

PINCKNEY DISPATCH

Vol. XXXV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, April 25, 1918

No. 17

INCLUDES PINCKNEY

Proposed Pike Saginaw to Toledo

Preliminaries Under Way

A campaign to establish a direct Saginaw-Toledo highway by the shortest possible mileage was launched last night at a well-attended meeting at the I. O. O. F. hall in Lennon, on the line between Genesee and Shiawassee counties. Four counties were represented at the meeting, which was under the auspices of the Michigan State Good Roads association. Peter B. Lennon acted as chairman of the meeting, and among the speakers were William S. Linton and Field Secretary W. H. Bryant of the association, Rolla W. Roberts of the state highway department, State Senator Harvey A. Penney, vice-president of the East Michigan Pikes association, and C. C. Speer of Maple Grove township.

The project of improving the roads through these counties was strongly favored and a committee was appointed to complete the signatures for the construction of the highway under the Covert road law, south to the Argentine road, so-called, near the Livingston county line. The committee consists of Peter P. Lennon, A. J. Anthony, George Evans, Walter Morrison, William Lohring, Cameron C. Speer, and Willis Baker.

The Saginaw-Toledo highway would mean the continuation south of the "Top of Michigan" highway now worked out in its entirety for 290 miles from Saginaw to Mackinaw and would be of great commercial and recreation value to this city. Many fine villages and cities are on or contiguous to the line. Among these are Fosters, Burt, Montrose, New Lothrop, Flushing, Lennon, Durand, Gaines, Byron, Cohoctah, Oak Grove, Howell, Brighton, Chilson, Pinckney, Hamburg, Whitmore Lake, Dexter, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti, Saline, Milan, Azalia, Dundee, Ida, Petersburg, Temperance, and Toledo. The latter city is the gateway into Michigan from the states lying south and east that send each season thousands into the resort regions of the lower peninsula.

This pike will save automobilists 35 miles over the present routes via Detroit, which means that 75 per cent of them would use it in getting to their destinations in the north country. It would mean a great annual influx of travelers and tourists.

Saginaw is ideally located on this main thoroughfare, extending for 333 miles from Lake Eire's southern corner to the Straits of Mackinaw. The pike extends straight south from Saginaw for 40 miles, out Sheridan avenue, the longest stretch of any trunk road, following section lines. The large saving in distance between the Saginaw valley and Toledo appeals to the government and state officials who have the problem of transporting over improved roads to the Ohio gateway much of the material now being manufactured here and in surrounding cities.

Saginaw Courier-Herald.

HIGH SCHOOL

Don't forget the Senior Play. Registration of women takes place at the school next week.

Howell defeated Pinckney's Baseball team at that place last Friday.

South Lyons comes to Pinckney this week.

The Junior Four Minute Men will hold their contest for honors next Monday afternoon. The theme will be War Saving Stamps. Every one come and hear the High School students talk. They are worth while.

Teacher's examinations are held this week in Howell.

Eighth Grade examination will be held May 9 and 10.

AGAIN IN DISGRACE

Deputy Otto Rohn Arrested

Taken to Howell Pleads Guilty

Otto Rohn, Deputy Game Warden of the State of Michigan, has again paid the penalty for violating the laws of the State which he has sworn to obey. He and his assistant, Christopher Cobb, have been convicted of a misdemeanor and fined, according to our informant, \$13 each.

It was not the blustering, officious, Otto who appeared before Justice Roche at Howell, April 23 to face a charge which might put him in jail for 30 days and cost him a fine of \$30. It was Otto of a far more humble mien who anxiously awaited his sentence when he pleaded guilty to the charge.

This is the man, it will be remembered, who was convicted of an offense in Washtenaw County last winter and was fined for a violation of the state law in that county.

The offense which sent the sheriff after him this time was cutting a beech tree on the property of the Lewis Brothers near Portage Lake and there was hardly a chance of escaping punishment, as several witnesses saw the act.

It is regretted by the great majority of our citizens and taxpayers that a husky man like Otto Rohn [who] is apparently perfectly able to go into the fields and work, is not invited to do so by the state authorities, who do not hesitate to ask the women and children to work at manual labor to help raise crops for the sustenance of the boys in our armies, and of which Otto Rohn consumes a man's share.

The owners of the property which he so wantonly destroyed are industrious farmers and the shortage of crops in this vicinity the past few years places them in a position where they cannot afford to lose any of their trees when fuel and lumber is so scarce and expensive.

Why should a young farmer, whose labor helps toward the support of his widowed mother, be compelled to pay more for taking a fish or two from the waters which he pays taxes on than the pampered Otto has to pay when he is convicted of the destruction of property of far greater value than a pound or more of fish?

It is also regretted by these same taxpayers and citizens that the Governor does not take some action toward removing this notorious state official from the office of Deputy State game warden and fill the vacancy with a law-abiding citizen to whose name is not attached the stigma of unenviable notoriety which the present incumbent has allowed to become a fixture to the name of Otto Rohn.

RED CROSS CONCERT

The concert for the benefit of the Red Cross, which was to have been held at the M. E. Church, May 4th has been unavoidably postponed until Saturday evening May 11th and will be held at the opera house.

Kitsey Brokaw-Clark gives recital in costume and songs by American composers. The program will include songs based on Japanese and Chinese scales, folk songs from the Kentucky mountains, and English songs and ballads. Mrs. Clark is from the Detroit studio of Mrs. Mackenza-Wood, until the war was one of the leading European voice teachers.

Every body is invited to enjoy this unique concert and by so doing aid the Red Cross, whose efforts in behalf of our soldier boys' welfare and comfort are bringing words of praise from every camp in this country and France where American troops are quartered.

Wants, For Sale Etc.

WANTED—A position as housekeeper in town. Mrs. Lillian Ashman South Lyon, Mich.

FOR SALE—Heavy bay colt, 5 years old. This horse is all right and the price is right. J. McIntyre.

EARLY ROSE POTATOES for sale. Robt. E. Kelly.

FENCE BUILDING—I am now prepared to take contracts for building wire fence. First class work guaranteed. M. Chalker.

FOR SALE—Horse corn or bean planter, Two-row bean cultivator, New Oliver riding cultivator, Nice bright seed oats Eugene McIntyre.

NOTARY PUBLIC—At the Pinckney Exchange Bank. E. G. Lambertson

FOR SALE OR RENT—40 acre farm 1 1/2 miles north of Hamburg or will rent by fields. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—One good young work horse Also one stock and hay rack nearly new. E. Farnam

EARLY AND LATE Potatoes for sale. F. D. Johnson

HARNESS, wagon, steel roller, horse corn planter, cultivator, drag, plow oak lumber and other articles. H. G. Gauss.

WANTED—Rags, rubbers, iron and metal. Highest cash price paid. Claude McKinder, Pinckney.

FOR SALE—Quantity of clover hay I. J. Abbott.

FOR SALE—A quantity of choice hay also a good young work horse. Enquire of J. R. Martin.

SEED CORN—Inquire of Michael Lavey

FOR SALE—Early seed potatoes, good quality, \$1.00 per bushel. Also 2 bushels red clover seed. R. K. Elliott.

LAND TO PLOW—by the acre wanted, also land to put into crops. Earl E. Baughn.

FOR SALE—Sensation seed oats. Wm. W. White, Marion, P. O. Howell, R. F. 2

OATS FOR SALE—also full blood Jersey heifer coming in. Lawrence Speers.

HORSES FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Two horses weight about 2000. Will sell or exchange for one weighing about 1300. S. J. Beardsley.

Guaranteed Stocks

Are as good as

Pure Food Groceries

That's why we sell the famous Star Brand of Shoes for men and boys.

A guarantee with every pair sold, so why hesitate about buying, whether it be a work shoe or a fancy dress shoe you may need.

We have both, and will make an earnest endeavor to not only fit both your foot and your purse, but to give you Satisfaction

Our line of groceries is most complete, and we will be only too glad to serve you in the line of specialties etc.

For Saturday, April 27 we will sell

Pink Salmon	17c
Large Package Snow Boy	19c
2 Cans Corn	25c
50 cent Coffee, a good one	27c
Queen Ann Soap 6 bars	28c

Yours for a square deal

MONKS BROS

MURPHY & JACKSON

In every branch of merchandising the firm who is able to buy in largest quantities always buys cheapest.

We are larger buyers of goods in the lines we handle than any other firm in this section.

We have bought unusually large quantities of shoes lately because prices are sure to farther advance.

SHOES

Now, we are going to sell those shoes to you at prices lower, quality for quality, than any other house can duplicate.

Come in, examine our stock, get our prices, and save yourself money.

Men's shoes, boys' shoes, ladies, misses and childrens shoes; dress shoes, work shoes at lowest cash prices, quality considered.

SHOES

Buy Shoes NOW

Prices Are Daily Advancing

Grocery Specials

Cash Only

Saturday April 27

Crystal Flake Flour \$1 35

Spring Hill Coffee 23c

Green Lable Coffee 18c

1 pkg Macaroni 9c

MURPHY & JACKSON

STATE NEWS

West Branch—Charles Helmka, a select at Columbus barracks, donated his library of 70 volumes to the Y. M. C. A. at Columbus.

Big Rapids—Karl Peters, a high school instructor, and two schoolboys paddled down the Clam and Muskegon rivers from Cadillac to this city, a distance of 35 miles, in three days.

Mt. Clemens—The high school will abandon all athletics for the remainder of the season, and 17 of the boys have volunteered for service in the boy's working reserve for duty on the farms of the county.

Lansing—Michigan will send 2,593 men to Columbus barracks during the five day period beginning May 10. Of this number, 981 will go from Detroit; 91 from Wayne county outside of the city, and 43 from Highland Park.

West Branch—There are now two co-operative shippers' associations in Ogemaw county, one near West Branch and the other near Prescott. Joseph Timothy and Frank Hayes are officers of the former, and William Osborn is president and George E. Ymer general manager of the latter.

Detroit—The first Detroitier, belonging to an American unit, to be returned because of wounds from "over there" is Corp. Jack G. Uimer. He was injured on the line of duty November 14, 1917, while massing ammunition. After an explosion of a German shell he was taken to a hospital with 20 fractured bones.

Millington—While the family of George Phelps entertained friends with a musical program, the room was suddenly darkened by a cloud of smoke, the house being afire. The party barely escaped, the roof having fallen in. Mr. Phelps was painfully burned and Otis Depottey was struck on the head by a falling brick.

Lansing—An appeal to the food administration and the governor for help on the milk problem was made by a delegation of dairymen and farmers from Portland, Ionia county. Fifteen thousand pounds of milk daily is being wasted in that vicinity, according to the protestants, because the government has reduced its purchase of condensed milk.

Lansing—The following Michigan people have secured federal appointments in Washington: Helen C. Smith, Port Huron, Isma Hawley, Lansing, appointed clerks in the war insurance office. Florence M. Byrle, Detroit, appointed clerk in the navy department; Marguerite Solomon, Grand Rapids, appointed clerk in the shipping board.

Ann Arbor—The Deutscher Verein of the University of Michigan has been allowed to lapse for the duration of the war, although the organization has not formally disbanded. The property of the Verein has been turned over to President Hutchins, of the university, to do with as he sees fit. Both students and faculty members belong to the organization.

Saginaw—The name of the Germania school has been changed to "Lincoln". The motion was supported by School Inspector G. F. Opperman, former president of the Germania society which established the school 40 years ago and later turned it over to the city. The budget for the year provides for an increase of 10 per cent in the salaries of the teachers.

Camp Custer—Law and order is evidently more prevalent in the 85th division than in any other army organization. A report shows that the division has had fewer general court-martials than any cantonment, army post or point where troops are being assembled in the United States. This is in spite of the fact that during March and April more general courts were held than in all the previous months the division has been organized.

