

Pinckney Dispatch

Vol. XXXIV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, Jan. 11th, 1917

No. 2

Information Regarding Automobile Lienses by Sec. of State

The secretary of state has issued the following valuable information regarding motor vehicle licenses:

Application must be made out on the proper blanks or they cannot be accepted.

Personal checks must be certified.

Truck weights must be obtained from standard scales with scale receipt accompanying application.

Horse-power must be in accordance with the number and size of cylinders, (N. A. C. C. table on blank are not manufacturers' rating.)

All questions and affidavits must be complete else application will be returned.

County where applicant really lives is important.

Half rate on chauffeur licenses begins Aug. 1, on motor vehicles Sept. 1.

Transfers cannot be made from car to car. License must continue on car assigned for the whole calendar year. When a car changes ownership immediate formal transfer should be made (green form, fee \$1.00.)

There is no provision by law to cancel licenses or make refunds for unused periods.

Duplicates for lost or destroyed plates (except for manufacturers or dealers, may be furnished at \$1.00 per plate, regarding which, affidavit must be filed.

There is no provision by law to cancel licenses or make refunds for unused periods.

Duplicates for lost or destroyed plates (except for manufacturers and dealers) may be furnished at \$1.00 per plate regarding which affidavit must be filed.

Manufacturers' or dealers' rate is \$50 (5 pairs); additional plates are \$10 per pair. No provision for lost or duplicate plates at less rate to manufacturers and dealers. It is unlawful to use manufacturers' or dealers' plates on their own private cars or cars for hire. Supply of blanks are usually kept on hand by county clerks.

Chauffeur's licenses cannot be issued to persons under 18 years.

Goucher's Lady Orchestra Here January 16th

The Goucher's Lady orchestra of Brighton have been secured for a dancing party to be given at the Pinckney opera house, Tuesday evening, Jan. 16th. This orchestra has been able to compete successfully with some of the best orchestras from Detroit and are fast becoming popular throughout this section. Everyone cordially invited to attend.

The B Sharp Club

The B Sharp Club met at the home of Miss Nellie Gardner Dec. 27th.

Instead of the regular program, a thimble party was the feature of the afternoon.

The hostess served a buffet luncheon, and a general good time was enjoyed by all.

"Why did you ask Alice to sing?" "I'd never heard her before."—Boston Transcript.

Boston Symphony Orchestra at Ann Arbor

Among all the orchestras of the world the Boston Symphony Orchestra which will be heard in Hill Auditorium, Ann Arbor, January 26, is unique. It was established in the fall of 1891 by Henry D. Higginson, a wealthy music lover of Boston. It was organized primarily to give concerts in Boston but afterwards it came to Ann Arbor. It is the oldest of the kind in the world.

The Fellow Who Owes Me a Dollar

If the fellow who owes me a dollar
Will hurry to pay it to me,
Not only with joy I will holler
But to pay it right out I agree.
I'll pay it to someone I owe it
I'll ask him to pass it along.
And life, before hardly we know it
Will be one grand, beautiful song.
That dollar I pay to the fellow
I owe, that he pays to the next,
Will soon have us feeling so mellow,
We never are troubled or vexed.
That dollar that now is a worry,
Will make all sorrows depart,
That dollar would help in a hurry,
If he would but give it a start.
In fact, if I only could collar
That dollar, how happy I'd be
We could pay off the world with that
dollar,
If that fellow would pay it to me.

—Ex.

Poverty Social

The Willing Workers of the Cong'l Church Society will give a poverty social at their hall over Murphy & Jackson's store, Friday evening, Jan. 19th. Refreshments and entertainment, 15c. A bake sale in connection. A prize will be given for the most poverty stricken dressed person in attendance. Every person attending will be fined if they come dressed in silk, satin, velvet, collars, cuffs, neckties or wearing jewelry. Everybody invited to attend.

Farms For Sale or Exchange!

215 acres 3 miles from Pinckney
120 " " " "
80 " " " "
80 " " " " Ann Arbor
55 " " " " Brighton
184 " " " "

House, barn, acre of ground, Pettysville
Dr. G. J. Pearson.

Notice to Tax Payers!

The Tax Roll is now in my hands for collection, and will receive taxes at Murphy & Jackson's store on Saturdays. ALGER J. HALL, Township Treas.

Classified Advertising

FOR SERVICE—Registered Poland China Boar. Fees \$1.00. Ed Spears.

WANTED—To buy straw. L. D. Foote. Phone 56 F 12.

TO RENT—Good Brick Store, with living rooms above. Inquire at this office.

The indications are that the American Indians were the first to use tobacco. They were using it when Columbus discovered America.

Notice!

If you want your shoes Half-Soled, and good work done, rips sewed up, patched, rubber boots or rubbers patched or half-soled, harnesses repaired, call on W. B. DARROW.

Farms For Sale!

80 acres 7 miles from Ann Arbor
27 " " " "
48 " " " "
80 " " " " Pinckney
40 " " " "
50 " " " " Whitman
50 " " " " Howell
190 " " " " Dexter
80 " " " " Salem
1 " " " " Pettysville
Dr. G. J. Pearson.

Gleaner Federation Rally at Ann Arbor Thursday, Jan. 18

You are cordially invited to attend the Gleaner Federation Rally to be held at the Hill Auditorium, Ann Arbor, Mich., Thursday, January 18, 1917.

There will be three profitable and entertaining sessions. The afternoon session is open to the public and every farmer within 25 miles should make this a special date. Come and hear the address by Ross Holloway, of Detroit, who will discuss live questions which will benefit every American Farmer. Gleaners and Gleaners only, are solving the business problems of the farm. You want to know how. The subject of the address by Mr. Holloway will be "The new man of the farm".

A basket dinner and luncheon will be served at noon and evening respectively. All are invited to bring well filled baskets to supply the tables.

The evening program will be for the members only. Special drilled teams will present the work of the new Ritual with special drills, music, etc.

A prize Silver Cup will be awarded the best degree team. This is the District Trophy and two Crack teams will compete for it.

The Gleaner Photographer will make a group picture of the Rally at noon. Don't fail to be there at that time.

School Notes

Miss Margaret Kuhn of Gregory visited school Friday.

Walter Cook of Detroit visited school Monday.

Orry Ritter, Edward Bennett, and Leo McCluskey were absent from the Grammar room, Friday.

Miss Madeleine O'Hern, Miss Celia Haines, Mrs. M. Lavey and Mrs. C. J. Teeple visited school last Thursday.

MORPHY AND UMPIRING.

Many business Why Big George Should Succeed as Arbiter.

Unless all signs fail George Moriarty, the future arbiter to Ben Johnson's league, should develop into one of the best in the game. As for qualifications for the position, Moriarty has all that an umpire should have, and he has more than have some of the indicator holders bow in harness.

Moriarty has the size, and he has also the love of an argument that will make the ball player think twice before starting any trouble—not that it is necessary in these days for an umpire to have physical power superior to the player, but one who has it gets so much more respect. Moriarty as a player was aggressive without being offensive, and he was quiet and even tempered. But let somebody start something with George as the objective and Moriarty is right at home. He could take care of himself very artistically if the situation ever called for it.

As for knowing baseball, the big fellow ranked with the smartest. In diamond achievements he never ranked as a great star, but as a strategist he had few superiors. He always was a close student of the opposing player and the game itself.

Third St. Louis Brewery Closes its Doors

St. Louis liquor men appear to be suffering acutely from the encroachments of prohibition. Within the past few days the Forest Park Brewing company has filed a petition in bankruptcy. This is the third St. Louis brewery inside of two months to wind up its affairs in anticipation of national prohibition. The first two were the Mutual Brewery, which was closed by order of the referee in bankruptcy on November 14, and the Excelsior Brewery, which announced that it would close its doors on January 1st.

HONOR ROLL OF STATES AND TERRITORY WHICH HAVE OUTLAWED THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC: Maine, Oregon, Kansas, Colorado, Oklahoma, Arizona, North Dakota, Iowa, 17th Carolina, Arkansas, Georgia, Idaho, Mississippi, South Carolina, Tennessee, Michigan, Alabama, Missouri, West Virginia, South Dakota, Virginia, Nebraska, Washington, Alaska.

MURPHY & JACKSON

Specials!

All Furniture from our stock and Catalogue sold at 10 per cent above cost.

Broken Lots of Shoes

Ladies', Mens' and Children's Shoes from the C. E. Booth Stock at Mfg. Cost.

Our New Spring Line of Mens' Work Shoes just in— at old prices.

Flour Is Advancing

Buy it now and save money. Our quantity purchases on Groceries Make Low Prices.

NOTICE!

To the people of Pinckney and vicinity. Having purchased the Drug Store belonging to Mr. C. G. Meyer, I wish to inform the Public that the store is now open for business and will appreciate your patronage.

We will endeavor to keep the same up-to-date drug store and drugs of the best quality.

If every purchase doesn't prove satisfactory, call and we will gladly make it right.

Chas. M. Ingersoll

The Quality Drug Store

Pinckney, Mich.

The Destroying Angel

By LOUIS JOSEPH VANCE
AUTHOR OF
"THE POOL OF FLAME," "THE BROKEN BELL," "THE BLACK DAG," "THE BRASS BOMB,"
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Suppose that you, aroused tonight by the stealthy presence of a masked prowler in your bedroom, covered him with your pistol just as he was about to plunge a long knife between your ribs—and discovered he was an old friend. Would you turn him over to the police and prosecute him, or would you assume he was crazy and have him sent to an asylum? Perhaps you will find an answer to such a problem in this installment.

CHAPTER XI—Continued.

Ember pushed back his chair and, rising, strolled to the door. "Moonrise and a fine, clear night," he said, starting through the wire mesh of the screen. "Wish you were well enough to go riding with me. However, you won't be laid up long, I fancy. And I'll be back day after tomorrow. Now I must cut along."

And within ten minutes Whitaker heard the motor car rumble off on the woodland road. He wasn't altogether sorry to be left to his own society, but in spite of his half-hearted perturbation and dissatisfaction, the weariness of a long, full day was so heavy upon him that he went to sleep almost before Sum Fat had finished making him comfortable.

Extinguishing the candle, the Chinaman, moving with the silent assurance of a cat in the dark, closed and latched the shutters, then sat down just outside the living-room door, to wait and watch, sleeplessly alert.

