

# PINCKNEY DISPATCH

Vol. XXXV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan, Thursday, MAY 9, 1918

No. 19

## TUSCANIA DISASTER

Story Graphically  
Told by Lakeland Boy

Lieut. Chas. Ward's  
Experience

How American troops stood at attention on the slowly canting deck of the sinking Tuscania for two hours and ten minutes one evening last winter and waited unflinchingly for rescue or death is told in a letter just received by Charles A. Ward, of Lakeland, from his son, Lieutenant Charles P. Ward, now on the French front, who was in command of a company on board the transport.

"You ask of the sinking of the ship," he writes. "It was an experience that I do not care to repeat. I can sit with closed eyes and live over again every incident of those two long hours and ten minutes, and yet, now that it is all over, it seems like a hideous nightmare."

"I had been feeling bilious, so that evening, after shaving, I stepped into the doctor's stateroom, which was next to ours, to get some calomel and salts as I wanted to feel fit to disembark the next day. For some hours we had been able to see the shore line of Ireland on our right and the gray cliffs of the Scottish coast far to the left as the ship forged ahead into the narrowing channel.

"Clad in my undershirt I was seated on a bunk visiting with the doctor when there came a thundering crash below us and a violent vibration of the whole structure of the ship. The lights went out, the mirrors were crushed into fragments—bottles, glasses, everything in the doctor's layout came tumbling down. (The torpedo struck directly below our quarters.)

"God! they got us," I exclaimed as I landed on my feet.

"I felt my way to the corridor and into our own stateroom, where my bunkies had flashlights. Things were in ruins there, but I knew just where my garments were. Hastily I donned shirt, blouse and overcoat and buckled on my gun. Then we scrambled up the companionway, through the smoking room where tables, chairs and everything were broken and tumbled about, and out on to the deck where our station was. My company had 'beaten me to it.' Thanks to the drill which had this very emergency in view, they were lined up in perfect order, as though on the parade ground back in the training camp.

"A glance sufficed to determine that our lifeboats were useless. The torpedo had the indecency to strike immediately below our staterooms and boat deck. The first boat hung on the davits in splinters and the lowering davits were so bent and twisted that they could not have been used had we use for them, which we did not, for the boats on the boat deck were so crushed as to be useless. Three series of boats, about 15 in all, were smashed.

"But there was no mad rush for the other boats that were being lowered. We were helpless, yet my men stood calmly at attention, mute witnesses to the accidents in lowering other boats which fell—drowning and smashing men—powerless to extend aid to our unfortunate comrades.

"Two hours and ten minutes we stood, in the deepening darkness, on the deck of that shattered ship as it slowly went to its doom, listing, as the moments passed, so that it was difficult to stand upright upon the deck, powerless to avert the fate which reached out for us. Those hours seemed ages. It requires courage to calmly face slowly approaching death in inaction. There were no white feathers exhibited down that line of Yankee soldiers. Their behavior under those trying circumstances gave me added cause to be proud that I am an American.

Two hours and ten minutes after the torpedo struck the ship a little destroyer slid up to the starboard side of the Tuscania where we were stationed. A few minutes before one had pulled up so the port side and taken on about 400

God, what a welcome sight that little oyster can was! I threw a rope to the sailors on the deck of the destroyer and my company slid down the rope, about 40 feet, to the deck of the destroyer without a mishap. I followed the men and when I hit that deck (and believe me I was some slider, Ringling's best man had nothing on me) I was all in. My orderly, who stood by waiting for me to come down, assisted me to a gun turret, where we lay for four hours before we landed on the "old sod". On the way in we hit a storm and that little boat with its load of 800 boys did roll and toss. The physical weakness of reaction overpowered me.

"It was raining when we hit Ireland and I never in all my life had mud, the stickiest of black mud feel so good to my feet before. I could have rolled in and cried out for joy.

"Thanks to the wireless we were expected and an Irish regiment met us at the dock with a hot stew for the men and hot Irish and a meal for the officers. Talk about international amenities, those 'British' soldiers certainly received us with open arms.

"We mustered in the morning and what a motley crew to call an army, dressed in everything from Tommy uniforms of the Black Watch down, curlers, Scotch and civilian garb—anything for warmth.

"So we rested for a day and then journeyed to Belfast and rested again. "Thence across from Paddy to John Bull and, after some weeks, to France.

"No, I am a soldier not sailor. I am not coming across until the sea is clear of these under-sea reptiles."

Free Press.

## HIGH SCHOOL PLAY SUCCESS

The American Farce comedy given by the class of 1919 at the opera house under the direction of Mrs. Doyle and Miss Curlett was a pronounced success.

A good crowd was present and the seating capacity of the house was taxed to overflowing, as several were obliged to stand during the evening. As there is plenty of room for more seats in this theatre, the management should provide them for its patrons.

The play was a delightfully funny skit abounding in sparkling witticisms and humorous situations and the entire cast surely fulfilled expectations in manner in which they portrayed the various characters, and each individual who played, is entitled to much praise for success achieved.

The directors also, have shown themselves to be students of the histrionic art and are to be congratulated on the results they have accomplished in the thankless task of producing an entertainment of this kind.

The music was rendered by the Isham Snyder orchestra accompanied by Miss Sadie Harris, and was well received by the audience.

A trap-piano duet by Misses Lucy Glenn and Helen Camburn was a delight and selections on the piano by Miss Cordelia Dinkel were also highly appreciated.

## Prohibition

Edited by M. E. S.

The people of Kansas welcome Michigan to the sisterhood of prohibition states. We congratulate you on what we well know is your good fortune. We have watched the long fight in Michigan with interest. We feel a kinship for the champions of decency and morality who have led it.

Arthur Capper, Governor of Kansas. I extend to you and thru you to the people of Michigan my sincere congratulations on Michigan becoming a prohibition state.

Simon Bamberger, Governor of Utah. To live in a dry state is to appreciate the benefits of prohibition.

M. Alexander, Governor of Idaho. Prohibition conserves not only of food, but of our manhood.

With best wishes, I am,  
Lynn J. Frazier,  
Governor of North Dakota.

## Wants, For Sale Etc.

FOR SALE—Choice re-cleaned seed buckwheat. B. Van Blaricum.

FOR RENT—Choice pasture land. Norman Reason.

DOES YOUR ROOF LEAK—I make shingling a specialty. Prices by the thousand according to roof and shingles used. All work guaranteed. Chas. Cain.

FOR SALE—Choice horse hay, about ten tons. Ernest Frost.

FOR SALE—Good work horse. John Dinkel.

WANTED—A position as housekeeper in town. Mrs. Lillian Ashman, South Lyon, Mich.

EARLY ROSE POTATOES for sale. Robt. E. Kelly.

FENCE BUILDING—I am now prepared to take contracts for building wire fence. First class work guaranteed. M. Chalkey.

NOTARY PUBLIC—At the Pinckney Exchange Bank. E. G. Lambertson.

FOR SALE—One good young work horse. Also one stock and hay rack nearly new. E. Farnam.

EARLY AND LATE Potatoes for sale. F. D. Johnson.

HARNESS, wagon, steel roller, horse corn planter, cultivator, drag, plow oak lumber and other articles. H. G. Gauss.

WANTED—Rags, rubbers, iron and metal. Highest cash price paid. Claude McKindler, Pinckney.

FOR SALE—Quantity of clover hay. I. J. Abbott.

FOR SALE—Early seed potatoes, good quality, \$1.00 per bushel. Also 2 bushels red clover seed. R. K. Elliott.

LAND TO PLOW—by the acre wanted, also land to put into crops. Earl E. Baughn.

FOR SALE—Sensation seed oats. Wm. W. White, Marion, P. O. Howell, R. F. 2.

OATS FOR SALE—also full blood Jersey heifer coming in. Lawrence Speers.

HORSES FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Two horses weight about 2000. Will sell or exchange for one weighing about 1300. S. J. Beardsley.

MY WIFE—Emma Fisk, having left my home, I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by her. May 9, 1918. Wm. Fisk.

## The Biggest Little Store In Town Is Now Ready for Spring

Though we do not pretend to run a wholesale merchandise business, and our stock may not be as large as others, nevertheless, we wish to inform the public that our goods are all **NEW** and we vouchsafe to say that our prices will stand comparison at any and all times.

We now have a full new line of Straw "Lids" for yourselves and the youngsters.

Best assortment of **Guaranteed** shoes, and anything desired in **Men's Furnishings**.

For Saturday May 11 we will sell:

Large Snow Boy	19c	Table Talk Coffee	21c
5 bars Queen Anne	28c	2 Cans Good Corn	25c
30c Coffee	27c	2 Cans Pork & Beans	25c

We have a special price on canned pineapple—Ask us about it—we will save you money.

House and Garden Plants Just Arrived

Yours for Business

## MONKS BROS

## VOILES and GINGHAMS

Just received—a large consignment of

This is the season of the year for

### Voiles

### Ginghams

We have eight of the newest and most popular designs in this fabric and are making very attractive prices for immediate sale

Our display never was larger. The designs are "up to the minute". Quality guaranteed And the prices are **RIGHT**.

### HOSIERY

Something that every one needs every day in the year. Our large assortment of Men's Women's and Children's Hosiery is marked at prices that are lower than the wholesale prices this minute.

### Specials Sat. May 11

Lard per pound	29c
Corn meal 10 lbs	59c
Spring Hill Coffee	23c
Pkg Rice	11c
Crystal Flake Flour	\$1.3

## MURPHY AND JACKSON

**Michigan News  
Tersely Told**

**Grand Rapids.**—Mrs. Lydia Dolph, 84, an inmate of Clark Memorial home here, has pieced 21 quilts for the Red Cross since Christmas.

**Albion.**—Only 15 women in the city of Albion refused to register for war work. In all, 2,111 registered. Several asked to be assigned to munition factories.

**Pontiac.**—The board of education of this city has decided to raise the salaries of all teachers \$200 a year, to meet the salaries paid elsewhere. Supt. G. L. Jenner will receive a raise of \$1,000, to \$4,500.

**Flint.**—Convicted of assault with intent to commit a statutory offense against his 14-year-old daughter, Thomas Carroll was sentenced by Judge Brennan to three to ten years in Jackson prison.

**Kalamazoo.**—Members of the Ministerial association of the Kalamazoo Methodist Episcopal district, in session here, adopted a resolution opposing the beer and light wine amendment to the state dry law.