Flint—About 1,000 men of draft age, who were not carrying classification cards when approached by officers, were brought before the military board at a slacker round-up here. A large number of them were released later when their draft cards were produced. Youths were taken from their beds, from theatres and churches as well as from factories upon their failure to produce classification cards. A company of state troops came here from Detroit to assist in the round-up.

Camp Custer—After several weeks' investigation and consideration, division headquarters completed a tentative arrangement for passenger service between Camp Custer and Battle Creek. The jitney problem has been one which has provided considerable food for thought. The camp has thought the jitneys are necessary, but had realized also that they must be regulated. Jitneys are compelled to have a common depot in Battle Creek and one in camp. A line of buses is being operated in camp.

Big Rapids—The temporary injunction keeping the gas company from raising its rates above those provided in the franchise has been made permanent.

Manistee—The school board has abolished the study of German and substituted Spanish in the high school. Students refused to study German.

Grand Rapids—George Hubbard, 16 years old, high school student, took his own life in his home at Grandville while his parents were attending a Liberty loan rally.

Three Rivers—Sherman township, St. Joseph county, whose population is more than 80 per cent German, was the first township in the county to go over the top in the third Liberty loan.

Pontiac—Frank Paroski, aged 27, was sentenced to life imprisonment in Marquette penitentiary at hard labor for the killing with a hatchet on September 23 of Theodore Radtke, aged 70.

Port Huron—County Food Administrator Summers has ordered Frank Low, a farmer living near Memphis, to sell several hundred bushels of wheat which it is alleged Low has been hoarding.

East Lansing—Prof. L. R. Taft, state inspector of orchards, has ordered the killing throughout Michigan of all high barberry bushes. This shrub is annually instrumental in causing considerable damage to the grain crop.

Camp Custer—K. of C. secretaries have been informed that their organization in Camp Custer is to train workers for overseas service. Two men already have been selected to go to France immediately, and six more are to be sent here to train.

Port Huron—A flat and apartment house corporation has been formed here with a capitalization of \$20,000 to provide housing accommodations for several hundred persons who will come to this city to be employed in new industries now being completed.

Camp Custer—The fourth officers training school will be started at Camp Custer, May 15. Two per cent of the candidates will be selected from the 85th division. The remainder will be taken from the Central division and credited colleges, as named for the first camp.

Detroit—Among the nonagenarians who are knitting for the American forces none probably occupies a higher place in the esteem of the women whose duty it is to pass on the proficiency of the workers than Mrs. Geo. C. Mahon, who is 91 years old in body and but 21 in heart.

Ann Arbor—Prof. Herbert Sadler, head of the main engineering department of the University of Michigan, has been appointed assistant manager of steel ship construction for the Emergency Fleet corporation. The government ordered him to report at Washington May 1 and to remain there for the duration of the war.

Albion—In a speech here, Horatio Earle, of Detroit, said that the highways of Michigan offered the only relief for Michigan railroads. The short hauls must be taken of the railroads and placed on the highways. If this is not done the people will face freezing every winter as the roads are unable to handle the traffic.

Flint—A citizens' committee is investigating the local coal situation as a result of the refusal of local dealers to fill orders at government prices. The dealers claim they cannot do business at the prices set. Meantime consumers are urged to buy at once and are forbidden to form pools to buy direct from the mines or outside dealers.

Camp Custer—Books are beginning to pour into the Custer library as the result of the recent drive. At present the library has 6,000 volumes catalogued and on the shelf, whereas its quota calls for 10,000. As soon as the limit is reached additional reading matter will either be diverted to points of embarkation or given the men from the 85th division just before they leave for overseas.

Lansing—The amount of the cost price of a loaf of bread, between the wheat producer and the bread consumer, is strikingly shown in a recent compilation by the food administration, covering the period from 1913 to the present time. In 1913 but 26 per cent of the cost went to the farmer, as compared with 45 per cent at present. In 1913, 68 per cent of the price of bread was added after the flour left the mill door, as compared with 49 per cent now.

Detroit—Jean Kerr, detective for a downtown store, arrested Mrs. Lena Sansone on a larceny charge and then secured the woman's release, pending arraignment in police court. This was because Mrs. Sansone is the mother of 11 children and was needed at home, Miss Kerr said. But Mrs. Sansone didn't appear in court and her rearrest was ordered. Miss Kerr says she saw Mrs. Sansone's little boy, not more than 6, take a \$2 purse from a counter and slip it in the pocket of his sister.



84 LOSE LIVES IN 2 SHIP DISASTERS

VICE ADMIRAL SIMS REPORTS TWO U. S. VESSELS SUNK IN WAR ZONE.

TWO MICHIGAN MEN MISSING

One Ship Sunk By Submarine, Other By Internal Explosion, One Was Converted Lake Steamer.

Washington—War zone disasters, causing the probable loss of 84 lives, and two American ships, are reported by Vice Admiral Sims, commander-in-chief of the American overseas naval force. Two Michigan men are known to have been on the vessels.

The Florence H., a Detroit-built lake steamer commandeered for war service before being completed last year at the yards of the Great Lakes ship-building company, was wrecked by an internal explosion while lying in a French port. Forty of her crew are believed to have perished.

Among her crew is listed Martin T. Collins, Benton Harbor, reserve engineer. It is not known whether he is among the men saved.

The Lake Moor, a United States Shipping board vessel, fell victim of a submarine on her maiden trip. Forty-five of her crew are missing and are thought to have perished in open boats.

Robert Webster Meaham, Blissfield, Mich., is among the missing.

WOMEN ALIENS MUST REGISTER

Female Subjects of Germany and Austria to Be Listed.

Washington—German and Austrian women in the United States were placed under the same restrictions as have prevailed for enemy aliens, by proclamation issued April 20, by President Wilson, under the recently enacted law including women in the definition of enemy aliens.

These restrictions are applicable only to women above 14 who have not been naturalized by their own or their male relatives' declarations of citizenship.

The operation of the regulations prohibiting enemy aliens from entering prohibited areas without permit will not apply to German women until a date to be fixed by the attorney general Crowder, are exclusive of between ment made by the attorney general's office, is so that arrangements may be made by women to apply for permits and a careful investigation may be made before issuance of permits.

BERLIN-VIENNA BREAK LOOMS

Political Upheavals in Austria Being Felt in Kaiser's Domain.

Amsterdam—The storm clouds that gathered upon the political horizon of the Central powers with the revelations by the French premier, M. Clemenceau, of Emperor Charles' peace intrigue, are becoming more threatening daily.

Danger signals are flashing fast and wide in the two empires. The Austrian "home front" is manifestly cracking and the vibration is making itself felt upon political unity in Germany, already badly shaken by Prince Lichnowsky's revelations.

All is not well between the two Kaisers. That much is known positively, despite the bombastic, if somewhat forced, verbiage of the mutual telegraph professions of "unshakable faith in your loyalty."

KORNILOFF LEADS SLAV REBELS

Russian General Reported to Be At Head of New Revolt.

Petrograd—Hostilities have been renewed between the troops of General Korniloff and those of the Soviets. Rostof-on-Don is in the hands of the anarchists. At Kherson, after the Germans left, massacres of officers and bourgeois by soldiers occurred. The Germans have since recaptured the town.

Criminals at Novo-Tcherkask, who began to indulge in excesses were dispersed by machine guns.

The Turkish cruiser Hamidieh and two torpedo boats are reported to have arrived at Odessa.

There was severe fighting between the White Guards and Red Guards north of Viborg.

STATE'S LOAN QUOTA BOOSTED

Michigan Asked to Raise 50 Per Cent More Than Original Quota.

Detroit—Michigan, together with several other states, has been asked by Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo to oversubscribe its Liberty Loan quota 50 per cent.

A 50 per cent over-subscription for the entire state will mean that the original quota of \$84,500,000 will become \$126,750,000. It will mean that Detroit's original quota of \$36,846,908 becomes \$55,270,362, an increase of half the original quota, or \$18,423,454.

BIG POWDER PLANT STARTED

Government Building Factory With 1,000,000 Pounds Daily Capacity.

Washington—Ground has been broken for the largest powder plant in the world, for the United States government. Within two months, the daily output will be from 900,000 to 1,000,000 pounds of smokeless powder, and the plant, which is being constructed in nine sections, will cover five and one-quarter square miles and will have a working force of more than 25,000 men.

Each of the nine sections is capable of turning out in excess of 100,000 pounds of smokeless powder every 24 hours.

The plant will cost the government \$75,000,000.

APRIL 26, NAMED LIBERTY DAY

Patriotic Demonstrations to be Held to Boost Loan Drive.

Washington—Friday, April 26, is Liberty day throughout the United States under a proclamation issued by President Wilson calling on citizens of every community to hold Liberty loan rallies and "liberally pledge anew their financial support to sustain the nation's cause."

Patriotic demonstrations similar to those on the opening day of the campaign will be held on April 26 and the day devoted to giving the race toward the \$3,000,000,000 war credit goal a new impetus for the final week.

AUTO DITCHES, TWO KILLED

Third Member of Party Fatally Hurt, All Employees of Buick Factory.

Bay City, Mich.—Herbert Foss, 34 years old, and Charles McDermitt, 36 years old, are dead, and Hugh McGrane, aged 25, was fatally injured, as a result of an accident about 5 o'clock Saturday night, when the automobile in which they were riding ran into a ditch eight miles south of this city, on the Saginaw road.

All three resided in Flint and held responsible positions in the Buick factory.

ECZEMA CAUSED YEARS OF INTENSE AGONY

"I have suffered intense agony from eczema on my leg and other parts of my body for years, and received only temporary relief from other preparations. It is only a month since I started to use PETERSON'S OINTMENT, and there is no sign of eczema or itching. You can refer to me."—Geo. C. Talbot, 27 Penfield St., Buffalo, N. Y.

"I've got a hundred testimonials, says Peterson, just as sincere and honest as this one. Years ago, when I first started to put out PETERSON'S OINTMENT, I made up my mind to give a big box for a small price, and I'm still doing it, as every druggist in the country knows.

I guarantee PETERSON'S OINTMENT because I know that its mighty healing power is marvelous. I say to every one who buys a box that it is rigidly guaranteed for Eczema, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Old Sores, Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles, Ulcers, Skin Diseases, Chafing, Burns, Scalds and Sunburn, and if not satisfactory any druggist will return your money 20 cents.

Mail orders filled, charges prepaid by Peterson Bros., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

It Didn't Pay.

The poets and others, mainly others, have sung of the virtues and blessings of sleep. No class of men guards sleep as carefully as the doctors.

Someone, with all the wise theories of advertising, decided to mail his little call for business to the medical men of Indianapolis. He spent a large sum getting up some real snappy stuff. He figured out all the psychology and personal appeal, with all the big "T" stuff he could, and then some. He laid plans to reap a harvest. He did—not. His good money went to the printer. More went to Uncle Sam for stamps. This wise ad writer put a special delivery stamp on each of his letters.

Result: The doctors of Indianapolis were awakened about 1 a. m. to sign for a bunch of printed matter. Every doctor seen says he tore up the booklet and with curses deposited the unread pieces in the waste-paper basket or elsewhere.

With groans and harsh words the medical men went back to bed. It was a great idea.—Indianapolis News.

FOODS TASTE BETTER COOKED —TOBACCO TASTES BETTER TOASTED

Since the day of the caveman, who liked his meat raw, civilization has learned a lot about the scientific treatment of the things we eat.

Naturally none of us would now prefer to have our meat raw, our potatoes as they come from the ground, our coffee unroasted.

And naturally follows the great discovery recently made by The American Tobacco Co.—that tobacco tastes better TOASTED!

This wonderful new idea—simple like all great inventions—was first used in producing the famous LUCKY STRIKE Cigarette—made of toasted Burley tobacco.