An hour passed in silence, and another, and yet another. Sum Fat sat motionless in the shadow, which blended so perfectly with his dark blue silk garments as to render him almost indistinguishable—a figure as patient and imperturbable as any bland, stout, graven god of his religion. But in time there fell upon his ears another sound, to which he stirred, if imperceptibly—drawing himself together, tensing and flexing his tired muscles while his eyes shifted quickly from one quarter to another of the darkened living room and the still more dark bedchamber.

And yet apparently all that had roused him was the drowsy whistle of a whippoorwill.

Then, with no other presage, a shadow flitted past one of the side windows, and in another reappeared more substantially on the veranda. Sum Fat grew altogether tense, his gaze fixed and exclusively focused upon that apparition.

Cautiously, noiselessly, edging inch by inch across the veranda, the man approached the door. It was open. A full, long minute elapsed. Even Sum Fat held his breath throughout that interminable reconnaissance.

At length, reassured, the man slipped into the room. Another minute: no sound detectable more untoward than that of steady respiration in the bedroom; with a movement as swift and sinister as the swoop of a vulture, the man sprang toward the bedroom door. Leaping from a sitting position, with a bound that was little less than a fight through the air, the Chinaman caught him halfway. There followed a shriek, a heavy fall that shook the bungalow, the report of a revolver, sounds of scuffling.

Whitaker, half dazed, found himself standing in the doorway, regardless of his injury. He saw, as one who dreams and yet is conscious that he does but dream, Ember lighting candles—calmly applying the flame of a taper to one after another as he made a round of the sconces. Sum Fat was kneeling on all fours, above something that breathed heavily and struggled without avail.

Whitaker's sleep-numbed faculties cleared. "Ember!" he cried. "What in the name of all things strange—" Ember threw him a sickening smile. "Oh, there you are!" he said cheerfully. "I've got something interesting to show you. Sum Fat—he stooped and picked up a revolver—"you may let him up now, if you think he's safe."

Ember lit the door.

For an instant his captive seemed reluctant to rise. Ember moved to his side and stood over him, balancing the revolver in his palm.

"Come," he said impatiently. "Up with you!"

The man sat up as if galvanized by fear, got more slowly to his knees, then, grasping the edge of the table, dragged himself laboriously to a standing position.

Whitaker's jaw dropped and his eyes widened with wonder and pity. He couldn't deny the man, yet he found it hard to believe that this quivering, shaken creature, with his lean and pasty face and desperate, glaring eyes, this man in rough, stained, soiled and shapeless garments, could be identical with the well-set-up, prosperous and confident man of affairs he remembered as Drummond. And yet they were one. Appalling to contemplate the swift, devastating course of moral degeneration, that had spread like gangrene through all the man's physical and mental fiber.

"Take a good look," Ember advised grimly. "How about that pet myth thing now? What price the astute sleuth—eh? Perhaps you'd like to take a few more funny cracks at my simple faith in hallucinations."

"I had a notion he'd be hanging around," Ember went on; "I thought I saw somebody hiding in the woods this afternoon; and then I was sure I saw him skulking round the edges of the clearing after dinner. So I set Sum Fat to watch, drove back to the village to mislead him, left my car there and walked back. And sure enough—!"

Without comment, Whitaker, unable to stand any longer without discomfort, hobbled to a chair and sat down. "Well?" Drummond demanded harshly in a quavering snarl. "Now that you've got me, what're you going to do with me?"

There was a high, hysterical accent in his voice that struck unpleasantly on Ember's ear. He cocked his head to one side, studying the man intently. Drummond flung himself a step away from the table, paused, and again faced his captors with bravado.

"Well?" he cried again. "Well?"

Ember nodded toward Whitaker. "Ask him," he said briefly.

Whitaker shook his head. It was difficult to think how to deal with this trapped animal, so wildly different from the cultivated gentleman he always had in mind when he thought of Drummond. The futility of attempting to deal with him according to any code recognized by men of honor was wretchedly apparent.

"Drummond," he said slowly, "I wish to God you hadn't done this thing."

Drummond laughed discordantly. "Keep your mealy-mouthed compassion for yourself," he retorted, sneering.

Whitaker gave a gesture of despair. "If you'd only been content to keep out of the way . . . If only you'd let me alone—"

"Then you let Sara Law alone, d'you hear?"

The interruption was little short of a shriek. Ember motioned to Sum Fat, who quietly drew nearer.

"I swear I don't know what to do or say—"

"Then shut up—"

"That'll be about all," Ember interposed quietly. At a glance from him, Sum Fat closed in swiftly and caught and pinioned Drummond's arms from behind.

A disgusting change took place in Drummond's an instant he was struggling, screaming, slaving; his face congested, eyes staring, features working wildly as he turned and twisted in his efforts to free himself. Sum Fat

held him as he would have held an unruly child. When a break in Drummond's ravings came at length, together with a gradual weakening of the man's struggles, the detective turned to Whitaker.

"Sorry," he said. "I didn't dare take any further chances. He'd have been at your throat in another minute. It isn't as if we had simply an everyday crook to deal with." Ember went on, approaching the man. "He's not to be trusted or reasoned with. He's just short of a raving morphomaniac, or I miss my guess."

With a quick movement he caught Drummond's left arm, pulled the sleeve of his coat back to the elbow, unbuttoned and turned back his cuff. "Hm—yes," he continued, bending over to inspect the exposed forearm, in spite of Drummond's efforts to twist away. "Deadly work of the busy little needle. Good Lord, he's fairly riddled with punctures!"

"That explains . . ." Whitaker muttered, sickened.

"It explains a lot," Ember readjusted the sleeve and turned away. "And it shows us our path of duty, clear," he continued, despite interruptions from the maddened drug fiend. "I think a nice little sojourn in a sanatorium—what?"

"Right," Whitaker agreed, relieved. "We'll see what a cure does for him before we indulge in criminal proceedings—shall we?"

"By all means."

"Good," Ember glanced at his watch. "I'll have to hurry along now—must be in town not later than nine o'clock this morning. I'll take him with me. No, don't worry—I can handle him easily. It's a bit of a walk to the village, but that will only help to quiet him down. I'll be back tomorrow; meanwhile, you'll be able to sleep soundly unless—"

He checked, frowning thoughtfully. "Unless what?"

Ember jerked his head to indicate the prisoner. "Of course, this isn't by any chance the fellow you mixed it up with over on the beach—and so forth?"

"Nothing like him."

"Queer. I can't find any trace of him—the other one—nor can I account for him. He doesn't seem to fit in any-



The Chinaman Caught Him Half Way.

where. However"—his expression lightened—"I daresay you were right; he's probably only some idle, light-fingered prowler. I'd keep my eyes open for him, but I don't really believe you need worry much."

Within ten minutes he was off on his lonely tramp through two miles of woodland and as many more of little-traveled country, at dead of night, with a madman in handcuffs for sole company.

CHAPTER XII.

Offshore.

"You ask me, I think very excellent quick cure."

Sum Fat tenderly adjusted the canvas brace, and then with infinite care inserted the foot in a high-cut canvas tennis shoe.

He stood up, beaming with benevolent interest. "You take it easy one day or two—no walk much—just loaf—no go see pretty ladies—"

"Go 'way, you heathen—go clean your teeth!" cried Whitaker, indignantly.

"—and I think be all well and sound," concluded Sum Fat.

He waddled away, chuckling. Whitaker got up, and with the aid of a cane made a number of tentative experiments in short-distance pedestrianism. The results were highly satisfactory; he felt little or no pain. On the other hand, he felt the advice to which he had just listened was sound; it would be unwise to attempt a neighborly call within at least another twenty-four hours.

He resumed his chair on the veranda and sighed. It was late afternoon, and he was lonely. He inclined to walk. The trouble with him was (he began

to realize) that he had lived too long a hermit. For six years he had been practically isolated and cut off from the better half of existence; femininity had formed no factor in his cosmos. But now, of a sudden, he had been granted a flash of insight into the true significance of companionship between a man and a woman who had something in common aside from community in their generation. Not two hours altogether of such intercourse had been his, but it had been enough to infuse all his consciousness with a vague but irking discontent.

He had lashed himself into a very respectable transport of resentful rage when, chancing to lift his eyes from their absorbed study of the planks composing the veranda floor, he discovered a motor boat at the landing stage. At once a smile of childlike serenity displaced the scowl.

The woman made the little vessel fast and, turning, came swinging up the gentle slope to the veranda, ease and strength and joy of living inherent in every flowing movement.

No imaginable consideration, however selfish, could have kept Whitaker any longer in his chair.

What do you think was Drummond's purpose in killing Whitaker? Is there any connection between Miss Fluke and Drummond?

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

WHEN MOTHER WAS A GIRL

She Was Just the Same as Her Ultra Modern Daughter in the Way of Gadding.

Mother finally became tired of the way daughter was acting, according to a writer in the Fort Worth Star Telegram, and she said to her: "You never do anything but gad about. When I was your age I tried to take some of the work off my poor mother's back. I didn't want to spend all my time with some silly, giggling girl like that chum of yours." After listening to this, daughter went to grandma and said to her: "You must have had an awfully easy time when mamma was growing up. She stayed at home almost all the time, and helped you with the cooking, milking, washing and other work." Then said grandma: "She helped me with the work? I'd like to know when she helped me. Day and night, week in and week out, she was running around with some silly girl, and she never once turned her hand to help me with anything. I made every stitch of her clothes, did all her washing and ironed every rag she ever wore. Now, when I was a girl I really worked. In my time girls didn't run around like they did in your mother's day."

Why He Was Sick.

A mother whose son was sentenced to the Marion county workhouse recently from juvenile court, entered court a few days ago, and said that she wished to speak to Judge Frank J. Lahr in regard to her son, says the Indianapolis News.

"Judge," said the woman, "I was out at the workhouse yesterday, and my boy tells me he is not getting enough to eat. I think something ought to be done about it."

Judge Lahr assured the woman that the son's assertion could not be true, but when she insisted, he called the superintendent by telephone and inquired.

"Hold the phone a minute," said the superintendent, "and I'll look him up."

"Hello, judge," finally came back over the wire, "that man is working as a cook, and is sick today from eating too much at his work."

Cause for Alarm.

"My nephew, Virgil Pucker, had been sick for quite awhile," related old Riley Rezzidde, "and as soon as he was able to totter around in the house he waddled out into the kitchen. Presently we heard a thud, and ran there to find him senseless on the floor. When he came to himself he told us that it was practically all over with him—he new he would never be any better, for his face was so bulged and twisted out of shape that nobody could possibly look at him and live longer. It was sometime before we discovered that he had been looking at himself in the old mirror over the sink."—Kansas City Star.

