

PINCKNEY DISPATCH

Vol. XXXVI

Pinckney, Livingston County, Michigan Thursday Jan. 23, 1919.

No. 4

A CHAPTER OF ACCIDENTS

Last Monday Paul Bock of Detroit, who has a cottage at Portage Lake, fell into the lake and was nearly drowned.

Mr. Bock had been fishing through the ice and broke through a thin spot. He tried to climb out on the ice which broke off at every effort and each time he fell back he was submerged in the icy cold water.

He called for help repeatedly and finally Highway Commissioner Jas. Smith, who was fishing in a house on the lake, heard the calls.

When he discovered Mr. Bock in the water he hastily grabbed a sled runner which was near by, and ran to the rescue.

He pushed the runner into the opening where the helpless man could reach it, but when he tried to pull Mr. Bock out, the ice broke again, letting both men back into the water.

Mr. Smith somehow clambered out onto the ice and, running to the fishhouse, secured his spear.

the long exposure, and when he was soon rescued from the water.

Mr. Smith showed great coolness, and that his efforts were crowned with success is fully appreciated by Mr. Bock, who says he surely would have drowned if Mr. Smith had not come to his rescue as no one else heard his calls for help.

Verner Hall, son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hall, was so severely scalded by steam and hot water last Tuesday about noon that for a time it was doubtful whether or not the sight of one

cutting wood on the James Marble land south of Anderson, and had left their lunch at the

When the boys came up for lunch, Verner lifted the pail from the stove when the steam blew the cover off—the hot water and steam completely covering the lad and causing excruciating pain for hours. His left arm was severely scalded but it is hoped he will not be permanently injured.

Mr. Bert Nash of Haraburg, while sawing wood last Monday with a buzz saw, nearly lost a thumb and finger. Mr. Nash was feeding a partially split stick to the saw when one piece being sawed off slipped in such a manner as to cause Mr. Nash's hand to come in contact with the saw. His hand is in a serious condition but Dr. Sigler thinks both the thumb and finger may be saved.

Church Notes

METHODIST CHURCH
E. L. Sutherland, Pastor.
Sunday morning services 10:00 o'clock. Everybody welcome.
Subject, "The Living God".
Sunday School 11:00 o'clock.

REGISTRATION OF WOMEN

Where, When and How to Prepare for the Coming Spring Elections.

Women of Putnam township and Pinckney village, who wish to vote at the coming primaries and the general election to be held April 7, should remember that unless they are registered beforehand, they cannot vote. To register, it is not necessary to wait for the regular registration days. They can hand their names to D. W. Murta, township clerk at any time.

The women of the village who may desire to vote at the coming village election need not wait for the regular registration day in the village, but may hand in their names to Roger Carr, village clerk at any time previous to the first of March. The village election is on March 19.

Qualifications for Voters in Michigan

the State six months and the township or ward in which he or she offers to vote twenty days next preceding election, is eligible to vote in Michigan.

Women Who May Register To Vote

Any unmarried woman twenty-one years of age and over, born in the United States.

Any unmarried woman; foreign born, twenty-one years of age or over, whose father was naturalized before she was twenty-one.

Any unmarried woman, twenty-one years of age or over, who has been naturalized.

one years of age or over, regardless of where she was born, whose husband is an American citizen. Every voter must have lived in

ward in which he or she votes for twenty-one days prior to the date of the election.

Every woman **MUST REGISTER REGARDLESS** of whether she has been registered to vote for school board or anything else before this time. This means that **EVERY WOMAN**, legally qualified to vote **MUST REGISTER**.

A woman cannot vote if she is married to an alien. When she marries an alien, even though she was born in this country, she loses her citizenship, and becomes a citizen of the country of which her husband is the subject.

A woman cannot vote if she is foreign born and is the daughter of a foreign born citizen, who became a citizen after she was twenty-one years of age.

A woman must register under her own name if married, not that of her husband, for instance: "Mary Jane Blank" not "Mrs. John Blank".

It is not necessary to state your exact age. Past twenty-one is sufficient. The law is interested

only in knowing that you are of legal age.

The township and village clerks will most courteously answer any questions.

D. W. Murta, township clerk.
Roger Carr, village clerk.

OBITUARY

Paul William Evers was born Nov. 26, 1901 and died January 13, 1919. He was seventeen years one month and seventeen days old.

All that loving hands and the best medical attention could do was done for him, but to no purpose and he passed away leaving a sorrowing family to mourn his loss.

He died trusting in his Saviour. He was loved and respected by all who knew him.

Funeral services were held at the Pinckney cemetery, Rev. E. L. Sutherland officiating.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our sincere thanks to our friends and neighbors for the beautiful floral offerings and for their sympathy and help shown us in our bereavement. Mr. and Mrs. H. Evers and family.

MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Mrs. Mildred Dolan, who passed away four years ago, Jan. 20th, 1915.

Peaceful be thy rest, dear mother,
'Tis sweet to breathe thy name.
In life we loved thee dearly,
In death we do the same.

Her Loving Children.

RESOLUTIONS

Whereas—The Divine Ruler in his loving and tender mercy has deemed it wise to call a short time in advance, our beloved companion, Mrs. Mildred Dolan.

Resolved—That in the death of our companion, Mrs. Mildred Dolan, the Wright Arbor of A. O. G. deeply feel the loss of a brilliant, faithful

Resolved—That the right hand in loving sympathy and mercy, now and in the future be extended to the widow, our beloved companion and family, who have the heartfelt sympathy of the community in their bereavement.

Resolved—That these resolutions be placed upon the records of the lodge; that they also be printed in the Pinckney Dispatch and a copy of the paper be sent to the family.

Mrs. Nora Buhl
Mr. James Caskey
Mrs. Emma Caskey
Committee

Our Neighbors

The special election at Howell to approve of the sale of the municipal lighting plant to the Edison Co. resulted in a vote of 709 for selling and only 75 against the sale. 206 women voted on the question.

Two horses belonging to Owen McIntee of Sylvan were struck by the first eastbound car on the

JAN. 24 TO JAN. 31

PRE-INVENTORY BARGAINS

Owing to the fact that we find ourselves heavily stocked in winter apparel we have decided to make a

20 PER CENT REDUCTION

on all Mens and Boys Coats and Mackinaws.

10 PER CENT REDUCTION

on all heavy mittens and rubber footwear.

25 PER CENT REDUCTION

on all woolen bed blankets.

We offer these cuts in prices in spite of the fact that all wholesalers guarantee

Staple and Fancy Groceries

Try a loaf of Victory Bread. A few gallons of that fine bulk syrup left. Cream tested Tuesday A. M. Laundry sent Tuesday P. M.

MONKS BROS.

Wants. For Sale Etc.

on the Joseph Monks farm. For particulars see Patrick Kennedy. Mable Onlette, Rural Route No. 1, Ankersburg, Ont.

FOR SALE CHEAP—Good windmill and derrick. See W. B. Darrow.

FOR SERVICE—Fine young Red Durham Bull. Fee \$1.00 at time of service. Ora Campbell.

HIGHEST CASH price paid for furs. Geo. Maebon.

PARTNER WANTED to cut wood by the cord. Chas. M. Shipley, Dexter road, Pinckney.

LOST—Five dollar bill either in L. E. Richards store or on front walk. Please return and get reward. Guy Blair.

FOR SERVICE—Registered Holstein Bull, Springfield De Kol Concordia. No. 19-666. Fee \$1.50 cash to be paid at time of service. John T. Chambers.

FOR SALE—Almost new one-horse wagon, or will exchange for horse or colt. C. McKinder.

NOTARY PUBLIC—At the Pinckney Exchange Bank. E. G. Lambertson.

CIDER CIDER CIDER CIDER—The cider mill will be open and ready for business Thursday, Oct. 3rd, and until further notice. J. C. Dinkel.

FOR SERVICE—Registered Poland China boar. Fee, one dollar at time of service. Edward Speers. One mile west of Pinckney.

D. J. & C. early Tuesday morning at the Kellberg crossing, west of Howell, and so badly injured

The brakes on the car were badly damaged and the car was tied up here for several hours. Mr. McIntee was driving three horses

him and he lost track of them in the darkness.—Chrysler Tribune

Howell—The case of the people against Joseph Wise of Deerfield occupied the circuit court for a couple of days this week. Mr. Wise was accused of shooting so near his neighbor that they heard the whiz of the bullet. He acknowledged standing at the place alleged and shooting at a guinea hen. The verdict was "Not guilty". Prosecuting attorney Lyons appeared for the people and Don Van Winkle for the defense. Mr. Van Winkle's closing argument was an especially strong one and drew many complimentary remarks from those who heard it.—Reporter.

Avon township, Oakland county has appointed four ladies of that township to serve on the election boards in the two precincts in that township.—South Lyon Herald.

The Edison Electric Lighting Co. may reach Howell via Pinckney. Good.

SEE CANADA LANDS

Inspection of Choice Farm Acres Will Be Profitable.

Cost Only a Trifle Compared to Possible Benefit to Be Derived—'Ye Happy Fields, Unknown to Noise and Strife, The Kind Rewarders of Industrial Life'—John Gay.

There are thousands today looking for farms to buy, and with the hundreds of thousands of acres offered for sale, there is no lack of opportunities. But there are all classes of lands, good, bad, and indifferent, much of each. The government of the Dominion of Canada has no land for sale, but within the boundaries of the Dominion there are unlimited acres of choice land owned by railway and land companies and private individuals. It holds no brief for any, nor are any of them clients. But it is to the interest of the Dominion to have the hundreds of thousands of acres placed under cultivation, for every acre thus cultivated adds to the revenue which helps pay the government of the country. It is with the purpose of setting forth the agricultural advantages that Canada, especially Western Canada, possesses, that attention is drawn to the fact. The purpose is to place before the reader truthful statements, and advise the prospective settler as to the necessity to investigate and inspect, leaving to his own deduction the matter of his selection. Once he decides, the government will render him any further information necessary as to location, prices and value of land, and assist him in every way possible to become settled.

The cost of a trip to Western Canada, to any portion of the three provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—specially indicated in this work, is but a trifle compared with the benefits that a personal inspection may give. Therefore the advice is to do so. Low rates on railways will be arranged and every opportunity afforded for giving the country a thorough and careful examination. It may be that

quires plowing and the other preparation necessary for a seed bed, leaving it to yourself to erect your buildings, sink your well, prepare your garden, and ascertain how close you are to school, church, town and market. You may wish to go into mixed farming, combining the raising of stock with the growing of grain. In this case you will look out for some shelter from sun, wind and storm, and want a farm a portion of which may be cultivated for grain, and pasture fields connected with it. You may make this out of the open level prairie, but you will do better to secure a partially wooded lot, where water and pasture are already at hand. You may wish to go into the raising of cattle, or sheep alone; then you will care less for the open prairie, but select something that may cost you less in the more northerly districts. No matter what you may want, unless

ical products, your inspection trip will reveal to you that Western Canada possesses possibilities beyond which any literature you may read advises you.—

Not All Who Foretold Events of the Great War Lost Their Reputation by the Act.

The late war and its end were subjects of much prophecy, and incidentally wrecked the reputation of many prophets. Glancing back over the last troubled year we find, however, some forecasts that were too striking to be appreciated by the world intent upon the intense business of warfare.

In Detroit, Mich., March 13, eight days before the big German drive began, Sir John Fraser of London said a drive on the western front would be disastrous to the side that took the offensive. It was June 26 Junius B. Wood, Detroit News correspondent with the American forces, cabled that German prisoners were being encouraged by the statement of officers that the war would end July 18, and that this date had made such an impression on many units that, in case the war did not then end, they would refuse to fight any longer. July 18 Generalissimo Foch launched his historical counter-offensive that won the war for the allies.

For Hygienic Reasons. Teacher (reading)—Water, water everywhere and not a drop to drink. Why was that so, Bobby?

Bobby—Because there were no individual drinking cups.—Boston Evening Transcript.

If a married man is willing to pose as an "angel" his wife will enact all the other parts in the show.