Burley has a mellow flavor, entirely different from the tobacco usually used for cigarettes. It is a pipe tobacco and LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes taste like a pipe. Adv.

Where Conservation Fails.

The great manufacturing plants of today waste nothing. In the lumber mills even the sawdust is burned and the scraps become fiber for furniture and rugs and process silk for neckwear and hosiery. The scraps from our clothing enter into shoddy or paper. It is a standard joke that the packing plants lose only the squeal. The by-products of munition making are fabrics and fertilizers. Leather scraps make fiber board. Only the loose ends of our lives are lost. Industry is a science, but living is more or less of a hit or miss proposition.—The Christian Herald.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has been used for all ailments that are caused by a disordered stomach and inactive liver, such as sick headache, constipation, sour stomach, nervous indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart caused by gases in the stomach. August Flower is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans and sweetens the stomach and alimentary canal, stimulates the liver to secrete the bile and impurities from the blood. Sold in all civilized countries. Give it a trial.—Adv.

Disappointed.

"What did you get out of that will case?" asked the first lawyer. "A hundred and fifty thousand dollars," replied the second lawyer. "Good round sum, eh?" "Yes, but I thought the old man left more than that."

Itching Burning Skin.

For eczema, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby lamora, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. For free samples address: "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 35 and 50.—Adv.

Be sure you are right, but not so sure that everyone else is wrong.

"OVER THE TOP"

By An American **Arthur Guy Empey**
Soldier Who Went *Machine Gunner, Serving in France*

Copyright 1917, by Arthur Guy Empey

EMPEY LEARNS HOW THE TOMMIES ARE FED IN THE FRONT-LINE TRENCH AND BACK OF IT.

Synopsis.—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army. After a short experience as a recruiting officer in London, he is sent to training quarters in France, where he first bears the sound of big guns and makes the acquaintance of "cooties." After a brief period of training Empey's company is sent into the front-line trenches, where he takes his first turn on the fire step while the bullets whiz overhead.

CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

After dinner I tried to wash out the dixie with cold water and a rag, and learned another maxim of the trenches—"It can't be done." I slyly watched one of the older men from another section, and was horrified to see him throw into his dixie four or five double handfuls of mud. Then he poured in some water, and with his hands scoured the dixie inside and out. I thought he was taking an awful risk. Supposing the cook should have seen him! After half an hour of unsuccessful efforts I returned my dixie to the cook shack, being careful to put on the cover, and returned to the billet. Pretty soon the cook poked his head in the door and shouted: "Hey, Yank, come out here and clean your dixie!" I protested that I had wasted a half-hour on it already, and had used up my only remaining shirt in the attempt. With a look of disdain he exclaimed: "Blow me, your shirt! Why in — didn't you use mud?"

Without a word in reply I got busy with the mud, and soon my dixie was bright and shining.

Most of the afternoon was spent by the men writing letters home. I used my spare time to chop wood for the cook and go with the quartermaster to draw coal. I got back just in time to issue our third meal, which consisted of hot tea. I rinsed out my dixie and returned it to the cookhouse, and went back to the billet with an exhilarated feeling that my day's labor was done. I had fallen asleep on the straw when once again the cook appeared in the door of the billet with: "Blime me, you Yanks are lazy. Who in — a-goin' to draw the water for the mornin' tea? Do you think I'm a-goin' to? Well, I'm not," and he left. I filled the dixie with water from an old squeaking well, and once again lay down in the straw.

CHAPTER VII.

Rations.

Just dozing off; Mr. Lance Corporal butted in.

In Tommy's eyes a lance corporal is one degree below a private. In the corporal's eyes he is one degree above a general.

He ordered me to go with him and help him draw the next day's rations, also told me to take my waterproof.

Every evening, from each platoon or machine-gun section, a lance corporal and private go to the quartermaster sergeant at the company stores and draw rations for the following day. The "quarter," as the quartermaster

sergeant is called, receives daily from the orderly room (captain's office) a slip showing the number of men entitled to rations, so there is no chance of putting anything over on him. Many arguments take place between the "quarter" and the platoon noncom, but the former always wins out. Tommy says the "quarter" got his job because he was a burglar in civil life.

Then I spread the waterproof sheet on the ground, while the quartermaster's batman dumped the rations on it. The corporal was smoking a fag. I carried the rations back to the billet. The corporal was still smoking a fag. How I envied him. But when the issue commenced my envy died, and I realized that the first requisite of a non-commissioned officer on active service is diplomacy. There were 19 men in our section, and they soon formed a semicircle around us after the corporal had called out, "Rations up."

The quartermaster sergeant had given a slip to the corporal on which was written a list of the rations. Sitting on the floor, using a wooden box as a table, the issue commenced. On the left of the corporal the rations were piled. They consisted of the following:

Six loaves of fresh bread, each loaf of a different size, perhaps one out of the six being as flat as a pancake, the result of an army service corps man placing a box of bully beef on it during transportation.

Three tins of jam, one apple and the other two plum.

Seventeen Bermuda onions, all different sizes.

A piece of cheese in the shape of a wedge.

Two one-pound tins of butter.

A handful of raisins.

A tin of biscuits, or as Tommy calls them "jaw breakers."

A bottle of mustard pickles.

The "bully beef," spuds, condensed milk, fresh meat, bacon and "Maconochie rations" (a can filled with meat, vegetables and greasy water), had been turned over to the company cook to make a stew for next day's dinner. He also received the tea, sugar, salt, pepper and flour.

Scratching his head, the corporal studied the slip issued to him by the quarter. Then in a slow, mystified voice he read out, "No. 1 section, 19 men. Bread, loaves, six." He looked puzzled and soliloquized in a musing voice:

"Six loaves, nineteen men. Let's see, that's three in a loaf for fifteen men—well, to make it even, four of you'll have to muck in on one loaf."

The four that got stuck made a howl, but to no avail. The bread was dished out. Pretty soon from a far corner of the billet, three indignant Tommies accosted the corporal with:

"What do you call this, a loaf of bread? Looks more like a snippling plate."

The corporal answered: "Well, don't blame me, I didn't bake it; somebody's got to get it, so shut up until I dish out these blinkin' rations."

Then the corporal started on the jam.

"Jam, three tins—apple one, plum two. Nineteen men, three tins. Six in a tin makes twelve men for two tins, seven in the remaining tin."

He passed around the jam, and there was another riot. Some didn't like apple, while others who received plum were partial to apple. After a while differences were adjusted and the issue went on.

"Bermuda onions, seventeen."

The corporal avoided a row by saying that he did not want an onion, and I said they make your breath smell, so I guessed I would do without one too. The corporal looked his gratitude.

"Cheese, pounds, two."

The corporal borrowed a jackknife (corporals are always borrowing), and sliced the cheese—each slicing springing forth a pert remark from the on-lookers as to the corporal's eyesight.

"Raisins, ounces, eight."

By this time the corporal's nerves had gone west, and in despair he said that the raisins were to be turned over to the cook for "duff" (plum pudding). This decision elicited a little "grousing," but quiet was finally restored.

"Biscuits, tins, one."

With his borrowed jackknife, the corporal opened the tin of biscuits, and told everyone to help themselves—nobody responded to this invitation. Tommy is "fed up" with biscuits.

"Butter, tins, two."

"Nine in one, ten in the other."

Another rumpus.

"Pickles, mustard, bottles, one."

Nineteen names were put in a steel helmet, the last one out winning the pickles. On the next issue there were only 18 names, as the winner is eliminated until every man in the section has won a bottle.

The raffle is closely watched, because Tommy is suspicious when it comes to gambling with his rations.

When the issue is finished the corporal sits down and writes a letter home, asking them if they cannot get some M. P. (member of parliament) to have him transferred to the Royal Flying corps where he won't have to issue rations.

At the different French estaminets in the village and at the canteens Tommy buys fresh eggs, milk, bread and pastry. Occasionally when he is flush, he invests in a tin of pears or apricots. His pay is only a shilling a day, 24 cents, or a cent an hour. Just imagine, a cent an hour for being under fire—not much chance of getting rich out there.

When he goes into the fire trench (front line), Tommy's menu takes a tumble. He carries in his haversack what the government calls emergency or iron rations. They are not supposed to be opened until Tommy dies of starvation. They consist of one tin of bully beef, four biscuits, a little tin which contains tea, sugar and Oxo cubes (concentrated beef tablets). These are only to be used when the enemy establishes a curtain of shell fire on the communication trenches, thus preventing the "carrying in" of rations, or when in an attack a body of troops has been cut off from its base of supplies.

The rations are brought up at night by the company transport. This is a section of the company in charge of the quartermaster sergeant, composed of men, mules and limbers (two-wheeled wagons), which supplies Tommy's wants while in the front line. They are constantly under shell fire. The rations are unloaded at the entrance to the communication trenches and are "carried in" by men detailed for that purpose. The quartermaster sergeant never goes into the front-line trench. He doesn't have to, and I have never heard of one volunteering to do so.

The company sergeant major sorts the rations and sends them in.

Tommy's trench rations consist of all the bully beef he can eat, biscuits, cheese, finned butter (sometimes 17 men to a tin), jam or marmalade, and occasionally fresh bread (ten to a loaf). When it is possible he gets tea and stew.

When things are quiet, and Fritz is behaving like a gentleman, which sel-

dom happens, Tommy has the opportunity of making dessert. This is "trench pudding." It is made from broken biscuits, condensed milk, jam—a little water added, slightly flavored with mud—put into a canteen and cooked over a little spirit stove known as "Tommy's cooker."

(A firm in Blighty widely advertises these cookers as a necessity for the men in the trenches. Gullible people buy them—ship them to the Tommies, who, immediately upon receipt of same throw them over the parapet. Sometimes a Tommy falls for the ad, and uses the cooker in a dugout to the disgust and discomfort of the other occupants.)

This mess is stirred up in a tin and allowed to simmer over the flames from the cooker until Tommy decides that it has reached sufficient (gawlike) consistency. He takes his bryonet and by means of the handle carries the mess up in the front trench to cool. After it has cooled off he tries to eat it. Generally one or two Tommies in a section have cast-iron stomachs and the tin is soon emptied. Once I tasted trench pudding, but only once.

In addition to the regular ration issue Tommy uses another channel to enlarge his menu.

In the English papers a "Lonely Soldier" column is run. This is for the soldiers at the front who are supposed to be without friends or relatives. They write to the papers and their names are published. Girls and women in England answer them, and send out parcels of foodstuffs, cigarettes, candy, etc. I have known a "lonely" soldier to receive as many as five parcels and eleven letters in one week.

Empey realizes for the first time how death lurks in the trenches when a comrade falls by his side. He tells about it in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

NOT THEIR FIRST MEETING

British Officer and Privates, Home From the Front, Had Same Memories of "Tight Corner."

Two privates in "Blighty" blue were limping their way along Regent street, London. Each had his badges of honor—two and three eloquent gold stripes. They were in London town again—in it, but somehow not of it. Only the accident of war made them Regent street saunterers.

From the opposite direction there approached a young officer with a lady companion. He, too, had the gold stripes of the twice wounded. Eager and bright, he seemed absorbed in his companion, apparently not noticing the two privates. Indeed, he was almost by them when in a flash he darted from the side of his companion, seized the hand of one of the privates in a hearty grip and ejaculated:

"Great heavens! fancy meeting you here! Bit different when we were together before, eh? What a tight corner! And only we two left—and here we are again. And how are you, and how are you getting on?"

Succeeded a string of other questions, culminating in "Getting better, eh? Feel as if you'll soon be ready to go out again? How do you feel about it? Will you be glad to go?"

What the private said may be inferred from the resumption of the officer's talk.

