

PINCKNEY DISPATCH

Vol. XXXV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan Thursday Aug. 22, 1918

No. 34

Herman Vedder

Writes from Syracuse

Camp Syracuse
August 9, 1918.

Pinckney Dispatch
Dear Editor and Readers:
Camp Syracuse is situated about three miles from Syracuse, N. Y. and covers about four square miles, but we have to live in tents. Each tent holds eight men. We sleep on iron beds, one person to each bed.

The camp was in poor shape when we arrived, on account of not being used very much. There have not been any men here until lately, since General Pershing had his men here. It is used only for gathering the limit and special service men together and classifying them, according to their ability. Men are coming in every day and from all parts of the United States. Some are not accepted and they are discharged.

To-day our company had their examination and our "shots" as they call them. It is divided into four classes, A, B, C, D. A is for general service, "Over There," B for guard duty, C for government factories and D goes home. I was lucky and got in class A, so I suppose I will be in France in a couple of months.

I expect I will be sent to another training camp as soon as possible, to be trained. For they are not doing so very much training here, that is general military training. We have pretty good feed here and I like the army life pretty well so far. Of course we have to be on the job and do some hard work, but that is all in the service.

Now I have told all that I can, so will close, hoping to hear from any of my Pinckney friends, as a letter is pretty welcome here.

Yours truly,
Corp. Herman Vedder
30th Co. 3th Batt.
Syracuse Re-t. Camp
New York.

State Senator Genesee Issue

Claude Stoddard and H. A. Stewart in bitter contest for Republican nomination at primaries.

A lively contest has developed in the Thirteenth senatorial district, between Senator H. A. Stewart of Flint, and Claude Stoddard, Richfield war campaign leader, both of whom are fighting for the nomination for senator in the Republican primaries.

Senator Stewart's close alliance with the McKeighan-Blackney-Wertmen political machine and his championing of former mayor McKeighan as a character witness in McKeighan's trial have aroused the activity of opponents though Stoddard is making his campaign on the grounds that for 25 years the senatorship has been a one-term job in this district.

Three years ago the machine was all powerful in Genesee county and was responsible for Stewart's election two years ago. Since then, it has lost caste as practically all its candidates have been defeated in the last two elections. Blackney was overwhelmingly defeated for re-election as school trustee and former Mayor McKeighan is awaiting decision of supreme court as to whether or not he will serve a term in Ionia for highway robbery as accessory.—Detroit Free Press.



Claude Stoddard of Richfield has announced himself as a candidate on the Republican ticket for the office of State Senator. We didn't need to use those words "of Richfield" as all the residents of Genesee county know who Claude Stoddard is, and he is well known to many outside his own county. Mr.

Stoddard possesses an enviable reputation among his fellows and that reputation has been built up by years of honest and conscientious work. Always a farmer, Mr. Stoddard started a general mercantile business in a small way and through the application of sound business principles and sticking to the job early and late, he was eventually rewarded by a splendid business which soon grew to such a volume that he was forced to sell a few years ago to relieve himself of a burden which was growing irksome. Since then he has devoted himself exclusively to caring for his farms, although he has given much of his time since we entered the war to work in the interest of the Red Cross Liberty Loan and other kindred objects for the upholding of Uncle Sam's good right arm.

We have known Claude Stoddard for about five years and have always found him honest, unassuming and ready to back up with his time and his money any project that had for its object the betterment of local conditions and promised to aid in the moral uplift.

In face of our knowledge of the man's reputation, and we know him as all know their neighbors, we are bound to declare that he would make first class senatorial timber and is in every way entitled to public support.

We need more men like Stoddard in the senate.—Davison Index. Adv.

County "Y"

Dear Friends:—

As the representative of the Young Men's Christian Association in Livingston County, I want to extend the greetings of this organization to you at this time. You are selected and called upon for service to this country in her army and navy, and in thus being selected the nation has placed great trust and confidence in you. Realizing that you will be called to face many trying and difficult situations, the Young Men's Christian Association desires to be of service to you in every way it possibly can.

It will follow you in the field and wherever you may be sent you will find the "red triangle". Wherever you find that you will find men who want to be of help to you in every way possible. You will probably write your letters home on stationery which the Association will freely supply to you; you will undoubtedly find your entertainment in your leisure hours in the association huts and tents and you will always find the association secretaries ready at all times to help you in any problems you may need help in solving.

Good luck to you all and God bless you in this great service you are about to render. With best wishes I am

Sincerely yours,
Lee M. Clark
County Sec'y Y. M. C. A.

JACKSON COUNTY FAIR

The Jackson County Fair has the distinction of being the best county fair in Michigan because the management thinks that a fair has greater developing influence in things worth while than any other medium, and their policy has been to give their patrons a full week of solid education, advertisement and pleasure.

Every one of the fifteen big departments is jammed full of the best things that can be produced, and stands as a demonstration of successful production, giving to their patrons an education that months of search could not produce elsewhere. Therefore a few days spent at the Jackson County Fair is so valuable that none could afford to miss it. Hence the big crowds daily.

Besides the best of education, there is provided clean amusement as "all work and no play" becomes tedious. This year's amusements will excel anything heretofore attempted. Beginning at 10 A. M. and continuing until the close of each day will find entertainment to educate, to amuse, and to thrill, so that the policy to have something doing very minute will be carried out to the perfect satisfaction of the public, and there is no doubt but the 1918 Fair will exemplify their motto—Bigger, Better each year.

A limited number of tickets of admission have been placed with the Dispatch for the accommodation of its readers and may be obtained at any time before August 29th. The regular admission price is 50c but these tickets may be obtained for 35c each or three for one dollar. We have also a few children's tickets for Children's day, Aug. 31st. These children's tickets are free to children twelve years old or under.

For Prosecutor, J. B. Munsell Jr.

J. B. Munsell Jr. was born in Iosco township 30 years ago. He is a graduate of the Fowlerville High School, graduated from the Detroit College of Law in June, 1910.

During his law school days and for a year after being admitted to the bar he was employed by the Michigan State Telephone company's contract department in the capacity of office manager and late supervisor of collections. In June, 1911, when he resigned his position, the following comment was made by the Detroit Journal:

J. B. Munsell, Jr., who for the past five years has been employed by the Michigan State Telephone Co. in their contract in an executive position, has resigned to practice law. Since the spring of 1908, when he entered the company employ as a clerk his rise has been rapid, having been promoted to office manager within a year. Shortly after graduating from the Detroit college of law he became supervisor of collections. His business like methods and pleasing manner has made many friends both for himself and the telephone company.

Mr. Munsell has formed a partnership with Donald Van Zile and W. J. Hawley under the name of Hawley, Van Zile, and Munsell, with offices at 15 Ford Building.

Early in 1913 Mr. Van Zile became assistant prosecuting attorney of Wayne county and Mr. Munsell returned to Livingston county. The following year he was elected circuit court commissioner over Judge Cole of Fowlerville, and two years ago he was re-elected without opposition.

His legal and business training qualifies him to make an ideal man for the office of prosecuting attorney. She fact that the present incumbent has held the office for three terms and has so often expressed his desire to quit should aid you in deciding your vote at the Primaries, August 27. Adv.

Livingston Y. M. C. A. At the County Fair

A community-wide service will be rendered by the Livingston County Y. M. C. A. Committee by providing a rest tent at the County Fair, August 27-30.

"Meet me at the Y. M. C. A. tent" to be the popular slogan. Look for the big "red triangle".

When you are tired and weary make the tent your headquarters; during the busy, dusty and hot noon luncheon "put up by mother"; as an information bureau questions will be cheerfully answered by the secretary and committee men.

The tent will be under the supervision of the Livingston County Committee and L. M. Clark, County Secretary will be in charge.

Any who may have suggestions to offer concerning any activities that should be undertaken, or who desire further information or seeks co-operation in any good work with boys or young men is invited to see the county secretary.

REGISTRATION NOTICE

Men coming to the age of 21 years since June 5, 1918 are required to register on Saturday, August 24, 1918, by telegram B.—2604 of P. M. G. issued by Provost-Marshal General Crowder under date of August 13, 1918.

Registration will be held at the Local board of Livingston county in Court house between the hours of 7 a. m. and 9 p. m.

Dated Aug. 19, 1918.
F. H. Lare
Secretary Local Board,
Livingston County.

ATTENTION!

As all wholesale firms are demanding cash settlements we must urge allowing us on account to call and balance same not later than August 31st.

Kindly give this your prompt attention, even though your account be small.

Yours respectfully,

MONKS BROS

Floyd W. Munsell IOSCO

Republican candidate in the Primary, Aug. 27 for

COUNTY TREASURER

Would appreciate your support.

DEATH BY LOCKJAW

The many friends of Mr. and Mrs. Berkely Isham of Plainfield will be pained to learn of the sudden death by lockjaw of their oldest child, little eight-year-old Forrest. Funeral services will be held Friday morning from the Plainfield Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Isham was formerly Miss Mable Fish.

Prohibition

Edited by M. E. S.
The sale of liquor and intoxicants of every character in dining cars, restaurants and railroad stations under federal control has been discontinued by W. G. McAdoo, Federal Director of Railroads.

At their recent convention in Lincoln Neb., the Republicans of that state passed resolutions to the nation, endorsing the ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment and equal suffrage.

All brewery advertisements must be removed from refrigerator cars, in accordance with an order of the railroad administration of date July 27.

Wants, For Sale Etc.

MILK, MILK, MILK—Leave your order for evening delivery beginning Sept. 1st. with H. G. Swarthout

CIDER VINEGAR FOR SALE—At the Plainfield Cider Mill. E. T. Bush

FOUND—Automobile Jack. Inquire of E. Farnam

FOR SALE—Small table and one stand. Inquire E. R. Cook.

FOR SALE—Two year old Belgian colt. A "dandy." Roy Hicks.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Residence known as Gilchrist property on West Main St., village of Pinckney. W. P. Vanwinkle, Howell, Mich.

BEST CIDER VINEGAR FOR SALE. John Dinkel.

FOR SERVICE—Registered Duroc Jersey Boar. Fee one dollar at time of service. Hendee Bros.

FOR SALE—Brown mare 6 years old, weight 1500, roan Durham Bull 16 mos. old, good bargains. B. McCluskey.

FOR SALE—Seven head young cattle. Sylvester Harris

WANTED TO BUY—Calves, 2 or 3 days old. Will call for them. Answer by mail. L. F. Mattison. Pinckney.

FOR SALE—A good work horse. Also quantity of good oats. Lawrence Speers.

NOTARY PUBLIC—At the Pinckney Exchange Bank. E. G. Lambertson

WANTED—Rags, rubbers, iron and metal. Highest cash price paid. Claude McKinder, Pinckney.

GERMANS ARE GIVEN NO RESTS BY FRANCO-BRITISH FORCES IN SOMME REGION

Famous Lys Salient Gives Way Under Pressure of British Troops Enemy Forced Back From 1,000 to 2,000 Yards—400 Prisoners Taken.

AMERICANS NOW HOLDING ENTIRE AISNE FRONT

German Aviators Attack U. S. Red Cross Base Killing Three Doctors and Four Men Whom They Were Attending—Two U. S. Aviators Meet Death.

Paris—Gradually the famous Lys salient in the region west of Arras is giving way under pressure of the British. Again Field Marshal Haig's forces have compelled the enemy to seek ground to the eastward where he will be more secure from shells of big guns that for several weeks have been firing criss-cross over the entire salient, working havoc among defenders of the insecure line. Likewise Germans are being given no rest by the Franco-British forces north and south of the Somme and French and Americans along the Vesle and Americans in Lorraine also are harassing them by artillery fire and local attacks. Nowhere has the enemy had the better of an encounter.

Over a front of four miles, between Bailleul and Vieux Berquin, on the Lys sector, the British have forced back the Germans to a depth ranging from 1,000 to 2,000 yards, taking the village of Outtersteen and 400 prisoners. A little to the south along the Lys river, near Merville, the British also have advanced their line, and still farther south, between Arras and Albert, Germans have lost under pressure, of further terrain near Bucquoy. While as a whole the German line between the Somme and the Oise rivers is holding, notwithstanding terrific pounding it is receiving from Allied guns, the British have drawn nearer the road leading from Chaumes to Roye, between Chilly and Fransart, placing Roye in greater jeopardy by attack from the north.

At the same time to the south of Roye, over the four-mile front, between Beuvraignes and Canny-sur-Matz, a violent artillery duel is raging between the French and Germans. It is in this region the French are endeavoring—and in their initial efforts they have met with considerable success—to carry forward their two fold purpose of outflanking both Roye and Laasigny by a drive eastward in the direction of the road leading south-eastward from Roye to Noyon.

Along the Vesle river front, where Americans and French are holding the line against Germans, there has been considerable reciprocal artillery shelling, but with the weight of gun power and of shells resting with Allied troops. They gave the enemy two shells for one.

An indication the German line immediately in front of the French and Americans is thinly held is the fact American patrols at various points have penetrated sectors to the enemy's barbed wire and trenches without encountering infantrymen.

In Lorraine, where Americans captured the village of Frapelle, near St. Die Saturday morning, they have pressed on and gained more ground notwithstanding heavy bombardment by the enemy.

2 American Planes Go Down in Fight.

With the Americans on the Vesle—Troops on this front, near Fismes, saw a spectacular air battle among the clouds Sunday morning while waiting for the cooks to dish up "chow." The fight began at 11 o'clock, when five American planes, flying down to the line on a patrol, were attacked by eight Germans just south of our lines.

Suddenly, amid the circling, we saw two planes crash together, apparently hang suspended in the air for two or three seconds, and then fall apart, plunging earthward. It was easy to observe as they started to fall that the wings on one side of one plane had been completely chipped off. Both fell in the wood southeast of Fismes.

We learned later both were Americans. The other Americans withdrew and our anti-aircraft batteries turned a heavy fire on the Germans. A report came later from the front line that one German was hit and apparently brought down out of control near Fismes.

Canada Loses 50,000 Men.

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada's death toll from four years of war is now approximately 59,000. The loss of men in the Canadian expeditionary force during the four years, including also those incapacitated by wounds, illness, or by other causes, is estimated to be a little over 100,000, or at the rate of about 25,000 per year.