FIRST MEETING OF PEACE CONFERENCE

PROCEEDINGS WERE CONFINED TO THE ELECTION OF A PERMANENT CHAIRMAN.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS FIRST CALL

President Poincare, President Wilson and Lloyd George Made Chief Addresses At Opening Session.

Paris—The peace congress, destined to be historic and on which the eyes of the world are now centered, was opened in the great Salle de la Paix. The proceedings, which were confined to the election of Georges Clemenceau, the French premier, as permanent chairman, of the congress, an address of welcome by the president of the French republic, Raymond Poincare, and speeches by President Wilson, Premier Lloyd George and Baron Sonnino, were characterized by expressions of lasting friendship and the apparent determination of the representatives of the various nations to come to an amicable understanding with respect to the problems to be decided by the conference.

Premier Clemenceau announced that the league of nations would be the first subject taken up at the next full meeting of the conference, which is subject to the call of the supreme council.

When President Poincare spoke the entire assembly stood and the fact that, according to custom, no applause greeted his utterances gave solemnity to the scene.

M. Clemenceau's acceptance of the presidency of the congress was both a feeling expression of personal gratitude and a definite outline of the great questions immediately ahead.

Three of these larger general subjects he defined as responsibility for the war, responsibility for crimes during the war and international labor

met by fanfares of trumpets and accorded military honors by the troops. The Japanese were among the earlier arrivals and were followed by the Siamese and East Indians in picturesque turbans.

President Wilson's appearance was the signal for a demonstration from the crowds. The president passed into the ante-chamber, where M. Pichon, the French foreign minister, awaited, and conducted him to the council room.

Already the chamber was crowded with delegates, who greeted President Wilson warmly as he passed toward the table of honor. Here he was joined by Secretary Lansing, Mr. White and General Bliss, and exchanged greetings with the British and many other delegates.

Wilson's Opening Address

opening of the session of the peace conference.

"Mr. Chairman: It gives me great pleasure to propose as permanent chairman of the conference Mr. Clem-

the French republic. "But I wish to do it as something more than that. I wish to do it as a tribute to the man.

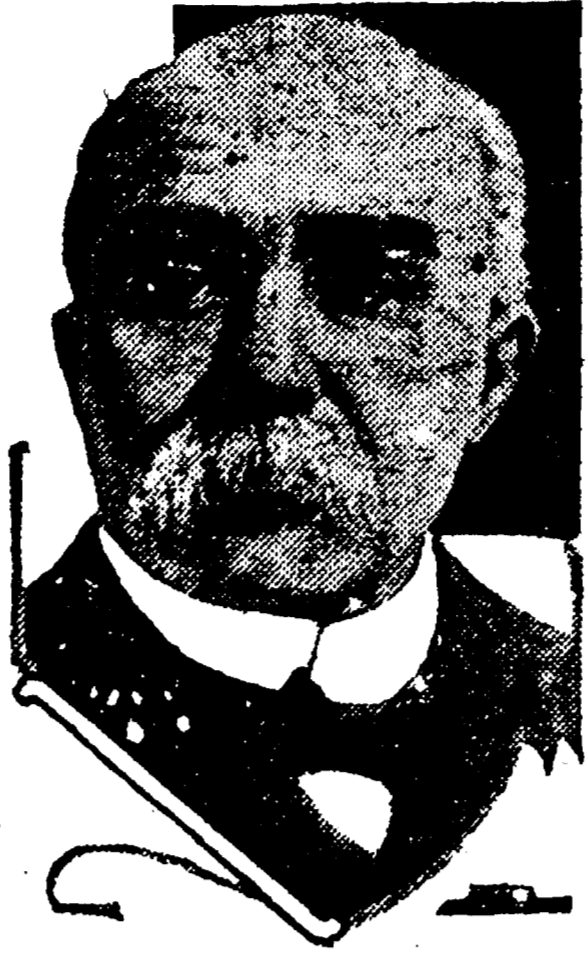
"France deserves the precedence not only because we are meeting at her capital and because she has undergone some of the most tragical suffering of the war, but also because her capital, her ancient and beautiful capital, has so often been the center of conferences of this sort, on which the fortunes of large parts of the world turned.

"It is a very delightful thought that the history of the world, which has so often centered here, will now be crowned by the achievements of this conference—because there is a sense in which this is the supreme conference of the history of mankind.

"More nations are represented here than were ever represented in such a conference before. The fortunes of all peoples are involved. A great war is ended, which seemed about to bring a universal cataclysm. The danger is past. A victory has been won for mankind and it is delightful that we should be able to record these great results in this place.

"It is more delightful to honor France because we can honor her in the person of so distinguished a servant. We have all felt in our participation in the struggles of this war the fine steadfastness which characterized the leadership of the French in the hands of Mr. Clemenceau. We have learned to admire him and those of us

MADE PERMANENT PEACE CHAIRMAN



GEORGES CLEMENCEAU.

who have been associated with him have acquired a genuine affection for him.

"Forever, those of us who have been, in these recent days, in constant consultation with him know how warmly his purpose is set towards the goal of achievement to which all our faces are turned. He feels as we feel, as I have no doubt everybody in this room feels, that we are trusted to do a great thing, to do it in the highest spirit of friendship and accommodation and to do it as promptly as possible in order that the hearts of men may have fear lifted from them and that they may return to those purposes of life which will bring them happiness and contentment and prosperity.

"Knowing his brotherhood of heart in these great matters, it affords me a personal pleasure to propose that Mr. Clemenceau shall be the permanent chairman of this conference."

Lloyd-George's Address

Paris.—Following is the address of the British prime minister at the opening session of the peace conference.

But a great privilege that I should expect, on behalf of the British empire delegates, to support President Wilson's motion. I do so for the reason which he has so eloquently given expression to, as a tribute to the man. When I was a schoolboy Mr. Clemenceau was a compelling and a conspicuous figure in the politics of his native land and his fame had extended far beyond the bounds of France.

"Were it not for that undoubted fact, Mr. President, I should have treated as a legend the common report of your years. I have attended many conferences with Mr. Clemenceau, and in them all the most vigorous, the most enduring and the most youthful figure there has been that of Mr. Clemenceau. He has had the youthfulness; he has had the hopefulness and the fearlessness of youth.

here to propose that we should elect the chair in this great conference that is to settle the peace of the world.

"I know of none better qualified, or as well qualified, to occupy this chair

have very often disagreed. And we have always expressed our disagreement very emphatically, because we are ourselves.

"But, although there will be delays and inevitable delays, in the signing of peace, due to the inherent difficulties of what we have to settle. I will guarantee from my knowledge of Mr. Clemenceau that there will be no waste of time. And that is important.

"The world is thirsting and hungering for peace. There are millions of people who want to get back to the world work of peace. And the fact that Mr. Clemenceau is in the chair will be proof that they will get there without any delays that are due to anything except the difficulties that are essential in the justice we have to perform. He is one of the great speakers of the world. But no one knows better than he that the best speaking is that which impels beneficent actions.

"I have another reason. During the dark days we have passed through, his courage, his unflinching courtesy, his untiring energy, his inspiration have helped the Allies through to triumph and I know of no one to whom that victory is more attributable than the man who sits in this chair. In his person, more than any living man, he represents the heroism, he represents the genius of the indomitable people of his land.

"And for these reasons, I count it a privilege that I should be expected to second this motion."

Clemenceau's Reply

Paris.—Premier Clemenceau, replying to President Wilson, Lloyd George and Sonnino, responded as follows:

"You would not expect me to keep silence after what the eminent statesmen, who have just spoken, have said. I cannot help expressing my great, my profound gratitude to the illustrious president of the United States, to the prime minister of Great Britain and to Baron Sonnino for the words I have just heard from their lips.

"Long ago, when I was young, as Mr. Lloyd George has recalled to you, when I was traveling in America and in England I always heard the French reproached for an excess of courtesy, which sometimes went beyond the truth. As I listened to the American statesman and to the English statesman, I wondered whether they had not caught in Paris our national disease of courtesy. Nevertheless, gentlemen, I must say that my election is necessarily due to the old international tradition of courtesy to the country which has the honor to receive the peace conference in its capital.

"I wish also to say that this testimony of friendship, if they will allow to me the word, on the part of President Wilson and Mr. Lloyd George, in particular, has touched me deeply, because I see in it a new strength for all three of us to accomplish, with the co-operation of the entire conference, the arduous work which is entrusted to us. I gather from it a new confidence in the success of our efforts.

"President Wilson has special authority to say that this is the first time in fact that the world has ever seen assembled together a delegation of all the civilized nations of the earth.

"The greater the bloody catastrophe which has devastated and ruined one of the richest parts of France, the greater and more splendid must be the reparation—not only the material reparation, the vulgar reparation, if I dare speak so, which is due all of us, but the higher and nobler reparation of the new institution which we will try to establish, in order that nations may at length escape from the fatal embrace of ruinous wars, which destroy everything, heap up ruins, terrorize the populace and prevent them

from doing their work.

It is a great, splendid and noble ambition which has come to all of us. It is desirable that success should crown our efforts. This cannot take place unless we all have firmly fixed and clearly determined ideas on what we wish to do.

"I said in the chamber a few days ago, and I wish to repeat here, that success is not possible unless we remain firmly united. We have come together as friends; we must leave this hall as friends.

"That, gentlemen, is the first thought that comes to me. All else must be subordinated to the necessity of a closer and closer union among the nations who have taken part in this great war and to the necessity of remaining friends. For the league of nations is here. It is yourself. It is for you to make it live, and to make it live we must have it really in our

days ago, there is no sacrifice that I am not willing to make in order to accomplish this, and I do not doubt that you all have the same sentiment. We will make these sacrifices, but on the condition that we do so impartially

greater, happier and better humanity.

"That, gentlemen, is what I had to say to you.

"I am touched beyond words at the evidence of good will and friendship which you show me. "The program of this conference has been laid down by President Wilson. It is no longer the peace of a more or less vast territory, no longer the peace of continents; it is the peace of nations that is to be made. This program is sufficient in itself. There is no superfluous word. Let us try to act swiftly and well."

THOUSANDS OF RUSSIANS DIED

British Paper Says Teutons Used Brutal Treatment of Prisoners.

London—Of the 2,000,000 Russian prisoners scattered throughout the Central empires, 1,000,000 died in captivity, according to the Morning Post.

Repatriated British prisoners of war have brought reports of the inhuman treatment meted out to Russian prisoners in the concentration camps of Germany and Austria, and these stories have been borne out by a report recently received by the International Red Cross from delegates who have returned from Germany.

According to these reports, the Russians were subjected to terrible brutalities and were forced to do heavy and degrading work, whether sick or well.

LOOK AT CHILD'S TONGUE IF SICK, CROSS, FEVERISH

HURRY, MOTHER! REMOVE POISONS FROM LITTLE STOMACH, LIVER, BOWELS.

GIVE CALIFORNIA SYRUP OF FIGS AT ONCE IF BILIOUS OR CONSTIPATED.



Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, it is a sure sign that your little one's stomach, liver and bowels needs a gentle, thorough cleansing at once.

When peevish, cross, listless, pale, doesn't sleep, doesn't eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has stomach-ache, sore throat, diarrhoea, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of the little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again.

You needn't coax sick children to take this harmless "fruit laxative;" they love its delicious taste, and it always makes them feel splendid.

Ask your druggist for a bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly on the bottle. Beware of counterfeits sold here. To be sure you get the genuine, ask to see that it is made by the "California Fig Syrup Company." Refuse any other kind with contempt.—Adv.

poem on "Our Daily Bread" Editor (without looking up)—No; what we want on our daily bread is butter.—Boston Evening Transcript.

\$100 Reward, \$100

Catarrh is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$100.00 for any case of Catarrh that HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE fails to cure. Druggists 75c. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

His Gues. Bix—"Are you familiar with that song, 'Sweet and Low?'" Dix—"No; but I'll bet it isn't about sugar."

Cuticura Soothes Itching Scalp

On getting gently rub spots of dan-

Cuticura Soap and hot water. Make them your every-day toilet preparations and have a clear skin and soft, white hands.—Adv.

Back Lame and Achy?