"That's the right spirit. Shouldn't wonder if we meet again in another hot corner. Well, good luck and cheerio!"

A Change for the Invalid.

If you have a friend lying ill, try taking some daintily prepared edibles next time you make a visit.

Nourishing broths and soups, wine jellies, delicately browned custards and light puddings made of eggs and milk are good. Or a small jar of marmalade or half a dozen lightly browned biscuits for the invalid's tea. Or creamed chicken and creamed oysters delivered in a charming blue bowl and all ready to be heated up by the nurse.

Grapefruit is always appreciated and mandarin oranges and white grapes in a pretty basket are an appetizing combination, and there are some invalids who would be delighted with a jar of preserved ginger for occasional nibbling.

"Ki" in the Navy.

Navy cocoa, which Princess Mary thought might be good to eat as chocolate, is known aboard ship as ki. It is served out on the first dog watch every Thursday, and it is drunk whenever circumstances (in other words, the ship's "crusher," or policeman) permit. The men grate down a liberal quantity of it (for ki is less concentrated than shore cocoa) and drink it mixed in basins with sugar and condensed milk. At sea a special cauldron or ki, prepared by the ship's cook, is sent round action stations in "fannies," or large pitchers. Midnight for the gun's crews of our fleet is the hour when the ki boat arrives.—London Chronicle.

HOW TO AVOID BACKACHE AND NERVOUSNESS

Told by Mrs. Lynch From Own Experience.

Providence, R. I.—"I was all run down in health, was nervous, had headaches, my back ached all the time. I was tired and had no ambition for anything. I had taken a number of medicines which did me no good. One day I read about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and what it had done for women, so I tried it. My nervousness and backache and headaches disappeared. I gained in weight and feel fine, so I can honestly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to any woman who is suffering as I was."—Mrs. ADELINA B. LYNCH, 100 Plain St., Providence, R. I.



Backache and nervousness are symptoms or nature's warnings, which indicate a functional disturbance or an unhealthy condition which often develops into a more serious ailment.

Women in this condition should not continue to drag along without help, but profit by Mrs. Lynch's experience, and try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound—and for special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.



IF GLUCOSE IS IN JELLY

Method by Which It is Detected is Simple and of Exceedingly Easy Application.

Glucose in fruit preserves may be discovered by the following method given by the Popular Science Monthly:

In the case of jelly a teaspoonful should be dissolved in two tablespoonfuls of alcohol contained in a glass vessel. In the case of jam or marmalade the same process is carried out, but it is necessary to filter off the solid matter by running the mixture through a piece of muslin. Allow the solution to become perfectly cool and then add an equal volume, or a little more, of strong alcohol.

If glucose is present a dense white precipitate slowly settles down. Where no glucose has been employed, there is no precipitate, save, in some cases, a very trifling sediment of protein water which, however, is so small that it could not possibly be mistaken for the sediment which glucose produces.

The last named is not particularly harmful in itself, but it is very frequently used as an adulterant in supposedly pure preserves for extra profit.

Favorite Variety.

"Are you going to raise flowers in your garden?" "Yes," replied Mr. Crosslots. "Mostly cauliflowers."

"The right is more precious than peace."



A Package of Grape-Nuts teaches food conservation.

Saves FUEL SUGAR TIME WHEAT AND WASTE

SOLD BY GROCERS.



Taking Provisions to the Front.

Grand Trunk Time Table
For the convenience of our readers

Trains East		Trains West	
No. 46—7:24 a. m.	No. 47—7:57 p. m.	No. 45—4:44 p. m.	No. 48—9:53 a. m.

Ann Arbor Railroad
Leaves Lakeland

North	South
9 52 A. M.	10 46 A. M.
12 36 P. M.	1 23 P. M.
5 17 P. M.	4 41 P. M.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

'The Spinster's Return.' After a sojourn of a few years in search of husbands they will give their experiences at the Opera House, May 31.

Mrs. A. H. Gilchrist spent Friday in Howell.

W. P. VanWinkle of Howell was in town Saturday.

Ernest Hoyt and family of Clinton spent the week end here.

Miss Ella Black of Jackson is a guest at the home of John Martin.

Mrs. Thomas Read and Mrs. Ross Read were in Ann Arbor last week.

Mrs. F. G. Jackson and Dr. and Mrs. C. L. Sigler were in Ann Arbor last Thursday.

Father Crowe visited Detroit relatives last week.

Mrs. Harry Lee spent several days this week at the home of Mrs. Chas. Smith near Marion.

The annual election of officers for the O. E. S. will occur at the meeting Friday evening, April 26. All who have not paid their dues come prepared to do so.

Norman Reason is studying auctioneering by the correspondence school methods. Don't waste your good money, Norm. You have all the requisites of a first-class auctioneer and your numerous friends believe that with a little experience you would make a good one. However, a little practice might perfect you sooner. Here's to your success.

The very newest in boys' suits at Dancer's, Stockbridge. adv.

Mrs. Will Moran and daughter of Detroit and Dr. Monks of Howell spent the week end at the home of Mrs. Marcellus Monks.

Clare Skinaer and family of Ann Arbor spent the week end at the home of Ernest Frost.

John Draw of Isoco visited with S. J. Beardsley over Sunday.

Ira Beardsley of Sheridan, Mich., after visiting his brother S. J. Beardsley for two weeks has returned home.

Frank Hogan and wife visited Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Beardsley.

Mrs. Mary Mowers and Mrs. Eugene Campbell and sons Andrew and Merwin were Ann Arbor visitors last Friday.

A new milk route has been established in town. C. H. Graves is making the round every morning.

Fred Jarvis of Ypsilanti, formerly of Lakeland is visiting old friends here.

Mrs. Alex Mercer who has been spending the winter with Ypsilanti relatives has returned to her home here.

Murphy and Jackson have installed a show case for out door display illuminated with an electric light. This adds quite a metropolitan effect to their attractive front.

Mrs. Mary Maroney has returned to her home in Ann Arbor after spending the winter with her brother, Frank Tiplady.

Mrs. Charles Stanner of Lansing was a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. H. F. Sigler, the past week.

Born. To Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Ratz of Detroit, a son.

Wm. S. Swarthout spent the week end in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. O'Brien of Detroit spent Sunday at Thomas Shehan's.

Wm. McQuillan and family spent Sunday at the home of L. G. Devereaux.

Alice Roche spent Saturday and Sunday in Detroit.

A farewell reception was given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Dunning in honor of Max Switzer and Edward Blades, who leave shortly for the Army. The boys will long remember the hearty good wishes extended them by their numerous friends at this neighborly gathering in their behalf.

Mrs. James Roche and Madeline spent Saturday at Stockbridge.

Ray Leavey of Gregory and Mr. and Mrs. John White of Howell spent Sunday at Pat Leavey's.

Ward Swarthout of Jackson spent the week end with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Swarthout.

Miss Arla Gardner of Ypsilanti is visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Gardner.

Marion Reason and family visited relatives at Whitmore Lake recently.

Alfred Monks and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Monks visited relatives at Chubb's Corners last Sunday.

Dr. and Mrs. Skinner of Howell and Mr. and Mrs. Scribner, Mrs. Price, Miss Margaret Buzzard of near Flint and Mr. Street of Tyrone were Sunday visitors at the home of Ernest Frost.

Mrs. G. A. Sigler, Miss Kate Brown, Mrs. Anna B... and C. Van Winkle motored to Ann Arbor Friday.

Mrs. Wm. Canutt visited Dexter friends Friday.

Mrs. P. H. Coniway underwent an operation at Harper Hospital, Detroit last Friday.

Mrs. Sate Doty and Mrs. Lee Reeves of Lansing are visiting Pinckney relatives.

The Jolly Girls Society met at the home of their president, Madeline Bowman, Tuesday evening, about fifteen members being present. The evening was spent in sewing and music, including several nicely rendered selections by the High School Quintette. Luncheon was served after which the Club adjourned to meet in two weeks with Lauretta Clinton.

The Pinckney township board at a meeting recently decided to build one mile of State road south of Pinckney from Harris corners on the east to the next corners on the west. They have made a new schedule of wages for the summer and will pay \$6 for teams and \$3 per day for men.

Liberty Bonds for boys and girls can be saved. Buy Thrift Stamps. Sixteen Thrift Stamps may be exchanged for a War Savings Stamp.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes an oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence on this 6th day of December A. D. 1886. A. W. Gleason, (Seal) Notary Public.

Hall Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation adv.

adding a few cents, \$4.16 payed now for a War Savings Stamp returns \$5 in 1922. Over 4 per cent interest. Encourage your children to save. Encourage your children to earn. Let them join the War Savings Society at their school. When? May 1, special enrollment day at the schools. Let every school organize a Savings Society. Do this for the good of the boys and girls and for the sake of the boys who are fighting our battles for us in France.

Hugh G. Aldrich
County Director War Savings Societies.

Putnam Oversubscribed

The amount \$11,000 assessed to Putnam for the Third Liberty Loan has been over-subscribed nearly \$2,600 and the excess is being used in making the \$11,000 billage over the top with 50 per cent of our quota oversubscribed.

Safety First

What's that, old woman? You'd like to go to show or something. Well, I don't hardly see how we can afford any shows since that last Liberty Loan. I got kind of rattled that day and bought more than I ought to.

'It only costs a quarter'. Well that ain't much and you ain't been nowhere lately, let's see that play bill and see who takes part.

Harry Jackson—I heard some girls down town say he was a regular Adonis on the stage. What do you suppose they meant?

Professor Doyle—They say all them athletic fellers gits to be good actors after a while.

A. W. Vince—If he can act like he shaves he's pretty smooth.

Bert McClear—That's 'Tont's' boy, the feller that built our house, don't you remember how funny he was?

Carter Brown—He's a good orator and he ought to make a good actor.

Madeline Bowman, Jack's wife. Pity her!—Gosh! I guess that printer made a mistake.

Amelia Clark—She's going to be an old woman. Don't that beat all! Well these young girls can do anything, now-a-days.

Beulah Martin—I saw her dad's name on a play bill and now she's an actorine. Don't it beat all how it runs in some families.

Nellie Fisk—An Irish Cook lady. I bet that'll be good.

Lillian Glenn—Well, well, how quick them young girls grow up. She's mighty good lookin' too.

Say, old woman, mebbe it would do you good to get out and see that show and if you've got enough of the butter money left, mebbe I'll go along too."

Prohibition

Edited by M. E. S.

Two years of prohibition in Denver have kept the city so decent that there is nothing for its grand jury to investigate, nothing for Judge John I. Mullins in the criminal court to try, and nothing for the criminal lawyers of the city to argue about says a recent item in the Denver Post. The Post continues: "This is the literal statement of facts. Last week the county grand jury was called to the West Side court, presumably for business. But the business was not there.

"What shall we take up first?" the foreman asked.

"Search me," answered the district attorney.

They agreed there was nothing to investigate, so the grand jury took a recess subject to the call of the foreman.

The last three or four grand juries have returned no indictment. For, with the passing of Bacchus from Denver his twin sisters, Crime and Vice, went with him, say the judges of Denver's courts.

Seed Corn—Important

The serious condition of the seed corn crop throughout the country has been discussed to a considerable extent. As planting time draws near the situation becomes more critical. Much of the corn purchased by farmers upon the assurance that it would grow has been found to be, upon test, of low germination. Also corn purchased from reputable seed houses giving a guarantee of high germination has been found to be low in this respect and should be tested before planting. Every one should test his seed corn. The county agent will do this free of charge for those not having the proper facilities to do it.

F. S. Dunks
County Agricultural Agent

Glasgow Brothers

129 to 135 W. Main, Jackson, Mich.

BRIGHTENING TOUCHES FOR THE HOME

This is the season in which to make the home more inviting—New drapes, a piece or two of new furniture—a new rug—all mean so much in making the home more pleasing and more inviting.

