

PINCKNEY DISPATCH

Vol. XXXV

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan Thursday Oct. 24, 1918

No. 43

From Far Russia

Archangel, Russia
Sept. 10, 1918

My dear folks:

Just a line to let you know I am well. I certainly hope this will find you the same. I wrote you a letter while I was on the boat, but I never got a chance to mail it, so I will scribble a few more lines to send with it. We are in Archangel. We just about own the city now. Some of the fellows have been running the street cars the last few days. The women do most of the work over here; it is awful for some of them. Every thing is scarce over here. The weather has been quite nice but we have lots of mud. We have been here a week now. I presume we will get some mail in a few weeks. We can say any old thing to them over here for they can't understand us.

Well folks, I'll close for this time as there isn't any news in this burg. Give my best love to all the folks and have them write. I hope to see you all soon. Love to all.

Your loving son,
Leigho Leavey.

P. S.—I will try and write you again when the next boat goes, which will be in a couple of weeks.

For Camp Eustis, Va.

The following men were notified to leave for Camp Eustis, Va., Oct. 23: Clare Wilken Brown and Lester Docking, Pinckney.

Clyde Armstrong Dixon, Gregory, Joseph Tebo, Henry C. Maas, Robt. F. Foldenauer, Ezra R. Gearhart, Howell.

Dewey Rose, Warren Peterson, Walter E. Manzet, John Simpson, Fowlerville.

Chas. E. Ross, Raymond L. Phillips, Brighton
Wm. O. Dexter, Weston G. Buzzard, Fenton.

Will E. Husted, Highland.

The Spanish Influenza

Pinckney church goes were deprived of their usual Sunday church privileges last Sunday by the State Health Board's orders closing all public places until further notice.

In some places in the county where the influenza has obtained a foothold the schools are now closed. The Pinckney school closed Tuesday.

The number on the lecture course scheduled for the 25th has been postponed until further notice.

School Ventilation

The School Commissioner urges at this time, particularly, that the school rooms be well ventilated. Teachers should keep the rooms warm but some fresh air should be coming into the rooms at all times.

The best plan for ventilation of schools, where a special ventilating system is not installed, is to place buffer boards in the windows. School boards should see to it that they are put in. Teachers are all informed on how these boards should be placed.

OBITUARY

Cornelia Ann Bullis, oldest child of Robert H. and Annis Hunt Bullis, was born in Unadilla Township, Oct. 3rd, 1839, and died at the home of her cousin, Charles Bullis, Oct. 17th, 1918, age 79 years and 14 days.

She was married to Vincent Perry November 28th, 1860. Four children were born to this union, two sons and two daughters. Her companion died in Oct. of 1914.

One daughter, Mrs. Nellie Hopkins of Coshion, Okla., one brother, Isaac Bullis, 4 sisters, Josephine Fish, Angenetta Lewis, Athaline Burgess and Annis Holmes, a number of grandchildren, together with many other relatives and friends are left to mourn the loss of this dear one.

Mrs. Perry was a loving wife and mother, a kind friend and neighbor, ready to help everybody in time of need.

Funeral services were held Saturday at the Charles Bullis home. Rev. J. J. Schuler of the Baptist church officiating. She was laid to rest in the cemetery at Unadilla.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our thanks to our neighbors and friends for the beautiful floral offerings, for their kindness and sympathy shown us in our bereavement. God grant you may each have such friends in your hours of need.

Mrs. James Fitch,
B. W. Fitch and family,
B. E. Hicks and family.

James Sherwood Fitch

A life long and honored resident of this community has answered the summons of "Death, the angel sent to draw the unwilling bolts and set him free." Born at the old homestead north and east of Pinckney, November 18, 1870, he spent practically his entire life in this neighborhood, passing away at the late residence in East Putnam on Oct. 14, 1918 at the age of 47 years, 10 months and 26 days.

No eulogy is needed at this time for his life among us was a "living epistle" of unassuming uprightness and true nobility. All were his friends. He had no enemies. During the long months of bodily suffering he remained cheerful and uncomplaining, grateful for the loving care and attentions of his wife, children and friends.

On Nov. 7, 1872, he was united in marriage to Miss Estella Thompson, and two children were born to them, Gertrude E. now Mrs. Bert Hicks and Burr H. of Pontiac. There are also left to mourn his passing two sisters, Mrs. E. W. Kennedy of Seattle, Wash., and Mrs. Bert Nash, one remaining brother, John Fitch, and two grandchildren, Roy James and Zilla E. Fitch with many other relatives and friends.

South Isosco

Mr. and Mrs. Jester Cranes spent Saturday night and Sunday at Webberville.

Katie Whitehead spent the week end with her parents Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Lamborn.

Mrs. Larue Rutman spent the week end at Flin.

Nick Burley and Martin Anderson and families spent Sunday at Wm. Caskey's. Miss Rose Waters of Jackson visited the Waters Brothers the past week.

Mrs. J. Roberts called at L. P. Lamborn's Sunday.

Geo. Hartford spent Sunday with his brother at Howell.

Mrs. J. B. Buckley has been sick the past week.

Lakeland

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Shipley transacted business at Pontiac Monday.

Mrs. Wm. Cady is now home after a three week stay with J. D. Corrigan and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Firth spent the week end at their cottage at Lakeland.

Two cases of the Spanish Influenza have broken out at Lakeland.

F. X. Zeizer is spending his vacation at the Lakeland Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Churchill of Lansing spent the week end with Wm. Cady and family.

Agnes Carr spent the week end with Mrs. Robert Jack.

Mrs. Rans Tomkins has returned from a long visit at Ann Arbor.

South Putnam

Last week's news.

John White and family of Marion visited at John M. Harris' Sunday.

Claude Isham visited his parents at Chelsea Saturday and Sunday.

Carmen Leland and Lillian Glenn are home as a result of their respective schools being closed on account of Spanish Influenza.

Roy Harris left Tuesday morning for the training camp at Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Bert VanBlarcom and Dave Smith visited the latter's mother near Fowlerville last Thursday.

Dorothy Darrow spent the week end at Glenn Brook.

Henry Sheader and daughter LaVerne have Spanish Influenza.

NOTICE

I have accepted the agency for the I. E. Igenfritz Sons Co., Nurseries of Monroe, Mich. I am their licensed agent here. This is the oldest, largest, and best nursery in Michigan. They put out nothing but A. 1. stock and do no substituting. Their reputation for honest dealing is unexcelled. Stock shipped from Monroe would come through fresh as it would be but a short time on the road. Will be glad to give quotations on all kinds of fruit trees and shrubbery.

F. S. Hurlbert
Adv. Pinckney, Mich.

Adv. Brooks Bros.

We desire (in the last 10 call your attention to the fact that we must insist on a full settlement of all credit accounts at once, as we need the cash to meet our bills. We do not settle it now.

NOTICE

Wants, For Sale Etc.

50 MEN WANTED

U. S. Gov't Work

Highest wages and piece work.

Serve Your Country

Airplanes and munitions are needed in France as badly as men.

Call either plant. Ask for Employment Department.

Howell Electric Motors Company
Phone 22

Spencer & Smith Machine Company
Phone 29

HOWELL, MICH.

FOR SALE—A few fine wool breeding ewes, also a few lambs.
R. G. Webb.

WANTED—Work, corn husking or other day work. Chas. Shipley, S. Reason house, Dexter Road.

STRAYED—Black and white sow strayed on my farm. Owner please call.
John F. Jones

FOR SALE CHEAP—50 S. C. White Leghorn pullets, 5 months old. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE—O. I. C. Boars.
Hugh Ward, Gregory, Mich.
Mutual Phone.

FOR SALE—Two mares, black and brown mares, 6 and nine years old.
Wm. Hassensahl, Pinckney, Mich.

FOR SALE—Two Black Top Rams. Also one Black Top ram lamb.
Lyle Hendee.

CIDER CIDER CIDER
The cider mill will be open and ready for business Thursday, Oct. 3rd, and until further notice. J. C. Dinkel.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A first class mahogany piano. Will sell or exchange for a cow.
J. W. White, Marion.

FOR SALE—Double surrey, side delivery rake, feed cooker, span good yearling colts. Inquire of
Alfred Monks

WANTED—Regs. Rubber, Iron, Metals. Highest cash price paid. Will receive same evenings and Saturdays.
Frank Hogan,
First house north of depot
Pinckney.

FARM TO RENT—Farm with all stock and tools. Possession given April first, 1919.
C. V. VanWinkle,
Pinckney, Mich.

NOTARY PUBLIC—At the Pinckney Exchange Bank. E. G. Lambertson

SHOES GOING UP

The leading shoe houses of the country are notifying their customers that shoes for Spring delivery will be from 25 to 35 per cent. higher than Fall prices. But we have plenty at the old prices.

BUY NOW!

If you wait till Spring you will also run the risk of having to take various substitutes for real leather, as we are told leathers is so scarce that some substitutes will have to be employed.

Come to us for solid leather shoes at LIVING PRICES

We wish to remind you of a few of the many items we have added to our stock and will continue to do so long as our trade demands it. We now carry in addition to our regular lines:

Crochet cottons in R. M. C., Silkline, Peri Lusta, Darning cottons, Coats' threads, Woolen Bed Blankets, Bath Towels, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Rubbers, Misses' Underwear, Ladies' Misses' and Children's Hosiery.

If we have not what you want—tell us and we'll try and get it for you.

We always carry a complete stock of Staple and Fancy Groceries.

Make our store your headquarters when in town, for we are

Yours for business.

MONKS BROS

For the Next TEN DAYS

We will sell tinware, granite ware, aluminum ware, hardware, shovels, forks, sweat pads, furniture etc.

AT COST

If you need anything in this line it will pay you to see me.

Headquarters for Groceries, Tobaccos, Confectionery, Etc.

THE ECONOMY STORE L. E. RICHARDS

CHAPTERS TOLD OF RED CROSS WORK

Annual Meetings Listen to Report Made by Organization's War Council.

ONE FOURTH OF COUNTRY'S POPULATION IS ENROLLED.

Estimated That Approximately Eight Million Women Are Engaged in Canteen Work and the Production of Relief Supplies—Vast Sum Expend.

Red Cross chapters throughout the country held their annual meetings October 23, at which the following message from the War Council was read:

To the Chapters of the American Red Cross:

The War Council sends greetings to the chapters of the American Red Cross on the occasion of their annual meetings for 1918.

With these greetings go congratulations on the great work of the chapters during the past year and, above all things, on the wonderful spirit of sacrifice and patriotism which has pervaded that work.

The strength of the Red Cross rests upon its chapters. They are its bone and sinew. They supply its funds. They supply its men and women. They supply its enthusiasm. Let us, then, review together the Red Cross story of the past year.

Some idea of the size to which your Red Cross family has grown may be gathered from the following facts:

On May 1, 1917, just before the appointment of the War Council, the American Red Cross had 486,194 members working through 562 chapters.

On July 31, 1918, the organization numbered 2,648,103 annual members, besides 8,000,000 members of the Junior Red Cross—a total enrollment of over one-fourth the population of the United States.

Since the beginning of the war you and the chapters have co-operated with the War Council in conducting two war bond drives and one membership drive. In addition to the campaign on behalf of the Junior Red Cross.

The total actual collections to date from the first war fund have amounted to more than \$115,000,000. The subscriptions to the second war fund amounted to upwards of \$178,000,000. From membership dues the collections have amounted to approximately \$34,500,000.

Splendid Work Done by Women.
To the foregoing must be added that very large contribution of materials and time given by the millions of women throughout the country in surgical dressings, in knitted articles, in hospital and refugee garments, in canteen work, and the other activities the chapters have been called upon to perform.

It is estimated that approximately 8,000,000 women are engaged in canteen work and the production of relief supplies through the chapters.

For the period up to July 1, 1918, American Red Cross chapters, through their workrooms, had produced:

- 490,120 refugee garments.
 - 7,123,621 hospital supplies.
 - 10,780,480 hospital garments.
 - 10,134,501 knitted articles.
 - 192,748,107 surgical dressings.
- A total of 221,282,838 articles—of an estimated aggregate value of at least \$44,000,000.