The Bargaining Instinct.

"You took your boy to a circus to reward him for being good?" "Yes. And then he decided it wasn't much of a circus and tried to be bad enough to make sure he wasn't being cheated."

Perfumery From France.

France exported to this country last year more than \$3,000,000 worth of perfumery and soap. This was nearly double the amount bought during the previous year.

In a Bad Way.

When expenses and profit run neck and neck then the owner is not running his business; the business is running him.

Thousands Tell It

Why dally along with backache and kidney or bladder troubles? Thousands tell you how to find relief. Here's a case to guide you. And it's only one of thousands. Forty thousand American people are publicly praising Doan's Kidney Pills. Surely it is worth the while of anyone who has a bad back, who feels tired, nervous and run-down, who endures distressing urinary disorders, to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. Alice Barnum, "Every Picture Tells a Story" W. Carroll St., Pen-Art, Mich., says: "Kidney trouble came on me gradually with pains in my back and hips. I got dizzy and nervous and nights was restless. Mornings, I was hardly able to do my work. When I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I got a supply and they soon gave me relief. That happened a few years ago and I have had little kidney trouble since."



Get Doan's at Any Store. See a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Horrible Crime.

"Not long ago," said a judge, "a colored woman came into court to see what could be done about securing a pardon for her husband, who was in jail.

"What was your husband sentenced for?" I asked.

"Ah ain't shuah, jedge, but Ah thinks 'twuz emblazonment!" was the reply.—Case and Comment.

FOR ITCHING, BURNING SKINS

Bathe With Cuticura Soap and Apply the Ointment—Trial Free.

For eczemas, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. Besides they tend to prevent these distressing conditions, if used for everyday toilet and nursery preparations.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The livers of ten codfish are needed to produce a gallon of oil.

Mother Gray's Powders Benefit Many Children



Thousands of Mothers have found MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS an excellent remedy for children complaining of Headaches, Colds, Constipation, Feverishness, Stomach Troubles and Bowel Irregularities from which children suffer at this season. These powders are easy and pleasant to take and excellent results are accomplished by their use. Used by Mothers for 25 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere, 5 cents. Trial package FREE. Address: THE MOTHER GRAY CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

ASTHMA

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. 25 cents and one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE. Northrop & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. J. D. KELLOGG'S REMEDY

TRY THEM

The next time you suffer with headache, indigestion, biliousness or loss of appetite, try—

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

To Kill Rats and Mice

ALWAYS USE STEARNS' ELECTRIC PASTE U. S. Government Buys It SOLD EVERYWHERE—25c and \$1.00

PARKER'S HAIR BALM

Patents Waterbury, Colman, U. S. Patent Office, Buffalo, N. Y.

GALLSTONES

For Painless Dentistry, See
Dr. W. J. Wright
In The Dolan Block
PINCKNEY MICHIGAN

H. E. SIGLER, M. D., C. E. SIGLER, M. D.
Drs. Sigler & Sigler
Physicians and Surgeons
All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main St.
PINCKNEY MICHIGAN

Dr. H. I. Fulford
Osteopathic Physician
ICE AT MR. DUNNING'S RESIDENCE
PINCKNEY, MICH.
HOURS
12 Tuesdays only until April 1
CONSULTATION EXAMINATION
FREE OF CHARGE

and Trunk Time Table
to the convenience of our readers
East Trains West
7:24 a. m. No. 47-9:54 a. m.
4:44 p. m. No. 47-7:17 p. m.

The Pinckney Exchange Bank
Does a Conservative Banking Business.
3 per cent paid on all Time Deposits
Pinckney Mich.
G. W. TEBPLE Prop

If You Want RESULTS
YOU can get them by advertising in this paper. It reaches the best class of people in this community.
Use this paper if you want some of these business.

Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

C. J. SIBLEY, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

Subscription, \$1.25 a Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.
Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.
Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.
Local Notices, in Local columns, five cent per line per each insertion.
All matter intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.
Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.
Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.
Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

PEOPLE YOU KNOW

S. E. Swarthout and wife spent Friday in Howell.
Miss Helen Dolan spent last Thursday in Howell.
Fine-bolted meal for sale at the Pinckney mill. Adv.
Mr. and Mrs. P. Kennedy spent Sunday at James Roche's.
Mrs. Addie Potterton is visiting relatives in Jackson.
Miss Jessie Green spent Saturday and Sunday in Jackson.
Jerome Shaw of Jackson was in town on business Wednesday.
Alice and Madeline Roche spent Saturday in Stockbridge.
Mr. and Mrs. Silas Swarthout were Howell visitors Friday.
W. H. Crowfoot transacted business in Howell one day last week.
Walter Cook of Detroit visited relatives here the first of the week.
A. J. Griener attended the funeral of his uncle in Detroit, Saturday.
Adrian Lavey is visiting his sister, Mrs. Robt. Gradwell of Chicago.
Mr. and Mrs. F. Glennon of South Lyons spent Sunday with Father Coyle.
Mr. Ed Bremingstall spent part of last week with his daughter in Jackson.
Mr. Edwin Mercer of Toronto Canada, is visiting at the home of Chas. Reason.
Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Meyers and Dr. C. L. Sigler were in Ann Arbor Wednesday.
Communion Services will be held at the Cong'l Church this coming Sunday, Jan. 14th.
Mens suits and overcoats (Blue and Blacks excepted) at 20% discount—W. J. Dancer & Co.
Floyd Reason and family and M. J. Reason and family spent Sunday with relatives in Whitmore Lake.
The M. E. Ladies Aid Society will serve dinner in their rooms Friday, Jan. 19. A good dinner is promised. Every one come.
Mrs. Frank Boylan of Chilson and Mrs. F. M. Burgess of Hartland were guests of Mrs. Arvilla Placeway several days last week.
Remember the dancing party at the Pinckney opera house, next week Tuesday night. Goucher's Lady Orchestra of Brighton will furnish music.
Mr. Chas. Jagersoll of Lansing took possession this week of the local drug store, recently purchased from C. G. Meyer. Mr. and Mrs. Jagersoll moved their goods here the latter part of last week and will occupy the rooms recently vacated by Mr. Meyer, who expects to locate in Detroit.

Mrs. Thomas Reed is visiting relatives in Detroit.
Mrs. Fred Swarthout spent Friday in Howell.
Mrs. Placeway is visiting relatives in Brighton.
Buy ground feed, corn, and oats at the Pinckney mill. Adv.
Mr. M. Dolan and Helen are visiting relatives in Pontiac.
Duane Lavey is working at the Spencer-Smith factory at Howell.
Will Darrow of Jackson spent the week end with his parents.
Mrs. Floyd Reason visited Detroit friends several days last week.
Mrs. A. H. Flintoft and Mrs. Aubrey Gilchrist were Howell visitors Tuesday.
Mrs. Elmer Book of near Gregory is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Aubrey Gilchrist.
Mrs. C. G. Meyer, Mrs. C. L. Sigler, and Dr. H. F. Sigler were in Detroit Monday.
Mrs. Katherine Placeway and son Forbes visited Chilson friend several days last week.
The best ladies coats and suits. Offer of the season this week at Dancers. Read their adv.
Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Smith spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Dinkel of Howell.
Special communication of Livingston Lodge No. 76, F. & A. M. Tuesday evening, Jan. 16. Work in E. A. degree.
Stockbridge business men are endeavoring to interest Detroit capital in the establishment of a milk condensing plant in that village.
The young people of the Cong'l. S. S. are planning for a Masquerade Social to be held at the Pinckney opera house, sometime in February.
Mrs. Wm. Moran and son, Thos. of Detroit are here to-day making arrangements for Mr. Raudall, the new section foreman, to move into their residence on Main St.
William Fraser, a passenger conductor on Grand Trunk 38 years, died at Howell Monday, January 8, 1917, aged 86 years. The funeral will be held from the residence Thursday at 2:30 o'clock Rev. L. S. Brooke officiating.—Liv. Republican.
Mrs. Peter Poole accompanied by her sister-in-law Miss Gladys Poole of Pinckney attended the cat show held at Lansing December 27, 28, 29 and exhibited Mrs. Poole's six Persian Angora cats and kittens. The second largest exhibit was won by Mrs. Poole, who won fourteen prizes.—Stockbridge Brief Sun.
The second big event of the season at Chelsea will be the Hollier Hop, this week Friday, Jan. 12. This dance will be held on the second floor of the Welfare Building at Lewis Spring & Axle Co's Hollier Plant. Music will be by Boo's Jackson Orchestra, who were one of the big factors in making the first hop such a decided success. This series of dances is being given by the Hollier Co's Band, which is under the direction of Prof. Albert LaFe Sinclair.
Carlyle an Intemperate Smoker.
For about seventy of his eighty-six years Carlyle smoked and made most of his contemporaries smoke. The trouble with him was that he was too fond of smoking a rank pipe on an empty stomach. That gave him pains and his contemporaries particular pains, for "pair said Carlyle" was as savage as a meat horse dog all the time.
He really cared for but two men in the world, Tanyson and Dickson. All the rest were "pair, feckless, reckless, intemperate bladders and egg heads." and all because Tom did not smoke.

GLASGOW BROS.
Noted For Selling Good Goods Cheap
JACKSON, MICHIGAN

A Few of the Many Items In Our Underwear Sale
Begins Monday, Jan. 8th, 10 a. m.
Corset Covers
Regular 39c value lace and embroidery trimmed; good, fresh, clean goods; special at **25c**
Another table of clean, white Liagerie Covers, beautifully trimmed and ribbon beadings; many beautiful styles to select from, lace and embroidery special at **50c**
Covers of crepe de chine, beautifully trimmed back and front, the best laces; many beautiful styles to select from **\$1.00**
Plain, tight fitting covers, just the thing for morning or housewear; good material, at **12 1/2c**

Drawers and Combinations
Drawers, plain hem; some with hemstitched tucks, also embroidery trimmed; all good materials; special **25c**
Drawers made of good material, lace and embroidery trimmed, some Marcella style, many beautiful numbers to select from; special **50c**

Long Skirts
Skirts, deep embroidery trimmed; good cambric; special at **75c**
Long Skirts, beautiful embroidery and lace trimmed, good cambric top; some have fine blind embroidery, others with dainty hand loom pattern. Special at **98c**
Some beautiful lace ruffles and embroidery ruffles at **10% off**

Princess Slips and Gowns
Princess Slips at great reductions in odds and ends in sizes.
Another table of Gowns made of fine mainsook, button and slipover; many beautiful styles, trimmed in fine fisheye net lace and embroidery, others in German Val.; values up to \$1.50; special at **98c**
Fancy lacy shoulder Gowns made of fine mainsook, ribbon trimmed, \$2.50 and \$3.00 value; some hand embroidered among these special at **\$1.98**
Envelope Chemise in fine mainsook and beautiful tops and bottoms at special prices—**98c** and up. A wonderful line and assortment of these.
Sleeve Covers in many styles and prices.
Silk Covers in flesh color, envelope chemise and gowns in crepe de chine and batiste from and up **\$1.00**
During week beginning Jan. 8th special showing of "Pullman" Bed Davenport. All sizes, all finishes, all prices from **\$35.00** to **\$70.00**.

