

Mack & Co
ANN ARBOR

Gifts from the Merry Christmas Store

Velvet Jackets and skirts—all colors \$3.50 each, Organdy Tea Aprons—assorted styles \$1.25, Dainty Boutonniers 50c, Stationary 45c Men and Boys Ties 59c to \$1.00, Bedroom Slippers 79c, Kiddies Cap and Scarf Sets \$1.50 Goggles \$2.50.

SPECIAL SALE OF COATS

\$10.00

Before Christmas sale of coats at after Christmas prices. All greatly reduced. All colors, styles, and fabrics.

DRESS SALE

\$7.49

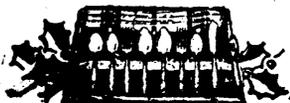
New winter dress sale of the newest styles and colors. All sizes Big values.

Handkerchiefs 12½c to 17c
Children's Bathrobes \$3.00
Colored Smocks at 95c

Our Special Hose 79c
Men's Socks 39c
Scarves at \$1.25

CHAPELS HOWELL MICH

NOT TOO EARLY TO LOOK. STEAL A MARCH ON XMAS BUY NOW



GENUINE ROGERS
26 Piece Set in Chest only \$14.75



THE GIFT OF GIFTS
Permanent Value
A Perfect Diamond
Lasting Happiness



Gents' Dependable Strap Watches \$10.00 and up



New Styles in Ladies Wrist Watches \$12.00 and up

SHOP EARLY and To Shop Wisely SHOP HERE



Among our assets we like to count the only one that money cannot buy—your good will.

And so at this Holiday Season We extend to you—not as a customer alone, but as a friend—the Best of Wishes for the coming year.

W. W. BARNARD

CIVIC CENTER IS ASSURED

PAYMENT SUSCRIBED IN LESS THAN 24 HOURS

The Mass meeting held at the Pinckney opera house to consider the purchase of the building for use as a civic center or community house while it was not largely attended made up for its lack of attendance by the enthusiasm and interest with which the project was received. Norman Reason acted as master of ceremonies and introduced the different speakers. Don VanWinkle of Howell was first on the program and explained the different plans by which it would be possible to acquire it. Byron got their community building by having the township vote a bond issue for its purchase. This plan he did not think would work out good as it places the control of it in the hands of the town board which is always changing and does not take the interest in it that is necessary to ensure its success. Next he took up the corporation plan and explained it thoroughly. The principal objection to this is its cost. A corporation tax of approximately \$70 a year must be paid besides franchise fees and other expenses. The third plan is the trustee plan. This is to elect three trustees in whose name the building would be bought and who would conduct the place for the community. Supt. Page of the Howell High school was the next speaker. He told of the many uses to which Howell's auditorium and gymnasium which serves as a community center is put. It is in use practically every night either by the different school organizations or the churches, lodges and business men. Supt. Doyle of the Pinckney school was next called upon and told of the great disadvantages of the school without a suitable gymnasium or auditorium which forced the curtailment of many needed events, and expressed himself heartily in favor of the proposition. A vote was then taken on the plan and the trustee plan was adopted. Norman Reason, C. H. Kennedy and F. W. Curlett were then elected to serve as trustees. Supervisor M. J. Reason then donated \$25 to the purchase fund and Norman Reason, C. H. Kennedy and F. W. Curlett then made similar donations.

Friday morning the collecting of the pledges started and by Saturday night about \$650 in pledges had been collected in. The collecting of the money started Monday and by noon Tuesday about \$420 was collected with assurances that practically the entire amount will be collected in by tonight with a balance on hand for immediate needs.

Of course as is usual with all things worth while the solicitors received much censure and even abuse for even trying to start such a thing but the opposition of the local hammer brigade only served to arouse more enthusiasm for the project and helped to boost it over the top in quick order.

Some work will be necessary before the building will be in shape for use as a gymnasium. However the only cost will be for the material as all the labor has been donated. A. F. Wegner has offered to help with the carpenter work and Mylo Kettler with the electrical work as ceiling lights will have to be installed in the place of the present ones. The furnace will have to be repaired by a competent furnace man. It is expected that work on this will start the latter part of the week.

When the building is ready it is planned to purchase a volley ball outfit and besides the high school and town basket ball team there may be a league organized consisting of teams from the two churches, the Masons and some other institution.

The subscription lists are not yet closed and any one who wishes to give towards the project can do so by getting in touch with one of the trustees.

REPAIR SHOP OPEN NOW

I have opened a repair shop at the northeast corner of Howell road and M-49 and am prepared to do all kinds of gunsmith, blacksmith and general repair work. All work guaranteed satisfactory.

James Shirey, Pinckney

GREETINGS OF THE SEASON

Having come into your community to serve all but having been such a short time in your midst and wishing to slight none at this Yuletide Season we take this manner of extending to all a very Merry Christmas and a Happy New Year with God's Richest Blessing.

Rev. and Mrs. B. Ferguson Esic and Family

ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual Meeting of the Livingston County Mutual Fire Insurance Company for the election of Officers and for the transaction of such other business as may legally come before the meeting will be held at the Court House in the City of Howell, in said County on Tuesday, January 3rd A. D. 1928 at One O'clock P. M. Guy Borden, Secretary Dated at Howell, Michigan, December 19th, 1927

MERRY CHRISTMAS EVERYONE

Thirty years ago we remember when Hens were \$3.00 a dozen, roosters 10c apiece, eggs were three dozen for a quarter, butter 10c a pound, milk was five cents a quart, the butcher gave away liver and treated the kids with bologna and weenies. The hired girl received \$2 a week and gladly did the family washing. Women did not powder and paint (in public), roll their stockings, wear knee-high and above the knee "dresses," smoke, vote, play poker or shake the wicked shimie.

The men wore whiskers and boots, spit on the sidewalk and cussed. Beer was a nickel a throw and the lunch was always free and plentiful. Laborers worked 10 hours a day and never thought of going out on strike or grumbling—they had Mark Hanna's full dinner pail. No tips were given to or expected by waiters or waitresses, and the hat check grater was unheard of. A kerosene hanging lamp and a stereoscope in the parlor were appreciated luxuries.

No one was ever operated upon for appendicitis or bought monkey glands. Microbes and germs were unheard of; folks lived to a ripe old age and every year walked miles to wish their friends

A MERRY CHRISTMAS

To-Day You Know

Everybody rides in automobiles, or flies; plays golf, shoots craps, plays the piano with both feet, goes to the movies nightly; smokes cigarettes, blames the high cost of living on his neighbors, never goes to bed the same day he gets up, and thinks he is having one heluva a good time.

These are the days of suffragettes, profiteering, rent hogs, excess taxes, immodest women, excess taxes, peanut politicians. Now, if you think like is worth living, I wish you

A HAPPY NEW YEAR FOR 1928

(and I don't mean perhaps either)

FISH SPEARING ALLOWED

According to the latest notices from the state conservation department all kinds of fish, excepting bass, trout and wall-eyed pike may be speared thru the ice of inland lakes in Michigan during January and February next, also in rivers and streams designated as non-trout streams.

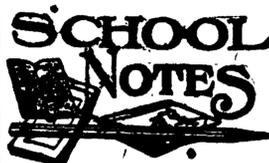
CHRISTMAS EXERCISES

The Community Congregational church will celebrate a "White Christmas" Friday evening, December 23, at 7:30 p. m. The pageant "White Gifts for the Kings" will be given, followed by a Christmas tree for the children. Santa has promised to be there to distribute the gifts. Everyone invited.

DANCE FRIDAY, DEC. 23 HERE

There will be a dancing party given at the Pinckney Opera House on Friday evening, December 23. Music will be furnished by the Ann Arbor Ramblers orchestra. Both old and modern dances will be put on. Bill \$1.00. Everybody invited.

Mack & Co. will keep their store open from 9:00 a. m. to 9:00 p. m. Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week.



There has been a switch in the debate schedule and the Pinckney team composed of Helen Feidler, Loretta Dillingham and Raymonda Ledwidge will meet Belleville at Pinckney on Jan. 13. Pinckney will have the negative side of the question.

There will be exercises in the Friday afternoon with a tree in the high school room.

Monday at 7:00 p. m. the girls of the Pinckney High school cheer team gave a banquet at the Congregational church parlors in honor of the high school football team. The menu for the banquet was roast pork with mashed potatoes and gravy, carrots, cheese, pickles, celery, hot buttered rolls, apple and pumpkin pie, coffee and cake.

At the conclusion of the banquet the following program was put on: Song "Pinckney High" Cheer Team Poem "The Dream of the Football Game" Marie Shehan. This was followed by a short play given by nine members of the cheer team entitled "How the News Spread" Song "Mary Had a Little Lamb" Gladys and Arloa Esic Comedy Song Wilhelmina Bourbonnais and Gertrude Tupper Song "Look at the World and Smile" Janet and Helen Feidler The program was concluded by the cheer team giving the class yell to which the team responded with the team yell.

The members of the cheer team wish to extend thanks to Mrs. Bert VanBlaricum and Mrs. Tel Bourbonnais for their assistance in preparing the banquet.

The following is the poem composed and recited by Marie Shehan: "The Dream of the Football Game" I had a dream the other night, Continued on page 4)

DON'T BE FOOLED

I forget now just who the fellow was who trimmed the Indians out of Manhattan Island for a couple of quarts of rum and some shiny beads.

But now I'm willing to bet the biggest Goodyear hauloon I have in stock that some of his descendants are in the tire business.

Just read the ads. Just listen to the old soft talk. You'd think these birds were going to be unhappy the rest of their lives if by some mischance they sold you a tire at a profit.

I hate to be a kill-joy, but that stuff is the bunk. You know, and I know, that in the tire business as in any other business, Christmas comes but once a year.

Maybe I'm slow, but I make no pretense of being a 100 o/o philanthropist. I don't try to tell you I'm selling tires below cost, and I don't think you expect to buy them that way.

What you want, if you're like other sensible people, is known and reputable merchandise at a fair price—the same fair price that everyone else pays. You buy clothes and shoes and other things on that basis—why not tires?

Well, right or wrong, that's the way I run this business. I sell Goodyear Tires, the best that money can buy. My prices are based accurately on costs, and my costs are low. The values you get are dependable and good.

There's no guess about those values. They've been tested time and again. As a result some of the smartest "low cost per mile" buyers in this section, including many business concerns, get tires from me. They've proved by experience and careful figuring that Goodyears are the cheapest in the end.

THE GOODYEAR SERVICE STATION

SINCLAIR OIL STATION LEE LAVEY PINCKNEY MICH.



SCHOOL LUNCHEON SPECIAL

Hot Soup 5c
Roast Meat, Potatoes, and Gravy with Bread and Butter 25c
Any 10c Sandwich (except Hamburger) 5c
Milk or Coffee 4c

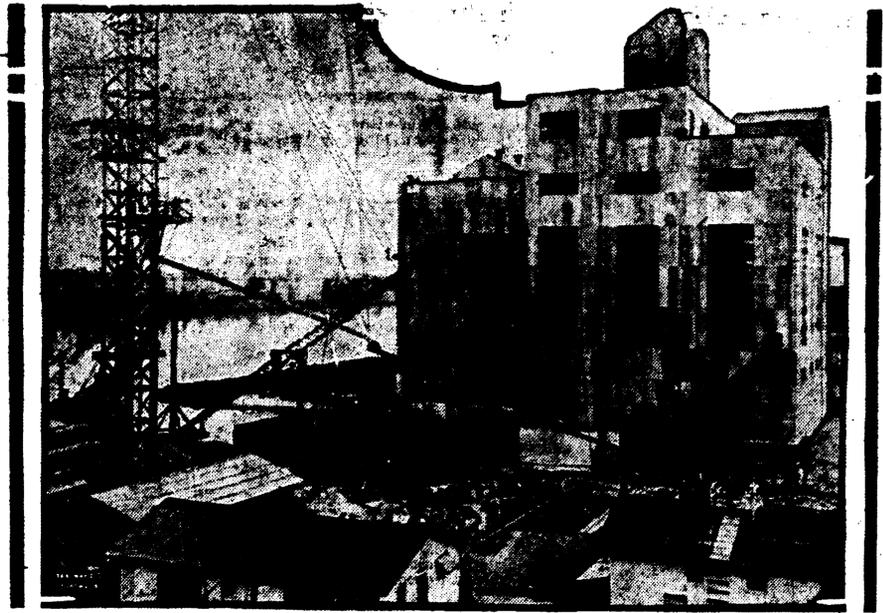
THE PINCKNEY CAFE

CHARLES WHALEN, Prop.
Magazines, Tobacco and Candy



C. H. KENNEDY

\$6,000,000 Power Plant for Irrigation Pumps



Public utilities in Beaumont, Texas, are spending \$6,000,000 to construct this second generating plant for sending power into southeastern Texas and southwestern Louisiana for a distance of 175 miles to pump agricultural irrigation plants on individual farms producing rice and truck crops in an area of 700,000 acres.