These articles were largely the product of women's hands, and, by the same token, infinitely more precious than could have been the output of factories or machines. These articles going to the operating room of the hospitals, to homeless or needy refugees, and carrying comfort to our own boys in the field, convey a message of love from the women of this country entirely distinct from the great money value attaching to their handiwork.

Money Spent in Work.

By the terms under which the first Red Cross war fund was raised, the chapters were entitled to retain 25 per cent of the amount collected, in order to defray local expenses, to carry on their home service work, to purchase materials to be utilized in chapter production and otherwise to meet the numerous calls made upon them. The chapters were thus entitled to retain nearly \$29,000,000. As a matter of fact, their actual retentions amounted to only about \$22,000,000.

Out of collections from annual membership, the chapters have retained about \$11,000,000.

From this total sum, therefore, of \$33,000,000 retained by the chapters, they have met all the oftentimes very heavy local demands upon them, and in addition have provided for use by national headquarters products valued, as stated above, at upwards of \$44,000,000.

The chapters have in effect returned to the War Council, not alone the \$33,000,000 retained out of the war fund membership dues but, in value of actual product, an additional contribu-

tion of at least \$11,000,000.

It will thus be seen that during the eighteen months which have elapsed since the United States entered the war, the American people will have either paid in or pledged to the American Red Cross for its work of relief throughout the world, in money or in material values, a net total of at least \$325,000,000.

Revealed America's Heart.

It has been because of this spirit which has pervaded all American Red Cross effort in this war that the aged governor of one of the stricken and battered provinces of France stated not long since that, though France had long known of America's greatness, strength and enterprise, it remained for the American Red Cross in this war to reveal America's heart.

In this country, at this moment, the workers of the Red Cross, through its chapters, are helping to add to the comfort and health of the millions of our soldiers in 162 camps and cantonments, as well as of those traveling on railroad trains or embarking on ships for duty overseas.

The home service of the Red Cross, with its now more than 40,000 workers, is extending its ministrations of sympathy and counsel each month to upwards of 100,000 families left behind by soldiers at the front—a number ever growing with the increase of our men under arms.

But, of course, the heart of the Red Cross and its money and attention always move toward and focus themselves in Europe where the American Red Cross, as truly "the greatest mother in the world," is seeking to draw "a vast net of mercy through an ocean of unspendable pain."

Red Cross Worth Recognized.

Nothing is withheld that can be given over there to supplement the efforts of our army and navy in caring for our own boys. The Red Cross does not pretend to do the work of the medical corps of the army or the navy; its purpose is to help and to supplement.

Nor does the Red Cross seek to glorify what it does or those who do it; our satisfaction is in the result, which, we are assured by Secretary Baker, General Pershing, General Ireland and all our leaders, is of inestimable value and of indispensable importance.

By the first of January, four Red Cross will have working in France upwards of 5,000 Americans—a vivid contrast to the little group of eighteen men and women which, as the first Red Cross commission to France, sailed about June 1, 1917, to initiate our efforts in Europe.

Your Red Cross now has active, operating commissions in France, in England, in Italy, in Belgium, in Switzerland, in Palestine and in Greece. You have sent a shipload of relief supplies and a group of devoted workers to northern Russia; you have dispatched a commission to work behind our armies in eastern Siberia; you have sent special representatives to Denmark, to Serbia and to the island of Madeira.

Carries Message of Hope.

Your Red Cross is thus extending relief to the armies and navies of our allies; and you are carrying a practical message of hope and relief to the friendly peoples of afflicted Europe and Asia.

Indeed, we are told by those best informed in the countries of our allies that the efforts of your Red Cross to aid the soldiers and to sustain the morale of the civilian populations left at home, especially in France and Italy, have constituted a very real factor in winning the war.

The veil has already begun to lift. What the Red Cross may be called upon to do in the further course of the war, or with the coming of victory, peace and reconstruction, it would be idle to attempt to prophesy.

But your great organization, in very truth "the mobilized heart and spirit of the whole American people," has shown itself equal to any call, ready to respond to any emergency.

Spirit of All Best and Highest.

The American Red Cross has become not so much an organization as a great movement, seeking to embody in organized form the spirit of service, the spirit of sacrifice—in short, all that is best and highest in the ideals and aspirations of our country.

Indeed we cannot but believe that this wonderful spirit which service in and for the Red Cross has evoked in this war, is destined to become in our national life an element of permanent value.

At Christmas time we shall ask the whole American people to answer the Red Cross Christmas roll call. It will constitute a unique appeal to every man, woman and child in this great land of ours to become enrolled in our army of mercy.

It is the hope of the War Council that this Christmas membership roll call shall constitute a reconsecration of the whole American people, an inspiring reassertion to mankind that in this hour of world tragedy, not to conquer but to serve is America's supreme aim.

THE WAR COUNCIL OF THE AMERICAN RED CROSS.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman, Washington, D. C., Oct. 10, 1918.

STATE NEWS

Bay City—Charles Chambers, Pinconning farmer, paid \$300 for violating sheep shipping regulations.

Mt. Clemens—The five-year-old son of Leo Kluck, was drowned when he fell in the Clinton River, near the city docks.

Big Rapids—Captain Charles McCormick, of the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Infantry, has been commissioned major.

Bay City—James T. Monroe, former Alabaster postal clerk, was sentenced to Leavenworth for 13 months for embezzlement.

Traverse City—Supervisors of Newaygo and Leelanau counties have contributed \$200 each to the Western Michigan Development bureau.

Battle Creek—Two thousand children have failed to report in public schools of Battle Creek either because of influenza or fear of the disease.

Pontiac—The state board of corrections and charities has notified Oakland county that it must provide a better juvenile detention home here.

Port Huron—The city commission has decided to follow the request from Washington that all clocks be set back one hour at midnight October 26.

Albion—Mayor Hoaglin and Chief of Police Hubbard have launched an active campaign to ban all pool and card playing in soft drink establishments as the first step toward making loafing in Albion unpopular.

Charlotte—Three young men of Nashville are reported dead. Carl McDerby died of influenza in Louisiana, Clair Harvey died of pneumonia abroad a troop transport, and Orville Stocking is reported dead in France.

Mt. Clemens—Local authorities propose a round up of men employed in non-essential industries. Barney Diehl, federal public reserve agent, is holding a conference with draft officials in order to determine the classifications of the non-essential laborers.

Saginaw—Alec Sauve of Bridgeport township has been arraigned before United States Commissioner Quinn, charged with obstruction of the sale of Liberty bonds. It is alleged Sauve argued against the purchase of bonds at a patriotic meeting early this month. He demanded an examination.

Adrian—Henry King, 50 years old, of Detroit, and William Adams, 35 years old, of Toledo, were captured at Toledo in an automobile chase and revolver battle with detectives. They are accused of having blown the safe of the Clayton Exchange Bank. Police say the men had fuses and other materials used by cracksmen.

Lansing—Oklahoma officers are interested in the recent arrest near the Ohio line of Sherman and Orrie Billingsley for whiskey running. In a letter to Commissioner Fred Woodworth, the prosecuting attorney at Oklahoma City Okla., asks for particulars. He says they have charges hanging over the head of Sherman Billingsley and Logan Billingsley.

Traverse City—Federal orders received here recently ordered the restoration of service on the Traverse City, Leelanau & Manistiquet Railroad. The G. R. & I will operate trains over the route until Leelanau County crops are moved. By that time it is expected Leelanau interests will buy the road which recently abandoned operations under the intention of junking its property.

Gladwin—Chris Klevonita, a well-to-do farmer of Grouse township, refused to listen to the soliciting committee of the fourth Liberty loan, October 14, when they called to ask him to buy bonds and drove away leaving them standing in the barnyard. That evening a vigilance committee of about 50 called upon him and he bought \$500 in bonds and subscribed \$25 to the Red Cross.

St. Joseph—Stricken suddenly with neuralgia of the heart, Judge Orville O. Coolidge, for 18 years Circuit Court judge of Dorrien County, died at his home in Niles. He was 79 years old. Judge Coolidge was born in Cass County, but lived most of his life in Niles. His political career began in 1870 when he was elected prosecuting attorney. He was a graduate of Michigan and Harvard law schools.

East Lansing—Ray M. Turner, formerly in charge of club work in Hillsdale county, has been appointed by the state board of agriculture at Michigan Agricultural college to take up the duties laid down by E. C. Lindemann, state leader of boys' and girls' clubs. As did Mr. Lindemann, Mr. Turner will have direction of the work of the 25,000 Michigan youngsters who are members of the junior gardening, canning, live stock and other clubs in the state.

Ann Arbor—A contingent of 346 drafted men have arrived here to be instructed as mechanics and Signal Corps work.

Bay City—C. Patterson, of Bay City, and J. Drumm, of St. Charles, Mich., are reported among the wounded in the Canadian casualty list.

East Lansing—Training of "pilots" for farm tractors will be an important course at the M. A. C. this year. The tractor school will open November 25.

Houghton—Maj. George Rees, chief medical officer, has issued an order suspending all drills and gatherings of Michigan State Troops during the influenza epidemic.

Monroe—Charged with having seven quarts of whisky in her possession, Detroit woman told the court that the supply was purchased to combat influenza. She was fined \$75.

Albion—Mrs. Arthur R. Smith and Mrs. W. W. Diehl, former trained nurses, have organized a number of women to care for influenza victims in the Albion College S. A. T. C.

Houghton—There were 31 deaths by accident in the mines of Houghton County during the year ending June 30, according to the annual report of Alfred James, inspector of mines.

Algonac—Angus M. Smith has been appointed a special investigator with the Emergency Fleet Corporation. His duties will take him to all yards where wooden ships are being built.

Traverse City—The annual meeting of Grand Traverse County supervisors has been postponed two weeks in order that potatoes may be harvested during the present favorable weather.

Ferdale—The election to decide on a site for a school in Campbell boulevard district has been declared void as a two-thirds majority was not obtained. Another election will be called.

Charlevoix—Schedules have been arranged for school pupils to assist farmers with harvesting in this vicinity. The Business Men's Association is also seeking to enlist a harvest army.

Hastings—When the hammer of a shotgun could not be lowered, Anthony Whitefeet, of Carlton, pounded the weapon on a log without removing the shells. He is minus two fingers.

St. Joseph—More than 200 school children are reported victims of influenza, while the gas company is crippled through the number of men in the production department who are absent.

Petoskey—Lottie McPherson, 12 years old, was shot through the right lung by Dorothy Scheidel, 16 years old, when a 22-caliber rifle with which the girls were playing was accidentally discharged.

Albion—The National Spring & Wire Co. plant has been sold to the Ventilated Mattress Co., of Chicago, and the local plant will now be used to turn out mattress springs to be used in ambulances.

Muskegon—John Castenholz, former alderman of Muskegon, will be named the third member of the country road commissioners board by the supervisors of this county, after a long fight for the position by other candidates.

Port Huron—The body of Mrs. C. K. Dodge, widow of a former attorney and botanist, was taken from the St. Clair river recently. It is believed she ended life by drowning. The body was found by "Biz" O'Connor marine reporter.

Petoskey—Willie Koepka, 9 years old, and Robert Judson, 10 years old, were drowned in Lancaster Lake when a boat in which they were attempting to hoist a sail overturned. The bodies were recovered after the lake had been dynamited.

Bay City—After signing a retraction pleading his loyalty, purchasing Liberty Bonds and agreeing to dispose of his wheat at the market price, Robert Bittner, a Pinconning farmer, arrested for disloyal utterances, was released under bond of \$1,000.

Houghton—Following protests from residents of the Copper Country, Gov. Sleeper has instructed Game Commissioner Baird to sell fish taken for spawning purposes to local dealers at 11 cents a pound providing they are sold at retail for 13 cents a pound.

Kalamazoo—A resolution asking the city commission to rename one of the city's prominent streets in honor of Colonel Joseph Westnedge was adopted unanimously by the local Rotary club. Col. Westnedge commands the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Infantry, which in the battle of Clergees won one of the most thrilling fights of the war.