**Kalamazoo.**—In compliance with the United States food administration's ruling covering the retail price of bread and flour, the price of bread was lowered one cent a loaf here. Loaves are now sold for 9 and 14 cents.

**Saginaw.**—Saginaw county revenue office will lose \$150,000 from beer taxes, according to figures given out by the internal revenue collector, as a result of prohibition. No figures are available on decrease in jail and court costs.

**Benton Harbor.**—Martin Collins, aged 28, son of Mrs. M. P. Goss, of Benton Harbor, who sailed from America a month ago, died following burns received when the Florence H. was wrecked by an internal explosion in a French port.

**Detroit.**—Detroit's experiment with feminine mail carries seems to be working out satisfactorily. Reports received by Postmaster Nagel from several stations where the young women have been assigned to routes is most encouraging.

**Grand Rapids.**—The first sheep to reach Michigan under the plan of leading financiers of the state to make the district the leading one of the country in this industry, have arrived in Missaukee and Kalkaska counties from New Mexico.

**Luzerne.**—Louis Boerner, living two miles south of Mio, has lost several head of cattle by poisoning. It is suspected that the killing of the cattle resulted from the activity of a pro-German. Boerner is of German parentage but thoroughly loyal, having two sons in the service and being an investor in Liberty bonds.

**Camp Custer.**—Because the privilege has been abused and guests have been entertained late at night, an order has been issued by the commanding general that no civilians shall be allowed to visit barracks excepting by authority of the company commander, and then only under the guidance of a non-commissioned officer of the organization.

**Camp Custer.**—Supply officers have been warned by the quartermaster general of an acute shortage of fresh beef. This information includes an appeal to make use of meat substitutes, such as eggs, fish, vegetables and cheese. This lack of meat is destined to endure for six weeks until grass-fed cattle from the west can be received on the market.

**Detroit.**—Arthur Mosley, for a third of a century connected with The Detroit Free Press in an editorial capacity, the greater part of that time as literary editor, died at his residence after an illness extending over several months. Mr. Mosley was stricken early in December, but rallied sufficiently so that he visited the office a few times. Then came a relapse, from which he failed to recover. Mr. Mosley was 63 years old.

**Charlotte.**—Former Mayor Frank P. Town must pay back to the old Duplex Power Car company, \$50,000 and the equivalent of 1,500 shares of stock in the new Lansing Duplex company, representing a market value at the time of \$22,500 according to a decision by Judge Clyde I. Webster, of Detroit, at the conclusion of the arguments in the case brought against Town by stockholders for an accounting of the money growing out of a transfer of the business to Lansing capitalists.

**Detroit.**—That the One Hundred and Twentieth machine gun battalion, of Detroit and Pontiac, commanded by Major David E. Cleary, is in the front line trenches is the news conveyed to a Detroit woman in a letter received from her husband, an officer in the Thirty-second division. No indication of where the machine gun battalion is stationed is given by the Thirty-second division officer. So far as is known here Major Cleary's organization is the first fighting unit from Michigan to go into action.

**Big Rapids.**—A member of Company I, One Hundred and Twenty-sixth infantry, has written home that the soldiers are now living in billets in France.

**Muskegon.**—Local patriots objecting to the street name Hamburg, petitioned the Muskegon council to change the name to Woodrow, in honor of President Wilson.

**Grand Rapids.**—Clay H. Hollister, president of the Old National bank, was the first in Kent county to respond to the plea of President Wilson and buy another bond, \$5 down and \$5 a month.

**Albion.**—In response to largely signed petitions of Albion taxpayers the school board dropped the year's study of German in the high school and full credits will be given for the year's work.

**Hart.**—Attorney Leslie Green, formerly prosecuting attorney and now lieutenant in the United States forces overseas, was slightly wounded in one of the recent German drives, according to word received here.

**East Lansing.**—If possible Michigan farmers who have been unable to secure help locally, will be supplied by the federal farm labor bureau, according to A. B. Cook, federal farm labor director, who has established his headquarters here.

**Lansing.**—The state food administration closed the Jamestown Co-operative Elevator Co. for one week for selling wheat without substitutes and for not having a license. Three hundred Ottawa county farmers are members of the firm.

**Esacana.**—More than 150 cases of beer and 25 gallons of whisky were confiscated in Delta county in the first of a series of raids made on saloon property. The biggest results were at an Austrian boarding house, where 83 cases of beer and 10 gallons of whisky were confiscated.

**Allegan.**—Mrs. G. L. Hicks, a prominent Allegan woman, died of heart disease or apoplexy during a fire which damaged the third floor and roof of the John Hopkins hospital here. She was not on the floor which burned. All the other patients were quietly removed to places of safety.

**Battle Creek.**—Clarence Everett Brown, listed among the American casualties as dying of pneumonia, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brown, of Emmett township, Calhoun county. He entered Camp Custer September 19, and later was sent to Waco to join the National Guard units.

**Camp Custer.**—Maj. Potter of the 340th Infantry has received word that a younger brother who recently went overseas in the aviation service has been killed in action. Although he sailed but a few weeks ago, the youngster succeeded in bringing down one enemy plane before being killed.

**Flint.**—Intimations that the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth infantry, formerly the Thirty-third Michigan, has been in action in France are given in a notification received by John Fitzgerald of Flint that his son, John J. Fitzgerald, Company G, One Hundred and Twenty-fifth, has been wounded.

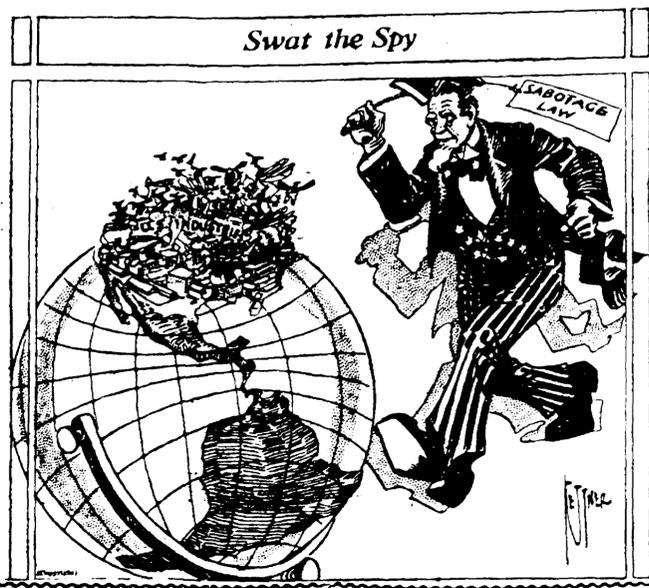
**Detroit.**—Lieutenant Edwin Victor Rickenbacker, a former Detroit, one of the most prominent racing motor drivers in the United States, brought down a German aeroplane recently, according to dispatches from France. Rickenbacker went to France as personal chauffeur for General Pershing. On his request he was later transferred to the aviation department.

**Flint.**—Preparations made by A. C. Vandewalker, owner of the Bank of Mt. Morris, to aid him in case of an attack by robbers caused the capture of Russell Smith, 20, of Flint, who stole \$2,000 in currency after locking Vandewalker and his wife in the vault of the bank. Vandewalker had secreted a screw driver in the vault and with this was able to make his escape.

**Lansing.**—In an effort to defeat the amendment initiated by the liquor interests, which would legalize the sale of beer and light wines in Michigan, the Michigan Anti-Saloon League proposes to raise a campaign fund of \$150,000. Additional workers will be placed in the upper peninsula, where it is expected the beer and wine amendment may appeal strongly to the foreign element.

**Grand Rapids.**—Mrs. Lee A. Runnels wife of a manual training teacher, who confessed she held lighted matches to the hands of her five-year-old step-son until the lad's fingers were blistered, "to keep him from touching things," was sent by Probate Judge Bigbee to the psychopathic hospital at Ann Arbor. She was classed as a nervous patient by a Kalamazoo state hospital alienist.

**Detroit.**—Harry Griffs, also known as "Sailor Scotty," whose freakish muscular control has puzzled many prominent surgeons and medical men, has been accepted as a member of the Detroit police force. Griffs, without apparent effort, can increase his height more than six inches and reduce it about three inches. He can extend his reach about one foot; by a series of dislocations of the hip bones reduce the size of his legs, and produce many uncanny physical contortions.



**LATEST DRAFT CALL  
TAKES 233,743 MEN**

MICHIGAN QUOTA IS 10,149—5,149 GO TO CAMP CUSTER, 5,000 TO GEORGIA.

**MOVE TO CAMP STARTS MAY 25**

Total Called This Month is 305,000—Navy to Be Increased to Nearly Half Million Men.

Washington—Announcement has been made by the war department of a further call for 233,743 men for the army to move May 25 and continue over a five-day period. Michigan is called on for 10,149 men, of whom 5,149 will go to Camp Custer and 5,000 to Camp Wheeler, Ga., for training. The total called from the entire nation is 233,742, three states being excluded, having already furnished their quotas. With the special call made early in the month, this totals 305,000 called this month.

The only states not called on this month are California, Oregon and Nevada, which with the District of Columbia already have supplied so large a part of their quotas that it was decided not to include them this time.

By this order the war department abandons its plan of assembling men in even monthly increments of about 100,000. Under the original program it was intended to call out not to exceed 860,000 additional men during 1918. The call for 150,000 in April and 233,000 this month will bring out in two months half of the number originally contemplated for the year.

Officials made it clear that it is now the purpose to mobilize all the men for whom equipment and training facilities can be provided.

Following detailed developments of Secretary Baker's tremendous program, word reached the capital that the navy department will ask the same "the sky is the limit" legislation as has been framed for the army.

**Navy to Be Increased to 500,000 Men.**  
New York—The United States navy will be increased to nearly 500,000 men before the end of the year. Franklin D. Roosevelt, assistant secretary of the navy, said in an address on May 3 at the Young Men's Christian association in Brooklyn. He said there are now 370,000 in the service.

Mr. Roosevelt said it is somewhat difficult nowadays to talk on the navy, but he added that he was betraying no secrets in stating that the United States has 170 war ships, manned by about 40,000 sailors, in foreign waters.

**WAYNE COUNTY SHERIFF FREED**

Jury Acquits Detroit Official of Graft Charge.

Detroit—After deliberating an hour and 30 minutes, the jury in the case of Sheriff Edward F. Stein reported a verdict of not guilty.

Sheriff Stein was tried on an indictment by the Wayne county grand jury. The charge was that Stein, while county treasurer, concealed thefts of Tony Kloka, mortgage tax clerk, to aid Kloka to escape punishment. Kloka is serving four years in Jackson prison.