WHEN CIGAR DEALERS MADE MONEY.
"When Havana, Cuba, is mentioned one naturally thinks of cigars, which reminds me of a story about the Cincy Reds' former star outfielder, Marsans, the Cuban," quoth Tom Gallagher.
"Armando Marsans, now of the St. Louis Browns, was playing a sensational game for Cincinnati and had a large following of admirers who thought the name Marsans should become more famous, so they persuaded him to have his dad, a cigar manufacturer of Havana, get up a special brand of smokes with the family name spread all over it.
"The smoke was a hit. All the dealers stocked up with 'Marsans Specials' and all the bugs were paying real coin for 'em and burning 'em up till one day when Armando jumped to the Federals. It took some of the Cincinnati dealers a long while to close out their 'Marsans Specials.'"
Sloan's Liniment for Stiff Joints.
Rheumatic pains and aches get into the joints and muscles making every movement torture. Relieve your suffering with Sloan's Liniment; it quickly penetrates without rubbing and soothes and warms your muscles. The congested blood is stimulated to action; a single application relieves the pain. Sloan's Liniment is the most convenient and effective remedy for rheumatism, neuralgia, sciatica, and all other forms of nerve pain.



OUR friends can buy you anything you can give them—except your photograph. There's a photographer in Stockbridge, **Daisie B. Chapell**
B. W. DANIELS
North Lake Auctioneer
Arrangements made at the Dispensary or address, Gregory, Mich. 11
C. F. FARMINGTON, Auctioneer

We have a line of
Murphy & Phoenix Rockers

At Dinkle & Dunbar's Store

The kind that satisfy to-day, tomorrow and for years to come. Nothing in the world can deliver more service than these rockers. Moderate Prices.

L. E. RICHARDS

1917 Special Notice!

Any one of our patrons that have not settled their accounts or notes, that get a statement from us will save costs by giving it prompt attention as this will be the last call by mail we shall make.

Respectfully yours,

Jan. 1st, '17. **Teepie Hdw. Co.**

NOTICE!

If you have **Poultry, Hides or Furs** to sell, phone, write or bring them in and get the Highest Prices.

A. J. Brearly

GREGORY MICH.

R. J. Gunson & Co.

Rochester, N. Y.

Growers and Importers of FARM SEEDS

Represented by

Gas. H. Fisk

Pinckney, Mich.

Livery and Dray Line

We are prepared to do all kinds of work along this line promptly.

Your patronage is solicited.

LEE BENNETT

Gregory

In a journey, every auto when nearing a large hill needs greater motive power to successfully mount it. Thus in life's career, when one comes to the hills or hard places in life, put on added will power and press onward, and soon the summit will be reached.

Mrs. Alice Tyler of Detroit and Miss Maggie Grieves of Plainfield spent New Years at the home of Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Chipman.

Miss Florence Collins has returned to Pontiac where she is teaching.

Miss Daisy Howlett returned to Cleveland last Saturday, where she is attending school.

Mrs. L. A. Woodlock was called to Detroit last Tuesday on account of the serious illness of her father, W. S. Dumont. She returned Friday, stating he was some better.

The Literary and Civic Club will hold their monthly meeting Thursday afternoon, Jan. 11th, at the home of Mrs. Ed. Brotherton. It will be magazine day and a social hour for all.

Miss Margaret Kohn returned to her school at Monroe the first of the week.

Mrs. Agnes Bell of Rollin spent several days the past week in Gregory helping to care for her mother, Mrs. Anna Moore, who is quite sick with the grippe.

Mrs. S. A. Denton is greatly improved and able to be around again.

Fred Howlett returned from Pontiac, where he has been visiting his brother, E. V. Howlett for several days.

One of our merchants, H. E. Marshall, purchased at auction last Wednesday the stock of goods formerly owned by Verne Demerest.

Miss Adeline Chipman has returned to Ann Arbor, where she is attending the school of music at the University.

J. Warner Denton has returned to Big Rapids where he is attending the Ferris Institute.

Fred Ayrault, who has been spending the past week in Detroit and Jackson, returned Saturday night.

We are glad to say that Mrs. Agnes Bullis is much better than she has been for several weeks.

Although many are sick with the grippe, the attendance at the Baptist Church and Bible School last Sunday was good. Try and come next Sunday and start your journey of this year right in the sight of God. The pastor, Rev. J. J. Schuler, will speak on the subject, "One of the Problems of Life." Have you one to solve?

The personal property on the Fred Howlett farm, four miles north-west of Gregory, will be sold at auction this week Saturday afternoon, Jan. 13th.

Sunday School class No. 9 of the Baptist Bible school will give a shadow social at the hall, Friday night, Jan. 19th. Plan to come and have a good time.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT EASES PAIN
Sloan's Liniment is first thought of mothers for bumps, bruises and sprains that are continually happening to children. It quickly penetrates and soothes without rubbing. Cleaner and more effective than mussy plasters or ointments. For rheumatic aches, neuralgia pain, and that grippy soreness after colds, Sloan's Liniment gives prompt relief. Have a bottle handy for bruises, strains, sprains and all external pain. For the thousands whose work calls them outdoors, the pains and aches following exposure are relieved by Sloan's Liniment. At all Druggists, 25c.

South Isco

Mr. and Mrs. Nate Watters called at L. T. Lamborne's Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Jennie Bick of St. John spent the first of the week at the Watters Brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. John Roberts left Saturday for Boyne City where they will visit Mrs. Roberts' brothers.

Mrs. Joe Roberts and son, J. D. and Howard Tiler visited at Chas. Harrington's Sunday.

Nathan and Ernest Watters spent the last of the week in Jackson.

Miss Gladys M. Roberts and Jester C. Crasner, both of place were married last Wednesday in Detroit. They were attended by Wm. Harrington and Maggie Peterson, both of Detroit. Heartly congratulations.

1917

1917

GO TO

The Store of Quality

For your first-class, straight, dependable merchandise, as everything in our stock of goods is of the very best.

We have enjoyed a most liberal patronage during the past year by making many new customers, and hope that we will still be able to show an increase in our business during this coming twelve-month.

For SATURDAY, Jan. 13, we will sell for cash only:

- 3 cans best 12c Corn, 29c
- 2 cans 15c Salmon 25c
- 5 pkgs Corn Flakes 25c
- Best Crackers, per pound 10c
- With each \$1.00 Grocery order you can buy 5 lbs. H & E. Sugar for 38c.

Yours for business.

Monks Bros.

1917

1917

OLD JUNK

Why Leave Old Junk in the form of Papers, Rubbers, Rags, Old Iron, and all kinds of Junk Metal laying around when you can turn them into CASH.

I expect to be in this business here for some time and it is to my interest as much as yours to give you the best prices possible. I expect to call regularly, and your patronage will be appreciated.

Sam Hartman

Gregory, Mich.

Rope Slippers of Spain.

An important industry and one peculiar to Spain is the manufacture of the jute and hemp sandals called "alpargatas." Practically all of the working classes use this cheap and comfortable form of footwear almost exclusively the year around. Alpargatas are also popular in Latin America, to which thousands of pairs are exported annually. The alpargata is made by winding the hemp or jute rope around to form a small foot shaped mat, and by then firmly fastening the cords together a strong rope sole about a quarter of an inch thick is made. White and black are the colors generally preferred, though red, blue and brown alpargatas are also sold.

Economy.

"Is it really cheaper to own your own home than to pay rent?" "Of course it is. When you live in a rented house you are always dissatisfied about something, and you move on an average about once a year. But when you own your home you have to stay there whether you like it or not, and in that way you save all the moving expenses." - Philadelphia Ledger.

It is said that the appetite may be almost immediately stimulated by taking a toothbrush soaked in a strong solution of salt and water and passing it over the tongue.

North Hamburg

Mr. and Mrs. James Burroughs were Brighton visitors one day the past week.

Mr. Ralph Bennett took dinner with his sister Mrs. Guilford Randall of Howell, one day last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Dunning received a baby boy for a New Years present.

Mr. and Mrs. Orville Nash and daughter went to Toledo last Friday to visit Mrs. Nash's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Davenport.

Mrs. Dryer is on the sick list. Miss Anita is on the sick list.

LETTER FROM STATE CAPITOL

WITH THE OPENING OF LEGISLATURE OVER THE SENATE AND HOUSE SETTLED DOWN TO REAL WORK.

FIRST BILL ROBERTS-DE LAND

People of Michigan Are Enthusiastic Over the Good Road Movement—Many Other Items of Interest.

(BY W. L. CALNON.)

Lansing, Mich.—With all details and formalities connected with the opening of the forty-ninth session of the legislature disposed of, the senate and house now have under way the actual work that will continue, it is thought, for the next four months.

Introduction of bills, which began with the opening day ceremonies in the senate, is continuing in the house at present and furnishing the committees with material to start their deliberations. The first bill of the session was the Roberts-DeLand bill, introduced in the senate, to create a budget commission. The latter body is to be made up, according to the bill, of the governor, the auditor general and a \$5,000 a year budget commissioner to be named by the governor. The idea is to have all state institutions submit by October 1 every other year a statement of their needs in the appropriation line, and for all persons having claims against the state to file them with the auditor general by the same date. The budget commissioner then is to compile everything needed in connection with the budget and the governor is to submit it at the opening of each regular session. Most interest at this time lies in the bills that are forthcoming on the prohibition issue and which will carry into effect the constitutional amendment adopted by the people of the state last November for statewide prohibition.

Some members of each house are rather perturbed over the question as to whether or not the people's vote meant stringent prohibition or just the abolition of the saloon. But from the talk heard about the capitol corridors it would seem the bulk of the dry members are of the opinion that when Michigan voted for prohibition last fall, it meant real, bone-dry prohibition. Unless the open sentiment so expressed undergoes a considerable change in the course of the next month, the bone-dry contingent will have its way in whatever laws are enacted before the session closes.