There's little peace when your kidneys are weak and while at first there may be nothing more serious than dull backache, sharp, stabbing pains, headaches, dizzy spells and kidney irregularities, you must act quickly to avoid the more serious trouble, dropsy, gravel, heart disease, Bright's disease, Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the remedy that is so warmly recommended everywhere by grateful users.

A Michigan Case

"Every Picture Tells a Story" J. W. Viere, 80 Milwaukee St., Owasco, Mich. says: I had sharp pains across the small of my back, caused by a strain. I was bothered when at work and when I stooped the pain always seized me. I had seen Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and finally began taking them. They soon cured me and during the past year I have had no sign of the trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 60c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Deep-Seated Colds

develop serious complications if neglected. Use an old and time-tried remedy that has given satisfaction for more than fifty years

PISO'S

NATION SURPRISED BY SUDDEN END OF FIGHT ON SALOON

Sheppard Amendment Ratified Little More Than Year After Submission.

War is Given Credit for Hastening Adoption of Prohibition—Campaign Carried on for Years.

The country has hardly awakened yet to the realization of the fact that it has voted itself dry. The ratification of the Sheppard amendment to the federal Constitution, prohibiting the manufacture or sale of intoxicating liquors, came so suddenly, after more than half a century of battle, when the cause of the prohibitionists many times seemed almost hopeless, that even the leaders of the dry movement have difficulty in realizing that, so far as can be foreseen now, their fight has been won.

There has been nothing in the history of the prohibition movement to indicate that victory for the cause would come with such swiftness, once congress had been induced to submit the proposed amendment to a vote of the states. Because of the difficulty with which changes in the federal Constitution are secured it was not anticipated that ratification could be secured by the necessary thirty-six states within less than two or three

years. ratification of this article the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territory subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Section 2—The congress and the several states have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

Section 3—This article shall be inoperative unless it shall have been ratified as an amendment to the Constitution by the legislatures of the several states as provided in the Constitution within seven years from the date of the submission hereof to the states by the congress.

OHAMP CLARK, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

THOMAS R. MARSHALL, Vice President of the United States and President of the Senate.

I certify that this joint resolution originated in the senate.

JAMES M. BAKER, Secretary.

This resolution was adopted by the senate on August 1, 1917, by a vote of 65 to 20, and by the house of representatives on December 17 by a vote of 282 to 128. House amendments were adopted by the senate December 18.

Mississippi First to Ratify.

Mississippi was the first state to ratify the amendment, both senate and house acting on January 8, 1918. Virginia, Kentucky and South Carolina took similar action during the same month and North Dakota soon followed, but in most states action was delayed until this year, when the vari-

POLITICAL ISSUE FOR FIFTY YEARS

PROHIBITION PARTY PERSISTED IN WHAT BEEMED LIKE HOPELESS BATTLE.

Women Have Been Prominent in Movement Through W. C. T. U.—Frances Willard Won World-Wide Fame.

Nation-wide prohibition has been a political issue in the United States for the last fifty years because of the activities of the Prohibition party. Other organizations, including the Anti-Saloon league, the Women's Christian Temperance union and others, which passed out of existence after careers extending over various periods of time, have fought for state and national prohibition, but the Prohibition party has continued in existence for a longer period of time than any other antiliquor organization, and it has continued in the face of discouraging defeats.

The Prohibition party will celebrate its fiftieth birthday next September. It was formally organized at a convention held in Farwell hall, Chicago, in September, 1869, when 19 states were represented by 500 delegates.

For several years the formation of such a party had been discussed because the leaders of the Republican and Democratic parties had virtually ignored the advocates of prohibition. The Good Templars, organized in 1851 as a society of total abstainers, urged such action, and other leaders believed it necessary. At a state temperance convention held in Pennsylvania in 1867 the plan was first publicly broached, and two years later on May 29, 1869, the call for the Chicago convention was put out by the grand lodge of the Good Templars in session at Oswego, N. Y. A committee to formulate the plans was named, comprising John Russell, Detroit; J. A. Spencer, Cleveland, O.; James Black, Lancaster, Pa.; John N. Stearns, New York, and Daniel Wilkins, Bloomington, Ill. The convention called by this committee organized the party on September 1,

ley of Nebraska first, following Illinois as its standard-bearer. They polled about 13,000 votes.

The feature of the Prohibition campaign of 1900 was a tour of the country by the candidates and a corps of speakers by special train. In 1912 the Prohibition convention re-nominated the candidates of 1908.

Results in Later Years.

The candidates since 1884 and their vote are as follows:

1888, Clinton B. Fisk, New Jersey, and J. A. Brooks, Missouri, 249,945 votes.

1892, John Bidwell, California, and J. B. Cranfill, Texas, 270,710 votes.

1896, Joshua Levering, Maryland, and Hale Johnson, Illinois, 130,753 votes.

1900, John G. Woolley, Illinois, and H. B. Metcalf, Rhode Island, 209,489 votes.

1904, S. C. Swallow, Pennsylvania, and George B. Carroll, Texas, 258,205 votes.

1908, Eugene W. Chaffin, Illinois, and Aaron S. Watkins, Ohio, 253,231 votes.

1912, Eugene W. Chaffin, Arizona, and Aaron S. Watkins, Ohio, 208,923 votes.

1916, J. Frank Hanley, Indiana, and Dr. Ira Landrith, Tennessee, 214,340 votes.

Women Prominent in the Fight.

For many years the women have been prominent in the prohibition movement, for the evils of intemperance bore heavily on their sex. To them must be given a very large share in the credit for the success of the fight. They started it publicly on a large scale in 1873 in Ohio with a crusade to pray the saloons out of existence.

This movement, inaugurated by a little band of women who held prayer meetings in saloons when permitted and on the pavements outside when not allowed to enter, spread like wildfire throughout the nation and was denominated by the press a "whirlwind from the Lord." Many saloons were swept out of existence, but it soon became evident that prayer must be accompanied by action if they would prevent the return or the re-opening of the saloons once closed.

The call for organization was issued from Chautauque, N. Y., in August

STOMACH UPSET?

PAPE'S DIAPEPSIN AT ONCE ENDS SOURNESS, GASES, ACIDITY, INDIGESTION.

Lumps of undigested food causing pain. When your stomach is acid, gassy, sour or you have heartburn, flatulence, headache or dyspepsia, here is instant relief—No waiting!



Don't stay upset! Eat a tablet of Pape's Diapepsin and instantly your stomach feels fine. All the indigestion pain, gases, acidity and misery in the stomach ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets cost little at any drug store but there is no surer or quicker stomach relief known. Adv.

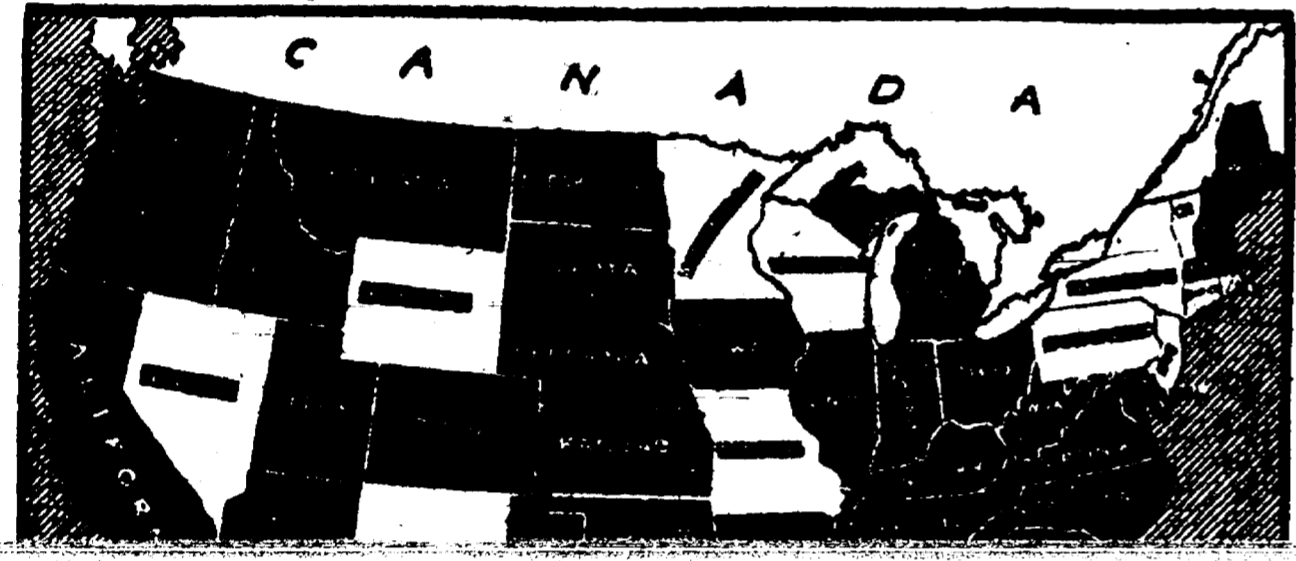
The Lobster.

Unlike most other marine animals, the lobster is not truly migratory in its habits. It remains on about the same ground, it is believed, from year to year, coming into shallower water in spring and returning to the less accessible depths in autumn.

Lives 200 Years!

For more than 200 years, Haarlem Oil, the famous national remedy of Holland, has been recognized as an infallible relief from all forms of kidney and bladder disorders. Its very age is proof that it must have unusual merit.

If you are troubled with pains or aches in the back, feel tired in the morning, headaches, indigestion, insomnia, painful or too frequent passage of urine, irritation or stone in the bladder, you will almost



The states shown in black on this map are the thirty-six that made the nation dry. Other states have since ratified the prohibition amendment, but they were not needed after ratification was voted by Nebraska, the thirty-sixth state to act.

years at the least. Anti-prohibition leaders felt that they had won a victory when they placed a provision in the Sheppard resolution providing that it would be inoperative if not ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states within seven years.

The Sheppard prohibition amendment, which has just been ratified by more than three-fourths of the states of the Union, the number required to make it effective, becomes the eighteenth amendment to the Constitution.

ous state legislatures convened. Then the states took action on the amendment in rapid succession. Following North Dakota the states acted in the following order until Nebraska, the thirty-sixth to act, completed the ratification:

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| Maryland | West Virginia |
| Montana | California |
| Texas | Washington |
| Delaware | Indiana |
| South Dakota | Arkansas |
| Massachusetts | Illinois |
| Arizona | North Carolina |

duced by Senator Morris Sheppard of Texas, was finally adopted by congress December 18, 1917. On January 16, 1919, less than thirteen months after the adoption of the resolution by congress, ratification of the amendment

- | | |
|-----------|---------------|
| Michigan | Colorado |
| Ohio | Oregon |
| Oklahoma | New Hampshire |
| Idaho | Utah |
| Tennessee | Nebraska |
| Maine | |

stitution has been adopted with such speed, with the exception of that which provided for the abolition of slavery. Action on the seventeen other amendments that have been adopted has required from nine to forty-three months.

The war is given the credit for hastening the adoption of prohibition in this country. The economic aspect of the question was emphasized by the war emergency, and the handwriting on the wall was seen when congress passed a law providing for nationwide prohibition as a war measure, to become effective July 1, 1919, and to continue until the armies of the United States have been demobilized. If this law goes into effect, as contemplated, the country will go dry July 1, although the constitutional amendment will not become effective until one year after its ratification by the required number of state legislatures.

Text of Amendment.

JOINT RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES. Resolved by the senate and house of representatives of the United States of America in congress assembled, two-thirds of each house concurring therein, that the following amendment to the Constitution be, and hereby is, proposed to the states to become valid as a part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of the several states as provided by the Constitution:

Section 1—After one year from the

proposing constitutional amendments for the same purpose have been before congress almost continually for more than 40 years. Senator H. W. Blair of New Hampshire proposed the first amendment in 1878. This provided only for the prohibition of the manufacture and sale of spirituous distilled liquors for beverage purposes. He introduced a similar measure nine times, changing it in 1886 to include all alcoholic liquors.

Congressman Hobson of Alabama introduced the famous "Hobson resolution" in the house December 18, 1913. The resolution came to a vote December 22, 1914, but received only 197 votes, while 268 were necessary for its adoption.

