New York brigade has reached the Brownsville district. A regiment of the Vermont guard arrived at Eagle Pass, and the Second Kansas Infantry was on its way to that point. The First Missouri Infantry passed through to Laredo. The Second Illinois Infantry went into camp here and the Seventh arrived later.

More than 10,000 guardsmen were either at border stations or so near that they could be moved right to the line within a few hours.

Shots Exchanged Across Border.

Nogales, Ariz.—Nogales was aroused by a fusillade of shots just west of the town that lasted for five minutes. The firing proved to be an exchange of shots between members of the Carranza garrison in Nogales, Sonora, and an American sentry post, on this side of the line. No one was injured.

With the arrival of the California field artillery, expected Sunday night, the force here will total 3,000 men. A squadron of the California National Guard cavalry arrived Sunday without mounts and went into camp.

The total of Carranzists fighting men in western Sonora, including Yaqui and Mayo Indians, seasoned soldiers and citizens in training, is reported to be about 19,000. These are exclusive of the force south of Douglas and around Cananea. The Mexican coal supply has become low, while the rolling stock of the railways is in poor repair, it is reported.

WILL COMPLETE SOIL SURVEY

Calhoun County Will Be Finished This Year By U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The soil survey of Calhoun county, which was commenced last season, will be completed this year by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. As soon as possible after the field work is finished the Federal Department will publish a report of this survey. This report will be accompanied by a large map showing in colors the location of the various kinds of soils with reference to roads, schools, churches, water-courses and other features of the county. The nature of the soils, their adaptability for various crops and suggestions for the most advantageous use of fertilizers will also be discussed in detail, together with full information on existing agricultural conditions. Several months will be required to prepare the report and map after the survey has been completed.

SIDELIGHTS ON THE MEXICAN CRISIS

Strong Carranza force concentrates opposite Naco, Ariz.

Lansing puts end to talk of mediating troubles with Mexico.

Villa chiefs and wealthy backers rallying to aid Carranza in large numbers.

Villa shot by own men who planned to desert; wounded and in hiding, says deserter.

Pershing removing base and concentrating troops to checkmate attack on isolated camps.

Thirty six persons have been killed and more than 40 seriously injured in a collision between two trains at Tallinepaula, seven miles north of Mexico City.

Mexican raiders crossed the border 60 miles southeast of El Paso, Mexico, and drove away the horses and cattle from an American ranch which is located within sight of Fort Hancock.

Gen. Cenobio Ochoa, commander of the Fourth Sonora division, has been killed in a collision between an automobile in which he was riding and a locomotive at Magdalena, Sonora, Mexico.

The report that Gen. Carranza, as head of the de facto government, had rejected offers of mediation between Mexico and the United States, proffered by Costa Rica and Salvador is untrue.

A party of five Americans who attempted to cross the international bridge to look after property interests in Juarez were first jeered and then stoned by a mob of soldiers and civilians.

Two American sailors from the cruiser Salem were wounded during a clash with armed Mexicans at Tampico, according to passengers arriving on the Wolvin Liner Dade, from Vera Cruz.

While the war department was moving into the frontier thousands of the national guardsmen, Gen. Obregon, Carranza's minister of war, was engaged in strengthening his border army.

The war department has been able to obtain for immediate delivery, through the courtesy of the British government, 250 Lewis machine guns made by the Driggs-Seabury Ordnance Co., for use in Europe.

Arrival of a battery of 4.7 inch guns from Fort Sill, Okla., a test of the first armored motor cars in the United States army, and the approach of 25,000 militiamen emphasized warlike preparations in El Paso.

The foreign office issued a statement that various individuals who are now in the United States as members of so-called peace commissions have no authority or right to speak or act for the Mexican government.

Senator Edwin S. Johnson, of South Dakota, has asked the war department if it could use from 500 to 1,000 Sioux Indians from the Greenwood, Rosebud, Pine Ridge, Cheyenne, Lower Brule and Standing Rock agencies.

Carranza has sent another urgent appeal to all Latin-American republics, asking them to insist that the United States consent to arbitration, it was reported on good authority though no official announcement has been made.

American affairs in Mexico will be taken over by British diplomatic and consular officials in case of war. Arrangements have virtually been made for the taking over of Mexican interests at Washington by the French embassy.

Army staff officers are paying no heed to the possibility of settlement of the conflict with Mexico by diplomatic exchanges. They are not concerned over the talk of mediation to prevent war. In the eyes of the army, war is here.

Secretary of State Lansing asked congress for \$300,000 to be used in getting Americans out of Mexico. He said available funds had been exhausted and it was highly desirable that every citizen of the United States should be brought out.

Gen. Roberto F. Cejudo, commander-in-chief of the Zapata forces in the state of Hidalgo, has offered all the men under his command to the military commander at Vera Cruz for the service of the de facto government. Carranza has accepted the offer.

Designated of army officers to national guard commands will be made by Gen. Scott, chief of staff. Regular officers will be eligible to command divisions or brigades and those detailed for national guard duty will be ranked as colonels and lieutenant colonels.

National guard chaplains, it was announced will not remain attached to distinctive regiments, but will be mustered into the federal service at the rate of one for every twelve companies. Those with seven years service will be commissioned as captains and the others as first lieutenants.

ALLIES CONTINUE TO GAIN GROUND

BRITISH CAPTURE THE TOWN OF FRICOURT AND FRENCH TAKE TWO TOWNS.

BRITISH AEROPLANES ACTIVE

Near La Boisselle the Germans Are Offering Stubborn Resistance—But British Report Gains.

London—The grand offensive of the British and French armies, operating on both sides of the Somme, continued with the capture of Fricourt, three miles east of Albert; Curlu, seven miles southeast of Albert; Frise, south of Curlu, and the wood of Mareaucourt, also south of Curlu, and the capture of 6,000 more prisoners, making the total 9,500. Reports show that the fighting is continued unabated all along the 25 mile front.

The German defense has stiffened, determinedly following the shock of the first onslaught in which the Anglo-French hosts penetrated the German lines over a front of nearly 20 miles and to a distance in the center of five miles. The Teutons, apparently reinforced by their reserves, attacked vigorously at Montauban, the point of the wedge which the Allies had driven into their lines, and also at Hardecourt, but were repulsed. At no point have the Germans recovered any of the ground lost.