The fact that both retiring Governor Ferris and incoming Governor Sleeper impressed in their messages to the legislature the necessity of continuing the upbuilding process in the conduct of state prisons and other institutions, especially those dealing with youthful defectives, has caused much talk among the members of the legislature concerning bills to carry out the ideas of the two executives.

It is only a few years ago that Michigan legislators began to be informed that their state institutions were anywhere from ten to twenty-five years behind the times in their methods and management. Now they are gratified to be told that much has been accomplished in bringing Michigan up to the highest standard and there is little doubt but that the continuance of the constructive, forward institutional work will meet with thorough approval in this legislature.

Governor Sleeper, in his message to the legislature, urged caution in the enacting of legislation, in order that the will of the people be carried out properly. Fewer laws and better quality laws were advocated by him. His attitude in regard to the prohibition laws was expressed by him in this one sentence:

"The prohibition amendment adopted by a large vote at our recent election demands the enactment of stringent, but sensible laws to make the will of the people effective."

The governor declared for a public service commission of five men to replace the present state railroad commission. Other points of general interest in his message included the following excerpts:

"The development of our public highways is proceeding rapidly and efficiently. If defects exist in the so-called Covert Act, passed by the last legislature, steps should be taken to remedy it and make it immediately effective. The large number of petitions filed under this act shows the great demand for it. The upkeep of our highways, especially those built with state aid, is a matter which does not receive the consideration it deserves. A waste of public moneys to allow valuable roads to wear out through neglect is particularly

when but a small expense is needed to maintain them. They must be kept up and if the local communities will not give them the required care, the state should be permitted to do so and to charge the expense back to the neglectful districts up to the amount of state aid received.

"Every effort should be made to develop our unsettled lands. It should be made easy for farmers with small capital to obtain and develop the untold agricultural wealth in our northern state lands. A series of trunk line roads running through this region connected with the highways in the more settled parts should be constructed at once under state supervision and with state aid as an important factor in accomplishing this much desired development.

"The drainage of swamp lands is very important to us. I urge legislation similar to the Covert act, by which the district benefited can carry the burden of the improvement for a number of years, paying the obligation serially.

"Greater agricultural efficiency is necessary. We should, in fact, make forty acres produce as much as eighty does now. Our soil is a natural resource which should be conserved like any other asset. This can only be accomplished by returning to it the elements of fertility to replace those which are exhausted by our harvests.

"The future of this nation depends upon its farmers. Europe long ago learned the lesson that in the scientific cultivation of her soil—in scientific agricultural instruction—rested her future prosperity. The marvelous ability of Germany to feed herself during the past two years of terrible war is the result of a half century of scientific agricultural education. France, the great producer nation of the world, has thousands of agricultural schools.

"The establishment of agricultural schools similar to our district normal schools will do much to build up our farming districts and to help reduce the high cost of living in the manufacturing centers.

"During the past few years our cities have been very prosperous, but crop failures and unusual seasons have prevented the rural districts from getting the full share of this prosperity. You must bear in mind this condition when making all appropriations. Texas must not be a burden to these people. Economy must ever be considered by you. Special appropriations must be reduced to the lowest possible limits. The poor man's little is even more important to him than is the rich man's much."

Former Governor Ferris, in his ex-aural address, also impressed on the legislature the necessity of good roads and of soil and other resources being conserved. On these points he said in part:

"I am in full sympathy with the work that is being done by the Public Domain commission. Re-foresting the non-agricultural lands and protecting growing timber from fire, constitutes a part of the great work of this commission. The plan of this commission for encouraging the settlement of the good agricultural lands by actual home seekers and the prevention, so far as possible, of the settlement of these lands which are not suitable for agricultural purposes, is imperative. I recommend that a continuous appropriation be made so that the splendid work of this commission may be protected and carried to a successful conclusion.

"The state geologist says that fully 40 per cent of the land area of this state is agriculturally unoccupied. Of this amount, approximately 9,000,000 acres of good agricultural land is now, or soon will be, available for settlement. Much has been done and is being done by co-operative effort in the development and settlement of these lands."

Governor Ferris denounced crooked land dealers operating in other states who have injured Michigan by obtaining possession of worthless lands in the barren areas and selling them to unsuspecting buyers outside the state as good farm land. He added:

"If in the future the state is going to exert any important directive influence in the settlement and development of its unoccupied lands it goes without saying that it should acquire adequate and accurate information concerning them. It should know how much unoccupied land there is, where it is, how much is good, how much is fair, how much poor and how much agriculturally worthless.

"It should know how much is now available for settlement and how much of the timbered area will eventually make farms. Of the swamp areas it should know how much can be drained, and how much would be fit for farming were drainage accomplished. This information is not only needed by the state, but by everybody in any way concerned with these lands. This information can be obtained only through an actual examination and soil survey of these parts of the state

which contain the unoccupied lands. A scientific soil survey means a greater and better Michigan. I recommend to your favorable consideration immediate action along this line.

"All the citizens of Michigan are enthusiastic over good roads. In the past ten years a little less than a revolution has taken place in the attitude of our taxpayers. While they sometimes find fault with the total amount of taxes they have to pay, they rarely complain of taxes that contribute to the building of good roads. Now that the Federal Aid Road Law, which was passed by the last congress, will bring to Michigan during the next five years \$2,186,755, which must be matched dollar for dollar by the state, this movement must inevitably go forward.

"No one thing is more important for the further progress of our cities and especially for the further progress of our farming communities than good roads. Even our schools and churches depend for their success in no small degree upon good roads. I bespeak for this important feature liberal provisions and the kind of legislation that will promote rather than retard this great movement."

Lieut. Gov. Sleeper, in his inaugural address to the senate, discussed various matters to come before the legislature, particularly the prohibition legislation, concerning which he said in part:

"By a very emphatic majority the electors have voted the state dry and they expect it to be dry, and the machinery through which this is to be accomplished must be created by the legislature of the state. In all probability your acts and votes on this question will be watched closer than on any if not all other questions during the session. This interest is not confined to Michigan alone. Interests are as actively engaged in the abolition of the American saloon in other states and for a dry nation as they are in Michigan and for this reason they will watch with deep interest every action you may take.

"Detroit is the largest city in all the world's history ever voted dry. Because of this, in all probability, Michigan's near future on this line will be watched with keener interest than has been that of any other commonwealth ever voted dry. The nation at large and other states with large cities in them will schedule their future acts largely by the ability of this legislature to enact laws that will effectively enforce this edict of the people of Michigan.

"You have not only a state, but a national problem to deal with. It calls for the most serious consideration. The best experience of other states should be critically sought for. The best legal talent should be enlisted. And out of what must necessarily be prolonged and careful deliberation should come an act, sane, sensible and in accord with present advanced public sentiment on this question and with the proper machinery for effectively enforcing the emphasized expression of the people of the state at the November election."

The house, following the election of Wayne R. Rice, of White Cloud, Newaygo county, as speaker, elected the following other officers:

Lynn J. Lewis, of Van Buren county, speaker pro tem.; Charles S. Pierce, of Lansing, clerk; Harry J. McGrane, of Detroit, sergeant at arms; and Ira Ormsbee, of Genesee county, postmaster. The senate elected Senator J. Lee Morford, of Gaylord, president pro tem.; Dennis Alward, of Clare, secretary; William T. Shaw, of Lansing, sergeant at arms, and D. R. Dickinson, of Eaton county, assistant postmaster.

Following the session's opening Speaker Rice announced that he would need some time to complete the list of house committees. Those in the senate, a smaller body, were announced shortly after the session began by Lieut. Gov. Dickinson.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES

Pottsville, Pa.—Damage to the extent of \$900,000 was caused by a fire which swept unchecked through the power plant and car barns of Eastern Pennsylvania Electric Light, Heat and Power Co., injuring four firemen and damaging a row of 12 dwellings.

Washington—Heroism in the battle of Carrizal won a government job for Dolley Farrior, a Tenth cavalry trooper whose right hand was paralyzed from a Carranza bullet wound. President Wilson waived the civil service rules to give Farrior a position as messenger in the war department, and issued an executive order directing his appointment. Farrior was quartermaster-sergeant of Troop C, and was a member of Capt. Boyd's command when it was ambushed by Carranza forces.

CLINKERS



THE THIRTY-FIRST REGIMENT HOME

TRIP FROM EL PASO, TEXAS TO DETROIT EXCEPT FOR MINOR HOLDUPS WAS UNEVENTFUL.

BOYS MET BY LOVED ONES

The Three Sections Arrived Close Together—Troopers Tired After Long Ride From Border.

Detroit—The Thirty-first regiment of Detroit arrived home from the Mexican border and as they stepped from their special trains were given a glorious welcome by relatives and loved ones.

The troops were met by Mayor Marx's special reception committee and informed that as soon as the mustering out was complete, the city planned to give the boys a real reception. The three sections arrived close together. Except for a few minor accidents and hold-ups, the long ride was uneventful.

The first section had with it a small menagerie of mascots. There were seven burros, which is an alleged equine animal slightly larger than a jack rabbit, 17 Chihuahua dogs, by actual census, all dripping wet, shivering and on the verge of baying for more food, a few game chickens, and other samples of the fauna and flora of southwest United States of America.

The route home was via El Paso & Southwestern and the Rock Island railroads to Kansas City, the Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul to Chicago, and the Michigan Central on the home stretch.

Once on the last leg, the boys could scarcely wait until they hit the Michigan line. There they arose and gave three cheers.

It will be close to three weeks before the Thirty-first Michigan regiment which arrived home from the border and now is at Fort Wayne, is mustered out according to the determination of the council held at the call of General Kirk.

It is necessary to examine the men for pensional defects before they are released and this examination will be made at the rate of 100 a day.

There is also considerable checking to be done to ascertain the pay and other allowances due each man. The clothing allowance is 26 cents a day and if this allowance has not been used up it will be paid to each soldier in cash.

Colonel Walter G. Rogers, state quartermaster general, says that there will be between \$40,000 and \$50,000 to be paid to the men on all accounts. Payment will be made by Capt. H. Richards.

ASYLUM ASKS FOR \$95,000

It Was the Second Bill Introduced in the Senate.

Lansing—The Pontiac asylum, which asked for \$20,000 for improvements two years ago, presents a little request for \$95,000 this year. A new cottage is wanted and a new one-story dairy, and other additions and embellishments.

Senator Covert, of Pontiac, presented the appropriation bill for the asylum. It was the second bill introduced in the senate.