The trial of Sheriff Stein began almost four weeks ago and developed into one of the most bitterly contested cases in the history of the local judiciary.

At the outset, opposing counsel engaged in a stubborn battle over the legality of the indictment. Several subsequent hard fought arguments delayed the taking of testimony. Two motions by the defense to quash the indictments were overruled.

**THIRD LIBERTY LOAN A SUCCESS**

Every District Oversubscribed—Lower Michigan Over the Top.

Washington—For the third time within a year, the American people have heavily oversubscribed a war credit.

As the third Liberty loan was closing May 4, the treasury announced the campaign had been "an overwhelming success."

Although \$3,000,000 was the formal goal of the campaign, official reports indicated that the aggregate would be increased to nearly \$4,000,000,000 this week when banks would have had time to tabulate the multitude of last minute applications.

All twelve federal reserve districts which were the largest campaign units, over-subscribed, and a majority of the states made the same record.

Michigan Over the Top.

Chicago—Every county in the lower peninsula of Michigan has gone over the top, some of them with oversubscription running as high as 100 per cent. F. R. Fenton, the federal reserve director of sales for Michigan.

The total will exceed \$100,000,000 with upwards of 450,000 subscribers.

**STEEL TRADE IN U. S. HANDS**

War Board Commandeers 8,000 Tons of Pig Iron From Auto Plant.

Washington—The United States government has taken absolute control of distribution of steel in all industries. Through the war industries board and other agencies war needs will be maintained at 100 per cent production.

First evidence of the determination of the government to keep war making factories at full tilt was given on May 3, when 8,000 tons of pig iron were commandeered from an automobile plant and shifted to a war essential factory.

**BAN ON CASUALTY LISTS RAISED**

Addresses of U. S. Soldiers Killed or Wounded Again Published.

Washington—The war department has resumed the practice of giving addresses of American soldiers named in the casualty lists sent from France.

The decision was made by President Wilson, to whom the public appealed, when the addresses were ordered discontinued. The president took up the subject with Secretary Baker immediately after the secretary's return from France.

**100,000 FREIGHT CARS ORDERED**

Huge Contracts Placed by McAdoo Aggregate \$325,000,000.

Washington—Orders for 70,000 additional freight cars, to supplement 30,000 contracted for several days ago, have been placed by the railroad administration, with 15 car building concerns. The aggregate cost is between \$170,000,000 and \$230,000,000, and the average profit to builders is about five per cent.

**STATE SEIZES HOARDED WHEAT**

Approximately 1,000 Bushels Taken From Ypsilanti Farmer.

Ypsilanti, Mich.—Colonel Roy C. Vandercook and Sergeant Wakeman and other members of the state constabulary went to the farm of Walter Cady, Pittsfield township, last week and took charge of approximately 1,000 bushels of wheat, which they marketed in Ypsilanti and turned the proceeds back to Cady, after all costs were paid.

**CRISIS IN AUSTRIA  
FORCES CLOSING  
OF PARLIAMENT**

FOOD SHORTAGES AND RIOTS IN DUAL MONARCHY CAUSE KING TO BAR SESSIONS OF LAW BODY.

**AMERICANS PENETRATE FOE'S  
THIRD LINE IN LORRAINE**

Activity On Austro-Italian Front Increases—British Losses in Big Battle 250,000 Men—Foe Held in Check.

Washington—Emperor Charles of Austria has empowered the Austrian premier to adjourn parliament and forthwith take steps to make impossible the resumption of its activities, says a Vienna dispatch to Amsterdam May 5.

A statement published in Vienna indicates that the closure of parliament is due to the seriousness of the food situation.

Austria has been deep in difficulties, both political and economic, for more than a year, and it has been an open secret that Emperor Charles was desirous of bringing about peace, his efforts in this direction having occasionally aroused criticism in Berlin.

In the last few months, there have been insistent reports that the food situation in Austria was growing desperate.

**Americans Deliver Attack.**

With the French Armies in the Field—The German third line in the region of Dogs' Wood, on the Lorraine front, was penetrated by 300 American infantrymen May 3, in the first operation ever conducted exclusively with American artillery.

The attack followed an intense bombardment by the Yankee batteries. "The American gunners displayed perfect mastery of the French artillery methods," declared the French official note, in which the attack was announced.

**Activity On Italian Front.**

London—Vienna dispatches announce greatly increased activity along the Austro-Italian lines, where a renewal of the Teutonic offensive has long been threatened. The Rome official statement does not give a like picture of the front line activities, but records intensive aerial operations.

**British Losses 250,000 Men.**

Washington—British losses in men killed, wounded, captured and missing, on the western front since the German offensive began, March 21, are estimated by the British military mission here at nearly 250,000.

**Foe Onrush is Checked.**

London—The present phase of the battle on the Ypres and Amiens fronts is not unlike that before Verdun, two years ago, after the first German rush had been stopped and even attempts to carry local objectives had met with defeat.

Germany has lost heavily, but the emperor still has reserves to throw into the fight. The defeat on the Meteren-Voormezele line southwest of Ypres has taught the Germans that the Allies are prepared to stand their ground, and there seems little inclination at the present moment to renew a conflict which threatens to be disastrous.

Under the German blows the Allied armies seem to be welded together as never before. There now is no point of junction at which the Germans can thrust. The process of welding together the two armies is complete, but it will not stop there. Franco-British divisions will be moved about on a solidly knitted front, at the wish of the Allied high command, as freely as German divisions.

**Bohemian Troops Join Italy.**

London—The Daily Mail's correspondent at Italian headquarters says that the Bohemian troops are joining the Italian troops against Austria and that the first detachments are already on the Italian fighting line wearing Italian uniforms.

The defection of the Bohemians would in a measure explain the delay in the proposed great offensive long heralded, of the Austrians against the Italians.

**Germans Capture Sebastopol.**

Berlin, via London—German forces have occupied Sebastopol, the great British fortress in the Crimea. According to the official communication from headquarters, the town was taken without fighting.

# "OVER THE TOP"

By An American Arthur Guy Empey  
Soldier Who Went Machine Gunner, Serving in France

Copyright 1917, by Arthur Guy Empey

## EMPEY GOES "OVER THE TOP" FOR THE FIRST TIME AND HAS DESPERATE HAND-TO-HAND FIGHT

**Synopsis.**—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army. After a short experience as a recruiting officer in London, he is sent to training quarters in France, where he first hears the sound of big guns and makes the acquaintance of "cooties." After a brief period of training Empey's company is sent into the front-line trenches, where he takes his first turn on the fire step while the bullets whiz overhead. Empey learns, as comrade falls, that death lurks always in the trenches.

### CHAPTER X—Continued.

We had a sergeant in our battalion named Warren. He was on duty with his platoon in the fire trench one afternoon when orders came up from the rear that he had been granted seven days' leave for Blighty, and would be relieved at five o'clock to proceed to England.

He was tickled to death at these welcome tidings and regaled his more or less envious mates beside him on the fire step with the good times in store for him. He figured it out that in two days' time he would arrive at Waterloo station, London, and then—seven days' bliss!

At about five minutes to five he started to fidget with his rifle, and then suddenly springing up on the fire step with a muttered, "I'll send over a couple of souvenirs to Fritz so that he'll miss me when I leave," he stuck his rifle over the top and fired two shots when "crack" went a bullet and he tumbled off the step, fell into the mud at the bottom of the trench, and lay still in a huddled heap with a bullet hole in his forehead.

At about the time he expected to arrive at Waterloo station he was laid to rest in a little cemetery behind the lines. He had gone to Blighty.

In the trenches one can never tell—it is not safe to plan very far ahead.

After "stand down" the men sit on the fire step or repair to their respective dugouts and wait for the "rum issue" to materialize. Immediately following the rum comes breakfast, brought up from the rear. Sleeping is then in order unless some special work turns up.

Around 12:30 dinner shows up. When this is eaten the men try to amuse themselves until "tea" appears at about four o'clock, then "stand to" and they carry on as before.

While in rest billets Tommy gets up about six in the morning, washes up, answers roll call, is inspected by his platoon officer, and has breakfast. At 8:45 he parades (drills) with his company or goes on fatigue according to the orders which have been read out by the orderly sergeant the night previous.

Between 11:30 and noon he is dismissed, has his dinner and is "on his own" for the remainder of the day, unless he has claimed for a digging or working party, and so it goes on from day to day, always "looping the loop" and looking forward to peace and Blighty.

Sometimes, while engaged in a "cootie" hunt, you think. Strange to say, but it is a fact, while Tommy is searching his shirt serious thoughts come to him. Many a time, when performing this operation, I have tried to figure out the outcome of the war and what will happen to me.

My thoughts generally ran in this channel:

Will I emerge safely from the next attack? If I do will I skin through the following one, and so on? While your mind is wandering into the future it is likely to be rudely brought to earth by a Tommy interrupting with, "What's good for rheumatism?"

Then you have something else to think of. Will you come out of this war crippled and tied into knots with rheumatism, caused by the wet and mud of trenches and dugouts? You give it up as a bad job and generally saunter over to the nearest estaminet to drown your moody forebodings in a glass of sickening French beer or to try your luck at the always present game of "house." You can hear the sing-song voice of a Tommy droning out the numbers as he extracts the little squares of cardboard from the bag between his feet.

### CHAPTER XI.

#### Over the Top.

On my second trip to the trenches our officer was making his rounds of inspection, and we received the cheerful news that at four in the morning we were to go over the top and take

the German front-line trench. My heart turned to lead. Then the officer carried on with his instructions. To the best of my memory I recall them as follows: "At eleven a wiring party will go out in front and cut lanes through our barbed wire for the passage of troops in the morning. At two o'clock our artillery will open up with an intense bombardment, which will last until four. Upon the lifting of the barrage the first of the three waves will go over." Then he left. Some of the Tommies, first getting permission from the sergeant, went into the machine gunners' dugout and wrote letters home, saying that in the morning they were going over the top, and also that if the letters reached their destination it would mean that the writer had been killed.

These letters were turned over to the captain with instructions to mail same in the event of the writer's being killed. Some of the men made out their wills in their pay books, under the caption, "Will and Last Testament."