The town of Fricourt was captured by the British after a terrific struggle. The town had been virtually cut off by the British capture of Mametz, on the east, and Montauban on the northeast, and its fall had been expected hourly. Here the British captured 800 unwounded prisoners and thus increased their captives to a total of 3,500.

The British official statement shows that the heaviest fighting occurred in the area between the Ancre and the Somme, on the northern section of the Somme front, especially about Fricourt and La Boisselle. Following the reduction of Fricourt, the British made some progress east of the village. Near La Boisselle the Germans are offering particularly stubborn resistance, but the British here also, the war office announces, are making satisfactory progress.

During the fighting the British statement discloses, British aeroplanes were very active in co-operating with the land forces and afforded valuable assistance by bombing numerous German field headquarters and railway centers. In one of these raids, the British aviators were attacked by a score of Fokkers, but succeeded in driving them off. Two of the Fokkers fell and were destroyed. Three of the British aeroplanes are reported missing and probably fell behind the German lines.

HANS TAUSCHER ACQUITTED

He Was Charged With Complicity in a Plot to Blow Up the Welland Canal.

New York—Hans Tauscher, former German army officer, was acquitted by a jury of conspiracy to blow up the Welland canal. The jury was out 50 minutes. When the verdict was read, Captain Tauscher's wife, Madame Gadske, the opera singer, and Miss Lotta Tauscher, his daughter, swayed in their seats and wept with happiness. Two men started a demonstration by clapping their hands and shouting in German, but were quickly ejected by court attendants. Tauscher left the courtroom immediately with his family.

The indictment, which charged complicity in a plot to destroy the canal with dynamite, was returned by a federal grand jury April 19 last and named Tauscher, Captain Franz von Papen, Germany's recalled military attaché; Wolf von Igel, his secretary; Alfred A. Fritzen and Constantine Vovani. Tauscher has been agent here of the Krupp Gun works.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Michigan Central will erect a new depot at Glenwood.

A troop train of 20 cars, loaded with Carranza soldiers, arrived at Nuevo Laredo, opposite here. It is estimated there were 1,500 men on the train. Arrival of another troop train is reported.

Orders have been received by the Central department of the National Guard to move to the border all units which are "reasonably ready" for service of the Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Wisconsin guards.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock

DETROIT—Cattle—Receipts, 1,967. Best heavy steers, \$8@9; best lambs, \$11@11.25; mixed steers and heifers, \$7@8; handy light butchers, \$6.50@7; light butchers, \$6@6.75; best cows, \$6@6.50; butcher cows, \$5.50@6; common cows, \$4.50@5.25; canners, \$3@4.50; best heavy bulls, \$6@6.75; bologna bulls, \$5.50@6; feeders, \$6.75@7.75; stockers, \$6@7; milkers and springers, \$4@6.5.

Calves—Receipts 1,178. Bulk of the good ones at \$11.75 to \$12. Culls from \$8.50 to \$10.

Sheep and Lamb—Receipts, 1,077. Best lambs, \$10@11.25; fair lambs, \$9@10; light to common lambs, \$7.50@8; fair to good sheep, \$6@6.25; culls and common, \$3.50@4.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 7165. Mixed grades brought \$9.30 to \$9.55; pigs \$9.25 to \$9.40.

EAST BUFFALO—Cattle—Receipts, 160 cars; good grades 15@25c lower; all other grades 25@50c lower; choice to prime native steers, \$10.50@11.25; fair to good, \$10@10.50; plain, \$9@9.25; very coarse and common, \$8.50@9; best Canadians, \$9.75@10; fair to good, \$9.25@9.50; common and plain, \$8.50@9; choice heavy butcher steers, \$9.75@10.25; fair to good, \$9.25@9.50; best handy steers, \$9.25@9.75; common to good, \$8.60@9.25; light, thin, \$8@8.25; yearlings, prime, \$9.75@10; do common to good, \$8.25@9.50; prime fat heifers, \$8.50@9; best handy butcher heifers, \$8@8.50; common to good, \$7@7.75; best heavy fat cows, \$7.50@7.75; good butchering cows, \$6.50@7; medium to fair, \$5.25@6; cutters, \$4.50@4.75; canners, \$3.25@4.25; fancy bulls, \$7.50@7.85; good butcher bulls, \$6.25@6.50; sausage bulls, \$5.50@5.75; light bulls, \$5@5.25; best feeders, \$7.50@7.75; common to good, \$6.75@7.25; best stockers, \$7.25@7.50; common to good, \$5.25@7; milkers and springers, \$6@9.5.

Hogs—Receipts, 90 cars; market 15c higher; heavy, \$10.20@10.25; yorkers, \$10.15@10.20; pigs and lights, \$9.75.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 10 cars; steady; top lambs, \$11.50@12; yearlings, \$8@10; wethers, \$8@8.25; ewes, \$7@7.50.

Calves—Receipts, 1,200; strong; tops, \$12@12.50; heavy, \$6.50@7.50.

Grain, Etc.

DETROIT—Wheat: Cash No 2 red, \$1.06; July opened without change at \$1.06 and advanced to \$1.06 1/4; September opened at \$1.08 3/4 and advanced to \$1.09 1/4; December opened at \$1.11 3/4 and advanced to \$1.12 1/4; No 1 white, \$1.03.

Corn—Cash No 3, 77 1/4c; No 3 yellow, 75 1/4c bid; No 4 yellow, 77 1/4@78 1/4c.

Oats—Standard, 43c; No 3 white, 42c; No 4 white, 40@41c.

Rye—Cash No 2, 98c.

Beans—Immediate, prompt and July shipment, \$6.75.

Seeds—Prime red clover, \$9; prime alsike, \$9.45; prime timothy, \$3.60.

Hay—No 1 timothy, \$20.50@21; standard timothy, \$19.50@20; light mixed, \$19.50@20; No 2 timothy, \$17@18; No 1 mixed, \$13@14; No 2 mixed, \$10@12; No 1 clover, \$10@11; rye straw, \$7.50@8; wheat and oat straw, \$6.50@7 per ton in carlots, Detroit.

Feed—In 100 lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$24; standard middlings, \$25; fine middlings, \$30; cracked corn, \$32; coarse cornmeal, \$32; corn and oat chop, \$29 per ton.