CENTRAL POWERS HINT PEACE OFFENSIVE BY CHRISTMAS, REPORT FROM BERLIN

London—"Peace before Christmas" was discussed at the Teuton Kaisers conference at German headquarters in the field, according to the Amsterdam correspondent of the Daily Express, who adds that an official announcement to this effect was issued at Berlin.

A peace offensive is to be launched immediately by the Central Powers, principal purpose in view being to show the people of Germany and Austria-Hungary, by an Allied rejection of Teutonic peace offer, that the Allies intend to annihilate the Central Powers. The scheme is to strengthen the fast waning war will of the Teutonic peoples, and steel them for horrors and hardships of another war winter.

The Berlin official statement also announces that the Austrian Archduke Charles is to be king of Poland.

German newspapers hint that the forthcoming Teutonic peace offer will include the evacuation of Belgium.

It is further reported that it was decided to place the armies of Germany and Austria-Hungary under a single German command. Turkey and Bulgaria are said to have been invited to place their armies under the same German central leadership.

U. S. Boys Slain Under Red Cross.

With the Americans on the Vesle—The Germans three times in the 48 hours showed utter disregard for the Red Cross flag. On two consecutive nights they bombed one of our field hospitals standing alone in the center of a big field and plainly marked with a big red cross.

Luckily, all bombs fell in soft earth, though one German who slowly circled the building, dropped eight within a short distance while operations were being performed inside.

A chaplain told me how, while he was administering the last rites to our dying, near a field dressing station, a German observation plane swooped very low over the building, which is a farm house standing far from any woods or villages where troops possibly might be quartered, and which has a huge red cross in cloth tacked across its roof.

The German machine rose, apparently signaling the enemy's artillery, and three minutes later a dozen shells descended upon the building. One struck squarely in the dressing station, killing all three doctors and four men whom they were attending. Ten others waiting in line also were killed. The chaplain who told me of the attack was blown across the road.

American Capture Town.

Berlin, via London—"The enemy gained a footing in our front lines at Autrechtes," (in the Solissons sector), says Sunday's war office statement covering Saturday's operations.

"In the Vosges we fell back at Frapelle," continues the statement. (This village was captured by American troops Saturday in a brilliant charge which wiped out a German salient on a Lorraine front.)

"The enemy attacks astride the Avre and on both sides of the Amiens-Montdidier-Roye road as well as in the neighborhood of Chaumes failed."

Bomber Captured in Spain.

Washington.—Robert Fay, who was convicted of placing bombs on ships carrying supplies and troops to Europe and who escaped after being sentenced to the penitentiary, has been apprehended in Spain. Secretary Lansing announced that he is being brought back to the United States without extradition.

Allied Losses Small in Recent Drives.

London.—Proportion of German losses to those of the Allies since August 8 is greater than at any other period of the war, it was announced in London. It is said the total Allied casualties probably will not be as large as the number of Germans taken prisoner.

Michigan News Tersely Told

Pellston—Morris Murray, of this city, is a German prisoner.

Kalamazoo—Physicians have raised their fees. Day calls are \$2 and night visits, \$3.

East Lansing—Qualified veterinarians between 22 and 55 years are again eligible for Army commissions.

Petoskey—Gerald Curley, 18 years old, drowned while swimming at Bay View. The body was recovered.

Mt. Pleasant—An unidentified man tore down an American flag and broke the windows of the Entrekin store.

Albion—The Rev. Elmer E. Vaughan of the Waldron Methodist Church, is leading a campaign to furnish help for farmers.

Bay City—W. G. Pomeroy received honorable mention in the poster competition of the United States Shipping Board.

Port Huron—This city and Sarnia, Ont., across the river, celebrated the report that 70,000 Germans and 700 cannon had been captured.

Lansing—Rains ending a month's drouth have saved corn and bean crops and greatly improved potatoes in Central and Southern Michigan.

Hillsdale—The twenty-fifth annual Grange fair for Southern Michigan and Northern Ohio and Indiana will be held at Camden September 17-20.

Hart—Posses are searching for Oro Kock, 25 years old, who escaped when his home was surrounded. Several relatives are in jail for assisting the fugitive.

Saginaw—Fred W. Arbury, of Detroit, former superintendent of schools in Battle Creek has been appointed superintendent of Saginaw's west side schools.

Owosso—Postmaster H. K. White received word that his son, Lieut. K. White, received serious injuries and may lose his left eye as a result of an airplane accident.

Ann Arbor—A war conference for Southeastern Michigan will be held here about the time of the Michigan State Fair. More than 1,500 delegates are expected.

Muskegon—Fourteen local boys, who declared their intentions of joining the Navy before the recent order halting recruiting, were sent to Detroit for final examinations.

Cadillac—Edward and Herbert Brace of Detroit, were arrested here for stealing an automobile at Spring Bank Park. They will be turned over to Indiana authorities.

Cheboygan—Anthony Malek, of this city, was on board the steamer Merck, lost off Cape Hatteras. Eighteen of the crew were reported saved but the family has received no definite word.

Bay City—Charges of Alderman Dehn, a candidate for the Legislature, that Manager Cleveland, of the Michigan Railway Co., had attempted to bribe him, were not upheld by the council.

Ann Arbor—The official count of students in the summer session of the University of Michigan shows that 1,304 students enrolled this year as against 1,449 a year ago, a loss of 145 students.

Houghton—Mary Thomas, 4 years old, was killed at Green, Ontonagon County, when run down by the automobile of W. J. Schlemz, Chicago salesman, who is under arrest. The victim's father was run down and slightly injured.

Bay City—August Raht former local trolley employe, was arrested in Buffalo at the completion of a sentence there. He is wanted here for an assault on a minor girl. He led a jail delivery here at the time of his local arrest two years ago.

Muskegon—After taking refuge under a tree during a sharp thunder and lightning storm John Heimlo, 16 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. Phillip Heimlo, was struck and instantly killed by lightning. Attempts to resuscitate him with a lung motor failed.

East Lansing—The science and practice of agriculture will be thrown open to women this fall by the Michigan Agricultural college. Young women students will be permitted to substitute such subjects as poultry and dairying for such science as botany and advanced chemistry.

Port Huron—Several Port Huron men who left for France in December to construct barges for French government, have returned, work being completed. Securing of food in France is governed by regulations and war taxes cover everything. A pair of men's shoes cost \$12.50.

Hastings—Reuben Paskill, catcher for the Hastings baseball team several years ago and later first catcher for the Armour Institute team of Chicago, who joined the British Flying corps, downed his first Hun aeroplane July 4, according to word received here. Paskill was widely known in independent circles in the middle west.

Flint—Pickpockets robbed Julius Pawlowski of \$120 on an interurban.

Petoskey—Enoch Coveyou suffered broken ribs when attacked by a bull.

Bravo—Fire destroyed the Whiting & Co. potato crate factory at the loss of \$6,500.

Ionia—Ald. Frank S. Thomas has received a German helmet weighing three pounds.

Manistee—Garfield T. Swansby has qualified as city treasurer, following the resignation of Therwald E. Anderson.

Charlotte—The torn trousers of Seth Dunn, 17 years old, of Lansing, led to his arrest as an automobile thief.

Albion—The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Fredy Demsky was killed in an interurban car while playing in the street.

Port Huron—Military street will be closed for several blocks to aid the Foundation Co., which is building 10 ocean-going tugs.

Hillsdale—Lightning struck the local postoffice, tearing a hole in the roof. All but one out of town telephone line was interrupted.

Ann Arbor—Seven hundred recruits for the mechanical training detachment at the University of Michigan arrived at the university.

Dowagiac—Corp. Floyd Ibbotson, 23 years old, killed in action with the 15th Field Artillery, was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Ibbotson of this city.

Morenci—Miles Barber, 65 years old, one of the best known men of Morenci, committed suicide by taking poison and afterwards hanging himself in his barn.

Albion—Dr. Samuel Dickie, president of Albion College, who was injured by an interurban car, has recovered sufficiently to be taken home from the hospital.

Muskegon—Red Cross nursing will be included in a special course at the Muskegon high school if present plans go through, say members of the local board of education.

Owosso—Mrs. Ida H. Hume, of this city, has been appointed a member of the women's committee on war preparedness to succeed Dean Georgia L. White, formerly of M. A. C.

Petoskey—Warren Olds Ferris, son of Mr. and Mrs. John L. Ferris, has been recommended for special honors for dispatch carrying for the 9th infantry on the night of July 1.

Owosso—Superior Coal Co. has sold its mine in New Haven Township to J. A. Knapp, of Bay City, and N. A. Cobb, of Battle Creek. The output will be increased to 100 tons daily for local markets.

Charlotte—Clinton G. Gribble, of Concord, Mich., was arrested at Eaton Rapids for having a large amount of explosives on his person which he could not account for to the satisfaction of the authorities.

Cheboygan—The gasoline freighter Pathfinder, owned by Albert Bird, of Cheboygan and Mackinac Island, burned recently. A large load of merchandise for the island was destroyed. The loss is estimated at over \$1,000.

Niles—Government agents have brought condemnation proceedings against William H. Mathews, Howard Township farmer, who refuses to sell his land in the tract of 1,000 acres next the Michigan Central just outside the city.

Flint—Further preparation for September registration was made here by appointment of George C. Keller, former mayor, City Clerk D. E. King as a central registration committee to have charge of selection of precinct clerks.

Mt. Clemens—Speedy remedy is promised of the disgraceful condition of the Gratiot road between Mt. Clemens and the Wayne county line. Enough signers have been obtained under the Covert act to insure paving of the road.

Kalamazoo—Mrs. Effie Schakenheiser escaped from the Kalamazoo State Hospital. She was detained by the police, but let go when hospital authorities reported no one missing. Her absence was discovered later, but the police can't find her again.

Portage Center—Lightning struck an automobile in which Robert Van Bohave, Bert Reifnyder and Abram Boodt, of Kalamazoo, were riding. Most of the body of the car was torn away, but the passengers and mechanism were not seriously affected.

Flint—When Edward Smears, brother of Mrs. Flora Dibble, and her son created a disturbance in circuit court and during noon recess attacked Frank Dibble, whom Mrs. Dibble was suing for divorce, Judge E. D. Black fined them \$100 each and turned the money over to Red Cross.

Albion—It is now a certainty that Albion college will be one of the colleges that will form a unit of the students army training corps. Adjutant General McCain has telegraphed Dr. Samuel Dickie, president of the local college, that the Methodist institution had satisfied the conditions prescribed and that steps would be taken at once to establish a unit here.

RICE SHORTAGE IN JAPAN CAUSE RIOTS

IMPORTANT CITIES THROUGHOUT JAPAN REPORT DAMAGE DONE BY FOOD RIOTERS.

EMPEROR GIVES \$5,000,000 FUND

Tokio Under Heavy Military Detachments—Newspapers Forbidden to Publish News of Rice Riots.

Tokio.—Troops have been called out in nearly every important city in Japan on account of food riots. Even the naval station at Maizuru is affected by the unrest. Two thousand workmen there are rioting in conjunction with the populace.

At Nagoya, noted for its manufactures of porcelaines, a mob estimated to aggregate 30,000 persons rioted. At several places soldiers fired on disturbers.

Disturbances at Kobe resulted in burning of a great rice warehouse and several factories and a large number of rice stores.

The seriousness of the situation led to a special meeting of the cabinet, which decided to appropriate \$5,000,000 for purchasing stores of rice for distribution among the people at a moderate price.

The emperor moved by the distress has contributed \$1,500,000 to the national rice fund. Street cars are being utilized in Tokio by soldiers who distribute rice in districts where the suffering is reported.

There is an abundance of rice in the empire, but it is held in storage by farmers and brokers. The government aim has avoided up to this time regulating the price, which, however, has fallen.

Disorders Broke Out in Tokio.

A crowd of 5,000, which was prevented from congregating in the park, marched to the Ginza, the great retail thoroughfare of the city, where they stoned and damaged 200 stores and restaurants, raided rice depots and unsuccessfully attacked the industry of the interior.

Five hundred arrests were made and 50 policemen injured. Tokio is occupied by heavy detachments of police and infantry. Newspapers are forbidden to publish news of any kind relative to the rice riots.

Rioters also entered and pillaged houses in Asabusu, the great recreation resort of the middle and lower classes. Many disturbers were wounded by police.

100 I. W. W. CONVICTED BY JURY

Verdicts Are Returned in Less Than 2 Hours; Longest Trial On Record.

Chicago—A verdict of guilty was returned by the jury against all defendants in the I. W. W. conspiracy trial Saturday after less than two hours' deliberation.

The case lasted more than three months. Attorney Frank K. Nebeker, for the government, concluded his argument in an hour, while Attorney George F. Vanderveer, for the defense, surprised spectators by making none at all.

Before the instructions to the jury were read Judge Landis ordered 83 of the 1,000 defendants, who had been out on bail during progress of the trial, taken into custody and searched to make certain that no weapons were brought into the courtroom.

An extra police guard was on duty when court reconvened Saturday afternoon and every visitor was scrutinized before being admitted.

At 2 o'clock the courtroom was crowded and scores of policemen, detectives and agents of the department of justice circulated among spectators as a precautionary measure.

The I. W. W. trial began April 1 and was one of the longest criminal cases on record. The record contains 30,000 typewritten pages of 7,500,000 words.

MICHIGAN MEN SEEK U. S. RANK

150 From Michigan Have Been Accepted For the Officers Training School.

Atlanta, Ga.—Names of more than 150 Michigan men are contained in the list of civilians who have been accepted for the central officers' training school at Camp Gordon, in a list made public at the camp recently.

The civilians will enter the officers' school from 12 states, names of the accepted applicants from 10 of these states being included in the list below. These states are Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Florida, Kentucky, South Carolina, Ohio, North Carolina, Illinois and Michigan. The course for civilians will open September 1.



"OVER THE TOP"

AN AMERICAN SOLDIER WHO WENT

ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

MACHINE GUNNER, SERVING IN FRANCE

SHOT BY ARTHUR GUY EMPEY

EMPEY HEARS THE STORY OF THE TOMMY WHO HAD A BROAD STREAK OF YELLOW.