You'll want a Rug or Two from these Lines

Dependable Wiltons, Velvets, Axminsters and Bodrusells in splendid variety of new and distinctive patterns in many colors comprise these showings.

Whatever they may require, carrying a guarantee of satisfaction as to quality, weave and coloring.

NOTICE

Cash and highest price paid for eggs and poultry delivered at my poultry plant. Will take in eggs six days of the week and poultry on Wednesdays. Soliciting your patronage.

E. FAFFAM.



FEATHER YOUR NEST

WHEN you invest your money in Liberty Bonds you are not giving money to your country. You are making the safest investment in the world, and your money will come back to you, with interest, at a time when you may need it far more than you do now. And remember—

Every Bond You Invest In May Save a Soldier's Life

This Space Paid For and Contributed By

S. H. CARR

Dr. Sigler & Sigler
Physicians and Surgeons

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main St.

PINCKNEY MICHIGAN

Attorney at Law

HOWELL, MICH.

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent Paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney Mich.
G. W. TEEPLE Prop



The Parting Gift

There is always room in the Soldier's kit for portraits of the home folks.

Your portrait—the ideal gift.

DAISIE B. CHAPPELL
Stockbridge Michigan

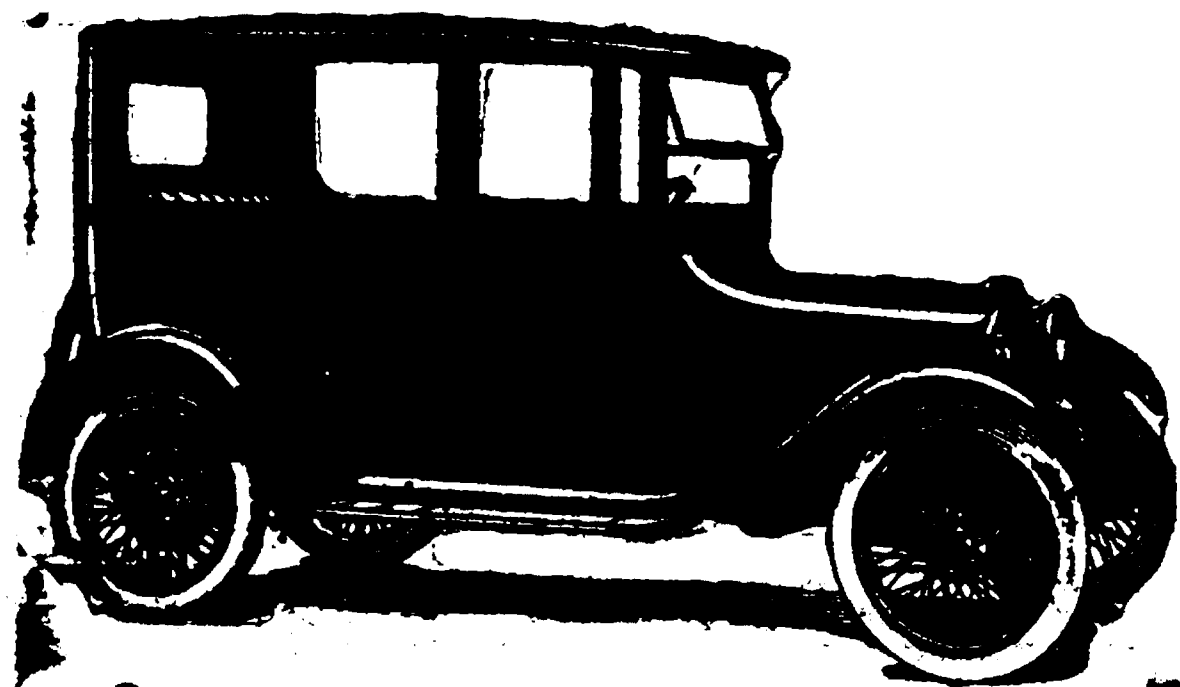
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The Percheron Stallion
EDMONTON
NO. 81764

State of Michigan License No. 1334.

Will make the season of 1918 at the farm, one half mile south of Pinckney on the Dexter Road.

FEE, \$10 to insure mare in foal.
J. L. ROCHE & SON.



DODGE BROTHERS
CLOSED CAR

In less than three years more than Two Hundred Thousand Dodge Bros. Motor Cars have been placed on the market.

That means 200,000 well satisfied motorists, many of whom live near you.

Ask any Dodge owner how he likes his car—HE KNOWS how smoothly and how economically it runs and is so well satisfied that he likes to tell about it. Touring at \$885.00

A. H. FLINTOFT
— PINCKNEY GARAGE

EGGS POULTRY VEAL

Will take eggs 6 days each week. Poultry and Veal Wednesday morning. Highest price paid at all times.

JOHN C. DINKEL.

One Hundred and Forty-Two Years of Labor and Struggle



The immediate need is the investment of our money in LIBERTY BONDS!

THE American people fought their first battles for liberty and the rights of self-government one hundred and forty-two years ago.

At that time, and for many years thereafter, their realization of their national aspirations and of the goal toward which they were really striving was vague and indistinct. But step by step they struggled onward and upward toward a light which grew clearer as their eyes and minds slowly opened to its significance. Today, as a result of their struggles and their sacrifices, we possess and enjoy our priceless American institutions.

These institutions must be preserved. The structure so laboriously reared in these one hundred and forty-two years will be utterly destroyed if we do not spring to its defense with every atom of our energy and determination. This is not a situation which may be trifled with, or evaded, or put off. It is one which must be met now—today—no matter what sacrifices it may entail, or what the cost may be.

This Space Paid For and Contributed By
H. W. CROFOOT

Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

C. J. SIBLEY, PROPRIETOR

Subscriptions, \$1.25 a Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.

Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.
Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.
Local Notices, in Local columns five cent per line per week insertion.

All matter intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.

Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.

Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.

Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

Friendly Criticism

An old friend and neighbor, whose opinions are highly valued has criticized the Dispatch for "mixing in politics when it published an article regarding Truman H. Newberry of Michigan, commander of the Third Naval District, and whose name is being placed among the candidates for United States senator from this state.

The criticism is unquestionably sincere and comes from an unselfish desire for the best interests of this paper.

If Mr. Newberry was of the ordinary type of politicians his name would not have appeared as a candidate in our paper. But his public life has shown him to be one of the class of men who we would like to see filling the various offices in our country.

Theodore Roosevelt, who was visiting the U. S. Government vessel Yosemite, noticed young Newberry, then a member of the crew, industrially swabbing the decks of the steamer, and entered in a conversation with him. This was the beginning of a friendship that lasts until to-day. To show his appreciation of the high qualities enclosed within the tanned skin of a common sailor, President Roosevelt afterwards appointed Mr. Newberry to the position of Secretary of the Navy in his cabinet.

The aggressive efficiency which won him this high position brought him national honor and has shown him to be of the class of men the country needs during this time of war, when inexperience and inefficiency are the greatest drawbacks the nation now has to contend with, and the policy of this paper will be to use what small influence it may attain in advocating all such candidates, no matter of what party or creed.

After considering these ideas, our friendly critic admits the policy is good and endorsed it.

"A Perfect Day"

Miss Julia Ball assisted by Miss Gracie Martin of Ann Arbor, gave a miscellaneous shower at the home of Miss Ball, Friday afternoon, April 12, in honor of Miss Hazel Switzer. The guests in attendance were Mesdames Charles G. Switzer, Wirt D. Switzer, Earl Crawford, E. Clyde Dunning, Charles G. Smith, Stephen E. Van Horn, George Van Horn, Fred Teeple, Bert Appleton, William Nash, George G. Winans, Myron W. Hendricks, Harry Whitlock, Henry M. Queal, George Sheridan, William H. Keedie, and E. Wray Hinkley, and Misses Susan G. Reynolds, Mabel Whitlock, Phyllis Galation, and Beatrice Hinkley. The house was decorated with a white wedding bell, from which were festooned ropes of our national colors, with a United States flag at the end of each, hearts, etc. The entertainment consisted of the singing of a trio, "I Love You Truly," by Misses Switzer, Martin, and Ball, two guessing contests, "A wedding trousseau" and "A Flower Wedding Party." The prizes of course going to the guest of honor. The rendering of a vocal duet, "A Perfect Day" by Misses Martin and Ball, and solo, "Beloved It is Morn" by Miss Martin. A three course buffet luncheon was served. Miss Switzer was the recipient of many beautiful and useful gifts, consisting of cut glasses, silver, hand painted china, linen, aluminum, etc. Thus ended "A Perfect Day."—Livingston Republican.

Proclamation

I, Albert E. Sleeper, Governor of the State of Michigan, do hereby designate and set aside, Friday, May Third, 1918, as Arbor and Garden Day, in the hope that both the old and the young of our people may be impressed with the needs of the situation, and may be stimulated not only to plant trees, as has been our custom on Arbor Day, but to plant their garden plots with potatoes and corn and beans and other nutritious vegetables; and I suggest that this day be marked also by the destruction of the High-bush Barbary.

Albert E. Sleeper
Governor of Michigan.

Let every woman sixteen years old or over be sure to register Saturday, April 27, or sometime during the week following. The registration for the Pinckney school district will be held at the school-house at two o'clock, other days at 3:30. Let's do our bit to win the war and register.

WHY SPRAY?

Aproximately \$500,000,000 damage is done to crops in this country every year by insects and fungus growths which could be saved by proper spraying.

What part of this loss comes out of your garden, farm or orchard?

By spraying with the proper insecticide at the right time you can reduce this loss to practically nothing.

We can furnish you with all these insecticides and all information concerning their use.

Call for free booklet on spraying.

C. M. Ingersoll

Nyal Quality Drug Store

Attention Farmers!

We have bought the best line of farm implements made, consisting of the McCormick, Deering, Champion Osborne and Milwaukee binders, mowers, combined hay rake and tedders, loaders, both single and double drum, Oliver and South Bend plows, spring and spiketooth steel lever harrows, riding and walking cultivators, New Idea and International wide-spread manure spreaders, land rollers, grain drills farm wagons and team harnesses.

We expect to be able to sell all goods this season at lower prices than can be obtained any place in Washtenaw or Livingston counties. **Come and See.**

Jeepie Hardware Co.