Flour—Per 196 lbs, in eighth paper sacks: Best patent, \$5.90; second patent, \$5.70; straight, \$5.50; spring patents, \$5.20; rye flour, \$6 per bbl.

General Markets

Apples—Ben Davis, \$3@3.50.

Cherries—Sour, \$1.90@2 per bu.

Lemons—California, \$5@5.50 per box.

New Apples—\$1.25@1.50 per hamper.

Oranges—California Valencias, \$4@4.50 per box.

Cocoanuts—\$7.50 per sack and 90c @ \$1 per doz.

Dates—Fards, 10@11c per lb; Dromedary, \$3.25 per case.

Pineapples—Florida, \$3@3.75 per case and \$1.25@1.75 per doz.

California Fruits—Peaches, \$1.50; plums, \$2.25@2.50; apricots, \$2.25 per box.

Mushrooms—45@50c per lb.

Green Corn—\$4.75@5 per bbl.

Cabbage—New, \$3@3.25 per crate.

Asparagus—Section, \$1.50@1.75 per box.

New Potatoes—White, \$4.35@4.35 per bbl.

Onions—Texas Bermudas, \$3.15@3.25 per crate.

Lettnce—\$1@1.15 per bu; head lettnce, \$1.50@1.75 per hamper.

Maple Sugar—New, 151c per lb; syrup, \$1.25@1.50 per gal.

Dressed Calves—Best, 15@15 1/2c; good, 14@14 1/2c; ordinary, 13@13 1/2c per lb.

CANADA'S EXCELLENT FINANCIAL STANDING

Bank Clearings Increase—Agriculture Is a Paying Industry—Manufactures Doing Well.

"Business experts assert that Canada is on the threshold of perhaps the most prosperous era in her history. The unprecedented value of the farm products of 1915, together with the very large output of factories working on munitions of war has suddenly brought the country into a position, financially, scarcely hoped for as a nation for years to come. Export surplus of \$50,000,000 a month is making Canada very strong in cash." —Extract from official bulletin of February 11, 1916.

The response by the farmers of Canada to the call for increased production in 1915 was a total net output exceeding one billion dollars, an increase over normal years of at least three hundred millions. The three Prairie Provinces contributed probably nearly one-half of the total product.

The wheat crop was worth \$310,000,000, and accounted for about 30 per cent of the total agricultural product. Other things counted also. Look at dairying. In Ontario the dairy production was increased 20 per cent, and prices were over 10 per cent ahead of 1914. Other provinces shared in the increase, especially Alberta, Saskatchewan, Quebec and Nova Scotia. The dairy cow was "on the job" in 1915. So also were the beef cattle, the pigs and the hens.

It is not fair to the farmers of the Prairies to call the wheat crop of 1915 a "miracle" crop. The farmers cultivated more land and gave attention to their seed. Providence gave them favorable weather. Then they toiled early and late in the harvesting and threshing. Good cultivation gave bigger yields than careless work, 45 bushels as against 25.

The wealth of Western Canada is by no means all in its wheat crop. If the country had no wheat at all it would still be famous as a land of successful farmers on account of its stock production. From one shipping point (High River, Alberta) over \$75,000,000 worth of horses have been sold in the last two months. The average price to the farmer has been about \$175.00 per head. According to Government returns there are a million and a half horses in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, worth probably \$150,000,000.

The investments which farmers of Western Canada are making in livestock and farm improvements are good evidence of the fact that they have money for these purposes. It is apparent, however, that they are also spending some of their profits on those things which will bring greater comfort and enjoyment to themselves, their wives and their families. The automobile trade all through the country is particularly active, and farmers are the biggest buyers. A recent report of the Saskatoon district shows that in two months a million dollars' worth of automobiles have been sold, largely to farmers. Nor are all of these cars of the cheaper makes; some high-priced machines are in demand.

Bank clearings throughout the Western Provinces show greater commercial activity than at the same season in 1915 or 1914. The increase for the last week of February being \$3,000,000 and almost \$9,000,000, respectively, for the first week of March \$15,000,000 over 1915 and \$18,000,000 over 1914. The same excellent story comes from Moose Jaw, Sask., where they showed from 40 to 100 per cent over the previous year. Calgary, Alta., bank clearings continue to reflect the greatly improved business conditions as compared with a year ago. Canada's bank clearings for the month of February, 1916, were the greatest for any February in the country's history. The totals amounted to \$684,222,000.00, as compared with \$487,296,000.00 for the same month a year ago. An increase of \$177,000,000.00 in bank clearings for the month tells its own story of the country's prosperity.—Advertisement.

Clean Sheet.

Portly Woman (pushing her way into a police station)—I see you have arrested a man whose mind is a blank. Officer—We have, madam.

Portly Woman—Then please bring him out so I may have a look at him. My Henry didn't come home last night, and that's a fairly good description of him.—Puck.

Unanimous.

"Say, old man, I wish I had that ten dollars you owe me."
"Not any more than I do. I'm so hard up, I'd like to borrow it again."

The IDYL of TWIN FIRES

WALTER PRICHARD EATON

SYNOPSIS.

I grow tired of my work as a college instructor and buy a New England farm on sight. I inspect my farm and go to board at Bert Temple's. Bert helps me to hire a carpenter and a farmer. Hard Cider, the carpenter, estimates the repairs and changes necessary on the house. Mike commences plowing. I start to prune the orchard trees. Hard Cider builds bookcases around the twin fireplaces. Mrs. Temple hires Mrs. Pillig for me as a housekeeper, and announces the coming of a new boarder from New York.

When a bachelor, who believes himself impervious to lovely woman's wiles, reaches the age when he begins to think that marriage is the better state of life for man—and then meets one of those lovely women—he performs in a manner highly amusing to folks already married.

CHAPTER V—Continued.

"Sure," said Mike, "you'll git it right yet. But I was goin' to put me cauliflower there."

I paid "frind Morrissy"—for the town!—as the far-off noon whistle at Slab City blew, and took my lunch down to the brook while the scraper rattled off down the road.

The brook reminded me of the pool I was going to build, and the pool of a vague dream, last night of the new boarder, and then, with the patness of a "well-made" play the boarder herself entered, as it were. That is, I heard the buggy coming, and the voice of Bert. I lay down flat behind the tall weeds and grasses, and remained hidden till the buggy had passed.