Synopsis.—Fired by the sinking of the Lusitania, with the loss of American lives, Arthur Guy Empey, an American living in Jersey City, goes to England and enlists as a private in the British army. After a short experience as a recruiting officer in London, he is sent to training quarters in France, where he first hears the sound of big guns and makes the acquaintance of "cooties." After a brief period of training Empey's company is sent into the front-line trenches, where he takes his first turn on the fire step while the bullets whiz overhead. Empey learns, as comrade falls, that death lurks always in the trenches. Chaplain distinguishes himself by rescuing wounded men under hot fire. With pick and shovel Empey has experience as a trench digger in No Man's Land. Exciting experience on listening post detail. Exciting work on observation post duty. Back in rest billets Empey writes and stages a successful play. Once more in the front trenches, Empey goes "over the top" in a successful but costly attack on the German lines. Soon afterwards Empey and his comrades repulse a determined gas attack launched by the Germans. His next experience is as a member of a firing squad which executes a sentence of death.

CHAPTER XXIV—Continued.

—21—

After standing at "attention" for what seemed a week, though in reality it could not have been over five minutes, we heard a low whispering in our rear and footsteps on the stone flagging of the courtyard.

Our officer reappeared and in a low, but firm voice, ordered:

"About—Turn!"

We turned about. In the gray light of dawn, a few yards in front of me, I could make out a brick wall. Against this wall was a dark form with a white square pinned on its breast. We were supposed to aim at this square. To the right of the form I noticed a white spot on the wall. This would be my target.

"Ready! Aim! Fire!"

The dark form sank into a huddled heap. My bullet sped on its way, and hit the whitish spot on the wall; I could see the splinters fly. Some one else had received the rifle containing the blank cartridge, but my mind was at ease, there was no blood of a Tommy on my hands.

"Order—Arms! About—Turn! Pile—Arms! Stand—Clear."

The stacks were re-formed.

"Quick—March! Right—Wheel!" And we left the scene of execution behind us.

It was now daylight. After marching about five minutes, we were dismissed with the following instructions from the officer in command:

"Return, alone, to your respective companies, and remember, no talking about this affair, or else it will go hard with the guilty ones."

We needed no urging to get away. I did not recognize any of the men on the firing squad; even the officer was a stranger to me.

The victim's relations and friends in Blighty will never know that he was executed; they will be under the impression that he died doing his bit for king and country.

In the public casualty lists his name will appear under the caption "Accidentally Killed," or "Died."

The day after the execution I received orders to report back to the line, and to keep a still tongue in my head.

Executions are a part of the day's work, but the part we hated most of all, I think—certainly the saddest. The British war department is thought by many people to be composed of rigid regulations all wound around with red tape. But it has a heart, and one of the evidences of this is the considerate way in which an execution is concealed and reported to the relative of the unfortunate man. They never know the truth. He is listed in the bulletins as among the "accidentally killed."

In the last ten years I have several times read stories in magazines of cowards changing, in a charge, to heroes. I used to laugh at it. It seemed easy for story-writers, but I said, "Men aren't made that way." But over in France I learned once that the streak of yellow can turn all white. I picked up the story, bit by bit, from the captain of the company, the sentries who guarded the poor fellow, as well as from my own observations. At first I did not realize the whole of his story, but after a week of investigation it stood out as clear in my mind as the mountains of my native West in the spring sunshine. It impressed me so much that I wrote it all down in rest billets on scraps of odd paper. The incidents are, as I say, every bit

true; the feelings of the man are true—I know from all I underwent in the fighting over in France.

We will call him Albert Lloyd. That wasn't his name, but it will do:

Albert Lloyd was what the world terms a coward.

In London they called him a slacker. His country had been at war nearly eighteen months, and still he was not in khaki.

He had no good reason for not enlisting, being alone in the world, having been educated in an orphan asylum, and there being no one dependent upon him for support. He had no good position to lose, and there was no sweetheart to tell him with her lips to go, while her eyes pleaded for him to stay.

Every time he saw a recruiting sergeant he'd slink around the corner out of sight, with a terrible fear gnawing at his heart. When passing the big recruiting posters, and on his way to business and back he passed many, he would pull down his cap and look the other way from that awful finger pointing at him, under the caption, "Your King and Country Need You;" or the boring eyes of Kitchener, which burned into his very soul, causing him to shudder.

Then the Zeppelin raids—during them, he used to crouch in a corner of his boarding-house cellar, whimpering like a whipped puppy and calling upon the Lord to protect him.

Even his landlady despised him, although she had to admit that he was "good pay."

He very seldom read the papers, but one momentous morning the landlady put the morning paper at his place before he came down to breakfast. Taking his seat he read the glaring headline, "Conscription Bill Passed," and nearly fainted. Excusing himself, he stumbled upstairs to his bedroom, with the horror of it gnawing into his vitals.

Having saved up a few pounds, he decided not to leave the house, and to sham sickness, so he stayed in his room and had the landlady serve his meals there.

Every time there was a knock at the door he trembled all over, imagining it was a policeman who had come to take him away to the army.

One morning his fears were realized. Sure enough, there stood a policeman with the fatal paper. Taking it in his trembling hand he read that he, Albert Lloyd, was ordered to report himself to the nearest recruiting station for physical examination. He reported immediately, because he was afraid to disobey.

The doctor looked with approval upon Lloyd's six feet of physical perfection, and thought what a fine guardsman he would make, but examined his heart twice before he passed him as "physically fit;" it was beating so fast.

From the recruiting depot Lloyd was taken, with many others, in charge of a sergeant, to the training depot at Aldershot, where he was given an outfit of khaki, and drew his other equipment. He made a fine-looking soldier, except for the slight shrinking in his shoulders and the hunted look in his eyes.

At the training depot it does not take long to find out a man's character, and Lloyd was promptly dubbed "windy." In the English army "windy" means cowardly.

The smallest recruit in the barracks looked on him with contempt, and was not slow to show it in many ways.

Lloyd was a good soldier, learned quickly, obeyed every order promptly, never groused at the hardest fatigues. He was afraid to. He lived in deadly fear of the officers and "noncoms" over him. They also despised him.

One morning about three months after his enlistment Lloyd's company was paraded, and the names picked out for the next draft to France were read. When his name was called, he did not step out smartly, two paces to the front, and answer cheerfully, "Here, sir," as the others did. He just fainted in the ranks and was carried to barracks amid the sneers of the rest.

That night was an agony of misery to him. He could not sleep. Just cried and whimpered in his bunk, because on the morrow the draft was to sail for France, where he would see death on all sides, and perhaps be killed himself. On the steamer, crossing the channel, he would have jumped overboard to escape, but was afraid of drowning.

Arriving in France, he and the rest were huddled into cattle cars. On the side of each appeared in white letters, "Hommes 40, Chevaux 8." After hours of bumping over the uneven French roadbeds they arrived at the training base of Rouen.

At this place they were put through a week's rigid training in trench warfare. On the morning of the eighth day they paraded at ten o'clock, and were inspected and passed by General H—, then were marched to the quartermaster's, to draw their gas helmets and trench equipment.

At four in the afternoon they were again hustled into cattle cars. This time the journey lasted two days. They disembarked at the town of Frevet and could hear a distant dull booming. With knees shaking, Lloyd asked the sergeant what the noise was, and nearly dropped when the sergeant replied in a somewhat bored tone:

"Oh, them's the guns up the line. We'll be up there in a couple o' days or so. Don't worry, my laddie, you'll see more of 'em than you want before you get 'ome to Blighty again, that is, if you're lucky enough to get back. Now lend a hand there unloadin' them cars, and quit that everlastin' shakin'. I believe yer scared." The last with a contemptuous sneer.

They marched ten kilos, full pack, to a little dilapidated village, and the sound of the guns grew louder, constantly louder.

The village was full of soldiers who turned out to inspect the new draft, the men who were shortly to be their mates in the trenches, for they were going "up the line" on the morrow, to "take over" their certain sector of trenches.

The draft was paraded in front of battalion headquarters and the men were assigned to companies.

Lloyd was the only man assigned to D company. Perhaps the officer in charge of the draft had something to do with it, for he called Lloyd aside and said:

"Lloyd, you are going to a new com-

pany. No one knows you. Your belt will be as you make it, so for God's sake, brace up and be a man. I think you have the stuff in you, my boy, so good-by and the best of luck to you."

The next day the battalion took over their part of the trenches. It happened to be a very quiet day. The artillery behind the lines was still, except for an occasional shell sent over to let the Germans know the gunners were not asleep.

In the darkness, in single file, the company slowly wended their way down the communication trench to the front line. No one noticed Lloyd's white and drawn face.

After they had relieved the company in the trenches, Lloyd, with two of the old company men, was put on guard in one of the traverses. Not a shot was fired from the German lines, and no one paid any attention to him crouched on the firing step.

On the first time in, a new recruit is not required to stand with his head "over the top." He only "sits it out," while the older men keep watch.

At about ten o'clock, all of a sudden, he thought hell had broken loose, and crouched and shivered up against the parapet. Shells started bursting, as he imagined, right in their trench, when in fact they were landing about a hundred yards in rear of them, in the second line.

One of the older men on guard, turning to his mate, said:

"There goes Fritz with those d—d trench mortars again. It's about time our artillery 'taped' them, and sent over a few. Well, I'll be d—d, where's that blighter of a draft man gone to? There's his rifle leaning against the parapet. He must have legged it. Just keep your eye peeled, Dick, while I report it to the sergeant. I wonder if the fool knows he can be shot for such tricks as leavin' his post?"

Lloyd had gone. When the trench mortars opened up, a maddening terror seized him and he wanted to run, to get away from that horrible din, anywhere to safety. No quietly sneaking around the traverse, he came to the entrance of a communication trench, and ran madly and blindly down it, running into traverses, stumbling into muddy holes, and falling full length over trench grids.

Groping blindly, with his arms stretched out in front of him, he at last came out of the trench into the village, or what used to be a village, before the German artillery razed it.

Mixed with his fear, he had a peculiar sort of cunning, which whispered to him to avoid all sentries, because if they saw him he would be sent back to that awful destruction in the front line, and perhaps be killed or maimed. The thought made him shudder, the cold sweat coming out in beads on his face.

Empey learns that a streak of yellow sometimes can turn all white. He tells the unusual story in the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

LIQUIDATES DEBT TO FRANCE

In Sending Prune Trees to Devastated Country, California Is Repaying an Obligation.

California is generously sending a million and a half two-year-old prune trees to help in restoring the French orchards, and enough seed beans to plant 80,000 acres. Canada is undertaking the planting of thousands of Canadian maples in France. It is pleasant also to know that there is to be no lack of outside help for the devastated towns, observes Christian Science Monitor, in stating these facts. English and American architects are at work on plans for new buildings to replace those razed by the guns, both in Belgium and in France.

The Indianapolis News sees sentiment in the prune tree transaction. It says: "These trees are expected to convert 15,000 acres into bearing orchards in two years. It was France which, in 1856, gave to California her first prune trees. The prune, which since then has filled many a gap on the table of the American boarding houses, and has borne the brunt of many a jest, keeps right on proving its worth."

Australian Wool Romance.

Australian wool, on which has been built up much of the colonial prosperity justly celebrated, has a most romantic history. Its real hero was a certain Capt. John Macarthur, a soldier of the crown, whose father had fought with Prince Charlie at Culloden. Settling in New South Wales soon after Governor Phillip arrived there, he saw the possibilities for growing fine wool and by the luckiest accident was able in 1796 to import five merino ewes and three rams from Cape Colony. They had been presented to the Dutch government there by the king of Spain from the famed Escorial flock. These, judiciously added to by Macarthur, were the beginnings of the vast Australian sheep industry of today. The first shipment of colonial wool was 245 pounds, in 1807, and now the export runs into hundreds of millions.

Galluses Vindicated.

After blaming everything from grape seeds to patent flour for appendicitis, the medical sharks have finally landed on the trousers belt. They say appendicitis never became prevalent until the belt came into general use. For many years the humble suspender has been held up to scorn. Men, if their architecture refused to lend itself to belts, were forced to harbor suspenders as they did a secret sorrow. All sorts of subterfuges were invented, such as invisible suspenders, camouflaged beneath the outer garment. For, be it known, there is none so wretched as the man whose sky line is not adapted to belts, trying to maintain the status quo ante, and look unconcerned at the same time. Now one may wear suspenders and look the world in the face.—Wichita Beacon.

Stand While Typewriting.

Officials in the French army do not believe that the most efficient service is obtained from members of the military clerical force when the latter sit at their desks practically all day without interruption, according to the Popular Mechanics magazine. Thus the French government has installed, for the use of army clerks, typewriter stands so made that each machine is alternately raised and lowered each half hour. The innovation is reported to have proved very beneficial.

Not Improbable.

"Are you friendly with the policeman on your block?" "Oh, we speak cordially enough," said the citizen of a "dry" town, "but I was carrying home a box of shoes the other day and dropped it on the pavement. The package began to leak and ever since then I've had an idea that he regards me with suspicion."—Birmingham Age-Herald.

Saving Theory.

"Billings isn't very generous, with all his money is he?" "No; he holds that wealth is a burden, and that it is not fair to put one's burdens on other people's shoulders."

TOO WEAK TO FIGHT

The "Come-back" man was really never down-and-out. His weakened condition because of overwork, lack of exercise, improper eating and living demands stimulation to satisfy the cry for a health-giving appetite and the refreshing sleep essential to strength. GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules, the National Remedy of Holland, will do the work. They are wonderful. Three of these capsules each day will put a man on his feet before he knows it; whether his trouble comes from uric acid poisoning, the kidneys, gravel or stone in the bladder, stomach derangement or other ailments that befell the over-zealous American. The best known, most reliable remedy for these troubles is GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. This remedy has stood the test for more than 200 years since its discovery in the ancient laboratories in Holland. It acts directly and gives relief at once. Don't wait until you are entirely down-and-out, but take them today. Your druggist will gladly refund your money if they do not help you. Accept no substitutes. Look for the name GOLD MEDAL on every box, three sizes. They are the pure, original, imported Haarlem Oil Capsules.—Adv.

STAGGERED HIM A LITTLE

As It Sounded to Youth, the Young Lady Had Put a Very Direct Question.