There is a probability that antiprohibition forces will attempt to secure an annulment of the ratification vote in several states and will attack the legality of the action of congress. In San Francisco a court order has been secured restraining Governor Stephens temporarily from signing the ratification of the amendment. It has been stated that similar action may be taken in other states, including Arkansas, Colorado, Maine, Nevada, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Oregon, Utah, Washington, Missouri and Nebraska. In these states, it is declared, all action taken by the state legislatures may be submitted to the people under a referendum.

Attorneys for the liquor interests claim that there are many points on which the amendment may be attacked in the courts and plans have been made, it is declared, for action along these lines.

First National Ticket.

Nearly three years later, on Washington's birthday, 1872, the new party met in convention in Columbus, O., to place a national ticket in the field. James Black was nominated for president and John Russell for vice president. Mr. Black was a prominent Good Templar and also was one of the founders of the National Temperance Society and Publication house and of the Camp Meeting association at Ocean Grove, N. J. Mr. Russell, also a leader of the Good Templars and a Methodist minister, was known as the father of the Prohibition party, for he published a newspaper, the Peninsular Herald, which led the way in advocating the organization of the party for political action.

With all their devotion to the cause, the Prohibition leaders had no hope of success in the election of 1872, and they did not discourage them, and four years later they put Green Clay Smith of Kentucky and Gideon T. Stewart on the ticket. These gentlemen received 9,737 votes. General Neal Dow of Maine, who had gained fame as the

only place on the ticket. They polled only 10,368 votes.

St. John's Hot Campaign.

When the plans were being laid for the campaign of 1884, Frances E. Willard and her fellow workers of the W. C. T. U. entered the field. They sent to the Republican convention a great petition asking that consideration be given the pleas of the temperance advocates, but it was ignored and even thrown into the dirt on the floor, and Miss Willard promptly turned to the Prohibition party. Her help was welcomed and John P. St. John of Kansas was put at the head of the cold water ticket. Already he was a notable figure, for he had fought in the Civil war as lieutenant colonel of the 148d regiment of Illinois volunteers and later served two terms as governor of Kansas. He was a Republican, but his party thought him too warm a friend of the prohibitionists and he was defeated for re-election in 1882. Accepting the Prohibition nomination, he went into the campaign with all his vigor and delivered stirring speeches all over the country, especially paying attention to New York state, where the fight between James G. Blaine and Grover Cleveland had made things very warm. St. John was out to beat the Republicans, and he succeeded, for the Prohibition vote was large enough to let Cleveland win New York state and, in consequence, the nation. The Prohibitionists polled the surprisingly large vote of 150,628.

The Prohibition convention of 1896 split the party over woman suffrage and money. The "free silver" minority formed a Liberal party, with Best-

and at that meeting there was organized the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Delegates were present from 17 states.

The plan of work was presented by Frances E. Willard and most of the thoughts embodied in the plan were later worked out in the W. C. T. U. At this convention Miss Willard offered also the famous resolution: "Resolved, That recognizing the fact that our cause is, and will be, combated by mighty, determined and relentless forces, we will, trusting in him who is the Prince of Peace, meet argument with argument, misjudgment with patience, denunciation with kindness, and all our difficulties and dangers with prayer."

Pursued Many Roads to its Goal.

From its very earliest years the W. C. T. U. sought out a variety of avenues through which the children of the nation might be educated in the prin-

the liquor traffic. Out of the juvenile work grew the Loyal Temperance Legion for the children, and the Young Peoples' branch for the young men and women. Later the children were en-

ized, and carried on to some degree in every state and territory, and in from ten to twenty thousand local unions. Among these were: Temperance work in Sunday schools, which, with scientific temperance instruction in public schools, brought practically all the children in the nation in touch with temperance truth; medical temperance; mothers' meetings; flower mission and relief; equal suffrage; moral education and race betterment; oratorical and declamatory medal contests; Christian citizenship, and child welfare.

For World Prohibition.

The World's Woman's Christian Temperance union was founded in 1889 by Miss Willard. It is organized in 40 nations, with a total membership of over half a million.

In 1884 Miss Willard sent out from her home office in Evanston, Ill., addressed to each government of the world, an appeal for total abstinence, purity of life, and against the manufacture and sale of opium, with this call for world prohibition: "We come to you with the united voices of representative women of every land, beseeching you to raise the standard of the law to that of Christian morals, to strip away the safeguards and sanctions of the state from the drink traffic, and to protect our homes by the total prohibition of this curse of civilization throughout all the territory over which your government extends."

This "polyglot" petition, as it has been termed, is historically significant for it was the first world-wide proclamation against the legalized liquor traffic.

quantity and convenient form to take. It is imported direct from Holland laboratories, and you can get it at any drug store. It is a standard, old-time home remedy and needs no introduction. Each capsule contains one dose of five drops and is pleasant and easy to take. They will quickly relieve those stiffened joints, that backache, rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, gall stones, gravel, "brick dust," etc. Your money promptly refunded if they do not relieve you. But be sure to get the genuine GOLD MEDAL brand. In boxes, three sizes.—Adv.

Out of the Question.

Mrs. Justwed—If your husband's judgment should differ from yours what would you do?

Mrs. Longwed—I never had a chance to find out. He never dares to differ.—Boston Globe.

GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER

Has been used for all ailments that are caused by a disordered stomach

across indigestion, fermentation of food, palpitation of the heart caused by gases in the stomach. August Flower is a gentle laxative, regulates digestion both in stomach and intestines, cleans

blood, sold in all civilized countries. Give it a trial.—Adv.

Why Friendship Ceases.

Pell—What do you suppose our baby did this morning?

Mell—Couldn't guess in a thousand years.

Pell—Why, the little rascal woke up!—Buffalo Express.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and make it soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.—Adv.

Education is good provided it does not unfit a man for honest labor.

Plenty of exercise, fresh air, regular hours—is all the prescription you need to avoid Influenza—unless through neglect or otherwise, a cold gets you. Then take—at once



Standard cold remedy for 50 years—in tablet form, easy to swallow, no opium, no alcohol. In 24 hours—no fever, no pain. A 3-cent box is the best value. The genuine has a Red Top with Mr. Hill's picture. At All Drug Stores.

DEMAND IT!

Mr. Farmer:
If your dealer does not or will not supply you with the "MICHIGAN FARMER BRAND Cottonseed MEAL"

Write us. Accept no other.

The J. E. Bartlett Co.
 Jackson, Michigan

NOTICE

I have accepted the agency for the I. E. Ilgenfritz Sons Co., Nursemeymen of Monroe, Mich. I am their licensed agent here. This is the oldest, largest, and best nursery in Michigan. They put out nothing but A. 1. stock and do not substituting. Their reputation for honest dealing is unexcelled. Stock shipped from Monroe would come through fresh as it would be but a short time on the road. Will be glad to give quotations on all kinds of fruit trees and shrubbery.

F. S. Hurlbert
 Adv. Pinckney, Mich.

GREGORY

Harrison Bates and son Ivan of Whitmore Lake visited relatives and friends for the week end.

Mrs. Robert Leach was a Jackson visitor Thursday.

Mrs. Emory Glenn and Mrs. Blanche Lantis of Stockbridge were callers at the Henry Howlett home on Tuesday of last week.

Mrs. Anna Moore left last week Tuesday for Manitou Beach to make an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Agnes Bell.

Mrs. Frances May and brother, Geo. Gorton of North West were Gregory visitors the last of the week.

Mrs. Norman Whitehead spent several days last week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Denton.

O. B. Arnold and family visited at the Robin Carr home last Friday.

Mrs. Ed. Brotherton was the guest of her sister, Mrs. Fred Asqueth Thursday.

The Misses Mary Howlett and Lillian Buhl were Howell visitors several days the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Orla Gallop, and Mr. Melvin Conk were Chelsea visitors last Thursday.

Archie and Miss Vancie Arnold spent Sunday at Frank Kirkland's in Fowlerville.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Denton and daughters, Mrs. Norman Whitehead and Miss Nellie Denton were guests at the home of Charles Elsworth last Saturday.

Remember the social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Marsh this Friday night given by the Ladies Aid Society. A good time awaits all who come. Everybody is urged to be present.

Paul Kuhn arrived home Saturday morning from Newport News, Va.

North Lake

Order for Publication—Termination of Heirs.

State of Michigan, the Probate Court for the County of Livingston.

At a session of said court, held at the probate office, in the city of Howell in said county, on the 2nd day of January, A. D. 1919.

Present, Hon. Eugene A. Stowe, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of **MAGGIE A. BLACK**, Deceased.

Rose Fitzsimmons having filed in said court her petition praying that said court adjudicate and determine who were at the time of her death the legal heirs of said deceased and entitled to inherit the real estate of which said deceased died seized.

It is ordered, that the 31st day of January A. D. 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be and is hereby appointed for hearing said petition;

It is further ordered, that public notice thereof be given by publication of an order, for three successive weeks previous to said date of hearing in the Pinckney Dispatch, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county.

Eugene A. Stowe
 Judge of Probate.

A true copy.

Order Appointing Time for Hearing Claims.

State of Michigan, the Probate Court for county of Livingston.

At a session of said court, held at the Probate Office in the city of Howell in said county, on the 26th day of December, A. D. 1918.

Present, Hon. Eugene A. Stowe, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of **ANN GILKES**, Deceased

Nebemiah Pacey having filed in said court his petition praying that the time for the presentation of claims against said estate be limited and that a time and place be appointed to receive, examine, and adjust all claims and demands against said deceased by

present claims against said estate,

It is further ordered, that the 26th day of April, 1919, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office, be and is hereby appointed for the examination and adjustment of all claims and demands against said deceased.

Eugene A. Stowe
 Judge of Probate.

DOG TAXES NOW DUE

Payable at Township Clerks Office in Pinckney.

Notice is hereby given to all owners of dogs who reside within the limits of the Township of Putnam, County of Livingston, State of Michigan, that the tax is now due and should be paid not later than February 1st, 1919.

Each owner of any dog, of any age or sex, before the first day of February of each year to secure from the clerk of the township in which he or she may reside a metal registration tag.

Exception is made where dogs are strictly confined to the premises where kept and safely secured, except when accompanied by owner, caretaker or custodian.

Failure to pay taxes promptly is made a punishable offense.

Amount of Taxes

Male dogs, \$2.00. Female dogs, \$1.00. Spayed female dogs, \$2.00. Male dogs kept solely for breeding purposes and confined to kennel, \$1.00. Same, female \$2.00.

(Note that the reduction for spayed female dogs can only be allowed upon presentation of certificate from a veterinary surgeon stating that such dog has been spayed.)

Fine or Imprisonment

Sec. 4. It shall be unlawful for anyone to permit any dog owned by him or her to be at large without a license tag. Any person violating any of the provisions of this law shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be subject to a FINE not exceeding \$25.00, or to imprisonment, in the discretion of the court. The tags can not be transferred from person to person nor from dog to dog.

Tags shall be good for only one year from January 1st of the year issued.

(Note that the dog tag year now begins January 1 and ends December 31.)

Section 6. Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, or police officer shall have authority to destroy, any dog or dogs, found at large in violation of the provisions of this act.

Dated January 1, 1919.
 D. W. Murta
 Township Clerk.

NURMAN REASON AUCTIONEER PINCKNEY

An exceptionally wide knowledge of values, years of successful salesmanship, and careful study of the specialty of real estate auctioneering have resulted in success from the very first sale conducted by him, and the large number of sales already held for well satisfied customers are the best recommendations. Special terms for the next sixty days.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Roberts visited at Chas. Harrington's Saturday night and Sunday.

NOTICE

to the Taxpayers of the Township of Putnam

The tax roll is now in my possession and may be seen at L. E. Richards' store Tuesday and Saturday each week until Jan. 10th. Those days I will be prepared to receive taxes only during bank hours.

NORMAN REASON,
 Township Treasurer.

the undersigned, do hereby agree to close our places of business at Standard time from January 1st to March 1st, Saturday nights excepted.

C. M. Ingersoll
 Monka Bros.
 L. E. Richards
 R. J. Carr
 Teeple Hdw. Co.

South Isco

Mrs. Homer Stofer entertained her brother, Eugene Widmayer of Waco, Texas, several days last week.