Then I finished my lunch, and lay for a quarter of an hour lazily regarding the sky, a great blue sky with cloud ships floating at anchor in its depths, while the indescribable fragrance of May in moist places filled my nostrils and a song sparrow practiced in the alders. As I got up to return to my work, I saw suddenly that the old apple trees in my orchard were showing pink—just a frail hint of it in the veil of young green. A great cumulus cloud piled up like a Himalayan peak in the west beyond my mouse-gray dwelling. To the left, the new lawn was shiny brown, and as I climbed the slopes the smell of it came to me. Out still farther to the left my land was already staked in rows of packed earth, neat. The scene was beautiful to my eyes, and the imagined beauty of tomorrow made me almost run through the orchard to leave my lunch basket in the kitchen and get my tools for the afternoon's work. At five o'clock, as Joe was leaving the garden, and Mike had gone to the barn to milk the cows, I, too, put up my tools, resolved to enjoy an hour's loaf—my first since I bought the farm!

I scrubbed my hands and face at the kitchen sink in a tin basin which recalled my childhood, took a long draft from the tin dipper, filled my pipe, and strolled down through the budding orchard toward the brook. The song sparrow was still singing. The cloud ships were still riding at anchor. Even with my pipe in my mouth I could smell the odor of moist places in May. Walking beside the brook, I suddenly found the green spears of an iris plant amid the grasses.

I had scarcely gone six paces when I heard the crackle of footsteps on dead twigs somewhere ahead of me, and a moment later the vague form of a woman was visible making her way amid the impeding dead branches. I stood still. She did not see me till she was close up. Then she gave a slight start and said, "I beg your pardon. I trust I am not trespassing."

I looked at her, while my pipe bowl was hot in my calloused hand. She was scarce more than a girl, I fancied, pale and unmistakably not of this country world. I cannot say how she was dressed, save that she wore no hat and looked white and cool. But I saw that she had very blue eyes on each side of a decidedly tilted nose, and these eyes were unmistakably the kind which twinkle.

"Trespassing 's a relative term," said I, after this, I fear, rather rudely prolonged scrutiny.

"You talk like 'Hill's Rhetoric,'" she smiled, with a quick glance at the incongruity of my clothes.

"Naturally," I replied. "It was the textbook I formerly used with my classes."

There was a little upward gurgle of laughter from the girl. "Clearness, force and elegance, wasn't that the way transpire?" she said.

"Something like that, I believe," said I. "I am trying to forget."

"And are these pines yours to forget in? It should be easy. I was walking out there in the road, and I spied the brook over the wall and climbed through the briars to walk beside it, because it was trying so hard to talk to me. That was wrong of me, perhaps, but I never could resist a brook—nor pine trees. They are such nice old men."

"Why, then," I asked, "are the little virgin birches always running away from them?"

Her eyes contracted a second, and then twinkled. "The birches plague them," she replied.

"How do they plague them?" I demanded.

"Pull their pine needles when they are asleep, of course," she answered. "Thank you for letting me walk here."

"Not at all," said I, "it is always a pleasure to entertain a true naturalist."

She smiled and made to pass on. I stood a little aside, in silence. And in that moment of silence suddenly, from near at hand, from somewhere in these very pines, there rang out the golden throb of a hermit thrush so close that the grace notes of his song were audible, cool and liquid and lovely. The suddenness, the nearness, the wildness of this song made it indescribably thrilling, and the girl and I both stood rigid, breathless, peering into the gloom of the pines. Again the call rang out, but a little farther away this time, more plaintive, more fairy-like with distance. She took a step as if to follow, and instinctively I put out my hand, grasping her arm to restrain her. So we stood and waited, while from farther still, evidently from the tamaracks in the corner of my lot, came the elfin clarion. The singer

"Double fireplaces—twin fireplaces—twin fires! That's it, Twin Fires! That ought to be the name of your house."

"You're right!" I cried, delighted. "I've never been able to think of a name. That's the inevitable one—that's Flaubert's one right word. You must come to my christening party and break a bottle of wine on the hearth."

She smiled wistfully, as she turned away from the window. "I must surely go to supper," she said. "Goodby, and thank you for your wonderful concert."

We walked to the road, but to my surprise she did not turn toward the village but toward Bert's. A sudden light came.

"Are you the broken-down boarder?" I cried.

The gurgle welled up, and the blue eyes twinkled, but she made no reply. "Just for that," said I, "I won't carry back Mrs. Bert's basket."

As we entered the Temples' yard, Mrs. Bert stood in the kitchen door.

"Well, you two seem to have got acquainted," she remarked in a matter-of-fact tone. "Miss Goodwin, this is Mr. Upton. I told you about Mr. Upton, this is Miss Goodwin I told you about."

"Mrs. Temple," said I, "you are another. You didn't tell me."

"Young man," she retorted, "where's my basket?"

"I left it behind—on purpose," said I. "Then you'll hev ter come home to yer dinner tomorrow," she said.

"Well, I'm willing," I answered. "I guess you be," said she.

At supper she returned to the theme, which appeared to amuse her endlessly. "Miss Goodwin," she said. "I want ter warn you that Mr. Upton's terrible afraid somebody's goin' ter advise him how ter build his garden. He's a regular man."

I replied quickly: "Your warning is too late," said I; "Miss Goodwin has already begun by naming my place."

"You can change the name, you know," the girl smiled.

I Put Out My Hand to Restrain Her.

was a good one; his attack was flawless, and he scattered his triplets with Mozartian ease and precision. Still we waited, in silence, but he did not sing again. Then in a kind of wonder the girl turned her face to mine, and in a kind of wonder I realized that I was still holding her arm. She appeared as unconscious of it as I, till I let my hand fall. Then she colored a little, smiled a little, and said, "What was it? I never heard anything so beautiful."

"A hermit thrush," I answered. "Thoreau once described his song as 'cool bars of melody from the everlasting morning or evening.' I think that expresses it as well as words can."

"I have always wanted to bear a hermit," she said wistfully. "And oh, it is lovelier than I dreamed! I am going now before I get too jealous of you for having one all your own."

"Don't go!" I said impulsively. "The hermit has never sung for me. That song must have been in your honor."