SQUAWKS FOR THE GOOSE AND THE GANDER

By VIOLA BROTHERS SHORE

FOR THE GOOSE—

WHEN you find mushrooms twenty cents a pound you immediately imagine they must be left over. And generally they was.

Many a woman that you think would know better, goes around nursing envy.

The one step from the sublime to the ridiculous is apt to be in jazz time.

FOR THE GANDER—

The highest wisdom has got a little foolishness mixed up in it.

A poor, smart kid slaves away all his young years makin' money that a rich old fool spends.

Some guys has got such luck that if they was to inherit an undertakin' business, somebody'd discover an antidote for death.

(Copyright.)

Rebuke That Stung

It is related that a certain man, who apparently didn't like Buddha, came up to him and called him a lot of very ugly names. Buddha listened quietly until his revolver had quite run out of bullets, and then said to him: "If you offer something to a man, and he refuses it, to whom, then, does it belong?"

The man replied: "It belongs, I suppose to the one who offered it." Buddha said: "The abuse and vile names you offer me, I refuse to accept."—From The Outlook.

Bedtime Story for Kiddies

By MARTHA MARTIN

"I HAVE looked for some time for a nice place, and I think I have found it now," said Mrs. Wolf.

"I looked at a good many. In fact, I almost set up housekeeping in several and cleaned the dens out, but I didn't like them finally. I thought I could get a nicer home."

"Ah, Mrs. Wolf," said Mr. Wolf, "this is beautiful. This is a perfect home. And how lovely this weather is."

"Dear Mr. Wolf, would anyone imagine that the wild and dangerous and blood-thirsty wolf would talk about the weather," Mrs. Wolf chuckled.

"Ah, they don't know," said Mr. Wolf. "They do not know how we are when we are at home. We love each other so."

"We whisper all sorts of little nothings to each other, though to us they are not 'nothings.' They're 'some-things' of great importance."

"Yes, this home is perfect. Well, Mrs. Wolf, I had a dangerous time not long ago. I thought I was caught."

"Ah, don't tell me that," said Mrs. Wolf.

"But you need not worry now," said Mr. Wolf, "for you see that I am here, all safe and sound."

"Yes, yes," said Mrs. Wolf, "but I cannot bear to think that you have been exposed to danger."

"But you have escaped! Yes, you have escaped, and you will be more careful in the future?"

"I am careful," said Mr. Wolf, "but I will be even more careful. I had been hunting and having a little meal and was taking a nap away from the

hunting ground—but not far enough away. For an old hunter came after me and almost would have had me."

"But the wind was in the right direction so I could get a whiff of the human being coming toward me."

"Oh, Mr. Wolf, what a narrow es-



"And How Lovely This Weather Is," Said Mr. Wolf.

cape. And how thankful I am it was an escape!

"I wish I could give the wind a present to show my gratitude, but the wind isn't the kind of a creature or a thing to whom one can give a present."

"But I am grateful, oh, so grateful," Mrs. Wolf said.

"Yes," Mr. Wolf continued, "we want to be safe, for we only have each other."

Finger Nail Spots

By H. IRVING KING

SOMETIMES upon examining your finger nails you will see a little white spot which, as the nail grows, moves slowly toward the finger's end. The superstitious will tell you that the little white spot means money coming to you, or to arrive when the white spot reaches the end of the nail—a very common superstition.

Sir Thomas Browne (1605-1682) mentions it as being very ancient in his day and ascribes its origin to the tendency which people have to consider any bodily symptom which they do not understand as a prophecy. The "British Apollo" in 1708 published a learned article scoffing at the superstition and explaining that the white spots in the nails were "glittering particles" generally mixed with the red particles of the blood, but which had happened to get loose. Medical science was evidently badly equipped to battle with superstition in those days.

But the superstition in question dated away back into the primitive ages when man's hair and nails, living and growing parts of himself, were held to be peculiarly connected with his destiny. A white spot slowly advancing up the nail must mean something; as the spot was white the "something" was probably good. As

time passed, and man began to use currency the good was conjectured to be money. A regular cult grew up of divination by the finger nails under the name of onychomancy and as we know from Plautus, the educated Roman of 2,000 years ago watched the spots on his nails with no small interest as the most superstitious Yezkee of today.

(© by McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

ENGAGEMENT EMBLEMS

By JEAN NEWTON

WHEN is a solitaire just a solitaire and when is it transformed into that emblem of magic and romance, the engagement ring?

It is the latter when worn on the third finger of the left hand. Indeed, worn there, it need not be a solitaire; the humblest circlet when it appears on the proper finger becomes potent with symbolism. A mere "friendship" ring remains such only while it does not appear on that crucial finger. Once worn there it assumes a deeper significance! And when the bridegroom says, "I do," and turns to his blushing bride, it is on that third finger of her left hand that he places the golden circlet which is a token and a symbol of their union.

For the origin of this practice we must go back to the days of the ancient Romans, whose wives wore their wedding rings on the third finger of the left hand because it was their belief that the nerve of that finger ran directly to the heart!

(Copyright.)

We have another den for our home.

"Yes, and we have a fine hill from which we can see what is going on."

"And we will be happy, and there will be other little wolves."

"But best of all, Mr. Wolf, there is my dear mate."

"And then she laughed."

"How strangely our talk would sound to people. They do not know that wolves are different at home from when they see them."

"And after all I think it is better to be nice in the home than outside it. At any rate that is what you think, and it is what I think, for we are two devoted wolves."

"Two devoted wolves is what we are," said Mr. Wolf as he patted Mrs. Wolf on the shoulder and looked at her out of his eyes which now were very loving and affectionate.

(Copyright.)

Those Who Are Not Selfish

By LEONARD A. BARRETT

WHEN COLONEL LINDBERGH

had the opportunity to commercialize his successful flight to Paris he steadfastly refused. He replied that he was interested primarily in aviation and wished his success to count in that direction.

When Doctor Banting made that priceless discovery of insulin he frankly refused a proffered fortune. Rather than capitalize his discovery he made it possible for the medical profession to have access to it at a reasonable cost. Today the scourge of diabetes can be kept under control.

When Doctor Steenbock discovered how to treat food with the ultra-violet ray so as to cure rickets, one business concern promptly offered him a million dollars if he would patent his discovery and sell it to them. Like Colonel Lindbergh, and Doctor Banting he refused, stating that all he desired was the privilege of continuing his studies. This was made possible through the creation of the Wisconsin Research foundation.

The attitude of these three men have created a wonderful reaction in the hearts of young men and women.

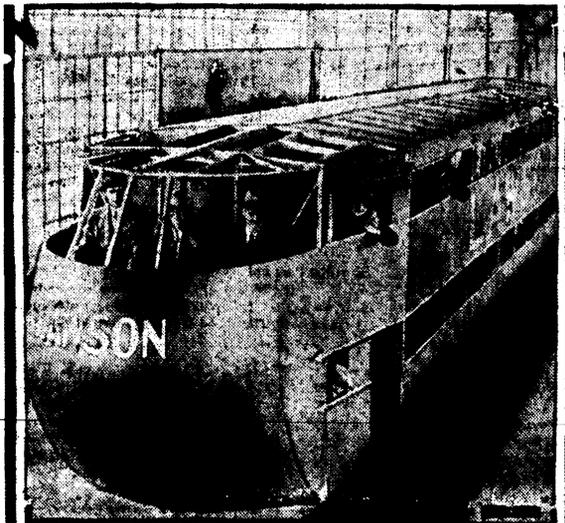
The moral impact of their point of view will do much to encourage a more wholesome faith in unselfish service.

(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)



"When it comes to selling arguments," says Impeccunious "Imogene," "no advertising writer can produce one like a dollar in the pocket."

Air Liner to Carry 100 Passengers



View of the body of the double-decked air liner designed by Alfred W. Lawson and under construction at Garwood, N. J. The plane will carry 106 passengers, is equipped with twelve motors and has a wing spread of 300 feet.

Without Objectives in Life

By JOHN BLAKE

IN NEARLY all the recent distressing cases of suicide among boys and young men, the suicides have been without any definite objectives in life.

Not knowing where they were going, it seemed to them useless to go anywhere.

Their minds were not occupied with the steady, systematic effort to do some one thing well.

So they brooded over the futility of existence, till their reason went awry and they found what to their disordered imaginations seemed the only way out.

One of the most important duties of teachers, leaders and directors is to interest young men in some definite aim in life.

For those who come into the world specially fitted for art or engineering or any other specific calling this will not be necessary.

But the average boy has no special talent, or if he has he doesn't find it till his education is over.

He turns from this pursuit to that, and none of them interest him.

I know that it is one of the most difficult things in the world to discover what will interest young men sufficiently to make it the dominant thing in their lives.

But recent advances in the science of psychology have been helpful in this pursuit, and it will be furthered when we discover that their minds are to pity their parents for their natural lack of book learning, and to try to understand them, and help to encourage their aspirations.

The learning profession is now extensively equipped to make education easy for the students, but it has much to learn about how to make it interesting for the average mind.

If every teacher would read and think about how to inspire boys and girls with definite objectives—to give them something to do that would keep their minds too busy to brood, there would be fewer epidemics of self-destruction among young people.

On farms where boys are kept busy, even though the work is uninteresting, they seldom are suicidally inclined.

It is only when life becomes complicated, when there are so many dis-

tractions that it is hard to concentrate or a definite and purposeful line of action that introspection begins to sow its dangerous seeds.

Hard work is not enough. But hard and purposeful work, with a definite objective can soon put into the shade all neurotic notions and send young men on the road which, if it does not lead to fame and fortune, at least will lead to useful achievement, and to fully as much happiness as the fortunate and famous usually enjoy.

(Copyright.)

SOME GOOD THINGS TO EAT

By NELLIE MAXWELL

FOOD nicely served and daintily garnished will be much more palatable and appetizing than that which is served carelessly. Next to palatability we like our food to appeal to the eye.

Roquefort Salad Dressing.

Cream two ounces of Roquefort cheese, using a wooden spoon; add gradually four tablespoonsful of olive oil or cream and two tablespoonsful of vinegar, a scant half teaspoonful of salt and a few dashes of cayenne. Cream may be used to replace all or part of the oil as one's taste desires.

Banana Soup.

Rub six ripe bananas through a sieve, add a pinch of salt and the grated rind of a lemon, put over the heat and when the boiling point is reached add two tablespoonsful of cornstarch to a little cold milk and cook, stirring all the time; cool, add two tablespoonsful of lemon juice, chill and serve in chilled bouillon cups.

Shrewsbury Cakes.

Take two cupsful of butter, the

same of sugar, three pints of flour, four eggs and a teaspoonful of mace. Cream the butter, add the sugar, and the beaten eggs. Roll out very thin, cut into small cakes and bake in a hot oven. These cakes will keep a long time.

Tartar Sauce.

Mix together one tablespoonful each of vinegar and Worcestershire sauce, one teaspoonful of lemon juice and one-fourth teaspoonful of salt. Heat over water. Brown one-third of a cupful of butter and carefully strain into the first mixture.

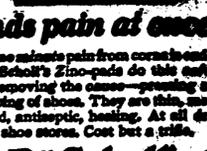
Apples a la Mode.

Here is an easy dessert for a busy day: Core some good-baking apples and fill the centers with mince-meat. Bake, basting occasionally; serve hot.

Overtime Job

The chaps who loaded the latest "world's largest clock" onto the freight train at Waterbury had time hanging heavy on their hands.—Farm and Fire-side.

CORNS



Ends pain at once!
In one minute pain from corns healed. Dr. Scholl's Zino-pads do this easily by removing the cause—pressure and rubbing of shoes. They are thin, sensitive, antiseptic, healing. At all drug and shoe stores. Cost but a trifle.



SOLD AND GUARANTEED BY EVERY DRUGGIST
PASTOR KOENIG'S NERVINE
Epilepsy Nervousness & Sleeplessness
PRICE 50c PER BOTTLE
Ask for Sample
KOENIG MEDICINE CO.
1015 N. WELLS ST. CHICAGO, ILL.