Then the nerve-racking wait commenced. Every now and then I would glance at the dial of my wrist watch and was surprised to see how fast the minutes passed by. About five minutes to two I got nervous waiting for our guns to open up. I could not take my eyes from my watch. I crouched against the parapet and strained my muscles in a deathlike grip upon my rifle. As the hands on my watch showed two o'clock a blinding red flare lighted up the sky in our rear, then thunder, intermixed with a sharp, whistling sound in the air over our heads. The shells from our guns were speeding on their way toward the German lines. With one accord the men sprang up on the fire step and looked over the top in the direction of the German trenches. A line of bursting shells lighted up No Man's Land. The din was terrific and the ground trembled. Then, high above our heads we could hear a sighing moan. Our big boys behind the line had opened up and 9.2's and 15-inch shells commenced dropping into the German lines. The flash of the guns behind the lines, the scream of the shells through the air, and the flare of them, bursting, was a spectacle that put Pain's greatest display into the shade. The constant pup, pup, of German machine guns and an occasional rattle of rifle firing gave me the impression of a huge audience applauding the work of the batteries.

Our 18-pounders were destroying the German barbed wire, while the heavier stuff was demolishing their trenches and bashing in dugouts or funk holes.

Then Fritz got busy. Their shells went screaming overhead, aimed in the direction of the flares from our batteries. Trench mortars started dropping "Minnies" in our front line. We clicked several casualties. Then they suddenly ceased. Our artillery had taped or silenced them.

During the bombardment you could almost read a newspaper in our trench. Sometimes in the flare of a shell-burst a man's body would be silhouetted against the parados of the trench and it appeared like a huge monster. You could hardly hear yourself think. When an order was to be passed down the trench you had to yell it, using your hands as a funnel into the ear of the man sitting next to you on the fire step. In about twenty minutes a generous rum issue was doled out. After drinking the rum, which tasted like varnish and sent a shudder through your frame, you wondered why they made you wait until the lifting of the barrage before going over. At ten minutes to four word was passed down, "Ten minutes to go!" Ten minutes to live! We were shivering all over. My legs felt as if they were asleep. Then word was passed down: "First wave get on and near the scaling ladders."

These were small wooden ladders which we had placed against the parapet to enable us to go over the top on the lifting of the barrage. "Ladders of

death" we called them, and veritably they were.

Before a charge Tommy is the politest of men. There is never any pushing or crowding to be first up these ladders. We crouched around the base of the ladders waiting for the word to go over. I was sick and faint, and was puffing away at an unlighted fag. Then came the word, "Three minutes to go; upon the lifting of the barrage and on the blast of the whistles, 'Over the top with the best of luck and give them hell.'" The famous phrase of the western front. The Jonah phrase of the western front. To Tommy it means if you are lucky enough to come back you will be minus an arm or a leg. Tommy hates to be wished the best of luck; so, when peace is declared, if it ever is, and you meet a Tommy on the street, just wish him the best of luck and duck the brick that follows.

I glanced again at my wrist watch. We all wore them and you could hardly call us "sissies" for doing so. It was a minute to four. I could see the hand move to the twelve, then a dead silence. It hurt. Everyone looked up to see what had happened, but not for long. Sharp whistle blasts rang out along the trench, and with a cheer the men scrambled up the ladders. The bullets were cracking overhead, and occasionally a machine gun would rip and tear the top of the sandbag parapet. How I got up that ladder I will never know. The first ten feet out in front was agony. Then we passed through lanes in our barbed wire. I knew I was running, but could feel no motion below the waist. Patches on the ground seemed to float to the rear as if I were on a treadmill and scenery was rushing past me. The Germans had put a barrage of shrapnel across No Man's Land, and you could hear the pieces slap the ground about you.

After I had passed our barbed wire and gotten into No Man's Land a Tommy about fifteen feet to my right front turned around and looking in my direction, put his hand to his mouth and yelled something which I could not make out on account of the noise from the bursting shells. Then he coughed, stumbled, pitched forward and lay still. His body seemed to float to the rear of me. I could hear sharp cracks in the air about me. These were caused by passing rifle bullets. Frequently, to my right and left, little spurts of dirt would rise into the air and a ricochet bullet would whine on its way. If a Tommy should see one of these little spurts in front of him, he would tell the nurse about it later. The crossing of No Man's Land remains a blank to me.

Men on my right and left would stumble and fall. Some would try to get up, while others remained huddled and motionless. Then smashed-up barbed wire came into view and seemed carried on a tide to the rear. Suddenly, in front of me loomed a bashed-in trench about four feet wide. Queer-looking forms like mud turtles were scrambling up its wall. One of these forms seemed to slip and then rolled to the bottom of the trench. I leaped across this intervening space. The man to my left seemed to pause in midair, then pitched head down into the German trench. I laughed out loud in my delirium. Upon alighting on the other side of the trench I came to with a sudden jolt. Right in front of me loomed a giant form with a rifle which looked about ten feet long, on the end of which seemed seven bayonets. These flashed in the air in front of me. Then through my mind flashed the admonition of our bayonet instructor back in Blighty. He had said, "whenever you get in a charge and run your bayonet up to the hilt into a German the Fritz will fall. Perhaps your rifle will be wrenched from your grasp. Do not waste time, if the bayonet is fouled in his equipment, by putting your foot on his stomach and tugging at the rifle to extricate the bayonet. Simply press the trigger and the bullet will free it." In my present situation this was the logic, but for the life of me I could not remember how he had told me to get my bayonet into the German. To me this was the paramount issue. I closed my eyes and lunged forward. My rifle was torn from my hands. I must have gotten the German because he had disappeared. About twenty feet to my left front was a huge Prussian nearly six feet four inches in height, a fine specimen of physical manhood. The bayonet from his rifle was missing, but he clutched the barrel in both hands and was swinging the butt around his head. I could almost hear the swish of the butt passing through the air. Three

little Tommies were engaged with him. They looked like pigmies alongside of the Prussian. The Tommy on the left was gradually circling to the rear of his opponent. It was a funny sight to see them duck the swinging butt and try to jab him at the same time. The Tommy nearest me received the butt of the German's rifle in a smashing blow below the right temple. It smashed his head like an eggshell. He pitched forward on his side and a convulsive shudder ran through his body. Meanwhile the other Tommy had gained the rear of the Prussian. Suddenly about four inches of bayonet protruded from the throat of the Prussian soldier, who staggered forward and fell. I will never forget the look of blank astonishment that came over his face.

Then something hit me in the left shoulder and my left side went numb. It felt as if a hot poker was being driven through me. I felt no pain—just a sort of nervous shock. A bayonet had pierced me from the rear. I fell backward on the ground, but was not unconscious, because I could see dim objects moving around me. Then a flash of light in front of my eyes and unconsciousness. Something had hit me on the head. I have never found out what it was.

I dreamed I was being tossed about in an open boat on a heaving sea and opened my eyes. The moon was shining. I was on a stretcher being carried down one of our communication trenches. At the advanced first-aid post my wounds were dressed, and then I was put into an ambulance and sent to one of the base hospitals. The wounds in my shoulder and head were not serious and in six weeks I had rejoined my company for service in the front line.

Empey joins the "Suicide club." The thrilling details are told in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

## DEADLY WEAPON OF WARFARE

German Albatross is Probably the Most Powerful Machine That Has Yet Been Developed.

The tendency in airplanes has been to run to two extremes—for fighting, as small and fast as possible; and for bombing, as large and powerful as possible. In a three-seater, one passenger sits out in front mounted in a machine-gun turret. The pilot comes next, immediately behind the motor, while the second passenger sits behind him mounted in another machine-gun turret. This airplane is capable of carrying many hundred pounds of explosives and, being very fast and heavily armed, generally accomplishes its mission.

The German albatross is capable of a horizontal speed of 300 kilometers (about 187 miles) an hour. It is a single seater and carries three machine guns, which, being controlled by the motor, shoot automatically and simultaneously through the propeller. The sight of these weapons converges at approximately 50 yards in front of the airplane, making the chance of hitting the opponent three times as sure. The motor is equipped with an electric self-starter. It has also electrical devices for keeping the water warm in the radiator while flying at great heights. The wing surface is less than 20 square yards.—Scribner's.

### Silkworms of the Sea.

Plenty of worms live in the sea, and some of them are very beautiful creatures. Which latter fact ought to be consoling to ourselves, inasmuch as there are naturalists who contend that the earliest ancestor of the human race was a marine worm. But the so-called "silkworm of the sea"—the designation being purely figurative and poetical—is a bivalve mollusk properly known as the "pinnac" and native to the Mediterranean. It spins a silk so beautiful that in ancient days the fiber was reserved exclusively for the weaving of royal garments. This silk is spun by the mollusk to furnish an anchor line by which it fastens itself to a convenient rock. It is extremely fine and very strong. Cleaned, dried and passed through combs, it is reduced to delicate threads of a lustrous brownish-yellow hue, which are woven into gloves, stockings and other articles. A pair of stockings of this material today costs \$8.—Philadelphia Ledger.

### Pretty Bright Mule.

The farmer alleged a freight train of the defendant company had hit one of his mules.

"Now, Mr. Jones," said the attorney for the corporation to the aggrieved party, who occupied the witness stand, "will you kindly tell the court whether or not your mule was on the track, the property of the defendant, when hit by the train?"

"Well, sir," replied Mr. Jones, "I didn't witness the occurrence, but I suppose things must have been about as you say. This was a pretty bright mule and I reckon it that train had took out after him in the woods which fringe the track there where he was killed he would have got behind a tree."



To drive a tank, handle the guns, and sweep over the enemy trenches, takes strong nerves, good rich blood, a good stomach, liver and kidneys. When the time comes, the man with red blood in his veins "is up and at it." He has iron nerves for hardships—an interest in his work grips him. That's the way you feel when you have taken a blood and nerve tonic, made up of Blood root, Golden Seal root, Stone root, Cherry bark, and rolled into a sugar-coated tablet and sold in sixty-cent vials by almost all druggists for past fifty years as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This tonic, in liquid or tablet form, is just what you need this spring to give you vim, vigor and vitality. At the fag end of a hard winter, no wonder you feel "run-down," blue, out of sorts. Try this "Medical Discovery" of Dr. Pierce's. Don't wait! To-day is the day to begin! A little "pep," and you laugh and live.

The best means to oil the machinery of the body, put tone into the liver, kidneys and circulatory system, is to first practice a good house-cleaning. I know of nothing better as a laxative than a vegetable pill made up of May-apple, leaves of aloe and jalap. This is commonly sold by all druggists as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and should be taken at least once a week to clear the twenty-five feet of intestines. You will thus clean the system—expel the poisons and keep well. Now is the time to clean house. Give yourself a spring house cleaning.—Adv.