The moment when I stood holding her arm, the moment when she had turned her wondering, eager face to mine, had been very pleasant. It was dusk now in the pines, and, looking westward, the low sun was making daggers of light between the trees. My ghost that I had brought up from the jump suddenly walked again, but walked in flesh and blood, with blue eyes and tilted nose. I was undoubtedly affected. My voice must have betrayed it as I repeated, "Don't go!"

"But I fear it is time for my supper," she said, with a little nervous laugh. "The thrush has evidently gone for his."

"Birds eat early," said I. "They have to, because they get up so early, after that worm."

Her laugh was once more an up-gushing gurgle. The tenseness was broken. I found myself walking by her side through the maples, and pointing out my house.

She clapped her hands ecstatically. "Oh," she cried, "they made the front door out of a highbrow! How jolly! Is it as nice inside?"

"It's going to be nicer," said I. "I'll peep through the windows," she smiled.

I led her to my new south door, proudly showing my new lawn and the terrace, and telling her where the roses were to be, and the sundial, and dilating on the work my own hands had done. With a silly, boyish enthusiasm, I even displayed the calluses and invited her to feel of them, which she did as one humors a child, while I thrilled quite as childishly at the touch of her finger tips. Then we peeped through the glass doors. The low sun was streaming in through the west window and disclosed the old oak beam across the ceiling. Hard Cider had erected the frame of the bookcase and double settle, which would perfectly match the mantels as soon as the molding was on. One side of the settle faced toward one smoky old fireplace, the other toward the second.

"Two fireplaces! What luxury!"

"You see," said I, "when I get tired of reading philosophy at the east fireplace, I'll just come around the corner and read 'Alice in Wonderland' at the west chimney nook."

"Double fireplaces—twin fireplaces—twin fires! That's it, Twin Fires! That ought to be the name of your house."

"How can I?" I answered, with great sternness. "It's the right one." Whereupon I went up to my work, and listened to the sounds of soft slugging in the room across the hall.

CHAPTER VI.

The Ghost of Rome.

"Stella Goodwin." "It's rather a pretty name," I thought, as I read it on the flyleaf of a volume she had left in Mrs. Bert's sitting room. The volume itself amused me—Chamberlain's "Foundations of the Nineteenth Century." Fancy coming to the country for a rest, and reading Chamberlain, most restless because most provocative of books! I was idly turning the leaves when there was a rustle on the stairs, and Miss Stella Goodwin entered with a cheerful "Good morning."

"See here," said I, "what are you doing with this book, if you are off for a rest? This is no book for a nervous wreck to be reading."

"Who said I was a nervous wreck?" she answered. "I'm just tired, that's all. I guess it's really spring fever. I saw a spear of real grass in Central park, and ran away."

"From what?" I asked.

"From the dictionary," she replied.

"The which?" said I.

"The dictionary. Would you like me to sing you a song of the things that begin with 'hy'?"

She laughed again, and began to chant in burlesque Gregorian. "Hypocritas, hyoscypular, hyoscine, Hyocycyamae, hyocycyamine, Hyocycyamus—"

"Stop!" I cried. "You will have me hypnotized. See, I'm on the 'hy's' myself! Please explain—not sing."

"Well," she laughed, "you see it's this way. I have to eat, drink, and try to be merry, or tomorrow I die, so to postpone tomorrow I am working on a new dictionary. Somebody has to work on dictionaries, you know, and justify the pronunciation of America to man. I'm sort of learned, in a mild, harmless, anti-militant way. It isn't fair to keep the truth from you—I have a degree in philology! My doctor's thesis was published by the press of my kind university, at \$1.50 per copy, of which as many as seventeen were sold, and I'm still paying up the money I borrowed while preparing it. I stood the dictionary pretty well down to the 'hy's,' and then one day something snapped inside of me, and I began to cry. That wouldn't have been so bad, if I hadn't made the mistake of crying on a sheet of manuscript by a learned professor, about Hyocycyamus (which is a genus of dicotyledonous gamopetalous plants), and the ink ran. Then I knew I should have to take a rest in the cause of English, pure and well defined. So here I am. The doctor tells me I must live out of doors and saw wood."

Do you think Miss Stella Goodwin is too much of a highbrow to make a first rate wife? Or are highbrows just as human as the rest of us once they've tasted real life?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Sir Herbert Tree Not a Lion.

At a recent reception at New York Sir Herbert Tree attended; a lady was reproaching the Shakespearean actor for not going into society more frequently.

"You ought to give us more opportunities to lionize you," she complained.

"I never heard of but one man," replied Sir Herbert, "who wasn't spoiled by being lionized."

"And he was?" suggested the fair inquisitor.

"He," finished Tree, "was Daniel."

GRAFT FOR THE PANHANDLER

War Has Developed a New Class, and He is Making Charity Pay Him Well.

A brand new kind of panhandler has been developed by the European war. He sails the ocean blue. He clusters around the quays of Rotterdam and Southampton, with bandages on his head and on his arms and legs. He shambles and shunts his way into the steerage of the big liners going to America. And on the way over he tells pitiable stories of the frightful suffering the war has brought upon him.

He starts the telling of his harrowing tales in the steerage and tells them incessantly, so that finally they get to the ears of the steerage stewards, then to the ears of the second class, then to the first-class stewards and presently the affluent passengers of the upper deck know the stories. And these may be depended upon, with their sympathies thus quickened, to look up the unfortunate and pour lavish charity into his hands.

The feature of the story of this brand of panhandler that always calls out the biggest flow of gold is when they say they are coming to America to try to build new homes and send for families left half starving in their wrecked native land, but that they are without the wherewithal—the \$30

of cash necessary—to permit them to be admitted to the new country. They usually get about five times \$30 from the wealthy passengers.

The Average Minister.

The manse, or rectory, or parsonage, is always too large and out of proportion to his income; books are the tools of his trade, and they are not only expensive but they become obsolete more quickly than other tools; clerical clothing cannot be bought readily and cheaply in the custom-made stores during clearance sales; charity, to him, is not a passing luxury but a permanent investment to conserve his capital in character; vacations are almost enforced, and in a high-tension-nerve-brain-and-heart occupation must not be neglected. So he takes his place, smiles, preaches optimism, gives first and last aid to every kind of injury, keeps the honor of his church and his Master beyond reproach, and then spends the residue of his strength in devising and practicing secret economies.—Joseph H. Odell, in Atlantic.