PARKER'S HAIR BALM
Removes Dandruff, Stops Hair Falling, Restores Color and Beauty to Greasy and Faded Hair. 50c and \$1.00 at Druggists. Also at Chem. Wks., Patobogue, N. Y.

DO YOU SUFFER FROM **ASTHMA?**
The more a man gets the more he wants—unless a police judge is dealing it out.
Headaches from Slight Colds
Laxative BROMO QUININE Tablets relieve the Headache by curing the Cold. Look for signature of E. W. Grove on the box. 30c.—Adv.

Maiden Lane in New York is so named from the fact that it once followed the course of a stream in which the Dutch girls washed clothes.

Boschee's Syrup
has been relieving coughs due to colds for sixty years.
Soothes the Throat
loosens the phlegm, promotes expectoration, gives a good night's rest free from coughing. 30c and 50c bottles. Buy it at your drug store. G. G. Green, Inc., Woodbury, N. J.

DR. J.D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA REMEDY
No need to spend restless, sleepless nights. Irritation quickly relieved and rest assured by using the remedy that has helped thousands of sufferers. 25 cents and \$1.00 at druggists. If unable to obtain, write direct to NORTHROP & LYMAN CO., Inc., Buffalo, New York. Send for free sample.

Garfield Tea
Was Your Grandmother's Remedy
For every stomach and intestinal ailment. This good old-fashioned herb home remedy for constipation, stomach ailments and other derangements of the system. So prevalent these days it is even greater favor as a family medicine than in your grandmother's day.
W. H. U., DETROIT, MD. 31-1927.

A NEW YEAR — and a New Calendar?



By ELMO SCOTT WATSON
Drawing by Ray Walters.

AS THE New Year comes round and the world faces another 365 days of business and pleasure, there comes up again the question of into what units those 365 days are to be divided so as to give the most of us the opportunity to employ them the most profitably and pleasantly—in other words, the question of a new calendar. For centuries "calendar" has been subject to many changes and man has not yet obtained a satisfactory result. When the Gregorian calendar, now in use, was adopted, it was designed to conform to conditions of that period in history. But conditions have so changed that it is not best adapted to modern needs. Business, especially, complains that it is put out of step by the calendar's irregularities and business is demanding a more standardized system.

The resolution to do something definite about this matter dates from 1924 when the League of Nations appointed a committee of inquiry to go into the matter of reforming the calendar and making recommendations for its change. This committee sent questionnaires to 56 countries, which are members of the league, and to religious and business authorities throughout the world. Replies to the questionnaires have been received from 27 governments, 28 international organizations, 18 railroad administrations, the educational authorities of 28 countries and from a host of individuals.

The need of a reform, as pointed out by the committee, is that the Gregorian calendar has the defects of inequality of its months, quarters and half years and its lack of fixity. The result is confusion in economic relations, statistics, accounts and commercial transport figures. All calculations of salaries, interest, insurance, pensions, leases and rents which are fixed on a monthly, quarterly or half-yearly basis are inaccurate and do not correspond with one-twelfth, one-quarter or one-half of the year.

In order to make daily calculations in current accounts with comparative certainty and speed, banks have to make constant use of special tables. Moreover, the unequal length of the months has led financial concerns in most European countries to calculate deposit and current accounts on the basis of a year of 12 months of 90 days, or 360 days, whereas in the discounting of bills the year is still reckoned at its exact number of days. Owing to the fact that the present calendar is not fixed, but changes from year to year, its exact reproduction takes place only once every 28 years. Hence the dates of periodical events can never be fixed with precision. And, perhaps the greatest drawback from a statistical and commercial point of view, no genuine statistical comparison between one year and another is possible, while the various subdivisions of the year itself are similarly incapable of comparison.

As the year consists of 32 weeks, or 304 days plus one extra day (two in leap year), the question confronting all schemes of reform is what to do with the extra day—the 365th. The suggested reforms fall into three main groups. The first group tries to simplify the reform as much as possible and to cause the least possible disturbance to existing habits and customs. This they do by equalizing three of the four quarters of the

year. Thus, each of the first three quarters might consist of 91 days, or three months of 30, 30 and 31 days. The extra day, the 365th, would be added to the fourth quarter which might then consist of three months of 30, 31 and 31 days with 32 in leap years. Such leveling up of the quarters, would, it is declared, be of real advantage from the point of view of quarterly statistics, stock exchange transactions, banking accounts, and meteorological averages. Furthermore calculations for finding the day of the week on which any given date falls would be considerably simplified. Thus, if January 1 fell on a Sunday, February 1 would be a Tuesday and March 1 a Thursday and so on. This group interferes less with tradition than any other. The issue raised, however, is whether its advantages which are considerably less than those of the other two groups of suggested reform, are sufficient to warrant a change.

The second and third main groups not only possess all the advantages of the first group in equalizing the divisions of the year, but in addition, that of establishing a perpetual calendar and completely rectifying the existing calendar. The result is obtained by making the extra day of the year—the 365th—a blank day, namely placing it outside the week, as for instance, between December 31 and January 1. The introduction of the blank day, however, breaks the perpetuity of the cycle of weeks, and raises certain religious difficulties mainly in Jewish circles.

Under the second plan, the year would be divided into four equal quarters of 91 days, each quarter consisting of three months of 30, 30, 31 days (as with the first three quarters of the first group). Then the extra day of the year would be counted as outside the week. It might be called New Year's day and precede January 1. In this way all the quarters and half years would be equal. Each month could contain the same number of working days. On the other hand, the months are not equal, and could not be made to contain a complete number of weeks. Dates would not fall on the same day of the week in each month, while the comparison of future dates or statistics with past dates is less complicated than in the 13-month group, but more complicated than in the first group.

The third group is the one which advocates the most radical reform. Typical of this group is the proposal sponsored by George Eastman, the Rochester (N. Y.) manufacturer, and supported by a large group of business men in this country. By this plan the year would be divided into 13 months, the extra month being inserted between June and July. Each

month would have 28 days, the first of the month always being Sunday. The extra 365th day would be known as Year day and would be inserted between December 28 and January 1; in leap years the 366th day would be inserted between June 28 and July 1. Some of the advantages claimed are that clock and watch dials could record day and date, that the four weeks would quarter each month, harmonizing weekly and monthly receipts and disbursements, that pay days would recur on the same monthly date, that periods of earning and spending would all be equal or exact multiples, that holidays and permanent monthly dates would always occur on the same days, that all months would be comparable without adjustments, that all holidays could be placed on Monday, and that there would be a faster turnover of money with 13 months instead of 12.

While business would find many of these points advantageous, it has been pointed out that the 13-month year would present certain objections, due to the fact that 13 is not divisible by two, four and six. So the quarters of the year, although they are equal, would not correspond in months or contain a whole number of months. Advocates of the plan reply that quarterly and semi-annual transactions could be worked out on a basis of 13 or 26 weeks and that many large firms in this country already are using 13 28-day periods in their accounting systems. One objection to this plan, and it is one which probably will be hardest to overcome, is that the 13-month year would upset customs thousands of years old.

There is one particular reason why 1928 may see a definite step taken toward reforming the calendar. If the committee can present to the League of Nations a satisfactory plan which it can recommend to the world for adoption, it should be done by December, 1928, since that is the last date when changes may be made for 1933 by the Greenwich and United States naval observatories. Calculations for the astronomical, tide and other tables are made about six years in advance by the British, American, French, German and Spanish governments, and scientists already have begun their calculations for 1933.

The year 1933 is a particularly important one for those whose reforming of the calendar calls for beginning the year on Sunday, since the first available Sunday on New Year's day comes in 1933, after which none is available until 1939. Therefore, if the League of Nations committee can decide a plan which the league will adopt before December, 1928, the simplified calendar can go into effect most easily in 1933 and the coming year probably will see some strenuous efforts made to bring that about.

hours of time waiting for others to keep appointments. Courtesy has fallen to low estate when we can't at least be prompt.—Groves Patterson, in Mobile Register.

Her Triumph
Little Audrey had just completed her first motion picture play. "The name of it," she told her father, "is 'The Hour of Hell.' It is about a young inventor who has stolen from him a device for silencing the clatter of airplanes and at the same

time detect counterfeit money. There is not in it a suggestive situation to do with the title. It will therefore draw crowds to witness it." And her papa exclaimed with amazement at his little daughter's amazing genius.—Kansas City Times.

Unusually Tongues
In the relationship between thought and its utterance, why should the tongue seem so eager to give away the secrets of the mind?—American Magazine.

Being on Time
It has been said that punctuality is the politeness of princes. Have you thought of your failure to be punctual as a discourtesy? You may excuse yourself most talkatively, but the discourtesy is there. You have imposed upon others. You have been rabidly selfish in not considering their time of value. You have kept men waiting. This is pure politeness. The writer has heard men say that they waste

TIPS ON SALESMANSHIP

By O. T. FRASH

Is There Something for You?
A CLERK can fairly strip his soul naked with five words—"Is there something for you?" Some clerks do it with one word when they mechanically remark—"Something?"

When I walk into a retail store and a clerk asks me whether I want to buy something he's questioning either my common sense or my good faith, although he may not intend it that way. If I didn't want to buy something, I'd have no business in that store, therefore, asking me such a question is intimating that I either mean business or I'm just killing time.

What's the use of trying to guess my intention? Even though I might be only aimlessly wandering around, it wouldn't make any bit with me to tell me that you'd caught me at it. If you're bent on making a guessing contest out of my visit, why don't you guess that I'm there to buy? Then, even if you've guessed wrongly, you won't lose anything.

When I hear some clerk ask this question they give me the impression that although their lips may be speaking those apparently harmless words, their minds are saying: "Oh, Lord, here's another pest; well, what do you want in here?" Then the thing I want most is to get out.

If your vocabulary is so limited that you can't find any better words to say to a visitor, try saying them in such a way that your inquiry won't amount to an insult. You'll find that the fault, however, is not in the words you use, but in the way you regard your work. If you really desire to be of service to the visitor, you will welcome his call with a genuine pleasure that will show itself in any mere words you may use—in our eyes, your manner and the kindness of your personality.

Be eager to please. Be an honest, disinterested friend to every caller at your store. That's the only road to true salesmanship and if you follow it, your first inquiry of the customer will form itself naturally and heartily into a warm-hearted welcome that will lead you straight to success.

Keeping Faith With the "Easy Buyer"

THERE are customers who will buy almost the first thing you show them. To the clerk of an elastic conscience these people are heaven-sent opportunities for unloading "stickers." To the conscientious salesman, however, they are the sunshine of his business day, a joy to the cherished and most carefully handled.

The critical buyer is sure of himself. He makes his purchases on his own judgment and usually he's inclined to be philosophically fair when he finds he's bought something that isn't entirely satisfactory. Sometimes he'll even chuckle a little over the clever salesmanship that induced him to buy, especially if no misrepresentations were made.

But the "easy buyer" who has been "stung" on a purchase feels a sense of double injury. He has not only suffered a momentary loss, but his faith in your store, yourself and humanity in general has encountered a painful shock. He feels more hurt than angered, therefore his resentment will not soon be forgotten. You will have done a foolish thing.

Use extreme care with the "easy buyer." He is easy to sell to because he has confidence in the honor of your store and the good faith of its employees. It is this good faith that makes a large volume of business possible and it has taken the mercantile world a long time to create a public confidence of this sort. One fool, short-sighted clerk can do more damage to this confidence in a day than a really wise clerk can overcome in a week. Be the friend to the "easy buyer" that he thinks you are; then he'll be your friend when you need him.

(© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)

Children of Lepers

An effort is made to separate uninfected children from parents who are in leper colonies. In the Cullion leper colony in the Philippines 285 children under fifteen years of age were removed in 1925. They were put in nurseries, institutions or with friends. Periodical health examinations are given them, school training is provided, and they correspond with their parents.

The Gayed Guide

The guide was guiding a guy. As the guide guided the guy, the guide guyed the guy until the guy would no longer be guyed by the guide whom he had hired not a guy but to guide. So the guyed guy guyed the guide. No wonder everyone guyed the guyed guide guiding a guyed guy.—Boston Transcript.

Earliest Glee Club?

In 1787 a "glee club" was formed in London, which flourished until 1837. Since this style of music which was peculiar to England was not written until the middle of the eighteenth century, this glee club was probably the first of any importance.