Matthew Hankerd of Chelsea spent Saturday and Sunday with Mrs. James Hankerd and family.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Baird entertained at their home Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Joh Schieferstein and daughter Laura of Chelsea and Mr. and Mrs. John Pratt and children of this place.

Mrs. Daniel Reilly and son Donald are visiting at Battle Creek.

Douglas Frazier of Detroit spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Lee Becker.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Roberts visited at Chas. Harrington's Saturday night and Sunday.

Mrs. John Green spent Monday with Mrs. John Rounse.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Tinnard were Howell callers Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Roberts were in Lansing last Thursday.

The Watters Sisters entertained Mr. and Mrs. Frank Shaffer for dinner Sunday.

Pauline Burley spent the past week with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Will Caskey.

Anderson

V. Czysanski spent the first of the week at Detroit.

Mrs. Will Caskey of Stockbridge was the guest of Mrs. Phillip Sprout last Friday.

Perce McClear visited Toledo friends last week.

Mrs. Ella McMullen is on the sick the past week.

Mrs. Ed. Secor visited at Geo. Crano's Sunday.

G. W. Greiner transacted business in Jackson one day last week.

Sgt. Alvey Sprout was in Leslie the first of the week.

Mrs. Carl Jennings of Gregory was here a few days this week.

WE HAVE

A few 1 and 5 gallon Oil Cans, Milk Pails, Pans, etc. Also some Hay Forks and Shovels which we will close out at cost. If you need anything in this line see us as we are going to sell.

L. E. RICHARDS

A Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year

To All of Our 300 Customers

A visit to our store will convince

Our Christmas goods consist of of Keen Kutter guaranteed triple plate knives and forks, table and tea spoons, berry spoons, meat forks, carving knives and forks, genuine cut glass goods etc.

Enamel roasters at cost.

High test gasoline.

Thanking you for past favors
 Respectfully yours

Teeple Hardware Co.

EGG POULTRY VEAL

Veal Wednesday morning. Highest price paid at all times.

What Will They Do?

THE best reply that can be made to the question, "What will they do?" is to tell what they have done. The following letter from J. L. Southern, Clerk, Eau Claire House, Eau Claire, Wis., is one of many that Foley & Co. have on file:

"Several years ago I wrote you in regard to a remarkable cure I had received from the use of Foley Kidney Pills. One of the worst features of my trouble was that I could not sleep at night. To show the lasting benefit of Foley Kidney Pills I wish to now state that after all this time I have had no return of the kidney trouble and I sleep soundly. I have recommended Foley Kidney Pills to lots of people who report the great good they do them."

Isn't it reasonable to assume that what Foley Kidney Pills have done, they will do again?

Foley Kidney Pills

are compounded in strict conformity with National and State Pure Food and Drug Laws. They are made from the purest and finest ingredients that money can buy—medicines generally accepted as the most helpful for kidney trouble and bladder ailments. No expense is spared to make them the best kidney pills offered the American public. In the best of our knowledge and belief they cost more to make than any other.

With this time-tried relief from kidney trouble at hand, why suffer from backache, rheumatic pains, swollen or stiff joints, sore muscles, puffiness under eyes, floating specks, biliousness, dry mouth, weakness or irregularity of the bladder, or other symptoms of disordered kidney?



C. M. INGERSOLL

Grand Trunk Time Table
For the eleven months

Trains East	Trains West
No. 46—7:24 a. m.	No. 47—7:57 p. m.
No. 45—4:44 p. m.	No. 48—9:53 a. m.

Ann Arbor Railroad
Leaves Lakeland

North	South
9 52 A. M.	10 46 A. M.
12 36 P. M.	Motor Car 1 23 P. M.
5 17 P. M.	4 41 P. M.

Pinckney Dispatch
Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter.

LINCOLN E. SMITH PUBLISHER
Subscription, \$1.25 a Year in Advance

Advertising rates made known on application.
Cards of Thanks, fifty cents.
Resolutions of Condolence, one dollar.
Local Notices, in Local columns five cents per line per each insertion.
All matter intended to benefit the personal or business interest of any individual will be published at regular advertising rates.
Announcement of entertainments, etc., must be paid for at regular Local Notice rates.
Obituary and marriage notices are published free of charge.
Poetry must be paid for at the rate of five cents per line.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County, ss.
Frank J. Cheney makes an oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn before me and subscribed in my presence on this 5th day of December A. D. 1886. A. W. Gleason, (Seal) Notary Public.
Hall Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and act through the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation adv.

Ingersoll's HAND LOTION

During this season—when the cold winds chap everybody's face and hands, you should have a bottle of this preparation on hand. It dries quickly and is not sticky or greasy. It heals the worst cases quickly.

THE PRICE IS 15c. AND 25c.

C. M. Ingersoll
Nyal Quality Drug Store

SIGLER, M. D. C. L. SIGLER, M. D.

DRS. SIGLER & SIGLER
Physicians and Surgeons

All calls promptly attended to day or night. Office on Main St.
PINCKNEY MICHIGAN

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Miss Helen Tiplady and Will Mercer and family were Howell visitors last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Roche visited Fowlerville relatives Sunday.

Mrs. Orp Bush, Mr. and Mrs. Wil Larkin and W. Witty of Howell were callers at the home of Alden Carpenter last Friday.

Rex Reason of the Great Lakes Naval Training Station spent the week end at the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reason.

Mr. and Mrs. Dave VanHorn of Ann Arbor spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Emma Brown.

Hazen Smith of Detroit spent the week end here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tiplady of Webster township spent Sunday with relatives here.

Glade Moore of Muskegon was a recent visitor at the home of Alden Carpenter.

Mrs. Jack Snyder of Walkerville was a week end guest of Mr. and Mrs. Ross Read.

Dr. and Mrs. C. L. Sigler were in Dexter Monday.

Mrs. Emmett Berry and daughter of Stockbridge spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Monks.

Miss Grace Gardner is visiting Lansing relatives.

Cleon Gauss spent the week end in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Devereaux were Ann Arbor visitors Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Teeple, Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Teeple and J. J. Teeple were in Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kice and Mr. and Mrs. Earl Baughn spent Friday and Saturday in Detroit.

The Fowlerville Fair will be held this year Sept. 30, Oct. 1 and second.

Miss Mary Lynch spent the past week at the home of John Donohue of Gregory.

Alvin Mann is visiting relatives and friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Tiplady of Webster spent Sunday here.

"Upward" will be the trend of women's skirts and shoes during spring and summer, says an Eastern style chief. "Women's attention for some time will be devoted to dressing well her head and feet." But why worry about the head so long as the present short skirts are in vogue—no one looks at a man but any moral Chelsea Trib-

RICHARD D. ROCHE
Attorney at Law

HOWELL, MICH.

Glasgow Brothers

Noted for Selling Good Goods Cheap
129 to 135 East Main St. JACKSON, MICH.

CHOICE OF ANY CLOTH COAT IN STOCK AT \$24.50

This gives you a large assortment. Ladies and Misses sizes. Fur and plush trimmed, also many plain tailored

The Pinckney Exchange Bank

Does a Conservative Banking Business.

3 per cent Paid on all Time Deposits.

Pinckney Mich.

Mr. Roy Hicks returned from New Jersey last Friday.

Miss Kathleen Roche was home from Detroit over Sunday.

Arthur May of North Lake was in town Saturday.

Miss Alice Roche was in Dexter Saturday.

G. A. Sigler transacted business in Lansing last week.

Miss Ada Gardner and Rev. Sutherland and family spent Saturday with Stockbridge friends.

Mrs. Jennie Barton and Mr. and Mrs. Osa Campbell were Jackson shoppers last Friday.

Client desires to purchase a few Liberty bonds for his own investment. Persons who find it advisable to sell call and see me. Don W. VanWinkle, Howell.

MALE HELP WANTED

A corporation about to extend its business into each of the following towns, desires the services of a local resident representative or manager who stands well in his community and is a worker, to take advertising orders for a standard product, at a reduced price, preparatory to placing local dealer or store. Good pay and permanent position.

Towns of Livingston County: Connetquot, Oak Grove, Deer Creek, Madison, Marshallville, Hallers, etc.

Apply to: J. McKinney, Jackson, Pinckney, Howell, Glade, Aupperle and Hamburg.

Write to: J. McKinney, Jackson, Mich. arrange for a personal interview with our District Manager.

Ex-Cell All Co.
Alv. Alma, Mich.

silvertone, Navy, taupe, burgundy, tenn blue, sandy and black.

Another Lot of Coats

Fine wool materials, high-waisted, long waisted, loose and belted styles. Formerly priced to \$29.50

Your Choice at \$14.50

NOTICE

Cash and highest price paid for eggs and poultry delivered at the poultry plant. Will take in eggs six days of the week and poultry

Ambition

TIRED MEN and WOMEN who "feel old before their time," who are languid, have no energy and lack ambition—these are often sufferers from kidney trouble.

Weak, overworked or diseased kidneys are indicated by ambitionless, always tired, nervous condition, by sallowness of skin and puffiness under eyes, backache, stiff joints, sore muscles, or rheumatic pains.

Foley Kidney Pills

Get right at the cause of suffering and misery, regulate the kidneys and bladder and restore to sound and healthy condition.

N. R. Reese, Dublin, Ga., writes: "I want to say I am better. Before I started to take Foley Kidney Pills I could not turn over in the bed I had such severe pain in my back and hips. I was so stiff I could not bend over and I had to get up at night five to six times. By taking Foley Kidney Pills I am up and able to go to work."

For Sale by
C. M. INGERSOLL

TO OUR SUBSCRIBER

This paper has been published for you with the Michigan Dispatch for the year for the regular price of \$1.00 and that the Dispatch for the year for \$2.25. You are getting a total of \$3.25 worth of news for \$1.00. This is a very good offer and we will be quick to account

Kenneth Teeple of Durand spent the week end at the home of his grandparents.

Fred Read and family of Stockbridge spent the week end at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hooker.

Irvin Kennedy of Jackson spent the week end with his family here.

Mrs. Wm. Ledwiga, daughters Clara and Germaine and son Max and Mrs. M. Lavery spent Friday at Ann Arbor.

Frank Bowers of Detroit spent the week end with his mother, Mrs. M. Bowers.

S. E. Swarthout was in Howell last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Blades of Ann Arbor were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hooker.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Kennedy of Detroit were Sunday guests at the home of Wm. Kennedy, Sr.

Miss Madeline Bowman spent the week end with Chas. relatives.

Mrs. Sarah Doucort of Detroit is visiting at the home of Wm. Kennedy, Sr.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Teeple, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Teeple and J. J. Teeple visited Fowlerville relatives Sunday.

Dr. Wylie of Dexter was a Pinckney caller Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Monks were Howell visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Ray Chas. of Kalamazoo was over Sunday visiting at the home of Jan Jeffreys.

Harry Warner of Jackson called on Pinckney friends Monday.

EVERY TREE TRUE TO NAME

Before I consented to take the agency for Wm. C. Moore & Co., Nurserymen, I secured a list of customers in this vicinity from their former representative, Mr. James Fisk, and I have found without a single exception that trees bought from this firm showed exceptional vitality, and that every tree that has come to a bearing age is absolutely true to name.

Owing to the prevalence of the blight in and around Pinckney it has been impossible for me to make a thorough canvass of the territory, so if you are in need of shrubs, plants, or fruit trees let me know your wants either by card or phone and I will call on you as soon as possible.

All trees replaced if they fail to grow and your money back if they do not bear true to name.

A. J. Snyder,
Pinckney, Mich.

Organization Will Aid Near East Relief Plans

Washington, Jan. —Herbert Hoover has cabled the American Committee for Relief in the Near East, through the food administration, Washington, that, while the bulk of the relief work to be done will be financed by the countries affected, through the medium of loans of other government assistance, "nevertheless distress and suffering exists in many areas where payment for relief supplies cannot be made. These charity cases will still urgently need private benevolence.

"This is the situation with regard to the Armenians, Syrians and Persians," continues Hoover's cablegram. "There is probably no greater suffering today than among the persecuted peoples of Asia Minor who have no other funds and cannot secure government loans and have no other credit.