This is the first one—or at least among the first—that has been wafted down by the breezes of Lake Michigan. The time is a beautiful, moonless night. The place—the hotel at Macatawa Park. The girl—well, the girl was there, too.

They had just completed the fifth dance—three couples and some thirty-odd girls—and they had strolled out on to the balcony to rest. He, just out of high school, and she, out of high school also, but a little farther out, occupied the end of the rail, and a long line of fluffy pink and white with scarcely a touch of relieving black stretched on out the length of the portico toward the lake.

"So," he said, beginning the conversation, "you are from Indiana?" "You're mighty right," she answered. "Hoosier girl."

He stammered and stammered. "Why—er—really—" he said, "that is, I don't know—I mean I haven't decided yet who."—Indianapolis News.

CALL WAS FOR "OPERATORS"

And Sapper Black Felt Justified in Believing He Came Within That Classification.

The new-formed signal company had just assembled on parade, and the O. C. was classifying his men for their various duties. "Fall out any operators," he shouted. A number of telegraphists promptly stepped to the rear, but the O. C. was surprised to notice Sapper Black among the party.

"Are you a competent operator?" inquired the O. C.

"Yes, sir," was the immediate response.

"And your speed of working?" "Five thousand feet per hour."

"Five thousand what?" roared the O. C. "Telegraph operators don't send messages by the yard!"

"Perhaps not, sir," replied Black; "but, you see, I'm not a telegraph operator; I'm a cinematograph operator."—London Answers.

His Wish.

"So your wife is doing her canning?" "Yes, putting up a little fruit for the winter, but I wish there was a way we could can a little sugar and coal for the long, cold days."

Big Game.

Excited Customer—A penny mouse-trap, please, and hurry up; I want to catch a train!

Children Like
the attractive flavor of the healthful cereal drink

POSTUM

And it's fine for them too, for it contains nothing harmful—only the goodness of wheat and pure molasses.

POSTUM is now regularly used in place of tea and coffee in many of the best of families.

Wholesome, economical and healthful.

"There's a Reason"

PINCKNEY MARKET

Having purchased the Pinckney Market, I am prepared to supply your needs in the line of fresh, salted and smoked meats, sausages, pressed meats etc. Am also prepared to pay the highest cash price for eggs, poultry and veal. Soliciting your patronage.

WM. SEEHAFFER

Better Babies Contest

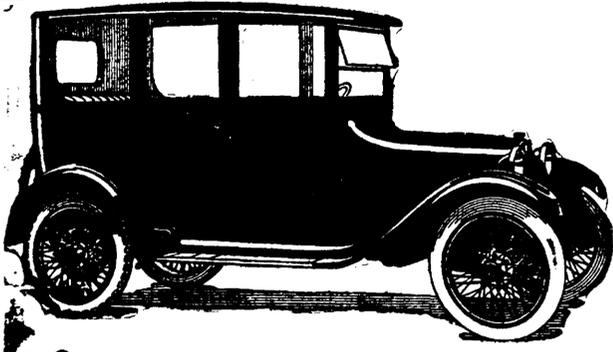
You have the best baby in the State
Take him or her to the State Fair.

Prizes for both boys and girls, city or rural babies, 12 months and 24 months and under.

\$25.00 scientific examination free.

Numerous prizes.

Call the Dispatch for particulars.



DODGE BROTHERS CLOSED CAR

In less than three years more than Two Hundred Thousand Dodge Bros. Motor Cars have been placed on the market.

That means 200,000 well satisfied motorists, many of whom live near you.

Ask any Dodge owner how he likes his car—HE KNOWS how smoothly and how economically it runs and is so well satisfied that he likes to tell about it. Touring Car \$985.00

A. H. FLINTOFT
PINCKNEY GARAGE

EGGS POULTRY VEAL

Will take eggs 6 days each week. Poultry and Veal Wednesday morning. Highest price paid at all times.

JOHN C. DINKEL.

DO YOU ENJOY READING THE DISPATCH?

Your back subscription will help us make a Better paper.



Henry M. Wines

Candidate on the Republican Ticket for the Office of

COUNTY TREASURER

Your Vote at the Primaries

August 27

Will be Appreciated

South Iosco

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Lamborn, Beatrice Lamborn, Mrs. C. Whitehead, and Lucy Mowers visited Frank Hinchey of Silver Lake Sunday.

Martin Anderson and family and Mr. and Mrs. Will White visited at Wm. Cheskey's Sunday.

Beatrice Lamborne spent Saturday with Mrs. Walter Miller.

Miss Jennie Black of St. Johns is visiting at the Watters brothers.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Roberts called at L. T. Lamborn's Saturday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Graham of Detroit are visiting at M. C. Dunn's.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Kenyon and Jester Cramer called on Marion friends Sunday.

Joe Roberts and wife were Webberville visitors Sunday.

Mrs. L. T. Lamborn and grand-daughter spent Friday with Walter Miller.

North Lake

Ralph Deisenroth spent Thursday in Jackson where he attended the funeral of a friend.

Mr. and Mrs. Edw. Moulton of Addison spent part of last week with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Fuller.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Glenn of Lima and Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nesbit and daughter of Detroit spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Glenn.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gilbert, Miss Iva Mohoiook and Wm. Hankerd spent Sunday in Detroit.

Jack and Eleanor Gilbert of Detroit are visiting at the home of their grandmother, Mrs. Mary Gilbert.

Miss Alice Murphy of Lyndon is spending several days with Mrs. Daniel Reilly.

The L. A. S. of the North Lake church will give an ice cream social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chester Scouten Friday evening, August 23. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pratt and sons spent Sunday with relatives in Toledo.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Stoffer and daughter Irene are spending some time with relatives in Mishawaka, Ind.

Orla and Glenn Hinchey of Pinckney spent Saturday at Frank Hinchey's.

Mrs. Jonks, Red Cross nurse, of Ann Arbor and instructor of the home service class at North Lake, with her class met at the home of Mrs. Edward Daniels Thursday afternoon.

The Eight Week Club will be entertained at the home of Miss Carmen Leland Friday afternoon, August 23.

An Awkward Situation

J. B. Munsell Jr., Republican candidate for the nomination for prosecuting attorney has no quarrel with the present holder of this office nor has he any criticisms to offer in regard to his official, political or personal conduct during the 20 years since he first entered county office.

Two years ago no Republican petitions were filed for the office of prosecuting attorney. Mr. Lyons was given the nomination for a third term by having his name written on the ballot at the primaries. He at once offered to withdraw if any would take the nomination.

This year he again declined to enter the primaries but during his recent illness friends filed his petition.

This makes the situation exceedingly awkward for Mr. Munsell as he was assured by Mr. Lyons that he was not in the race for a third term. It is also unfortunate for Mr. Lyons that he became a candidate under such peculiar circumstances.

DANCE AT LAKE LAND

Tuesday evening, August 27, there be a dance at Watters Pavilion, Lakeland. Ike Fisher's first orchestra will furnish the music. Everybody invited.

MOST DESIRABLE

During the heated term is the knowledge that your "Eats" are

ABSOLUTELY FRESH

Our stock of groceries is Strictly New. No stale, shelf-aged goods. If you have favored us with your patronage YOU KNOW IT.

Highest prices paid for Butter and eggs.

CREAM

Mr. Amos Clinton will receive Cream at our store every Wednesday. Satisfaction guaranteed, both for price and test.

L. E. RICHARDS

ATTENTION

FARMERS!

To close out we will sell the following at less than wholesale cost.

Roderick Lean Riding 8 tooth Cultivators	\$35.00
5ft Deering or McCormick Mowers	\$75.00
6ft Deering or McCormick Binders	\$210.00
Standard Binding Twine	26c
South Bend 8 tooth Walking Cultivators	\$28.00

Jeepie Hardware Co.

AUCTION

Saturday, August 31st

One O'Clock Sharp

F. E. IVES,

Auctioneer

My son having gone to the army, I will sell at Public Auction at the residence of Geo. L. Richmond, two miles east of Gregory and two miles west of Anderson on Saturday afternoon, August 31st, the following personal property:

Horse age 7, mare age 4, yearling colt, cow, 2 yearlings, 4 sheep.

Corn binder, Manure spreader, Horse corn planter, McCormick mower, 2 horse cultivator, Riding plow, Walking plow, Spiketooth harrow, Double harness, Single harness, Single buggy and numerous other articles.

MRS. EVA RICHMOND

FLANDERS FIELD

Lieutenant-Colonel John C. McCrea, after serving with the British in Flanders, wrote a short poem which was printed in Punch. During the war men serving in the field have often several that will live long after they themselves have been resolved in dust. Taking high rank among the noble offerings is Colonel McCrea's poem, in Flanders Fields. We give it here:

In Flanders Fields the poppies grow
Between the crosses, row on row,
That mark our place, while in the sky
The birds, still singing bravely, fly
And amid the guns below.

Remember the dead. Short days ago
They fell, and saw sunset's glow,
And were loved, and now we lie
In Flanders Fields.

Put up our quarrel with the foe;
To you, from falling hands, we throw
The torch, be yours to hold it high;
If break faith with us who die
We shall not sleep, though poppies blow
In Flanders Fields.

Colonel McCrea himself now sleeps in Flanders Fields. New rows of crosses have been added to the old. There in the long alignment he has found his rest. He who lived, fell down, saw sunset's glow, loved and was loved, now with his comrades lies in Flanders Fields. Let us take up his quarrel with the foe. To us he flung the torch. It is ours to hold it high and carry it on. As we keep faith so shall they sleep well where poppies blow on Flanders Fields.

It is not for all of us to serve in the trenches. For every one who takes his place in the trenches scores must remain at home. We, too, can help—we can be torch bearers. It is as we buy bonds we keep our faith with those who fought our fight, and dying, died trusting trust in us. Shall they have died in vain? Shall their trust be broken?

"Our Pilgrim fathers lived entirely without wheat, and surely no one ever depended upon them as weaklings," said J. N. Hurty, secretary of the Indiana State Board of Health, and one of the most famous "health cranks" in the world. Dr. Hurty sees nothing unreasonable in the Food Administration's appeal for an entirely wheatless diet.

GOING WITHOUT WHEAT

Bread and milk make a meal; so will mush and milk.
Bread and gravy go together; potatoes and gravy are just as nourishing.

Toast and fruit are fine for breakfast; but any other cereal with fruit will stay the stomach as effectively.

Griddle cakes, muffins, all sort of quick breads, can be filling and appetizing without any wheat.

There is one test. Wherever bread is used for convenience, that is the place to leave it out.

America Deeper In This War Than Any Other Nation

By President Ray Lyman Wilbur, of Stanford University.

We must realize that we are deeper in this war than any other nation, for we have said, through our President, that our peace is to be with the German people, not with the Hohenzollern. We have then the problem of providing the additional offensive strength needed to defeat the greatest war lord in history with millions of trained veterans under his control. To do this, we must see the issues clearly and back up those at the front by our actions each hour of each day. The morale of the fighting armies will settle this war. We must see that the morale of our men and that of those who fight with us is kept at high tide. We can do so if they can feel our support all of the time.

Now is the great opportunity of the American people to demonstrate that our form of government is a success. If we do not all of us, at once, voluntarily and willingly get behind those who fight and die for us, in every phase of our life, and now particularly realize that food is powder to win the war, then we are going to fall in this, our immediate pressing duty, and be a despised and humiliated nation. We must be a great united democracy fighting our way forward toward a final victory. There can be but one outcome of this war and we must steel ourselves for any misfortune, for any reverse, with our minds united and fixed upon the idea of a final victory.

NEW MODEL RURAL SCHOOL HOUSE AT MICH. STATE FAIR

STRUCTURE JUST COMPLETED CONTAINS EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE AND LATEST DEVICE.

ARCHITECTURALLY PERFECT

Erected And Equipped As Model For District Committees Constructing New Seats of Learning.

With the completion of the model rural school house, on the grounds of the Michigan State Fair, at Detroit, a long felt need for a structure of this nature, centrally located, has been fulfilled. The movement for standard rural schools in Michigan has gained great momentum and it is for the purpose of assisting in this public enterprise that G. W. Dickinson, Secretary-Manager of the Fair Association, provided a site for the building and superintended its erection.

Since the inception of the standard rural school house propaganda, State Superintendent of Public Instruction Keeler has deemed it necessary to have a model school where school committees could visit it and secure suggestions. With this idea in mind he conferred with Mr. Dickinson and the structure has been erected under plans prepared by the state department. It will be completely equipped and ready for inspection during the Fair to be held in Detroit, August 20—September 8.

Built On Scientific Plans.

The new edifice was constructed according to the latest and most scientific plans which have been drawn for rural schools and includes every modern convenience manufactured for such purposes. State authorities declare it is the finest structure of its kind in Michigan and when equipped will be the acme of perfection.

Particular attention was given the lighting system by the architects. Windows were installed in but one side of the building and the rays of light are distributed equally throughout the room, coming over the left shoulder of the student so he may see his work without any effort. Heating and ventilating arrangements have been made on the most healthful basis, eliminating drafts and effecting a uniform distribution of the heat. The health of the students depends largely on heat and ventilation. A basement hot air furnace, with side wall registers, has been installed and the fresh air vents have been arranged to conform with this system.

Every Modern Convenience.

Toilets, one of the most vital features of the standard school, are of the latest approved designs. Two systems of the modern waterless type have been installed in order to give the committees a selection. The water supply will be furnished from sanitary water coolers especially constructed for use in rural schools.

The library will be provided by the state. It is being selected under the supervision of Mary E. Spencer, state librarian, and will be adapted particularly to rural school needs. Seating facilities, cloak room equipment and every modern convenience of the most recent designs have been secured. During the ten days of the Fair attendants will be stationed in the building to explain and demonstrate the benefits to the scholar. Good health is the greatest incentive to quick perception and it with the idea of benefiting the students of Michigan that Mr. Dickinson has taken particular interest in making the new building as near perfect as possible.

Novel Bed for Paralytics.