Great Lyric Poet

As Homer was the great epic poet of the Greeks, and Sophocles their tragic poet, so Pindar was their lyric poet. His fragments represent nearly every kind of lyric poem.

Coasting, skating, snowballing—those merry youngsters are sharpening appetites that will call for hot Monarch Cocoa and Monarch Teenie Weenie Peanut Butter sandwiches.

EVERY genuine Monarch package bears the Lion Brand, the oldest trademark in the United States covering a complete line of the world's finest food products—Cocoa, Tea, Cocoa, Cakes, Pastries, Peanut Butter, Canned Fruits and Vegetables, and other superior table specialties.

REID, MURDOCH & CO.
Established 1833
Chicago, Pittsburgh, Boston, New York, Indianapolis, Tampa, Los Angeles

MONARCH
Quality for 70 Years

rough going
has no terrors for this
Corn Belt all-rubber arctic

The rugged construction of Top Notch Corn Belts enables them to stand rough going and severe strain for months and months. We build them of the toughest rubber—and lots of it. Corn Belts have the substantial body and fighting strength that an all-rubber arctic must have to withstand the rough treatment it gets. Flooded, flamed, 4 or 5 buckle; red or black. For dependable, distinctive boots, arctic and rubbers always look for the Top Notch Cross. The most reliable stores carry the complete Top Notch line for men, women and children. The Beacon Falls Rubber Shoe Co., Beacon Falls, Conn.

TOP NOTCH
Rubber Footwear

Porter's Pain King
Liniment
Quickly Checks Coughs and Colds. Used Since 1871

How many years has the "Pain King Man" been calling at your home? More than 50 years ago, in 1871, Dr. Porter originated the idea of leaving medicine on a year's trial. Hundreds of thousands of bottles of Porter's Pain King are distributed every year on this fair plan by The Geo. H. Rundle Co., Piqua, Ohio.

Mitchell
Eye Salve
For SORE EYES

AVOID dressing eyes sore from small or large irritations. The old simple remedy that brings comforting relief to the eye, is Mitchell's Eye Salve. Sold in bottles, New York City.

Whooping Cough Relieved

This dread cough is one of the most dangerous of children's diseases. There is no cure for whooping cough, it usually runs its course, but a few drops of this well known physician's preparation will relieve the violent coughing paroxysms, and avoid vomiting. No dangerous "dosing" required to soothe the stomach. Glasses also bring relief for cough, colds, and spasmodic croup.

DR. DRAKE'S GLESSCO
CROUP REMEDY

USE COMMON SENSE FOR YOUR COLD
Use Muced Solvent Treatment

Don't you know that the common cold is merely the beginning of grippe, flu and pneumonia?

CHESS PLAYERS
please send names and addresses of adjoining (all grades) to POSTAL CHESS CLUB, Highland Park Sta., DES MOINES, IOWA.

20 Yds. Remnants \$1.99
Seasonal sale. Also special of 75¢ free and \$1.00 worth premiums. Bargain sale of 20 yds. or more. Dress fabrics, Linens, Percales, Chambrays, etc. All the newest popular patterns. Thousands are satisfied. 4 yds. or more of each. Buy quality worth double. 2 bundles \$2.99. Send money with order or pay postman \$1.00 plus postage. Money back if not satisfied. Goods and supply, send today. Economy Store Company, 164 W. 112nd St., New York, N. Y.

Cuticura Preparations for All the Family

For generations Cuticura Soap and Ointment have afforded the purest, sweetest and most satisfactory method of promoting and maintaining a healthy condition of skin and scalp. Tender-skinned men find the newly-invented Cuticura Shaving Stick a necessity. Cuticura Talcum is an ideal powder, cooling and refreshing.

BARE TO HAIR

If you want to grow hair on your bald head, save the hair you have, stop falling hair, dandruff, etc., write for literature and information.

W. H. FORST, Mfg. - Scottsdale, Penna.

A Christmas Present

That will be Remembered

TRY A RADIO

I have them in electric and battery types

Sparton, Crosley, Fada

Radio Parts and Supplies

J. C. DINKEL

AGELESS

Years come and go without lessening the permanent beauty of our finely conceived and fashioned memorials. Look over our designs. We are experienced in the erection of both large monuments and small or double markers. Our work in the vicinity of Pinckney, speaks for itself.

"Flowers fade and die, but Granite lasts forever"

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QUALITY



Love of Beauty demands the use of an appropriate durable, attractive material in the best memorial work. The first glance of appreciation deepens into solid satisfaction as time passes. Trust the instinct that urges you to select the best for your memorials. Buy only the best quality.

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Apples, Figs, Dates, Grapes

and 2 lb Boxes High Grade Chocolates
SPECIAL Bulk Xmas Candy

Fresh Line of Cigars and Cigarettes
in Xmas Boxes

JOE GENTILE

MAINLY ABOUT PEOPLE



MARION

Frank Harwood left last week to spend the winter in Kansas.

The second sewing project was held Wednesday evening at the home of Mrs. Burr Clark. Bound button holes was the subject. The hostess served candy. The next meeting will be on January 18 with Mrs. J. D. White.

Mr. and Mrs. Elijah Jubb entertained several relatives at dinner Wednesday evening to celebrate their wedding anniversary.

Patrick Lavey and son, Lee, of Pinckney visited at the John D. White home one evening last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Tracy Horton were given a surprise Monday evening in honor of their tenth wedding anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Gentry and Virgil Dean were hosts at an oyster supper Saturday evening. Those present were Gene Dinkel, Ben White, Fred Evers, Frank and Basil White and families.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Nash, Mr. and Mrs. W. B. White and son, Harold of Howell, and J. D. White and wife were Sunday guests at the home of E. W. Allison in Iosco.

Irving Woodin of California, sent a keg of grapes recently to his father, J. M. Woodin and one to his sister, Mrs. C. P. Reed, of this place.

Ella Ruttman, Bernice Miller, Ed Kreiger and Leo Chaplin were in Lansing Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. P. Reed will entertain at Christmas dinner Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Woodin and daughter, Beatrice, and Miss Julia Reed.

The Ruttman and Fred Berry families will be Christmas guests at the John Ruttman home.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wiltz of Flint announce the birth of a daughter, Ellen Joan.

A Christmas program will be given Thursday evening at the Stone school followed by distribution of presents from the tree.

Mr. and Mrs. Albin Pfau will entertain for Christmas, Herbert Pfau and wife of Dayton, Ohio, Leslie Maycock and wife of South Rockwood, Sumner Frisbee and family and Alfred Pfau and family.

The sheriff's force and several neighbors failed in their search Saturday to locate the body of Mrs. Elizabeth Moorehouse in the swamp and woods of F. C. Jewell and John Green. It is said that a magnetic healer gave information that Mrs. Moorehouse had been murdered and that body would be found three miles south and one mile west of her home in a pond of water.

UNADILLA

John Lantis of Ypsilanti spent the week end here with friends.

Mrs. Barney Roeske and Norwood spent Wednesday with her mother, Mrs. Fanny Hill.

Will Durkee of Jackson was a recent visitor at the Ed Cranna home.

Mr. and Mrs. Stephen Hadley spent Saturday in Chelsea.

Christmas exercises will be held in the Collins Memorial Church Saturday evening.

Ed Cranna and family, Olin Marshall and family and Mrs. George Marshall were in Jackson Saturday.

Carmi Webb is driving a new Essex coach.

Walter McRobbie of Detroit was a Friday night visitor at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. McRobbie.

Mr. and Mrs. Clair Barnum were Pinckney visitors Saturday.

Emory/Pickell was an Ann Arbor visitor Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Stevenson and son of Detroit and sister, Mrs. Anna Martin of Dexter spent Sunday at the George Marshall home.

CIRCLE MEETING IS HELD

The Lakeland Circle of Kings Daughters met at the home of Mrs. August Tessmer last Wednesday. The session was called to order by the president, Mrs. Clyde Dunning and the usual business meeting followed.

Fifty-six bedjackets and a box of toys were brought in and will be sent to the University Hospital at Ann Arbor.

Mrs. Clifford VanHorn assisted by Mrs. Wray Hinckley will entertain the circle on January 4 at her home.

IOSCO

Mrs. Joe Roberts visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Herrington, of Webberville last week.

Mrs. Gladys Loree is seriously ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Chester Yelland.

Tunis Grover and Kenneth Merren-dorph attended church at the Iosco M. E. church Sunday.

A gas lamp exploded in the home of Floyd Munsell Wednesday evening, doing considerable damage and creating a big scare.

Mr. and Mrs. Erwin Zwick and family, Bernice and Robert Miller and Ruth Ruttman attended the pageant at the Fowlerville M. E. church Sunday evening.

PLAINFIELD

The United Sunday School will give a Christmas tree Friday evening, Dec. 23 at the M. P. church. There will be a Christmas play and exercises by the children. Everyone invited.

Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Dutton, Mrs. E. L. Topping and Miss Lottie Braley were in Howell last Thursday.

Miss Ellen Wasson and friend spent the week end at the H. A. Wasson home.

Mr. and Mrs. Birney Roberts were Jackson callers Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Kenyon and family, and Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Dutton were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Birney Roberts.

Miss Maggie Patterson of Detroit called at the H. A. Wasson home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. McVey and family of Stockbridge were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lidgard and also called on Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Watters.

Mrs. Harry Wiley and children of Milan spent Friday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lidgard and Gerald Lidgard were home Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Lillywhite were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Lillywhite.

Clare Hemes of Lansing visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Homes Sunday.

Max Dyer left Friday for the north for a truck load of Xmas trees. This is his second trip this week.

Orla Jacobs was at Howell Thursday on business.

John Marsh and daughter of Brighton spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Jacobs.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Jacobs and Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Jacobs were in Ann Arbor Saturday.

CHUBBS CORNERS

Mrs. Will Mercer of Detroit has been visiting at the home of Mark Allison.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Hoisel were in Ann Arbor last Wednesday.

Mrs. Clarence Dorrance of Fowlerville called on her brother, C. Kingsley Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Schaefer entertained the O. C. P. C. last Saturday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Brigham and Mr. and Mrs. Jay Brigham were in Ann Arbor one day last week.

Mrs. B. Montague who has been ill is much improved.

Mrs. C. Kingsley and children spent Sunday in Albion the guests of Willard Bennett and wife.

Mrs. Rosa Gearhart has elated her farm for oil.

Continued from page 1)

When everything was still. I dreamed I saw the Pinckney football team

Upon the hill. And who is this, may I ask?

Why it's Captain Jim our quarterback. Oh, yes there is someone over there

Why of course it's Stan, our left guard. And there is Carr, our center

And forevermore who is this? Why it's Hornshaw our right guard

And there is Norm on the right end. He's always on the job and there is Lefty

Our left tackle standing, waiting for his charge. Here's Walt, our right half, here's Mike, our left half whose track no one can follow when he is off for a touchdown.

Why here's Miller our left end. Is not someone over there?

Sure it's Con, our left tackle. Oh, yes, here is Gerry one of our backs.

And here is little Pete, Big Pete, Johnnie, Har, Jimmie and Chuckie, all waiting the chance to get in the fray. Oh! someone is hurt. Who may it be?

Why it's Mike, our left half and who is beside him?

Why it's Hendee, the fullback. Their eyes are black, jaws sore, Their noses mashed and mellow. Their cheeks are blue, their lips were too.

Their voices dry, and squeaky. But what cared they for smart or pain They had made a touchdown and won the game.

Hail to the courage of Pinckney High. Hail to their manly conduct in every game.

Some won, some lost But their conduct was always the same.

Hail to the coach of the Red and Black.

Aye, is there any so fine? Hail to the ever progressive Pinckney High.



Teeple Hardware

Christmas Greetings



WHAT A WONDERFUL THING is the spirit of Christmas. Somehow it just makes everybody have kind thoughts about folks in general and a special fondness for their loved ones. A feeling of wanting to make other people happy seems to get in the air. It must be contagious, for the whole world wants to give generously and spread happiness and good cheer. It is a time when gladness and merriment rule supreme. What a blessing to the world—this great unseen thing—the Christmas spirit.

We Wish You a Happy Christmas

The Pinckney State Bank

MILLER TIRES

Cheap tires are false economy. Good tires cost no more than seconds and you ride in safety when your car is equipped with Miller tires. These are the weeks when old tires go under the strain of winter driving. Old tires which may have stood up well during the summer months cannot be expected to go on forever—and the change in temperature to cold days—is the severest test on any tire. Drive in and let us quote you prices.