The further text of the Hoover cable reads: "It is to aid this distressing situation that your Committee for Relief in the Near East is making its appeal to the generosity of the American people.

"With your financing accomplished, your committee representing these stricken people can come under the direction of the new Inter-Allied World Relief organization and will receive its co-operation in the purchasing and shipment of supplies.

"Arrangements are now being made to assign one complete flour cargo now en route for Southern Europe to the order of your committee and further supplies will shortly be allocated to you by the Inter-Allied Committee as soon as we are assured that the necessary finances have been provided.

(Signed) **HOOVER.**

The world recognition thus given the American Committee for Relief in the Near East follows naturally upon the proclamations of President Wilson and the pronouncements of the Secretary of State and other high officials, recognizing its work officially and calling upon the people of the United States to give generously to its fund during its \$30,000,000 drive, which begins January 12.



THE LIGHT IN THE CLEARING

A TALE OF THE NORTH COUNTRY
IN THE TIME OF SILAS WRIGHT

By
IRVING BACHELLER

AUTHOR OF
EREN HOLDEN, D'RI AND I, DABREL OF THE BLESSED ISLES,
KEEPING UP WITH LIZZIE, ETC., ETC.

BARTON AGAIN SEES SALLY DUNKELBERG, BUT THE MEETING IS NOT AN AUSPICIOUS ONE.

Synopsis.—Barton Baynes, an orphan, goes to live with his uncle, Peabody Baynes, and his Aunt Deel on a farm on Rattleroad, in a neighborhood called Lickitysplit, about the year 1826. He meets Sally Dunkelberg, about his own age, but socially of a class above the Bayneses, and is fascinated by her pretty face and fine clothes. Barton also meets Roving Kate, known in the neighborhood as the "Silent Woman." Amos Grimsbaw, a young son of the richest man in the township, is a visitor at the Baynes home and Roving Kate tells the boys' fortunes, predicting a bright future for Barton and death on the gallows for Amos. Reproved for an act of boyish mischief, Barton runs away, intending to make his home with the Dunkelbergs. He reached Canton and falls asleep on a porch. There he is found by Silas Wright, Jr., a man prominent in public affairs, who, knowing Peabody Baynes, takes Barton home after buying him new clothes.

CHAPTER II—Continued.

Soon a horse and buggy came for us and I briefly answered Sally's goodbye before the man drove away with me. I remember telling him as we went on over the rough road, between fields of ripened grain, of my watermelon and my dog and my little pet hen.

I shall not try to describe that home coming. We found Aunt Deel in the road five miles from home. She had been calling and traveling from house to house most of the night, and I

is always on hand," said Uncle Peabody.

I was soon out of bed and he came no more, to sit up with me.

When I was well again, Aunt Deel said one day: "Peabody Baynes, I ain't leard no preachin' since Mr. Pangborn died. I guess we better go down to Canton to meetin' some Sunday. If there ain't no minister Silas Wright always reads a sermon, if he's home, and the paper says he don't go 'way for a month yet. I kind o' feel the need of a good sermon—ayes!"

us, holding me in her lap. Uncle Peabody and one of our neighbors had been out in the woods all night with pine torches. I recall how, although excited by my return, he took off his hat at the sight of my new friend and said:

"Mr. Wright, I never wished that I lived in a palace until now."

He didn't notice me until I held up both feet and called: "Look a' there, Uncle Peabody."

Then he came and took me out of the buggy and I saw the tears in his eyes when he kissed me.

The man told of finding me on his little veranda, and I told of my ride with Dug Draper, after which Uncle Peabody said:

"I'm goin' to put in your hoss and feed him, Comptroller."

"And I'm goin' to cook the best dinner I ever cooked in my life," said Aunt Deel.

When the good man had gone Uncle

"you didn't think I meant it, did ye?—that you would have to go 'way

to do for you to keep on tippin' things over so."

That evening as I was about to go up-stairs to bed, Aunt Deel said to my uncle:

"Do you remember what ol' Kate wrote down about him? This is his first peril an' he has met his first great man an' I can see that Silas Wright is kind o' fond o' him."

I went to sleep that night thinking of the strange, old, ragged, silent woman.

CHAPTER III.

We Go to Meeting and See Mr. Wright Again.

I had a chill that night and in the weeks that followed I was nearly bumped up with lung fever. Doctor Clark came from Canton to see me every other day for a time and one evening Mr. Wright came with him and watched all night near my bedside.

In the morning he said that he could come the next Tuesday morning if we needed him and set out right after breakfast, in the dim dawn light, to walk to Canton.

"Peabody Baynes," said my Aunt Deel as she stood looking out of the window at Mr. Wright, "that is one of the grandest, splendidest men that I ever see or heard of. He's an awful smart man, an' a day o' his time is worth more'n a month of our'n, but he comes away off here to set up with a sick young one and walks back. Does beat all—don't it—ayes?"

"If any one needs help Silas Wright

got back here by three."

I had told Aunt Deel what Sally had said of my personal appearance.

"Your coat is good enough for anybody—ayes!" said she. "I'll make you a pair o' breeches an' then I guess you won't have to be 'shamed no more."

She had spent several evenings making them out of an old gray flannel petticoat of hers and had put two pockets in them of which I was very proud. They came just to the tops of my shoes, which pleased me, for thereby the glory of my new shoes suffered no encroachment.

The next Sunday after they were finished we had preaching in the schoolhouse and I was eager to go and wear my wonderful trousers. Uncle Peabody said that he didn't know whether his leg would hold out or not "through a whole meetin'." His left leg was lame from a wrench and pained him if he set it down.

of my new trousers. I remember praying in silence, as we sat down, that Uncle Peabody's

as we drove down the hills and from the summit of the last high ridge we could see the smoke of a steamer looming over the St. Lawrence and the big buildings of Canton on the distant flats below us. My heart beat fast when I reflected that I should soon see Mr. Wright and the Dunkelbergs. I had lost a little of my interest in Sally. Still I felt sure that when she saw my new breeches she would conclude that I was a person not to be trifled with.

When we got to Canton people were flocking to the big stone Presbyterian church. It was what they called a "deacon's meeting." I remember that Mr. Wright read from the Scriptures, and having explained that there was no minister in the village, read one of Mr. Edwards' sermons, in the course of which I went to sleep on the arm of my aunt. She awoke me when the service had ended, and whispered:

"Come, we're goin' down to speak to Mr. Wright."

I remember Mr. Wright kissed me and said:

"Hello! Here's my boy in a new pair o' trousers!"

"Put yer hand in there," I said proudly, as I took my own hand out of one of my pockets, and pointed the way.

He did not accept the invitation, but laughed heartily and gave me a little hug.

When we went out of the church there stood Mr. and Mrs. Horace Dunkelberg, and Sally and some other children. It was a tragic moment for me when Sally laughed and ran be-

hind her mother. Still worse was it when a couple of boys ran away crying, "Look at the breeches!"

I looked down at my breeches and wondered what was wrong with them. They seemed very splendid to me and yet I saw at once that they were not popular. I went close to my Aunt Deel and partly hid myself in her cloak. I heard Mrs. Dunkelberg say: "Of course you'll come to dinner with us?"

For a second my hopes leaped high. I was hungry and visions of jelly cake and preserves rose before me. Of course there were the trousers, but perhaps Sally would get used to the trousers and ask me to play with her.

"Thank ye, but we've got a good ways to go and we fetched a bite with us—ayes!" said Aunt Deel.

Eagerly I awaited an invitation from the great Mrs. Dunkelberg that should be decisively urgent, but she only said:

"I'm very sorry you can't stay." My hopes fell like bricks and vanished like bubbles.

The Dunkelbergs left us with pleasant words. They had asked me to shake hands with Sally, but I had clung to my aunt's cloak and firmly refused to make any advances. Slowly and without a word we walked across the park toward the tavern sheds.

We had started away up the South road when, to my surprise, Aunt Deel mildly attacked the Dunkelbergs.

"These here village folks like to be waited on—ayes!—an' they're awful anxious you should come to see 'em when ye can't—ayes!—but when ye git to the village they ain't nigh so anxious—no they ain't!"

In the middle of the great cedar swamp near Little River Aunt Deel got out the lunch basket and I sat down on the buggy bottom between their legs and leaning against the dash. So disposed we ate our luncheon of fried cakes and bread and butter and maple sugar and cheese. What an efficient cure for good health were the doughnuts and cheese and sugar, especially if they were mixed with the idleness of a Sunday. I had a headache also and soon fell asleep.

The sun was low when they awoke me in our dooryard.

I soon discovered that the Dunkel-

berg was the east and west and north and south and in the skies above them. How mysterious and inviting they had become!

One evening a neighbor had brought the Republican from the post-office. I opened it and read aloud these words in large type at the top of the page: "Silas Wright Elected to the U. S. Senate."

"Well I want to know!" Uncle Peabody exclaimed. "That would make me forgit it if I was goin' to be hung. Go on and read what it says."

I read the choosing of our friend for the seat made vacant by the resignation of William L. Marcy, who had been elected governor, and the part which most impressed us were these words from a letter of Mr. Wright to Azariah Flagg of Albany, written when the former was asked to accept the place:

"I am too young and too poor for such an elevation. I have not had the experience in that great theater of politics to qualify me for a place so exalted and responsible. I prefer therefore the humbler position which I now occupy."

"That's his way," said Uncle Peabody. "They had hard work to convince him that he knew enough to be Surrogate."

"Big men have little conceit—ayes!" said Aunt Deel with a significant glance at me.

The candles had burned low and I was watching the shroud of one of them when there came a rap at the door. It was unusual for any one to come to our door in the evening and we were a bit startled. Uncle Peabody opened it and old Kate entered without speaking and nodded to my aunt and uncle and sat down by the fire. Vividly I remembered the day of the fortune-telling. The same gentle smile lighted her face as she looked at me. She held up her hand with four fingers spread above it.

"Ayes," said Aunt Deel, "there are four perils."

My aunt rose and went into the buttry while I sat staring at the ragged old woman. Her hair was white now and partly covered by a worn and faded bonnet. Forbidding as she was I did not miss the sweetness in her smile and her blue eyes

and said in a voice full of pity:

"Poor ol' Kate—ayes! Here's some-thing for ye—ayes!"

She turned to my uncle and said: "Peabody Baynes, what'll we do—I'd like to know—ayes! She can't rove all night."

"I'll git some blankets an' make a bed for her, good 'nough for anybody, out in the hired man's room over the shed," said my uncle.

He brought the lantern—a little tower of perforated tin—and put a lighted candle inside of it. Then he beckoned to the stranger, who followed him out of the front door with the plate of food in her hands.

"Well I declare! It's a long time since she went up this road—ayes!" said Aunt Deel, yawning as she resumed her chair.

"Who is ol' Kate?" I asked.

"Oh, just a poor ol' crazy woman—wanders all 'round—ayes!"

The work of the day ended, the candles were grouped near the edge

of the table, and I sat there, as usual, beside him, while Aunt Deel adjusted her spectacles and began to read.

I remember vividly the evening we took out the books and tenderly felt their covers and read their titles. There were "Cruikshanks' Comic Almanac" and "Hood's Comic Annual"; tales by Washington Irving and James K. Paulding and Nathaniel Hawthorne and Miss Mitford and Miss Austin; the poems of John Milton and Felicia Hemans. Of the treasures in the box I have now in my possession: A life of Washington, "The Life and Writings of Doctor Deakworth," "The Stolen Child," by "John Galt, Esq.," "Rosine Laval," by "Mr. Smith"; Sermons and Essays by William Ellery Channing. We found in the box also, thirty numbers of the "United States Magazine and Democratic Review" and sundry copies of the "New York Mirror."

Aunt Deel began with "The Stolen Child." She read slowly and often paused for comment or explanation or laughter or to touch the corner of an eye with a corner of her handkerchief in moments when we were all deeply moved by the misfortunes of our favorite characters, which were acute and numerous.