One of the great problems in certain cases of spinal wounds with paralysis is how to move the patient sufficiently to make his bed and tend his wounds without increasing his sufferings by moving him. The new bed solves the problem. Surrounding the bed just at the edge of the mattress is a rectangular framework of hollow metal piping. Connecting the two parallel sides are broad bands of webbing stretched across the mattress, and on these the patient lies. The two short sides of the framework, the one at the head of the bed and the other at the foot, are connected by a geared wheel with a vertical steel post so that by simply turning a handle at the head or foot of the bed the framework, with the patient lying on the webbing, can be lifted off the mattress without his position being changed in the least.



An Endorsement of Truman H. Newberry for United States Senator from Michigan Prominently Identified with the Agricultural Interests of Michigan

BELIEVING as we do that Michigan should elect this fall a United States Senator who is, and has been, interested in and conversant with public affairs; a man of sound judgment, and continuity of purpose; a man whose one hundred per cent patriotism cannot be questioned; and a man who has given sufficient study and thought to the matter of national and international policies to enable him to determine for himself where he stands and what he stands for; and believing that Truman H. Newberry, of Detroit, conforms to this standard, we endorse his candidacy and agree to support him at the primaries and at the election.

- M. P. HULL, Ex-Master State Grange and President, Grange Life Insurance Company, Lansing.
- JASON WOODMAN, Grange Lecturer; Member State Board of Agriculture, Paw Paw.
- JAMES N. McBRIDE, State Market Director, Burton.
- T. F. MARSTON, Secretary North-Eastern Michigan Development Bureau, Bay City.
- THOMAS READ, State Representative, Shelby.
- CHARLES B. SCULLY, State Senator, Almont, and President of State Farmers' Clubs.
- ALFRED ALLEN, Secretary State Fairs Commission, Mason.
- M. E. POWELL, General Field Lecturer, State Grange, Ionia.
- FRANK COWARD, Treasurer, State Grange, Bronson.
- C. H. BRAMBLE, Overseer, Michigan State Grange, Tecumseh.
- A. L. CHANDLER, Corunna.
- ROBERT D. GRAHAM, Member State Board of Agriculture, Grand Rapids.
- THOMAS H. McNAUGHTON, Ex-State Senator, General Field Lecturer, Michigan State Grange, Ada.
- FRED L. DEAN, Sheridan.
- C. F. HAINLINE, Vice-President, State Milk Producers' Association, Alma.
- COMFORT A. TYLER, Coldwater.
- MORRIS S. EARLE, Detroit, father of Good Roads.
- COLON P. CAMPBELL, Ex-Speaker, House of Representatives, Grand Rapids.
- C. HUNBERGER, Director, Michigan Expedition Association, Grand Rapids.
- C. S. BARTLETT, General Field Lecturer, Michigan State Grange, Pontiac.
- HON. ANDREW CAMPBELL, Ann Arbor.
- CHARLES SALEWSKI, Member Board of Control, State Prison in the Upper Peninsula, Ingalls.
- DAVID WALKINSHAW, Marshall.
- JACOB F. HARTSIO, Warren.
- C. H. JOSE, Mt. Clemens.
- CHARLES H. WHITTUM, Eaton Rapids.
- J. GILMAN, Eaton Rapids.
- FRED H. KINGSTON, Monroe.
- A. T. BORDINE, Dundee.
- H. E. RISING, Hastings.
- ARTHUR L. CRIDLER, Hastings.
- GEORGE E. WALKER, Richland.
- ROLAND MORRILL, Farmers' Institute Lecturer, Benton Harbor.
- ROBERT SHERWOOD, Benton Harbor.
- SILAS MUNSELL, Howell.
- MORACE W. NORTON, Howell.
- JOHN RAUCHOLTZ, Former Chairman Board of Supervisors, Saginaw.
- JACOB DEGUSS, Manager, Prairie Farm and Member Executive Committee, Michigan Live Stock Association, Saginaw.
- JOHN H. DODD, President, Lapeer County Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Company, Lapeer.
- GEORGE HARVEY, Lum, Lapeer County.

- GRANT H. SMITH, Supervisor, Lexington.
- ALVARADO HAYWOOD, Supervisor, Brown City.
- ARTHUR M. SMITH, President, State Potato Growers' Association, Lake City.
- JAMES ENGLISH, Former Superintendent-Blodgett Farms, Luam.
- R. C. REED, President, Michigan Milk Producers' Association, Howell.
- JOHN R. WYLIE, Shelby.
- CHAS. S. BINGHAM, President, State Horticultural Society, Franklyn.
- ROBERT W. MALCOLM, President, Farmers' Monitor Insurance Company, Commerce.
- EDWARD ROGERS, Clay Banks, Oceana Co.
- ROBERT BARNEY, President, Grand Traverse Region Fair Association, Traverse City.
- GEORGE W. ARNOLD, Master Grange, Williamsburg, Grand Traverse County.
- WILLIAM D. WRIGHT, Petoskey.
- EDWIN ROBBINS, President, Hilldale County Agricultural Society, Pittsford.
- F. S. FOOTE, Member Executive Committee, Saginaw Grange, and Editor Saginaw Valley Farmer, Saginaw.
- E. J. SMITH, Cheboygan.
- FRANK FORD, Cheboygan.
- FRANK B. KENNEDY, Quincy.
- JUDSON W. BROWN, Coldwater.
- CARL LOWERY, Berlin Township, Ionia Co.
- F. H. VANDENBOOM, Marquette.
- W. S. EWING, Representative, State Legislature, Marquette.
- JOHN HUNT, Verona, Huron County.
- FRANK KINCH, Port Austin.
- WILLIAM STEIN, Windsor Township, Huron County.
- GUY W. SLACK, Director, Western Michigan Development Bureau, Cadillac.
- E. M. SHEERBURNE, Supervisor Antioch Township, Westford County.
- WILLIAM H. KLINE, Supervisor, Fruitport, Muskegon County.
- MACDONALD RESIDE, Supervisor, Dalton Township, Muskegon County.
- WILLIAM HARRISON, Constantine.
- JOHN H. FRISBIE, Leonidas, St. Joseph Co.
- ARLIE L. HOPKINS, State Representative, Bear Lake, Manistee County.
- JOHN BRADFORD, State Good Roads Instructor, Arcadia, Manistee County.
- CLAYTON J. THOMAS, Owosso.
- AMOS PARMENTER, Durand.
- ALBERT SEIBERT, St. Johns.
- JOHN WILEY, Blissfield, Lenawee County.
- THOMAS KNIGHT, St. Johns.
- JEDD E. BLAKE, Ex-Superintendent, Michigan State Prison Farms, Jackson.
- WILLIAM A. REED, President Jackson County Agricultural Society, Hanover.
- WILLIAM H. NASH, Manager Gladwin County Farmers' Shipping Association.
- FRANK LEONARD, Ex-County Treasurer Gladwin Co.
- JOHN T. RORICK, Seneca, Lenawee County.



DELCO LIGHT

Come to the Livingston County Fair prepared to investigate

DELCO LIGHT

The Successful Farm Lighting Plant

D. W. GRIFFIN

Dealer for Livingston Co. Fowlerville, Mich

390
150
540
150

Newberry Will Win

He Will Receive More Votes Than the Combined Votes of the Candidates Against Him, Says Paul H. King.

"Truman H. Newberry will be nominated for United States senator in the Republican primary next Tuesday, August 27," said Paul H. King, executive chairman of the Newberry Senatorial Committee to the press of Michigan yesterday.

"Commander Newberry is going to win because the people of Michigan demand a thoroughgoing American at this time. And when brains, experience and good judgment are coupled with sturdy Americanism, the combination is one which especially appeals to the business man, the farmer, the working man, and, above all, to the voters who have sons or brothers in the service.

"Our campaign has been one of publicity—frank, straightforward and clean-cut, and it is going to bring success.

"We are going to win and win big. Reports from every part of the state indicate that Commander Newberry will receive more votes than the combined votes of the candidates against him."

The Man Who Should Be Senator.

At the approaching primary election, Michigan is to select party candidates for a United States senatorship. The voters of the state in going about this business ought to give their first consideration and their last consideration to the question of fitness. They should ask who among those that aspire is most likely to become a constructive factor in the upper house through development of the qualities of statesmanship?

Considering the matter from this viewpoint of efficiency and service, it seems to The Free Press that the most promising of all the candidates in the field, indeed the only promising candidate in the field, is Truman H. Newberry, aspirant for the Republican nomination and at present serving his country in the navy of the United States with the rank of commander.

Mr. Newberry has the temperament and the experience which make the foundations of good senatorial service. He has a varied and sound knowledge of practical business. He possesses clear conceptions of the big economic issues and problems of the country. He has intelligent ideas on the theory of American government. He recognizes and respects the place of party and party alignment and party tradition in our political system.

Mr. Newberry also knows something about Washington, and the demands and ramifications of official life there, for he spent some years of public service in the national capital, first as assistant secretary of the navy and later as secretary of the navy. This experience alone would make him valuable in the upper house of congress at the present moment. Mr. Newberry will not be a spectacular senator if he is selected by the people of Michigan to represent them. He will lack visionary fads. He never has fitted out a peace ship. On the contrary, he was one of the organizers of the Michigan State Naval brigade, he served in the United States fleet throughout the Spanish-American war, as he and his two sons are serving in the present war, and he has been a persistent believer in national preparedness. He is an orthodox, thorough-going American.

Nor will Mr. Newberry be a specialist in fantastic figures of speech and extravagant rhetoric. Michigan need never expect to hear that he has been responsible for any wierd oratorical display.

But Mr. Newberry will, if given the opportunity, make a cheerful, conscientious, business-like, efficient and, we believe, able senator who will command the respect and confidence of his colleagues and have influence with them. He will represent his state honorably and creditably, and he will give his country valuable service.—Detroit Free Press.

RIGID SAVING IN FOOD ASKED

Allied Directors Say Situation Now Good But Must Plan For Future.

LARGE RESERVE IS NEEDED

New York, Aug. 2.—The federal food board made public Thursday night the text of a joint resolution adopted by the food controllers of the United States, France, Italy and Great Britain and received from abroad from Federal Administrator Hoover with the request that it be given "wide publicity." The text follows:

"Resolved, That while the increased production of the United States renders it possible to relax some of the restrictions which have borne with peculiar hardship on all people it is absolutely necessary that rigid econ-

omy and elimination of waste in the consumption and in the handling of foodstuffs as well as increased production should be maintained throughout the European allied countries and North America.

"But it is only by conservation and elimination of waste that the transportation of food supplies from North America to the European front can be accomplished and that stocks of foodstuffs can be built up in North America as an insurance against the ever present danger of harvest failure and the possible necessity for large and emergency drafts to Europe. We cannot judge the food problem on the basis of one year's war. We must be prepared for its continuance if we are to insure absolute prosperity."

UNITED STATE FOOD ADMINISTRATION FOOD CONTROL IN AMERICA

By willing service of a free people to do these things:

To feed the Allies that they may continue to fight.

To feed the hungry in Belgium and other lands that they may continue to live.

To feed our own soldiers overseas that they may want nothing.

To keep prices steady and the flow of distribution even that the poor at home may be fed.

To make everyone's effort count its utmost for winning the war for freedom.

FOOD CONTROL IN AMERICA IS OF AND FOR THE PEOPLE.

RACING HORSES AT STATE FAIR TO BE QUALITY

SPEEDSTERS FROM ONTARIO, INDIANA AND ILLINOIS WILL COMPETE THE 1918 EVENTS.

UNIFORM PURSES OF \$500

Rivalry Among Three-Year-Olds Intensified Through Futurity Promoted By Michigan Horse Breeders' Association.

Since the first Michigan State Fair in Detroit the trotters and pacers have been assigned prominent parts in the scheme for the entertainment of citizens. There are men who will tell of the sport when state fairs were held south of the Grand Boulevard in sections where now are residential centers. Several cities have had the honor of being the home of the state fair and always the management has included horse racing among the sports that filled the grand stand.

When the present grounds were laid out a mile track was constructed, and from the very first it became popular. For years racing was confined to its velvet surface and, upon the abandonment of the famous Grosse Pointe oval, the grand circuit staged its annual visit on this track. Some years there were two of these trips to Detroit of the equine kings and queens, but upon the construction of the half mile track inside of the larger ring G. W. Dickinson, Secretary-Manager of the Fair Association, decided to feature the lesser lights of turfdom at the State Fairs.

Fair goers generally like the half-mile track performances better than they do contests on the mile ring. In the instance of Detroit this has been made plain by the monster throngs in the grand stand which prompted the management to put on a program unexcelled among fairs. This arrangement releases the homestretch of the mile track and permits of the running of a horse show, in other words staging a continuous performance and introducing types which include greatest speed at the trot and pace, most ability in clearing the bars of the hurdles and finest appearance when on parade before the critical eyes of the judges.

The race program this year is one of quality. It will bring to the State Fair, Detroit, August 30—September 8, not only the horses that have been battling for purse money on the tracks of the Short Ship Circuit cities, but a number from the Ohio circuit, from Ontario, Indiana, Illinois, and more distant states.

Uniform purses of \$500 are provided for all of the regular classes, entries to which close on August 20, and there is a feature in the racing of the two divisions of the Futurity promoted by the Michigan Trotting Horse Breeders' Association. This event is for three-year-olds and there is great rivalry among the breeders of the state, for victory in either division is the realization of fond hopes which have followed the colt since the days when he first opened his eyes.

Don't Forget About The Fifth Annual LIVINGSTON COUNTY FAIR AT HOWELL, MICH. August 27, 28, 29 and 30

The Bobker Ben-Ali Troupe

Of pyramid builders and whirlwind tumblers will perform in front of the Grand Stand, twice daily. This is a State Fair Act and this troupe is absolutely unsurpassed in their line. It consists of 7 grown Arabs and the "Midget" Salaam, who, when he travelled with Ringling Brothers' Circus, was featured all over the country as "Ink Spot." They will surely keep the crowd wild with delight during their performance.

The Music

The music for the Grand Stand will be furnished by "Ike Fisher's Celebrated Orchestra," accompanied by a celebrated "Vocal Soloist."

Children's Day

Wednesday, August 28th will be Children's Day and all children under 12 years old will be admitted FREE, and on that afternoon the Orchestra will be assisted by "Bud" Fisher, said to be the youngest "Jazz" Drummer in the world.

The Midway

The "Midway will contain all the usual attractions and "Kellie King's" tent show which carries several curiosities.