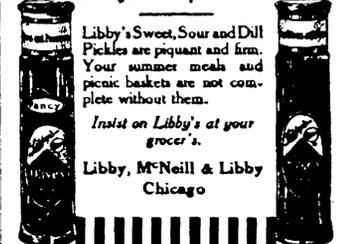
Culinary Frightfulness.

"What on earth are two Zepps on a cloud?" she asked. "That's the order I've just taken from the last soldier to come in, and I won't tell him to translate." Whereupon she proudly served him with two sausages and a poached egg.—Weekly Dispatch.

Look For This Name

On Packages of Libby's Olives and Pickles

It's a quality mark for exceptionally good table dainties. Our Manzanilla and Queen Olives, plain or stuffed, are from the famous olive groves in Spain.



Libby's Sweet, Sour and Dill Pickles are pungent and firm. Your summer meals and picnic baskets are not complete without them. Insist on Libby's at your grocer's. Libby, McNeill & Libby Chicago

DAISY FLY KILLER

placed anywhere, attracts and kills all flies. Post, glass, or manual, convenient, cheap. Lasts all season. Made of metal, can't spill or tip over; will not soil or injure anything. Guaranteed effective. All dealers or direct express paid for \$1.00. HAROLD SOMERS, 150 De Kalb Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

FAITH THAT WAS SUBLIME

Further Proof That True Love Knows No Obstacles When a Test Is Called For.

A young doctor recently took his best girl to the opera. The curtain was late in rising, and the young lady complained of feeling faint. The doctor smiled sweetly upon her, and took something out of his vest pocket. "Here," he whispered, "keep this in your mouth. Don't swallow it."

Shyly the girl placed the object upon her tongue and rolled it over and over, but it would not dissolve. She felt better, however. So she took the tablet from her mouth, and slipped it in her glove, as she was curious to examine, when she got once more into the light, this tasteless little substance which had given her such relief.

When the happy couple were once more outside the opera house the girl stopped under a large lamp.

"That thing you gave me made me feel ever so much better," she cooed, gratefully, wrestling with her glove. Suddenly she bent over something white and round in her palm. She looked up at his face.

"Dud-dud-Dick!" she stammered, in a choking voice, "why, it's nothing but a pearl shirt button!"

Doing His Best.

"Tommy Tucker is the worst boy in school, Harry, and I want you to keep just as far away from him as you possibly can."

"I do, ma. He stays at the head of the class most all the time."

The new moon is like a giddy young girl—not old enough to show much reflection.

Love may not be blind, but it's awfully near-sighted.

For Pure Goodness

and delicious, snappy flavor no other food-drink equals

POSTUM

Made of wheat and a bit of wholesome molasses, it has the rich snap and tang of high-grade Java coffee, yet contains no harmful elements.

This hot table drink is ideal for children and particularly satisfying to all with whom coffee disagrees.

Postum comes in two forms: The original Postum Cereal requires boiling. Instant Postum is made in the cup instantly, by adding boiling water.

For a good time at table and better health all round, Postum tells its own story.

"There's a Reason"

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

A HALF TRUTH IS A FALSEHOOD

INCREASED SALE OF LIQUOR DOES NOT PROVE FAILURE OF PROHIBITION

USED BY AMMUNITION MAKERS

There is All The Killing Properties To It, However Used. But It Cannot Kill Prohibition

T. M. Gilmore of the National Model License league, who is also president of the publishing board of Bonfort's Wine and Spirit Circular, circularized the newspapers of the country with a statement that large increases in production of distilled liquors in America proved the failure of prohibition. The increase is a fact; the inference is absolutely false.

Bonfort's Circular of April 10, 1916, carried several articles showing: First, that wholesalers and retailers of liquor are warning each other against buying on a liquor market suffering from overproduction. Secondly, millions of gallons of alcohol and spiritous liquors are being exported for manufacture of ammunition to be used in the European war.

It is announced in Bonfort's Circular that a million gallons of California brandy in one batch would be denatured and shipped east for the manufacture of powder and high explosives. Another item follows:

"According to one of our correspondents, a barrel of alcohol and a bale of cotton are consumed every time a large gun is fired in the European war. This explains why the United States is experiencing at the present time such a tremendous demand for alcohol."

Answering the statement issued from Louisville, Ky., by the National Model License league, concerning the alleged increase in consumption of whiskey in the United States, Major A. P. Loomis, State Manager of the Michigan Dry Campaign committee, declared the report was a half truth which amounts to a whole falsehood. He said:

"Every body knows there is a war in Europe. Most people know that the manufacture of ammunition requires alcohol and blends of alcohol. It is true that since the war broke out there has been a big increase in the production of distilled spirits by all the distillers in the United States; many of their plants are working overtime, but it is absolutely false to say that this increase has anything to do with prohibition. The fact is these distillers are sending their product to Europe for use in making ammunition."

"The statement of T. M. Gilmore, president of the National Model License league that this increase in manufacture of liquor proves the failure of prohibition is absolutely false as Mr. Gilmore himself well knows. It is a mystery to the average man how Mr. Gilmore who is supposed to speak for the whiskey makers should be opposed to prohibition if it is true as he says 'that prohibition increases consumption of whiskey.'"

A Comparative Statement.

In every city and county local option or prohibition invariably result in reducing the number of arrests. There is also a definite and often large reduction in the expense of conducting jails, courts, etc.

The actual relationship between the license system and number of arrests for drunkenness, misdemeanors or crime cannot be determined absolutely. Any conclusions reached are influenced to a greater or less extent by the local policy in making arrests. Sometimes local officials, either policemen, judges or politicians, start out to make a record for arrests either under a wet or dry regime.

"When is a man drunk enough to be arrested? This question is answered variously, but the answer in nine counties out of ten in Michigan proves that by far the license system produces from two to five times as many cases of public intoxication as the no-license system. In Michigan dry counties, as in Kansas, Iowa and other dry states the local jail frequently falls into entire disuse. In Michigan wet counties, as in Ingham county during the last period of saloons the jail is often full of 'drunks' and in some cases had to be enlarged.