Kalamazoo—Ira Van Vleet and Charles White, youths, who placed an obstruction on the Michigan Central railroad track to see what would happen when a passenger train struck it, were sentenced to Lewis state reformatory by Judge Welmer in circuit court. Van Vleet was given two to 10 years and White one to 10 years. Both are residents of Ross township.

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. BINZER, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binzer that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, ulceration, displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.



For Constipation Carter's Little Liver Pills will set you right over night. Purely Vegetable. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.

Carter's Iron Pills
Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best services.

While the Boss is Away. The following notice is scrawled on the wall of his hut by a Bananaland (Australia) timber cutter:

"You all take this notice. I have gone to fight the Germans, and I don't know when I'm coming back; somebody chip round my bumpy against grass fire. All my bullocks is sold except Sambo, him with the cockhorn. Anyone finding him can sell him to the — butcher and mind the money till I come back."

Sambo has been collected and his price (\$50) banked against the boss' return. The humpy (shack) is regularly chipped round, and anyone who interfered with the old wagon rusting outside, or the gear piled against the wall would have to fight the whole district.

Itching Burning Skins. For eczema, rashes, itchings, irritations, pimples, dandruff, sore hands, and baby humors, Cuticura Soap and Ointment are supremely effective. For free samples address "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Whee! Kidder (confidential-like)—Say, they tell me that Mr. Spooner hasn't spoken a word to his wife for nearly a month. Mrs. Scandalized—The very idea, and them so loved-loved, too! What is the matter? Kidder—She's away visiting.

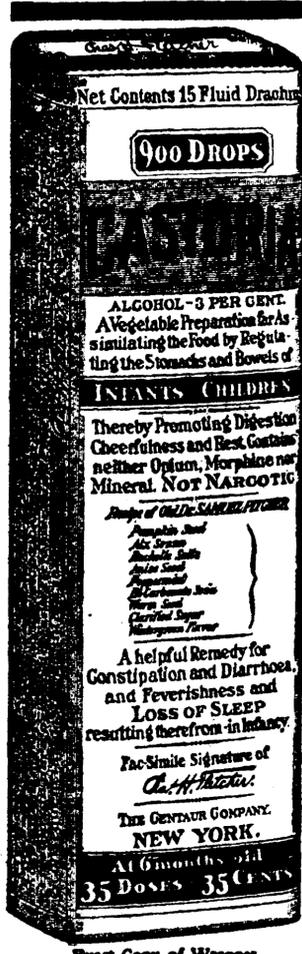
Cure pimples, headache, bad breath by taking May Apple. Also, Jalap rolled into a tiny sugar pill called Doctor Fennel's Pleasant Palsies. Adv.

Hard to tell. A skinny man may not belong to the "bone-dry" party.

Even the cat has a human trait. He will sharpen his claws in play.

"We are all comrades in a great enterprise."—Woodrow Wilson.

Your Eyes
A. Whitcomb, Consulting, Retrospectory and Refracting Optician—Marine for 25 years, Boston, Mass. Examination, fitting and repairing of the eyes or eyeglasses. "3 Days" After the Morning, Evening or Night. Call for your examination. All Year. Druggists. Member State Board of Opticians.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Mothers Know That Genuine Castoria

Always Bears the Signature of

In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

You are commanding one life—and it is about the biggest contract ever a man undertook.

If you have passed the winter intelligently, your farm implements will show it in the spring.

HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES IF YOUR BACK ACHES

Do you feel tired and "worn-out"? Are you nervous and irritable? Don't sleep well at night? Have a "dragged out," unrested feeling when you get up in the morning? Dizzy spells? Bilious? Bad taste in the mouth, backache, pain or soreness in the loins, and abdomen? Severe distress when urinating, bloody, cloudy urine or sediment? All these indicate gravel or stone in the bladder, or that the poisonous microbes, which are always in your system, have attacked your kidneys. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The oil soaks gently into the walls and lining of the kidneys, and the little poisonous animal germs, which are causing the inflammation, are immediately attacked and chased out of your system without inconvenience or pain.

Don't ignore the "little pains and aches," especially backaches. They may be little now but there is no telling how soon a dangerous or fatal disease of which they are the forerunners may show itself. Go after the cause of that backache at once, or you may find yourself in the grip of an incurable disease. Do not delay a minute. Go to your druggist and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In 24 hours you will feel renewed health and vigor. After you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two Capsules each day so as to keep in first-class condition, and ward off the danger of future attacks. Money refunded if they do not help you. Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand, and thus be sure of getting the genuine.—Adv.

IT IS not enough to have the bowels move. It is more important to persuade liver, kidneys, skin, and bowels to act in harmony and against self-poisoning. BEECHAM'S PILLS act favorably upon all organs concerned in food-digestion and waste-elimination; they remove causes as well as relieve symptoms.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Directions of Special Value to Women are with Every Box. Sold by druggists throughout the world. In boxes, 10c., 25c.

Canada Made Me Prosperous

—that's what thousands of farmers say, who have gone from the U. S. to settle on homesteads or buy land in Western Canada. Canada's invitation to every industrious worker to settle in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta is especially attractive. She wants farmers to make money and happy, prosperous homes for themselves by helping her raise immense wheat crops to feed the world.

You Can Get a Homestead of 160 Acres Free

or other lands at very low prices. Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$20 per acre that will raise 20 to 45 bushels of 32 wheat to the acre—it's easy to become prosperous. Canadian farmers also grow wonderful crops of Oats, Hay and Flax. Mixed Farming is fully as profitable an industry as grain raising. The excellent grasses, full of nutrition, are the only food required either for beef or dairy purposes. Good schools and churches; markets convenient; climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to

M. V. McNEVIN
176 Jefferson Ave., Detroit, Mich.
Canadian Government Agent

UNNECESSARY CALLS MADE ON PHYSICIANS

Proper Treatment of Mild Cases of Spanish Influenza.

Use of Gauze Masks is Recommended for Those Nursing Sick—Handkerchiefs Are Out of Place—Rest is Important.

Washington.—In an effort to reduce unnecessary calls on the over-worked physicians throughout the country because of the present epidemic of influenza, Surgeon General Blue of the United States public health service calls upon the people of the country to learn something about the home care of patients ill with influenza. Physicians everywhere have complained about the large number of unnecessary calls they have had to make because of the inability of many people to distinguish between the cases requiring expert medical care and those which could readily be cared for without a physician. With influenza continuing to spread in many parts of the country, and with an acute shortage of doctors and nurses everywhere, every unnecessary call on either physicians or nurses makes it so much harder to meet the urgent needs of the patients who are seriously ill.

Present Generation Spoiled.
"The present generation," said the surgeon general, "has been spoiled by having had expert medical and nursing care readily available. It was not so in the days of our grandmothers, when every good housewife was expected to know a good deal about the care of the sick.

"Every person who feels sick and appears to be developing an attack of influenza should at once be put to bed in a well-ventilated room. If his bowels have moved regularly, it is not necessary to give a physic; where a physic is needed, a dose of castor oil or Rochelle salts should be given.

"The room should be cleared of all unnecessary furniture, bric-a-brac, and rugs. A wash basin, pitcher, and slop bowl, soap and towel should be at hand, preferably in the room or just outside the door.

"If the patient is feverish a doctor should be called, and this should be done in any case if the patient appears very sick, or coughs up pinkish (blood-stained) sputum, or breathes rapidly and painfully.

"Most of the patients cough up considerable mucus; in some, there is much mucus discharged from the nose and throat. This material should not be collected in handkerchiefs, but rather in bits of old rags, or toilet paper, or on paper napkins. As soon as used, these rags or papers should be placed in a paper bag kept beside the bed. Pocket handkerchiefs are out of place in the sick room and should not be used by patients. The rags or papers in the paper bag should be burned.

"The patients will not be hungry, and the diet should therefore be light. Milk, a soft-boiled egg, some toast or crackers, a bit of jelly or jam, stewed fruit, some cooked cereal like oatmeal, hominy or rice—these will suffice in most cases.

Comfort of Patient.
"The comfort of the patient depends on a number of little things, and these should not be overlooked. Among these may be mentioned a well-ventilated room; a thoroughly clean bed with fresh, smooth sheets and pillowcases; quiet, so that refreshing sleep may be had; cool drinking water conveniently placed; a cool compress to the forehead if there is headache; keeping the patient's hands and face the forehead if there is headache; clean, and the hair combed; keeping his mouth clean, preferably with some pleasant mouth wash; letting the patient know that someone is within call, but not annoying him with too much fussing; giving the patient plenty of opportunity to rest and sleep.

"It is advisable to give the sick room a good airing several times a day. "So much for the patient. It is equally important to consider the person who is caring for him. It is important to remember that the disease is spread by breathing germ-laden matter sprayed into the air by the patient in coughing or even in ordinary breathing. The attendant should therefore wear a gauze mask over her mouth and nose while she is in the sick room. Such a mask is easily made by folding a piece of gauze four fold, sewing a piece of tape at the four corners.

Observe Cleanliness.
"The attendant should, if possible, wear a washable gown or an apron which covers the dress. This will make it much simpler to avoid infection.

"It is desirable that all attendants learn how to use a fever thermometer. This is not at all a difficult matter, and the use of such a thermometer is a great help in caring for the patients. The druggist who sells these thermometers will be glad to show how they are used.

"In closing, and lest I be misunderstood, I wish to leave one word of caution: If in doubt, call the doctor."



Do You Think There is No Competition?

If anyone thinks there is no competition amongst the big packers he ought to go through a day's work with Swift & Company.

Let him begin at the pens when the live stock comes in; let him try to buy a nice bunch of fat steers quietly and at his own price without somebody's bidding against him.

Let him realize the scrupulous care taken at the plant that not one thing is lost or wasted in order that costs may be held to a minimum.

Let him go up into the office where market reports are coming in,—and reports of what other concerns are doing.

Let him watch the director of the Swift Refrigerator fleet, maneuvering it over the face of the country like a fleet of battleships at sea.

Let him take a trip with a Swift & Company salesman and try to sell a few orders of meat.

Let him stay at a branch house for an hour or two and see the retail meat dealers drive their bargains to the last penny as they shop around among the packers' branch houses, the wholesale dealers, and the local packing plants.

And then, when the day is over, let him have half an hour in the accounting department, where he can see for himself on what small profits the business is done. (Less than 4 cents on each dollar of sales.)

If he still thinks there is no competition in the meat business it will be because he wants to think so.

Swift & Company, U. S. A.



Distinction Not His. "And are you the eldest of the family?" asked the caller. "None," answered Teddy; "my grandma's a lot older'n I am."

The Limit. "So you have promised to make Cholly happy, eh?" "I've agreed to marry him. That's all."

How Acid-Stomach Wrecks Health of Millions

Many people make the mistake of thinking that acid-stomach—supercidity as the doctors call it—merely means an occasional attack of indigestion, bloated, heartburn, belching, sour, gassy stomach, or some other such minor ailment which quickly remedies—or will cure itself—and leave no serious after effects. As a matter of fact superacidity is responsible for a long train of serious ailments that cause awful suffering and sometimes baffle the best medical skill. It is a well established fact that many cases of chronic stomach trouble, anemia, stomatitis, gastritis, rheumatism, gout, lumbago, cirrhosis of the liver, auto-intoxication, dyspepsia, catarrh of the stomach, intestinal ulcer, cancer of the stomach, and frequently varicose heart trouble and heart failure, can be traced directly to an acid-stomach.

You must get rid of that excess acid. Nothing is gained by taking medicines which merely stimulate and give one a false sense of strength and that leave the excess acid still in the stomach. You must depend upon your food for your strength—unless you keep your stomach free from excess acid, pure, sweet and strong, it cannot properly digest food; your whole body suffers. What you want is relief—fast—and here is the way—absolutely guaranteed—you take no chance. It's been tested tens of thousands of times with universal success. Go to your druggist and get just one package of BANTONIC, a wonderful preparation that will literally wipe the excess acidity out of your stomach. The results obtained are nothing short of marvelous. Almost instantly it relieves that painful, puffed up feeling after eating, belching, heartburn, sour stomach, etc. Makes the stomach feel cool and comfortable. If you need this help it's your own fault; if you suffer another day, BANTONIC is absolutely guaranteed to get a big "O.K." box from your druggist. If it does not help your money will be refunded. If your druggist does not keep BANTONIC, send your name and address to The National Bantonic Company, 2225 N. Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill., and they will at once mail you a big box and you can send them the money for it after you receive it.