PLAN TO BE THERE

MICHIGAN STATE FAIR
DETROIT
SIXTY-NINTH ANNUAL FAIR
AUGUST 30-SEPTEMBER 8 1918

PHYSICAL PICTURE OF THE GROWTH OF MICHIGAN
COMBINED WITH THE
GREATEST AMUSEMENT ATTRACTIONS OF AMERICA

Agricultural and Industrial and Livestock Exhibits. Better Babies and Body Building contests. Federal, State, County and City displays. Horse and automobile racing, auto polo, patriotic pageants, superb fireworks depicting the world at war. Demonstrations of women's war activities in every phase. Daily exhibitions of mechanical farm labor saving devices. Dog show, Cat Show. The largest road building machinery exhibit and the greatest road building demonstrations ever arranged in Michigan.

Increased prizes for livestock. Sixty-five thousand dollars in premiums. Special features each day. Attended annually by nearly one-half million visitors.



"United we stand, divided we fall"

Grand Trunk Time Table
For the convenience of our readers

Trains East		Trains West	
No. 46—7:24 a. m.	No. 47—7:57 p. m.	No. 45—4:41 p. m.	No. 44—9:53 a. m.

Ann Arbor Railroad
Leaves Lakeland

North		South	
9 52 A. M.	10 46 A. M.	12 36 P. M.	1 23 P. M.
5 17 P. M.		4 41 P. M.	

Drs. Sigler & Sigler
Physicians and Surgeons

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main St.

PINCKNEY - MICHIGAN

RICHARD D ROCHE
Attorney at Law

HOWELL, MICH.

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent
Paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney - Mich.
G. W. TEEPLE Prop



There is Sentiment
in every soldier's heart. It stirs at sight of his flag—At the thought of home, and as he looks again and again at the precious pictures of the home folks he carries in his pocket.

DAISIE B. CHAPPELL
Stockbridge Michigan

Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter

LINCOLN E. SMITH PUBLISHER
Subscription, \$1.25 a Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.
Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.
Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.
Local Notices, in Local columns, five cents per line per each insertion.
All matter intended to benefit the person or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.
Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.
Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.
Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Private Leo Lavey of Camp Custer spent the week end at home.
Mrs. Claude Danforth spent the past week in Howell.
Mrs. Roy Merrill and children of Hamburg spent one day last week here.
Mrs. Hannah Harris and daughters spent the week end at the home of P. Lavey.
Mr. and Mrs. P. Lavey and sons Lee, and Ray, and Mrs. Hannah Harris and daughters spent Sunday at the home of John White of Howell.
Mrs. F. G. Jackson and Mrs. C. L. Sigler spent the past week in Detroit.
Ambrose and Lorenzo Murphy, Hollis and Donald Sigler, Harry Jackson and Orville Smith of Detroit spent the week end at home.
Mr. and Mrs. Harry Warner of Jackson and Mr. and Mrs. Fred Teeple of Lakeland spent Sunday at the home of S. G. Teeple.
M. B. Brady and family of Howell spent the week end at the home of Mrs. Emma Moran.
Miss Nellie Fiske of Howell was home over Sunday.
Dr. Wm. Monks of Howell was in town Thursday.
Miss Millie Welch of Dexter spent a few days the past week at the home of Irvin Kennedy.
H. G. Gauss and family spent Sunday at Albert Frost's.
Clare Skinner and family of Ann Arbor spent Sunday at the home of Ernest Frost.
Mrs. Wm. Jones of Detroit spent the past week at the home of Mrs. Sophia Blunt.
Arthur Allen and family of Chelsea spent Sunday at the home of H. M. Williston.
N. W. Pierce of Howell was in town one day last week.
Miss Ella Cady spent several days the past week at Bass Lake.
Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hoisel and family spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Ann Brady.
Mrs. S. A. Denton of Gregory spent last Thursday with Mrs. H. F. Sigler at Bass Lake.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Van Kueran of Detroit are visiting at the home of G. W. Teeple.
Donald Pool of Leslie spent the past week here.
H. H. Swarthout and family spent Thursday in Howell.
Miss Katherine Brady of Howell is visiting at the home of her grandmother Mrs. E. Moran.
Miss Mae Burchiel of Walkerville is visiting at the home of Ross Read.
Mr. and Mrs. Jack Snyder of Walkerville, Ontario spent the week end at the home of Ross Read.
Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Teeple, Bert Young of Detroit and C. P. Sykes are camping at Portage Lake.
Mrs. Ray Hinkley and daughter Beatrice of Hamburg were in town Monday.
Miss Bessie Fitzsimmons, who has been working at the Electric Motor Works at Howell, is home preparing for the coming school term.
Fosteria.
Marion Reason returned last Wednesday from a two weeks business trip to Ontario, Canada.
Wm. McQuillin and family spent Sunday at the home of L. G. Devereaux.
L. E. Richards made a business trip to Jackson Monday.
Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reason Jr. and family of Detroit spent the week end at the home of Norman Reason.
Don McCorvey of Gregory transacted business here Tuesday.
Fred Bowman is building a new porch on his residence.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence on this 6th day of December A. D. 1886. A. W. Gleason, (Seal) Notary Public.
Hall Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and act through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation adv.

MISS ALMA SHARP HOWELL

The many friends of Miss Sharp will be glad to know that she is a candidate for this important office. She is well qualified, being a graduate of the University of Michigan and has had several years' experience in Howell High School.

Voters, August 27 should remember that the examining board, made up of the school commissioner and two examiners, examine all teachers and eighth grade pupils and grant certificates to the same. It is an important office.

Taxes! Taxes!

Village taxes are now due, and to all who have not already paid notice is hereby given that they must be paid before September first.
E. R. Gambertson, Treasurer.

Hear the celebrated "Ike" Fischer Orchestra and vocal soloist at the Livingston County Fair at Howell Mich., August 27, 28, 29, 30.

S. E. Swarthout and family spent Sunday at the Sanitorium with Mrs. F. E. Moran.

Bernardine Lynch is visiting relatives at Detroit.

Mrs. Bert Daller spent a few days last week visiting her sister Mrs. Arthur Shaefer at Homer.

Mr. and Mrs. John Chambers and son Clifford and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Singer spent the past week in Ohio, visiting friends at Bowling Green and Mrs. Guy Blair visited at the home of Horace Williston last Monday.

Miss Jessie Green is visiting relatives at Cincinnati, Ohio.

Mrs. Eleanor Chambers visited her son W. H. Chambers in Marion last week.

Lela Monks spent a few days the past week at Detroit and Amersburg, Ontario.

J. E. Monks spent a few days the past week at Grosse Isle.

Roy Hicks is stationed at Valparaiso, Indiana, Company B, Training Detachment. He is placed in training for overseas duty and expects to go across soon. There are 800 soldiers in his detachment. Roy would be glad to hear from all of his friends.

Mrs. L. F. Lamborne and daughter and Miss Lucy Mowers of Iosco were in town last Tuesday.

Earl Mann of Detroit, an old town boy, is renewing old acquaintances in this vicinity.

Fred Bell of Dexter spent Tuesday at the home of his brother, Jas. Bell. Claude M. Stoddard of Richfield, Republican candidate for State Senator, transacted business in town Monday.

Mrs. E. Farnum, Mrs. James Tiplady, and Miss Ella Black were Stockbridge visitors Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Teeple, Mesdames Hattie Decker, Will Curlett attended the funeral of Miss Ethel Johnson at Monday.

Miss Jessie Green is visiting her sister at Cincinnati, O.

Dr. A. B. Green and family of Jackson, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Green and daughter Gertrude of Howell were Sunday guests of Mrs. Flora Snyder.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Will Devine of Dexter Monday, August 19, a son.

Chas. Smith and family and S. H. Carr and family spent Sunday at Crook Lake.

Miss Fearn Laughlin and Howard Blake of Jackson spent Sunday with M. T. Graves and family. Helen and Myra Graves returned to Jackson with them for a visit with friends and relatives.

Regular meeting of Pinckney O. E. S. Friday evening, Aug. 23.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy W. Caverly of Howell visited Mr. and Mrs. R. K. Elliot last Monday evening.

Dr. and Mrs. G. J. Pearson and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Miller spent a few days the past week with relatives in St. John's and St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Kennedy are visiting at the home of his parents here.

Mrs. N. Reid and daughter of Dexter were Pinckney callers Tuesday.

John Rashley and C. Shafer and families of Wasson, O. spent Wednesday at the home of Jesse Richardson.

Dr. Brigham of Howell was a Pinckney caller Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Lamberton, Leo Monks and Mrs. Minnie Doodly motored to Lansing Wednesday.

Miss Lucile Amsdam of Pontiac is visiting at the home of Seth Darwin.

Miss Helen Tiplady has been visiting relatives at Rushton.

PURE SPICES

For Your Fruit and Pickles

We carry a complete stock of Spices and other Canning Articles. We have Mustard Seed, Cloves, Cinnamon, Allspice, Tumeric Powder, Celery Seed, Dill Seed, Saccharin, Mrs. Price's Canning Compound, Sealing Wax, Paraffine, Corks, Etc.

C. M. Ingersoll
Nyal Quality Drug Store

Glasgow Brothers
Jackson Mich.

Early Purchases Mean Economy

Early in the year we placed big orders for fall merchandise. This merchandise is now arriving, and is being placed on sale. It is priced very low, and later we will not be able to replace much of it in the wholesale market at the prices we are now offering it to you for.

We need room and the balance of our late summer stocks is being closed out at greater reductions than we ordinarily give.

COATS and SUITS **New Serge and Wool Jersey Dresses on Display**

We have bought good suits and coats for fall in all wool materials. Many of these materials will not be replaced until after the war is over. It is dishonorable to present qualities that are not dependable. A merchant is in duty bound to protect the confidence that people place in him. A patron gives money of honest quality to the merchant, and he in turn must give honest merchandise in exchange. That is the attitude which prompts us to offer only merchandise of known quality.

Suits \$29.50 to \$65.00
Coats \$25.00 to \$65.00

A very complete showing of new fall dresses. All of the new shades, such as bottle green, burgundy, brown, rookie, navy and black. Many tunic effects and braided models as well as plain tailored styles. Suitable for both large and small women.

Prices from \$20.00 to \$40.00.

NEW SILK DRESSES

There is a youthful charm in the newly arrived models that make them very attractive. We are showing a delightful style range, including tunic and draped effects, some braid trimmed, some fringe trimmed. Materials are satin, taffeta or poplin, in blue, brown, gray, burgundy, black and strip's. Prices are \$16.50, 18.50, 20.00 and \$25.00.

NOTICE

Cash and highest price paid for eggs and poultry delivered at the poultry plant. Will take in eggs six days of the week and poultry on Wednesdays. Soliciting your patronage.

E. FARNAM.

Anderson

Misses Elaine and Anna McClear of Detroit are spending their vacation with their parents here.

Private Geo. Greiner of Camp Custer spent the week end at home.

R. D. Roche of Howell spent the week end at the home of Wm. Ledwidge.

Miss Muriel McClear of Whitmore Lake spent a few days the past week with Miss Julia Greiner.

Mrs. John Connors and daughter spent the week end with Frank Battle.

Miss Elaine McClear spent the week end at Whitmore Lake.

E. T. McClear and family of Whitmore Lake, Mrs. M. Lavey of Pinckney and Wm. Roche spent Thursday at Wm. Ledwidge's.

Jack Hayes visited John White and family of Marion Sunday.

Mrs. Glenn Gardner and children of Stockbridge spent the week end with relatives here.

Miss Elva Hoff spent the past week camping at Pine Lake near Lansing.

Gladys Marshall of Gregory is visiting her cousin, Hazel Gallup, this week.

Max Ledwidge and family visited Howell relatives Sunday.

Mrs. Ed. Sprout and daughters, Mrs. Glenn Gardner and Mrs. Phillip Sprout visited Mrs. Frank Barton Saturday.

The Bullis family attended the Sharpe reunion at Jackson last week Thursday.

Mrs. Geo. Crane was the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Secor Sunday.

Miss Mary Greiner visited friends at relatives at Kalamazoo, Albion and Camp Custer last week.

Mrs. Hannah Harris of Dexter spent Tuesday at Wm. Ledwidge's.

Joe Brogan of Howell is visiting at Max Ledwidge's.

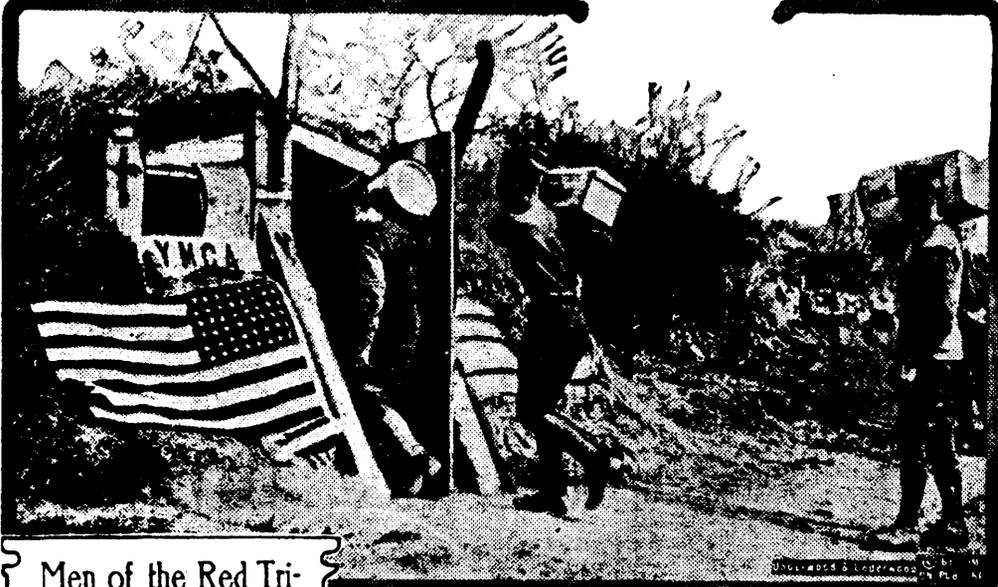
Orla Hanes and family spent Tuesday at the home of Frank Hanes.