LIGHT AND HEAVY HAULING OF ALL KINDS, MOVING

MICHAGAMME GAS

VEEDOIL

Pinckney Service Garage

W.H. MEYERS, Prop.

According to Secretary of State Haggerty December 31st is the last day on which motorists may use 1927 licenses on their cars as no extension of time will be given this year. If he holds to this a lot of car owners are liable to be out of luck.

Chicken thieves have started their operations for the winter. They took sixty-one chickens from Matt Holsinger of Howell recently. He lost forty last spring but this last call took every one he had.

Our Xmas Store

Will Be Open Evenings from now on until Xmas

LINE'S BAZAAR

Howell, Opposite Courthouse



Reason & Reason

THE OLD QUESTION IS RIGHT HERE
Make It an Electrical Xmas

The New
Electric Kolster

The New
Electric Atwater-Kent

The Leaders of the Radio World because they always bring in what you go after.

- ELECTRIC IRONS
- ELECTRIC TOASTERS
- ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANERS
- ELECTRIC LAMPS
- ELECTRIC CURLERS
- GRILLS

There's something electric to please every member of the family, and we service them all. Don't forget that. If you buy from us we promptly care for your needs with experienced men

EVERYTHING ELECTRIC ALL THE WHILE

Get your order in before Christmas for the new
EUREKA VACUUM CLEANER
 and Get the Floor Polisher Free

Frykman Electric Shop

Phone 6 207 W. Grand River St., Howell
 Only Licensed Electrician in Livingston County

TOY SHOP



THE BEST LINE OF TOYS EVER SHOWN IN
 PINCKNEY NOW ON DISPLAY AT

NELLIE GARDNER'S

Also a Full Line of Xmas Cards, Seals, Fancy Boxes
 Xmas Wrapping Paper of all kinds, both in crepe
 and tissue.

C. H. KENNEDY

The Misses Roumania Shirey, Gladys Eric and Henry Shirey were in Ann Arbor Saturday.
 Mrs. Russell Hutchings and son of Detroit are guests of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Weddige.
 Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Dinkel visited Mrs. and Mrs. Floyd Weeks at Howell Sunday.
 The grading on the road past Hilland Lake has been completed as far as the barn on the Isham farm. No more work can be done at the present time as the county road commission will have no more funds to work with until after the taxes are collected. However according to them they will complete another half mile which would extend it to Patterson Lake if Patterson township will borrow the money to pay for it, they later to be reimbursed by the county road commission. The road would be built much cheaper now while the steam shovel and concrete building machinery is on the job.

Mesdames W. H. Myers, W. H. Gardner and M. T. Graves were in Ann Arbor last Wednesday.
 Dr. C. L. Sigler and A. H. Murphy were in Detroit on business Thursday.
 Ruel Cadwell of Detroit was in Pinckney on business one day last week.
 Day Bird of Ann Arbor was in Pinckney Friday.
 Mr. and Mrs. Ed Parker were in Howell Sunday.
 Mrs. L. C. Lavey and sons, Mrs. Michael Lavey were in Howell Saturday.
 The Pinckney business places are open evening this week.
 Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ziegler and family of Manchester were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Meabon.
 Mrs. C. J. Teeple and Mrs. Malba Rhodes are spending the week in Chicago.

ALL AROUND TOWN

Pinckney Dispatch

Entered at the Postoffice at Pinckney, Mich., as Second Class Matter.
PAUL W. GOULETT PUBLISHER
 Subscription, \$1.25 a Year in Advance

John R. Martin and family were in Ann Arbor Tuesday.

Harold Sullivan of Chelsea spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. George Greiner.

Will Roche and Mr. and Mrs. Ben White visited Mr. and Mrs. Will Murphy of Munith Sunday.

Mrs. Eleanor Ledwidge went to Ann Arbor Saturday to meet Miss Justine Ledwidge who was on her way home from St. Mary's Academy, Adrian, to spend the holidays.

Mrs. Phillip Sprout and children visited relatives at Stockbridge last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Read were Ann Arbor visitors Tuesday afternoon.

Will VanBlaricum and J. C. Bowman were in Flint Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. James Tiplady of Detroit were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Farnum.

Mr. and Mrs. John Martin were in Howell Saturday.

Mesdames C. H. Kennedy and Will Jeffreys were in Jackson Saturday.

Mrs. S. H. Carr and Mrs. Milo Kettler were Ann Arbor visitors Saturday.

Mesdames Ben White and L. G. Devereaux were in Howell Monday.

S. J. Aschenbrenner of Detroit spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bowman. His daughter, Barbara, who has been visiting there returned home with him.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Clark were in Howell Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Dinkel were in Jackson on business Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Coyle were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Coyle of Whitmore Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Lake were in Howell Thursday.

Mrs. Elizabeth Johnson left this week for Muskegon where she will spend the winter with her daughter, Mrs. T. J. Gaul.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Miller were in Ann Arbor last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ross Hinchey and family were in Howell Saturday.

Gayle Johnson and family of Detroit spent Sunday with his mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Reason were in Ann Arbor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Haines left Friday for Los Angeles, California where they will spend the winter.

A. H. Murphy and the Misses Florence and Drusilla Murphy were in Ann Arbor Thursday.

A. H. Murphy has built a garage at the rear of his fathers home on E. Main street.

Roy Graham has taken a position with the Ford Motor Co. at Detroit and with his wife has gone there to spend the winter.

Miss Mae LeBaron of Pontiac is taking treatment at the Pinckney Sanitarium.

Miss Elizabeth Driver was in Howell Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Swarthout and Miss Katherine Hoff were in Howell Saturday.

Wayne Carr and Cecil Hendee were in Ann Arbor last Wednesday.

Mrs. L. C. Lavey and Miss Laura Hoff were in Jackson last Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Farnum were in Ann Arbor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Darrow and daughters were Jackson visitors Thursday.

The Detroit Edison Co. started work Monday setting the poles for the new line to Cordley Lake and Rush Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Myron Ely and two daughters of Ann Arbor were Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. E. Darrow.

Rev. Fr. Dorsey of Detroit will have charge of St. Mary's church until further notice.

John Chambers and Lynn Hendee were in Detroit on business one day last week.

Mrs. Robert Jack and daughters of Lakeland and Mr. and Mrs. Mylo Kettler and daughter, Yvonne, were Sunday dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Carr.

Mr. and Mrs. George Clark and Mr. and Mrs. Walker Clark were in Howell last Wednesday.

Miss Elizabeth Steptoe and Ed Steptoe of Dexter were Sunday visitors of Mrs. Elizabeth Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Hubbard spent Sunday in Detroit.

Mrs. George Butters has returned to her home in Boston after spending several months with her parents. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Teeple.

Mr. and Mrs. LaVerne Kennedy of Detroit were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Kennedy.

Miss Pauline Gardner of Stanton spent Saturday and Sunday with her grandmother, Mrs. Eliza Gardner.

Dean Reason who is attending the University of Mich. is home for the holidays.

The largest potato cellar in Michigan is located near Edmore. It is the property of F. W. Johnson, potato king of Montcalm county, leading spud producing district of Michigan. The cellar is 100 feet long and 53 feet wide. It is 10 feet 6 inches high and will hold 20,000 bushels of potatoes. The construction is entirely of cement and steel and it cost \$5,000. The major part of the cellar is underground but it is raised at one end so that four teams or trucks may dump potatoes into it at the same time. It is ventilated in the latest scientific manner.

Authority to issue \$2,000,000 worth of 6 1/2% preferred stock and 75,000 shares of common stock has been granted by the Public Utilities Commission to the Consumer's Power Company. Common stock is to be sold for not less than \$40 a share, the agreement stipulated. Money raised by the sale will go toward the company's \$670,555 expansion and improvement program.

Bert Hooker received a box of oranges from his sister, Mrs. Horace Sayles of Florida the first of the week.

Roy (Lefty) Reason went to Olivet Tuesday to convey safely home Don Swarthout and Harold Reason who are students there.

Calvin Hooker was in Jackson on business Wednesday.

Mrs. Sarah Wilson spent the week end with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bullis.

Mesdames H. A. Fick and C. L. Sigler were in Ann Arbor Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Reason visited relatives in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Lynn Hendee and family were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Clark.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Clinton were in Jackson Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Waldo Titmus of Flint are visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Johnson.

Mrs. Arthur Bullis and daughters are home from Ypsilanti for the holidays.

Mrs. E. G. Carpenter is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Claude Reason.

Mr. and Mrs. McClure Hinchey of Howell were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyers.

Dr. W. C. Wylie of Dexter was in town one day last week.

Mrs. Margaret Courtney of Owosso and William Mcullan and family of Howell were Sunday guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. G. Devereaux.

Mrs. John Fitzsimmons who has been visiting in Jackson returned home Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. George Kingston and daughter accompanied her here and spent the day.

Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Reason were in Olivet Saturday to see their son, Harold, who has been confined to his bed by illness.

Gerald Kennedy received a card from Emil Weddige mailed in Texas which stated that he was on his way to California in company with two other boys from Ypsilanti by auto. Later cards announce his safe arrival in California.

Robert Stackable of Ypsilanti called on Wayne Carr Sunday.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES

A. H. Kearney and J. Steinway of Webster township have presented claims to the Washtenaw county board of supervisors for sheep killed by dogs totaling \$777.93.

The Washtenaw Tribune of Ann Arbor has been incorporated for \$50,000. C. H. Hemingway has been elected president, Wm. Kulenking, vice president and A. J. Diehl, secretary.

The city of Ann Arbor has transferred about 115 acres of the city-owned Steere farm to the park board which will be fitted out as a air port.

Irving Bevier of Stockbridge was killed last Monday when the team with which he was drawing wood ran away and threw him out of the wagon.

The Shiawassee county board of supervisors have cut all road work for the coming year.

The Brighton school board have let the following contracts for the new school: plumbing and heating, Doll & Foster, Highland Park; electrical work, Reed & Taylor of Lansing, architecture, Verner, Wilhelm & Molby, Detroit. The dimensions of the auditorium and gymnasium in the new building will be 30x40.

Chelsea has entered the field with six basket ball teams. The high school boys have a first and a second team, the girls one, St. Mary's school one and the M. E. church and Daniels Buick Sales each one.

Senator Copeland of New York has donated over 100 volumes to the new Dexter public library.

Herman Dancer of Chelsea has purchased the grocery business there conducted by Henry Fenn for the past twenty years.

The annual report of the Fowlerville Fair Assoc. shows a balance on hand of \$1,885.13.

George Roche, Will Meyer and Frank Kennedy are in Chicago this week attending the horse sale-Fowlerville Review.

The Seamless Tube Co. of South Lyon has 27 men employed on the day shift and 18 on the night shift.



BARRY'S NYAL STORE



The Right Oil
 May Be Wrong

The oil you always use may not be the right oil for your car today. And the right oil for today may not be correct a year from today. As your car grows older—your engine clearances increase. And you must change to heavier boiled oil. We prescribe Sinclair Opaline Motor Oils in different grades to meet the changing conditions of your engine. Consult the Sinclair Recommendation Index—see if you are using the best lubricant for your car as it is today

SINCLAIR OPALINE MOTOR OIL

Fits the Degree of Wear

LEE LEAVEY

Equip with

THE BEST

Firestone

Gum-Dipped



Full Size
 Balloons

You want the utmost safety-comfort-economy? Firestone Full-Size Gum Dipped Balloons fill these requirements.

Firestone Balloons are logically possessed of greater strength, flexibility and endurance—they are the only Gum-Dipped low pressure tires.

Come in; let us demonstrate how Gum-Dipping makes possible the superiority of these wonderful tires.

Firestones are economical through surpassing mileage and service.

SLAYTON & PARKER

Local Dealers



1—Aerial view of flooded region in northwestern New York where great damage was done. 2—Maj. Gen. Hanson Kly, new commandant at Governors Island, reviewing troops there. 3—Opening the big doors of the capitol for the meeting of the Seventieth congress.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Opening of New Congress—Kansas City Wins the G. O. P. Convention.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD
PREMIED for lively fights on various issues, the Seventieth congress began its first session on Monday. The house immediately re-elected Nicholas Longworth, but organization of the senate and committee assignments in both houses was delayed. With the opening of the senate on Tuesday came the first gun in the battle over the seating of Frank L. Smith and W. S. Vare, senators-elect from Illinois and Pennsylvania respectively. Norris of Nebraska led off with a resolution summarily refusing the two membership in the senate. Counter resolutions by their friends, that they be allowed to take the oath of office and that the charges of corrupt election practices be referred to the committee on privileges and elections, were offered. On Wednesday Senator Borah had his say in support of the latter resolutions and the senate, by a vote of 58 to 28, decided that Smith could not take the oath. Later the same action was taken in the case of Vare. Both cases were referred to the Reed committee on campaign expenditures.