If you ever hope to be well and strong

We Invite Comparison of OUR COAT VALUES With Others

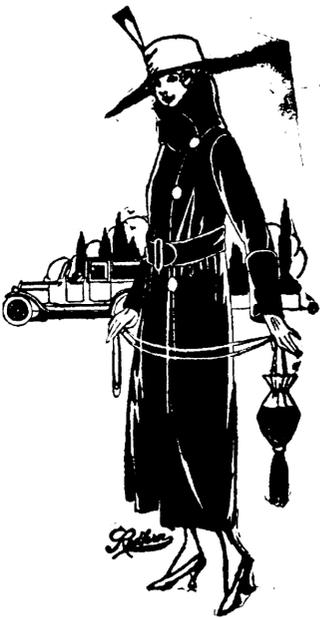
We believe you'll feel that we have been able to assemble a fine group of very stylish—well made coats at surprisingly reasonable prices.

There are, in this splendid showing, coats of velours, broadcloths, zibelines, home-spuns and plushes.

The tones of browns, blues and dark reds are mostly shown and are very pretty—indeed.

The coats are mostly belted—in different ways, you know—but there are others without belts.

The prices are \$15 and \$20 and up to \$45 with especially nice showings and extra values at \$22.50 and \$37.50.



Our line of plush coats is very large

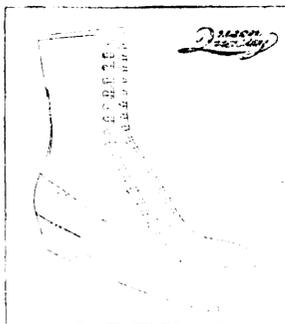
There are plain blacks, trimmed black coats and reindeer colored plushes. Your size and style is here at \$22.50 to \$50.00

Our New Coats for Children and Girls Are Now Here

and we believe you'll like them. Styles that are latest and materials that are warmest. Ages 2 to 14 at \$3.00 to \$25.00.

Don't fail to see them. THE NEW QUEEN QUALITY

And other makes of Fall and Winter shoes are now on display here. We mention a few styles:



- Field Mouse Kid Carter Cloth top \$9.50 the pair
- Stone Grey Kid, All Leather \$9.50 the pair
- Gray Kid Vamp, Gray Cloth Top \$6.50 the pair
- Tabasco Brown, Perforated Toe \$8.50 the pair
- Black Gun Metal Vamp Cloth Top \$4.50 the pair
- Other Blacks and Fancies at \$3.50 to \$11.00 the pair

Misses All Leather Dark Brown Lace \$4.50 the pair
Child's of same style \$4.00 pair; Boys at \$2.50 pair

For the Babies, buy no other but "SIN BAC"
"HEALTHY-FUT"—They're smooth on the inside and there's plenty of room for the toes. Try one pair and you'll have no other kind afterward.

Visit Our Custom Tailoring Department

This store is the authorized resident dealer for THE ROYAL TAILORS.

Royal Tailored-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at \$25, \$28.50, \$31, \$35, \$40, \$45 and \$50

Carfare paid on \$15 purchases

W. J. Dancer & Co.

Stockbridge, Mich.

Worth Your Consideration

Readers of this paper are perfectly cognizant of the fact that we have very rarely endorsed the election of any candidate for office or taken any part editorially in trying to influence the readers of the paper for county or township offices. However this year we shall make an exception to the rule, not because we have one word of fault to find with the opposing candidate, but because we recognize the unusual qualifications in the Democratic candidate, Arthur E. Cole for the office of representative to the legislature. We do not endorse him because he is a Democrat, neither alone for the qualifications that so eminently fit him for the position, but as a partial appreciation to the personal work he has done in this community through all these years of his career.

Everyone who has come in contact with him in any public matter, knows that he has always been an enthusiastic supporter of anything that would be of benefit in any way to this village and vicinity, especially, and to Livingston County, and that in nearly every instance it has been without financial benefit to himself. Nine times out of ten he has put himself, his time and his money into projects for the benefit of all without a thought of recompense, and as a lawyer we believe he has given more free advice than any other man in Livingston county.

Arthur E. Cole was born in Livingston County and has spent his entire life here. He has served his township as supervisor for several terms. He was president of the village of Fowlerville three years and each time he was elected without opposition. In 1884, he was elected judge of probate, and later served the county as circuit court commissioner. At the close of his term as judge of probate, he was admitted to the bar on examination and since 1892 has practiced law in the village of Fowlerville.

He has been identified with every organization that had for its object the advancement of the interests and amelioration of the condition of the farmers and laboringmen. He was a charter member of the Grange and Farmers' Alliance and President of the State Farmers' Alliance and Industrial Union for two years. He still retains his farm in the township of Conway.

He is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Michigan State Sanatorium and treasurer of that institution. He has given unstintingly of his time to all war activities being a member of the War Preparedness Board and president of the Township of Handy War League. He has rendered valuable service free of cost in making out questionnaires.

His services to the public entitle his candidacy to more than a passing consideration. In the person of Judge Cole, as he is commonly called, the people of the county have an opportunity to send to the Legislature a man of wide business experience, one who is a student of social and economic questions, well informed on the affairs of the county and state and whose integrity and ability are unquestioned.

If we cared to trespass on your time and patience we could name many of the instances and the public and private benefit derived and now it seems eminently fair that we should almost unanimously embrace this opportunity of showing our appreciation by electing him as member of the legislature.

—The Fowlerville Review. Adv.

JOHN A. HAGMAN



Republican Candidate for COUNTY CLERK

This office is an important one, and the Republican Party presents a candidate, who through his earnest endeavors, stands upon a splendid record.

He is a graduate of the Howell High School, and who has an excellent training for clerical work which this office requires, and who should be endorsed by the voters on November 5th 1918.

Auction Sale

Thursday October 31, 1918

At One O'clock Sharp

Having sold our farm will sell at auction on the premises, three miles west and one mile north of Pinckney and one mile north of the Sprout School House, the following:

Two Head of Horses

One bay mare, nine years old, one sorrell mare, ten years old.

Seven Head of Cattle

Holstein cow, four years old, due in January, Jersey cow, five years old, due in January, Holstein heifer, 9 months old, four head of Holstein yearlings.

About Thirty Hens Farming Implements.

Side delivery rake, single harness, double harness, top buggy, wagon, flat rack, Milwaukee mower, McCormic hay rake, riding Syracuse plow, spring tooth harrow, sixteen teeth, corn sheller, and other articles too numerous to mention. Base burner coal stove, range.

Hay and Grain

Eight tons mixed hay, seventy five bushel oats.

TERMS OF SALE:—All sums of \$5 and under, cash, over that amount nine months time will be given on good bankable notes drawing 6 per cent interest

Mrs. Julia Fitzsimmons.

NORMAN REASON, Auctioneer

M. J. ROCHE, CLERK

EGGS POULTRY VEAL

Will take eggs 6 days each week. Poultry and Veal Wednesday morning. Highest price paid at all times.

JOHN C. DINKEL.

AUCTION!

Having decided to quit farming on account of the war and poor health, will sell at auction on the Enos Burden farm, four miles north of Anderson and two miles south of Pingree

Monday October 28, ONE O'CLOCK P. M.

SIX HORSES

Gray mare age 6 weight 1350, grey gelding age 10 weight 1400, grey gelding age 14 weight 1400, sorrel mare age 10 weight 1400, chestnut mare age 9 weight 1300, sorrel pacer age 10 weight 900.

FIVE HEAD OF CATTLE

Cow age 3 fresh in April, cow age 3 fresh Nov. 1, heifer age 2 fresh April 12 yearling heifer, heifer 7 months old.

SIXTEEN HOGS

Four hogs weight about 200 each, brood sow 2 years old, boar 1 year old, 10 pigs about 50 lbs each.

POULTRY

Brown Leghorn chickens, 10 ducks.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

Two sets work harness, two sets single harness, two farm wagons, top buggy, cutter, hay and stock racks, road sleighs, 2-horse cultivator, two 1 horse cultivators, Empire mower, sump rake, 2 springtooth harrows, Leroy plow, Bryan plow, grain cradle, road scraper, 1 dozen crates, 16-ft log chain, iron maul potato fork, hay forks, 3 sets whiffletrees, potato planter, 2 corn planters, Paige automobile, two pairs light beams and tugs new, and other articles.

HAY AND GRAIN

About 50 bushels oats, 150 bushels corn, 5 tons timothy hay, 7 tons marsh hay, 800 bundles corn stalks all cut before the frost.

TERMS OF SALE—All sums of \$5.00 or under cash, all sums over that amount one year time will be given on good endorsed bankable notes at 6 per cent interest.

NORMAN REASON, Auctioneer, GEO. BULLIS, Clerk.

MRS. CLARA MERRITT

State of Michigan. The Circuit Court for the County of Livingston in Chancery Charlotte M. Bogardus, Plaintiff, v. Arnold Bogardus, Defendant. Before Hon. Joseph Collins, Circuit Judge. In this cause, it appearing by affidavit on file that the defendant, Arnold Bogardus, is not a resident of this state but resides in the State of New York. On motion of R. D. Roche, attorney for plaintiff it is ordered that the appearance of the said defendant, Arnold Bogardus, be entered in this cause within three months from the date of this order; and that in case of his appearance he serve his answer to the bill of complaint to be filed and a copy thereof served upon the attorney for the plaintiff within fifteen days after service on him or his attorney of a copy of said bill and

in default thereof that said bill be taken as confessed by the said defendant, Arnold Bogardus. And it is further ordered that the said plaintiff cause this order to be published in the Pinckney Dispatch, a newspaper published and circulated in said county and that such publication be commenced within twenty days from the date of this order and such publication be continued once in each week for six weeks in succession or that the said plaintiff cause a copy of this order to be personally served on the defendant at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance. Dated, Corunna, Mich. September 11, 1918. JOSEPH H. COLLINS, Circuit Judge. Examined, countersigned and entered by me: JOHN A. HAGMAN, Clerk. R. D. Roche, Attorney for Plaintiff. Business address, Howell, Mich.

Grand Trunk Time Table

For the convenience of our readers

Trains East		Trains West	
No. 46—7:24 a. m.	No. 47—7:57 p. m.	No. 45—4:44 p. m.	No. 48—9:53 a. m.

Ann Arbor Railroad

Leaves Lakeland

North	South
9 52 A. M.	10 46 A. M.
12 36 P. M.	1 23 P. M.
5 17 P. M.	4 41 P. M.

M. F. SIGLER, M. D., C. L. SIGLER, M. D.

Drs. Sigler & Sigler

Physicians and Surgeons

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main St. PINCKNEY MICHIGAN

RICHARD D ROCHE

Attorney at Law

HOWELL, MICH.

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent

Paid on all Time Deposits

Pinckney Mich.

G. W. TEEPLE Prop

His Portrait



Means much to you
Your portrait will mean a thousand times more to him.

Make an appointment to-day—it's time for the Christmas mail to France.

DAISIE B. CHAPPELL

Stockbridge Michigan

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Take Laxacold tablets for a cold in the head.

For sale by Adv. C. M. Ingersoll.

Frank Mowers and son Walter were in Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ross Hinchey a boy Wednesday October, 16.

Mrs. J. Parker visited relatives in Ann Arbor and Ypsilanti last week.

Mrs. C. L. Sigler and son Donald were Ann Arbor callers Saturday.

Mrs. Nettie Vaughn spent the past week at Jackson.

Lorenzo Murphy spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

I. J. Kennedy of Jackson spent the week end with his family here.

W. W. Barnard is spending the week at Caro, Mich.

Mrs. F. G. Jackson is visiting friends at Detroit.

Mrs. Ida Jones of Lansing is assisting at the Bank now.

Mrs. R. Merrills and children of Hamburg spent the past week here.