## Why Women Suffer

BECAUSE you are a woman there is no need to suffer pain and annoyance which interfere with work, comfort and pleasure. When you suffer again try PISO'S TABLETS—a valuable, healing local application with astringent and tonic effects. The name PISO established over 50 years guarantees fair treatment. Money refunded if not satisfied. If you would be rid of Backaches, Headaches, Nervousness, Weariness as symptoms of the condition—a trial will convince.

**PISO'S TABLETS**  
Sold Everywhere 60 Cents  
Sample Mailed Free—address postcard  
THE PISO COMPANY  
400 Pico Bldg. Warren, Pa.

## SEES GROUCH AS DETRIMENT

Business Executive Points Out How Man of Morose Disposition Can Hurt Business.

"I discount the ability of the grouch by a percentage running up to 75 for the chronic case," writes a big business executive in System. "I give lower discounts to the men who are cranky in the mornings, and so on through the whole grouch list. I do not wittingly employ a man who cannot meet other men and make friends of them in the meeting.

"I can find no place for the grouch in business; furthermore, I see no excuse for the young man with a bad disposition and precocious little excuse for the older man. This includes the young executive who feels his own importance and is 'cocky,' as well as the older executive who is so austere that he is inhuman.

"I know of one large business where the recently elected president is a grouch, and already I see the same disposition making itself evident through the plant and the sales force. The whole organization is beginning to act as though the public had to take its goods whether or no—and the moment any company imagines the public has to buy from it, that company is on the way to bankruptcy."

### Its Class.

"You may not believe me, but many's the good story I've told under the old tree out there."

"I do believe you. I noticed when I saw it that the tree was a chestnut."

**Bobby**  
says—



To get the best of all  
Corn Foods, order  
**POST TOASTIES**  
Sweet, Crisp, Ready-To-Eat

**Grand Trunk Time Table**  
to the convenience of our readers

Trains West	
No. 46—7:24 a. m.	No. 47—7:57 p. m.
No. 45—4:44 p. m.	No. 48—9:53 a. m.

**Ann Arbor Railroad**

Leaves Lakeland	
North	South
9 52 A. M.	10 46 A. M.
12 36 P. M.	1 23 P. M.
5 17 P. M.	4 41 P. M.

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PINCKNEY - MICHIGAN

**RICHARD D ROCHE**

Attorney at Law

HOWELL, MICH.

**The Pinckney Exchange Bank**

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent Paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney Mich.

G. W. TEEPLE



**The Parting Gift**

There is always room in the Soldier's kit for portraits of the home folks.

Your portrait—the ideal gift.

**DAISIE B. CHAPPELL**

Stockbridge Michigan

**LOCAL AND GENERAL**

Owing to delay in receiving the copy two large advertisements from W. P. Dancer & Co. of Stockbridge and R. E. Barron, of Howell will not appear in the current number of this paper. They both contain matters of deep interest for our readers. Watch for them next week.

Mr. W. E. Murphy and son Lorenzo spent Wednesday in Detroit.

James Berry of Jackson spent Wednesday here.

Father Crowe spent the first of the week in Detroit.

Sergt. Gregory McCluskey of Camp Custer spent the first of the week at the home of his parents Edward McCluskey and wife.

Mrs. Will Crofoot was a Howell visitor last Thursday.

Raymond Sigler and family of Lansing visited relatives here Sunday.

Ross Read and family were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Frank Bowers and wife of Detroit spend the week end here at the home of his mother, Mrs. J. Bowers.

Emmet Berry and family of Stockbridge visited relatives here Sunday.

Mrs. H. D. Grieves of Gregory spent Sunday with friends here.

Norman Dinkel was in Howell last Saturday.

Lee Gartrell and family visited relatives in Flint Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Green of Howell visited friends here Sunday.

Victor Johnson of Detroit spent the week end with his parents Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnson.

Mrs. Floyd Reason and son, Dale, were Stockbridge visitors last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Dunning were in Detroit the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Van Kueren of Detroit were week end guests at the home of George Teeple.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Reason were in Detroit the first of the week.

Dr. Will Monks of Howell visited relatives here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Dinkel of near Howell visited relatives here Sunday.

Az. Docking visited her sister Eva at Dundee over Sunday.

Mrs. J. S. Hartland and son of Stockbridge visited relatives here last week.

Mrs. Willis Tupper of Flint spent the week end here.

Mr. Geo. Roche and family of Fowlerville and Kathleen Roche of Ypsilanti spent the week at J. L. Roche's.

Mrs. Felix Courtney of Kinde, Mich. spent the past week with relatives here.

Nellie Gardner, Fannie Monks, Mrs. C. L. Sigler and Mrs. F. G. Jackson spent last Thursday at Detroit.

Mrs. Robert Jacks of Lakeland spent last Thursday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Carr.

Mrs. Albert Wilson and Mrs. Chas. Bullis have returned from Detroit where they attended the funeral of Mrs. Chas. Kellogg. Wm. Kellogg is chief assistant postmaster of Detroit.

Lucius Wilson of East Dorset, Vermont visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wilson last Sunday.

Lee, Tiplady has been called to the army in a special draft which takes nine men from Livingston county. He expects to go to Columbus, Ohio barracks on the eleventh of May.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mowers and son Walter and Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Campbell and son Roy were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Roger Carr and family were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Miss Lela Monks of Lansing spent Sunday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Monks.

Mrs. Emma Moran and Mrs. La Rue are visiting relatives in Howell.

W. B. Darrow and son Glen were in Jackson Monday.

Superintendent of Missions of the Detroit Area of the Methodist Episcopal Church will be at the M. E. church of Pinckney the evening of May 15th. Dr. Musser has been in the Jungles of India for nine and a half years, and he will speak of his experiences in the jungle. This is a rare opportunity which none can afford to miss.

A special meeting of the O.E.S. will be held Tuesday evening May 14th for installation and electing delegates for County Association and Grand Chapter.

Mrs. Earl Crampton and children of Jackson visited at the home of Dr. G. J. Pearson the first of last week.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes an oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence on this 6th day of December A. D. 1886.

A. W. Gleason, (Seal) Notary Public. Hall Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and act through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c. Hall's Family Pills for constipation adv.

Harry Saddleon was home from Jackson over Sunday.

Mrs. David Smith is visiting relatives in Stockbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. John McIntyre transacted business in Howell Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stannard of Lansing were guests of Dr. and Mrs. H. F. Sigler Monday and Tuesday.

Frank Gilbert and family of Lansing visited Pinckney relatives Sunday.

Jack the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Rex Smith died at the University Hospital Sunday.

Claude Reason and Charles transacted business in Detroit Monday and in Stockbridge Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Carpenter are visiting relatives near Fowlerville.

Mesdames A. H. Flintoft and A. H. Gilchrist were Howell visitors Friday.

Claude Reason and family spent Friday with relatives near Fowlerville.

A party of young people from Detroit and New Boston motored out to the home of Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Dinkel.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Dinkel spent Sunday at V. G. Dinkel's.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Burgess and daughter Florence spent Saturday in Gregory.

Roy Moran and his mother Mrs. Will Moran of Detroit are visiting relatives here.

George Wright and family of near Howell were Sunday visitors at the home of Norman Reason.

Mrs. M. J. Reason was in Jackson the first of the week.

**Anderson**

Mrs. Ellen McMullen and sons spent Sunday at Howell.

Mrs. George Greiner and daughter Mary spent the last of last week with her son Richard of Camp Custer and the first of the week her daughters, Sr. Margaret Alacoque and Miss Julia of Nazareth Academy, Kalamazoo.

Jack Hayes spent Sunday at Whitmore Lake.

Geo. Crane and wife spent Sunday at Frank Bartons.

Percy McClear who has been at the State Sanatorium the past six months is home, greatly improved in health.

D. W. Griffin of Fowlerville has purchased a new Maxwell touring car of Max Ledwidge.

Frank Hanes and family ride in a new Ford touring car.

Mrs. Fred Wylie spent last week caring for her mother, Mrs. John Connors who is quite sick.

Dan Cato and wife entertained company from Detroit the first of the week.

John Docking and family were Sunday guests at the home of Frank Hubbard.

The railroad wreck near Gregory Saturday night was the means of keeping one poor man here until daylight Sunday morning, awaiting the return of his family from Jackson.

Philip Sprout and wife were Stockbridge visitors Sunday.

John Ledwidge and wife and son Omar visited at Will Ledwidge's Sunday.

The Wiley families attended the funeral of Elmer Reed at Whitmore Lake Sunday.

**South Isco**

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Roberts spent Saturday night and Sunday at Webberville.

Mr. and Mrs. Birt Roberts and Nate Watters and wife visited in Jackson Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Rutman entertained company from Ann Arbor Sunday.

Lucy Mowers spent the week end with Genevieve Milles.

Walter Milles and wife called at L. T. Lamborn's Sunday.

Nick Busley and family and Will Caskey and wife spent Sunday at Martin Anderson's.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Watters and little son called on Jester Cramer and wife Sunday.

Frank Waters and wife entertained Joe Casterton and family of Howell Sunday.

**Glasgow Brothers**

Noted for selling

**GOOD GOODS CHEAP**

129 to 135 W. Main, Jackson, Mich.

**Silk Dresses**

**Are Reduced**

Here's an unusual offering—a group of new models—right from the designers. Every model has been chosen because of some particular style feature. These are all arranged in groups and at special prices—prices below the actual cost, to you, of the materials.

Though these are samples, all sizes are represented, and in order to get your choice we suggest early in the-week shopping.

**Georgettes, Crepe de Chene**

**And Taffeta Frocks**

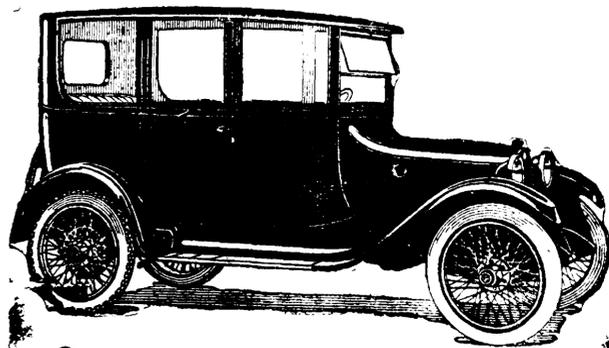
\$35.00 Values at \$26.98. \$25.00 Values at \$21.98

\$20.00 Values at \$16.98

**NOTICE**

Cash and highest price paid for eggs and poultry delivered at my poultry plant. Will take in eggs six days of the week and poultry on Wednesdays. Soliciting your patronage.