Compromise between the Wayne County Milk Producers' association and the milk dealers of Detroit has been reached and there will be no strike of producers.

\$110,500 GOES TO HARBORS

U. S. Engineers Propose to Build Revetments at Grand Haven, St. Joe and Ludington.

Grand Rapids—Plans for Lake Michigan harbor improvements calling for an expenditure of \$110,500 have been forwarded to the engineers department at Washington by Major F. W. Alstaetter of the Grand Rapids district.

The harbors which will have revetments built according to the latest designs are Grand Haven, St. Joseph and Ludington.

At the Grand Haven harbor 700 feet on the inner end of the north revetment will be rebuilt. This will cost \$46,000. Plans for the rebuilding of 675 feet of the inner end of the north revetment at St. Joseph have already been approved at Washington. This will cost \$24,000. Plans have been completed for the rebuilding of 600 feet of the inner end of the north revetment of the Ludington harbor. The specifications for this job will be sent to Washington in a few days. This will cost \$40,500.

All the revetments will be rebuilt with sheet piling and round pile foundations and reinforced concrete superstructures. Crushed stone ballast will be used. These three improvements are planned along the same lines as the revetment built on the south pier at the Grand Haven harbor.

FERRIS TO RUN FOR MAYOR

Big Rapids Elects a Mayor On January 16 and Former Governor Is On Ticket.

Lansing—No sooner has ex-Governor Ferris found himself free from the trials and tribulations of chief executive of the state than circumstances arise which makes it necessary for him to get busy to save his political prestige from being tarnished by defeat for mayor of his home city of Big Rapids.

They elect a mayor of Big Rapids one week from next Tuesday and Mr. Ferris is one of the duly nominated candidates. His neighbors tell him he is in danger of defeat and that it behooves him to make a few campaign speeches to the electors.

RIVERS AND HARBORS BILL

New Projects Written in Appropriation Bill Will Bring It Near \$50,000,000 Mark.

Washington—The rivers and harbors appropriation bill, carrying \$29,000,000 for continuing projects already authorized and \$10,000,000 as immediate appropriations for new projects, whose total cost will approximate \$50,000,000, virtually has been completed. It will be brought to the house next week.

New projects written into the bill include Lorain harbor, Ohio, complete; Ashtabula harbor, Ohio, \$83,000, complete; Frankfort harbor, Mich., \$300,000, total \$700,000; Keeweenaw waterway, at Princess Point, Mich., \$135,000, complete.

Washington—American shipyards in 1916 put out a tonnage exceeded only twice before, including 1,163 merchant vessels, with a tonnage of \$29,847 and 59 vessels of 40,000 tons for foreign flags.

Wilmington, Del.—Herbert Brenson, noted motion picture director, is seriously ill of typhoid fever in a hospital here. Brenson directed "A Daughter of the Gods," "Nephtis's Daughter," and "War Bride," among films.

PLANS OF CONGRESS

WILL PASS SEVERAL MEASURES OF PRIME IMPORTANCE AND QUIT WITH THAT.

EXTRA SESSION NOT WANTED

Number of Bills Introduced This Winter Is Much Smaller Than Usual—Many of Them Deal With Cost of Living.

By GEORGE CLINTON.
Washington.—Congress' New Year's resolution is said to be put through the two or three measures of prime importance and with them the equally important appropriation bills, and to be content with that, and thus, so far as human foresight can compass it, make it certain that the president will not be compelled to call an extra session of congress in the spring, a session which would begin probably with a terrific fight between Republicans and Democrats for the control and organization of the house of representatives.

Recent records have been broken in congress lately. The number of bills which have been introduced since the session opened the first Monday in December has been smaller than during any like period in the last 20 years. It is true that some lawmakers have introduced measures for which they have no hope of passage at present, but about which they hope public opinion will crystallize later. The number of these bills, however, is small, and so, barring the ordinary pension bills, comparatively few things of national moment have been presented to either house for present or future consideration.

Of course this does not take account of the railroad legislation in its varied forms which the president made the main feature of his message to congress, nor does it take account of some other highly important things which sooner or later must be given consideration by the national legislators. The simple fact is that the number of bills is much, very much smaller than is usually the case.

May Vote on Big Questions.
It is probable that before congress dies on March 4 the question of submitting to the states the federal constitutional amendment establishing prohibition will be voted on by congress. There is a struggle on already between the opposing forces interested in this measure. The federal suffrage amendment also will be given consideration.

Senator William H. Thompson of Kansas is only one of a number of senators and members to introduce bills for the election of president and vice president by a direct vote of the people. Senator John F. Shafroth of Colorado has introduced a bill to the same general effect which, however, would work a complete change in the method of selecting the president and the vice president. His bill stipulates that the two officials shall be chosen without the intervention in any way of the electoral college, and it provides for a term of six years for the president and for his ineligibility for re-election forever thereafter.

Other Bills of Interest.
Congress has in its keeping a bill, which pressure of time may or may not prevent from receiving consideration, to admit free of import charges all wheat which is brought into the United States for seed purposes. The word which has gone to the legislators with this measure is that the farmers particularly, and the public generally to a considerable extent, will be deeply interested in the fate of the measure. It was offered by Representative Halvor Steenserson of Minnesota.

It is said that this bill was introduced as the result of a suggestion made by a single farmer of the great Northwest who received seed from South American and European countries. It was sent him in part simply for experimental purposes, but in another part, it is said, for use under a well-based belief that the growth results would be most satisfactory.

Rural mail carriers will be interested in a bill introduced by Senator J. Gronna of North Dakota who has asked congress to legislate so that the rural route men shall in no case receive less than \$1,200 a year, and that any reduction of this pay shall be impossible.

Bill for Postal Employees.
Representative Martin B. Madden of Illinois also has put in a bill which looks to the gratification of post office clerks and carriers in first and second-class post offices. He wishes to have these clerks and carriers divided into six classes with salaries ranging from \$1,000 to \$1,500. The understanding is now that the highest pay that a clerk can get is \$1,200, while the minimum pay is said to be considerably below the first sum named in Mr. Madden's measure.

Representative Frank Park of Georgia has proposed a plan by which

Confederate soldiers may be pensioned. If this measure had been introduced twenty-five or thirty years ago it probably would have aroused expressions of resentment from a large part of the country. The bill proposes a continuing appropriation of \$5,000,000 a year for fifteen years, which equals the amount of the cotton tax levied upon the cotton-growing states after the Civil war. The money would be used to pension aged and infirm Confederate soldiers and the widows of Confederate soldiers.

For Monument to Maury.
It is interesting to note in this connection that a bill which has a good deal of northern support has just been introduced to erect a monument in the city of Washington to Matthew Fontaine Maury, one time commodore in the United States navy, and later a ranking officer in the Confederate navy. Commodore Maury was a student of ocean currents. He charted the Gulf stream and contributed an immense amount of oceanographic knowledge to the world.

Our Santo Domingo Fuss.
Santo Domingo, a small country, is looming large just now in the field of Washington interests and anxieties. Virtually the United States is at war with Santo Domingo. There are several hundred United States marines in the little republic which has been put under martial law by Uncle Sam.

Word which has come from the state department recently makes it appear that the United States hereafter may consider the necessity of taking a hand in affairs in Europe, especially in regard to the safeguarding of the rights of small nations. Some students of international relations hold that if the United States does this it means that the countries of Europe may one day feel they have a perfect right to take a hand in affairs on this side of the water and that therefore the Monroe Doctrine must go by the board.

This is a matter admittedly only for speculation, and for future developments to prove one way or the other, but there is intense interest and some apprehension among the lawmakers today because the Dominican government has protested to the powers of Europe against Uncle Sam's action in placing that country under martial law.

May Cause Complications.
It is not to be supposed for an instant, of course, as the officials here view it, that the big European governments which have been appealed to by Santo Domingo will do anything in the matter, or certainly not at present because their hands are exceedingly full with deadly troubles of their own. The protest, however, has gone on record, and as some of the lookers into the future here see the thing, it possibly eventually may develop complications for this government.

Haiti and Santo Domingo have been prickly-pear points to Uncle Sam for a long time. The government has a treaty with Haiti which allows Uncle Sam to collect not only the customs of that country, but its internal taxes as well, and to look after their disbursement. It seems likely that in order to bring about complete order in Santo Domingo some like arrangement must be made with that country. Already the United States is collecting customs of the Dominican Republic, but it is not collecting its internal taxes.

The most recent trouble with Santo Domingo came because the various elements down there, led by different men, attempted each in its own behalf to take the internal revenues and to spend them for personal selfish purposes. The result was such an internal row that the United States had to step in, and as a matter of fact we are in a mild way at war with Santo Domingo today, although it is not called war.

Promised Their Debts Should Be Paid.
During the Roosevelt administration England, France and Germany, to all of whom Santo Domingo owed money which it would not pay, asked the United States to assume with them a joint control over the revenues of the little republic. President Roosevelt could not entertain such a proposition because in a way it was a violation of the Monroe Doctrine, although not literally so. The American administration made an arrangement by which the United States government was pledged to maintain the payments on the Dominican debt.

So it is that we have been collecting revenue down there and paying off the republic's debt as well as we could. The internal revenues were left to the Dominican government itself. As soon as it was found out that there was money for the Dominican government in the internal taxes of the country, four or five governments sprang up, each one willing to fight the other for the spoils. This led to virtual intervention on the part of the present administration. Of course, the United States will maintain control in Santo Domingo and bring about order, but the fact that this little bit of a republic, that really is not a republic at all, has protested to the powers of Europe against the action of the United States, may bring trouble to us in the future.

RUSSIANS DRIVE TEUTON ARMY BACK

PUT UP DESPERATE FIGHT TO SAVE SERETH RIVER LINE, BREAK TEUTON FRONT AT ONE POINT.

GREECE TO ATTACK ALLIES

The Greek Royal Army Is Only Awaiting the Word of Germany's Ruler to Attack Allies in Athens.

London.—The Russian forces in Central Rumania took the offensive along a 15-mile front southwest of the Sereth and threw the Teutons back at several points. The counter-attack, which was launched on a line running from Fossani south to Fundeni, midway between Buzeu and Ramnicu-Sarat, succeeded in piercing the German front near Obilechti, Berlin admits.

Substantial gains are claimed by Petrograd, which states that Falkenhayn's troops were driven back beyond the line of Rasputza lake, southeast of the Ramicu-Sarat. The Russians suffered heavy losses, according to Berlin.

Greek Army Awaiting Orders.