Mrs. Ella McMullen is in Gregory caring for her aunt, Mrs. Willard who is quite ill.

Mr. Whipple is entertaining his grand son from Cleveland.

Don't fail to attend the Red Cross social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. P. McClear Friday evening, August 23.

Y.M.C.A. WORK at FRONT NO "SNAP" ★



Men of the Red Triangle Must Be Ready to Do Everything But Go Over the Top

"Y" POST NEAR THE FIGHTING LINE

920,000 pounds of chocolate that the American troops are eating every month in France. Or through his hands go some of the cigarettes and tobacco that are shipped to the western front in hundred-ton lots.

When he is not too close to the front he runs motion picture shows and lectures in the evenings. If his billet is a small one and there is no sports leader assigned there, he leads the men in athletic games in which all may take part. And under the same circumstances it may be his job to arrange religious services for Jew and Gentile, for Catholic and Protestant. He sends money back home for the boys without charge to them. In the "Y" dugout they write their letters, and the hut leader starts them on their way. He listens to tales of woe, answers questions by the hour, admires the picture of the baby that was born since father answered the call to the colors, and works about three hours a day longer than the working hours of the man in uniform.

If he be assigned to the trenches near the front line, it is the "Y" man's job to make hot coffee and hot chocolate, late at night, fill his pockets with chocolate, gum and smokes and go through the communication trench to the front line so that the boys on watch may have their comforts from home. And if there be a listening post near by in No Man's Land, he goes there, too. The "Y" goes everywhere with the men except over the top and is not far behind them.

The Kind of Men Not Needed.

What kind of man is the Y. M. C. A. seeking, then, in this drive to keep pace with the rapid expansion of the military establishment of the nation?

Surely not the kind of which a sample appeared at the offices of the National War Work Council, 347 Madison avenue, the other day.

"The Lord has closed all doors to me," he began, "all except one, and that one opens to France. The Lord has made it clear to me that it is my duty to go over there and preach to those boys."

It happened that the listener was James A. Whitmore, who has been a Y. M. C. A. secretary for years and who recently returned from the western front with broad views inspired by watching pastors of big city pulpits sell plug tobacco to soldiers on Sunday afternoon and the like. Mr. Whitmore was explicit in his reply.

"Your kind is the last that's needed overseas," said Mr. Whitmore. "When you go to France for the Y. M. C. A. you go on a blind assignment, to do whatever is most important at the time and always to do what the boys in uniform want."

Mr. Whitmore went into details regarding the Y. M. C. A. program of service, and as he proceeded the visitor palpably weakened. He thought that he would be willing to go to France with a revised point of view. In fact, he said that he would be willing to do anything that he thought the Lord wanted him to do.

"Well," replied Mr. Whitmore, "in that case you'd still be a bit restricted. The Lord gives his message to only one Y. M. C. A. man in France—he's Ned Carter, our chief secretary—and you'd have to take Ned Carter's word for it that you were getting the Lord's message straight."

Type of Man That Is Needed.

And as the messenger whose message never will be delivered went on his way Mr. Whitmore shot after him his notion of the kind of man who is needed in France today by the Red Triangle. He said:

"First of all, the man who is sent to France by the Y. M. C. A. must un-

derstand that he is going to war. He must be ready to do the thing that comes to him to do. France is no place these days for the man who thinks he has a mission. There is just one idea behind the whole work—and that is service, what our boys want and not what some missionary thinks they ought to have. The man who goes overseas must be a man of conscience, integrity and high ideals and ability. And he must realize that he is tackling the biggest job that it was ever given man to do.

"Second a man must go in there with the idea firmly fixed in his mind that unless we win this war it were better that America should be annihilated than that she should retreat one step in the determination to prevent the barbarous Hun from imposing his unmerciful sway over the world and sweep democracy from the earth.

"Third, he must be a man who believes in the war work of the Y. M. C. A. and can grasp the meaning of its wonderfully human and spiritual program, and who, seeing all this, can be enthusiastic about his job and consider it a great privilege to perform it.

"And last, he must be a thoroughbred—a dead game sport in the best sense of the term—who can go through the whole war game and not flinch, in spite of the slaughter, the blood, the mud, the discouragements, desolation and horror of it all. He must go through it all by the sheer good nature that sees above it his high ideals triumphant and democracy vindicated and scattering its blessings upon mankind."

Scope of Work Boundless.

The scope of the Y. M. C. A. enterprise is practically boundless. The association has gone far afield from its traditional activities. Never in its wildest dreams of service have the leaders of the Y. M. C. A. conceived the possibility of their becoming manufacturers of chocolate and purveyors of tons and tons of cigars, cigarettes and smoking and chewing tobacco. Yet today the "Y" sign hangs over the doors of more than 600 post exchanges in France.

Because of the difficulties of transportation only three to four thousand tons of supplies can be shipped from America each month. Hence the Y. M. C. A. has become a manufacturer by necessity. Raw materials are shipped from the United States and the completed products—chocolate, crackers, etc.—are made in France.

The "Y" needs, therefore, not only business men who can sell goods, but men who are experienced on the manufacturing end. The scope of the work makes it possible for salesmen, warehousemen, accountants and clerks of all kinds to go overseas and do their bit in this war.

Sports. If there is one thing that the healthy American young man, in khaki needs most in France it is good, healthy sport. Some of the most famous athletic directors and athletes of other years are in France today leading men in mass athletic games.

Herbert L. Pratt, vice president of the Standard Oil company, who recently returned from France to head the local overseas recruiting committee, is authority for the statement that "there is no job in France too small for the biggest man in any American community." "No president of a railroad or a bank, or a college," he adds, "no lawyer or minister is too big for the job of taking care of our boys overseas."

Mr. Pratt and others who have seen the work that is being done in France sum it all up by saying that it means to our boys over there, first of all—America and home.



THE SEALS.

"We have the same Mr. Seal whom we share between us," said Mrs. Sally Seal, "but our little baby seals are our own."

"That is right," said Mrs. Susan Seal. "In fact our Mr. Seal is shared by about one hundred Mrs. Seals. We don't care to have a mate apiece—that's foolish for we are used to sharing a Mr. Seal and so we think it's all right that way."

"I wouldn't like to share the babies, though," said Mrs. Sally Seal.

"Neither would I," said Mrs. Susan Seal. "You see how nice everything is. Nothing happens which we don't like, and everything happens which we like."

"It's a nice world," said Mrs. Sally Seal.

"My babies were born on this very beach," said Mrs. Susan Seal, "and I was so interested in them that from the time I came up on this beach until four weeks or more had gone by I didn't have a thing to eat. Somehow I didn't think of food. I was so interested in the children and everything around me."

"I didn't have anything to eat for about six weeks, I think," said Mrs. Sally Seal. "The beach is so interesting and when I come to it I like to stay for quite awhile. But then I began to grow restless and I knew the children wanted to be fed, so I went back and forth, back and forth."

"The same as I did," said Mrs. Susan Seal. "And I do believe that all the other seal mothers did the same. Do you know that there is something about us which puzzles people?"

"I didn't know it," said Mrs. Sally Seal.

"Would you like to hear about it?" asked Mrs. Susan Seal.

"I would, indeed," said Mrs. Sally Seal. "Can you tell me? Do you know what it is?"

"I do," said Mrs. Susan Seal, "and I will tell you about it."

"That is good of you," said Mrs. Sally Seal. And they both settled themselves on the beach, after they had had a little bite of fish for their luncheon and then Mrs. Susan Seal began her story.

"People," she said, "are very much puzzled because the Seal children always know their babies. They think it is strange."

"Don't mothers know their babies?" asked Mrs. Sally Seal.

"Yes, I believe they do," said Mrs. Susan Seal. "In fact I am sure they do. I have never heard anything different and in fact I am positive they always do."

"Then why do they think it is strange that we should know our own babies?" asked Mrs. Sally Seal.

"Because, you know," said Mrs. Susan Seal, "there are so many of us and such lots and lots of babies. To every Mr. Seal there are about a hundred Mrs. Seals and every one of those Mrs. Seals, of course, has her own little family. So there are just lots and lots of children around the beach. It's different, you see, from the way people live. Different mothers live in different homes so that the children don't get mixed up so easily."

"They think because there are so many children along the beach that they're bound to get mixed up, and that because the children all look alike to them they must look alike to us."

"Well, did I ever!" exclaimed Mrs. Sally Seal.

"Of course, when the little dears come around we love and look after our own; we don't bother about the other mother's family. And the seals find their own mothers, the little pets."

"Yes," continued Mrs. Susan Seal, "we know our darlings and they know us, and if people think it is strange all I can say is that I think it is strange for them to think such things."

"Our only trouble in life is the fear of the whale which tries to kill us—but oh, for the most part we're very, very happy."

And Mrs. Sally Seal agreed. "Yes, we're playful and we're good swimmers. We can dive and leap and almost dance. All seals, until they're four or five years old, are just full of frolics and fun. But though we play and have a good time we always know our little children and can pick them out, even though there are thousands of seals on the beach."

In the Stone Age.

"We're getting soft and effete," declared the first cave man.

"Look at my brother's daughter. She's about to be married. You know the part of the ceremony where the groom taps the bride on the head?"

"Yes."

"Well, they're rehearsing it with a stuffed club."

A NERVOUS BREAKDOWN

Miss Kelly Tells How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Her Health.

Newark, N. J.—"For about three years I suffered from nervous breakdown and got so weak I could hardly stand, and had headaches every day. I tried everything I could think of and was under a physician's care for two years. A girl friend had used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and she told me about it. From the first day I took it I began to feel better and now I am well and able to do most any kind of work. I have been recommending the Compound ever since and give you my permission to publish this letter."—Miss FLO KELLY, 476 So. 14th St., Newark, N. J.



The reason this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, was so successful in Miss Kelly's case was because it went to the root of her trouble, restored her to a normal healthy condition and as a result her nervousness disappeared.

Easily Arranged.

One beautiful summer night, when the crickets were chirping in the grass and the caterpillars were dropping from the trees, John Henry turned to the charming girl who was sitting on the veranda at his side.

"Edith," said he, a trifle timorously, "there comes to me a thought, I might say a fear."

"Well, what is it?" queried the fair girl, as the other hesitated.

"I suppose," responded John Henry, suggestively, hopefully, "that were I to steal a kiss you would have me arrested?"

"Perhaps," was the ready rejoinder of the girl, "but you could find somebody to pay your fine, couldn't you?"—Philadelphia Telegraph.

The Usual Symptom.

Convalescent—Nurse, I—I love you! Nurse (experienced)—Yes; but you'll get over that when you're really well."

They conquer self who believe they can.

Hay Fever-Catarrh Prompt Relief Guaranteed SCHIFFMANN'S CATARRH BALM

Dr. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy

for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Contains one dollar. Write for FREE SAMPLE.

Northrup & Lyman Co., Inc., Buffalo, N. Y.

A Woman's Right is to enjoy good health. The secret of good health is chiefly to maintain normal activity of the stomach, bowels, liver, skin and kidneys.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

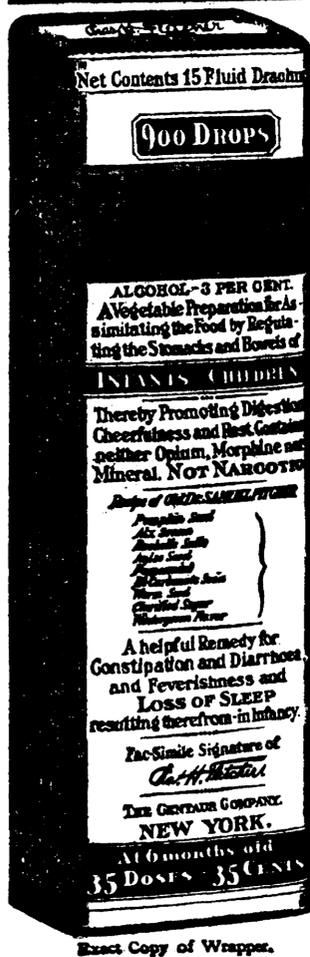
are of particular value to women, as they act gently, safely and effectively. Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes 10c, 25c.

KIDNEY TROUBLE Is a deceptive disease—thousands have it and don't know it. If you want good results you can make no mistake by using Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney medicine. At druggists in large and medium size bottles. Sample size by Parcel Post, also pamphlet telling you about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and enclose ten cents, also mention this paper.

Let Cuticura Be Your Beauty Doctor

All druggists, Soap & Cosmetic Dept. E. J. Taylor & Co. Sample each one of Cuticura, Soap & Cream.

MALE BALM A special preparation of purest ingredients for relief of all kinds of aches and pains. Sold everywhere.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children:
**Mothers Know That
Genuine Castoria**

Always
Bears the
Signature

of
Dr. J. C. F. W.
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CASTORIA COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Where He Is Expert.
"So you've joined the army, Mose?"
"Yes, sah."
"What branch of the service are you in?"
"Well, sah, Ah's in de Infantry, but when we gits t' France Ah's done asked de captain to put me on dat night-raid wo'k. Gittin' into de odder fellow's backyard durin' de night hours is a job dat Ah considers mah-self particularly experienced at."

Washington is soon to have a number of new temporary hotels.

Its Superiority.
"Yassah!" pridefully said Brother Lunk. "Dis yuh am de swell solid gold-plated watch dat I got fum a mall awdah sto' for fou' dollahs."
"Do it keep time, sah?" asked Brother Quizz.
"Do it? Dar ain't two clocks in dis town, sah, dat kin keep up wid dis fine watch when it's right at itsef!"—Kansas City Star.

In the sick room a jolly often does the work that the doctor sends in a bill for.



Savory hot sandwiches—
Libby's Dried Beef, toast
and cream sauce.



Tender—Delicate Sliced Beef

THE tender delicacy of Libby's Sliced Dried Beef will surprise you. The care with which choice meat is selected, the skill with which it is prepared, give it the exceptionally fine flavor. Its uniform slices will please you, too. Order Libby's Sliced Dried Beef today.

Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago



Help Save the Harvest

When Our Own Harvest Requirements Are Completed
United States Help Badly Needed
Harvest Hands Wanted

Military demands from a limited population have made such a scarcity of farm help in Canada that the appeal of the Canadian Government to the United States Government for

Help to Harvest the Canadian Grain Crop of 1918

Meets with a request for all available assistance to
GO FORWARD AS SOON AS OUR OWN CROP IS SECURED

The Allied Armies must be fed and therefore it is necessary to save every bit of the crop of the Continent—American and Canadian.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a

Warm Welcome, Good Wages, Good Board and Fine Comfortable Homes

A card entitling the holder to a rate of one cent per mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return will be given to all harvest applicants.

Every facility will be afforded for admission into Canada and return to the United States.

Information as to wages, railway rates and routes may be had from the

UNITED STATES EMPLOYMENT SERVICE
WASH. D.C., GRAND RAPIDS, PORT HURON, TRAVERSE CITY

SOLDIERS' SWORD ARM OF NATION

If We Fail in Our Duty Boys in
France Cannot Achieve
Victory.

LOAN MONEY TO UNCLE SAM

Buying Liberty Bonds an Investment
in Lives of Americans "Over
There" and an Insurance for
Safety of Our Country.

By CORRA HARRIS,
(Author of "A Circuit Rider's Wife,"
"Eve's Second Husband," Etc.)

During the Thrift Stamp campaign in July, 1918, a prominent citizen was sent into a backwoods farming community to arouse the people, and if possible sell Thrift Stamps. He was not expected to have much success with the sale of stamps because the people were very poor and illiterate. The effort was to be chiefly educational.

The speaker found a dingy company of farmers and their wives waiting for him in an old field schoolhouse.

He began his address with arguments for the support of the government reduced to the simplest forms. No one seemed to listen. The man stared straight ahead as if they had something else on their minds. The women fanned themselves and looked out of the windows. He changed his manner of speech to an impassioned appeal; no one was moved. He paused perspiring before making a last despairing effort. But before he could go on a tall, gaunt farmer stood up in the back of the house and waved his hand beseechingly:

"Mister," he said, "if you are done talking, give us a chance at them Thrift Stamps so we kin sign up and get back to the field."

He gave them the "chance." They bought nineteen hundred and fifty dollars' worth of stamps, although there was not a man among them who owned property to the amount of two thousand dollars.

"We own this land," the farmer said, addressing the prominent citizen grimly as he passed up the last pledge card, "we own all this country. The government at Washington belongs to us; we made it and it is ours. The army in France is ours, too; they are our sons. We sent sixty-two boys there from this district, and I reckon we know it is our duty to work for them and take care of them while they are busy whipping them Germans."

This is the best, most serviceable and intelligent definition of patriotism I have heard since this war began.

Victory at Any Cost.

This is the most expensive war ever known, still beyond our imagination to conceive of. The enormous destruction wrought by the submarines, the terrific sums spent for war materials, the loans to our allies, none of these things account for the incredible expense. The real explanation is that civilization demands that it shall cost everything. Never before has any nation spent so much to insure the health of its soldiers, never before have such provisions been made to safeguard a great army morally. More is being spent to equip hospitals, provide ambulances, nurses and doctors to care for the wounded than whole campaigns cost in former wars. Never in the history of man has such provision been made to insure widows and orphans and soldiers from the after effects of wounds and poverty. Formerly when a man entered the army to fight for his country, his country took his life, and that was the end of it if he was killed. Now the government pays, and pays enormously, for every man who lives or dies in this struggle. All this is so because as a nation we have developed a sense of justice and honor that regards any and every expense as secondary to the one tremendous obligation to its citizens.

Our allies were compelled to fight Germany to preserve their very existence, but we chose to fight her when we might have made a shameful treaty with her that would have insured a shameful peace, because we are not a craven grasping nation, but a nation built upon ideals, and it costs more to preserve an ideal than it ever costs to preserve peace, because you cannot buy them—you must achieve them.

Nothing stands between the world and this catastrophe but the American people, their honor, their energy, their fidelity and their wealth. Our troops in France are only the sword arm of the nation. We, the people at home, are the body and life of that army. If we fail at all, they must fall entirely.

We are about to make another loan of six billion dollars for war expenses. It is not a gift, but an investment we make in the lives of American soldiers and an insurance we take out for the safety of our country.



Help That Weak Back!

IN THESE trying times the utmost effort of every man and every woman is necessary. But the man or woman who is handicapped with weak kidneys finds a good day's work impossible, and any work a burden. Lame, aching back; daily headaches, dizzy spells, urinary irregularities and that "all-worn-out" feeling are constant sources of distress and should have prompt attention.

Don't delay! Neglected kidney weakness too often leads to gravel, dropsy or Bright's disease. Begin using Doan's Kidney Pills today. They have brought thousands of kidney sufferers back to health. They should help you.

Personal Reports of Real Cases

<p>A MICHIGAN CASE. Mrs. James M. Murphy, 510 Maple St., Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., says: "Kidney trouble came on me and I was so miserable from a steady ache across my back that I was often unable to attend to my work about the house. My kidneys were out of order. My feet and hands swelled and I suffered from headaches and dizzy spells. I felt all run down, until I took Doan's Kidney Pills. This medicine built me up in health, cured all the kidney symptoms and put me in the best of shape. By using Doan's Kidney Pills occasionally since I have kept in good condition."</p>	<p>AN OHIO CASE. Jesse H. Kall, farmer, Port Washington, Ohio, says: "The action of my kidneys was irregular and the kidney secretions contained sediment. I suffered from rheumatic pains and for a year I had to walk with crutches. My limbs were swollen and sore and I became so bent over I had to lower my crutches. I had to have help in getting out of bed and I couldn't turn alone. I doctored and used different remedies, but they didn't do me any good. I finally used Doan's Kidney Pills and in a week was able to walk without crutches. I have not had to lose a day on account of rheumatic pains or backache since and I have gained thirty or forty pounds in weight."</p>
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DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

60c a Box at All Stores. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y. Mfg. Chem.

NOW STAYS HOME EVENINGS

Wife's Clever Little Ruse Caused Hubby to Forego the Championship of "the Boys."

He had been married about a year and had taken to spending his evenings downtown with the boys. One night his conscience worried him and he thought he would phone his wife and get her to come down and meet him and have dinner with him. So he called her up.

"Hello, kid," he began. "Say, slip on some old clothes and run down and meet me on the quiet. We'll have a good dinner and then we'll get a machine and go out and smear a little red paint around. How about it?"
"I'll be delighted to join you, Jack," was the reply. "But why not come up to the house and get me? There's nobody home."

As the young husband's name is Tom, he spends his evenings at home now. And his wife wears a queer smile when he isn't looking at her.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Couldn't Feaze Him.

Smith was telling Jones a story. "Well, the evening wore on—"
"Wore?" interrupted Jones, facetiously. "Did it? What did it wear?"
"Well," said Smith, nettled at the interruption, but equal to the occasion, "if you must know, it was the close of a summer day."—Pearson's.

Why Bald So Young?

Dandruff and dry scalp usually the cause and Cuticura the remedy. Rub the Ointment into scalp. Follow with hot shampoo of Cuticura Soap. For free sample address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston. At druggists and by mail, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Mean Betrayal.

"I say, Nell, has Gladys naturally curly hair?"
"Certainly! It was guaranteed where she bought it."

Old Stuff to Her.

"Washington never told a lie."
"He was wise. Ain't no use trying it when you marry a widow."

Your Eyes

A Watery, Cloudy, Itching and Stinging Lotion—Marine for Redness, Swelling, Irritation, Itching and Burning of the Eyes or Eyelids. "I Don't" After the Lotion, Massage or Goggles with your hands. Marine Lotion is for Marine and other Eye and Ear. Marine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago.

It is as difficult for some men to slow down rapidly as it is for some to make haste slowly.

Only the vaulting ambition of the acrobat enables him to achieve success.

ASTHMADOR

AVERTS-RELIEVES HAY FEVER ASTHMA
Begin Treatment NOW
All Druggists Guarantee

JUDGE DECIDES STOMACH REMEDY A GREAT SUCCESS

Commissioner of Medication and Conciliation Board Trice EATONIC, the Wonderful Stomach Remedy, and Endorses It.



Judge William L. Chambers, who uses EATONIC as a remedy for indigestion, flatulence and indigestion, is a Commissioner of the U. S. Board of Medication and Conciliation. It is natural for him to express himself in guarded language, yet there is no hesitancy in his pronouncement regarding the value of EATONIC. Writing from Washington, D. C., to the EATONIC Remedy Co., he says:

"EATONIC promotes appetite and aids digestion. I have used it with beneficial results."

Office workers and others who sit much too many to dyspepsia, belching, bad breath, heartburn, poor appetite, bloated and impaired general health. Are you, yourself, a sufferer? EATONIC will relieve you just as surely as it has benefited Judge Chambers and thousands of others.

Here's the secret: EATONIC drives the gas out of the body—and the Gas Goes With It! It is guaranteed to bring relief or you get your money back! Cost only a cent or two a day to use it. Get a box today from your druggist.

Every Woman Wants Partine

ANTISEPTIC POWDER
FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water for douching, washes, and injections. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co. for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. The complete douching and genital spray. Made in U.S.A. by Partine, Inc., 215 Broadway, New York City. Sold by all druggists and health stores.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 34-1918.

WELL MADE CLOTHES



All conquering clothes are these—built with pride of purpose, and offered to you with a clean conscience

Michaels-Stern

this season have raised men's clothing standards, they have injected an added artistry and reinforced it with the quality of rare craftsmanship.

The Two Button Model

is a creation unmatched, made of popular summer fabrics, styled with extreme care and finished with fine regard for its good behavior.

We commend it to you
Come in and see it.

W. J. DANCER & CO.

Ingham County Clothiers
Stockbridge Mich.

GREGORY

Archie Arnold has received his call for service in the national army and will report some time this week. John Bowman will leave for duty at the same time.

Mrs. Perry Palmer and Levi Palmer of Jackson, Mrs. M. A. Bellus and son of Fresno, Cal., visited at E. Hill's Wednesday of last week.

Martin Higgins of Dansville spent Monday of last week with his brother, Ben Higgins.

Miss Myra Kirkland is at the Pinckney Sanitarium.

Mrs. Elda Kuhn and Mrs. Jas. Stackable spent the past week at Hamburg helping to care for Miss Sarah McClear who recently had a slight paralytic stroke, but is fast recovering from it.

Mrs. Jane Wright left Friday for Fowlerville for a few days visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrill left last Thursday for a weeks camping at Houghton Lake.

Henry Howlett was a Detroit visitor last Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. G. N. Jones and children of Laingsburg spent the past week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Williams.

Miss Hazel Arnold of Ypsilanti spent the week end with the home folks.

Mrs. D. W. Kuhn of Morley spent the week end with her cousin, Mrs. George Marshall.

E. Hill was in Jackson last Saturday on business.

Stanley Marsh and wife of Chicago are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Marsh.

Miss Mae Bullis of Jackson was home over Sunday.

The Misses Helen and Mary Jablonski of Detroit are spending a two week's vacation with the Arnold families.

Mrs. Vet Bullis and Mrs. Ben Higgins and son Lee were Stockbridge visitors recently. Lee had his adenoids removed.

Miss Gertrude Chipman visited in Jackson the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Wirt Pening and daughter of St. Louis, Mich., and Mr. and Mrs. Bert Bennett of Marion were callers on Mr. and Mrs. Fred Merrill Tuesday of last week.

Mrs. R. G. Williams and daughter Mrs. Jones were Detroit visitors Friday and Saturday.

Cecil Cone and family spent Sunday of last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Cone.

Miss Helen Hopkins is working for the present in S. A. Denton's store.

The Sunday School picnic last week Joslyn Lake was well attended and all reported a good time.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Kuhn who met with strains and bruises the first of last week are getting along nicely.

Lyle Montague of Howell visited Lyle Cone recently.

Mrs. H. E. Marshall, Clarence Marshall, James Stackable, Miss Mary Stackable, Mrs. Ed Brotherton, Mrs. Anna Moore and Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Schuler were Stockbridge visitors last Thursday.

Mrs. Vet Bullis and daughter were Stockbridge visitors Saturday.

Miss Nellie Denton is visiting in Kingston.

Lawrence McClear is putting in cement steps in the Maccabee Hall.

Mildred Worden of Jackson is visiting here.

The W. C. T. U. will hold its meeting at the home of Mrs. Charlotte Howlette Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Remember the services at the Baptist church Sunday at 10:30 a. m. In the evening Clarence Marshall will lead the B. Y. P. U.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Buhl and daughter Lillian left Thursday morning to attend the Buhl reunion held near Wacousta at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Will Burke. About 75 relatives from different parts of the state were present. A pleasant time was enjoyed.

Miss Lillian Buhl began work in Dick Brearley's restaurant Monday.

Lakeland

Jas. Lane of Toledo was trimming a tree with an axe, which glanced, cutting his arm nearly off.

Jesse Henry and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Henry of Hamburg.

Voley Wiegand and family of Detroit visited friends here the past week.

Lew Watkins, wife and son of Detroit are camping here.

Mrs. Carrie Whitlock of Chelsea is calling on old friends here.

JACKSON COUNTY FAIR

SEPT. 9 TO 14

5 Days and 3 Nights.

Wednesday, Thursday, Friday

Michigan's Biggest and Best County Fair
All Past Records shattered by this year's Preparations.
More and Wonderful Departments and attractions than were ever attempted by us before.
You can't afford to miss Exhibiting and Attending this Year's Fair. For Full Particulars See Program.

Showing of Fall and Winter
Styles in Hats

FRIDAY and SATURDAY

Your Patronage is Solicited

Lowest possible prices

On all Styles

Nellie E. Gardner

What Kind of a Man
Do You Want in the
United States Senate?

Do YOU Want a Man of

BRAINS
EXPERIENCE
GOOD JUDGMENT
ACTION

Do YOU Want—

A man who will stand for the PROTECTION of the American farmer—the American workingman—the American business man?

Do YOU Want—

A man with a splendid record—who stood for PREPAREDNESS and who stands today for the most unqualified AMERICANISM?

Then Vote for

TRUMAN H. NEWBERRY

At the Republican Primary Next Tuesday



NEWBERRY for
UNITED STATES SENATE

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