In those magazines we read of the great West—"the poor man's paradise"—"the stoneless land of plenty"; of its delightful climate, of the ease with which the farmer prospered on its rich soil. Uncle Peabody spoke playfully of going West, after that, but Aunt Deel made no answer and concealed her opinion on that subject for a long time. As for myself, the reading had deepened my inter-

est in the east and west and north and south and in the skies above them. How mysterious and inviting they had become!

deceived her when she was young—ayes! It's an awful wicked thing to

gender back," said I.

"Why?"

"I—I'm afraid she'll do somethin' to him."

"Nonsense! Ol' Kate is just as harmless as a kitten. You take your candle and go right up to bed—this minute—ayes!"

I went up-stairs with the candle and undressed very slowly and thoughtfully while I listened for the footsteps of my uncle. I did not get into bed until I heard him come in and blow out his lantern and start up the stairway. As he undressed he told me how for many years the strange woman had been roving in the roads "up hill and down dale, thousands an' thousands o' miles," and never reaching the end of her journey.

In a moment we heard a low wail above the sounds of the breeze that shook the leaves of the old "popple" tree above our roof.

"What's that?" I whispered.

"I guess it's ol' Kate ravin'," said Uncle Peabody.

It touched my heart and I lay listening for a time, but heard only the loud whisper of the popple leaves.

Barton becomes aware of the existence of a wonderful and mysterious power known as "Money," and learns some of the things that its possession may accomplish. Don't miss the next installment.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Fortitude is a great help in distress—Plautus

GIRLS! LOTS OF BEAUTIFUL HAIR

A small bottle of "Danderine" makes hair thick, glossy and wavy.

Removes all dandruff, stops itching scalp and falling hair.



To be possessed of a head of heavy, beautiful hair; soft, lustrous, fluffy, wavy and free from dandruff is merely a matter of using a little Danderine. It is easy and inexpensive to have nice, soft hair and lots of it. Just get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine.

and within ten minutes there will be an appearance of abundance, freshness, fluffiness and an incomparable gloss and lustre, and try as you will you cannot find a trace of dandruff or falling hair; but your real surprise will be after about two weeks' use, when you will see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—sprouting out all over your scalp—Danderine is, we believe, the only sure hair grower, destroyer of dandruff and cure for itchy scalp, and it never fails to stop falling hair at once.

If you want to prove how pretty and soft your hair really is, moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair—taking one small strand at a time. Your hair will be soft, glossy and beautiful in just a few moments—a delightful surprise awaits everyone who tries this. Adv.

What Happened.
Out West a would-be highwayman

KIDNEY TROUBLE OFTEN

When your back aches, and your bladder and kidneys seem to be disordered, go to your nearest drug store and get a bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It is a physician's prescription for ailments of the kidneys and bladder.

It has stood the test of years and has a reputation for quickly and effectively giving results in thousands of cases.

This preparation so very effective, has been placed on sale everywhere. Get a bottle, medium or large size, at your nearest drugist.

However, if you wish first to test this preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

His Facial Handicap.
Homeleigh—"I told my barber to order a new mug for me." Smart—"I don't blame you, with that one."

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it Bears the Signature of *Wm. D. Fitch* In Use for Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

In order to win success a man must fall in love with his work.

Cure pimples, headache, bad breath by taking May Apple, Aloe, Jalap rolled into a tiny sugar pill called Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Adv.

Failure is the one thing that is spoiled by success.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Marine Eye Remedy
No Bleeding—Just Dry Comfort. 60 cents at Druggists or mail. Write for Free Eye Book. BULLOCK BROS. REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

HUSBAND SAVES WIFE

From Suffering by Getting Her Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Pittsburgh, Pa.—"For many months I was not able to do my work owing to a weakness which caused backache and headaches. A friend called my attention to one of your newspaper advertisements and immediately my husband bought three bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for me. After taking two bottles I felt fine and my troubles caused by that weakness are a thing of the past. All women who suffer as I did should try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."

Mrs. JAS. ROHRBERG, 620 Knapp St., N. E., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Women who suffer from any form of weakness, as indicated by displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, backache, headaches, nervousness or "the blues," should accept Mrs. Rohrborg's suggestion and give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a thorough trial.

For over forty years it has been correcting such ailments. If you have mysterious complications write for advice to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Cuticura For Baby's Itchy Skin
All druggists, Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50, Tablets 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura," Dept. 2, Boston.

GAS for Country Homes—Patent automatic underground acetylene generator for lighting, cooking and heating. Absolutely frost proof. Patents for sale. Royalty or partnership. Will locate anywhere; have model. M. PHILLIP, 1367 So. Marshfield Ave., Chicago, Ill.

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C. Advice and books free. Rates reasonable. Highest references. Best service.

TRUCK Dealers wanted—attractive proposition to dealers. American Motor Co., 130 So. Wells St., Chicago, Ill.

NOT THE EXPECTED CAROLERS

JAPANESE KIMONO IN DEMAND



The Japanese kimono is popular this season. The one pictured is of navy blue novelty crepe de chine. The embroidery is in varied shades of orange, yellow and beige, with lining of beige pussy willow.

ROSES ON FROCKS

Interior Decorations Have Revived the Fashion and Now the Dress-makers Are Using Them.
All the Victorian roses are not on sofa cushions. Some of them ornament frocks. This is a new idea, cribbing a colorful trick from the interior decorators and applying it to open air clothes.
The result is effective, observes a correspondent. Every woman does not like it, but those who do care for it carry it off with skill and receive admiration.
It was Bulloz, one of the masters of Parisienne designing, who started the idea of padded colored roses on blue serge frocks. His scheme for coloration was followed in a more or less hearty manner by other designers.

For serge gowns, and then the colored roses fell out. There is no question in the minds of many who take dress seriously as to whether it is good

for woolen gowns. This is a dignified and graceful afternoon gown. The material is terra cotta crepe de meteor, which is draped most effectively to form the skirt. A collar of tucked white organdie makes a charming finishing touch.

SOME OF THE POPULAR FURS

Seal and Moleskin Continue to Hold First Place—Muskrat Dyed or in Natural Color.

The long-tailed monkey and the spotted tiger may or may not be in fashion, but the humble muskrat always has the entree into good circles. If fads are the order of the day, it may show itself undyed in its natural color, but by its side will be shown plain old-fashioned sealskin, dark and velvety. For it's not the kind of fur so much as the way it is used, and this is the reason that sealskin and moleskin are always in demand. No fur can be draped with better results than these, and few as well, says a writer in the New York Herald.

The sealskin scarf, long and wide, after a few months of disuse, has come back into the best of society as well received as ever. The coat of seal also continues to be worn for it has appeared in some of the most attractive models and would be hard to resist.

public. The new roses are of wool, and their juxtaposition to serge, velours and velveteen is beyond criticism.

Colored roses may be made from odds and ends of crewe. They cost little in the beginning, but the dress-makers had no conscience in asking a good price for them in the end. Sometimes they are used in fantastic ways. A hedge of woolen hollyhocks in green and red growing around the border of a blue serge frock gives the observer a start, but a group of red, blue and yellow roses at the back of a bell-shaped coat sleeve, or above the waistline on a black velveteen waistcoat, is very attractive.

We are tired of those woolen roses on our hats, so few milliners would be so conscienceless as to advise that type of ornament to an unwary woman; but on frocks they have the same prestige that they have today on sofa cushions. And you know, that is quite a good deal, if you have seen any of the bits of interior decoration which are offered to the public as the last thing in art.

FOR HOUSEWIFE'S SCRAPBOOK

As groceries are put away they should be checked up to see that everything came in good condition.

Take two parts pork sausage to one part raw white potatoes, grind, season with salt and bake in a hot oven.

The discolorations on enamelware that result from cooking can be removed by rubbing the utensil with a paste formed by vinegar and coarse salt.

Soak gelatin in a saucepan, then, if it doesn't dissolve, it can be easily heated.

CHIC FOR AFTERNOON WEAR



London, July 21, 1905. Princess Mary, who arrived in Paris with him. The prince was born in Sandringham July 21, 1905.

An official bulletin issued says: "Prince John, who since infancy had suffered epileptic fits, which lately had become more frequent and severe, passed away in his sleep following an attack."

FOR A PRETTY LIGHT SCREEN

Peacock Feathers Figure Conspicuously in Formation of Artistic Decoration for Tables.

You can't be superstitious and artistic at the same time, or else you will have to forego the pleasure of using one of the gorgeous peacock feathers in the prettiest light screen you ever saw. These small screens, which are being stood on tables to shade the eyes from a lamp, or hung from side wall brackets for the same purpose, can be made from embroidery hoops. The screen that used the feather had a piece of dull blue silk caught between the hoops on the under side, and over this was curled the long length of feather au naturel. On the upper side of the hoops was a layer of gold net. The hoops themselves were treated to a coat of old gold paint.

When this screen is placed before the light you can imagine the effect that the gold and peacock coloring give.

GRAVE ELECTION RIOTS IN GERMANY

LEIPSIK WITHOUT GAS OR WATER THREATENED WITH GENERAL STRIKE.

STREET FIGHTING IN TOWNS

Strikes and Demonstrations Are Reported in Dusseldorf and Other Towns.

London—Grave election riots are taking place now in Germany, where the people are voting to choose members of the national assembly. A general strike has been declared in Leipzig, which is without gas and water, according to Copenhagen advices to the Exchange Telegraph company.

The deaths of Dr. Karl Liebknecht and Rosa Luxemburg appear to have made a deep impression in provincial towns and to have led to demonstrations and street fighting, it is reported.

In Leipzig a mob is said to have destroyed the election bureau of the democratic party and to have confiscated evening editions of the Leipzig Tageblatt Zeitung and General Gazette, compelling those papers to publish a declaration deploring the "murders in Berlin", and blaming the government for them. Strikes and demonstrations are reported in Dusseldorf and other towns.

Air men were flying over Berlin and bombing the city with pamphlets issued by all political parties, it is reported.

PADEREWSKI HEADS NEW POWER

Polish Ministry Recently Formed Meets Approval of Nearly All Parties.

Warsaw—The Polish ministry formed by Ignace Jan Paderewski apparently meets approval of all parties except radical socialists, who have threatened a general strike if the Paderewski ministry is formed.

KING GEORGE'S SON IS DEAD

Youngest Male Child of Royal Family, 14, Epilepsy Victim.

London, July 21, 1905. Prince John, the youngest male child of the royal family, died at Sandringham, Norfolk, at the age of 14, after a long illness. He had been ill for some time. The prince was possessed of exuberant spirits. He was the prime favorite of his mother, the queen.

ITALY MAKES CABINET CHANGES

New Posts Are Created to Take Care of Recent Emergency.

Rome—King Victor Emmanuel has accepted the resignations of Signor Sacchi, minister of justice; Signor Nitti, minister of the treasury; Signor Milani, minister of agriculture, and Signor Villa, minister of transport. He has designated Signor Facta, former minister of finance, to be minister of justice; Signor Stringher to be minister of the treasury; General Gavaglia, as minister of war; General Giraldi, to be minister of pensions; Signor Riccia, former minister of posts and telegraphs, to be minister of agriculture, and Signor De Nava, to be minister of transport.

A post of vice-premier has been created during the absence of Premier Orlando. Signor Villa has been designated for this place.

Weekly Health Talks

What Doctor Pierce Has Done for Humanity

BY DOCTOR CRIPPS.

It has always seemed to me that Dr. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., should be placed near the top when a list of America's great benefactors is written. He studied and conquered human diseases to a degree that few realize. Whenever he found a remedy that overcame disease, he at once announced it in the newspapers and told where it could be bought at a small price. He did not follow the usual custom of keeping the ingredients secret, so that the rich only could afford to buy the medicine, but openly printed the name of each root and herb he used. And so today the names of Dr. Pierce and his medicines are widely known, and they stand for better health and better citizenship.

One of this great physician's most successful remedies is known as Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are little, sugar-coated pills, composed of Mayapple, leaves of aloe, root of jalap—things that Nature grows in the ground. These Pellets are safe because they move the bowels gently, leaving no bad after-effects, as so many pills do. Very often they make a person who takes them feel like a new man or woman, for they cleanse the intestines of hard, decayed and poisonous matter that accumulates when one is constipated. If you are constipated, by all means go to your druggist and get some of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They may prove to be the very thing your system requires to make you well and happy.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR KIDNEY, BLADDER, AND URINARY TRACT DISEASES.
Headache, tired or dizzy? It's your kidneys. Ask druggist for box shown here—Dodd's—

Music Looked For.