**E. FARNAM.**



**DODGE BROTHERS CLOSED CAR**

In less than three years more than Two Hundred Thousand Dodge Bros. Motor Cars have been placed on the market.

That means 200,000 well satisfied motorists, many of whom live near you.

Ask any Dodge owner how he likes his car—HE KNOWS how smoothly and how economically it runs and is so well satisfied that he likes to tell about it.

Touring at \$885.00

**A. H. FLINTOFT**  
PINCKNEY GARAGE

**The Percheron Stallion**

**EDMONTON**

NO. 81784

State of Michigan License No. 1384.

Will make the season of 1918 at the farm, one half mile south of Pinckney on the Dexter Road.

**FEE, \$10 to Insure mare in foal.**

**J. L. ROCHE & SON.**

**MAY FESTIVAL**

The Ann Arbor Festival, May 15-16-17 will bring together a wealth of musical talent such as has seldom before been assembled. Not only will it provide a feast of brilliant music for music lovers, but in many ways it will take on the aspects of an important patriotic demonstration. A Choral Union service flag of 53 stars will be displayed along side of "Old Glory" while each program of the festival will be featured with patriotic music.

At the opening concert, Wednesday evening, before the beginning of the formal program Frederick Stock will lead the orchestra, chorus and audience in the singing of "America". In the same program the two distinguished operatic stars, Margarete Matzenauer, and Riccardo Stracciari, in addition to the formal numbers assigned to them, will each make patriotic contributions, Madame Matzenauer singing the French anthem, "The Marseillaise", and Stracciari, a patriotic Italian air, entitled "My Flag", particularly significant in view of the fact that he has two sons at the Italian front one of whom not yet 16 years of age has been honored with a Lieutenant's commission for valiant service.

Thursday evening Caesar Franck's monumental oratorio "The Beatitudes" will receive its initial Ann Arbor performance. The work is a beautiful composition with brilliant choral passages and orchestral and arias requiring the services of the greatest soloists. It is significant that this work will be given by a cast all of whom are Americans. By special request the program will be preceded by Dr. Stanley's "Hymn of Consecration" dedicated to the times and especially written for last year's Festival. Its sentiments are deep and strong and worthy of the important period through which we are passing.

At the Friday Afternoon Program the children will contribute "Into the World", a composition in absolute harmony with the spirit of these fateful days. The children will also sing "America", while the evening's program, at which Claudia Muzio, the distinguished Italian Soprano, will be the star, will be preceded by "The Star Spangled Banner".

At the Organ Recital Saturday afternoon given by Joseph Bonnet, the eminent French Organist, the audience will be led in the singing of patriotic songs by Earl V. Moore, with accompaniment by Mr. Bonnet.

The performance of "Carmen" on Saturday evening, in which the operatic stars, Matzenauer, Martinelli, de Luca, Middleton, Sharlow, will be heard, will be preceded by the singing of the "Star Spangled Banner" and at the close of the formal program, as a fitting climax to the week of music, the audience, chorus, and orchestra will unite in a triumphant rendition of "America."

**MISSIONARY**

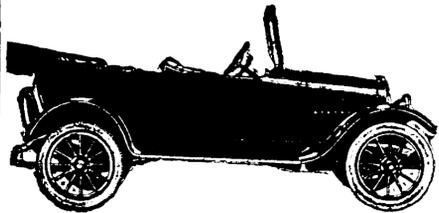
The meeting at Mrs. H. F. Sigler's was a success. A large number of ladies assembled to hear Miss Edith Bell tell of her work in South Africa. She delivered her message rapidly and so enthusiastically that the attention of every lady was held throughout her long address and inspired all with zeal.

Miss Bell told of her arrival in Africa. The chief promised his influence in starting a school and they were taken out into a trackless meadow, arriving just at night. Natives came to them to see why they were there and were pleased. The next morning at dawn forty children presented themselves as pupils. Without equipment of any kind, without any building she had to begin. They soon made a hut of the long meadow grass which served very well during the dry season. She and the girls took clay and experimented till they could make good bricks and before she came on her furlough after having been there over four years they had made 60,000 bricks and had more comfortable homes. She bought a tract of land containing 3500 acres for one cent an acre. She has promise of a tractor to take back with her and wishes some one would give a span of mules.

A young ladies branch was organized with 17 members and six members added to the W. F. M. S. A social hour was held and everyone was reluctant to let Miss Bell go.

No worthier cause has ever existed than the Red Cross. It is not charity to contribute to it's support. Good citizenship has many compensations, but none are greater than the results of the Red Cross. Come out to the concert Saturday evening.

# Claims Are All Right But Only Proofs Count



**"Most Miles Per Gallon"**  
**"Most Miles on Tires"**

## Maxwell Motor Cars

Touring Car . . . \$ 825  
Roadster . . . . . 825  
Touring, with All-Weather Top . . 935  
5-Pass. Sedan . . . 1275  
6-Pass. Town Car . 1275  
All prices f. o. b. Detroit  
Wire wheels regular equipment  
with Sedan and Town Car



**MAX LEDWIDGE**

Distributor

Pinckney Mich

Any maker may claim for his product all the qualities there are. That is his privilege. He may even think his claims are justified.

You read the advertisements, so you know that makers, as a rule, are not very modest in that regard.

If you believe them all, they all make super-cars.

In your experience, that theory doesn't hold.

Maxwell is different.

We never claim anything we cannot prove.

As a matter of fact we never have claimed anything for this Maxwell that has not already been proved in public test and under official observation.

Maxwell claims are not therefore claims in the ordinary sense—they are statements of fact—proven facts.

They are, in every case, matters of official record attested under oath.

For example: The famous 22,000-mile Non-Stop run was made with the Maxwell every minute under observation of the A. A. A. officials.

That still remains a world's record—the world's record of reliability.

That particular test proved about all that anyone could ask or desire of a motor car.

Among other things it still stands the world's long distance speed record.

Just consider—44 days and nights without a stop, at an average speed of 25 miles per hour!

And that, not by a \$2,000 car, but by a stock model Maxwell listing at \$825.

You will recall perhaps that a famous high powered, high priced six in a transcontinental trip made 28 miles average over a period of five days and eleven hours.

Now compare those two feats—one of less than six days, the other of 44 days. You know automobiles—which was the greater test?

Is there any comparison on grounds either of speed or endurance?

Proves you don't need to pay more than \$825 to obtain all the qualities you can desire in a motor car—if you select a Maxwell.

For that Maxwell Non-Stop run was made, on a track but over rough country roads and through city traffic—average 22 miles per gallon and 25 kinds of going.

And—listen to this.

So certain were we of the condition of the Maxwell at the end of that great feat, we announced that at the stroke of eleven on a certain morning, the car would stop in front of the City Hall, Los Angeles, for the Mayor to break the seal.

Five seconds after he had pulled the switch plug and stopped the motor after the 44 days and nights continuous running, she was started again and off on a thousand mile jaunt to visit various Maxwell dealers.

How is that for precision—certainty of action? That incident brought a storm of applause from the assembled thousands.

Hill climbing?—this Maxwell holds practically every record worth mentioning—especially in the West where the real hills are.

The Mount Wilson record—nine and one-half miles, 6,000 feet elevation!—was taken by a stock Maxwell.

Two months ago a 12-cylinder car beat that record by two minutes.

Then—three days later—a stock Maxwell went out and beat that 12-cylinder record by thirty seconds! Pretty close going for such a distance and such a climb—wasn't it?

So Maxwell still holds the Mount Wilson honors.

Ready to defend it against all comers too, at any time—a stock Maxwell against any stock or special chassis.

Economy—also a matter of official record.

Others may claim—Maxwell proves.

Thousands of Maxwell owners throughout the United States on the same day averaged 29.4 miles per gallon of gasoline.

Not dealers or factory experts, mind you, but owners—thousands of them—driving their own Maxwells.

Nor were they new Maxwells—the contest was made by 1915, 16, and 17 models, many of which had seen tens of thousands miles of service—three years' use.

Nor could they choose their own road or weather conditions—all kinds were encountered in the various sections of the country.

Good roads and bad—level country and mountainous regions—heat and cold—sunshine and rain—aspalt and mud.

And the average was 29.4 miles per gallon!

There's economy for you. And under actual average driving conditions—not laboratory test.

But that isn't all.

The greatest achievement of this Maxwell was in its showing of speed and reliability and economy all in the same run.

In that 44 days-and-nights Non-Stop run, though no thought was given to either speed or economy, it still remains a fact of official record that the Maxwell averaged 22 miles per gallon and 25 miles per hour.

Now you know that speed costs—and that economy tests are usually made at slow-speed—closed-throttle, thin-mixture conditions.

You know too that you can obtain economy of fuel by building and adjusting for that one condition.

Speed you can get by building for speed. Any engineer can do that.

But to obtain that combination of speed and economy with the wonderful reliability shown in that 44-days Non-Stop run—that car must be a Maxwell.



# REPORT ON DUSTING IS MADE BY M. A. C.

Experiment Station Obtains Variable Results From Use of Powder on Apples.

FIND IT IS TIME-SAVER

Can Be Applied in Less Than One-Half Time Required for Operation of Spraying.

By W. C. DUTTON, Experiment Station, Michigan Agricultural College.

East Lansing, Mich.—The use of sulphur and arsenate of lead applied in the form of dust as a substitute for the standard liquid sprays to prevent the most prevalent apple orchard troubles such as scab (*Venturia inaequalis*), codling moth, bud moth, leaf-roller and others, has been developed to a considerable extent during the last three or four years. Experiments were accordingly begun by the college at Morrice, Shiawassee county, in 1915, and in other places in 1916 and 1917 to determine if possible the efficiency of dusts, the best formulae to use and to a limited extent the relative costs of this method under Michigan orchard conditions.

**Materials Used.**  
The sulphur used in this work was very fine, the manufacturers guaranteeing that 95 per cent of it would pass through a 200-mesh screen and

### Comparative Cost of Dusting and Spraying.

Method.	Time per tree, one application.	Total cost per tree.
Spraying	24 minutes	Four applications. \$0.36
Dusting (dilute)	53 seconds	One application. \$0.09
Dusting (concentrated)	50 seconds	One application. \$0.13
		Four applications. \$0.56

some of that used in 1917 was finer still. The arsenate of lead was also exceedingly fine, one manufacturer stating that his product would pass through the finest screen obtainable. In some of the work mixtures were used which contained some inert filler or diluent such as gypsum or hydrated lime.