SAFETY FIRST

An American Farce Comedy

Will be given at the
PINCKNEY OPERA HOUSE

FRIDAY EVENING MAY THIRD

By the

Class of 1918

CAST

Jack Montgomery, a young husband
Jerry Arnold, an unsuccessful fixer.
Mr. Mc Nutt a defective detective
Elmer Flanaul, awfully shrinking.
A Terrible Turk
Mapel Montgomery, Jack's wife, pitv her
Virginia Bridger, her young sister,
Mrs. Barrington Bridger, their mamma,
Zuleika, a tender Turkish maiden,
Mary Ann O'Finnerty, an Irish cook lady,

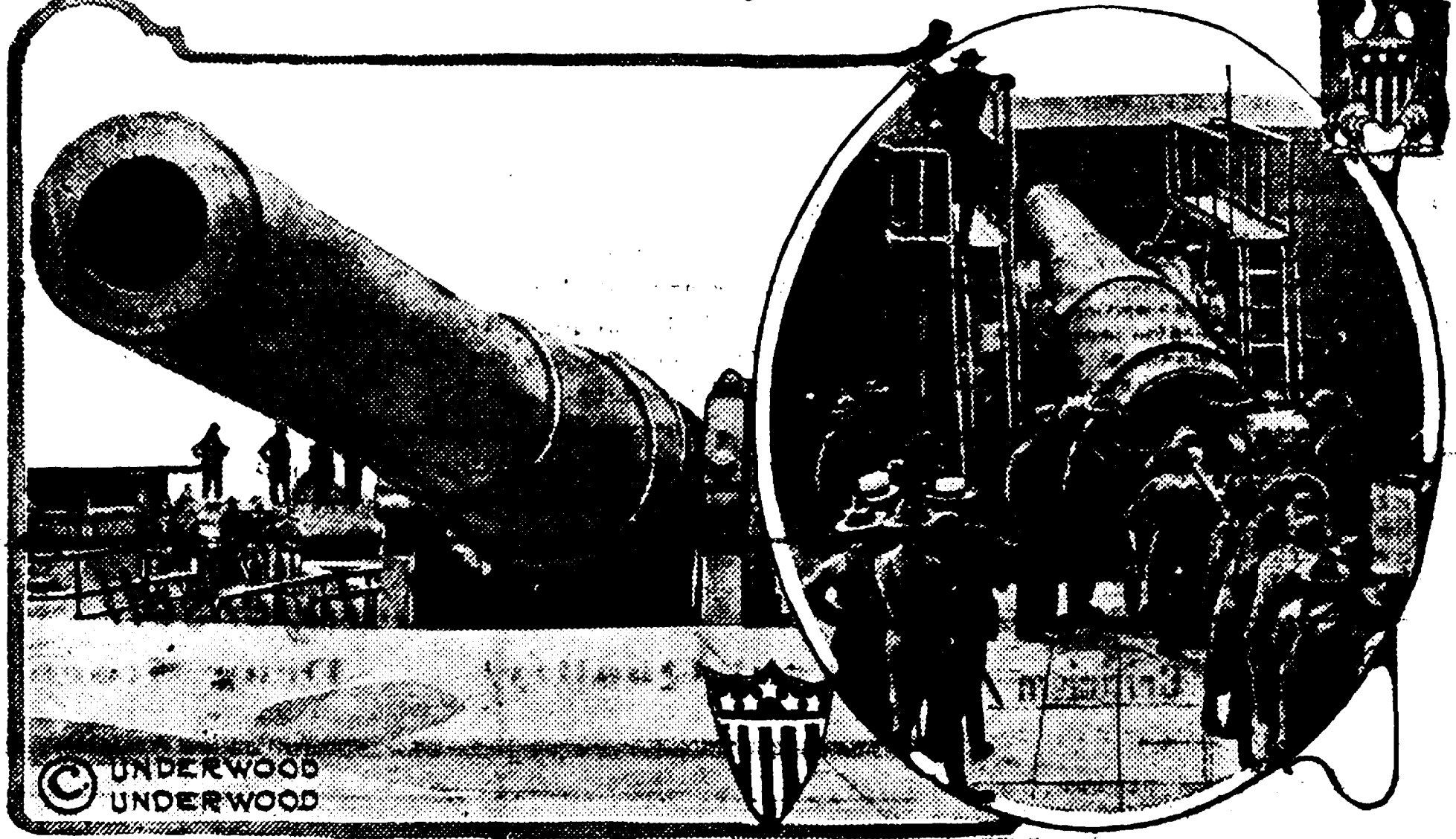
HARRY JACKSON
PROF. J. P. DOYLE
A. W. VINCE
BERT Mc CLEAR
CARTER BROWN
MADELINE BOWMAN
LILLIAN GLENN
AMELIA CLARK
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A good hearty laugh every minute
An Evening of Unalloyed Fun
Come Out And Enjoy It

Admission 15 and 25 cents

Reservations at Drug Store

Training Modern Artillery Officers



LEARNING TO HANDLE UNCLE SAM'S GREAT GUNS

DOWN at the Coast Artillery school at Fort Monroe, Va., Uncle Sam is turning out the latest pattern of modern heavy artillery officers. The National Guard coast artillery officers and such of the regular establishment as have not yet been through this school have been ordered down in two sections, the first of which already has been graduated.

Upon the Coast Artillery corps has been thrust the burden of handling the heavy ordnance with which the army is equipped, and which in the field will be manipulated by methods more or less resembling the methods already laid down for sea coast ordnance. These methods are far different from those used by the field artillery proper—that is, the light three-inch rifles and 4.7-inch howitzers.

The present-day heavy artillery officer must be a mathematical shark, a railroad engineer and an expert in handling gasoline motors, besides having an intimate knowledge of gunnery, says a writer in the New York Herald. His equipment has changed from the battery commander's ruler of the field artilleryman to a slide rule, a transit and a book of logarithms.

In addition he must understand perfectly the manipulation of heavy masses—termed the art of mechanical maneuvers—for his guns will not be securely emplaced in concrete, but will be exposed to the merces of the open road, with consequent overturnings and sudden shiftings. He must know how to use tackle of all sorts, and in general know all the tricks of the modern contractor.

The officers who came down to Fort Monroe were nearly all graduates of the National Guard courses prescribed by the war department and were fully competent to handle sea coast ordnance in the forts to which they were assigned. They thought that their knowledge was ample, and it would have been for this work, perhaps, but after a day or so they found out that while this knowledge was essential to them as basic, it was only the beginning.

Gunnery the Big Thing. The big thing, of course, was gunnery. This included a practical knowledge of ballistics—the science of the movement of bodies through the air. Ballistics is a very exact science, and in these days of precision is absolutely essential for the artilleryman. Reduced to language for the layman, it consists in the knowledge of just how far a given piece of ordnance will hurl its projectile under all conditions.

Very simple, say you. Yes, under standard conditions. Every gun when it is turned out from the maker is known to fire a certain projectile to a certain range at a certain elevation. These data are compiled in tables and are theoretically the same for all guns of the same caliber and model. These tables are known as range tables, and the conditions given for the firing of projectiles for these theoretical ranges are known as range table conditions. Remember this.

Now some of the principal range table conditions or assumptions are that the earth is flat and does not revolve; that the atmospheric conditions are standard; that there is no wind; that the gun and target are on the same level, and that the action of gravity is constant throughout the trajectory.

All well and good. We know that our gun, then, will fire its projectile, let us say 10,000 yards, under range table conditions. In other words, given the above conditions, it will, if properly laid in direction, hit a target 10,000 yards away. But unfortunately for us the earth is not flat, our target is 10,000 yards away, and 200 feet

above the level of the gun there is a ten-mile wind blowing straight across the line gun target, the thermometer is up to 85 and the barometer has dropped to 29. Will the projectile hit the target now? Not unless you correct the elevation of the gun for some of these conditions and its laying for the others. How are you going to do it?

First, you must find the force with which your projectile cleaves the air. This is called the ballistic co-efficient, and is reduced by a simple formula to a figure. Knowing the weight of the projectile, its form and its diameter the ballistic co-efficient is easily calculated.

The Air as a Check. You have now taken the first step. You have the force of projectile to penetrate the atmosphere under standard conditions. But this force varies with the atmosphere. On a heavy, muggy day the atmosphere is dense, and you will be surprised the checking effect it will have on your projectile. By means of elaborate tables one can find just what this effect is, and we apply it to the original formula. Also in the atmospheric factor is included the temperature, for in hot weather our powder charge when ignited exerts more strength in decomposing into gases than it does on a cold day.

So far so good. What about this troublesome wind that is blowing? If it blows against the projectile it checks it; if with it, it helps it along. So we have two varying factors, which the ballisticians juggle by utilizing trigonometry until he gets them in terms where he can once more change his ballistic co-efficient, making it larger or smaller as the wind impedes or accelerates the projectile.

Not quite so easy as you thought, is it? But we are not through yet.

We know that under range table conditions our propelling charge has a force that gives the projectile an initial velocity of so many foot seconds, say 2,250. But our powder has been stored in a dugout whose temperature is not normal, so by more figuring we find out just what this real velocity for the day is. Now we can begin to figure what elevation the gun must have to travel that 10,000-yard path to the target.

By dividing our old friend C, as the ballistic co-efficient is termed, by the distance in feet that the projectile must travel, we get a reference number. This number we take with us and bury our noses in more tables until we find opposite this number in a column headed by the muzzle velocity another number. This number, multiplied by C again, gives us the sine of twice the angle of departure. A quick glance into a table of logarithmic sines gives this to us, and dividing by two we have a figure in degrees and minutes that represents the angle which the gun must be elevated from the horizontal to send its projectile 10,000 yards today. Wait a minute. Our target is 200 feet above the level of the gun. Also because of the curvature of the earth this 200 feet height has been reduced somewhat. So once more we delve into mathematics to correct the curvature of the earth and height of site of the target. The result we subtract from the angle found, and this time our gun is ready for business. Is it? No; it is not so easy.

The Influence of the Rifling.

Every rifled piece of ordnance imparts a twist to its projectile, and this twist causes the projectile to deviate from its course. In our service this deviation, called drift, is to the right, and is in ratio with the range. It is constant, therefore, for each range, and we find it very easily, either by mathematical computation or from drift tables. Also we go back to our wind problem and find what effect the wind

will have in pushing the projectile from its course, either to the right or left. These two corrections are brought together and determine the amount in degrees and minutes that the muzzle of the gun must be shifted from the target to the right or left in order that the projectile will curve toward its goal. At last we have our gun controlled so that it will hit the target.

Tarry just a moment. A gun, the text books tell us, is the simplest form of gas engine. Did you ever know two gas engines of the same model that acted alike? Neither will two guns of the same model.

The Fifty Per Cent Zone.

If you have an automobile you know that the piston rings wear out, allowing gases to escape, and thus reducing the force with which the piston is forced down. Also the cylinder becomes scored with the same result. Now, if you fire your gun many times the same thing happens. The projectile is the piston and the retaining band of copper the piston ring that seals the bore. If the bore is eroded or if the rotating bands are not perfect a certain escape of gases occurs and the flight of the projectile is consequently affected.

Again, there may be a difference in the weight of powder charges or in the weight of the projectiles, which will give slight variations in the flight of the projectiles. So that the battery commander must know the dispersion of each piece. This he finds out from observation of his shots, and it changes as the gun grows older. By figuring the deviation of a certain group of projectiles from the target, and which are known as trial shots or fire for adjustment, he finds out what is known as the mean error of the gun. This, multiplied by the factor .845, well known to students of probabilities, gives the mean probable error. Multiplying by two, the result in yards is what is known as the 50 per cent zone, within which 50 per cent of his projectiles will fall. This computation is done longitudinally and latitudinally, giving a certain oblong strip. If the center of this strip can be placed on the target by observation of fire the battery commander has done all that he can, and may now open fire for effect. Four times the 50 per cent zone gives the 100 per cent zone, within which practically all his shots will fall.

Knowledge of these zones is all important. By this means he can figure out how near he can come to our own first line trenches without murdering our infantry, and what is almost as important, when it is necessary to save ammunition he can easily compute how many shots will be necessary to make a certain number of hits on a given target.

And what about camouflage? The enemy airplanes are on the alert and all gun positions must be disguised. The battery commander must be a master of camouflage, able to erect shelters and under their cover to build his emplacements, while by the exercise of discipline he restrains his men from making tracks about the positions which will give away to the all-seeing eye of the camera in the air the fact that guns are mounted there.

So that is why the student officers at Fort Monroe blistered their hands and strained their backs erecting camouflages and digging dugouts and bombproofs; that is why they dove and crawled under motortrucks and delved into differentials and gear cases, emerging dirty and grimy, but happy; that is why they toiled for hours at night, working out lengthy problems in trigonometry until angles danced before their eyes when they tried to sleep and endless chains of logarithms curved themselves through their brain cells.

AMERICAN TROOPS REPULSE ATTACK AND HOLD LINES

AIDED BY FRENCH, GERMANS ARE DRIVEN BACK, BERLIN CLAIMS 183 AMERICAN PRISONERS TAKEN IN RAID.