She had placed a lighted candle in the window because the instructions said to do just that thing. A lighted candle on Christmas eve would notify the carolers that music was desired and they would stop to sing. It was all quite simple. So the candle burned ever so brightly while the members of the family were busily engaged in inspecting Christmas presents and waiting for the community singers.

Finally the little boy began to play on his toy piano and there was considerable noise in the house. Above the din, however, there came a sound from out of doors.

"Listen, mother," one of the children insisted, "make baby be quiet. Don't you hear the Christmas carols?"

Suddenly all was silent—that is, all was silent with the exception of the neighbor's cat. Apparently it was singing something in German. At any rate the little boy went on playing his piano.

To save gas, never light it until the dish to be cooked has been placed on the stove.

any man until after he gets drunk.

Save Sugar by eating Grape-Nuts as your cereal dish
This standard food needs no added sweetening for it is rich in its own sugar, developed from wheat and barley by the special Grape-Nuts process of cooking.
"There's a Reason"

Bring Your Friends Along

I am well pleased with EATONIC, and it surely does just what it says it will. Know I can recommend it highly, because my customers come back for more and not only praise it, but bring or send their friends for it. An old gentleman 87 years old says, "I would get indigestion so bad, though I would die, would have to get a physician and be in bed from one to three days. In July I got EATONIC and have not had a spell since, nor a physician and I know EATONIC has kept me well." J. E. PROCTOR, Druggist, Wooster, Ohio.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR STOMACH'S SAKE
Removes Heartburn, Indigestion, that full feeling, almost instantly, drives gas out of body and the blood with it. All Druggists.

ASTHMA
DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY
For the prompt relief of Asthma

Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy

WHEN
You feel so "blue" that even the sky looks yellow, you need **BEECHAM'S PILLS**
A sluggish liver and poorly acting kidneys fail to destroy food poisons, which affect the mind as well as body. Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World. Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

Stop Losing Calves

You can Stamp Abortion Out of YOUR HERD and Keep It Out

By the use of **DR. DAVID ROBERTS' "Anti-Abortion"**

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
A toilet preparation of merit. It is the best for the hair. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. Sold in all Druggists.

W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 4-1916.

And Now For The FINAL DAYS

Of the Reorganization Sale Thursday, Friday and Saturday

For this—the largest sale we have ever held, must positively come to a close Saturday night. You still have the opportunity to buy merchandise at remarkable savings—at prices that without any question, will look awfully low to you at least a year to come.

We have found out from the many ladies who have bought coats of us during this sale and also from our own investigation and comparisons—that our prices are the lowest to be found anywhere on garments of equal style and quality.

- All \$42.50 and \$40 Cloth and Plush coats Now **\$27.50**
 - \$37.50 and \$35 Cloth and Plush Coats Now **\$24.50**
 - 27.50 and 25 Cloth and Plush Coats Now **16.50**
 - 22.50 and 20 Cloth Coats now **13.50**
 - 16.50 and 15 Cloth Coats now **10.50**
- Also all childrens coats at slashed prices.

This is the week that
The choosing will be good



- Ladies—buy Spring waists now from our newest silks and cottons 1-5 off
- All underwear, ladies and childrens 1-5 off
- Buy dress goods for future needs—All wool and wool mixed dress goods 1-4 off
- All gloves and mittens—yarn or leather 1-5 off
- Entire stocks of silks 1-5 off
- Special value all-linen 72 inch table cloths—heavy weights \$2.25 yd
- 35c white and fancy outing flannel 23c yd
- Other Goods Proportionately Reduced
- Ginghams—Prints—Fleeced Goods
- Percales—Towelings—Factorys
- Crettonnes—All Reduced

One lot Ladies Coats \$4.98

This is the Last Week

Why don't you buy your floor covering
Needs for Spring NOW!!

Stop and think of the savings—20 per cent
For instance:—\$20 Tapestry 9x12 Rug now **\$16.00**

SHOES

Overshoes, Alaskas, Rubbers,
Felts, Socks and Heavy
Rubbers—All Reduced

- 1 roll all wool carpet, fine pattern 1.25 yd now 1.05
 - 1 roll all wool carpet, fine pattern 1.15 yd now .92
 - 6 rolls cotton and wool carpets 75c to 1.20 yd now .60c to .96c
 - 1 roll granite cotton carpet 50c grade now 40c
- Carpet and rug prices will positively not be as low as these for at least a year to come.

This is the last week!!

- Shoes are not to be cheaper for some time.
- One lot Mens Shoes \$2.89
- One lot Ladies Shoes 2.69
- 1 lot Boys Shoes 2.19
- 1 lot Childs Shoes 1.00

This is the last week!!

Our great values in suits and overcoats Are now 1-5 GREATER

Our regular prices are considered low on the quality garments we carry—and we urge our customers very strongly to buy your Spring suit or your next Winter overcoat NOW

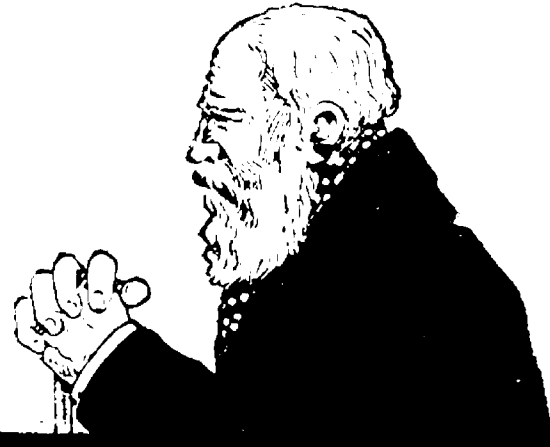
THIS IS THE LAST WEEK!!

Duck Coats, Mackinaws, Sweaters, Night gowns and Pajamas, Fine Shirts

W. J. DANCER & CO.

Stockbridge, Mich.

LAXATIVE for Aged People



THE BANE of old age is constipation. The bowels become weak and unable to perform their functions without aid. For this purpose only the mildest and gentlest laxative should be used. The use of harsh cathartics aggravates the trouble and makes the constipation worse. Chamberlain's Tablets are a favorite with people of middle age and older on account of their gentle action.

Chamberlain's Tablets

Wright's Chapel

Misses Nellie Donohue and Mary Lynch of Pinckney spent Friday at Glenn VanGorder's of Iosco.

Miss Lucile Hefferman spent Friday at Jas. Allison's of Iosco.

Lawrence Kellogg of Plainfield and Miss Lucile Hefferman spent Sunday at George Judson's of near Stockbridge.

Geo. Catrell who has been ill with the "flu" is able to be out again.

JUNIOR RED CROSS

A modern health campaign will be the program of the Junior Red Cross for February. This program gives parents and teachers and all interested in children an opportunity to render a lasting service to our young people by helping them to form good health habits. Parents are requested to encourage this work and assist their children in working out the "Health Chores" as they are called.

We have been teaching hygiene and sanitation in our schools for many years without very satisfactory results. We know what we should do but we haven't gotten the HABIT.

A list of 100 per cent schools will be given next week.

Hugh G. Aldrich,
Chairman County School Comm.

POOR SERVICE AT THE DETROIT P. O.

Every now and then one of our Detroit subscribers calls our attention to the fact that the Tribune is slow in reaching them, often as long as three or four days after publication, and the trouble is always found to be the result of inefficiency in the Detroit post-office.

The package of Tribunes for Detroit subscribers leaves Chelsea every Tuesday and Friday afternoon on the 2:30

Two State Board of Agriculture Members.

One State Highway Commissioner.

In addition to these there are numerous county, township, and city officials in their respective localities. These nominees will compose the candidates for Republican, Democratic and Socialist tickets.

Livingston county voters will have an opportunity to vote on the good road question. The board of supervisors have decided to let the people decide the matter.

MESSAGE TO Y. W. C. A. FROM FRANCE.

I must express to you the very great satisfaction and most sincere gratitude of the French Government for the service rendered to the women working in Government factories through the establishment of Y. W. C. A. Foyers des Alliees (clubrooms for munitionettes). These foyers have been an excellent means for bettering the physical conditions and the morale of our workers. They have been constantly used by the women workers, who have found there new elements of dignity and social education. I must thank you for bringing this to pass, and I hope that Y. W. C. A. work will not disappear with the war, but will be carried on in order to develop the principles of social solidarity which it has inspired. (Signed) M. LOUCHER, Minister of Arms and Munitions Manufacture.

NURSES PRODUCE WILD WEST PICTURE SHOW

Entertain Roumanian Countess at American Show in France. Picture shows are being put on in

Saturday morning, but instead Tuesday's paper is generally delivered Thursday or even Friday, or sometimes not at all, and Friday's paper pokes along about Monday or Tuesday.

Evidently other near-Detroit papers have the same trouble as evidenced by the following from the South Lyon Herald:

Other papers besides the Herald are handicapped by the rotten service of the Detroit postoffice as the following from the Holly Herald shows:

"To say that the Detroit mail service is rotten is putting the thing mildly. A big bundle of Heralds, of course, goes to that city every Thursday evening. They should reach every subscriber on Friday. But most of them are not delivered until Saturday or Monday. The Detroit postoffice frankly admits that they are two or three days late on

who have been seeing on the same thing else."—Chelsea Tribune.

The Dispatch has been listening to complaints of this kind for several months. Very frequently subscribers complain that the paper does not come at all. They can see now where the blame rests.

A Pinckney citizen sent a special delivery parcel post package for Detroit which went out on the early train Monday morning. He went to the Detroit destination about eight o'clock Wednesday night and the parcel had not yet arrived although it should have been delivered about two o'clock Monday p. m. Inquiry over the phone brought a "smart aleck" clerk and no satisfaction resulted. Then the sender called up a higher official with the result that the parcel was finally delivered nearly midnight Wednesday. The Detroit postoffice surely ought to be "investigated"

SPRING PRIMARIES AND GOOD ROADS

The spring primaries will be held March 5, at which time the following State candidates will be nominated:

- Two regents of the State University.
- One Superintendent of Public Instruction.
- One Member State Board of Educa-

tion. national Y. W. C. A. from a Y. W. C. A. nurses' but in a Base Hospital.

Having no film or camera, the nurses at Base decided to put on a living picture show and invited a group of nurses from a nearby hospital to be the audience. It was a real thriller, one of the wild and woolly west variety, with bucking bronchos and wild rides on broom and mop horses.

Imagination supplied the scenery, with the exception of placards, which announced "the sun" when it was supposed to be shining or "night" when the cow punchers rode across the desert.

Countess Vancuresca of Roumania, who had been talking to the nurses on conditions in the German courts at the time she was lady-in-waiting to the Queen of Roumania, was the most appreciative of all the guests.

MADE FROM SKINS

tainis are after war economies of the nine Y. W. C. A. secretaries in Arch-

ed, in the face of food and cloth shortages, in opening a Y. W. C. A. Hostess House for American troops stationed in Archangel, a town behind the allied lines. It was necessary to hunt up a voile summer dress which one of the secretaries had discarded for heavy winter clothes in order to have curtains at the windows. They live on regulation army rations.

Archangel is the fourth city in Russia where the Y. W. C. A. has established work. Centers were opened first in Petrograd and Moscow and then in Samara, 900 miles eastward from Moscow.

Miss Elizabeth Boies, head of Russian work and one of the few Americans who remained in that country throughout the revolution, is en route to America by way of England to recruit workers for Russia.

A second Y. W. C. A. Hostess House, for wives and children of soldiers, is soon to be opened at Casiner, Cahu, Hawaiian Island, to care for the overflow of women and children from the first house, which opened some months ago in answer to a call from the commanding officer of the camp.

During 15 days in November 2,152 visitors were entertained at the house, including women and children, of the following nationalities: Philippine, Hawaiian, Portuguese, Spanish, Russian, Porto Rican, Korean, Japanese and American.