C. W. Brown and family spent Sunday in Ann Arbor.

Emmett Berry and family of Stockbridge spent Sunday at A. Monks'.

Dr. W. E. Wright was a Pinckney caller Monday.

Arthur E. Cole of Fowlerville was in town Monday.

Hollis Sigler of Ann Arbor Sundayed at home.

Clare Skinner and family of Ann Arbor visited relatives here over Sunday.

School Commissioner Aldrich of Fowlerville was in town Monday.

Geo. Loeffler and family of Flint are visiting relatives here.

The Sprout School was closed Thursday on account of the Spanish Influenza.

Jefferson Parker is suffering with a sore hand caused by trying to stop the elevator while in motion.

Mrs. Alvin Mann spent the first of the week with friends and relatives here.

Mrs. L. Reeves and Morley Reeves of Lansing spent the first of the week here.

Mrs. Robert J. Clark of Lakeland spent Monday at the home of S. H. Carr.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Henry left Tuesday for Chicago where they will spend the winter.

Thomas Moran who was with the army training corps at Ann Arbor has been sent to Allentown, Pa. for further mechanical training.

Arthur Swarthout and wife have returned to their home at Washington D. C.

Ray Leavey of Plainfield spent the week end with his parents Mr. and Mrs. P. Leavey.

James Tiplady of Detroit spent a few days the past week with his parents Mr. and Mrs. James Tiplady.

Mrs. F. E. Moran and daughter Maxine left Saturday for their home at Grand Rapids.

The amount from the chicken pie supper last Saturday evening was \$53.61.

Rev. and Mrs. Hariburt are spending a few days with friends at Coldwater.

Pauline Swarthout is suffering from a sprained ankle, the result of an accident.

Mrs. John Dinkel and Miss Nellie Gardner attended the funeral of Mrs. O. P. Noah at North Lake Monday afternoon.

Dr. C. L. Sigler and W. E. Murphy were Ann Arbor callers Sunday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Swarthout and baby spent Sunday at W. G. Chubb's of Howell.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Carpenter are spending several weeks with their son in Pontiac.

Mrs. Carrie Whitlock of Hamburg spent the first of the week at E. G. Lambertson's.

Rev. and Mrs. E. L. Sutherland and Mrs. Fred Bowman and daughter Madeline were Howell callers Tuesday afternoon.

Malachy Roche called on friends in Pinckney Monday. He has lately returned from a trip to the north where his brother Dr. A. Roche resides also visiting the Great Lakes Training Station and several other points of interest.

Claude Kennedy of the Engineering corps is in France, after having been in England for some time. He says he is too busy to write very much or often, and the Germans probably think there are others of the American army quite busy these days.

HENRY T. ROSS



of Brighton township, the Republican Candidate for State Representative from Livingston County, was born on the farm he now works and which he has operated since he was old enough to do so. For a young man 31 years of age, he certainly has had a valuable lot of experience that particularly fits him for this office.

Graduating from the Michigan Agriculture College in 1904, (the youngest male member of his class), he returned to the farm. Since then he has served as Supervisor of his township, was elected chairman of the Board of Supervisors of his County, and has represented this county in the last two sessions of the Michigan Legislature.

Some friends of his opponent say that two terms are enough. They forget that prior to Mr. Ross' election, Mr. Farmer, a very worthy Democrat, held this same office four terms in succession.

On account of work on the farm, and the scarcity of labor at this time, Mr. Ross does not expect to be able to see many of the voters personally this fall. He has heard no criticisms regarding the way he has represented his county at Lansing, and if you think he is worthy of another term, he respectfully asks your support at the coming election. Adv.

WESLEY J. WITTY

Candidate for
COUNTY TREASURER
Democrat Ticket

He is 50 years of age, spent his early life attending the district school and working on a farm. Later taught school for five years and started farming in the township of Marion and then elected supervisor for three terms. In the Fall of 1917 in doing some chopping he cut his knee, blood poison set in and he was taken to a hospital at Lansing where he stayed for a number of months and was laid up for nine months.

Mr. Witty has also been a director of the Farmer's Mutual Fire Company for about 12 years. His fairness in making settlements has brought about his re-election each year.

The office of County Treasurer has always been considered as a farmer's office, in fact Elmer Druley, Edward Millet, Charles Judson, Fred Dean and Robert Wright were elected as farmers. Livingston County is an agricultural county and it is said that the farmers of the county are taking an interest to see that this office is given to a farmer candidate. Adv.

REX H. GORTON



NOMINEE FOR
SHERIFF
DEMOCRATIC TICKET

Was born in the township of Marion, spent his early life attending the district school and in helping on his father's farm. He is married and has a family of two children. He has been conducting a farm in the township of Marion for a number of years.

He was elected to the office of Township Treasurer and served for two years. He was re-elected to the office of Supervisor last Spring. His fairness and good judgment made for him many friends in the township and county.

His friends say that he is a strong and able man and if elected to office will perform the duties of the office in a fair and impartial manner. Adv.



HENRY H. WINES

REPUBLICAN NOMINEE
FOR

COUNTY TREASURER

Your Support Respectfully
Solicited

Election Tuesday, November 5th
Adv.

Here's the Answer:

Colds are in the air.
So be prepared to take



LAXACOLD

At the first sign of a cold. It is helpful in warding off the attack.

C. M. Ingersoll

Nyal Quality Drug Store

Glasgow Brothers

Noted for Selling Good Goods Cheap
129 to 135 East Main St. JACKSON, MICH.

Monday you'll find more than eighty of our choicest and newest models marked down for

The Season's Best Sale of Suits

A Wonderful Lot
Including all \$47.00
and \$49.50 Suits at
\$29.75

We are including suits at this price that could easily be sold for \$45.00 because we wanted to make this sale

The Best Sale of the Season

NOTICE

Cash and highest price paid for eggs and poultry delivered at the poultry plant. Will take in eggs six days of the week and poultry on Wednesdays. Soliciting your patronage.

E. FARNAM

PINCKNEY MARKET

Having purchased the Pinckney Market, I am prepared to supply your needs in the line of fresh, salted and smoked meats, sausages, pressed meats etc. Am also prepared to pay the highest cash price for eggs, poultry and veal. Soliciting your patronage.

WM. SEEHAFFER

Better than Pills



YOU WILL NEVER wish to take another dose of pills after having once used Chamberlain's Tablets. They are easier and more pleasant to take, more gentle and mild in their action and more reliable. They leave the bowels in a natural condition, while the use of pills is often followed by severe constipation, requiring a constant increase in the dose. Every bottle guaranteed by your druggist.

Chamberlain's Tablets

PRESIDENT WILSON SAYS NO TO AUSTRIA-HUNGARIAN PEACE OFFER

Secretary Lansing Has Made Public the President's Reply With the Announcement That It Was Handed to Minister Ekengren for Transmission to Vienna.

PRESIDENT GIVES NOTICE THAT MERE AUTONOMY FOR AUSTRIA'S SUBJECT NATIONALITIES IS NO LONGER ACCEPTABLE

Germans Are Evacuating Antwerp—Warehouses Are Being Stripped—Thirty-five Submarines Are Being Shipped Overland From Flanders Coast to Kiel.

Washington—President Wilson has rejected the Austro-Hungarian government's offer to conclude an armistice and negotiate peace on principles enunciated by him, and has given notice that mere autonomy for Austria's subject nationalities is no longer acceptable; that they must have liberty.

Secretary Lansing made public the President's reply, with the announcement that it was handed to Minister Ekengren of Sweden for transmission to Vienna.

It did not discuss the military questions dealt with in their reply to Germany. The President said simply he could not entertain the suggestions of the Austro-Hungarian government, because the attitude and responsibility of the United States had been altered by events which had occurred since last Jan. 8, when in enumerating 14 terms of peace, he said: "The peoples of Austria-Hungary, whose place among the nations we wish to see safeguarded, should be accorded the freest opportunity of autonomous development."

Washington—The text of the note to Austria follows:

"Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the seventh instant in which you transmit a communication of the imperial and royal government of Austria-Hungary to the President. I am now instructed by the President to request you to be good enough through your government to convey to the imperial royal government the following reply:

"The President deems it his duty to say to the Austro-Hungarian government that he cannot entertain the present suggestions of that government because of certain events of utmost importance which, occurring since the delivery of his address of the eighth of January last, have necessarily altered the attitude and responsibility of the Government of the United States. Among the 14 terms of peace which the President formulated at that time occurred the following:

"X. The peoples of Austro-Hungary, whose place among the nations we wish to see safeguarded and assured, should be accorded the freest opportunity of autonomous development."

Conditions Changed.

"Since that sentence was written and uttered to the Congress of the United States the Government of the United States has recognized that a state of belligerency exists between the Czechoslovaks and the German and Austro-Hungarian empires and that the Czechoslovak national council is a de facto belligerent government clothed with proper authority to direct the military and political affairs of the Czechoslovaks. It has also recognized in the fullest manner the justice of the nationalistic aspirations of the Jungo-Slavs for freedom.

"The President is, therefore, no longer at liberty to accept the mere 'autonomy' of these peoples as a basis of peace, but is obliged to insist that they, and not he, shall be the judges of what action on the part of the Austro-Hungarian Government will satisfy their aspirations and their conception of their rights and destiny as members of the family of nations.

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my highest consideration.

"ROBERT LANSING."

Austria's Proposal.

In announcing his reply, Secretary Lansing also made public the official text of the Austro-Hungarian note. It follows:

"Legation of Sweden, Washington, D. C., Oct. 7, 1918. (Translation.)

"Excellency—by order of my government I have the honor confidentially to transmit herewith to you the following communication of the imperial and royal government of Austro-Hungary to the President of the United States of America:

"The Austro-Hungarian monarchy, which has waged war always and solely as a defensive war and repeatedly given documentary evidence of its

U. S. MANPOWER IS 23,456,021

Final Returns Show 12,966,594 Men Registered September 12.

Washington—Final returns from all states show 12,966,594 men registered for military service September 12. This was 187,836 in excess of the estimate of 12,778,758 based on projections from census figures.

Texas was the last state to report. Its registration as announced by Gen. Crowder was 521,474 against the original estimate of 546,187.

The total does not include registrations received by mail by local boards after September 12 nor belated enrollments by men who were absent from the country that day. Including such cases, it is believed the actual figure will be approximately 13,000,000. This will be still further increased by the registrations in Alaska, Porto Rico and Hawaii, to be held on dates recently fixed by the President.

The total number registered since the United States entered the war, including those registered June 5, 1917; last June 5; August 24, and September 12 is 23,456,021.

readiness to stop the shedding of blood and to arrive at a just and honorable peace, hereby addresses itself to his lordship, the President of the United States of America, and offers to conclude with him and his Allies an armistice on every front on land, at sea and in the air, and to enter immediately on negotiations for a peace for which the 14 points in the message of President Wilson to Congress of January 8, 1918, and the four points contained in President Wilson's address of February 12, 1918, should serve as a foundation and in which the viewpoints declared by President Wilson in his address of September 27, 1918, will also be taken into account.

"Be pleased to accept, etc.

"W. A. F. EKENGREN."

British Capture Ten Villages.

Paris—British armies are progressing in the region of Tournai with clocklike regularity, capturing more than 10 villages, including Nechin, Wannehain, Froldmont and Froyennes, the latter a mile northwest of Tournai. The river Selle has been crossed at several points between Haspres and Saulzoir.

With the Allied Armies in France and Belgium—The British army continued its attack in conjunction with Belgians to the north. The combined forces fought their way east of Stacegem and reached Vichte, northeast of Courtrai, and are still pushing on rapidly.

Anglo-Belgians also are northeast of Decryck, Spruete and Stratte. The third army in its attack had captured by nearly 1,000 prisoners.

While the Belgians, French and British were driving Germans rapidly east in the direction of Ghent, which is being approached both from the west and southwest, the British third army smashed its way eastward to the south of Valenciennes. The success of this operation, which seems assured, means the turning of the Valenciennes line and endangers all German forces northward to Flanders and southward to the Oise canal, behind which Germans have begun to retreat from other British forces and the Americans.

This thrust will serve to upset the known German plan of trying to hold the line east of the Scheidt, to which the enemy is retiring hastily from what once was the Lille salient.