FRENCH AND FRENCHMEN'S SUCCESSFUL COUNTER ATTACK

Hammer Great Dent in Enemy Lines and Improve Positions—Prisoners and Guns, First Since Battle Started, Were Taken.

London—The German attack in the spring we may be attacked at any moment. Toxic poisons pile up within us after a hard winter, and we feel "run-down," tired out, blue and discouraged. This is the time to put our house in order—cleanse the system and get fresh blood into our arteries. You can obtain an alternative extract from Blood root, Golden Seal, Stone and Opium's root, Cherry bark, rolled into a sugar-coated tablet and sold by most druggists, in sixty cent vials, as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This blood tonic, in tablet or liquid form, is just what you need for "Spring Fever," for that lack of ambition. It will fill you full of vim, vigor and vitality.

Allies Improve Positions. London—Both the British and French struck sharp, successful, local blows in Flanders April 20, which materially improved their positions.

The crowning success of the Allies' local operations came when the French in a brilliant charge on the center of the German southern wedge, to the northwest of Bethune, hammered a great dent into the enemy's lines. They took prisoners and captured several German cannon, the first to be taken from the foe since he launched his great spring drive.

- Events of the First Month of Present Great Battle.
- The chief events of the first month of the biggest battle the world has ever known are as follows:
 - March 21—Offensive opens with German artillery attack on British near St. Quentin that could be heard in England.
 - March 22—German massed troops assault in close formation over line of 50 miles.
 - March 23—British army driven back between Arras and LaFere, with Germans throwing million men into fight.
 - March 24—Somme crossed by Germans who capture Ham, Peronne and Chauny.
 - March 26—Deep wedge, driven between French and English armies with the capture of Noyon.
 - March 27—Albert lost by British.
 - April 12—Armentiers lost by British.
 - April 16—Neuve Eglise lost by British.
 - April 17—Wyschaete, Wulverghem and Bailleul, taken by Germans.
 - April 18—Germans checked along Givenchy-LaBasse canal front. Their drive in Flanders slowed up.
 - April 20—British make counter blow, compelling Germans to give up ground around Givenchy.

French Reserves Arrive in Time. London—Reinforced by French troops, the Allied line is holding hard against further incursions by the Germans from the region of La Bassee to the north of Ypres, according to April 19 reports. Everywhere the Germans have struck the line in an endeavor to press back the defenders, they have been repulsed with heavy losses and have been successful nowhere in gaining further ground.

Attacks of an extraordinary violent nature were thrown by the Germans on the 10-mile front between Givenchy and Robecq, where an endeavor was made to cross the La Basse canal and bend southward the salient which outflanks the important railroad town of Bethune.

If successful, the new attack of the Germans would jeopardize the entire Arras sector, which includes the famous French coaling region about Lens and the equally famous Vimy ridge, where the Canadians are holding forth.



OUR DEFENSE

In the spring we may be attacked at any moment. Toxic poisons pile up within us after a hard winter, and we feel "run-down," tired out, blue and discouraged. This is the time to put our house in order—cleanse the system and get fresh blood into our arteries. You can obtain an alternative extract from Blood root, Golden Seal, Stone and Opium's root, Cherry bark, rolled into a sugar-coated tablet and sold by most druggists, in sixty cent vials, as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This blood tonic, in tablet or liquid form, is just what you need for "Spring Fever," for that lack of ambition. It will fill you full of vim, vigor and vitality.

People feel warm, nervous, or of nervousness—so is a red, irritated tongue, loss of appetite, headache, dizziness, and a debilitated liver. You want to stimulate it and invigorate it with Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. With every trouble of the kind, these little things work like a miracle. You can break up sudden attacks of Colds, Fevers, and Indigestions with them. They'll give you permanent benefit for Indigestion, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, and Dizziness. They are small and pleasant to take, and the most thoroughly natural remedy. Twenty-five cents at most drug stores.

Conservative Student. "What does your teacher say about your studies?"

"Well," replied the small boy, "she thinks I have the right idea about geography. When it comes to giving the boundaries of European countries, the best you can do is to guess and that's a waste of time."

The needle you must hunt for in the haystack never pricks your fingers.

A man's actual measure is never marked off on his tombstone.

Back Lame and Ache?

There's little peace when your kidneys are weak and while at first there may be nothing more serious than dull backache, sharp, stabbing pains, headaches, dizzy spells and kidney irregularities, you must act quickly to avoid the more serious trouble, dropsy, gravel, heart disease, Bright's disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that is so warmly recommended everywhere by grateful users.

A Michigan Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story" S. O. Morgan, 161 E. Washington St., Coldwater, Mich., says: "I know that Doan's Kidney Pills are a good medicine for I have used them with benefit. My kidneys were disordered and I had weakness and pain across the small of my back. I could hardly do any lifting or stooping and my kidneys were sluggish. Doan's Kidney Pills rid me of the backache, regulated the action of my kidneys and benefited me in every way."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Help wanted by many women

If a woman suffers from such ailments as Backache, Headache, Lassitude and Nervousness—the symptoms indicate the need for Piso's Tablets, a valuable healing remedy with antiseptic, astringent and tonic properties. A local application simple but effective—response comes quickly causing refreshing relief with invigorating effects. Backed by the name PISO established over 50 years, satisfaction is guaranteed.

PISO'S TABLETS Sold Everywhere 60 Cents. Sample Mailed Free—address postcard THE PISO COMPANY 400 Pico Bldg. Warren, Pa.

ABSORBINE

Will reduce Inflamed, Strained, Swollen Tendons, Ligaments, or Muscles. Stops the lameness and pain from a Splint, Side Bone or Bone Spavin. No blister, no hair gone and horse can be used. \$2.50 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Describe your case for special instructions and interesting horse Book 2 R Free.

ABSORBINE, the antiseptic liniment for making, reduces Strained, Torn Ligaments, Swollen Glands, Veins or Muscles; Heals Cuts, Sores, Ulcers, Allays pain. Price \$2.50 a bottle or delivered. Sent "Relief" Free. W. F. FOSTER, P. O. Box 210, Temple Street, Springfield, Mass.

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in the packing industry.

Swift & Company, although the largest packer, handles not to exceed one-eighth of the total meat production of the United States.

The five large packers do not handle to exceed one-third of the total meat production of the United States.

Swift & Company is not in combination with any other packer or packers to control prices.

There is very active competition in the buying of live-stock and equally keen competition in the sale of dressed meats and by-products.

1918 year book of interesting and instructive facts sent on request.
Address Swift & Company,
Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company
U. S. A.

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada
CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY
TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than May 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to:
U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
DETROIT, MICH.; GRAND RAPIDS, MICH.; SAULT STE. MARIE, MICH.;
PORT HURON, MICH.

CALIFORNIA HIT BY EARTHQUAKES

COAST ROCKED BY REPEATED SHOCKS—TWO TOWNS ARE COMPLETELY RAZED.

PROPERTY DAMAGE, \$500,000

Hemet and San Jacinto Reported to Be Levelled, 2 Persons Killed—One Dead in Los Angeles.

Hemet, Cal.—This town and San Jacinto, which lies north of here about two miles, both seriously damaged by a severe earthquake shock Sunday afternoon, April 21.

Every business house in Hemet and in San Jacinto was laid flat, but only two lives were lost.

The property damage here is estimated at \$250,000 by merchants and property owners who suffered the most loss. At San Jacinto damage was estimated at a like sum.

The quake, which came with such warning as was afforded by a brief light shock lasting perhaps 10 seconds, was the most severe ever experienced here. For 30 seconds the buildings rocked and swayed and the ground heaved so that persons standing in the streets and fleeing from their homes were thrown from their feet.

One Killed At Los Angeles.

Los Angeles—A general earthquake shock, felt throughout southern California Sunday afternoon, cost one life at a nearby resort, caused the serious injury of one woman in a mad rush from a downtown theatre, broke large plate glass windows, shook down cornices and cut off communication with at least two small towns.

At San Bernardino the quake was said by old residents to be the worst of years. Scores of plate glass windows were broken, a hundred feet of brick wall from one low building fell into the street, and cracks were broken in several other walls.

There was a panic at the ball grounds, where a game was in progress, and one man was hurt in the rush to escape. Another, running out of a theatre into the street, was struck by an automobile and seriously injured.

Riverside suffered a shock of similar intensity. Ornaments were shaken from the courthouse cornice and windows smashed.

At Banning, the front of the Odd Fellows building fell out, striking two automobiles which had just been vacated by their passengers.

The tremor was first reported from Barstow at 3:30 p. m., and apparently moved east and south from that point.

BIG NAVAL BILL PASSES HOUSE

Framed to Develop Biggest Submarine Destroyer Fleet in World.

Washington—Framed to develop the largest submarine destroyer force in the world, the big naval appropriation bill, carrying approximately \$1,500,000,000, was unanimously passed by the house on April 20, and immediately sent to the senate.

Just what the destroyer program will be is not revealed by specific appropriations, but part of it is carried in a \$125,000,000 fund to be expended under the direction of the president. A large share of the fund will be expended on Henry Ford's "eagles," destroyer-chaser plant, in Detroit.

It is one of the largest naval appropriation bills in the nation's history and was passed in the record time of nine hours.

By special provision, all the appropriations are made immediately available so that none of the navy work will be delayed.

It includes \$887,500 for the purchase of additional land to enlarge the Great Lakes Naval training station near Chicago. It also provides \$10,295,000 for the construction of naval hospitals in the United States and abroad. One million is proposed for overseas hospitals.

TWO MILLION MEN IN CLASS ONE

Expected That All Future Calls Will Be Taken From This Rank.

Washington—Under the classification of men for selective draft service, Provost Marshal General Crowder has advised the senate military committee, approximately 2,000,000 will be placed in class 1, from which it is expected all future calls will be taken.

These 2,000,000, according to General Crowder, are exclusive of between 500,000 and 1,000,000 more annually, it is estimated will be made subject to military duty under the bill now in congress subjecting to registration youths reaching their majority.

YOU NEED NOT SUFFER WITH BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder you are doomed.

Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, headache, pain in loins, and lower abdomen, gall-stones, gravel, difficulty when urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, all warn you to look after your kidneys and bladder. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are what you need.

They are not a "patent medicine" nor a "new discovery." For 200 years they

have been a standard household remedy. They are the pure, original imported Haarlem Oil your great-grandmother used, and are perfectly harmless. The healing, soothing oil soaks into the cells and lining of the kidneys and through the bladder, driving out the poisonous germs. New life, fresh strength and health will come as you continue this treatment. When completely restored to your usual vigor, continue taking a capsule or two each day. They will keep you in condition and prevent a return of the disease.

Do not delay a minute. Delays are especially dangerous in kidney and bladder trouble. All reliable druggists sell GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They will refund the money if not as represented. In three sizes, sealed packages. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL. Accept no substitutes.

IT IS not enough to have the bowels move. It is more important to persuade liver, kidneys, skin, and bowels to act in harmony and against self-poisoning. BEECHAM'S PILLS act favorably upon all organs concerned in food-digestion and waste-elimination; they remove causes as well as relieve symptoms.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

To Release Grain in Case of Fire. An excellent suggestion for saving wheat and other grain in country elevators in the event of fire has been made by a South Dakota builder. The idea is simple. Each bin for grain is provided with a trapdoor in the outer wall of the building, so arranged that in case of fire the door could be pulled open and the grain allowed to run out on the ground.—Scientific American.

\$100 Reward, \$100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

A New Definition.

"And so you think I'm a coquette?" she smiled sweetly. "Why, Frank, I don't believe you know what a coquette is!"

"A coquette is a woman who syndicates her affections," he returned, bitterly.—Ainslee's.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Wm. D. Fitch* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

Conservation.