The dusting has all been done in direct comparison with the standard dilute lime-sulphur and arsenate of lead.

What were the results?

In 1915 scab was not controlled very successfully by either dusting or spraying. A large percentage of the scabby fruit was caused by late infections. The weather conditions were very favorable for scab development after June 13. If extra applications had been made better control of scab would probably have been secured. This brings out the occasional need for an extra treatment in seasons of frequent rains. The results at harvest showed the sprayed trees to have 10 per cent less of scabby fruit than the dusted trees. Other factors probably affecting the results in the dusted plot were inexperience with the dusting method, a duster too small for satisfactory work and the application of dust from one side of the trees only.

In 1916, dusting failed almost entirely to control apple scab. The control of scab on the sprayed plot of Starks was very poor. This is possibly explained by the fact that the "pink" application was made before the blossom buds had all separated in the clusters. The control in the other sprayed plots was very much better than in the dusted plots. The periods of infection were all in the early part of the season. In 1915 they were all late in the season.

The dusting method gave very satisfactory results in 1917. The results equaled those secured in the sprayed plots. The season was like that of 1916 in that the infection periods were all early in the summer. The control of scab on the fruit was very satisfactory in most plots. The condition of foliage in the dusted plot at Muir was much better than on the sprayed trees because of the spray injury on the latter. At Belding there was little difference in the condition of the foliage of the two plots. At Morrice the foliage of the dusted trees was free from injury but showed some scab, while on the sprayed trees there was no scab but some spray injury.

It is not possible to tell just why the results with dusting were so much more satisfactory in 1917 than in previous years. This success may have been due to one or all of the following factors—more efficient application of dust, finer materials, or more timely application with relation to infection periods.

Better results were obtained at Morrice and Muir, where much of the dusting was done when the trees were wet with either rain or dew than at Belding, where the trees were always dry when material was applied. Several growers, however, have secured satis-

factory results by dusting when the foliage was dry.

It is very doubtful if the extra application of dust made in July had any beneficial effect as weather conditions were not favorable for scab infection before the August application.

### Comparative Costs.

Dust can be applied in less than one-half the time required for the actual operation of spraying, exclusive of time necessary for refilling sprayer tank. The cost of material for dusting has been more than for spraying. A comparison of the time required per tree and total cost of labor and material for one and four applications is shown in table below.

The difference in the total cost of the two methods for extensive commercial operations would undoubtedly be smaller than is shown here.

### Insect Control.

No data was secured about insect control because there has never been enough insect injury on the untreated trees to give an accurate check as to the efficiency of the dust for this purpose. Experiments in New York have shown that the leaf-roller and codling moth can be controlled there by the dusting method. This work leads us to believe that the dusting method will control the insects in Michigan orchards.

### Conclusions.

This summary is intended simply to show the progress of the experiments that have been conducted for the last three years with the sulphur dusts. No definite conclusions are intended to be drawn at this time from this work as the use of dusting material as a substitute for liquid mixtures is still in the experimental stage. If this method of control continues to develop as rapidly as during the past few years, it will prove of great value to many apple growers, largely be-

cause of the ease and rapidity of application.

### Suggestions.

For the benefit of fruit growers who may care to use the dusting method at this time, a few suggestions may prove helpful.

A duster of sufficient capacity and power should be used. Efficient work cannot be done with an undersized machine.

Special dusting sulphur should always be used. The ordinary grades of sulphur are not satisfactory.

Home-mixing of materials should not be tried unless a special mixing machine is used.

Applications should be made from two opposite directions and preferably when there is not any wind.

Unlike spraying, dusting can be safely done when the foliage is wet. More applications of dust than are usually made of the liquid sprays will probably be desirable. However, the number will depend largely upon weather conditions. The applications of dust should, of course, be made before scab infection periods. Cool and rainy weather is favorable to scab development.

The horticultural department also conducted a dusting experiment with peaches in 1917 but no definite conclusions could be drawn from the results of this work as there was so very little injury by insects or diseases in the untreated plots. This work indicated, however, that peaches can be dusted safely and that peach scab and brown rot can be controlled by dusting.

## PLAN MANY CONFERENCES

Leaders in Rural and Home Life of State to Confer on Common Problems.

East Lansing, Mich.—A number of conferences which will take up the study of problems of the church, home and rural life of the state will be among the early summer activities at the college, it has been announced by Prof. R. H. Ryder, director of the M. A. C. summer school.

On June 24 to 29 the home economic workers of the state who are identified in various ways with food conservation work will assemble for a session; on July 1 to 4 householders and women will convene to take up domestic questions; while from July 8 to 15 the rural pastors and laymen of Michigan will gather for their annual consideration of affairs of moment in church circles. At the same time, July 9 to 15, leaders of boys' and girls' clubs, of whom there are several score in the state, will also assemble to take up matters of common interest.

All the conferences will take place while the summer sessions of the college are in progress. The summer school term on the campus will begin on June 24.

# POWDER IN SHOES AS WELL AS GUNS

Foot-Ease to Be Added to Equipment of Hospital Corps at Fort Wayne.

Under the above heading the Detroit Free Press, among other things says: "The theory is that soldiers whose feet are in good condition can walk further and faster than soldiers who have corns and bunions increased in rawhide."

The Plattsburg Camp Manual advises men in training to shake Foot-Ease in their shoes each morning.

One war relief committee reports, of all the things sent out in their Comfort Bags or "Kits," Allen's Foot-Ease received the most praise from the soldiers and men of the navy. It is used by American, French and British troops, because it takes the friction from the shoe and freshens the feet. There is no foot comforter equal to Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic, healing powder to be shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the foot-bath, the standard remedy for over 25 years for hot, tired, aching, perspiring, smarting, swollen, tender feet, corns, bunions, blisters or callouses.

Why not order a dozen or more 25c boxes to-day from your Druggist or Dept. store to mail to your friends in training camps and in the army and navy.

### The Wrong Angle.

"Ah, Mr. Pester!" began the suave purveyor of ornate literary works. "I am told that you are a very deep reader, which means, of course, that you acquire much priceless wisdom from your perusal of—"

"Eh-yuh!" interrupted old Festus Pester. "One of the most valuable truths that I have unearthed in that manner is the admonition, 'Before you fool with a fool be sure you have the fool to fool with.' You should have sized me up differently and flattered me by telling me that it was evident that I could not be flattered. That probably would have fetched me through in good shape for your purpose."—Kansas City Star.

## GREAT FOR ECZEMA AND OLD SORES

I Guarantee My Ointment, Says Peterson. Stops Itching Instantly.

"If you are responsible for the health of your family," says Peterson. "I want you to get a large 80 cent box of Peterson's Ointment today.

"Remember, I stand back of every box. Every druggist guarantees to refund the purchase price if Peterson's Ointment doesn't do all I claim.

"I guarantee it for eczema, old sores, running sores, salt rheum, ulcers, sore nipples, broken breasts, itching skin, pimples, blackheads, skin diseases, blind, bleeding and itching piles as well as for burns, scalds, cuts, bruises and sunburn." "I had 30 running sores on my leg for 11 years. Was in three different hospitals. Amputation was advised. Skin grafting was tried. I was cured by using Peterson's Ointment."—Mrs. F. E. Root, 287 Michigan St., Buffalo, N. Y. Mail orders filled, charges prepaid by Peterson Bros., Buffalo, N. Y. Adv.

### Well Matched.

Edith—They are an ideal couple.  
Edward—Indeed.  
Edith—Yes. He has ambition and she has wealth.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets are best for liver, bowels and stomach. One little Pellet for a laxative, three for a cathartic. Ad.

"Many a thorn lies hidden in a bunch of soft words."

## YOU NEED NOT SUFFER WITH BACKACHE AND RHEUMATISM

For centuries GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil has been a standard household remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and stomach trouble, and all diseases connected with the urinary organs. The kidneys and bladder are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which enter your system through the blood and stomach are not entirely thrown out by the kidneys and bladder you are doomed. Weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, headache, pain in loins, and lower abdomen, gall-stones, gravel, difficulty when urinating, cloudy and bloody urine, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, all warn you to look after your kidneys and bladder. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules are what you need.

They are the pure, original imported Haarlem Oil, your great grandmother used, and are perfectly harmless. The healing, soothing oil soaks into the cells and lining of the kidneys and through the bladder, driving out the poisonous germs. New life, fresh strength and health will come as you continue this treatment. When completely restored to your usual vigor, continue taking a capsule or two each day. They will keep you in condition and prevent a return of the disease.

Do not delay a minute. Delays are especially dangerous in kidney and bladder trouble. All reliable druggists sell GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They will refund the money if not as represented. In three sizes, sealed packages. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL. Accept no substitutes.

## U.S. Marine Band Leader Endorses Great Stomach Relief



### Tells How EATONIC Makes Sick Stomach Well

If you suffer from stomach trouble, read below and learn what Wm. A. Santelmann, Capt. of U. S. Navy and Leader of the World Famous U. S. Marine Band, says about the wonderful stomach relief. The splendid results this noted band leader secured from the use of EATONIC should be your guide, and you should start using EATONIC today.

Eatonic Remedy Co., Chicago, Ill. Washington, D. C. Gentlemen:—EATONIC is an invaluable remedy for dyspepsia and indigestion. I have used it with excellent results. Very truly yours, Wm. A. Santelmann, Capt. U. S. Navy and Leader Marine Band.

## EATONIC FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE

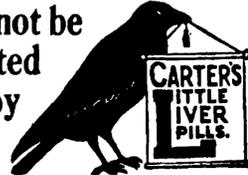
Quickly Removes All Stomach Misery—Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Flatulence, Heartburn, Sour, Acid and Gassy Stomach

Here's the secret: EATONIC Drives the Gas out of the body—and the Bloat Goes With It! Guaranteed to bring relief or money back. Get a box today. Costs only a cent or two a day to use it.

**Trial of Eatonic Free** If you want quick relief, you should get the guaranteed full treatment from your druggist today. If you would rather try EATONIC first, we will gladly send you a box with full directions, as we surely want every reader to know of the wonderful curative power of EATONIC. Your name and address on a postal card will bring you a trial box free with full directions for use by return mail. Address: H. L. Kramer, President, Eatonic Remedy Company, 102 South Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

## Carter's Little Liver Pills

You Cannot be Constipated and Happy. A Remedy That Makes Life Worth Living. Genuine bears signature *Brentwood*



A BSENCE of Iron in the Blood is the reason for many colorless faces but CARTER'S IRON PILLS will greatly help most pale-faced people

## ATTENTION! Sick Women

To do your duty during these trying times your health should be your first consideration. These two women tell how they found health.