Reports from the battle line in Flanders indicate Ghent soon will be recovered. Already Allied guns are hammering Germans on all sides; cyclist and cavalry patrols are sweeping ahead in front of the infantry, drawing closer and closer.

Thousands of civilians have been liberated by the Belgians and French and masses of booty, which Germans had no time to carry away, fell into their hands.

PROTEST SEIZURE OF FOE BUSINESS

AMERICANIZING OF GERMAN-OWNED BUSINESS CONCERNS BRINGS NOTE FROM GERMANY

REPRISAL IS THREATENED

Note Refers Specifically to Sale of Steamship Property in New Jersey.

Washington—Protest against the Americanizing of German-owned business concerns, ships and other property by Alien Property Custodian Palmer has been made by the German government to the state department.

The note transmitted through the Swiss legation and made public declares the sale of German-owned property in this country is consciously aimed to do lasting injury to German economic existence.

Referring specifically to the proposed sale of the property in New Jersey of the North German Lloyd and Hamburg American Steamship lines, the note says it is an endeavor "to shackle through measures of force opportunities of German shipping interests to develop in the future."

The German government concluded its protest with the statement that "it cannot but be guided in the enforcement of the retaliatory orders that have been issued against American property in Germany by the manner in which the United States of America will proceed against German property."

Plans for Americanization by sale to American citizens of German-owned property valued at approximately \$300,000,000 have been prepared and Mr. Palmer declared they would be carried out.

The total value of enemy-owned property taken over by the alien property custodian to date is between \$700,000,000 and \$800,000,000. Unofficial reports place the value of American-owned property taken over by Germany at \$14,000,000.

LOWER PENINSULA OVER LOAN

Michigan is the Second State to Go Over the Top; Iowa First.

Chicago.—The lower peninsula of Michigan, which is a part of the Seventh federal reserve district, has gone over the top with subscriptions totaling \$154,750,000, or nearly \$7,000,000 in excess of its quota of \$147,800,000. Forty-three counties have reached or exceeded their quotas. Fourteen counties are very close to the mark and 11 counties are in doubt. Sales Director Fenton estimates final subscriptions will show an excess over quota of more than \$7,000,000, with upward of 700,000 subscribers.

"Notwithstanding the fact that Michigan has its quota every individual county should endeavor to make its quota and thereby place its star in Michigan's service flag. This is the fourth time Michigan has gone over the top on Liberty loans," said Mr. Fenton.

The state is the second in the district—Iowa was the first—and one of the first in the United States to go over the top.

The upper peninsula is in the Ninth reserve district and is not included in this announcement.

PRODUCE MORE COAL—PERSHING

American General in France Appeals to U. S. Miners.

Washington—Declaring "the more coal you produce, the sooner we shall have peace," General Pershing, through a cablegram to Fuel Administrator Garfield, appealed to the coal miners of the country for increased production.

"Let there be no shortage of coal," said the American commander's message. "Lack of coal means limiting our war industries; railroads and shipping are slowed down, and the army cannot be provided with means to deliver the telling blows needed to end the war. Without coal we shall be without guns and ammunition to use against the enemy. The man in the mine helps the man on the firing line.

"The more coal you produce the sooner we shall have peace. Every soldier of the American expeditionary forces expects to be backed up by the miners of America, just as labor in every branch of industry at home has stood behind us. We soldiers know that we can depend upon you to do your part as we are doing ours."

FOOD HAS JUMPED 72%

Increase During Last Year Has Been 14 Per Cent.

Washington.—Retail prices of food increased 4 per cent from August 15, to September 15; 14 per cent from September, 1917, to September, 1918, and 72 per cent from September, 1913, to September, 1918.

The bureau of labor statistics has just announced these figures. The increases were determined from reports by retail dealers, on 28 articles of food.

LARGE INCREASE IN RESOURCES

Ford Motor Company's Balance Sheet for Year Shows \$203,749,460.

Detroit.—Enormous increases in resources, current assets and surplus are shown in the statement of the financial condition of the Ford Motor company at the close of its fiscal year, July 31, 1918, in contrast with one year ago.

The corporation's balance sheet presents totals of \$203,749,460, which is an increase of \$37,774,458, compared with total resources of \$165,975,002 at the end of the preceding fiscal period and contrasts with \$132,028,219 July 31, 1916, and \$88,535,840 July 31, 1915.

Current assets aggregate \$137,228,134, against \$112,089,824 July 31, 1917, and current liabilities total \$16,603,891, in contrast with \$25,936,259 a year ago.

The statement indicates net working capital of \$120,624,243 July 31, last, compared with working capital of \$86,153,665 at the close of the previous year.

The surplus was \$175,243,728. This is an increase of \$43,837,821 for the fiscal period and compares with \$131,604,907 July 31, 1917, with \$111,960,907 July 31, 1916, and with \$59,135,771 July 31, 1915. This amount added to surplus during the year is equivalent to \$2,181.84 a share on the company's 20,000 shares of capital stock of the par value of \$100.

STRICT "FLU" BAN OBEYED

Streets Practically Deserted All Day Sunday, 344 New Cases Reported.

Detroit.—Cheerful and strict compliance by Detroiters Sunday with the state-wide Spanish influenza ban which became effective all over Michigan Saturday midnight, was the finding of health department officers who were on the watch for infractions of the regulations.

Downtown streets were practically deserted all day, for there were no amusement places for anyone to go to. Persons lucky enough to possess autos were able to enjoy about the only form of recreation possible and as it was the first Sunday in six weeks that motoring has not been taboo because of the ban on use of gasoline the roads were filled with cars.

Only 344 new cases of influenza were reported at the health offices during the day, but Dr. James W. Inches, city health commissioner, warned that the figures must not be construed as meaning that the epidemic is dying out in Detroit.

However, in the report of deaths there is indication that the malady is not spreading with the rapidity that prevailed last week. Only 21 were listed for the day, and this total is nine less than the average reported the last three days.

ELECTRIC WELDING U. S. SHIPS

Riveting Supplanted By Process on Vessel At Kearny, N. J.

Washington.—Substitution of electric welding for the riveting system in ship building, with a consequent saving of three-fourths in time and labor costs, is being considered by the United States Emergency Fleet Corporation. Orders have been issued. It was announced today, for the construction by electric welding of a 42-foot mid-ships section of a 9,600-ton ship at the yards of the Federal Shipbuilding Company, Kearny, N. J.

Practicability of the electric welding process has been demonstrated in part. The first ship built by the process was a tug, launched at the Ashtabula, Ohio, several years ago, and which has since been in Great Lakes service.

An English shipyard in June launched a large electrically welded barge, which is said to have shown satisfactory results. One of the two electric welding processes under consideration was used in repairing damaged German ships seized by the United States at the outbreak of the war.

Nervous and All Unstrung?

Feel nervous and irritable all the time? Continually worry over trifles? Then there's something wrong. Back of it all may be weak kidneys. Just as nerve wear is a cause of kidney weakness, so is kidney trouble a cause of nervousness. If you have backache, "blues," nervous spells, headaches, dizzy spells, kidney irregularities and a tired, worn feeling, try Doan's Kidney Pills. They are recommended by thousands.

A Michigan Case

Mrs. CAROLINE Kessler, W. Main St., Paw Paw, Mich., says: "The first symptoms of kidney trouble in my case were headaches and dizzy spells. I had rheumatic twinges in my back, shoulders, arms, neck and limbs. These attacks would come on as often as two or three times a week. My limbs and arms were swollen and sore. Two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills put me on the road to recovery and in six weeks after beginning their use I was up and around, able to do my household work and take care of my children."



Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

The Art of Kindness.

As an elderly married couple were passing up a street, a lady on the opposite side stubbed her toe and fell down.

The old gentleman rushed across the street, raised his hat, and offered to assist her in any possible way.

The wife followed him across at a slow pace, and, witnessing his devotion to the stranger, she got mad, and shook her fist at him.

"It's all right—it's all right!" he whispered.

"Yes, I know it is," she hotly exclaimed. "Here an unknown woman stubs her toe, and you plow across the street to eat her up with kindness. The other day, when I fell downstairs, you stood at the bottom and laughed and chuckled and tickled your ribs, and wanted to know if I was imitating Charlie Chaplin."—Adelaine (Australia) Chronicle.

"Cold in the Head"

Is an acute attack of Nasal Catarrh. Persons who are subject to frequent "colds in the head" will find that the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will build up the System, cleanse the Blood and render them less liable to colds. Repeated attacks of Acute Catarrh may lead to Chronic Catarrh. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. All Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. \$1.00 for any case of catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE will not cure. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Paper Thread.

Paper thread is attracting considerable attention in the Scandinavian countries. It is a new invention—a result of the war.—People's Home Journal.

Somehow one always wants an argument with the inevitable.

ASTHMADOR

GUARANTEED TO INSTANTLY RELIEVE

ASTHMA

OR MONEY REFUNDED—ASK ANY DRUGGIST

DON'T CUT OUT

A Shoe Boil, Capped Heck or Bursitis

FOR ABSORBINE

will reduce them and leave no blemishes. Stops lameness promptly. Does not blister or remove the hair, and horse can be worked. \$2.50 a bottle delivered. Sent 6 for \$12.

ABSORBINE, JR., for manhood, the perfect ointment for Boils, Bruises, Sores, Swellings, Varicose Veins, Ailvs Pain and Inflammation. Price \$1.25 a bottle at drug stores or delivered. Will tell you more if you write.

W. F. YOUNG, P. O. F., 319 Tenth St., Springfield, Mass.

CHILDREN WHO ARE SICKLY

Mothers who value the health of their children, should never be without MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDER FOR CHILDREN, for use when needed. They tend to Break up Colds, Relieve Feverishness, Worms, Constipation, Headaches, Teething Disorders and Stomach Troubles.

Trade Mark. Don't accept any substitute. Used by Mothers for 31 years. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Ask today. Trial package FREE. Address, MOTHER GRAY CO., Le Roy, N. Y.

Cuticura Soap is Easy Shaving for Sensitive Skins

The New Up-to-date Cuticura Method

Children's Coughs

may be checked and more serious conditions of the throat will be eliminated by promptly giving the child a dose of safe

PISO'S

BRIDE OF BATTLE

A Romance of the
AMERICAN ARMY
Fighting on the Battlefields of
FRANCE



VICTOR ROUSSEAU

CAPT. WALLACE SEES ELEANOR, NOW A YOUNG LADY, FOR FIRST TIME IN MANY YEARS

Synopsis.—Lieut. Mark Wallace, U. S. A., is wounded at the battle of Santiago. While wandering alone in the jungle he comes across a dead man in a hut outside of which a little girl is playing. When he is rescued he takes the girl to the hospital and announces his intention of adopting her. His commanding officer, Major Howard, tells him that the dead man was Hampton, a traitor who sold department secrets to an international gang in Washington and was detected by himself and Kellerman, an officer in the same office. Howard pleads to be allowed to send the child home to his wife and they agree that she shall never know her father's shame.

CHAPTER III.

Several years later Captain Mark Wallace descended from a street car and walked up the grounds of a very select young ladies' boarding school in Westchester county, New York, kept by two maiden ladies. Entering the colonial portico, the captain rang the bell and asked to see Miss Howard. Five minutes afterward, having satisfied the lady principal that he stood in the avuncular relation to her charge, and was a man of blameless life, he met Eleanor in the reception room.

It was some years since he had seen her. The grimy little waif of the Santiago battlefield had shot up into a slim, long-legged schoolgirl, with brown hair tied back with a ribbon, and a face that already showed the promise of beauty.

The girl hurried forward as if expecting an embrace, realized Mark's intention, and checked herself quickly and held out both hands.

"Dear Uncle Mark!" she exclaimed, "I've been looking forward to you ever since I got your letter telling me that you were coming East."

"Well, it's nice to be appreciated like that," said Mark, laughing.

"I couldn't quite persuade myself that it was true, and that I should really see you at last. And you're not in the least like your photograph."

"Homelier, Eleanor?"

"No, but different. Older—very much older. You must be awfully old—quite thirty, I should say."