"What are you doing there?" "Making over an old waist. War work. It is a sin to lose a pin; it is had taste to waste a waist."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE DOES IT

When your shoes pinch or your corns and bunions ache get Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath. Gives instant relief to Tired, Aching, Swollen, Tender feet. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the troops at the front. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute.—Adv.

True wit is always incidental—and usually accidental.

Cause for It. "Are you going to ask damages from your tailor for not having your trousers sent at the time he said they would be ready?" "Yes; I am going to sue him for breeches of promise."

To keep clean and healthy take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They regulate liver, bowels and stomach.—Adv.

There is always something coming to us that we should like to see sidetracked.

What Do You Know About CATTLE? Do You Want to Know the CATTLE BUSINESS? Drop us a post card today and get FREE INFORMATION about the New Book, "CATTLE BREEDS AND ORIGIN" about all breeds of cattle on earth. DR. DAVID ROBERTS' VETERINARY CO., 1100, WAUKESHA, WIS.

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price



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have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion. Genuine bears signature

Wm. Wood

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of Iron in the Blood

Carter's Iron Pills

Will help this condition

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 17-1918.



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ENOCH MORGAN'S SONS CO.

Buy SAPOLIO

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Get under the Shower of Gold

coming to farmers from the rich wheat fields of Western Canada. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$20 per acre and raise from 20 to 45 bushels of \$3 wheat to the acre it's easy to make money. Canada offers in her provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

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and other land at very low prices. Thousands of farmers from the U. S. or their sons are yearly taking advantage of this great opportunity. Wonderful yields also of Oats, Barley and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Dept. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

M. V. MacINNIS
176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Canadian Government Agent

The war has taught the lesson of "Value First"

No longer are we a nation of careless spenders. We are all learning that every purchase is an investment—a good or bad investment according to our care and judgment in making it.

Clothes are one of the best personal expenses.

Be careful in buying yours.

You can make no mistake if you decide on a suit of



MICHAELS-STERN VALUE-FIRST CLOTHES

MICHAELS-STERN

Value-first Clothes

For fifty years they have been famous for giving

VALUE FIRST
In Smart Styles
In Skillful Tailoring
In Tested Fabrics

Come in and see them and learn that it is possible to get **Good** clothes this year at **Moderate Prices.**
\$12.00 to \$35.00

Car fare paid on \$15 purchases.

W. J. DANCER & CO.
Stockbridge, Mich.



THE PATH TO VICTORY

LIBERTY BONDS paved the way to VICTORY in war,—an early, complete, triumphant VICTORY. If we are to win the war abroad we must first learn to spend wisely, to abandon luxury, and invest every dollar we possibly can in the bonds which provide the materials and equipment without which the war cannot be won.

*Save and Serve!
Buy Liberty Bonds*

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KENNEDY & BELL

GREGORY

Registration of the women in Undilla will be held this Saturday, April 27th at the schoolhouse of each district from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Also each day next week after school hours from 3:30 to 5 p. m. All women over 16 years are expected to register whether you can render any additional services or not. State what you are already doing for our government or anything more you can do so the woman power may be known.

H. D. Kirkland and family have moved from Peach Hill farm to Hamburg. C. M. Titus and wife of Rochester attended the funeral of their aunt, Mrs. Ellen Clark of Chelsea recently. Mrs. Earl Lee of North Waterloo called on friends in Gregory one day last week. The meeting of the Women's Literary and Civic Club which was postponed from the 11th of April was held at the home of Mrs. N. F. Whitehead on Wednesday of last week. A goodly number was present to enjoy the program. Roll call was responded to by quotations from Whittier's poems. Sketches from his biography were given. Two very interesting papers were prepared and read, one by Mrs. W. J. Crossman on Art, the other by Mrs. O. B. Arnold on American Sculptors. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess at the close of the program. Miss Elizabeth Drivers spent the week end at her home here.

Frank Howlett remained in Howell the week end. Arlo and Katie Worden spent the week end with Archie and Vancie Arnold.

The W. C. T. U. which met with Mrs. Elizabeth Denton last Thursday was well attended, 36 being present. There were three visitors from Howell Mrs. Mollie Chase, the county W. C. T. U. President, Mrs. Emma Sweet, Pres. of Howell union, and Mrs. Emma Hoaghteling. Mrs. Ella Montague, Pres. of Plainfield union, Mrs. Jessie Topping, Mrs. Nora Hoffmeyer, and Mrs. Milo Isham. Very interesting talks were given by Madames Sweet, Chase and Hoaghteling. Five new members were enrolled in Gregory Union. The meeting was enjoyed by all.

Mrs. Jane Wright returned Saturday Mrs. Wm. Butler and daughter Ella of Washington, Mich., came to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrill and went with them to attend the funeral of Mrs. R. C. Smith in Iosco last Saturday.

The Red Cross met in their rooms at the hall last Friday with a splendid attendance. Another quilt was tied and completed the top being a gift from Mrs. Jas. Stackable. Work was done on pajamas and other quilts were started. More pieces were donated than the work on hospital quilts continued. Two more machines are needed, so if anyone else can loan a machine please notify Mrs. Geo. Marshall or some other Red Cross worker and it will be much appreciated. Two machines were kindly loaned, one by Mrs. Eliza Placeway and one by the Foster Bros. Five quilts and five pairs of socks were sent to the County Red Cross headquarters. Two of the quilts were made by the North Division of this Township branch. The meetings from now on will be held at the hall. All are needed and urged to come.

The Washtenaw Baptist Association to which the Gregory church belongs will hold its annual session at Temperance, Mich., April 30 and May 1. A good program is prepared.

Mr. and Mrs. S. T. Wasson and daughter Lillian of Plainfield visited at the R. G. Chipman home Sunday.

E. Hill is now taking down his barn on Main St. and will build a tile building in its place. This will be an improvement for town.

Miss Mary Howlett who is now attending the Ward-Belmont school at Nashville, Tenn. has just written to her parents that she has passed the examination in chemistry and stood the highest in a class of over fifty young ladies. This speaks good for one of our town girls.

Services at the Baptist church next Sunday at 10:30 a. m.; Bible school at 11:45. B. Y. P. U. at 7:30 p. m. Howard Howlett will lead. We were glad to see the good turn out last Sunday even though it was a stormy day. Come again; all are welcome.

Harlow Munsell went to Detroit on business Wednesday.

North Lake

Mrs. M. D. Sullivan and daughter Irene were Jackson visitors Saturday. Wm. Baird and brother, L. C. Baird of Mason motored to Millgrove, Ohio, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Birch entertained at their home Sunday Mrs. James Birch Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wolf and baby. Mr. and Mrs. S. Hadley and children, Mr. and Mrs. Graham Birch and baby.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Moholok of Chelsea spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gilbert.

Mrs. Alex Gilbert of Detroit is spending several days at the home of Mrs. Mary Gilbert.

Geo. Sweeney made a business trip to Dexter Monday.

Mrs. Lucy Deisenroth spent last week with relatives in Detroit and Jackson.

Mrs. Homer Stofor and daughter Irene spent part of last week at the home of her mother, Mrs. F. Widmayer of Sylvan.

Mr. and Mrs. Boyce moved their household goods to Chelsea the first of this week.

Rugs of all sizes and in pleasing quantities at Dancer's—and all at "less than city" prices. You know. adv.

You are Cordially Invited

We are now moved to the Murphy Building next door to the post office and are fully equipped to satisfy you in your demands upon a store of our kind.

"A well satisfied customer is the best advertiser." We will make every effort to satisfy you.

A hearty invitation is extended to **You** to make us a call in our new quarters. Not necessarily to buy, but to meet us in our new store and renew and cement our acquaintance.

Be sure and bring the kids along.

We like 'em, and they are always welcome.

L. E. RICHARDS

SEED BARLEY

We now have our seed barley on hand. Get your's while the supply lasts. Try our "Big Q" Dairy Food. IT IS GOOD.

Stockbridge Elevator Co.
ANDERSON MICH

First Class Automobile Repairing at the

Gregory Garage

All work guaranteed

CHAS. BURDEN Prop.

New Wheat Rules

All the householders who can entirely eliminate the use of wheat until next harvest, about September first, should do so.

Householders who are obliged to use wheat should not use more than a total weight of 1 1/2 pounds of wheat flour or prepared wheat, in any form, including the wheat flour in Victory Bread, and including the wheat flour or prepared wheat in crackers, pastry, macaroni, breakfast and other food.

In estimating flour consumption every 1 1/2 pounds of Victory bread, which is bread manufactured by bakers under the Regulations of the United States Food Administration, may be considered equal to 1 pound of wheat flour.

This rationing requires a more restricted use of wheat than that asked for by the observance of wheatless days and meals, which are no longer obligatory, but in practice it will be found that an even wider and more strict observance of wheatless days and meals will aid greatly in limiting the household consumption of wheat flour and other prepared wheat to 1 1/2 pounds per person per week.

Meat of any kind may be eaten on any day in moderation until May 1st.

In buying wheat flour an equal weight of other cereals as substitutes for wheat flour must be bought pound for pound. In buying, graham, whole wheat or mixed flours the substitutes in them may be counted so that a smaller proportion of substitutes may be bought with these flours than with wheat flour. This is the 50-50 Rule.

Wheat flour substitutes are hominy, corn grits, cornmeal, corn flour, edible corn starch, barley flour, buckwheat, oatmeal, rice, rice flour, buckwheat flour, potato flour, sweet potato flour, soybean flour and feterita flour and meals.

Householders in towns and cities may not buy more than 1/2 of a barrel of flour at any one time. Householders in the country may not buy more than 1/2 of a barrel of flour at any one time. In no event shall any purchaser have more than 30 days supply on hand.

All kinds of food, especially wheat

meats, fats and sugar, should be economically used.

Grow an use local supplies; this saves transportation.

These regulations are necessarily subject to change at any time as the needs of the Allies and our own needs demand. Mrs. W. C. Huntington, County Chairman.

Ladies—you should see the beautiful gray, tan, and navy coats at Dancer's at \$15 to \$25. adv.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the Probate Court for the county of Livingston. At a session of said Court, held at the probate office in the city of Howell in said county, on the 19th day of April, 1918.

Present: Hon. Eugene A. Stowe, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

CHARLOTTE GILCHRIST, Deceased.

Wm. P. VanWinkle, having filed in said court his petition praying that the time for the presentation of claims against said estate be limited and that a time and place be appointed to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against said deceased by and before said court.

It is ordered that a month from this date be allowed for creditors to present claims against said estate.

It is further ordered, that the 24th day of August 1918, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for the examination and adjustment of all claims and demands against said deceased.

At Test: EUGENE A. STOWE, Judge of Probate.

CHURCH and SOCIETIES

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

St. Mary's Sunday services. First Mass 7:30 a. m.; Second Mass 10:00 a. m.; Vespers 7:00 p. m.

METHODIST CHURCH.

Morning worship, 10:00 a. m. Second Sunday evening, 7:00 p. m. Sunday School, 11:00 a. m. Epworth League, every Sunday evening at 6:30. Prayer meeting, every Thursday evening at 7:30.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.

Morning worship, 10:00 a. m. Second Sunday evening, 7:00 p. m. Sunday School, 11:00 a. m. Teachers' meeting, 1st. Monday in each month.

LIVINGS' ION LODGE NO. 76 F. & A. M.

Meets Tuesday evening on or before the full of the moon. FRED SWARTHOOT, W. M. C. A. FROST, Sec.

EASTERN STAR CHAPTER NO. 145.

Meets Friday evening on or before the full of the moon. MARIAN PEARSON, W. M. LILA SWARTHOOT, Sec.

PINCKNEY CAMP NO. 6037 W. M. A.

Meets the second Thursday evening of each month. Wm. DUNNING, V. C. Wm. MURPHY, Sec.