Paris.—"The Greek Royal army is only awaiting orders from Germany to attack the Allies," said M. Diomede, former Greek minister of finance, to the Temps.

M. Diomede is in Paris on a special mission for Eliphtherios Venielos, the former premier and head of the provisional Greek government.

"The Greek general staff," added M. Diomede, "from the outset of the war, constantly was directed by Major Von Falkenhausen, the military attache of the German legation. His orders the royal army has been carrying out since he was expelled from the country. It was he who established the plan of the distribution of artillery munitions, so as to conceal them more easily from the Allies."

"It was he who assured communications between Athens and Berlin and furnished the German general staff with information concerning the movements of General Sarrail's army, supplied to him by the Greek staff. It was he who organized the telephone line between Athens and Berat by which the king is still in daily communication with the German government. It was he who organized the plan for the mobilization of the reservists.

"No more than four thousand troops thus far have been sent to Peloponnesus, while the king now has in hand 45,000 men. With the reservists, as organized by M. Falkenhausen, he can raise an army of 75,000."

FORMER WARDEN PAY RAISED

Has Received \$7,500 Since August 15, 1915, Fuller Now Powerless to Keep Salary Down.

Lansing.—Nathan F. Simpson, former warden of Jackson prison, who retired in December, received a salary of \$7,500 a year since Aug. 15, 1915, although it was generally believed that he was getting only \$6,000 until this week. Simpson's request for an increase from \$5,000 to \$7,500 was approved by former Gov. Ferris and former State Treasurer Haarer, but the increase was held up by Auditor General Fuller.

Mr. Fuller was powerless to prevent the board of control from granting the request because Jackson prison is self-sustaining but he says he will bring up the issue the first time the board of control asks for funds.

The fact that the board of control had authorized the transfer became known when Mr. Fuller's auditors checked up the books after their transfer to Warden Disque.

COMBINE OFFICES OF HEALTH

Cadillac and Wexford Have Difficulty in Securing Suitable Health Service.

Cadillac.—Dr. W. J. Smith is urging the combination of county and city health offices in order that a competent full-time physician may be secured. Cadillac and Wexford have had difficulty in securing suitable health service. A year ago the city commission did not feel that Dr. David Ralston was giving sufficient time to the municipal post and consequently Dr. Smith was appointed. After holding it one year he has resigned and Dr. Ralston succeeds him.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

Live Stock.

DETROIT.—Cattle Receipts: 2,582; Best heavy steers, \$8.50; best handyweight butcher steers, \$7.50@7.75; mixed steers and heifers, \$7.25; handy light butchers, \$6@6.50; light butchers, \$5@5.75; best cows, \$6.50@6.75; butcher cows, \$5.50@6; common cows, \$5@5.15; canners, \$4@4.50; best heavy bulls, \$6.50@6.75; bologna bulls, \$5.50@6; stock bulls, \$4.50@5; feeders, \$6.50@7; stockers, \$5@6.25; milkers and springers, \$4@7.50.

Calves—Receipts: 1,206; Best, \$13@14; mediums, \$9@12; heavy, \$6.50@8.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts: 7,026; Best lambs, \$13.50; fair lambs, \$12@13; light to common lambs, \$9@11; yearlings, \$10@11.50; fair to good sheep, \$8@8.75; culls and common, \$5@6.

Hogs—Receipts: In the hog division bulk of the receipts brought steady prices, a few choice heavies 10c higher, selling at \$10.50, bulk of mixed \$10.10@10.40, and pigs \$9.25@9.35.

EAST BUFFALO.—Receipts of cattle, 80 cars; market dull and 10c lower; choice to prime native steers, \$10.50@11; fair to good, \$8.50@9; plain, \$7.75@8; choice heavy butcher steers, \$9@9.75; fair to good, \$8.50@8.75; best handy steers, \$8.75@9.25; fair to good, \$7.75@8.50; light and common, \$6.75@7.25; yearlings, prime \$9@9.50; fair to good, \$8.50@9; best heavy heifers, \$8.25@8.75; best butchering heifers, \$7.25@7.75; firm butchering heifers, \$6.50@7.25; light and common, \$5.25@6.25; best heavy fat cows, \$6.75@7.25; good butchering cows, \$6@6.50; medium to fair, \$5@5.50; cutters, \$4.25@4.50; canners, \$3.75@4.25; fancy bulls, \$7.25@8; good sausage bulls, \$5.50@6.25; good butchering bulls, \$6.50@6.75; light bulls, \$4.75@5.50; best feeding steers, \$7@7.25; common to fair, \$5.25@5.60; best stockers, \$6.50@7; common to good, \$5@5.50; milkers and springers, \$6.50@11.

Hogs: Receipts, 125 cars; market steady; heavy, \$10.90@11; yorkers and mixed, \$10.80@10.90; pigs and lights, \$9.75@10.

Sheep and lambs: Receipts, 40 cars; market steady; top lambs, \$13.35@13.50; yearlings, \$10@11.50; wethers, \$9@9.50; ewes, \$8@8.50.

Calves: Receipts, 800; market steady; tops, \$14@14.50; fair to good, \$12.50@13.50; culls and common, \$9@12; heavy fat calves, \$6.50@9.25; fed calves, \$4.50@6.25.

Grain Etc.
DETROIT.—Wheat—Cash No. 2 red \$1.93; May opened with a drop of 1/2c at \$1.93 1/2 and declined to \$1.97; July opened at \$1.60 and declined to \$1.58 1/2; No. 1 white, \$1.88.

Corn—Cash No. 3, \$1.03 1/2; No. 3 yellow opened at \$1.05 1/2 and declined to \$1.05; No. 4 yellow, \$1.03.

Oats—Standard, 60c; No. 3 white, 59 1/2c; No. 4 white, 58 1/2c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, \$1.42.

Beans—Immediate and prompt shipment, \$6.25; January, \$6.10.

Seeds—Prime red clover, \$10.85; March, \$10.90; alsike, \$11; timothy, \$2.50.

Flour—Per 196 lbs. in eighth paper sacks: Best winter patent, \$9.90; second patent, \$9.60; straight, \$9.40; spring patent, \$10.50; rye flour, \$8.80 per bbl.

Hay—No. 1 timothy, \$14.50@15; standard timothy, \$13.50@14; light mixed, \$13.50@14; No. 2 timothy, \$12@13; No. 1 mixed, \$13.50@14; No. 2 mixed, \$10@11; No. 1 clover, \$12@13.50; rye straw, \$9.50@10; wheat and oat straw, \$8.50@9 per ton in carlots, Detroit.

Feed—In 100-lb sacks, jobbing lots: Bran, \$31; standard middlings, \$33; fine middlings, \$35; cracked c.c.n., \$43; coarse cornmeal, \$42; corn and oat chop, \$38 per ton.

General Markets.
Limes—\$1.25 per 100 and \$11 per bbl.
Grapefruit—\$3.50@3.75 per crate.
Cranberries—Late Howes, \$3.25 per bu and \$9.25 per bbl.
Apples—Baldwin, Spy and King, \$5.50@5.75 per bbl for the best.
Rabbits—\$1.75 per doz.
Tomatoes—Hothouse, 35c per lb.
Dressed Hogs—12 1/2@12c per lb.
Sweet Potatoes—Jersey, kiln-dried, \$2 per crate.
Honey—Fancy white, 16@17c; extracted, 9@10c per lb.
Celery—Kalamazoo, 30@35c; Callfornia, \$1@1.25 per doz.
New Potatoes—Bermuda, \$9 per bbl and \$3.25 per bu.
Dressed Calves—Fancy, 16 1/2@17c, No. 2, 14@14 1/2c per lb.
Potatoes—In carlots: Bulk, \$1.60@1.65; in sacks, \$1.65@1.75 per bu.
Live Poultry—No. 1 spring chickens 20@21c; No. 2 spring chickens, 18@19c; No. 1 hens, 18@19c; No. 2 hens, 17c; small hens, 14c; ducks, 21c; geese, 19c; turkeys, 23@30c per lb.
Onions—Spanish, \$1.75 per crate; Michigan yellow, \$4.50 per 100-lb sack.

BE SURE OF SAFETY

Never before in the history of the country has SAFETY been so important as in these days of greatest prosperity.

Never before have rosy-promising, get-rich-quick schemes been so numerous—or so "rosy" of promise. ASK YOUR BANKER.

The high cost of living today demands increased income. Increased income can best be realized from investment. But it must be JUDICIOUS investment—SAFE investment—investment where your principal is secure and your interest regular and certain.

BOTH YOUR PRINCIPAL AND 5% INTEREST ARE GUARANTEED in our First Mortgage Bond Certificates of \$100, \$500 and \$1,000. Every \$1 is secured by more than \$2 of improved, income-producing Detroit Real Estate—besides the \$200,000.00 paid-up capital of this company.

ASK YOUR BANKER about proposed investments. Ask him about our First Mortgage Bond Certificates—GUARANTEEING 5% and absolute safety—the most certain and secure of investments. Write us for booklet.

Urban Realty Mortgage Co.
46-48 W. Congress St., Detroit

China who teach paper making in a government school.

Send 10c to Dr. Pierce, Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, for large trial package of Anuria for kidneys—cures backache.—Adv.

Male and female slaves were sold publicly in the fairs of England during the fourteenth century.

The Quinine That Does Not Affect The Head because of its tonic and laxative effect. Laxative Bromo Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head. There is only one "Bromo Quinine." E. W. GROVE'S signature on each box. 2c.

Thought He Was Sprouting Wings.
"Mother, I believe I'm hisprouting wings," said Robert, in his lisping voice, as his mother was putting him to bed one night.

"What makes you think you are sprouting wings?" asked mother, as she attacked an obstreperous button on the four-year-old.

"Well, when I lay in bed at night I can feel where I hurt right here," and he indicated two small shoulder blades.

"Now, Robert, you could not possibly be having wings. Only good little boys can have wings sprouting."

"Well, mother, I must be awful good, then, can't I know the wings are coming out?"

And he got into bed, rubbing first one potential wing and then the other.

Ten Billion Tons of Coal.

The Nenana coal field, Alaska, will be tributary to the government railroad now under construction from Seward to Fairbanks. Though the coal of this field is light and hence of low grade, yet it has great value as a source of fuel and power for Fairbanks and other Yukon placer camps. The field is about sixty miles south of Fairbanks. It is estimated by the United States geological survey, department of the interior, that the Nenana field contains some ten billion tons of lignite. The Nenana coal field lies in what is known as the Bonfield region, which also contains some gold placers that have been mined in a small way for the last ten years.