"Nearly," admitted Mark, wondering whether the long years in the West, with the sweltering heat and arduous service, had really aged him prematurely. Mark had had no influence to secure him anything better than a border post. He often wondered why he had not gone into civil life, like so many of his class, and amassed a competency in the first booming years of the twentieth century.

Something in the blood, perhaps, had led him to the army life, which he loved so much in principle and hated so much in practice. He was not far short of thirty; he had nothing but his meager pay; no ties but a married sister in Chicago and the girl in the boarding school, who filled so great a part of his thoughts, so disproportionate a share.

For until that day he had only seen her once since he picked her up in the jungle, and she had been too young to retain the memory of the meeting in Major Howard's home.

"I expected a young man, but I'm just as pleased to see you," said Eleanor. "I don't like very young men."

Mark received her amends with amusement, and they sat down side by side upon the sofa, and were soon deep in conversation. Mark learned all about her school and her friends. She was very happy there and would regret not going back at the end of the holidays. However, Major and Mrs. Howard had only placed her there for a few months while they went on a visit to the West.

"I always felt that you are really my guardian, even if you did give me up to Major Howard," said Eleanor.

"But I have only lent you," said Mark. "I couldn't very well take care of you when I was sent to Texas. And it has always been understood that you belong to me—I mean, that I am your guardian, Eleanor."

"I know," she said. "And you write me such splendid letters, with such good advice in them."

"Which you don't follow."

"Indeed I do," said the girl, earnestly. "Only sometimes it is that a little out of date, Uncle Mark."

"What particulars?" inquired

Mark, beginning to feel a little like a prig in the presence of this self-possessed young person. It is so easy to assume the task of adviser from a distance, but difficult to retain the role face to face.

"Well, when you wrote me last year to remember not to be pert and forward, like modern children, Uncle Mark. Pertness comes at seven or eight. One isn't pert at twelve—at least, not in the way you meant. They call it ill-bred, then."

"I suppose I didn't realize how big you were getting," said Mark penitently. "But you can't think how glad I am to see you, anyway."

"It's a shame sticking you for years out in that horrible desert," said the girl. "I wish, Uncle Mark, you hadn't stayed in the army after the war."

"Why, my dear?"

"Because then you could have gone into business in New York, like Captain Murray and Captain Crawford."

"I've been thinking about as much myself, Eleanor. But I guess the army got hold of me."

"But they haven't treated you right, Uncle Mark. They haven't promoted you for years, and they have jumped all sorts of officers over your head. Major Howard was saying so only before he left for Alaska. But, of course, he's out of favor, and he wouldn't have any influence, anyway. It's years since he was in the army."

"I suppose I'm a back number, my dear. Some of us have to be. Perhaps I'll get my chance. I'm not thirty yet, you know, and thirty isn't considered awfully old in the army. At least, it isn't the retiring age."

"Don't be so absurd, Uncle Mark! You don't look an old man at all. It was just that your photograph was taken so long ago, and I didn't reflect that you must have changed."

"And if ever another war comes I'm sure my experience will count for a lot. And I'll probably have command over Captain Murray and Captain Crawford if ever the National Guard is called on for serious work. And then you'll have your function as our mascot, you know."

He was surprised at the girl's sudden responsiveness to his words. She grew very serious.

"I've often thought about that, Uncle Mark," she answered.

"But, of course, it may never happen."

"I suppose not. But if ever it does I mean to try to be what you meant me to be when you made that condition to the major. How I wish—how I wish—"

"Yes, my dear?"

"That we know who my father was. Sometimes I think he was only an American planter, perhaps, who lived in Cuba and was forced to flee when the war began. And then again I dream that he may have been a brave soldier who was trying to serve his country by going into the Spanish lines in disguise, and I hope that I may be worthy of him."

"You don't remember anything, Eleanor?"

"Yes, Uncle Mark. I'm sure I do—and yet I've thought so much about it that I'm not sure how much of it is memory and how much is just child's inventions. Perhaps I invented all of it, and made myself believe I remembered it. And yet I am sure part of it is memory."

"What do you remember?" asked Mark rather fearfully.

"Well, Uncle Mark, my first connected memories are of Major Howard's home, of course. And I have a very vivid impression of being brought into the dining room and seated at that dinner which the Major gave to the officers after the war. But before all

that I seem to have memories, as if they were pictures."

"What is the first thing you remember?"

"I see a woman lying in a bed in a strange room. Her face is whiter than any face I have known; a man sits beside her, with his head in his hand, and, though death has no meaning for me, I am afraid, for I know that she was my mother."

"Was this in Cuba, Eleanor?"

"I don't know, but I think so, Uncle Mark, because I remember running to the window and seeing a great palm tree outside, with spreading branches. And there are other cities, and we seem to go from place to place, always watching for somebody, and yet, as it were, hiding from people. I know we avoid people, but it is an instinct only that tells me so."

"And again I am with my father in the jungle. I don't know how we got there, but I see the trees all around me, and I am afraid. We walk on and on, and sometimes he carries me, and we sleep under the trees and are drenched with rain. I am so tired and thirsty. But we go on and on, and when we stop we find a little hut, and I am afraid no longer."

"And then?" asked Mark in agitation.

"I remember nothing. I suppose the bullet that killed my father must have struck him while he was in the hut, but I have no picture in my mind at all."

Mark mumbled something to conceal his agitation. "And do you remember me coming and picking you up?" he asked.

She shook her head regretfully. "I don't remember anything else," she answered. "Nothing until that dinner in the major's house."

She linked her arm through his and looked at him earnestly. "Uncle Mark, it makes me unhappy sometimes to think that I have no memory, no clear memory of my parents. I am sure that some day all this mystery will be cleared up. Don't you hope so?"

"Yes," answered Mark, miserably. He had always wondered what the child would be like. Howard's half-yearly letters had always assumed too much for granted. Mark had practically relinquished Eleanor to the Major, and he had never learned anything about her that he had really wanted to know. He had not imagined the precocious, high-strung, idealistic girl whom he now saw. He knew that the disclosure of her father's dishonor, if ever it came about, would shock her into a revulsion of feeling that would be fatal to the true development of her character.

He had often wished that he had not pressed that idea of the regimental mascot upon the major. It had been born in a mind attuned to the victory of that bloody day; in normal moments he would never have entertained it. Yet Major Howard had been more impressed than he had admitted to Mark. The idea had spread through the minds of the other officers. There was never a Guard dinner but Eleanor was solemnly toasted, though she was not permitted to be present, and somehow the child had become a symbol in the minds of these plain men in business and professional life who spent two weeks in camp each year.

After the war Mark had gone to the regulars; but he was still in touch with the officers of the Seventieth, and he knew that, if ever war came, he could obtain an appointment to it.

"I am sure that my father will prove to have been a brave soldier," said Eleanor, clasping her hands eagerly. "And sometimes," she continued, "I think that there must have been a great mystery about him."

"Why?" demanded Mark, startled.

"Because of the man who watches for me."

"Watches for you? It is imagination, Eleanor."

She shook her head. "I've seen him three or four times," answered the girl. "He waits at places that we pass when we go out together. And he watches me then, though he never attempts to speak to me."

"And you've told Miss Harper?"

"No, Uncle Mark. She would think I was hysterical," answered the girl, shrewdly.

Mark could see that, but he was certain that it was hysteria, that the idea had come to the child as the result of brooding over the mystery of her parentage. The entrance of the lady principal put an end to their conversation. Mark rose reluctantly. His visit had been all too brief, and it might be years before he saw the girl again.

"Well, Eleanor, this is an revolt," he said. "Perhaps for years."

She looked at him in sudden alarm. "You are not coming back before you leave for the West, Uncle Mark?" she asked.

"They won't allow me the time. I have to go to Washington tomorrow, and then back to Texas."

She returned no answer, but went with him to the house door, and turned and faced him there, pulling at the lapels of his coat.

"Send me a new photograph, Captain Mark," she said. "I'm not going to call you Uncle Mark any more."

"An older one?" asked Mark, laughing, though he had a strange sinking at his heart. This child epitomized home to him, and he had been homeless since boyhood.

"You must forgive me," she said, a little wistfully. "Captain Mark, there's something I want awfully to say to you, but it takes a lot of courage," she added.

"Tell me just the same," answered Mark. "You know, my dear, I want you to have everything you wish for. And if Major Howard won't give it to you, you just let me know. He has assumed the responsibility for your upbringing, and I'm going to have the fun of giving you pleasure."

"It's something that Major Howard can't give me, Captain Mark."

"Can I?"

"Yes," she said in a low voice, pulling at his coat, and suddenly raising her eyes to his. Mark Wallace saw the soul of a mature woman look out of the eyes of the child. "When I'm older and have put my hair up, and wear long dresses—when I'm eighteen, say, I—I want you to marry me, Captain Mark."

She was gone in a flash, running along the corridor, while Mark Wallace stood dumfounded at the door, hearing her footsteps grow fainter as she hurried into the recesses of the Misses Harpers' School for Select Young Ladies.

Mark went down the walk like a man dreaming. It was absurd; it was, perhaps, characteristic of the girl's age and temperament; and yet, in spite of the absurdity, Captain Mark Wallace felt as if he had suddenly regained the gray little child whom he had found upon the hillside in front of Santiago, and lost again.

As he reached the gate he saw a man watching him from the bend of the road. Something of furtiveness in the man's posture made him wheel sharply round; then he remembered Eleanor's words and started in haste toward him. But the man shuffled off at a quick gait and when Mark reached the bend he could see nobody.

CHAPTER IV.

And the years passed, and Mark Wallace grew grayer and older, and more set and dispirited, with long alternating intervals of resignation, when he took life as he found it and was satisfied. But he always came out of these into brief periods of unrest, with the sense that he had awakened from some lethargy that was damning his soul as the alkali and the winds of the plains had seamed his face and taken the last particle of his youth away.

Now in Texas, now in Arizona, now in some lonely border post in the freezing Northwest, he remained a captain. He had no friends in Washington. In time—in long time he would reach his majority, no doubt, to be relieved soon after; and waddle, with stout old majors of his own age, into ornate clubs in army centers not quite so far removed from civilization. He looked upon this prospect with ironical patience, and now and then asked himself the unanswerable question why he had remained in the army.

Eleanor was grown up and domiciled permanently in Colonel Howard's town house, and her letters had grown more infrequent and perfunctory, until their arrival became a quarterly affair instead of a monthly event, and not always that, either.

And by and by the feeling came over Mark that if ever he were to see her again there would remain no common link between them. From doubting his future he had come to doubt himself. He doubted whether the desert life had not blunted him, blunted his finer instincts, and made him unfit for social life—certainly rendered him unfit for the guardianship of a young girl.

But that he had relinquished to Colonel Howard—grudgingly but uncompromisingly. Never in any of his letters did he put forward the shadow of his former claim.

Then, swiftly, and unexpectedly, chance turned and beckoned him.

Capt. Wallace meets Eleanor, whom he finds to be a center of attraction. He also renews his acquaintance with Kellerman, in whom he immediately discerns an antagonist.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Had Elephants Break Step.
It is a tradition among newspaper men—and one that may be founded on fact—that in the old days when Barnum's elephants were marched across the Brooklyn bridge, in the quiet hours before daybreak, the keepers were instructed to prevent the huge animals from keeping step lest the superposition of strong vibrations might injure the structure.

A Morning Broom.
The Jokemith's Wife (2 a. m.)— "Aw, c'm on to bed, you! Want to sit up all night knocking the weather and us poor girls?" Well, what though the temperature was 100 degrees in the dark, the little remark caused a temporary cessation.



There was never a time when the sacrifices and the help of women were more appreciated than at the present time. Women should learn war-nursing and nursing at home. There is no better way than to study the new edition of the "Common Sense Medical Adviser"—with chapters on First Aid, Bandaging, Anatomy, Hygiene, care of the Sick, Diseases of Women, Mother and Babe, the Marriage Relations—to be had at some drug stores or send 50c to Publisher, 654 Washington Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

If a woman suffers from weak back, nervousness or dizziness—if pains afflict her, the best tonic and corrective is one made up of native herbs and made without alcohol, which makes weak women strong and sick women well. It is the prescription of Dr. Pierce, used by him in active practice many years and now sold by almost every druggist in the land, in liquid or in tablets. Send Dr. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 10c for trial pkg. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are also best for liver and bowel trouble.