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE'S message, read to congress Tuesday, was a straightforward, business-like document, setting forth the needs of the country as he saw them and advising as to the future. He did not withdraw a step in his attitude on controversial questions and consequently the message in its entirety was pleasing only to his thick and thin supporters. The program he recommended for the nation may be summarized thus: Farm relief—creation of a federal farm board to administer a revolving fund to aid co-operatives. Flood control—Construction of dikes, spillways and aids to navigation in the lower Mississippi. Taxation—Moderate reduction as recommended by Secretary Mellon. Merchant marine—stop further building and turn ships over to private ownership. Inland navigation—Projection of the Gulf-to-the-Atlantic waterway through the St. Lawrence. Panama canal—Construction of \$12,000,000 dam at Alhajuela for flood protection. National defense—An army large enough for protection of the nation with generous supply of officers; more cruisers, airplane carriers and submarines for the navy but no participation in a navy building race. The President also urged strict enforcement of prohibition and again asked that the Chief Executive be given authority to act during coal strikes. In the matter of foreign relations he recommended understandings with other nations toward outlawing war and negotiations of covenants not out of harmony with the Constitution. The President's farm relief proposition did not at all suit the corn belt men; his recommendations as to taxes was at variance with the ideas of the ways and means committee, which on the same day introduced its bill calling for a tax reduction of \$232,735,000, much greater than was favored by Secretary Mellon; the limitation of food control work to the lower Mississippi was contrary to the views of a great many who advocate a much more comprehensive policy; the "big navy" men were not satisfied with his program for fighting ships, and both parties are split on his merchant marine policy.

WEDNESDAY President Coolidge submitted his annual budget message, and again warned congress that taxes should not be reduced by more than \$232,000,000. The budget he offered for the fiscal year 1929 calls for total expenditures, exclusive of those of the postal service, amounting to \$3,555,367,351. This is about \$4,000,000 less than the estimated expenditures of the current fiscal year of 1928, but represents an increase of about \$63,000,000 over actual disbursements of the fiscal year 1927. On the basis of estimated receipts for the fiscal year 1929 of \$3,300,497,

\$14,239,043 over this year. For the army the budget estimates provide \$291,331,833. The navy total, however, contains approximately \$9,000,000 for retired pay for officers and enlisted men, an item not included in the army total.

The President allows approximately \$845,000,000 for the purely defense needs of the nation during the year ending June 30, 1929, an increase of approximately \$20,000,000 over the sum made available for defense last year. According to the President's figures, navy estimates for the next fiscal year are \$362,167,020, an increase of \$14,239,043 over this year. For the army the budget estimates provide \$291,331,833. The navy total, however, contains approximately \$9,000,000 for retired pay for officers and enlisted men, an item not included in the army total.

WHEN the Republican national committee got together—with two new anti-La Follette members surprisingly elected in Wisconsin—it first called on the President in the White House, and Mr. Coolidge made quite a long address in which he quite definitely removed himself from consideration for the nomination in 1928. His words were:

"This is naturally the time to be planning for the future. The party will soon place in nomination its candidate to succeed me. To give time for mature deliberation I stated to the country on August 2 that I do not choose to run for President in 1928. My statement stands. No one should be led to suppose that I have modified it. My decision will be respected. After I had been eliminated the party began and should vigorously continue the serious task of selecting another candidate from among the numbers of distinguished men available."

The committee then took up the question of the convention city, hearing the offers of the several contestants. Chairman Butler aroused a good deal of animosity by declaring his preference for Kansas City, and a hot fight between that city and San Francisco resulted. On the twentieth ballot Kansas City won, and the committee at once issued a call for the convention to meet there on June 12. Mr. Coolidge's "elimination" of himself was followed by a statement by Charles Evans Hughes that he was not to be considered a candidate, and, though Senator Willis announced that he was willing to accept the honor, there were left but three major contenders for the nomination—Frank O. Lowden, Herbert Hoover and Vice President Dawes. The selection of Kansas City was regarded as rather favorable to Lowden and Dawes.

Under the terms of the call for the convention the basis of representation will be the same as in 1924. There will be one delegate for each congressional district and one additional delegate for each district polling 10,000 or more votes for the Republican candidate for President in 1924 or Republican candidate for congress in 1926. Then there will be four delegates at large for each state and three additional delegates for each state carried by the Republican ticket in 1924. There will be 1,069 delegates in the convention, compared with 1,109 in 1924. Kentucky and Texas gain three each, while Arkansas, Oklahoma, and Wisconsin lose three each, Tennessee eight; Georgia, North Carolina, and Virginia two each, and Alabama, Louisiana, and New York one each.

WARNING was issued to the Republican and Democratic parties by the Anti-Saloon league at its meeting in Washington, that the league membership will support only those candidates in state and national elections whose utterances, acts and records prove them to be loyal supporters of the Volstead act. To win the support of the organization the parties must nominate men whose loyalty to the dry act cannot be questioned.

After a bitter fight between the supporters of F. Scott McBride, national superintendent of the Anti-Saloon league, and Ernest H. Cherrington, general manager of the league's publishing activities, over the question of whether force or persuasion should be the major weapon used in the future by the league in its fight against repeal of the Eighteenth amendment,

McBride was re-elected and Cherrington was made director of a new department of education, publicity and research. E. S. Shumaker, Indiana superintendent who is under indictment for contempt of the Indiana Supreme court, was dropped from the executive committee.

MEMBERS of the powerful American Farm Bureau federation, in convention in Chicago, listened to an address by General Pershing on the place of agriculture in a national defense program, and liked his views so well that they told him they would like to vote for him for President of the United States. He smiled, but declined to comment on this incipient boom. The federation adopted a resolution insisting that legislation which "contains the principles embodied in the McNary-Haugen bill, with such improvements as experience and good judgment may suggest shall again be passed by congress."

Another resolution asked a change in the tariff act so that the United States tariff commission may more efficiently serve agriculture in the cases before it.

SECRETARY MELLON in his annual report says that, notwithstanding a decline in business activity, underlying conditions are sound. "Business activity began in the spring months of this year to fall below the totals of last year," says the report. "As a result of this recession business is now being conducted on a basis that conforms more nearly to the normal expectancy, as judged from the regular rate of growth of the country. While business is not as active as in most of 1928, it can hardly be said to be subnormal, and the underlying fundamentals appear to be sound."

"Another indication of healthy business conditions is the recent recovery in commodity prices, due in the main to the rise in agricultural prices. The growing stability of prices in Europe, moreover, is favorable to our export commodities."

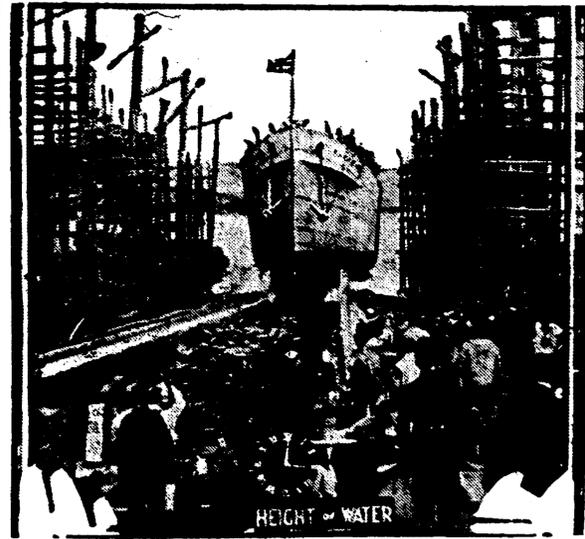
CHARLES MARTINDALE, master in chancery of Indianapolis, filed in the United States District court a report in which the Standard Oil Company of Indiana and fifty other oil concerns are held not guilty of violating the Sherman anti-trust law by a monopoly of trade. Martindale holds that there is no evidence of an existing conspiracy in restraint of trade, maintenance of a monopoly, price fixing or pooling of patent rights. Dismissal for lack of equity of the suit instituted by the government three years ago was recommended.

LITHUANIA and Poland presented their complaints against each other to the council of the League of Nations in Geneva and asked for relief. Premier Waldemar appeared for Lithuania first before representatives of Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and Japan, and refused to budge from his position. He said he was ready to give the council every guarantee of Lithuania's pacific intentions and his willingness to set up a neutral zone between Lithuania and Poland, but he could not go into the question of immediately restoring diplomatic relations with Poland or allowing the Poles untrammelled entry into Lithuania.

Next day Waldemar told the council how Lithuania has been continually menaced by Poland since the establishment of the little republic, and recounted the alleged Polish actions in support of Lithuanian rebellions. Foreign Minister Zaleski of Poland said Waldemar's charges and fears were based on gossip and that his country extended the fraternal band of friendship to Lithuania. Finding the whole matter too difficult for immediate decision, the council referred it to Van Blockland of Holland for a report.

JAPAN'S plan to borrow \$40,000,000 from J. P. Morgan & Co. for the benefit of the Japanese owners of the South Manchurian railway has been killed. All the Chinese factions had protested against it, and the disapproval of the United States was considered certain. Under the American notes of May, 1915, Japan is required to obtain American approval of any Manchurian loan to which the Chinese have not consented. The Japanese are greatly disappointed by this failure.

Warship Is Christened With Cider



British warship Devonshire, as she slid down the ways. Lady Mildmay of Flete christened the cruiser with a bottle of special 1904 cider, this being the first time in the history of the British navy that cider was used for such a ceremony.

Moon's Lifting Power Is Light

Everything on Which Luna Shines Directly Down Loses Weight.

Washington.—The great steamship Leviathan weighs some ten or twelve pounds less when the moon is directly over it than when it is near the horizon.

Similarly Bill Smith and his automobile, little Willie Smith's teddy bear and Mrs. Smith's dainty pearl earrings all lose weight under the potent influence of Luna.

So says a bulletin from the Washington (D. C.) headquarters of the National Geographic society dealing with the moon's tide-raising force.

"As a matter of fact," continues the bulletin, "everything on which the moon shines directly down loses a certain amount of its weight. But there need be no fear that we will go floating moonward; the downward pull of gravity, which keeps objects on the earth's surface, is 10,000,000 times as great as the 'lifting power' of the moon. In other words, the greatest effect of the moon on a given object is to steal away one-tenth-millionth of its weight."

"In the case of large bodies, like the Leviathan, this fraction of the total weight is appreciable. But even the heaviest limousine would lose only the tiniest fraction of an ounce—between six and seven one-thousandths. This would be equivalent to removing only three or four drops of gasoline from the fuel tank.

"Fluck a single fiber from the fuzzy coat of Willie Smith's teddy bear and you would probably equal the moon's effect in reducing its weight. And carefully wiping the imperceptible

"Thirteenth" Woman Can Find No Husband

Berlin.—There are 800,000 "superfluous" women in Berlin which means that every thirteenth woman must look elsewhere for a husband. But the Berlin women are employing their time otherwise. Every third one is engaged in a gainful occupation outside the home. In the labor market there is one woman to every two men.

Only one-tenth of the Berlin homes have servants, so that another 1,200,000 women are engaged in running their own domestic establishments. It is estimated. This brings the number of working women up to around 2,000,000, as against only 1,400,000 working men.

INDISCREET WOMAN GAINS FAVOR OF FEDERAL COURT

Russian Granted Citizenship Despite Evidence Produced of Acts of "Foolishness."

New York.—Lovely women who stoop to folk and learn that men betray, may be "foolish or indiscreet," but in the eyes of the federal government they are not "immoral," and may not be barred from citizenship on account of errors of the emotions.

So Federal Judge Robert A. Inch ruled in Brooklyn in admitting to citizenship an applicant whom the naturalization officials had sought to bar from citizenship on the ground of alleged immorality.

The young woman was Mrs. Maria Draginsky, twenty-four, of Brooklyn. She was accompanied by her father, Samuel Gausanok, a naturalized citizen. Representatives of the naturalization bureau opposed her application.

dust from Mrs. Smith's earrings would, no doubt, quite outdo the lunar influence on them.

Moonshine and the Tides.