Hellam, Pa.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female troubles and a displacement. I felt all run down and was very weak. I had been treated by a physician without results, so decided to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial, and felt better right away. I am keeping house since last April and doing all my housework, where before I was unable to do any work. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is certainly the best medicine a woman can take when in this condition. I give you permission to publish this letter."—Mrs. E. R. CRUMMING, R. No. 1, Hellam, Pa.

Lowell, Mich.—"I suffered from cramps and dragging down pains, was irregular and had female weakness and displacement. I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound which gave me relief at once and restored my health. I should like to recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies to all suffering women who are troubled in a similar way."—Mrs. ELIZABETH HERR, R. No. 6, Box 88, Lowell, Mich.

### Why Not Try

## LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO. LYNN, MASS.



# SAVIOURS

By ANGELA MORGAN

Yours is the daring skill to tread  
The waters of a world at war;  
Yours is the miracle to shed  
Where rocking seas of hatred are,  
Courage and comfort, like a star.  
You cry unto an earth dismayed,  
And God is thrilling in your tone;  
"Brothers, the ship is not alone;  
Be not afraid!"

Ye are the Christs of this black hour,  
The Great Physician come again,  
Within your sacred hands the power  
To heal the race of men.  
Ye hold the hurt world to your breast;  
Ye bind her bruised and broken soul;  
The sick, the maimed and the oppressed—  
Yours is the gift to make them whole,  
And where the stricken miles unroll  
Ye sound the resurrection morn;  
Above the bier where Justice lies,  
With visions of an age new born,  
Ye bid the dead arise!

O World, that walkest now in tears  
Where Truth again is crucified  
After the thousand, thousand years  
See yet that Christ is not denied!

Don't forget the concert to be given at the Opera House Saturday Evening May 11 by Kitsie Brokaw-Clark for the Benefit of the Red Cross.

## MILK - MILK

I deliver milk to Pinckney every morning. Those wishing to buy, see me.

C. H. GRAYES

# Attention Farmers!

We have bought the best line of farm implements made, consisting of the McCormick, Deering, Champion Osborne and Milwaukee binders, mowers, combined hay rake and tedders, loaders, both single and double drum, Oliver and South Bend plows, spring and spiketooth steel lever harrows, riding and walking cultivators, New Idea and International wide-spread manure spreaders, land rollers, grain drills farm wagons and team harnesses.

We expect to be able to sell all goods this season at lower prices than can be obtained any place in Washtenaw or Livingston counties. Come and See.

Jeepie Hardware Co.

## EGGS POULTRY YEAL

Will take eggs 6 days each week. Poultry and Veal Wednesday morning. Highest price paid at all times.

JOHN C. DINKEL.

First Class Automobile Repairing at the

## Gregory Garage

All work guaranteed  
CHAS. BURDEN Prop.

## GREGORY

Rev. J. J. Schuler returned last Thursday night from the Washtenaw Baptist Association which was held at Tecumseh and reports a very good meeting. The next Association will be held at Dexter the last of April 1919. The following officers were elected: Rev. J. J. Schuler, Moderator; Rev. H. W. Mack, Clerk and Treasurer; Caleb Smith, Asst. Clerk.

Fred Merrill and family called on his parents last Friday night.

The Young Peoples Class of the Gregory spent Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Whitehead of Unadilla. A very pleasant evening was enjoyed by all.

Dr. L. A. Farnham of Pontiac left Monday of last week for Fort Oglethorpe for war service.

Mrs. Kathryn Placeway and little son of Pinckney spent the week end at the Ralph Chipman home.

Mrs. Frank Voights was an Ann Arbor visitor recently.

Mrs. Charlotte Howlett returned from her Pontiac visit Monday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Burgess and daughter Florence visited at the Will Buhl home near Perry.

Herman Mamie Sayers of North Waterloo called on friends last Saturday.

The Red Cross meeting Friday was a success in every way. Good attendance and quite an amount of work done. One quilt was tied and finished. Mrs. Frank Voights brought in a machine for use at the hall. This makes the third machine brought in and helps out wonderfully. Another could still be used and would be greatly appreciated.

Little Alberta Green spent the week end with Katharine Crossman.

George Henry and family of Jackson are now living in the rooms over E. Hills store building.

The Saturday morning freight train from Jackson was wrecked about a mile from town. This delayed the east and west bound passenger trains till late Saturday night.

Bert Wetherby has sold out the draying business to Raymond McKune.

Miss Lois Worden was a Stockbridge visitor last Saturday.

Mrs. S. A. Denton, who is sick, is assisted in her work by Miss Ellen Corser of Unadilla.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Hill and son Fay, Mrs. Wm. Heminger of Pinckney, Barney Roepcke, and Mrs. Ferd Bowdish attended the funeral of J. J. Hill of Mulliken last week.

Miss Minnie Bradshaw is caring for Mrs. Charles Banciman, who is very sick.

Miss Grace McIvor of Great Falls, Montana, came to Gregory Tuesday of last week for a visit with her sister, Mrs. Angus McIvor.

Mrs. Mary May, Mrs. James Livermore, Mrs. Vet Bullis and Miss Mae Bullis were Jackson visitors Tuesday of last week.

Miss Florence McCleer was a week end visitor at Camp Custer.

Misses Ruth Watson and Helen McCleer were week end visitors at Chelsea.

Mrs. F. A. Worden returned from Jackson Monday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Gibney spent Friday of last week in Ann Arbor.

Miss Grace McIvor and Mrs. Angus McIvor left last Thursday for Battle Creek to visit Angus McIvor of Camp Custer. From there they will go to Ann Arbor for a brief visit.

The funeral services for Kirk Drown, youngest son was held at the Baptist church Thursday of last week.

Mrs. R. P. Ireland and Mr. and Mrs. Grover Baird and children of Fowlerville spent Sunday with Mrs. Jane Wright and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrills.

The Aid Society at Otto Arnold's last Thursday was well attended. Receipts \$9.28.

Mrs. Dr. McCormick of Mt. Gilead City is making a few days visit with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrills.

Services at the Baptist church next Sunday at 11:45 a. m. B. Y. P. U. at 7:30 p. m. Miss Elizabeth Hart will lead. We were pleased to see the new faces at our services. Come again; you are welcome.

## North Lake

Miss Lauretta Clinton of Pinckney spent the week-end with her cousin Miss Johanna Hanked.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hinckley and children were Pinckney visitors Sunday.

Miss Clara Fuller of Napoleon spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of her parents Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fuller.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Clinton and family spent Sunday with the former's sister Mrs. Jas. Hanked Sunday.

Geo. Sweeney visited relatives in Bunker Hill Wednesday.

Henry Gilbert returned to his home here Monday, after spending the past two weeks in the U. of M. hospital Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. William Baird entertained, at their home Sunday, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Fennell, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Watts and daughter, Ruby, Mr. and Mrs. Jean Pratt and daughter, Ruth, and Mr. and Mrs. William Keran and daughter Cloe of Cobocah.

New About Your

## Horses, Cattle Sheep and Hogs?

Don't you think they will need a Spring Tonic? We recommend

### Pratt's Condition Powders

We recommend them for Horses, Cattle and Hogs and know they are right. They do the work. Price 25c and 50c package.

Baby Chick Food for young chickens. 30c and 60c package.

C. M. Ingersoll

Nyal Quality Drug Store

# SAVE MONEY

The way to save money is to buy goods for less. The place to buy things for less is at our store. Hence, this store can save you money. Here are a few examples:

A Solid Oak Dining Table \$12.00  
An Up to Date Kitchen Cabinet \$16.00  
A set of Oak Diners \$7.50

Hundreds of other articles at very low prices. We can and do save you money on Wall Paper. We have Arsenate of Lead in 5 lb Cans. Many articles in Granite, Tin, Aluminum ware, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cutlery, Matches, Toilet Soaps, Clocks,

## Garden Tools, Garden Seeds

Nails, Fence Staples, Clothes Wringers, Oil Stoves, Milk Cans, Tobaccos, Confectionery and

## Velvet Ice Cream

"NUF SAID"

Next Door to Post Office

## L. E. RICHARDS

Does YOUR Back Ache?



NEARLY everybody suffers from kidney disease at some time or other. One may think he is perfectly well and even force himself to say he is "all right," but his tired movements and languid expression tell more plainly than words that he is in an unhealthful condition.

Backache is a symptom of weak disordered kidneys. Rheumatic pains, stiff joints, sore muscles are others. These symptoms indicate that the kidneys and bladder need help to do the work of filtering and casting out from the system poisons and waste products that cause trouble.

### Foley Kidney Pills

Give quick and permanent relief in kidney or bladder troubles that have not reached a chronic or advanced stage. They stop bladder irregularities, strengthen the kidneys and tone up the liver.

Paul Darkow, Stewart, Minn., writes: "Two years ago I had a pain in my back so severe that I could not walk. I thought it was kidney trouble. I bought a 50-cent bottle of Foley Kidney Pills and after taking about half the bottle was completely cured. I have had no recurrence of the trouble."

If you have any cause to suspect that your kidneys need help, you will make no mistake in taking Foley Kidney Pills. In 50c and \$1.00 bottles.

Sold Everywhere

Immediate Delivery  
DAY OLD CHICKS

15c

Orders now taken chicks three weeks old; three varieties, Reds, Rocks, Brown and White Leghorns

A. J. HAIGH

Edgewood Poultry Farm, Brighton, Mich.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, the Probate Court for the county of Livingston. At a session of said Court, held at the probate office in the city of Howell in said county, on the 18th day of April, A. D. 1919.

Present: Hon. Eugene A. Stowe, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of

CHARLOTTE GILCHRIST, Deceased.

Wm. P. VanWinkle, having filed in said court his petition praying that the time for the presentation of claims against said estate be limited and that a time and place be appointed to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against said deceased by and before said court.

It is ordered that 4 weeks from this date be allowed for creditors to present claims against said estate.

It is further ordered, that the 24th day of August 1919, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for the examination and adjustment of all claims and demands against said deceased.

EUGENE A. STOWE, Judge of Probate.

## Day Old Chicks, Eggs for Hatching Etc.

Orders taken for day old chicks from The famous Ferris best laying strain of large White Leghorn eggs, also square deal custom hatching. Inquire at this office or B. C. Daller.