Instead of Worrying

about the high cost of living, just buy a package of

Grape-Nuts

—still sold at the same fair price.

Enjoy a morning dish of this delicious food, and smile over the fact that you've had a good breakfast and

Saved Money

Isn't that a fair start for any day?

In One Grand Effort at Absolute Disposal of All Ladies' Garments

We Offer Every
**Cloth Coat and Suit at
Exactly One-Half Price**

Entire Stock, Plushes excepted, comprising over
50 Fine Garments.
Do not fail to come this week.

W. J. DANCER & CO.
Stockbridge, Mich.

Prices of Magazines

Are Going Up
The price of the Dispatch has gone up—
Still we are able to make you a clubbing
offer on four month's magazines,

To-Days
Womans World
Home Life
Better Farming

and the DISPATCH

FOR \$1.50

OUR ADVERTISING COLUMNS

are read by the people
because it gives them
news of absorbing in-
terest. People no longer
go looking about for
things they want—they
go to their newspaper
for information as to
where such things may
be found. This method
saves time and trouble.
If you want to bring
your wares to the atten-
tion of this community,
our advertising columns

Should
Contain Your
Ad



PAINFUL COUGHS RELIEVED

Dr. King's New Discovery is a soothing, healing remedy for coughs and colds that has stood the test of nearly fifty years. For that cough that strains the throat and saps the vitality. Try Dr. King's New Discovery. The soothing pine balsams and mild laxative ingredients soon drive the cold from the system. Have a bottle on hand for winter cold, croup, grippe and bronchial affections. At your Druggist, 50c.

Fitted for It.

"I don't know what to do with my son. About the only thing he has to recommend him is his fetching nature."

"Then why not get him a job as a waiter?"—Buffalo American.

Coughs and Colds Not to Be Neglected

Anyone will realize the seriousness of neglecting a cold if he observes results of such neglect among his acquaintances. How often have you heard, "He caught cold, didn't do anything for it and it turned into"—then some dreaded disease is named.

Ordinary colds yield to prompt treatment at the beginning. That is why every family should be supplied with a reliable cough medicine—one that will heal raw and inflamed surfaces, loosen the phlegm, allay irritation, ease the hoarseness and stop the tickling sensation in the throat that does not permit one to sleep.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound is available for relief of coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, tickling in throat, tightness or soreness, straggles or bronchial coughs. It contains no harmful ingredients. It is healing, soothing, efficient and pleasant.

Plainfield

Mrs. Jernsha Isham, for many years a resident of this place, passed away Tuesday, Jan. 2nd, after an illness of about two months. Funeral services were held at the house Friday, Rev. Ellis officiating.

Hazel Van Syckle visited her aunts, Mrs. J. S. Walker and Mrs. Ida Frazier Saturday and Sunday.

Rev. G. N. Gillett entertained a company of Parkers Corners friends last Thursday.

Orla Jacobs and son are on the sick list.

The Ladies Guild of the M. P. Church, met with Mrs. E. L. Topping Tuesday.

Martin Anderson and family, Ira King and family and Mr. and Mrs. McClure Hinchey spent Sunday at the home of Jas. Caskey.

Mrs. Elsa Wood is assisting Mrs. Claude Corwin with her household duties at present.

The Sunday School Class No. 3 met with Mabel Caskey Jan. 6th, for the purpose of organizing their class. The following officers were elected: Pres., Mabel Caskey; Vice Pres., Winnie Backus; Sec., Hazel Van Syckle; Treas., Clyde Jacobs; Membership, Program and Social Committees were also appointed. This class is planning to hold a Valentine-Social at the home of C. A. Mapes, Feb. 14th. Watch for further notice.

INACTIVITY CAUSES CONSTIPATION

Lack of exercise in the winter is a frequent cause of constipation. You feel heavy, dull and listless your complexion is sallow and pimply, and energy at low ebb. Clean up this condition at once with Dr. King's New Life Pills, a mild laxative that relieves the congested intestines without griping. A dose before retiring will assure you a full and easy movement in the morning. 25c at your Druggist.

Several French lighthouses have been equipped with lenses that enable their lights to be seen fifty or sixty miles at sea.

400 TYPEWRITERS
REMYTONG \$12 MONTH-PREMIERS \$12
Let Your Children Learn Typewriting at Home during Vacation. Instruction Book FREE. Ask Emma Tye Forestry BUFFALO, N. Y.

Farm and Garden

COMFORT FOR FARM WOMEN.

The Simplest Way of Getting Running Water into the Kitchen.
[Prepared by United States Department of Agriculture.]

The convenience and comfort of having running water at least in the kitchen and in the bathroom if possible are so well recognized that engineering specialists of the United States Department of Agriculture have been giving attention to the simplest as well as to the more expensive methods of saving the farm housewife the carrying of water in buckets from the well or spring up the porch steps and through doors into the house.

Almost any system of obtaining running water in the kitchen is better than none at all. If the well or cistern is located within a short distance of the house about the simplest and perhaps the cheapest method is



GOOD TYPE OF ELEVATED TANK.

to place a pitcher or other pump over a sink in the kitchen and extend the suction pipe to the well. The suction lift should not exceed twenty feet or the pump will not operate satisfactorily, if at all. It should also be remembered that water flowing through a pipe meets with considerable resistance due to friction, which increases as the velocity of the water and the length of the pipe increase and as the diameter of the pipe diminishes. Elbows and bends in the pipe greatly increase the friction. Pump manufacturers give information in regard to this frictional loss, which should always be considered in arranging a pumping system in the kitchen or elsewhere.

An elevated water supply tank may be placed in the attic, on the roof, on the windmill tower, on a special tower or on the silo. It must be high enough to give the desired pressure at points where the water is used. The tank may be of wood or galvanized metal. Its size will depend on the amount of water used daily in the house. A 250 to 500 gallon tank is sufficient for the average family, although some have a much larger tank, so that a supply sufficient to last several days may be maintained. A larger tank is also necessary where water is supplied to the house and barns.

The simplest system of this kind is one with the tank in the attic or on the roof, supplying water to the kitchen only. When the expense can be afforded a hot water tank connected with the range may be placed in the kitchen and the water plumbing be extended to a bathroom.

The pump for this system must be a force pump, which not only raises water to its own level by suction, but forces it to greater heights, according to the power applied. The pump may be placed over the well or in any other convenient spot as long as the suction lift does not exceed twenty feet. A three way valve on such a pump permits the operator to direct the water to the tank or through the pump spout, as desired. The pump may be operated by hand, but where much water is to be pumped to a considerable height a windmill, a small gas engine or an electric motor will save much time and exertion. If the location of the pump, which should be convenient to the engine, necessitates a long suction line the size of the pipe should be increased and all unnecessary bends or fittings avoided in order to lessen the friction.

The great objection to an elevated tank system is that in the colder climates there is danger of the water in the tank freezing. This is particularly objectionable when the tank is located in the attic, where considerable damage may be caused if it should burst. It is also necessary to provide an especially strong support for the tank. Another objection is that if located in the attic the tank is likely to catch considerable dirt. It should be easily accessible for such or

TROUBLE AWAITS DARCY.

Australian Boxer Can Have Lots of Good Opponents.

James Leslie Darcy, the Australian pugilist, who recently arrived in this country, has been accorded a reception in New York which would tend to convince an uninformed bystander that the new arrival is a monarch from some faraway land rather than a mere ring general.

But there may be and doubtless are more serious matters facing Demon Darcy. Something of a serious proportion confronts him in his quest of the famed riches of our land. A casual glance at the possibilities in sight would indicate that quite a bale of trouble is waiting ahead of the Australian boxer.

Several of our aspiring boxers have been mentioned as possible opponents for the newcomer in his first bout. Among others are Mike Gibbons, Billy Miske, Jack Dillon, Al McCoy and Bat-

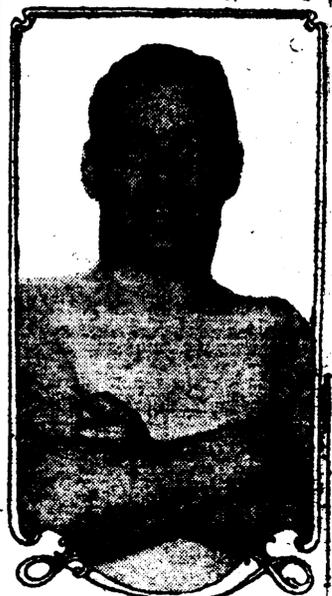


Photo by American Press Association.

LES DARCY, AUSTRALIAN CHAMPION.

ting Levisky. There are several cities with reputations as centers of the art of fistiana ready and willing to stage the first real exhibition on our soil between Darcy and any logical opponent. But when you come to bat the issue down to a low summer New York is the real place to stage the mill.

Other cities offer a bit better proposition in the way of allowing a rather more extensive and long drawn out combat. But this slight advantage is offset by the overwhelming advantage enjoyed by New York of being able to draw a record audience.

So if Darcy is to make his first ring appearance in New York he is to face quite another proposition from what he has been accustomed to in his native land. In other words, where James Leslie has been accorded a distance of twenty rounds at home to quell any aspiring mauler, he will be required to complete his job in New York in just half that time.

For all who believe that he will be able to accomplish the task there are wagers a-plenty awaiting on every hand. How many believe that Darcy can shoot over a knockout blow on Mike Gibbons in ten rounds? Further than that, are there any in range who figure that Darcy will be able to stop Jack Dillon or Miske or Levisky or even Al McCoy in the limited space of ten rounds? A fine opportunity to gather in a fortune on the issue awaits any who believe in such possibilities.

Darcy will have to pay, in a way, for the fine reputation which preceded him. The Australian climbed to his fame by slipping over knockout wallops on his opponents; hence when he climbs into a ring here the crowd will expect nothing short of a quick and decisive victory for him. And there is but slight chance for him to flatten any of the above mentioned quintet in ten rounds. If he does, of course there will be much added to his reputation. But can he?

Los Angeles to Hold A. A. U. Meet.

The national amateur track and field championships have been assured to Los Angeles for 1918.

Subscribe for the Pinckney

less frequent cleaning. It is well to cover the tank to prevent, as far as possible, the entrance of dirt and vermin, and when placed on a tower outside it should be covered to prevent the breeding of mosquitoes.

The great advantages of this system and its cheapness and simplicity. All that is needed are a force pump, a storage tank, a pipe from the pump to the tank, a pipe from the tank to the point at which water is used and accompanying fixtures. The tank should have an overflow pipe, preferably located in the attic.