"But in spite of the small effect of the moon's attraction on everyday objects, its total result on the earth is very marked. Its most notable effect is to create the tides of the oceans which, in turn, affect the world's seaborne commerce, its fisheries, the sanitation of its harbors, and even man's sea-bathing activities. In years to come this moon-force may be harnessed to create power; already plans are under way for the construction of tidal power stations.

"How does the moon decrease weight?"

"In the same way that the earth creates it. The law of gravitation formulated by Newton states that every body in existence in the universe attracts every other body. Any two bodies are drawn together, however, with a greater or less force, depending on whether they are big (more accurately, have a 'great mass') or whether they are little (have a 'small mass'); and also depending on whether they are close together or far apart.

Weight in Terms of Gravity.

"When you, an adult, say that you weigh 150 pounds, you really mean that your 'mass' is attracted by the huge earth, when you are on its surface, with the same force with which it attracts 150 lead or brass or iron units, which we arbitrarily call

'pounds.' Because a baby has much less mass than you, it is drawn toward the center of the earth with a smaller force, and we say that it weighs 8 or 10 or 15 pounds.

"But the moon attracts your mass in exactly the same way that the earth does. It is, however, 239,000 miles away—50 times as far away as the center of the earth—and it has only one-eightieth as much mass as the earth. So its attraction for you is less than that of the earth. Its pull on you is tremendously less than might appear at first consideration, because any gravitational pull is reduced in proportion to the square of its distance. It figures out that the moon's pull at the earth's surface is only one-tenth-millionth that of the earth. When the moon exerts its greatest lifting force on you, therefore, when it floats directly overhead, it only succeeds in reducing your weight by an amount less than a fifth of a drop of water."

Queen Marie's Beautiful Retreat



The palace of the widowed Queen Marie of Rumania at Balic, on the Black sea. The part of the shore on which the palace is situated is considered very beautiful and is known as the "Cote d'Argent," or "Silver Coast."

Draws \$2,000 Yearly for Staying Alive

Panama City.—Meet men take out insurance as a means of providing for themselves or their families in case of accident or death, but Innocencio Galindo, a prominent resident of this city, expects to gain the full benefits of his insurance by living. He has just obtained an insurance policy by which he will be paid \$2,000 a year as long as he lives.

For this policy Mr. Galindo paid the sum of \$3,700 and the policy stipulates that for the rest of his life Mr. Galindo will receive a quarterly annuity of \$500. If an allowance is made for the interest which Mr. Galindo will lose on his \$3,700, it will be seen that in about five years he will break even with the insurance company and that thereafter what he collects on his policy will be so much "net."

Orders Divorced Pair to Live in Same House

Milwaukee.—Circuit Judge Oscar M. Frits made an unusual provision in a divorce suit recently, when, in awarding a decree to the husband, he ruled that the divorced couple make their home in the same house in the hope of establishing an ultimate reconciliation. The decision, was in the suit brought by Guy Slaughter against Mrs. Estelle Slaughter, formerly head of a mission here. Slaughter said that his wife's religious activities undermined his health and that he could not live with her.

"The situation is extraordinary. I believe there should be tried an unusual arrangement that will be best for the children," the court said. "The arrangement is accomplished by co-operation and mutual forbearance it may result in a reconciliation.

"The plaintiff will have the custody of the children, providing that he will establish a household in which he and the children and the wife can live. She is to be provided with a separate room."

Woodward, Okla.—Forty-four of the seventy-seven counties in Oklahoma now produce oil, and some of the other counties expect to be in the oil line—light before many moons. There are few districts in the state where oil is not found in some quantity.

Every time a barrel of oil gushes from a well in Oklahoma it brings up 50,000 different kinds of ingredients, according to Dr. Charles N. Gould, director of the Oklahoma geological survey, and other experts. Some estimates do not run that high, for as yet research has failed to exhaust the number of products that can be refined from crude oil. The Marland Oil company is extracting about 300 by-products from petroleum that can be put to practical use.

The total agricultural, oil, gas and minerals production in Oklahoma for the year 1926 amounted to the stupendous sum of \$1,000,480,000. Of this amount, \$800,121,000 was produced from oil, gas and minerals.

44 Oklahoma Counties Now Producing Oil

Woodward, Okla.—Forty-four of the seventy-seven counties in Oklahoma now produce oil, and some of the other counties expect to be in the oil line—light before many moons. There are few districts in the state where oil is not found in some quantity.

When HE Comes



Christmas Killarneys by Frances Grinstead

JOSEPH REAGAN had just opened his little florist shop on a morning a few days before Christmas. In his single window were baskets of poinsettia, pots in which Christmas cherries grew, fragrant narcissus that reminded you spring would be here some day, and in the center of the display was a great basket of pink roses.

Joseph's daughter, Katie, helping in the shop during the vacation from high school, fitted about in short-skirted, flannel arranging growing plants, baskets and glowing red and green decorations just for the pleasure of it, for the shop was already as trim and fresh as any customer could wish.

Joseph, his eyes bright with the light of the Christmas spirit that comes to us at this time, stood con-

stantly, palms flat on a counter, and looked out at the street. He saw a boy, who might have been sixteen or seventeen, though small for those years. His suit proclaimed its own threadbareness, as well as the boy's thinness, by the way it clung to him. He tried to pull his ragged cap down over ears that were flaming with cold, and Joseph thought he shrank from putting the worn soles of his shoes against the freezing-cold pavement. But as the boy came opposite the florist's window he sheered forward on the sidewalk to look at the display of those wares that only people who have satisfied their needs in food and clothes can afford to buy.

Joseph noted with pity the pinched features, the look of grim control in the face of one so young. It was the great basket of pink roses that held his attention. Joseph expected to see him turn away with the look of resignation many more prosperous seeming people have when they must pass the temptation of flowers. To his surprise the lad, seeming to settle the worn coat a little more closely on his shoulders, entered the shop briskly. Just inside the door he shivered with delight in the warmth. Joseph saw he had sandy hair and eyes of Irish blue. "It's freezing he is, the poor boy," Joseph murmured to Katie, "and sure the shop looked friendly."

side the radiator, it being a frosty morning. "Thank you, I will," the boy stretched numb fingers over the steamy heat after he had taken off his cap in deference to Katie, who watched him sympathetically while she pretended to retie the satin ribbon around a pot of poinsettia. "But I want to buy some roses. Like those in the window."

"Ah, the Killarneys," smiled Joseph. "They are bonny flowers, the Killarneys."

He stepped lightly to the refrigerator at the back of the shop and, taking out a bouquet of the roses, brought them forward for the young man's inspection. The lad thrust a hand into his pocket. Joseph and Katie saw him put back a nickel and two pennies. The rest he spilled onto the counter, because his hand trembled with cold.

"There's only a dollar and a half," he said. "How many will that buy?" The florist shook his head. "Not so many of these, son. But let me show you. We have some here we call 'seconds.'" He retraced his steps and drew forth another bouquet.

"Oh, those are finer yet!" cried the boy. "They look so," said Joseph fairly, "but they will not last quite so long. They bloomed too soon, for there were not enough people wanting roses yesterday, when they should have been sold."

"I will take those," said the boy of the sandy hair, the glow in his blue eyes seeming to warm his whole body, "but they are to go to a little town east of here. Could you mail them for me to Mrs. R. E. Arnold, at Ladonia?" Joseph, scribbling slowly on the pad he drew toward him, could only think of the miserable nickel and two pennies he had seen the boy put back in his pocket.

And he thought, "Sure, now, why wouldn't he be sending them to some bonny lass like my Katie instead of a 'Mrs.' This is only some woman who has charmed the lad for pastime, or more like it's some fine lady, his teacher perhaps, would dislike to know he's spent his last money for these."

He overcame a natural hesitation—it was none of his business how the young boys spend their money—and leaned across the counter toward the boy.

"Sure, an' wouldn't it be better now if you took the money across the street there and got yourself a good breakfast at my friend Timmy O'Mara's? Are you sure you want to send the lady these flowers, and you with only seven cents left to you?" "Oh, yes," insisted the boy, who with thawing out by the radiator had lost much of his shrunken appearance, "you see, they're for my mother."

ney means all the romance of the world to her. And how she loves the roses! She says they seem to her like they had souls or the little people was in them. I must send her the roses for Christmas so she will think, do you see, that I am doing well, for I haven't enough money to take me all the way home, like I wanted to go."

"Sure, Terry, you're talking the blarney now yourself," the florist smiled through misty eyes. At the kindness in that voice the boy's head suddenly went down on the counter and he was sobbing with heartbreak.

"Katie, if he's more than fifteen after all!" was Joseph's whispered exclamation before he rounded the counter, to put an arm across the boy's shoulders.

"There now, Terry. Tell me all about it, lad," he urged, and Terry did, snuffling after the deluge of tears.

"So you ran away because the mother wanted you to stay in school. And you're homesick for the little cottage, with the flowerpots inside in winter and in summer the rosebushes green

and blooming. Well, I think we can fix that up. I'll take you over to Timmy O'Mara's restaurant right now. Then we'll see about getting you a ticket home."

The blue eyes of Terrence were bright and he choked on his thanks, "But how'd I pay you again for that? Mother doesn't make much at the sewing and who at home would hire a boy that had run off and left his mother?" "I don't know who at home would, but I would. For afternoons when school hours are over. It's hard to find boys who love the flowers, isn't it, Katie?"

Katie, suddenly appealed to for conversation, uttered a breathless "yes," but there was an expansive smile of approval with it.

"Your mother might as well sew in the city," the florist went on, "and there's a fine high school where they have classes to teach you about growing flowers."

As Joseph Reagan took his hat from a peg and opened the door, Terry nodded dumbly and the glow in his eyes, though it may have been produced by anticipation of breakfast, was not lessened by the thought of school.

"Shall I mail these roses to Mrs. Arnold, father?" asked Katie. "No! No! What are you thinking of! Those 'seconds' will be a day older when they reach her. Send the finest Killarneys we have. Didn't you hear him say his mother is an Irish lady? And besides, Terrence is practically a member of the firm now." (© 1927, Western Newspaper Union.)

Christmas Everywhere
Christmas is celebrated in almost every country in the world, possibly in every land, since our missionaries and travelers have found their way into almost every heathen land, carrying the Christian customs with them.—Farm and Ranch.

Black Velvet Is Again Much Used

Fabric Is Pleasing and Supplies Desired Simplicity and Charm.

Where the American shops are displaying the newest ideas of Paris and their own workrooms, velvet leads in creating the most distinctive gowns. For almost all hours of the day it is to be found in attractive frocks—especially designed to suit the needs of the moment.

The simple frocks that are suited to luncheon, shopping and general wear, are seen in one and two-piece models of extreme simplicity and charm. They lack extravagant trimming and frequently use only collar, cuffs, belt or simple trimming for a contrast.



Frock of Black Velvet Designed Along New and Youthful Lines.

The dresses that are suited to more formal occasions in black are created in black velvet, black lace and black satin. The vogue of black, in its renewed smartness has brought a note of happiness to the fall and winter season, for the well-dressed American woman delights in wearing black.

Black velvet has become particularly the vogue in its new transparency. It is very perishable, but very lovely, and is especially suited to the drapery movement so much used in the new gowns.

Brilliant fabrics of shining beauty are much used in combination with black velvet and form effective blouses, trimmings, vestes and neckties that make black an outstanding feature of the mode.

All black, of course, has its charms. In simple, but distinctive lines, it lends distinction to any appearance. With the side drappings and unusual sleeve effects, black is particularly successful. Where the formal dinner gown is worn without sleeves, black again comes into its own. The charm of rosy flesh and black velvet has long been realized. This season it gains in popular appeal through the delightful methods of smart lines that create a slender silhouette, yet possess a distinct flare.

The bolero that possesses such an air of youth is again in evidence and is particularly well adapted to the black velvet frock. It gives the opportunity to combine other colors and fabrics, too, and so lends variety to the mode.

Ann Rork, the featured motion picture player, who chooses her clothes with excellent taste, has selected an especially smart outfit, embracing the newer ideas in the mode in a scene from the film, "A Texas Steer." It is of black velvet, designed along new and youthful lines, with a bolero effect featured in a charming frock of the new black velvet.