Kalamazoo City furnishes the best evidence so far obtainable. Chas. W. Struble, Chief of Police, in a letter to the Michigan Dry Campaign committee March 2, 1916, while declining to give any opinion for publication, enclosed the following statement of arrests:

Comparative record of arrest, Kal-

Some Queer Ones

"Dutch treats" in London, now that law prohibits "setting 'em up."

Flying fish bowled over six foot Los Angeles fisherman and gave him a black eye.

"Needs a spanking, but too cute to hurt," Passaic woman suing for divorce told court of her husband.

After fifty years bomb fired into Chatanooga by General Sherman's forces exploded in a local foundry.

Man train ran over, but did not touch, on Long Island, died from shock before he could be taken out.

British posters used to stimulate enlistment have been put on exhibition in Berlin for benefit of a relief fund.

"Blushing cod" novelty to New York health department inspectors. It was 10 cents a pound cod, dyed red and sold as forty cent salmon.

A "3,000 mile handshake" is what Vassar college calls the telephone reception to be held with San Francisco alumnae at its fiftieth anniversary celebration.

Victory.

"How happy the bride looks!" "She has a right to look happy. His friends have been laying odds of 2 to 1 that she wouldn't land him."—Exchange.

She Got It.

Jack—As our engagement is to be a secret, I won't give you an engagement ring at present. Jill—Oh, I could wear it on my right hand!

When fame does come to the average man it roasts on his tombstone.—Pittsburgh Telegraph.

Finds Cure for Epilepsy After Years of Suffering

"My daughter was afflicted with epileptic fits for three years. The attacks coming every few weeks. We employed several doctors but they did her no good. About a year ago we heard of Dr. Miles' Nervine, and it certainly has proved a blessing to our little girl. She is now apparently cured and is enjoying the best of health. It is over a year since she has had a fit. We cannot speak too highly of Dr. Miles' Nervine."



MRS. FRANK ANDERSON, Comfrey, Minn.

Thousands of children in the United States who are suffering from attacks of epilepsy are a burden and sorrow to their parents, who would give anything to restore health to the sufferers.

Dr. Miles' Nervine

is one of the best remedies known for this affliction. It has proven beneficial in thousands of cases and those who have used it have the greatest faith in it. It is not a "cure-all" but a reliable remedy for nervous diseases. You need not hesitate to give it a trial.

Sold by all Druggists. If the first bottle fails to benefit your money is returned.

MILES MEDICAL CO., Eikhart, Ind.

amazon police department:

Date	Drunk	Total
May 1914	95	128
May 1915	32	61
June 1914	87	174
June 1915	28	56
July 1914	88	180
July 1915	45	81
Aug. 1914	96	144
Aug. 1915	26	61
Sept. 1914	145	191
Sept. 1915	20	51
Oct. 1914	160	207
Oct. 1915	46	72
Nov. 1914	104	135
Nov. 1915	41	53
Dec. 1914	103	149
Dec. 1915	55	76
Jan. 1915	69	121
Jan. 1916	39	70
Feb. 1915	75	117
Feb. 1916	40	74

Under the wet regime, far more men were sent home than were arrested when there was any possibility of getting a man home without harm. On the first Saturday night under the Dry regime, many of the former drunks were seen going home with their families and with packages under their arms.

POULTRY and EGGS

FEEDING HENS FOR EGG PRODUCTION

(Prepared by United States department of agriculture)

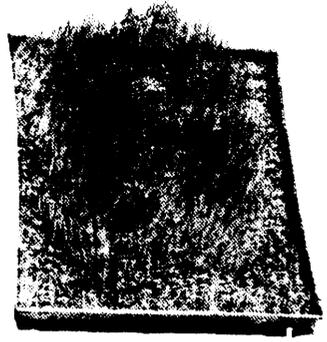
Laying hens should be fed with the object of obtaining the maximum egg production. Successful feeding, according to the United States department of agriculture's poultry specialists, should take into account the following considerations: Nutrition, variety, palatability, succulence and other requirements, such as supply of water, etc.

The ration should be as simple as possible, one that can be obtained easily in the particular locality and yet fill the requirements for good egg production. To produce the best results the ration should be made up of grain, mash, some form of animal feed and green or succulent feed. When the hens are permitted to range, as most farm flocks are much of the year, they will pick up a large part of their feed. The amount of grain given them should vary with the amount of feed they are able to obtain themselves.

GRAIN MIXTURES.

The grain feeds are usually mixtures of corn, which is fed either cracked or whole, is a good feed, but should not be used alone. Wheat is a good grain, feed relished by hens, but is expensive. A good mixture is made up of equal parts by weight of corn, wheat and oats. Other grains that may be used are buckwheat, barley, milo, maize and Kaffir corn. A light feed of the grain mixture should be given in the morning, while at night the hens may be fed about all they will eat. If the hens are confined the grain should be scattered in the litter of straw or other material on the henhouse floor so that they will exercise in scratching for it.

A mash mixture is usually fed in conjunction with grain. The most common ingredients of such mixtures are wheat middlings, cornmeal, corn chop, gluten meal, linseed meal, cottonseed meal, ground oats and beef scrap, fish scrap or meat meal. A mash which gives good results is made up of equal parts by weight of cornmeal, wheat bran, wheat middlings and beef scrap. For mixing a wet mash either skim milk, buttermilk or sour milk is excellent material. If water is used it should be hot, and care should be taken to mix the mash thoroughly. It should be just wet enough to be in a crumbly condition. Wet mash is usually fed but once a day, either morning, noon or



SPROUTED OATS.

night, noon being considered the most favorable time. No more should be fed than will be eaten in ten or fifteen minutes. If mash is fed dry it is usually put in a hopper placed where the hens may help themselves at all times.

POWLS NEED ANIMAL FEED.

"Perhaps no other ingredient is so often lacking in rations for laying hens as a sufficient supply of animal feed. This may be furnished in the form of beef scrap, either by itself in a hopper or in a mash mixture, and when other animal feed is not available it will pay to buy and feed a good grade of beef scrap, even though it seems expensive.

Animal feed may also be provided by table scraps, milk in some form or by the bugs and worms which the hens pick up. Green bone may also be used, although it is difficult to prepare and hard to keep in condition. If fed too freely it will cause diarrhea. When feeding this material the droppings should be watched carefully, and upon the first sign of serious diarrhea the supply should be immediately lessened.