Albion, Mich.—"I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription during expectancy and found it to be very good. Then about three years ago I got sort of run-down and in a very weakened condition so I took it again and it cured me in a very short time when other medicines had failed. I can recommend this medicine to be one of the very best, if given a fair trial."—Mrs. Mary Dutton, 295 N. Ann St.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 43-1918.

HORRIBLE TO THINK ABOUT

Private Would Much Rather Have Gone "Over the Top" Than Tell Girl She Wouldn't Do.

Solomon and Socrates have nothing on the welfare worker. He is in a class by himself as a vendor of general information and advice. The united war work campaign of the seven welfare agencies is introducing him to popular approval in his full blaze of glory.

A rangy freckled private stood in the doorway of the Jewish welfare board's hut at Camp Gordon. He shifted nervously and his tongue stuck to the roof of his mouth.

"It's a g-g-g-girl, s-s-sir. We-we—I think I'd like to m-m-marry her. She's outside. C-c-could I bring her in?"

Who was she? A little girl from the town near the camp? No, she wasn't the paint-and-powder kind. A regular girl, the sort you'd like your mother to meet, if you had a mother.

With all ceremony she was ushered in, blushing and giggling. When the Jewish welfare board man had given his smiling sanction, the private breathed a great sigh.

"Gee! Suppose I'd had to tell her she wouldn't do? Gee!"

Some men's griefs are like mourning over the empty hill after you have dug the potatoes.

Expediency is an understudy of Reason—and often badly trained.



Saving Sugar and Wheat
is comfortably done when one uses

Grape-Nuts

This cereal food is composed partly of barley and contains its own sugar made from its own grains.

A truly wonderful Food, ready to eat.

"There's a Reason"

for Sheriff



WILLIAM C. MILLER

To the Voters of Livingston County:

I have been your sheriff for one term and during that time have tried to do my duty. I am required by the Government to be a member of the Local Draft Board during the duration of the war whether elected or not.

My duties have not always been pleasant nor easy to perform.

If I have intentionally done any man a wrong I am willing to suffer for it, but if you believe I have been sincere in my work then I ask your support for another term which is all the law permits. Adv

For

Prosecuting Attorney



WILLIS L. LYONS

To the public:

In last week's issue of this paper, certain figures were published regarding the salary of the office I have held. The statement was made that the figures given were "Estimated" and that the columns of the paper were open to me to correct the "Estimates". Salaries are fixed every two years by the Board of Supervisors and remain a matter of record, and the true figures could have been published instead of being doubled for several years. There is no limit to a "Political Estimate".

I refuse to enter into a personal dispute or do any knocking, win or lose. If any other man had been nominated on the Republican ticket, would my opponent want him elected? There shall be no bitterness on my

AUCTION SALE

Having sold my farm, known as the Gilchrise Farm, one mile west and one half mile north of Pinckney, will sell at Auction

Wednesday Oct. 30, 1918

At One O'clock Sharp

4 Head of Horses

Black Mare 5 years old, weight.....1,200
Black Mare 9 years old, weight.....1,300
Black Mare 10 years old, weight.....1,000
Bay Mare 12 years old.....

Two Head Cattle

Jersey Cow Seven Years old. Holstein Cow Nine years old both due next Spring.

Hogs, and Poultry

Seven Pigs six weeks old. About seventy-five chickens, Six Ducks, Three Turkeys.

Hay, Straw and Grain

Nine acres Corn in shock, 80 bushels Oats, Rye and Oat Straw

One Kitchen Range

And numerous other articles.

Terms of Sale—All sums of \$5 and under, cash, over that amount 9 months time will be given on good bankable notes drawing six per cent interest.

R. D. CLINTON AUCTIONEER W. A. CLINTON, CLERK

JOHN CATEU, Prop.

part in this campaign, and I hope that I will not lose the friends I have made whether elected or defeated.

It has never been considered an offence to serve in a public office in such a manner that a man's party desires him to be a candidate for more than two terms. If this is so, then the Democrat party has been guilty of the same offense in electing men to County offices.

A man in the office of Prosecuting Attorney is more or less a target for criticism, and all I ask is the application of the rule "Never turn down a friend on account of what some one has told you. They may have a motive in misleading you". Adv.

JOHN R. DAMMANN

CANDIDATE FOR

County Clerk

ON THE

Democratic Ticket



Has held the office of Township Clerk and now serving his second term as Supervisor of the Township of Hamburg. He is 42 years of age and was born and raised on a farm in the Township of Genoa. He obtained his education in the district school and the Brighton high school. He is a good penman and well qualified for the position.

He was a candidate for this office two years ago but as his opponent was running for a second term he made no special effort to be elected. This time Mr. Dammann is running the second time for the office against the same opponent who is seeking a third term.

It will be remembered that when the Republican candidate made a former campaign, against a Democrat, he used the third term argument as an issue, believing at that time that the office, after two terms, should be passed along.

Mr. Dammann comes from a township that has not been represented with a County office for many years and he says that if he is elected that at the end of two terms he will quit and allow the office to go some other young man, believing that the office should be passed around to encourage young men who are fitted for the position. Adv.

HUNTERS NOTICE

Hunters and trappers are hereby notified to keep off "The Birkett Farm", at Portage Lake. I offer the following standing reward!!

Ten dollars for information convicting anyone of hunting thereon or of destroying any posted signs on said farm. Mrs. E. J. Newkirk, Owner. adv.

GREGORY

The Fourth Liberty Loan in this section was a great success. Up to Saturday night subscriptions to the amount of \$30,700 were received by the Gregory Bank, this coming from 206 subscribers. Unadilla Township over subscribed its quota by \$2,150. The honor flag for this township was received Saturday night. This speaks well for our township so let us be loyal unto the end.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Kring have moved to Jackson for the winter.

Mrs. James Livermore spent last week in Munith at the home of Mrs. Agnes Randolph.

Miss Mae Bullis returned to Jackson Friday night after spending the week at home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wickham and son, Grant Perry, of Lennon, Mich., were in Gregory several days recently, called here by the death of Mrs. Perry.

Douglas Watson, who has been ill at Ann Arbor, was reported to be some better Saturday.

Russell Livermore is now working in Howell.

Wednesday, Mrs. F. C. Montague entertained at an afternoon luncheon the following guests, Mesdames S. A. Denton, Darla S. Denton, C. L. Sigler, Floyd Jackson and Wilene Crossman. A very pleasant feature of the occasion was music furnished by Mr. and Mrs. Dan Denton.

Mrs. Anna Moore left last week Wednesday for Manitou Beach where she will remain with her daughter Mrs. Agnes Ball while Mr. Ball is attending court or jury business.

Mrs. William Willard had a birthday recently, and her children, grandchildren, and nieces reminded her of the occasion very pleasantly by surprising her. Guests were present from Jackson, Pinckney and Anderson.

Mrs. Mary May who has been ill for some time at the home of her daughter Mrs. Vet Bullis is convalescing nicely. She was able to be up part of three afternoons last week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson of Dansville is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Fred Bollinger.

Dale and Egster Heminger of Pinckney visited their grandparents last Saturday.

Rex Drown who has been working at the County Farm is home at present.

Mrs. L. R. Clinton of Royal Oak visited at the home of her parents the past week.

A. Riley Crittenden of Howell was calling on Gregory people last week Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Brotherton attended the funeral of Mrs. Henry Brotherton at Dansville, Friday, Oct. 18th.

Lyle Chriswell of Stockbridge called on his grandmother, Mrs. Ruth Chapman, Wednesday last week.

Grace Taylor spent Wednesday night with her teacher Miss Lois Worden.

Mrs. Will Cone and daughter Agnes visited her sister Mrs. Grace Hath of Marion several days recently.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bollinger and Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson were Sunday guests at the Carl Bollinger home.

Honoring Mrs. Thompson of Dansville, Mr. C. F. Bollinger's grandmother, Mrs. Bollinger assisted by her sister, Miss Lois Worden entertained for tea the following guests: Mesdames Elizabeth Thompson of Dansville, Ruth Chapman, Charlotte Howlett, Jane Wright and Elizabeth Cook. The combined ages of the guests were 399 years, two being 83, two past 79, and one 74 years of age. One of the pleasing incidents of the afternoon was the music rendered by Miss Worden and the hostess.

Miss Mildred Kuhn visited Royal Oak and Monroe recently.

L. R. Clinton and Vincent Young visited for several days at E. A. Kuhn's recently.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Fewless and Mr. and Mrs. Mathews of Detroit and Mrs. Fred Burgess of Pinckney were callers at the W. J. Buhl home recently.

Cecil Cone and family of Howell visited at the home of his parents for the week end.

Miss Lois Worden spent the week end at Stockbridge, the guest of Miss Florence Brown.

On account of the Governor's Proclamation all churches in this township were closed last Sunday and will remain so until the influenza in the state lessens and the Governor raises the ban.

Dr. E. V. Howlett and family of Pontiac spent Sunday here visiting relatives.

Mrs. James Stackable has been sick the past week.

Mrs. Eliza Placeway was on the sick list the past week.

Mrs. Josephine Fish of Shepherd attended the funeral of her sister Mrs. Perry last Saturday afternoon. She left for Munith that same day to visit her other sister, Mrs. Athaline Burgess who is sick at the present.

Prohibition

Edited by the M. E. S.

New situations demand special effort. The wets are already circulating petitions to have a revised Wine and Beer Amendment submitted to the voters next spring. There is no doubt that they will secure enough signatures to have it submitted. Right here is where women's votes may be needed to defeat the Amendment. It would be a great opportunity to show where the wives, mothers, sisters and daughters stand. This great body of home protectors, with ballots in their hands, shall be an invincible host that shall defeat this latest scheme of the enemy.

But listen: The wets are no fools as far as their brains are concerned. They will recognize the danger of woman's vote to their amendment and will work harder than ever before to defeat us at the polls next month. Every woman to the front! Stand for equal suffrage! Work for it! Talk for it! Pray for it! Get busy right away!

DON W. VAN WINKLE

FOR

Prosecuting Attorney

DEMOCRATIC TICKET



To the Voters of Livingston County:—

Last week I used this space to show that my opponent on the Republican ticket, Willis Lyons, has held county office for eighteen years and has been paid the huge sum of \$26,400.00. I showed how he had been on the county "payroll" every year for the last twenty except two.

This week I want to tell you of his remarkable change of front. When I first ran against Willis Lyons in 1914, it was his second term as prosecutor. He said to me, "Don, this is my last time. I am through after this term. The people have done enough for me. Next time the way will be clear for you."

The next time came in 1916. Mr. Lyons went to the other Republican lawyers and they would not run. He announced that he would not file a petition. But his name was written in enough times to get on the ballot. He was building up an alibi and practice makes perfect. He stated in his paid advertisements that even then he would withdraw if another candidate could be found. He had learned in advance that there was none and was taking no chances.

This year it was a horse of a different color. There was another candidate for the nomination, Mr. J. B. Munsell Jr. Therefore Mr. Lyons' petition was filed early with plenty of names. The excuse has not been sprung as yet, to my knowledge, but I expect it will be soon and be very full and complete.

I have printed this early so it may be explained if advisable. What I shall print in this space next week will need no explanation.

A man said to me the other day: "If it's a good thing pass it on, if it isn't don't burden one man with it."

I think this holds true even if the "one man" wants office so bad he doesn't file a petition for it and is ready to withdraw and then a petition is filed and he isn't ready to withdraw.

Sincerely yours,

DON W. VAN WINKLE.

ATTENTION FARMERS

We are fortunate by having some Genuine Miller Bean Harvesters that will go in the next fifteen days. Get in while the getting is good.

NOTICE AGAIN

If you are ONE who has failed to settle notes or book accounts long past due—remember we are after the Kaiser and will get you, we fear before he is captured, and remember that Oct. 1st 1918 every debt outlaws and we shall collect them.

Jeepie Hardware Co.