Unique Ring May Also Be Worn as a Pendant

A new ring that may be worn as a pendant has made its appearance. The setting is a cameo, but for variety three different sizes are used. In some models the cameo is backed with black onyx cut to show just a rim outlining the silhouette of the cameo. The points of the mounting are of white gold, adjustable so that they may be moved upward to form a halo about the head of the cameo and yet serve as a loop when worn as a pendant on the necklace which is sold with the ring. The necklaces are either a short string of pearls with a white gold ornament in front and underneath it a tiny loop to which the cameo is attached or semi-precious drops worn when the cameo is used as a ring.

Children's Play Dresses

A novel material that is sold for play dresses for children is figured in colors with a border of nursery and Mother-Goose characters, with which to make bands and pockets.

Outfit for Young Women Who Care



Farm and Fireside recommends the dress shown here for its jaunty pockets, the interesting cut in the skirt, the extended waistline of the blouse, the double-breasted effect, the buttons and faced collar—all the newest fashion notes. It is so desirable and practical that every girl will admire it. This can be made in a combination of browns, blues, reds, greens, or grays. The buttons for such a frock may be novelty brass or crystal, or covered buttons of the blouse fabric. In any event they should be small enough to be smart and large enough to have a definite trimming appeal.

POULTRY

ALL-MASH FEED GOOD FOR EGGS

Poultry keepers who have used the all-mash method of feeding chicks and growing pullets may continue the method for laying pullets. The plan has proved satisfactory for fall and winter egg production at the Ohio experiment station, and is being used by many successful poultrymen.

The only change in the all-mash for egg production, according to D. C. Kennard, station poultryman, is to increase the meat scraps from 5 to 10 per cent and decrease the corn from 70 to 65 per cent. Coarsely ground wheat may be used instead of middlings in the mash. And for best results, Mr. Kennard would also use milk in some form.

Success with all-mash feeding the laying pullets, especially for winter eggs, is largely determined by the kind of mixture and manner of feeding it. The mash should be as granular as possible rather than finely ground. A suitable type of feeder should provide 20 to 24 feet of eating space per 100 pullets. Fresh mash should be fed daily in the evening, the amount being about what will be consumed during the next 24 hours.

Electric lights may be used to advantage. A warm, moist mash fed in the evening, especially in cold weather, may prove beneficial.

Details relative to the all-mash method of feeding layers may be had by writing the Ohio experiment station at Wooster.

Laying Hens Must Have Ration Rich in Protein

During the course of twelve months a high-laying hen will produce from 18 to 25 or more pounds of eggs—or from four to seven or more times her own body weight, depending upon the weight of the hen. And it is a well-

Rabbit Skin Popular for Lining for Coats

One wonders what all the furriers would do if anything should happen to the rabbit supply. There are scores of furs today known by all sorts of obscure names which have their origin in the humble rabbit skin that made Baby Bunting famous. These furs are, in the main, used for linings, for it is about as smart to have a well-cut tweed coat lined with fur as to have a fur coat lined with crepe, lace or other material.

Oxalic Acid Removes Stains

Perspiration stains may be removed by treating them with a solution of oxalic acid and water. Use one-twentieth as much acid as water. Put the fluid on with a fresh cloth. Remember that oxalic acid is poison. It should be kept in a safe place or handled very carefully.

Surplice Line Revived

The surplice line, always liked, but frequently out of favor, is revived, often plus soft revers, which may serve as an excuse for introducing a contrasting fabric or color or provide a background for trimming.

Vitamines for Fowls

Vitamines should not worry the good poultryman so much in summer as in winter. Green foods and sunshine supply the vitamins that are most apt to be lacking in the winter ration. During the early spring months these factors are apt to be lacking unless the poultryman takes special pains to see that the birds have green stuff and sunshine. Alfalfa leaves, when put in a rack where fowls may eat them, will help to supply the need for green material.

Sunlight Helps Hens

Direct sunlight will help the hens to lay strong shelled eggs as well as eggs with a high degree of hatchability. If hens have been closed up they should be turned out into the sunshine on bright days. If it is necessary to keep them closed up, then the windows should be thrown open during the middle of the day so the direct rays of the sun may get in. Glass substitutes may also be used in place of some of the window glass to let in more.

STAROLINE GASOLINE

Is Better

Staroline, the peer of all High Test Gasolines--The Finest of its kind. One Trial will convince.

C. A. Weddige
White Star Filling Station



THAT BETHLEHEM STAR is still telling the world of the story of one Greater Service; it keeps implanted in the minds of men the value of sincerity.

P. H. SMARTHOFF
FUNERAL HOME
P. O. BOX 107
PINCKNEY, MICH.

NOTICE

Have two trucks on the road now and am prepared to give you prompt service in trucking stock or produce into Detroit. My rate per hundred is the lowest in this section. Give me a trial. Phone, Gregory 6-F 1-3 Pinckney, Mich, R. F. D. 3

MIKE DAMASCUS

TOWNSHIP TAXES DUE

Commencing Friday, Dec. 9, I will receive taxes at the Pinckney State Bank during banking hours very Friday until further notice. Checks only for payment of taxes will be received after banking hours. W. E. Murphy, Treasurer Putnam Township

C. ALBERT FROST
Justice of the Peace

Drs. H. F. & C. L. SIGLER

PINCKNEY
Office Hours:
1:00 to 2:30 P. M.

Don W. VanWinkle

Attorney at Law
Office over First State Savings Bank
Howell, Mich.

HIRAM R. SMITH
LAWYER

Office in Court House
Howell Mich.

PERCY ELLIS

AUCTIONEER
Not the Oldest in the Business
Not the Longest List of References
JUST THE BEST
Pinckney Phone 19F11

WANTED!
POULTRY & EGGS

Will pay cash. for. poultry and eggs delivered. at. my poultry plant, and will. pay all the market affords at all times.

E. FARNAM

HOWLETT & SWEENEY

Attorneys at Law
Office over Democrat Howell, Mich

WANTED FARMS-I have buyers or farms of all sizes and descriptions. Get in touch with me if you wish to sell.
Norman Reason

Uncomplimentary

Little Dolly knew all about the hand organ and its accompanying monkey, for she had been amused by them frequently in the street.

When she heard a church organ for the first time she watched the organist long and earnestly. Finally she caught sight of the blower, who was pumping up and down in the background. "Mother!" she exclaimed, "that's the biggest monkey I ever did see!"

Literal Truth

The familiar sign, "Shoes Repaired While You Wait," lured Norman Kerry into a little Hollywood shop. "I can't do them till Wednesday," said the cobbler as Norman laid down his package.

"But the sign says, 'repaired while you wait,'" protested Kerry. "Sure," was the cheerful reply. "And you'll have to wait till Wednesday."—Los Angeles Times.

WANTS, FOR SALE, ETC.

LOST--Tuesday in Pinckney a lady's hand bag containing a sum of money. Finder please return and receive reward.
Mrs. Ray D. Miller, Howell, Mich. R. F. D. No. 2

FOR SALE--Small furnished rooming house in Ann Arbor. Seven student rooms paying \$164.00 every four weeks. Terms for easy purchase can be arranged. See Aaron L. Geston 333 S. Main St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

FOR SALE--A Beagle hound 1 1/2 years old.
Fred Bowman

FOR SERVICE--Poland China Hare. Also a young one for sale.
Anton Mrvich (Peter Kelly farm)

FOR SALE--A good new milch cow.
George Greiner

FOUND--A vanity case containing a number of articles. Inquire at Dispatch office.

FOR SALE--Renown parlor heater in good condition, used one year. A bargain.
C. J. Clinton.

LOST--Near the Pinckney depot, a five gallon cream can. Finder please return to Mrs. James Wilcox.

LOST--A laprobe and raincoat from my car Tuesday. Finder please return to Fred Lake.

FOUND--Estrayed to my place a Chester White sow. Owner can be paid by paying for her keep and the sow.
Emil Dryer, Pinckney, Mich.
Phone 61212

FOR SALE--I have some rugs left on my hands which I will sell cheap until Xmas. Regular sizes, good colors, all wool.
E. L. McIntyre

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED--We have an opening for a capable, industrious representative. Previous experience not essential. This is not the usual nursery stock proposition. We want a man who is interested in building up a permanent, profitable business. Address
McKay Nursery Co.
Madison, Wis.

FOR SALE--Set of double harness with collars. Set of heavy new horse blankets.
J. D. Cones, George Reason farm

WANTED Man with car to sell complete line quality Auto Tires and Tubes. Exclusive territory. Experience not necessary. Salary \$25.00 per month.
Milestone Rubber Company
East Liverpool, Ohio

LOST--Black and white female and short tail, both ears split. Was lost last Sunday near Anderson. Reward.
F. C. Ahrens, Howell, r f d 2, box 24

FOR SALE--A Home-Light electric lighting system for farm. Globes and electric flatiron included. Is nearly new. Would not sell it but have put in Edison lights. \$125. Call Saturday afternoon or Sundays.
F. G. Plasko, M-49, 1 mile east of Pinckney

FOR SALE--Light double and single harnesses. Inquire at this office.

FOR SALE--Good second growth Oak Wood. Arthur Smith, Pinckney, Mich. Phone No. 4 F-12.

FOR SALE--Black team, 6 and 7 years old, w/ 1500 each.
Mike Damascus phone Gregory 6-F-13

WANTED--Dresses and coats for Jean and Jeanette.
Mrs. Wm. Duggan

The many friends of Clarence Stabile will be pleased to hear that he has recovered sufficiently from his recent operation at St. Joseph's Hospital, Ann Arbor as to be able to return to his home at Ypsilanti.

Ben Isham of Chelsea was a Sunday visitor at the home of W. H. Ireland.

The Misses Rita and Loretta Roche of Lansing are spending the week with their grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. James Roche.

Will Bland visited friends in Lansing over the week end.

Cigar-Box Materials

The following woods are used for cigar boxes: Tupelo gum, redwood, basswood, yellow poplar, Spanish cedar, sap gum and red gum. These species are listed in the order of quantities used. For many years the best cigar boxes were made from Spanish cedar. However, within the past few years a number of these other woods have been substituted for Spanish cedar.



WHAT shall I give?

It isn't the easiest thing in the world to select a suitable Christmas Gift--such a prodigious variety to choose from.

You want something pleasing to the eye, of course, a thing of beauty in fact; you would wish it to last long and keep alive the memory of your friendship; and you don't want to spend too much money.

You can see just such gifts at our display room--pretty electric toasters for the breakfast table, handsome coffee percolators, and many other beautiful appliances for home use that women appreciate. The prices are very moderate.

THE DETROIT EDISON COMPANY

ITEMS OF 25 YEARS AGO

From the Dispatch of Dec. 5, 1902

Miss Jennie Haze has gone to Ann Arbor to spend the winter.

George Lum has taken the contract to cut 15 acres of woods for W. Kennedy. It is expected to total several thousand cords.

Rev. Shearer of the Congregational church has resigned and will go to California.

W. P. Schenk & Co. of Chelsea sustained a \$2,000 loss by fire last Wednesday. The cotton which was used to trim the windows caught fire.

The Fowlerville council has petitioned the Livingston County. Mutual Telephone Co. to lay telephone poles in the village.

A. D. Bennett who published the Dispatch 15 years ago has purchased the Chatham County Independent at St. Johns in partnership with Charles Clark of Chicago and taken possession.

Mrs. D. F. Ewing received a telegram Sunday telling of the death of her son, Dan, of Dakota.

Miss Anna Belle Miller who is teaching school near Rapid City, Kal., is home for the holidays.

The Hamburg Farmers' Association met with Mr. and Mrs. S. ... Dec. 27 at which time

the following program will be given: Report of delegates to state con.

Song Florence Kice

Recitation Lynn Hand

Solo Iva Placeway

Recitation C. G. Smith

Solo Fanny Swarthout

Recitation Florence Kice

Question Box

The Misses Nellie and Mayme Fish of Banerott are spending their Xmas vacation with their parents here.

Supervisor Baker of Iosco has moved to California and Barney Cumisky has been appointed to succeed him.

Miss Mary Murray of North Lak. is the guest of Miss Minnie Monks.

N. C. Gnothowen, county school commissioner has been visiting the schools in this section.

ANNUAL MEETING ASSOC. NO. 1 Livingston County Cow Testing Association No. 1 is finishing a very successful year and plans are under way to re-organize for the seventh year.

A meeting has been called by the Exec. of the Ass'n. Chas. P. Reed and sec'y, Stanley Latson for Dec. 30th at 1:30 P. M. at the county agents office, court house. The regular business meeting will be taken care of, besides some timely issues confronting the Dairy farmers will be discussed.

All farmers interested in this work are urged to attend this meeting.