SPROUTED OATS FOR HENS.

When grass or any green growing crop is not available it is necessary to supply some form of green or succulent feed, the lack of which often results in eggs with pale yolks. Cabbage, beets, clover or alfalfa hay may be

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

THE THREE MEALS.

BREAKFAST.
Peaches and Cream, Cereal, Shredded Eggs, Toasted Muffins, Coffee.

LUNCHEON.
Corned Beef Hash, Rye Bread, Lettuce With Mayonnaise, Fruit, Currant Pie, Tea.

DINNER.
Green Pea Purée With Croquettes, Broiled Chop, Potatoes, Spinach With Eggs, Peach Pudding, Iced Coffee.

Peach Pudding.

ONE cupful of flour, one-quarter teaspoonful of salt, two cupfuls of breadcrumbs, one-half cupful of nuts, two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice, one cupful of sugar, two cupfuls of peaches and three eggs.

Mix all the dry ingredients, add the beaten eggs, lemon juice and peaches. Beat well, pour into buttered molds and steam two hours. Serve with cream.

Blueberry Pudding.

One quart of blueberries, two eggs, one and one-half cupfuls of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of cold water, one teaspoonful of lemon juice, three-fourths cupful of flour, one-fourth teaspoonful of salt and three tablespoonfuls of baking powder.

Put a quart of canned or stewed blueberries on the stove in a stew pan and let them get boiling hot, then cover the berries with a batter. To make this, beat eggs to a froth, add sugar, beat until light colored, then add water, lemon juice, and last mix in lightly the flour sifted with salt and baking powder. Cover tight and cook for about thirty minutes. Serve with good egg sauce.

Surprise Potatoes.

Choose five large and seven small potatoes, bake them, then halve them lengthwise; scoop out most of the center and rub through a sieve; season with salt and pepper, add one ounce of butter and a dessertspoonful of chopped parsley. Replace some of this mixture in each half of potato, leaving a hollow in each. Fill the center with the mixture given below, place the halves of the potatoes together again and place them in the oven to reheat. For the mixture peel and chop three mushrooms and cook them in one ounce of butter; cut up one pound of cold cooked meat, add it to the mushrooms, season nicely, heat thoroughly.

Rhubarb Pie.

One and one-half cupful rhubarb, one cupful sugar, one tablespoonful flour, two eggs, one tablespoonful butter.

Cover a pie plate with crust and fill with rhubarb mixture which is put together as follows: Cream butter and sugar; add the slightly beaten egg yolks, flour and the rhubarb, which has been cut fine, covered with just enough boiling water to cook it and allowed to boil one minute. Bake until firm in a moderate oven. When cool cover with a meringue and brown slightly in oven.

Rebuked.

The persevering landscape painter knew that he had an observer looking over his shoulder at the easel. He knew from the rustle of skirts that the observer was a woman; yet he worked steadily on. Presently the observer spoke.

"A charming landscape," she said. "Ah, you flatter me," said the artist modestly. "Compared with the original landscape it is very poor stuff." "I meant the original," said the observer.—New York Times.

THE STOCKMAN.

Three parts bran and one part oilmeal, with clover hay and sliced beets or potatoes, is a good ration for ewes with lambs.

Don't let the "windfall" apples go to waste. Give them to the pigs. Feed the extra vegetables as well.

Each farmer should raise all the horses needed on his own farm.

See that the ewes have plenty of water and salt and feed, and the crop of lambs next spring will amply reward you for the extra thought and care.

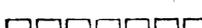
When properly and intelligently done keeping hogs and making money are synonymous terms. More depends upon the man than upon the hog.

The ordinary farmer should raise draft colts. They are quiet and easily handled, and by the time they are old enough for market they will have earned the cost of raising, and the selling price is nearly all profit.

Firtation.

"What really constitutes flirtation?" asked the young man of the woman of the world.

"Attention without intention," replied the experienced one.



THE VALUE of well-printed neat-appearing stationery as a means of getting and holding desirable business has been amply demonstrated. Consult us before going elsewhere



WHEN YOU HAVE A COLD

Give it attention, avoid exposure, be regular and careful of your diet, also commence taking Dr. King's New Discovery. It contains Pine Tar, Antiseptic Oils and Eucalypti. It slightly laxative. Dr. King's New Discovery eases your cough, soothes your throat and bronchial tubes, checks your cold, starts to clear your head. In a short time you know your cold is better. Its standard family cough syrup in use over 40 years. Get a bottle at once. Keep it in the house as a cold insurance. Sold at your druggist.

They Let Him

Sleep Soundly

"Since taking Foley Kidney Pills I believe I am entirely cured and I sleep soundly all night." H. T. Straynge.

Take two of Foley Kidney Pills with a glass of pure water after each meal and at bedtime. A quick and easy way to put a stop to your getting up time after time during the night.

Foley Kidney Pills also stop pain in back and sides, headaches, stomach troubles, disturbed heart action, stiff and aching joints, and rheumatic pains due to kidney and bladder ailments.

Gainesville, Ga., R. R. No. 3. Mr. H. T. Straynge says: "For ten years I've been unable to sleep all night without getting up. Sometimes only a few minutes after going to bed I have to get up, and I tried everything I heard of for the trouble. Last year I tried Foley Kidney Pills and after taking one bottle I believe I am entirely cured and I sleep soundly all night."

For Sale Everywhere

If You Want

RESULTS

YOU can get them by advertising in this paper. It reaches the best class of people in this community.

Use this paper if you want some of their business.

Use This Paper

WILL SLOAN'S LINIMENT RELIEVE PAIN?

Try it and see—one application will prove more than a column of claims. James S. Ferguson, Phila., Pa., writes: "I have had wonderful relief since I used Sloan's Liniment on my knees. To think after all these years of pain one application gave me relief. Many thanks for what your remedy has done for me." Don't keep on suffering, apply Sloan's Liniment where your pain is and notice how quick you get relief. Penetrates without rubbing. Buy it at any drug store. 25c.

No, indeed.

Bill—The smallest apartment houses are those occupied by bees. In a cubic foot of honeycomb there are about 8,000 cells. Jill—I suppose it is not alone the janitor who does the stinging?—Yonkers Statesman.

After taking the three Laxative Tablets children ask for "more candy."